### MILLER PETROLEUM INC Form 10QSB September 15, 2003

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D. C. 20549

FORM 10-QSB

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended July 31, 2003

-----

[ ] TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from

to

\_\_\_\_\_

Commission File No. 33-2249-FW

MILLER PETROLEUM, INC.

(Exact name of small business issuer as specified in its Charter)

TENNESSEE

62-1028629

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

(State or Other Jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer I.D. No.)

3651 Baker Highway
Huntsville, Tennessee 37756

(Address of principal executive offices)

(423) 663-9457

\_\_\_\_\_

Issuer's telephone number

N/A

---

APPLICABLE ONLY TO ISSUERS INVOLVED IN BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS DURING THE PRECEDING FIVE YEARS

Not applicable.

\_\_\_\_\_

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS

State the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common equity, as of the latest practicable date:

September 15, 2003

8,578,856 Common Shares

Transitional Small Business Issuer Format Yes X No

#### PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

#### Item 1. Financial Statements.

The Financial Statements of Miller Petroleum, Inc., a Tennessee corporation (the "Company"), required to be filed with this Quarterly Report were prepared by management and reviewed by Charles M. Stivers, Certified Public Accountant of Manchester, Kentucky and commence on the following page, together with related Notes. In the opinion of management, the Financial Statements fairly present the financial condition of the Registrant.

# MILLER PETROLEUM, INC. Consolidated Balance Sheets

### ASSETS

	July 31, 2003 Unaudited	April 30, 2003
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash Investments Accounts receivable - trade-, net Inventory Prepaid expenses	\$ 87,465 0 397,650 534,260 28,936	\$ 77,364 12,812 318,443 534,260 29,410
Total Current Assets	1,048,311	972 <b>,</b> 289
FIXED ASSETS		
Machinery and equipment Vehicles Buildings Office Equipment Less: accumulated depreciation	1,374,614 408,801 313,335 72,549 (937,574)	1,416,709 408,801 313,335 74,379 (954,163)
Total Fixed assets	1,231,725	1,259,061
OIL AND GAS PROPERTIES (On the basis of successful efforts accounting)	2,136,267 	2,116,026
PIPELINE FACILITIES	218,637	235,104
OTHER ASSETS		
Land Investments	511,500 500	511 <b>,</b> 500 500
Total Other Assets	512,000	512,000

TOTAL ASSETS	\$5,146,940 ======	\$5,094,480 =====
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHO	LDERS' EQUITY	
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable - trade Accrued expenses Notes payable - current portion	\$ 571,849 91,378 560,340	\$ 464,515 84,191 511,824
Total Current Liabilities	1,223,567	1,060,530
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES		
Notes payable - related Notes payable	•	24,317 1,737,478
Total Long-Term Liabilities	1,744,047	
Total Liabilities	2,967,614	2,822,325
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Common Stock: 500,000,000 shares authorized at \$0.0001 par value, 8,578,856 and 8,578,856 shares issued and outstanding Additional paid-in capital Retained Earnings	858 3,884,144 (1,705,676)	858 3,884,144 (1,612,847)
Total Stockholders' Equity	2,179,326	2,272,155
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS'S EQUITY	\$5,146,940 ======	\$5,094,480

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# MILLER PETROLEUM, INC. Consolidated Statements of Operations (UNAUDITED)

	For the Three Mont July 31, 2003	hs Ended 2002
REVENUES		
Oil and gas revenue	\$ 205,976	\$ 184,631
Service and drilling revenue Retail sales Other revenue	308,103 2,960 1,500	238,049 0 4,781
Total Revenue	518 <b>,</b> 539	427,461

### COSTS AND EXPENSES

Cost of oil and gas sales Selling, general and	171,659	58,729
administrative	103,625	155,328
Salaries and wages	193,520	216,333
Depreciation, depletion and		
amortization	90,727	80,030
Total Costs and Expenses	\$ 559,531	\$ 510,420
INCOME (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS	(40,992)	(82,959)
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)		
Interest income	4,465	645
Interest expense	(56, 302)	(55,193)
Total Other Income (Expense)	(51,837)	(54,548)
NET INCOME (LOSS)	(92,829)	(137,507)
NET EARNING (LOSS) PER SHARE	(0.01)	(0.02)
	=======	========
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF		
SHARES OUTSTANDING	8,578,856	8,578,856
	=======	========

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# MILLER PETROLEUM, INC. Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity (UNAUDITED)

		ires	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Total
Balance April 30, 2002	8,578,856	\$858	\$3,884,144	(\$1,188,418)	\$2,696,584
Net loss for the twelve months ended April 30, 2003				(\$424,429	9) (\$424,429)
Balance April 30, 2003	8,578,856	\$858	\$3,884,144	(\$1,612,847)	\$2,272,155
Net loss for the three months ended July 31, 2003				(\$92 <b>,</b> 829)	(\$92,829)
Balance July 31, 2003	8,578,856	\$858	\$3,884,144	(\$1,705,676)	\$2,179,326

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements  $\ensuremath{\mathcal{C}}$ 

# MILLER PETROLEUM, INC. Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (UNAUDITED)

	Three Months Ended Jul	
	2003	2002
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net income (loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	\$ (92,829)	\$ (137,507)
Depreciation, depletion and amortization Gain on sale of equipment Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:	90,727 (22,564)	80,030
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable Decrease (increase) in investments Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses	(79,207) 12,812 474	53,497 0 5,761
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses	107,334 7,187	(112,218) (5,451)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	23,934	(115,888)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Purchase of oil and gas properties	(44,601)	(4,356)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	(44,601)	(4,356)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Payments on notes payable Proceeds from borrowing	(19,232) 50,000	28,574 113,040
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Financing Activities	\$ 30,768	\$ 141,614
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	\$ 10,101 	\$ 21,370 
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	77,364	76,394
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$ 87,465	\$ 97,764
CASH PAID FOR		
Interest Income taxes	\$ (56,302) 0	\$ (55,193) 0
NON-CASH FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Common stock issued for services		0

Common stock issued for inventory

0

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# MILLER PETROLEUM, INC. Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(1) Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in the financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted. It is suggested that these financial statements be read in conjunction with the Registrant's April 30, 2003 Annual Report on Form 10KSB. The results of operations for the period ended July 31, 2003 are not necessarily indicative of operating results for the full year.

The consolidated financial statements and other information furnished herein reflect all adjustment which are, in the opinion of management of the Registrant, necessary for a fair presentation of the results of the interim periods covered by this report.

### (2) RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

On May 1, 2002, the Company executed a promissory note for \$50,000 in favor of Herman Gettelfinger, a director. The note was for a period of one month with an interest rate of eight percent and may be renewed on the same terms at the option of the holder.

### (3) New Accounting Pronouncements

In 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations" SFAS No. 143 addresses financial accounting and reporting for obligations associated with the retirement of tangible long-lived assets and the associated asset retirement cost. This statement requires companies to record the present value of obligations associated with the retirement of tangible long-lived assets in the period in which it is incurred. The liability is capitalized as part of the related long-lived assets carrying amount. Over time, accretion of the liability is recognized as an operating expense and the capitalization cost is depreciated over the expected useful life of the related asset. The Company's asset retirement obligations relate primarily to the plugging, dismantlement, removal site reclamation and similar activities of its oil and gas properties. Prior to adoption of this statement, such obligations were accrued ratably over the productive lives of the assets through its depreciation, depletion and amortization for oil and gas properties without recording a separate liability for such amounts. Management does not believe that adoption of this standard has a material impact in financial positions of results of operation.

In July 2002, FASB issued SFAS No. 146, Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities. The standard requires companies to recognize costs associated with exit or disposal activities when they are incurred rather than at the date of commitment to an exit or disposal plan. Examples of costs covered by the standard include lease termination costs and certain employee severance costs that are associated with restructuring, discontinued operation, plant closing, or

other exit or disposal activity. Previous accounting guidance was provided by EITF Issue No. 94-3, "Liability Recognition for Certain Employee Termination Benefits and Other Costs to Exit an Activity (including Certain Costs Incurred in a Restructuring)." Statement 146 replaces Issue 94-3. Statement 146 is to be applied prospectively to exit or disposal activities initiated after December 31, 2002. The Company does not currently have any plans for exit or disposal activities, and therefore does not expect this standard to have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements upon adoption.

In November 2002, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation ("FIN") No. 45, "Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others", which clarifies disclosure and recognition/measurement requirements related to certain guarantees. The disclosure requirements are effective for financial statements issued after December 15, 2002 and the recognition/measurement requirements are effective on a prospective basis for guarantees issued or modified after December 31, 2002. The application of the requirements of FIN 45 did not have a impact on our financial position or results of operations.

In December 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 148, Accounting of Stock-Based Compensation Transition and Disclosure an amendment of FASB Statement No. 123 ("Statement 148"). This amendment provides two additional methods of transition for a voluntary change to the fair value based method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation. Additionally, more prominent disclosures in both annual and interim financial statements are required for stock-based employee compensation. The transition guidance and annual disclosure provisions of Statement 148 are effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2002. The interim disclosure provisions are effective for financial reports containing financial statements for interim periods beginning after December 15, 2002. The adoption of Statement 148 did not have a impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In January 2003, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. (FIN) 46, "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities." This interpretation of Accounting Research Bulletin No. 51 "Consolidated Financial Statements" consolidation by business enterprises of variable interest entities which possess certain characteristics. The Interpretation requires that if a business enterprise has a controlling financial interest in a variable interest entity, the assets, liabilities, and results of the activities of the variable interest entity must be included in the consolidated financial statements with those of the business enterprise. This Interpretation applies immediately to variable interest entities created after January 31, 2003 and to variable interest entities in which an enterprise obtains an interest after that date. We do not have any ownership in any variable interest entities as of March 31, 2003. We will apply the consolidation requirement of FIN 46 in future periods if we should own any interest in any variable interest entity.

# Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operation.

Miller Petroleum has more than 50,000 acres under lease in Tennessee. About 95% of these leases are held by production. Most of its current oil and gas production is from the Big Lime Formation. However, there are more than 100 development drilling locations that target the Chattanooga Shale as well as the Big Lime Formation.

Currently, Miller is offering ten well drilling programs to "accredited investors' or "sophisticated investors" to spread the risk and facilitate investor returns. The Company will sell up to a 75% working interest to investors while retaining a 25% working interest. Each program will be made up of four Chattanooga Shale wells on its Koppers North acreage, five wells on its Koppers South gas cap and one exploratory well on certain structures in the Eastern Overthrust belt.

In June of 2001, the Company made a conventional Big Lime gas discovery, on the Lindsay Land Company lease jointly owned by Delta Producers, Inc. and Miller. Currently there are three producing wells on the property with two additional wells that will begin selling gas September 1, 2003. There are at a minimum ten additional drill sites on this 4,000 acres lease which is situated near Caryville, Tennessee.

Miller is continuing its leasing efforts in the East Tennessee portion of the Eastern Overthrust Belt. Acreage is being leased on selected large structures. Two test wells are being planned on one of these large structures to test the Trenton, Stones River, and upper Knox formations. Knox wells in the Overthrust have reserves in excess of two Bcf gas per well.

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

We estimate that we will be able to adequately fund our development and production plans, with the exception of the acquisition of additional properties, for the next 12 months. Sources of funds for us will be revenue from operations, in particular sales of working interests in wells that we drill; receipts from the private placement of our securities; and loans.

We believe that our current cash flow will be sufficient to support our cash requirements for development and production over the next 12 months.

# Results of Operations

The Company had revenues of \$518,539 for the first quarter of fiscal 2004, up from the \$427,461 in revenues recognized during the first quarter of fiscal 2003.

Oil and gas revenue for the current quarter was \$205,976 up from \$184,631 in the first quarter of fiscal 2003. This increase was due primarily to natural gas sales from the Lindsay Land Company lease and higher oil and natural gas prices.

Service and drilling revenue for the first quarter was \$308,103 up from \$238,049 for the same quarter last year. This increase was due to the increased drilling activity.

During the current quarter, retail sales were \$2,960 compared to 0 during the first quarter of fiscal 2003. This increase was due to increased activities.

The Company's net loss for the current quarter was \$92,829, down from net loss of \$137,507 for the same quarter of fiscal 2003. This decrease was due to a dramatic increase in drilling activity and retail sales.

Cost of oil and gas sales for the first quarter of fiscal 2004 was \$171,659, up from \$58,729 in the same quarter of fiscal 2003, due primarily to the increase in drilling activity.

Selling, general and administrative expenses were \$103,625, down from

\$155,328 in the first quarter of fiscal 2003. This decrease was primarily due to decreases in insurance, legal and professional expenses.

Salaries and wages for the current quarter were \$193,520, down from \$216,333 in the first quarter of fiscal 2003.

Depreciation, depletion and amortization for the first quarter of fiscal 2004 was \$90,727 up from \$80,030 in the first quarter of 2003. This increase was due to a increase in drilling activities.

# Item 3. Controls and Procedures

Within the 90-day period prior to the filing of this report, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures. Based on this evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective in timely alerting them to material information required to be included in our periodic SEC reports. It should be noted that the design of any system of controls is based on in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions, regardless of how remote. In addition, we reviewed our internal controls, and there have been no significant changes in our internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect those controls subsequent to the date of their last evaluation.

### PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

# Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

On or about January 13, 2003, Bob A. Pelc and Bernard J. Pelc filed a "Verified Complaint To Quiet Title And To Enforce Claim Of Abandoned Mineral Interest" against Donald R. Bardill and Miller Petroleum, Inc., in the Chancery Court of Morgan County, Tennessee, asserting that the mineral interest in certain property in Morgan County, Tennessee, owned by Donald R. Bardill and leased to Miller Petroleum, Inc., had been extinguished and that said mineral interest had reverted to the owner of the surface. The complaint asked the Court that it be adjudged and finally determined that the Plaintiffs are the lawful owners and are vested with absolute and unencumbered title in not only fee simple to the Subject Property but also any previous mineral rights or other encumbrances, such as those held by Bardill.

Donald R. Bardill is defending the above action against his title in his mineral interest. The lease to Miller has been extended to six months past the end of the civil action. It appears likely that Bardill will prevail in the courts and Miller will drill for oil on its lease from Bardill. In any event, this case will not have a material effect on Miller.

Item 2. Changes in Securities.

None.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None; not applicable.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.

None.

Item 5. Other Information.

None.

- Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K.\*
  - (a) Exhibits.
  - 31.1 302 Certification of Deloy Miller
  - 31.2 302 Certification of Lawrence LaRue
  - 32 906 Certification
  - (b) Reports on Form 8-K.

None.

 $^{\star}$   $\,$  A summary of any Exhibit is modified in its entirety by reference to the actual Exhibit.

#### SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

MILLER PETROLEUM, INC.

Date: September 15, 2003 By:/s/Deloy Miller

-----

Deloy Miller

Chief Executive Officer

Date: September 15, 2003 By:/s/Lawrence L. LaRue

-----

Lawrence L. LaRue, Chief Financial Officer