ENTERPRISE FINANCIAL SERVICES CORP Form 10-Q/A April 23, 2012

Yes [] No [X]

SECU	ED STATES RITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMIS HINGTON, D. C. 20549	SION	
	I 10-Q/A adment No. 1)		
[X]	Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section For the quarterly period ended March	13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act 31, 2011.	et of 1934
[]	Transition Report Pursuant to Section For the transition period from	n 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange A to	ct of 1934
	Commission file number 001-15373		
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every this ch	Interactive Data File required to be sub	t has submitted electronically and posted of omitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of (or for such shorter period that the registra	Regulation S-T (§232.405 of
or a sn	· ·	t is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated ons of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated t. (Check one):	
Large	accelerated filer o Accelerated filer R	Non-accelerated filer o (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	Smaller reporting company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act

As of May 6, 2011, the Registrant had 14,945,038 shares of outstanding common stock.

This document is also available through our website at http://www.enterprisebank.com.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

In January 2012, while converting to a new system designed to address the complex accounting requirements of acquired loans under Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 310-30, "Loans and Debt Securities Acquired with Deteriorated Credit Quality", the Company discovered an error in its process used to record income on these loans. ASC 310-30 is utilized to account for the loans acquired by the Company under loss sharing agreements with the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (the "FDIC"). Under ASC 310-30, these acquired loans are initially recorded at fair value (as determined by the present value of expected future cash flows) with no valuation allowance. The difference between the undiscounted cash flows expected at acquisition and the investment in the loans, or the "accretable yield", is recognized as interest income on a level-yield method over the life of the loans. In accounting for income from the acquired loans, the Company recorded both the accretable yield and contractually required interest payments. The Company should not have recognized the contractually required interest payments. As a result, both interest income and the carrying value of the acquired loans were overstated. This affected income reported on the loans acquired in FDIC assisted transactions since December 2009.

The Company is filing this Amendment to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A (the "Amended Filing" or "Form 10-Q/A") to restate our unaudited consolidated financial statements and related disclosures for the quarter ended March 31, 2011 (the "Restatement".) The Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2011 (the "Original Filing") was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on May 9, 2011.

The previously issued unaudited condensed financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2011 in the Original Filing should no longer be relied upon.

Internal Control Considerations

In conjunction with this finding, management identified control deficiencies in its internal controls over financial reporting associated with the reversal of contractual interest on acquired loans that constitute a material weakness, as discussed in Part I, Item 4 of this Form 10-Q/A. A material weakness is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the annual or interim consolidated financial statements will not be prevented or detected. For a discussion of management's consideration of our disclosure controls and procedures and material weaknesses identified, see Part I, Item 4 included in this Amended filing.

Adjustments

In addition to the adjustments relating to the acquired loan contractual interest described above, the Company has corrected other errors that had been previously identified but not corrected because they were not material, individually or in the aggregate, to the consolidated financial results. These items included changes in accrual estimates and financial statement reclassifications. Adjustments, identified subsequent to the date of the Original Filing date, have also been made to the preliminary fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed for the Company's FDIC-assisted transactions.

Additional information on the effect of the adjustments in our financial statements are contained in Item 8, Note 12 - Restatement of Consolidated Financial Results.

For convenience of the reader, this Amended Filing sets forth the Original Filing in its entirety. The sections of the Original Filing which were not amended are unchanged and continue in full force and effect as originally filed. This Amended Filing speaks as of the date of the Original Filing on the Form 10-Q, and has not been updated to reflect events occurring subsequent to the Original Filing date other than those associated with the correction of the error and other adjustments specifically noted. The Items in this Form 10-Q/A which are amended and restated as a result of the foregoing are:

Part I, Item 1. - Restated Financial Statements;

Part I, Item 2. - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations;

Part I, Item 4. - Controls and Procedures; and

Part II - Item 6. Exhibits

In accordance with applicable SEC rules, this Amended Filing includes certifications from our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer dated as of the date of this Amended Filing.

ENTERPRISE FINANCIAL SERVICES CORP FORM 10-Q/A - 1ST QUARTER 2011 TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION	Page
Item 1. Financial Statements	
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited)	<u>1</u>
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited)	<u>2</u>
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Shareholder's Equity (Unaudited)	<u>3</u>
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)	<u>4</u>
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)	<u>5</u>
Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	<u>34</u>
Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	<u>49</u>
Item 4. Controls and Procedures	<u>50</u>
PART II - OTHER INFORMATION	
Item 1. Legal Proceedings	<u>52</u>
Item 1A. Risk Factors	<u>52</u>
Item 6. Exhibits	<u>53</u>
Signatures	<u>55</u>

PART 1 – ITEM 1 – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ENTERPRISE FINANCIAL SERVICES CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)	As Restated ⁽¹⁾ March 31, 2011	As Restated ⁽¹⁾ December 31, 2010
Assets		
Cash and due from banks	\$18,542	\$23,413
Federal funds sold	1,464	3,153
Interest-bearing deposits (including \$1,520 pledged as collateral)	185,805	267,102
Total cash and cash equivalents	205,811	293,668
Interest-bearing deposits greater than 90 days	1,751	1,751
Securities available for sale	481,989	361,546
Mortgage loans held for sale	3,142	5,640
Portfolio loans not covered under FDIC loss share	1,761,034	1,766,351
Portfolio loans covered under FDIC loss share at fair value	182,277	121,570
Less: Allowance for loan losses	42,822	42,759
Portfolio loans, net	1,900,489	1,845,162
Other real estate not covered under FDIC loss share	28,443	25,373
Other real estate covered under FDIC loss share	22,862	10,835
Other investments, at cost	14,430	12,278
Fixed assets, net	20,035	20,499
Accrued interest receivable	7,839	7,464
State tax credits, held for sale, including \$30,494 and \$31,576	50.029	61 140
carried at fair value, respectively	59,928	61,148
FDIC loss share receivable	103,285	87,792
Goodwill	3,622	2,064
Intangibles, net	1,921	1,223
Other assets	60,098	63,756
Total assets	\$2,915,645	\$2,800,199
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		
Demand deposits	\$448,012	\$366,086
Interest-bearing transaction accounts	198,152	204,687
Money market accounts	942,009	855,522
Savings	10,789	10,181
Certificates of deposit:		
\$100 and over	593,791	543,898
Other	237,677	317,347
Total deposits	2,430,430	2,297,721
Subordinated debentures	85,081	85,081
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	107,300	107,300
Other borrowings	97,898	119,333
Accrued interest payable	1,545	1,488
Other liabilities	8,890	9,475
Total liabilities	2,731,144	2,620,398
Shareholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value;	32,707	32,519
5,000,000 shares authorized; 35,000 shares issued and outstanding	32,101	54,517

Common stock, \$0.01 par value; 30,000,000 shares authorized; 15,016,977	150	150	
and 14,965,401 shares issued, respectively	130	130	
Treasury stock, at cost; 76,000 shares	(1,743)	(1,743)
Additional paid in capital	134,664	133,673	
Retained earnings	18,478	15,775	
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	245	(573)
Total shareholders' equity	184,501	179,801	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$2,915,645	\$2,800,199	
(1) See Note 12 - Restatement of Consolidated Financial Statements for mor	e information.		

⁽¹⁾ See Note 12 - Restatement of Consolidated Financial Statements for more information. The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

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ENTERPRISE FINANCIAL SERVICES CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited)

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited)	Th	- 1 M1- 21	
	Three months end As Restated ⁽¹⁾	ed March 31, As	
(In thousands, except per share data)	2011	Restated ⁽¹⁾ 20	010
Interest income:	2011	Restated > 20	310
Interest and fees on loans	\$27,631	\$24,973	
Interest on debt securities:	7-1,000	7	
Taxable	2,570	1,850	
Nontaxable	110	10	
Interest on federal funds sold	1	8	
Interest on interest-bearing deposits	148	80	
Dividends on equity securities	73	83	
Total interest income	30,533	27,004	
Interest expense:			
Interest-bearing transaction accounts	189	219	
Money market accounts	2,082	1,393	
Savings	9	8	
Certificates of deposit:			
\$100 and over	2,357	2,850	
Other	1,053	1,785	
Subordinated debentures	1,121	1,230	
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	900	1,108	
Notes payable and other borrowings	114	59	
Total interest expense	7,825	8,652	
Net interest income	22,708	18,352	
Provision for loan losses	3,600	13,800	
Net interest income after provision for loan losses Noninterest income:	19,108	4,552	
	1,683	1,538	
Wealth Management revenue Service charges on deposit accounts	1,137	1,174	
Other service charges and fee income	310	278	
Gain (loss) on sale of other real estate	423	(12)
Gain on state tax credits, net	155	518	,
Gain on sale of investment securities	174	557	
Miscellaneous income	1,081	244	
Total noninterest income	4,963	4,297	
Noninterest expense:	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	.,=> .	
Employee compensation and benefits	8,688	6,598	
Occupancy	1,139	1,173	
Furniture and equipment	354	370	
Data processing	626	578	
FDIC and other insurance	1,222	1,047	
Loan legal and other real estate expense	2,436	1,272	
Other	3,500	2,858	
Total noninterest expense	17,965	13,896	
Income (loss) before income tax expense (benefit)	6,106	(5,047)
Income tax expense (benefit)	1,994	(1,856)

Net income (loss)	\$4,112	\$(3,191)
Net income (loss) available to common shareholders	\$3,486	\$(3,803)
Earnings (loss) per common share			
Basic	\$0.23	\$(0.26)
Diluted	0.23	(0.26)
(1) See Note 12 - Restatement of Consolidated Financial Stateme	nts for more information.		
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated f	inancial statements.		
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ENTERPRISE FINANCIAL SERVICES CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES Condensed Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity (Unaudited)

(in thousands, except per share data)	Preferred Stock	Common Stock	nTreasury Stock	Additional paid in capital	Retained earnings	Accumulate other comprehens income (loss)		Total Sharehold equity	ers'
Balance January 1, 2011 (Restated) ⁽¹⁾	\$32,519	\$150	\$(1,743)	\$133,673	\$15,775	\$ (573)	\$ 179,801	L
Net income (Restated) ⁽¹⁾	_		_	_	4,112	_		4,112	
Change in fair value of available for sale securities, net of tax Reclassification adjustment for	_	_	_	_	_	958		958	
realized gain on sale of securities included in net income, net of tax	_	_	_	_		(112)	(112)
Reclassification of cash flow hedge, net of tax	_	_	_	_	_	(28)	(28)
Total comprehensive income Cash dividends paid on common shares, \$0.0525 per share	_	_	_	_	(783)	_		4,930 (783)
Cash dividends paid on preferred stock	_	_		_	(438)			(438)
Preferred stock accretion of discount	188	_	_	_	(188)	_			
Issuance under equity compensation plans, net, 51,576 shares	_	_	_	611	_	_		611	
Share-based compensation	_	_		374	_	_		374	
Excess tax benefit related to equity compensation plans	_			6	_	_		6	
Balance March 31, 2011 (Restated) ⁽¹⁾	\$32,707	\$150	\$(1,743)	\$134,664	\$18,478	\$ 245		\$ 184,501	
(in thousands, except per share data)	Preferred Stock	Commor Stock	nTreasury Stock	Additional paid in capital	Retained earnings	Accumulate other comprehens income (loss)		Total sharehold equity	ers'
Balance January 1, 2010 Net loss (Restated) ⁽¹⁾	\$31,802 —	\$130 —	\$(1,743) —	\$117,000 —	\$15,790 (3,191)	\$ 933 —		\$ 163,912 (3,191	?
Change in fair value of available for sale securities, net of tax	_	_	_	_	_	577		577	
Reclassification adjustment for realized gain on sale of securities included in net income, net of tax	_	_	_	_	_	(356)	(356)
Reclassification of cash flow hedge, net of tax	_	_	_	_	_	(40)	(40)
Total comprehensive loss								(3,010)
Cash dividends paid on common shares, \$0.0525 per share	_	_	_	_	(781)	_		(781)

Cash dividends paid on preferred			_		(437)		(437)
stock					(437)		(437	,
Preferred stock accretion of discount	174	_	_		(174)			
Issuance under equity compensation plans, net, 37,845 shares	_	_	_	258	_	_	258	
Issuance under private stock offering 1,931,610 shares		19	_	14,883	_	_	14,902	
Share-based compensation		_	_	473	_		473	
Excess tax expense related to equity compensation plans		_	_	(260)		_	(260)
Balance March 31, 2010 (Restated) ⁽¹⁾	\$31,976	\$ 149	\$(1,743)	\$132,354	\$11,207	\$ 1,114	\$ 175,05	7

⁽¹⁾ See Note 12 - Restatement of Consolidated Financial Statements for more information. The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

ENTERPRISE FINANCIAL SERVICES CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)			
	Three months en	ded March 31,	
(in thousands)	As	As	
(iii tilousalius)	Restated ⁽¹⁾ 2011	Restated ⁽¹⁾ 201	0
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income (loss)	\$4,112	\$ (3,191)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating			
activities			
Depreciation	694	747	
Provision for loan losses	3,600	13,800	
Deferred income taxes	2,732	(5,616)
Net amortization of debt securities	1,251	804	,
Amortization of intangible assets	135	112	
Gain on sale of investment securities		(557)
Mortgage loans originated for sale		(11,306)
Proceeds from mortgage loans sold	17,360	13,989	,
(Gain) loss on sale of other real estate	(423)	13,969	
			`
Gain on state tax credits, net	(155)	(518)
Excess tax (benefit) expense of share-based compensation	(6)	260	
Share-based compensation	374	649	
Valuation adjustment on other real estate	442	574	
Net accretion of loan discount and indemnification asset	(1,565)	(110)
Changes in:			
Accrued interest receivable	(12)		
Accrued interest payable	18	148	
Prepaid FDIC insurance	852	760	
Other assets	(1,553)	2,902	
Other liabilities	(1,037)	840	
Net cash provided by operating activities	11,748	14,821	
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Cash received from sale of Millennium Brokerage Group	_	4,000	
Cash received from acquisition of Legacy Bank	8,926	_	
Net decrease in loans	4,098	19,484	
Net cash proceeds received from FDIC loss share receivable	11,785		
Proceeds from the sale of debt and equity securities, available for sale	5,299	80,645	
Proceeds from the maturity of debt and equity securities, available for sale	31,021	20,280	
Proceeds from the sale of other investments	_	59	
Proceeds from the redemption of other investments	78	1,359	
Proceeds from the sale of state tax credits held for sale	1,527	2,661	
Proceeds from the sale of other real estate	4,382	3,541	
Payments for the purchase/origination of:	7,302	3,341	
Available for sale debt and equity securities	(147,040)	(85,535	`
Other investments		(1,388)
	(201))
Bank owned life insurance	_	(20,000)
State tax credits held for sale	— (212	(2,387)
Fixed assets	(212)	(98)
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(80,397)	22,621	

Cash flows from financing activities:			
Net increase in noninterest-bearing deposit accounts	52,074	11,177	
Net increase in interest-bearing deposit accounts	(32,987) (48,539)
Repayments of Federal Home Loan Bank advances	(16,256) —	
Net (decrease) increase in other borrowings	(21,435) 21,099	
Cash dividends paid on common stock	(783) (781)
Excess tax benefit (expense) benefit of share-based compensation	6	(260)
Cash dividends paid on preferred stock	(438) (437)
Issuance of common stock	-	14,902	
Proceeds from the issuance of equity instruments	611	_	
Net cash used in financing activities	(19,208) (2,839)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(87,857) 34,603	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	293,668	106,966	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$205,811	\$ 141,569	
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:			
Cash paid (received) during the period for:			
Interest	\$7,767	\$8,801	
Income taxes	696	(57)
Noncash transactions:			
Transfer to other real estate owned in settlement of loans	\$11,229	\$5,701	
Sales of other real estate financed	442	5,685	
(1) See Note 12 - Restatement of Consolidated Financial Statements for mor	re information.		
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial sta	atements.		
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ENTERPRISE FINANCIAL SERVICES CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies used by Enterprise Financial Services Corp (the "Company" or "Enterprise") in the preparation of the condensed consolidated financial statements are summarized below:

Basis of Financial Statement Presentation

Enterprise is a financial holding company that provides a full range of banking and wealth management services to individuals and corporate customers located in the St. Louis, Kansas City and Phoenix metropolitan markets through its banking subsidiary, Enterprise Bank & Trust (the "Bank").

The condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. They do not include all information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for annual financial statements. The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries, all of which are wholly owned. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included.

On January 7, 2011, the Bank entered into a purchase and assumption agreement with the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") and acquired certain assets and assumed certain liabilities of Legacy Bank, a full service community bank that was headquartered in Scottsdale, Arizona. For more information on this transaction, see Note 3 - Acquisitions and Divestitures in this report.

Operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2011 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for any other interim period or for the year ending December 31, 2011. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2010.

NOTE 2 - EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE

Basic earnings (loss) per common share data is calculated by dividing net income (loss) available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings (loss) per common share gives effect to all dilutive potential common shares outstanding during the period using the treasury stock method and the if-converted method for convertible securities related to the issuance of trust preferred securities. The following table presents a summary of per common share data and amounts for the periods indicated.

Three months ended March 31,

(in thousands, except per share data)	2011	2010	
Net income (loss) as reported	\$4,112	\$(3,191)
Preferred stock dividend	(438	(437)
Accretion of preferred stock discount	(188	(175)
Net income (loss) available to common shareholders	\$3,486	\$(3,803))
Weighted average common shares outstanding	14,920	14,418	
Additional dilutive common stock equivalents	16	_	
Diluted common shares outstanding	14,936	14,418	

Basic earnings (loss) per common share: Diluted earnings (loss) per common share:	\$0.23 \$0.23	\$(0.26 \$(0.26)
For the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, there were 2.0 million and weighted	1 2.3 million, resp	pectively, of	
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average common stock equivalents excluded from the per share calculations because their effect was anti-dilutive. In addition, at March 31, 2011 and 2010, the Company had outstanding warrants to purchase 324,074 shares of common stock associated with the U.S. Treasury Capital Purchase Program which were excluded from the per common share calculation because their effect was also anti-dilutive.

NOTE 3-ACQUISITIONS AND DIVESTITURES

Acquisition of Legacy Bank

On January 7, 2011, the Bank entered into a purchase and assumption agreement with the FDIC and acquired certain assets and assumed certain liabilities of Legacy Bank ("Legacy"), a full service community bank that was headquartered in Scottsdale, Arizona. The acquisition consisted of tangible assets with estimated fair values of approximately \$128.0 million and tangible liabilities with estimated fair values of approximately \$130.4 million. The Bank acquired the assets at a discount of 7.6% and approximately \$43.5 million of the deposits were assumed at a premium of 1%. The Bank also acquired approximately \$55.6 million of discretionary and \$13.6 million of non-discretionary trust assets.

As part of the acquisition, the Company provided the FDIC with a Value Appreciation Instrument ("VAI") whereby 372,500 units were awarded to the FDIC at an exercise price of \$10.63 per unit. The units were exercisable at any time from January 14, 2011 until January 6, 2012. The FDIC exercised the units on January 20, 2011 at a settlement price of \$11.8444. A cash payment of \$452,364 was made to the FDIC on January 21, 2011.

In connection with the acquisition, the Bank also entered into a loss share agreement whereby the FDIC will reimburse the Bank for 80% of all losses incurred on certain loans and other real estate covered under the agreement ("Covered Assets"). The loss share agreement is subject to the servicing procedures as specified in the agreement with the FDIC.

The reimbursable losses from the FDIC are based on the book value of the Covered Assets as determined by the FDIC as of the date of the acquisition. A majority of these loans were valued based on the liquidation value of the underlying collateral because the future cash flows are primarily based on the liquidation of underlying collateral. The expected reimbursements under the loss share agreement were recorded as a FDIC loss share receivable at their estimated fair value.

The loans and other real estate acquired are recorded at estimated fair value. As such, there was no allowance for credit losses established related to the acquired loans at January 7, 2011 and no carryover of the related allowance from Legacy. The loans are accounted for in accordance with guidance for certain loans acquired in a transfer, when the loans have evidence of credit deterioration and it is probable at the date of acquisition that the acquirer will not collect all contractually required principal and interest payments. The difference between contractually required payments and the cash flows expected to be collected at acquisition is referred to as the non-accretable difference. Subsequent decreases to the expected cash flows will generally result in a provision for loan losses. Subsequent increases in cash flows result in a reversal of the provision for loan losses to the extent of prior charges and an adjustment in accretable yield, which will have a positive impact on interest income.

The table below summarizes the estimated fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition. The table includes adjustments subsequent to the date of the Original Filing on Form 10-Q. These fair value estimates are considered preliminary, and are subject to change for up to one year after the closing date of the acquisition as additional information relative to closing date fair values becomes available.

(in thousands)	Preliminary January 7, 2011 Amount	Refinements	Refined January 7, 2011 Amount
Cash and cash equivalents	\$8,926	\$	\$8,926
Securities available for sale	9,569		9,569
Other investments	1,969		1,969
Portfolio loans	73,214		73,214
Other real estate	8,612		8,612
FDIC loss share receivable	24,963	257	25,220
Goodwill	1,815	(257) 1,558
Core deposit intangible	833		833
Other assets	466		466
Total deposits	(113,620)—	(113,620)
Federal Home Loan Bank Advances	(16,256)—	(16,256)
Other liabilities	(491)—	(491)

Management concluded that it is impracticable to present pro forma financial results due to the lack of documentation and objective information about significant estimates and management's intent in prior periods.

NOTE 4 - INVESTMENTS

The following table presents the amortized cost, gross unrealized gains and losses and fair value of securities available-for-sale:

	March 31, 20)11			
(in thousands)	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross UnrealizedLo	osses	S Fair Value
Available for sale securities:					
Obligations of U.S. Government sponsored enterprises	\$40,645	\$14	\$ (422)	\$40,237
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	26,303	160	(695)	25,768
Residential mortgage-backed securities	414,619	2,706	(1,341)	415,984
	\$481,567	\$2,880	\$ (2,458)	\$481,989
	December 31	1, 2010			
(in thousands)	December 31 Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross UnrealizedLo	osse	S Fair Value
(in thousands) Available for sale securities:	Amortized	Gross Unrealized		osses	S Fair Value
	Amortized	Gross Unrealized		osse	Fair Value \$453
Available for sale securities:	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	UnrealizedLo	osse:	S
Available for sale securities: Obligations of U.S. Government agencies	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	UnrealizedLo \$ —	osse:	\$453
Available for sale securities: Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of U.S. Government sponsored enterprises	Amortized Cost \$444 32,880	Gross Unrealized Gains \$9	UnrealizedLo \$ — (770)))	\$453 32,119
Available for sale securities: Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of U.S. Government sponsored enterprises Obligations of states and political subdivisions	Amortized Cost \$444 32,880 18,486	Gross Unrealized Gains \$9 9 45	\$ — (770 (855)))	\$453 32,119 17,676

At March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, there were no holdings of securities of any one issuer in an amount greater than 10% of shareholders' equity, other than the U.S. government agencies and sponsored enterprises. The residential mortgage-backed securities are all issued by U.S. government sponsored enterprises. Available for sale securities having a carrying value of \$243.9 million and \$249.6 million at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively, were pledged as collateral to secure deposits of public institutions and for other purposes as required by law or contract provisions.

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of debt securities classified as available for sale at March 31, 2011, by contractual maturity, are shown below. Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties. The weighted average life of the mortgage-backed securities is approximately 3.5 years.

(in thousands)	Amortized Cost	Estimated Fair Value
Due in one year or less	\$8,624	\$8,636
Due after one year through five years	33,669	33,302
Due after five years through ten years	20,348	20,063
Due after ten years	4,307	4,004
Mortgage-backed securities	414,619	415,984
	\$481,567	\$481,989

The following table represents a summary of available-for-sale investment securities that had an unrealized loss:

	March 31, 2011					
	Less than 1	2 months	12 months o	r more	Total	
(in thousands)	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses
Obligations of U.S. government sponsored enterprises	¹ \$30,689	\$422	\$—	\$—	\$30,689	\$422
Obligations of the state and political subdivisions	12,820	267	2,972	428	15,792	695
Residential mortgage-backed securities	163,010	1,341	_	_	163,010	1,341
	\$206,519	\$2,030	\$2,972	\$428	\$209,491	\$2,458
December 31, 2010						
	z comine or .	2010				
	Less than 1	•	12 months o	r more	Total	
(in thousands)		•	12 months of Fair Value	r more Unrealized Losses	Total Fair Value	Unrealized Losses
(in thousands) Obligations of U.S. government sponsored enterprises	Less than 1 Fair Value	2 months Unrealized		Unrealized		
Obligations of U.S. government sponsored	Less than 1 Fair Value	2 months Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Losses

The unrealized losses at both March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, were attributable to changes in market interest rates since the securities were purchased. Management systematically evaluates investment securities for other-than-temporary declines in fair value on a quarterly basis. This analysis requires management to consider various factors, which include (1) the present value of the cash flows expected to be collected compared to the amortized cost of the security, (2) duration and magnitude of the decline in value, (3) the financial condition of the issuer or issuers, (4) structure of the security and (5) the intent to sell the security or whether it is more likely than not that the Company would be required to sell the security before its anticipated recovery in market value. At March 31, 2011, management performed its quarterly analysis of all securities with an unrealized loss and concluded no individual securities were other-than-temporarily impaired.

The gross gains and gross losses realized from sales of available-for-sale investment securities were as follows:

	Three months ende	ed March 31,	
(in thousands)	2011	2010	
Gross gains realized	\$174	\$557	
Gross losses realized		_	
Proceeds from sales	5,299	80,645	

NOTE 5 - GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Goodwill is tested for impairment annually and more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the asset might be impaired.

Below is a summary of the goodwill in the Banking segment.

(in thousands)	Goodwill
Balance at January 1, 2011	\$2,064
Goodwill from purchase of Legacy Bank	1,558
Balance at March 31, 2011	\$3,622

The table below summarizes the changes to core deposit intangible asset balances in the Banking segment.

(in thousands)	Core Deposit Intangible
Balance at January 1, 2011	\$1,223
Intangibles from purchase of Legacy Bank	833
Amortization expense	(135)
Balance at March 31, 2011	\$1,921

The following table reflects the expected amortization schedule for the core deposit intangibles.

Core Deposit					
Intangible					
\$374					
432					
355					
278					
201					
281					
\$1,921					

NOTE 6 - PORTFOLIO LOANS

Below is a summary of loans by category at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

	March 31, 20	11	
	Portfolio	Portfolio	
	Loans not	Loans	
(in thousands)	Covered	Covered	Total
	under FDIC	under FDIC	
	loss share	loss share	
Real Estate Loans:			
Construction and land development	\$176,249	\$42,140	\$218,389
Commercial real estate - Investor Owned	455,684	43,329	499,013
Commercial real estate - Owner Occupied	325,080	42,213	367,293
Residential real estate	174,405	35,661	210,066
Total real estate loans	\$1,131,418	\$163,343	\$1,294,761
Commercial and industrial	612,970	17,683	630,653
Consumer & other	16,469	1,251	17,720
Portfolio Loans	\$1,760,857	\$182,277	\$1,943,134
Unearned loan costs, net	177	_	177
Portfolio loans, including unearned loan costs	\$1,761,034	\$182,277	\$1,943,311
	December 21	2010	
	December 31,		
	Portfolio	Portfolio	
(in thousands)	Portfolio Loans not	Portfolio Loans	Total
(in thousands)	Portfolio Loans not Covered	Portfolio Loans Covered	Total
(in thousands)	Portfolio Loans not Covered under FDIC	Portfolio Loans Covered under FDIC	Total
	Portfolio Loans not Covered	Portfolio Loans Covered	Total
Real Estate Loans:	Portfolio Loans not Covered under FDIC loss share	Portfolio Loans Covered under FDIC loss share	
Real Estate Loans: Construction and land development	Portfolio Loans not Covered under FDIC loss share \$190,285	Portfolio Loans Covered under FDIC loss share \$32,374	\$222,659
Real Estate Loans: Construction and land development Commercial real estate - Investor Owned	Portfolio Loans not Covered under FDIC loss share \$190,285 444,724	Portfolio Loans Covered under FDIC loss share \$32,374 39,850	\$222,659 484,574
Real Estate Loans: Construction and land development Commercial real estate - Investor Owned Commercial real estate - Owner Occupied	Portfolio Loans not Covered under FDIC loss share \$190,285 444,724 331,544	Portfolio Loans Covered under FDIC loss share \$32,374 39,850 29,803	\$222,659 484,574 361,347
Real Estate Loans: Construction and land development Commercial real estate - Investor Owned	Portfolio Loans not Covered under FDIC loss share \$190,285 444,724 331,544 189,484	Portfolio Loans Covered under FDIC loss share \$32,374 39,850 29,803 9,589	\$222,659 484,574 361,347 199,073
Real Estate Loans: Construction and land development Commercial real estate - Investor Owned Commercial real estate - Owner Occupied Residential real estate Total real estate loans	Portfolio Loans not Covered under FDIC loss share \$190,285 444,724 331,544 189,484 \$1,156,037	Portfolio Loans Covered under FDIC loss share \$32,374 39,850 29,803 9,589 \$111,616	\$222,659 484,574 361,347 199,073 \$1,267,653
Real Estate Loans: Construction and land development Commercial real estate - Investor Owned Commercial real estate - Owner Occupied Residential real estate	Portfolio Loans not Covered under FDIC loss share \$190,285 444,724 331,544 189,484 \$1,156,037 593,938	Portfolio Loans Covered under FDIC loss share \$32,374 39,850 29,803 9,589	\$222,659 484,574 361,347 199,073 \$1,267,653 603,415
Real Estate Loans: Construction and land development Commercial real estate - Investor Owned Commercial real estate - Owner Occupied Residential real estate Total real estate loans Commercial and industrial	Portfolio Loans not Covered under FDIC loss share \$190,285 444,724 331,544 189,484 \$1,156,037 593,938 16,308	Portfolio Loans Covered under FDIC loss share \$32,374 39,850 29,803 9,589 \$111,616 9,477 477	\$222,659 484,574 361,347 199,073 \$1,267,653 603,415 16,785
Real Estate Loans: Construction and land development Commercial real estate - Investor Owned Commercial real estate - Owner Occupied Residential real estate Total real estate loans Commercial and industrial Consumer & other Portfolio Loans	Portfolio Loans not Covered under FDIC loss share \$190,285 444,724 331,544 189,484 \$1,156,037 593,938	Portfolio Loans Covered under FDIC loss share \$32,374 39,850 29,803 9,589 \$111,616 9,477	\$222,659 484,574 361,347 199,073 \$1,267,653 603,415
Real Estate Loans: Construction and land development Commercial real estate - Investor Owned Commercial real estate - Owner Occupied Residential real estate Total real estate loans Commercial and industrial Consumer & other	Portfolio Loans not Covered under FDIC loss share \$190,285 444,724 331,544 189,484 \$1,156,037 593,938 16,308 \$1,766,283	Portfolio Loans Covered under FDIC loss share \$32,374 39,850 29,803 9,589 \$111,616 9,477 477	\$222,659 484,574 361,347 199,073 \$1,267,653 603,415 16,785 \$1,887,853

The Company grants commercial, residential, and consumer loans primarily in the St. Louis, Kansas City and Phoenix metropolitan areas. The Company has a diversified loan portfolio, with no particular concentration of credit in any one economic sector; however, a substantial portion of the portfolio is concentrated in and secured by real estate. The ability of the Company's borrowers to honor their contractual obligations is partially dependent upon the local economy and its effect on the real estate market.

A summary of activity in the allowance for loan losses and the recorded investment in loans by portfolio class and category based on impairment method for the quarter ended March 31, 2011 and at December 31, 2010 is as follows:

	Commercia		aCommerci Real	Constructi	onResidential	Consume	a r	Portfolio loans	
(in thousands	s)& Industrial	Estate Owner Occupied	Estate Investor Owned	Real Estate	Real Estate	& Other	er Unallocat	ed under FDIC loss share	Total
Allowance for Loan Losses:								Siture	
Balance at December 31 2010 Provision	1,\$12,727	\$ 5,060	\$ 5,629	\$ 8,407	\$5,485	\$93	\$ 5,358	\$—	\$42,759
charged to expense	(62)	691	1,524	2,964	(361)	9	(1,165)		3,600
Losses charged off	400	378	360	2,716	111	_			3,965
Recoveries	125	_	15	178	89	21	_	_	428
Balance at March 31, 2011	\$12,390	\$ 5,373	\$6,808	\$ 8,833	\$5,102	\$123	\$4,193	\$—	\$42,822
Balance March 31, 2011 Allowance for Loan Losses - Ending Balance:									
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 3,417	\$348	\$ 1,899	\$3,672	\$2,045	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$11,381
Collectively evaluated for impairment Loans		5,025	4,909	5,161	3,057	123	4,193	_	31,441
acquired with deteriorated credit quality		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	\$12,390	\$5,373	\$6,808	\$ 8,833	\$5,102	\$123	\$4,193	\$ —	\$42,822
Loans - Ending Balance:	\$ 6,559	\$1,219	\$ 9,393	\$ 16,808	\$9,508	\$ —	\$ <i>—</i>	\$ —	\$43,487
	+ -,>	+ -, - -/	+ · , · · ·	+ -0,000	+ - ,000	7	т	т	+ .5,.07

Individually evaluated for impairment Collectively evaluated for impairment Loans		323,861	446,291	159,441	164,897	16,646	_	6,883	1,724,430
acquired with deteriorated credit quality	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	175,394	175,394
Total	\$612,970	\$ 325,080	\$ 455,684	\$ 176,249	\$174,405	\$16,646	\$—	\$182,277	\$1,943,311
12									

(in thousands	Commercia)& Industrial		alCommercia Real Estate Investor Owned	al Construction Real Estate	nResidentia Real Estate	Consume & Other	r Unallocat	Portfolio loans covered ed under FDIC loss share	Total
Balance at December 31 2010 Allowance fo Loan Losses Ending Balance:	r								
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$4,434	\$219	\$ 1,457	\$650	\$2,368	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$9,128
Collectively evaluated for impairment Loans	8,293	4,841	4,172	7,757	3,117	93	5,358		33,631
acquired with deteriorated credit quality		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	\$ 12,727	\$ 5,060	\$ 5,629	\$ 8,407	\$5,485	\$93	\$5,358	\$—	\$42,759
Loans - Ending Balance: Individually									
evaluated for impairment Collectively	\$11,276	\$ 2,024	\$ 10,935	\$ 9,934	\$12,188	\$—	\$—	\$	\$46,357
evaluated for impairment Loans		329,520	433,789	180,351	177,296	16,376	_	350	1,720,344
acquired with deteriorated credit quality		_	_	_	_	_	_	121,220	121,220
Total	\$593,938	\$331,544	\$ 444,724	\$ 190,285	\$189,484	\$16,376	\$—	\$121,570	\$1,887,921

A summary of loans individually evaluated for impairment by category at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 is as follows:

	March 31, 2011					
	Unpaid	Recorded	Recorded	Total		Average
(in thousands)	Contractual	Investment	Investment	Recorded	Related	Recorded
(III tilousullus)	Principal	With No	With	Investment	Allowance	Investment
	Balance	Allowance	Allowance		* *	
Commercial & Industrial	\$6,604	\$402	\$6,157	\$6,559	\$3,417	\$9,209
Real Estate:						
Commercial - Owner	1,390	_	1,219	1,219	348	1,913
Occupied						
Commercial - Investor Owned	15,096	376	9,017	9,393	1,899	10,369
Construction	21,603	2,294	14,514	16,808	3,672	15,607
Residential	9,695	2,486	7,022	9,508	2,045	9,508
Consumer & Other	<i>–</i>	2,400	7,022	<i>-</i> ,500	2,043	<i>7,500</i>
Total	\$54,388	\$5,558	\$37,929	\$43,487	\$11,381	\$46,606
10111	Ψ5 1,500	Ψ5,550	Ψ31,727	Ψ 13,107	Ψ11,501	Ψ 10,000
	December	31, 2010				
	December Unpaid	31, 2010 Recorded	Recorded	Total		Averege
(in thousands)	Unpaid Contractua	Recorded Investment	Investment	Total Recorded	Related	Average Recorded
(in thousands)	Unpaid Contractua Principal	Recorded Investment With No	Investment With	Recorded	Related Allowance	Recorded
	Unpaid Contractua Principal Balance	Recorded Investment With No Allowance	Investment With Allowance	Recorded Investment	Allowance	Recorded Investment
Commercial & Industrial	Unpaid Contractua Principal	Recorded Investment With No	Investment With	Recorded		Recorded
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate:	Unpaid Contractua Principal Balance	Recorded Investment With No Allowance	Investment With Allowance	Recorded Investment	Allowance	Recorded Investment
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate: Commercial - Owner	Unpaid Contractua Principal Balance	Recorded Investment With No Allowance	Investment With Allowance	Recorded Investment	Allowance	Recorded Investment
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate: Commercial - Owner Occupied	Unpaid Contractua Principal Balance \$11,591	Recorded Investment With No Allowance \$412	Investment With Allowance \$ 10,864	Recorded Investment \$11,276	Allowance \$4,434	Recorded Investment \$5,848
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate: Commercial - Owner Occupied Commercial - Investor	Unpaid Contractua Principal Balance \$11,591	Recorded Investment With No Allowance \$412	Investment With Allowance \$ 10,864	Recorded Investment \$11,276	Allowance \$4,434	Recorded Investment \$5,848
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate: Commercial - Owner Occupied Commercial - Investor Owned	Unpaid Contractua Principal Balance \$11,591 2,668	Recorded Investment With No Allowance \$412 1,044 1,960	Investment With Allowance \$10,864 980 8,975	Recorded Investment \$11,276 2,024 10,935	Allowance \$4,434 219 1,457	Recorded Investment \$5,848 3,890 15,122
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate: Commercial - Owner Occupied Commercial - Investor Owned Construction	Unpaid Contractua Principal Balance \$11,591 2,668 15,024 13,391	Recorded Investment With No Allowance \$412 1,044 1,960 5,388	Investment With Allowance \$ 10,864 980 8,975 4,546	Recorded Investment \$11,276 2,024 10,935 9,934	Allowance \$4,434 219 1,457 650	Recorded Investment \$5,848 3,890 15,122 16,898
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate: Commercial - Owner Occupied Commercial - Investor Owned Construction Residential	Unpaid Contractua Principal Balance \$11,591 2,668	Recorded Investment With No Allowance \$412 1,044 1,960	Investment With Allowance \$10,864 980 8,975	Recorded Investment \$11,276 2,024 10,935	Allowance \$4,434 219 1,457	Recorded Investment \$5,848 3,890 15,122 16,898 5,721
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate: Commercial - Owner Occupied Commercial - Investor Owned Construction	Unpaid Contractua Principal Balance \$11,591 2,668 15,024 13,391	Recorded Investment With No Allowance \$412 1,044 1,960 5,388	Investment With Allowance \$ 10,864 980 8,975 4,546	Recorded Investment \$11,276 2,024 10,935 9,934	Allowance \$4,434 219 1,457 650	Recorded Investment \$5,848 3,890 15,122 16,898

There were no loans over 90 days past due and still accruing interest at March 31, 2011. If interest on impaired loans would have been accrued based upon the original contractual terms, such income would have been \$703,000 for the quarter ended March 31, 2011. The cash amount collected and recognized as interest income on impaired loans was \$130,000, for the quarter ended March 31, 2011. The amount recognized as interest income on impaired loans continuing to accrue interest was \$150,000 for the quarter ended March 31, 2011. At March 31, 2011 there were \$1.3 million of unadvanced commitments on impaired loans. Other Liabilities include approximately \$268,000 for estimated losses attributable to the unadvanced commitments on impaired loans.

The recorded investment in impaired loans by category at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 is as follows:

	March 31, 2011			
			Loans over 90	
(in thousands)	Non-accrual	Restructured	days past due and still accruing interest	Total
Commercial & Industrial	\$6,559	\$ —	\$ —	\$6,559
Real Estate:				
Commercial - Owner Occupied	1,219	_	_	1,219
Commercial - Investor Owned	4,609	4,784	_	9,393
Construction	16,211	597	_	16,808
Residential	5,184	4,324	_	9,508
Consumer & Other	_		_	_
Total	\$33,782	\$9,705	\$ —	\$43,487
	December 31, 201	10		
			Loans over 90	
(in thousands)	Non-accrual	Restructured	days past due and still accruing interest	Total
(in thousands) Commercial & Industrial	Non-accrual \$11,276	Restructured \$	still accruing	
			still accruing interest	Total \$11,276
Commercial & Industrial			still accruing interest	
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate:	\$11,276		still accruing interest	\$11,276
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate: Commercial - Owner Occupied	\$11,276 2,024	\$— —	still accruing interest	\$11,276 2,024
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate: Commercial - Owner Occupied Commercial - Investor Owned	\$11,276 2,024 10,516	\$— — 419	still accruing interest	\$11,276 2,024 10,935
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate: Commercial - Owner Occupied Commercial - Investor Owned Construction	\$11,276 2,024 10,516 9,352	\$— — 419 582	still accruing interest	\$11,276 2,024 10,935 9,934
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate: Commercial - Owner Occupied Commercial - Investor Owned Construction Residential	\$11,276 2,024 10,516 9,352	\$— — 419 582	still accruing interest	\$11,276 2,024 10,935 9,934
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate: Commercial - Owner Occupied Commercial - Investor Owned Construction Residential Consumer & Other	\$11,276 2,024 10,516 9,352 5,309	\$— 419 582 6,879 —	still accruing interest \$— — — — — — — — —	\$11,276 2,024 10,935 9,934 12,188

The aging of the recorded investment in past due loans by portfolio class and category at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 is shown below.

	March 31, 2011				
(in thousands)	30-89 Days Past Due	90 or More Days Past Due	Total Past Due	Current	Total
Portfolio loans not covered under FDIC					
loss share					
Commercial & Industrial	\$530	\$4,630	\$5,160	\$607,810	\$612,970
Real Estate:					
Commercial - Owner Occupied		1,219	1,219	323,861	325,080
Commercial - Investor Owned	2,901	2,815	5,716	449,968	455,684
Construction	216	7,210	7,426	168,823	176,249
Residential	422	4,645	5,067	169,338	174,405
Consumer & Other		_		16,646	16,646
Total	\$4,069	\$20,519	\$24,588	\$1,736,446	\$1,761,034
Portfolio loans covered under FDIC loss	S				
share					
Commercial & Industrial	\$295	\$1,937	\$2,232	\$15,451	\$17,683
Real Estate:					
Commercial - Owner Occupied	_	5,954	5,954	36,259	42,213
Commercial - Investor Owned	3,869	2,978	6,847	36,482	43,329
Construction	2,089	13,953	16,042	26,098	42,140
Residential	2,066	1,107	3,173	32,488	35,661
Consumer & Other	254	192	446	805	1,251
Total	\$8,573	\$26,121	\$34,694	\$147,583	\$182,277
Portfolio loans, total					
Commercial & Industrial	\$825	\$6,567	\$7,392	\$623,261	\$630,653
Real Estate:					
Commercial - Owner Occupied	_	7,173	7,173	360,120	367,293
Commercial - Investor Owned	6,770	5,793	12,563	486,450	499,013
Construction	2,305	21,163	23,468	194,921	218,389
Residential	2,488	5,752	8,240	201,826	210,066
Consumer & Other	254	192	446	17,451	17,897
Total	\$12,642	\$46,640	\$59,282	\$1,884,029	\$1,943,311

	December 31, 2010				
(in thousands)	30-89 Days Past Due	90 or More Days Past Due	Total Past Due	Current	Total
Portfolio loans not covered under FDIC					
loss share					
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate:	\$5,938	\$3,557	\$9,495	\$584,443	\$593,938
Commercial - Owner Occupied	914	1,583	2,497	329,047	331,544
Commercial - Investor Owned	2,692	4,348	7,040	437,684	444,724
Construction	802	6,876	7,678	182,607	190,285
Residential	2,496	2,518	5,014	184,470	189,484
Consumer & Other	3	_	3	16,373	16,376
Total	\$12,845	\$18,882	\$31,727	\$1,734,624	\$1,766,351
Portfolio loans covered under FDIC los	SS				
share					
Commercial & Industrial	\$777	\$258	\$1,035	\$8,442	\$9,477
Real Estate:					
Commercial - Owner Occupied	56	5,550	5,606	24,197	29,803
Commercial - Investor Owned	3,471	1,888	5,359	34,491	39,850
Construction	_	25,844	25,844	6,530	32,374
Residential	679	735	1,414	8,175	9,589
Consumer & Other	190		190	287	477
Total	\$5,173	\$34,275	\$39,448	\$82,122	\$121,570
Portfolio loans, total					
Commercial & Industrial	\$6,715	\$3,815	\$10,530	\$592,885	\$603,415
Real Estate:					
Commercial - Owner Occupied	970	7,133	8,103	353,244	361,347
Commercial - Investor Owned	6,163	6,236	12,399	472,175	484,574
Construction	802	32,720	33,522	189,137	222,659
Residential	3,175	3,253	6,428	192,645	199,073
Consumer & Other	193		193	16,660	16,853
Total	\$18,018	\$53,157	\$71,175	\$1,816,746	\$1,887,921

The Company categorizes loans into risk categories based on relevant information about the ability of borrowers to service their debt, such as current financial information, historical payment experience, credit documentation, and current economic factors among other factors. This analysis is performed on a quarterly basis. The Company uses the following definitions for risk ratings:

Grades 1, 2, and 3 - These grades include loans to borrowers with a continuous record of strong earnings, sound balance sheet condition and capitalization, ample liquidity with solid cash flow and whose management team has experience and depth within their industry.

Grade 4 – This grade includes loans to borrowers with positive trends in profitability, satisfactory capitalization and balance sheet condition, and sufficient liquidity and cash flow.

Grade 5 – This grade includes loans to borrowers that may display fluctuating trends in sales, profitability, capitalization, liquidity, and cash flow.

Grade 6 – This grade includes loans to borrowers where an adverse change or perceived weakness has occurred, but may be correctable in the near future. Alternatively, this rating category may also include circumstances where the company is starting to reverse a negative trend or condition, or have recently been upgraded from a 7, 8, or 9 rating. Grade 7 – Watch credits are companies that have experienced financial setback of a nature that are not determined to be severe or influence 'ongoing concern' expectations. Borrowers within this category are expected to turnaround within a 12-month period of time. Although possible, no loss is anticipated, due to strong collateral and/or guarantor support. Grade 8 – Substandard credits will include those companies that are characterized by significant losses and sustained downward trends in balance sheet condition, liquidity, and cash flow. Repayment reliance may have shifted to secondary sources. Collateral exposure may exist and additional reserves may be warranted.

Grade 9 – Doubtful credits include borrowers that may show deteriorating trends that are unlikely to be corrected. Collateral values may appear insufficient for full recovery, therefore requiring a partial charge-off, or debt renegotiation with the borrower. Borrower may have declared bankruptcy or bankruptcy is likely in the near term. All doubtful rated credits will be on non-accrual.

Acquired loans are also subject to the Company's internal and external credit review and are risk rated using the same criteria as loans originated by the Company. However, risk ratings are not always a clear indicator of the Company's losses on acquired loans as a majority of the losses are recoverable from the FDIC under the loss-sharing agreements.

The recorded investment by risk category of the loans by portfolio class and category at March 31, 2011, which is based upon the most recent analysis performed, and December 31, 2010 is as follows:

	March 31, 2	011					
(in thousands)	Commercial & Industrial	Commercial Real Estate Owner Occupied	Commercial Real Estate Investor Owned	Construction Real Estate	Residential Real Estate		Total
Portfolio loans not covered under FDIC loss share		-					
Outstanding (1-3)	\$88,565	\$18,785	\$6,796	\$ 1,136	\$1,497	\$2,999	\$119,778
Above Average (4)	62,995	65,596	37,076	9,046	16,931	1,633	193,277
Average (5)	277,224	144,911	266,961	74,833	115,961	11,447	891,337
Below Average (6)	107,294	48,114	76,538	27,407	11,382	111 7	270,846
Watch (7) Substandard (8)	42,674 31,546	32,751 14,923	52,333 15,755	29,486 34,033	7,477 20,865	449	164,728 117,571
Doubtful (9)	2,672	14,923	225	308	292	449	3,497
Total	\$612,970	<u>\$325,080</u>	\$455,684	\$ 176,249	\$174,405	<u>\$16,646</u>	\$1,761,034
Total	ψ012,270	Ψ323,000	Ψ 133,001	Ψ 170,219	Ψ171,105	Ψ10,010	Ψ1,701,051
Portfolio loans covered under FDIC loss share							
Outstanding (1-3)	\$ —	\$ —	\$—	\$ <i>-</i>	\$ —	\$77	\$77
Above Average (4)	1,294	2,582		78	5,413	56	9,423
Average (5)	8,408	15,074	16,207	15,598	21,110	838	77,235
Below Average (6)	5,493	7,306	7,492	1,513	1,605	39	23,448
Watch (7)	36	3,003	7,569	322	1,346		12,276
Substandard (8)	2,452	14,248	9,649	16,565	5,678	241	48,833
Doubtful (9)			2,412	8,064	509	_	10,985
Total	\$17,683	\$42,213	\$43,329	\$42,140	\$35,661	\$1,251	\$182,277
Portfolio loans, total							
Outstanding (1-3)	\$88,565	\$18,785	\$6,796	\$ 1,136	\$1,497	\$3,076	\$119,855
Above Average (4)	64,289	68,178	37,076	9,124	22,344	1,689	202,700
Average (5)	285,632	159,985	283,168	90,431	137,071	12,285	968,572
Below Average (6)	112,787	55,420	84,030	28,920	12,987	150	294,294
Watch (7)	42,710	35,754	59,902	29,808	8,823	7	177,004
Substandard (8)	33,998	29,171	25,404	50,598	26,543	690	166,404
Doubtful (9)	2,672		2,637	8,372	801		14,482
Total	\$630,653	\$367,293	\$499,013	\$ 218,389	\$210,066	\$17,897	\$1,943,311
19							

	December 31, 2010						
(in thousands)	Commercia & Industrial	l Commercial Real Estate Owner Occupied	Commercial Real Estate Investor Owned	Construction Real Estate			Total
Portfolio loans not covered	l						
under FDIC loss share							
Outstanding (1-3)	\$92,940	\$19,139	\$6,846	\$ 1,142	\$1,522	\$5,930	\$127,519
Above Average (4)	48,745	68,443	31,826	8,549	17,400	2,264	177,227
Average (5)	252,938	149,773	259,937	80,400	127,587	7,722	878,357
Below Average (6)	135,174	46,080	91,385	27,931	10,900	117	311,587
Watch (7)	26,549	33,374	38,680	32,519	8,272	9	139,403
Substandard (8)	34,512	14,634	15,812	39,744	23,759	334	128,795
Doubtful (9)	3,080	101	238	_	44		3,463
Total	\$593,938	\$331,544	\$444,724	\$ 190,285	\$189,484	\$16,376	\$1,766,351
Portfolio loans covered under FDIC loss share Outstanding (1-3) Above Average (4) Average (5) Below Average (6) Watch (7) Substandard (8) Doubtful (9) Total	\$— — 3,902 4,719 62 794 — \$9,477	\$— 8,287 7,486 3,219 10,811 —	\$— — 13,951 7,485 6,943 9,209 2,262 \$39,850	\$— 1,253 1,483 337 22,160 7,141 \$ 32,374	\$— 105 4,047 2,584 1,351 1,142 360	\$77 — 357 43 — — — \$477	\$77 105 31,797 23,800 11,912 44,116 9,763 \$121,570
Total	\$9,477	\$29,803	\$ 39,830	\$ 32,374	\$9,589	\$4//	\$121,370
Portfolio loans, total							
Outstanding (1-3)	\$92,940	\$19,139	\$6,846	\$ 1,142	\$1,522	\$6,007	\$127,596
Above Average (4)	48,745	68,443	31,826	8,549	17,505	2,264	177,332
Average (5)	256,840	158,060	273,888	81,653	131,634	8,079	910,154
Below Average (6)	139,893	53,566	98,870	29,414	13,484	160	335,387
Watch (7)	26,611	36,593	45,623	32,856	9,623	9	151,315
Substandard (8)	35,306	25,445	25,021	61,904	24,901	334	172,911
Doubtful (9)	3,080	101	2,500	7,141	404		13,226
Total	\$603,415	\$361,347	\$484,574	\$ 222,659	\$199,073	\$16,853	\$1,887,921

Portfolio loans covered under FDIC loss share

Purchased loans acquired in a business combination, including loans purchased in our FDIC-assisted transactions, are recorded at estimated fair value on their purchase date without a carryover of the related allowance for loan losses. Purchased credit-impaired loans are loans that have evidence of credit deterioration since origination and it is probable at the date of acquisition that the Company will not collect all contractually required principal and interest payments. Evidence of credit quality deterioration as of the purchase date may include factors such as past due and non-accrual status. The difference between contractually required payments at acquisition and the cash flows expected to be collected at acquisition is referred to as the non-accretable difference. Subsequent decreases to the expected cash flows will generally result in a provision for loan losses. Subsequent increases in cash flows result in a reversal of the provision for loan losses to the extent of prior charges or a reclassification of the difference from non-accretable to accretable with a positive impact on interest income. Further, any excess of cash flows expected at acquisition over

the estimated fair value is referred to as the accretable yield and is recognized into interest income over the remaining life of the loan when there is a reasonable expectation about the amount and timing of such cash flows.

Changes in the accretable yield for purchased loans were as follows for the quarters ended March 31, 2011 and 2010:

(in thousands)	March 31,	March 31,	
(in thousands)	2011	2010	
Balance at beginning of period	\$46,460	\$3,708	
Additions	10,875	_	
Accretion	(2,934) (235)
Balance at end of period	\$54,401	\$3,473	

Outstanding balances on purchased loans from the FDIC were \$293.0 million as of March 31, 2011 and \$219.5 million at December 31, 2010, respectively. In the first quarter of 2011, the Bank received payments of \$11.8 million for loss share claims under the terms of the FDIC loss share agreements.

Legacy acquisition

The following table presents information regarding the contractually required payments receivable, the cash flows expected to be collected, and the estimated fair value of the loans acquired in the Legacy acquisition, as of the closing date of the transaction:

	January /, 2011
(In thousands)	Purchased
	Credit-Impaired Loans
Contractually required payments (principal and interest):	\$106,286
Cash flows expected to be collected (principal and interest):	84,089
Fair value of loans acquired:	73,214

These amounts were determined based upon the estimated remaining life of the underlying loans, which includes the effects of estimated prepayments. The majority of the purchased credit-impaired loans were valued based on the liquidation value of the underlying collateral. There was no allowance for credit losses on purchased loans related to FDIC-assisted transactions at March 31, 2011.

The determination of the initial fair value of loans and other real estate acquired in the transaction and the initial fair value of the related FDIC loss share receivable involve a high degree of judgment and complexity. The carrying value of the acquired loans and other real estate and the FDIC indemnification asset reflect management's best estimate of the fair value of each of these assets as of the date of acquisition. However, the amount that the Bank realizes on these assets could differ materially from the carrying value reflected in these financial statements, based upon the timing and amount of collections on the acquired loans in future periods. To the extent the actual values realized for the acquired loans are different from the estimate, the FDIC loss share receivable will generally be affected in an offsetting manner due to the indemnification obligations of the FDIC, thus limiting the Bank's loss exposure.

NOTE 7 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company issues financial instruments with off balance sheet risk in the normal course of the business of meeting the financing needs of its customers. These financial instruments include commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit. These instruments may involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit and interest rate risk in excess of the amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheets.

The Company's extent of involvement and maximum potential exposure to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the other party to the financial instrument for commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit is represented by the contractual amount of these instruments. The Company uses the same credit policies in making

commitments

and conditional obligations as it does for financial instruments included on its consolidated balance sheets. At March 31, 2011 there were \$1.3 million of unadvanced commitments on impaired loans. Other liabilities include approximately \$268,000 for estimated losses attributable to the unadvanced commitments on impaired loans.

The contractual amounts of off-balance-sheet financial instruments as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 are as follows:

(in they canda)	March 31,	December 31,
(in thousands)	2011	2010
Commitments to extend credit	\$435,206	\$429,411
Standby letters of credit	42,706	42,113

Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a customer as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. Commitments usually have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may require payment of a fee. Of the total commitments to extend credit at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, approximately \$59.1 million and \$67.0 million, respectively, represent fixed rate loan commitments. Since certain of the commitments may expire without being drawn upon, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. The Company evaluates each customer's credit worthiness on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral obtained, if deemed necessary by the Company upon extension of credit, is based on management's credit evaluation of the borrower. Collateral held varies, but may include accounts receivable, inventory, premises and equipment, and real estate.

Standby letters of credit are conditional commitments issued by the Company to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party. These standby letters of credit are issued to support contractual obligations of the Company's customers. The credit risk involved in issuing letters of credit is essentially the same as the risk involved in extending loans to customers. The approximate remaining term of standby letters of credit range from 6 months to 5 years at March 31, 2011.

Contingencies

The Bank, along with other co-defendants has been named as a defendant in two lawsuits filed by persons alleging to be clients of the Bank's Trust division who invested in promissory notes issued by Distinctive Properties (UK) Limited ("Distinctive Properties"), a company involved in the purchase and development of real estate in the United Kingdom. Plaintiffs allege that the promissory notes were part of a multi-million dollar Ponzi scheme. Plaintiffs allege to hold such promissory notes in accounts with the Trust division and that, among other things, the Bank was negligent, breached its fiduciary duties and breached its contracts. Plaintiffs also allege that the Bank violated the Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations Act ("RICO"). Plaintiffs, in the aggregate, are seeking damages from defendants, including the Bank, of approximately \$27.0 million as well as their costs and attorneys' fees and trebled damages under RICO. The Company is unable to estimate a reasonably possible loss for the cases described above because the proceedings are in early stages and there are significant factual issues to be determined and resolved. The Company denies Plaintiffs' allegations and intends to vigorously defend the lawsuits.

The following litigation was filed subsequent to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2011, which was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on May 9, 2011. On April 10, 2012, a putative class action was filed in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Missouri captioned William Mark Scott v. Enterprise Financial Services Corp, Peter F. Benoist, and Frank H. Sanfilippo. The complaint asserts claims for violation of Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 on behalf of a putative class of purchasers of the Company's stock between April 20, 2010 and January 25, 2012, inclusive. The complaint alleges, among other things, that defendants allegedly made false and misleading statements and allegedly "failed to disclose that the Company was improperly recording income on loans covered under loss share agreements with the

FDIC" and that, as a result, "the Company's financial statements were materially false and misleading at all relevant times." The action seeks unspecified damages and costs and expenses. The Company denies plaintiffs' allegations and intends to vigorously defend the lawsuit.

NOTE 8 - DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company is a party to various derivative financial instruments that are used in the normal course of business to meet the needs of its clients and as part of its risk management activities. These instruments include interest rate swaps and option contracts. The Company does not enter into derivative financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

Interest rate swap contracts involve the exchange of fixed and floating rate interest payment obligations without the exchange of the underlying principal amounts. The Company enters into interest rate swap contracts on behalf of its clients and also utilizes such contracts to reduce or eliminate the exposure to changes in the cash flows or fair value of hedged assets or liabilities due to changes in interest rates. Interest rate option contracts consist of caps and provide for the transfer or reduction of interest rate risk in exchange for a fee.

All derivative financial instruments, whether designated as hedges or not, are recorded on the consolidated balance sheet at fair value within Other assets or Other liabilities. The accounting for changes in the fair value of a derivative in the consolidated statement of operations depends on whether the contract has been designated as a hedge and qualifies for hedge accounting. At March 31, 2011, the Company did not have any derivatives designated as cash flow or fair value hedges.

Using derivative instruments means assuming counterparty credit risk. Counterparty credit risk relates to the loss the Company could incur if a counterparty were to default on a derivative contract. Notional amounts of derivative financial instruments do not represent credit risk, and are not recorded in the consolidated balance sheet. They are used merely to express the volume of this activity. The overall credit risk and exposure to individual counterparties is monitored. The Company does not anticipate nonperformance by any counterparties. The amount of counterparty credit exposure is the unrealized gains, if any, on such derivative contracts. At March 31, 2011, the Company had pledged cash of \$1.5 million and accepted pledged securities of \$2.2 million as collateral in connection with our interest rate swap agreements. At December 31, 2010, the Company had accepted cash of \$530,000, pledged cash of \$1.5 million, and accepted pledged securities of \$2.2 million as collateral in connection with our interest rate swap agreements.

Risk Management Instruments. The Company enters into certain derivative contracts to economically hedge state tax credits and certain loans.

Economic hedge of state tax credits. In November 2008, the Company paid \$2.1 million to enter into a series of interest rate caps in order to economically hedge changes in fair value of the State tax credits held for sale. In February 2010, the Company paid \$751,000 for an additional series of interest rate caps. See Note 10-Fair Value Measurements for further discussion of the fair value of the state tax credits.

• Economic hedge of prime based loans. Previously, the Company had two outstanding interest rate swap agreements whereby the Company paid a variable rate of interest equivalent to the prime rate and received a fixed rate of interest. The swaps were designed to hedge the cash flows associated with a portion of prime based loans and had been designated as cash flow hedges. However, in December 2008, due to a variable rate differential, the Company concluded the cash flow hedges would not be prospectively effective and the hedges were dedesignated. The swaps were terminated in February 2009. The unrealized gain prior to dedesignation was included in Accumulated other comprehensive income and is being amortized over the expected life of the related loans. At March 31, 2011, the amount remaining in Accumulated other comprehensive income is \$75,300. For the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, \$44,000 and \$62,000 was reclassified into Miscellaneous income, respectively. The Company expects to reclassify \$118,000 of remaining derivative gains from Accumulated other comprehensive income to earnings over the

23

next twelve months.

The table below summarizes the notional amounts and fair values of the derivative instruments used to manage risk.

			Asset Derivatives		Liability Derivatives	
			(Other Asse	ts)	(Other Liab	ilities)
	Notional An	nount	Fair Value		Fair Value	
(in thousands)	March 31, 2011	December 31, 2010	March 31, 2011	December 31, 2010	March 31, 2011	December 31, 2010
Non-designated hedging instruments						
Interest rate cap contracts	\$99,300	\$314,300	\$495	\$528	\$ —	\$ —

The following table shows the location and amount of gains and losses related to derivatives used for risk management purposes that were recorded in the condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010.

	Location of Gain or (Loss)	Amount of Gair	or (Loss) Recogniz	zed
	Recognized in Operations on	in Operations on Derivative		
(in thousands)	Derivative	2011	2010	
Non-designated hedging instruments				
Interest rate cap contracts	Gain on state tax credits, net	\$(33) \$(565)
Interest rate swap contracts	Miscellaneous income	44	62	

Client-Related Derivative Instruments. As an accommodation to certain customers, the Company enters into interest rate swaps to economically hedge changes in fair value of certain loans. The table below summarizes the notional amounts and fair values of the client-related derivative instruments.

			Asset Derivatives		Liability Derivatives	
			(Other Asse	ts)	(Other Liab	ilities)
	Notional An	nount	Fair Value		Fair Value	
(in thousands)	March 31, 2011	December 31, 2010	March 31, 2011	December 31, 2010	March 31, 2011	December 31, 2010
Non-designated hedging instruments Interest rate swap contracts	\$108,680	\$109,012	\$1,077	\$1,514	\$2,032	\$2,607
interest rate swap contracts	Ψ100,000	Ψ107,012	Ψ1,0//	Ψ1,51-Γ	Ψ2,032	Ψ2,007

Changes in the fair value of client-related derivative instruments are recognized currently in operations. The following table shows the location and amount of gains and losses recorded in the condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010.

(in thousands)	Location of Gain or (Loss) Recognized in Operations on Derivative	Amount of Gair Recognized in O Derivative 2011	` '	
Non-designated hedging instruments Interest rate swap contracts	Interest and fees on loans	\$(150) \$(154)

NOTE 9 - COMPENSATION PLANS

The Company maintains a number of share-based incentive programs, which are discussed in more detail in Note 16 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010. There were no stock options,

stock-settled stock appreciation rights, or restricted stock units granted in the first three months of 2011. The share-based compensation expense was \$545,000 and \$649,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Employee Stock Options and Stock-settled Stock Appreciation Rights ("SSAR")

At March 31, 2011, there was \$1.6 million of total unrecognized compensation costs related to SSAR's which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.5 years. Following is a summary of the employee stock option and SSAR activity for the first three months of 2011.

Shares		Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
902,932		\$15.71		
_		_		
(15,200)	11.73		
(2,438)	20.27		
885,294		\$15.77	5.3 years	\$ —
583,389		\$16.11	3.8 years	\$ —
794,675		\$15.32	5.3 years	\$ —
	902,932 — (15,200 (2,438 885,294 583,389	902,932 — (15,200) (2,438) 885,294 583,389	Shares Average Exercise Price 902,932 \$15.71	Weighted Average Average Remaining Exercise Price Contractual Term 902,932 \$15.71 — — (15,200) 11.73 (2,438) 20.27 885,294 \$15.77 5.3 years 583,389 \$16.11 3.8 years

Restricted Stock Units ("RSU")

At March 31, 2011, there was \$689,000 of total unrecognized compensation costs related to the RSU's, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.4 years. A summary of the Company's restricted stock unit activity for the first three months of 2011 is presented below.

	Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Outstanding at January 1, 2011	36,173	\$22.14
Granted		_
Vested	(200) 10.69
Forfeited	(286) 22.36
Outstanding at March 31, 2011	35,687	\$22.20

Stock Plan for Non-Management Directors

Shares are issued twice a year and compensation expense is recorded as the shares are earned, therefore, there is no unrecognized compensation expense related to this plan. The Company recognized \$167,000 and \$143,000 of share-based compensation expense for the directors for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. Pursuant to this plan, the Company issued 13,900 and 15,491 shares in the first three months of 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Employee Stock Issuance

Restricted stock was granted to certain key employees as part of their compensation. The restricted stock may be in a form of a one-time award or in paid pro-rata installments. The stock is restricted for 2 years and upon issuance may

be fully vested or vest over five years. The Company recognized \$4,600 and \$33,000 of share-based compensation related to these awards and issued 4,831 and 8,694 shares, for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

In conjunction with the Company's short-term incentive plan, the Company issued 14,329 and 13,660 restricted shares to certain key employees in the first three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. The compensation expense related to these shares was expensed in 2010 and 2009, respectively. For further information on the short-term incentive plan, refer to the Compensation Discussion and Analysis in the Company's Proxy Statement for the 2011 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

Moneta Plan

As of December 31, 2006, the fair value of all Moneta options had been expensed. As a result, there have been no option-related expenses for Moneta in 2011 or 2010. Following is a summary of the Moneta stock option activity for the first three months of 2011.

(Dollars in thousands, except share data)	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at January 1, 2011	26,105	\$13.58		
Granted		_		
Exercised	(3,194) 11.50		
Forfeited	(8,792) 15.50		
Outstanding at March 31, 2011	14,119	\$12.87	1.7 years	\$17
Exercisable at March 31, 2011	14,119	\$12.87	1.7 years	\$17

NOTE 10 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Below is a description of certain assets and liabilities measured at fair value.

The following table summarizes financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2011, segregated by the level of the valuation inputs within the fair value hierarchy utilized to measure fair value.

(in thousands)	March 31, 201 Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total Fair Value
Assets				
Securities available for sale				
Obligations of U.S. Government sponsored enterprises	s \$—	\$40,237	\$ —	\$40,237
Obligations of states and political subdivisions		22,796	2,972	25,768
Residential mortgage-backed securities		415,984		415,984
Total securities available for sale	\$ —	\$479,017	\$2,972	\$481,989
Portfolio loans	_	15,588		15,588
State tax credits held for sale	_	_	30,494	30,494
Derivative financial instruments	_	1,572		1,572
Total assets	\$ —	\$496,177	\$33,466	\$529,643
Liabilities				
Derivative financial instruments	\$ —	\$2,032	\$ —	\$2,032
Total liabilities	\$ —	\$2,032	\$ —	\$2,032

Securities available for sale. Securities classified as available for sale are reported at fair value utilizing Level 2 and Level 3 inputs. The Company obtains fair value measurements from an independent pricing service. The fair value measurements consider observable data that may include dealer quotes, market spreads, cash flows, the U.S. Treasury yield curve, live trading levels, trade execution data, market consensus prepayment speeds, credit information and the bond's terms and conditions. Through March 31, 2011, Level 3 securities available for sale include three Auction Rate Securities and a municipal bond issued to a school district.

Portfolio Loans. Certain fixed rate portfolio loans are accounted for as trading instruments and reported at fair value. Fair value on these loans is determined using a third party valuation model with observable Level 2 market data inputs.

State tax credits held for sale. At March 31, 2011, of the \$59.9 million of state tax credits held for sale on the condensed consolidated balance sheet, approximately \$30.5 million were carried at fair value. The remaining \$29.4 million of state tax credits were accounted for at cost.

The fair value of the state tax credits carried at fair value decreased by \$164,000 in the first three months of 2011 compared to a \$308,000 increase in the first three months of 2010. These fair value changes are included in Gain on State tax credits, net in the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

The Company is not aware of an active market that exists for the 10-year streams of state tax credit financial instruments. However, the Company's principal market for these tax credits consists of state residents who buy these credits and from local and regional accounting firms who broker them. As such, the Company employed a discounted cash flow analysis (income approach) to determine the fair value.

The fair value measurement is calculated using an internal valuation model with observable market data including discounted cash flows based upon the terms and conditions of the tax credits. Assuming that the underlying project remains in compliance with the various federal and state rules governing the tax credit program, each project will generate about 10 years of tax credits. The inputs to the fair value calculation include: the amount of tax credits generated each year, the anticipated sale price of the tax credit, the timing of the sale and a discount rate. The discount rate is defined as the LIBOR swap curve at a point equal to the remaining life in years of credits plus a 205 basis point spread. With the exception of the discount rate, the other inputs to the fair value calculation are observable and readily available. The discount rate is considered a Level 3 input because it is an "unobservable input" and is based on the Company's assumptions. Given the significance of this input to the fair value calculation, the state tax credit assets are reported as Level 3 assets.

Derivatives are reported at fair value utilizing Level 2 inputs. The Company obtains counterparty quotations to value its interest rate swaps and caps. In addition, the Company validates the counterparty quotations with third party valuation sources. Derivatives with negative fair values are included in Other liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets. Derivatives with positive fair value are included in Other assets in the consolidated balance sheets.

Level 3 financial instruments

The following table presents the changes in Level 3 financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2011.

Purchases, sales, issuances and settlements, net. There were no purchases of Level 3 financial instruments during the quarter ended March 31, 2011. Sales of Level 3 instruments during the quarter ended March 31, 2011 consisted of \$1.2 million in state tax credits held for sale.

Transfers in and/or out of Level 3. The transfer out of Level 3 is related to two newly issued mortgage-backed securities purchased in the fourth quarter of 2010 which were originally priced using Level 3 assumptions. In the first quarter of 2011, a third party pricing service became available.

	Three months en	ided March 31,		
	2011	2010	2011	2010
(in thousands)	Securities available for sale, at fair value	Securities available for sale, at fair value	State tax credits held for sale	State tax credits held for sale
Beginning balance	\$7,520	\$2,830	\$31,576	\$32,485
Total gains or (losses) (realized and				
unrealized):				
Included in earnings	_	_	142	652
Included in other comprehensive income	7	4		
Purchases, sales, issuances and settlements:				
Purchases	_	100	_	
Sales	_	_	(1,224)	(1,377)
Transfer in and/or out of Level 3	(4,555)	_	_	
Ending balance	\$2,972	\$2,934	\$30,494	\$31,760
Change in unrealized gains relating to assets still held at the reporting date	\$7	\$4	\$(164)	\$308

From time to time, the Company measures certain assets at fair value on a nonrecurring basis. These include assets that are measured at the lower of cost or fair value that were recognized at fair value below cost at the end of the period. The following table presents financial instruments and non-financial assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis as of March 31, 2011.

	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)		
(in thousands)	Total Fair Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total (losses) gains for the thre months ended March 31, 2011	ee
Impaired loans	\$768	\$ —	\$ —	\$768	\$(3,966)
Other real estate	3,898	_		3,898	(442)
Total	\$4,666	\$ —	\$ —	\$4,666	\$(4,408)

⁽¹⁾ The amounts represent only balances measured at fair value during the period and still held as of the reporting date.

Impaired loans are reported at the fair value of the underlying collateral. Fair values for impaired loans are obtained from current appraisals by qualified licensed appraisers or independent valuation specialists. Other real estate owned is adjusted to fair value upon foreclosure of the underlying loan. Subsequently, foreclosed assets are carried at the lower of carrying value or fair value less costs to sell. Fair value of other real estate is based upon the current appraised values of the properties as determined by qualified licensed appraisers and the Company's judgment of other relevant market conditions. Certain state tax credits are reported at cost.

Following is a summary of the carrying amounts and fair values of the Company's financial instruments on the consolidated balance sheets at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010.

	March 31, 2011		December 31, 2	2010
(in thousands)	Carrying	Estimated fair	Carrying	Estimated fair
(iii tiiousanus)	Amount	value	Amount	value
Balance sheet assets				
Cash and due from banks	\$18,542	\$18,542	\$23,413	\$23,413
Federal funds sold	1,464	1,464	3,153	3,153
Interest-bearing deposits	187,556	187,556	268,853	268,853
Securities available for sale	481,989	481,989	361,546	361,546
Other investments, at cost	14,430	14,430	12,278	12,278
Loans held for sale	3,142	3,142	5,640	5,640
Derivative financial instruments	1,572	1,572	2,042	2,042
Portfolio loans, net (Restated)	1,900,489	1,907,962	1,845,162	1,850,197
State tax credits, held for sale	59,928	59,928	61,148	61,148
Accrued interest receivable	7,839	7,839	7,464	7,464
Balance sheet liabilities				
Deposits	2,430,430	2,433,738	2,297,721	2,301,387
Subordinated debentures	85,081	45,189	85,081	44,866
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	107,300	108,828	107,300	118,602
Other borrowings	97,898	97,905	119,333	119,366

Derivative financial instruments	2,032	2,032	2,607	2,607
Accrued interest payable	1,545	1,545	1,488	1,488

For information regarding the methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments for which it is practical to estimate such value, refer to Note 19 - Fair Value Measurements in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2010.

NOTE 11 - SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company has two primary operating segments, Banking and Wealth Management, which are delineated by the products and services that each segment offers. The segments are evaluated separately on their individual performance, as well as their contribution to the Company as a whole.

The Banking operating segment consists of a full-service commercial bank, with locations in St. Louis, Kansas City, and Phoenix. The majority of the Company's assets and income result from the Banking segment. All banking locations have the same product and service offerings, have similar types and classes of customers and utilize similar service delivery methods. Pricing guidelines and operating policies for products and services are the same across all regions.

The Wealth Management segment includes the Trust division of the Bank and the state tax credit brokerage activities. The Trust division provides estate planning, investment management, and retirement planning as well as consulting on management compensation, strategic planning and management succession issues. State tax credits are part of a fee initiative designed to augment the Company's wealth management segment and banking lines of business.

The Corporate segment's principal activities include the direct ownership of the Company's banking subsidiary and the issuance of debt and equity. Its principal source of liquidity is dividends from its subsidiaries and stock option exercises.

The financial information for each business segment reflects that information which is specifically identifiable or which is allocated based on an internal allocation method. There were no material intersegment revenues among the three segments. Management periodically makes changes to methods of assigning costs and income to its business segments to better reflect operating results. When appropriate, these changes are reflected in prior year information presented below.

Following are the financial results for the Company's operating segments.

(in thousands)	Banking	Wealth Management	Corporate and Intercompany	Total
Balance Sheet Information Portfolio loans	March 31, 2011 \$1,943,311	\$—	\$—	\$1,943,311
Goodwill	3,622			3,622
Intangibles, net	1,921	_		1,921
Deposits	2,444,549	— 55 (47		2,430,430
Borrowings Total assets	152,051	55,647	82,581	290,279
Total assets	2,844,832	60,522	10,291	2,915,645
	December 31, 2	010		
	Banking	Wealth Management	Corporate and Intercompany	Total
Portfolio loans	\$1,887,921	\$	\$	\$1,887,921
Goodwill	2,064			2,064
Intangibles, net	1,223	_	_	1,223
Deposits	2,313,117	_	•	2,297,721
Borrowings	172,431	56,702	82,581	311,714
Total assets	2,724,289	61,770	14,140	2,800,199
Income Statement Information Net interest income (expense) Provision for loan losses Noninterest income Noninterest expense Income (loss) before income tax expense	Three months en \$24,056 3,600 3,077 14,980 8,553	1,838 1,846	\$(1,026 48 1,139) \$22,708 3,600 4,963 17,965) 6,106
(benefit)		· ·		
Income tax expense (benefit)	2,812	·	•	1,994
Net income (loss)	\$5,741	\$(220) \$(1,409	\$4,112
	Three months en	nded March 31, 20	010	
Net interest income (expense)	\$19,782	\$(298	\$(1,132)	\$18,352
Provision for loan losses	13,800			13,800
Noninterest income	2,207	2,057	33	4,297
Noninterest expense	10,869	1,911	1,116	13,896
Loss before income tax benefit	(2,680) (152	(2,215)) (5,047
Income tax benefit	(984) (56	(816) (1,856)
Net loss	\$(1,696	\$(96)	\$(1,399)) \$(3,191)
31				

NOTE 12 - RESTATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Background of the Restatement

In January 2012, while converting to a new system designed to address the complex accounting requirements of acquired loans under Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 310-30, "Loans and Debt Securities Acquired with Deteriorated Credit Quality", the Company discovered an error in its process used to record income on these loans. ASC 310-30 is utilized to account for the loans acquired by the Company under loss sharing agreements with the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (the "FDIC"). Under ASC 310-30, these acquired loans are initially recorded at fair value (as determined by the present value of expected future cash flows) with no valuation allowance. The difference between the undiscounted cash flows expected at acquisition and the investment in the loans, or the "accretable yield", is recognized as interest income on a level-yield method over the life of the loans. In accounting for income from the acquired loans, the Company recorded both the accretable yield and contractually required interest payments. The Company should not have recognized the contractually required interest payments. As a result, both interest income and the carrying value of the acquired loans were overstated. This affected income reported on the loans acquired in FDIC assisted transactions since December 2009.

Adjustments

In addition to the adjustments relating to the acquired loan contractual interest described above, the Company has corrected other errors that had been previously identified but not corrected because they were not material, individually or in the aggregate, to the consolidated financial results. These items included changes in accrual estimates and financial statement reclassifications. Adjustments, identified subsequent to the date of the Original Filing date, have also been made to the preliminary fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed for the Company's FDIC-assisted transactions.

The following tables present the impact of the restatement on the Company's previously issued unaudited interim Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the quarters ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 and its unaudited interim Consolidated Balance Sheet as of March 31, 2011.

	At or for the three months ended March 31, 2011			
(in thousands, except per share data)	As Previously	Restatement	Other	As Restated
	Reported	Adjustments	Adjustments	As Restated
Consolidated Statement of Operations				
Interest income:				
Interest and fees on loans	\$31,661	\$ (4,030	\$ —	\$27,631
Total interest income	34,563	(4,030	_	30,533
Total interest expenses	7,825			7,825
Net interest income	26,738	(4,030		22,708
Provision for loan losses	3,600			3,600
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	23,138	(4,030		19,108
Total Noninterest income	4,963		_	4,963
Noninterest expense:				
Other	3,000		500	3,500
Total noninterest expense	17,465	_	500	17,965
Income before income tax	10,636	(4,030	(500)	6,106
Income tax expense	3,557	(1,316	(247)	1,994
Net income	7,079	(2,714	(253)	4,112
Net income available to common shareholders	6,453		(253)	3,486
Net income available to common shareholders and assumed	1		,	
conversions	6,824	(3,085	(253)	3,486
Basic earnings per share	\$0.43	\$ (0.18	\$(0.02)	\$0.23
Diluted earnings per share	0.42		(0.01)	
			,	
Consolidated Balance Sheet				
Portfolio loans covered under FDIC loss share at fair value	\$191,447	\$ (9,170	\$	\$182,277
Portfolio loans, net	1,909,659	(9,170	· 	1,900,489
FDIC loss share receivable	103,529		(244)	
Goodwill	3,879		(257)	3,622
Total assets	2,925,316	(9,170	(501)	2,915,645
Other liabilities	12,047	(0.004	(333)	8,890
Total liabilities	2,734,301	(2,824	(333)	2,731,144
Retained earnings	24,992	(6,346	(168)	18,478
Total shareholders' equity	191,015	(6,346	(168)	184,501
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	2,925,316	(9,170	(501)	2,915,645
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Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows				
Net income	\$7,079	\$ (2,714	\$(253)	\$4,112
Net accretion of loan discount and indemnification asset	(5,595)	4.000		(1,565)
Other liabilities	26	(1.016	253	(1,037)

	At or for the three months ended March 31, 2010				
(in thousands, except per share data)	As Previously Reported		Other Adjustments	As Restat	ed
Consolidated Statement of Operations					
Interest income:					
Interest and fees on loans	\$25,244	\$(271	\$ —	\$24,973	
Total interest income	\$27,275	\$(271	· —	\$27,004	
Total interest expenses	8,652			8,652	
Net interest income	18,623	(271	· —	18,352	
Provision for loan losses	13,800			13,800	
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	4,823	(271	· —	4,552	
Noninterest income:					
Wealth Management revenue	1,297	_	241	1,538	
Miscellaneous income	244			244	
Total noninterest income	4,056	_	241	4,297	
Noninterest expense:					
Other	2,617		241	2,858	
Total noninterest expense	13,655		241	13,896	
Loss before income tax	(4,776)	(271	· —	(5,047)
Loss tax expense benefit	(1,762)	(94	· —	(1,856)
Net loss	(3,014)	(177	· —	(3,191)
Net loss available to common shareholders	(3,626)	(177	· —	(3,803)
Net income available to common shareholders and assumed	(2.626	(177		(2.002	\
conversions	(3,626)	(177	· —	(3,803)
Basic loss per share	\$(0.25)	\$(0.01	\$ —	\$(0.26)
Diluted loss per share	(0.25)	(0.01	· —	(0.26)
•	, ,	· ·		`	,
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows					
Net income (loss)	\$(3,014)	\$(177	\$ —	\$(3,191)
Net accretion of loan discount and indemnification asset	(381)	271		(110)
Other assets	2,996	(94	· —	2,902	,
	•	` '		,	

ITEM 2: MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

As discussed in the Explanatory Note and Note 12 - Restatement of Consolidated Financial Statements of this Amended Filing, the Company has restated its previously issued unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations have been revised for the effects of the restatement.

Some of the information in this report contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of and are intended to be covered by the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements typically are identified with use of terms such as "may," "might," "will," "should," "expect," "plan," "anticipate," "estimate," "predict," "potential," "could," "continue" and the negative of these terms and similar words, although some forward-looking statements are expressed differently. Our ability to predict results or the actual effect of future plans or strategies is inherently uncertain. You should be aware that our actual results could differ materially from those contained in the forward-looking statements due to a number of factors, including, but not limited to: credit risk; changes in the appraised valuation of real estate securing impaired loans; outcomes of litigation and other contingencies; exposure to general and local economic conditions; risks associated with rapid increases or decreases in prevailing interest rates; consolidation within the banking industry; competition from banks and other financial institutions; our ability to attract and retain relationship officers and other key personnel; burdens imposed by federal and state regulation; changes in accounting regulation or standards applicable to banks; and other risks discussed under the caption "Risk Factors" of our most recently filed Form 10-K and in Part II, 1A of this Form 10-Q, all of which could cause the Company's actual results to differ from those set forth in the forward-looking statements.

Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements, which reflect management's analysis and expectations only as of the date of such statements. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made, and the Company does not intend, and undertakes no obligation, to publicly revise or update forward-looking statements after the date of this report, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by federal securities law. You should understand that it is not possible to predict or identify all risk factors. Readers should carefully review all disclosures we file from time to time with the Securities and Exchange Commission which are available on our website at www.enterprisebank.com.

Introduction

The following discussion describes the significant changes to the financial condition of the Company that have occurred during the first three months of 2011 compared to the financial condition as of December 31, 2010. In addition, this discussion summarizes the significant factors affecting the condensed consolidated results of operations, liquidity and cash flows of the Company for the three months ended March 31, 2011, compared to the same period in 2010. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the accompanying consolidated financial statements included in this report and our Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Executive Summary

The Company reported net income of \$4.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011, compared to a net loss of \$3.2 million for the same period in 2010. After deducting dividends on preferred stock, the Company reported net income per share of \$0.23, compared to a net loss of \$0.26 per share for the prior year period.

On January 7, 2011, the Bank entered into a purchase and assumption agreement with the FDIC and acquired certain assets and assumed certain liabilities of Legacy Bank, a full service community bank that was headquartered in Scottsdale, Arizona. The acquisition consisted of assets with an estimated fair value of approximately \$128.0 million

and liabilities with an estimated fair value of approximately \$130.4 million. In connection with the acquisition, the Bank also entered into a loss share agreement whereby the FDIC will reimburse the Bank for 80% of all losses incurred on certain loans and other real estate covered under the agreement. The Bank acquired the assets at a discount of 7.6% and approximately \$43.5 million of the deposits were assumed at a premium of 1%. The two branches of Legacy

opened as branches of the Bank. The Bank also acquired approximately \$55.6 million of discretionary and \$13.6 million of non-discretionary trust assets. See Note 3 - Acquisitions and Divestitures and Note 6 - Portfolio Loans for more information.

Our pre-tax, pre-provision income for the first quarter of 2011 was \$9.6 million, compared to pre-tax, pre-provision income of \$8.8 million, an increase of 9% from the first quarter of 2010. Pre-tax, pre-provision income, which is a non-GAAP (Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America) financial measure, is presented because the Company believes adjusting its results to exclude loan loss provision expense, sales and fair value writedowns of other real estate, and sales of securities provides shareholders with a more comparable basis for evaluating period-to-period operating results. A schedule reconciling GAAP pre-tax income (loss) to pre-tax, pre-provision income is provided in the table below.

For the Quar	ter Ended
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	Mar 31,	Dec 31,	Sep 30,	Jun 30,	Mar 31,	
(In thousands)	2011	2010	2010	2010	2010	
Pre-tax income (loss)	\$6,106	6,687	4,384	372	(5,047)
Sales and fair value writedowns of other real estate	19	2,683	1,606	678	586	
Sale of securities	(174) (781) (124) (525) (557)
Income (loss) before income tax	5,951	8,589	5,866	525	(5,018)
Provision for loan losses	3,600	3,325	7,650	8,960	13,800	
Pre-tax, pre-provision income	\$9,551	\$11,914	\$13,516	\$9,485	\$8,782	

Below are highlights of our Banking and Wealth Management segments. For more information on our segments, see Note 11 –Segment Reporting.

Banking Segment

Loans - Portfolio loans totaled \$1.9 billion at March 31, 2011, including \$182.3 million of loans covered under FDIC loss share agreements. Since December 31, 2010, portfolio loans covered under FDIC loss share agreements increased \$60.7 million, or 50%, as a result of the Legacy acquisition. Excluding the loans covered under loss share, total portfolio loans were essentially flat in the first quarter of 2011, although Commercial & Industrial loans increased \$19.0 million, or 3%, during the quarter and represent almost one-third of the Company's loan portfolio at March 31, 2011. The net increase in Commercial & Industrial loans was a result of strong new business activity rather than higher credit line utilization rates. The increase in Commercial & Industrial loans was offset by a decrease of \$29.1 million in Construction and Residential Real Estate loans as the Company continued to reduce its exposure to these sectors. See Note 6 - Portfolio Loans for more information.

Deposits - Core deposits, which exclude brokered certificates of deposit and include reciprocal CDARS deposits, increased \$132.7 million, or 6%, in the first quarter of 2011 compared to the fourth quarter of 2010. First quarter deposit growth included an \$81.9 million increase in demand deposits, an \$80.6 million increase in money market accounts and other interest-bearing deposit accounts, and a \$55.9 million increase in non-CDARS certificates of deposit. Reciprocal CDARS certificates of deposits decreased by \$85.7 million in the first quarter of 2011 to \$74.8 million compared to \$160.5 million at December 31, 2010 and \$147.9 million at March 31, 2010. Approximately \$36.6 million of the money market increase was the result of a new CDARS money market sweep product, of which approximately \$32.0 million, or 88%, were transfers from CDARS certificates of deposit. The Legacy acquisition added \$49.3 million of total deposits consisting of \$15.6 million of demand deposits, \$19.5 million of money market accounts and other interest-bearing deposit accounts, and \$14.2 million of certificates of deposit.

At March 31, 2011, total deposits were \$2.4 billion, an increase of \$526.4 million, or 28%, from March 31, 2010. Total deposits increased \$132.7 million, or 6%, from December 31, 2010. Our deposit mix continues to improve. Noninterest-bearing demand deposits were \$448.0 million at March 31, 2011, an increase of 49% from March 31, 2010 and a 22% increase from December 31, 2010. Noninterest bearing demand deposits represented 18% of

total deposits at March 31, 2011 compared to 16% of total deposits at December 31, 2010 and March 31, 2010.

Strong deposit growth was attributed to the company's marketing and sales activities, as well as, the continuing cash accumulation trend among our commercial clients. The Company completed a successful deposit promotion in Arizona, generating more than \$22.9 million in money market balances in the first quarter of 2011. In addition, approximately \$12.0 million of the money market growth and \$33.0 million of the certificate of deposit growth in the first quarter of 2011 was related to the Company's Enterprise Advisory Services initiative, a proprietary deposit platform marketed to registered investment advisory firms.

Asset quality - Nonperforming loans were \$43.5 million at March 31, 2011, a decrease of \$12.3 million from the prior year period, and a decrease of \$2.9 million from year end 2010. Nonperforming loans represented 2.24% of total loans at March 31, 2011 versus 2.46% of total loans at December 31, 2010 and 3.10% at March 31, 2010. Excluding non-accrual loans and portfolio loans covered under FDIC loss share agreements, portfolio loans that were 30-89 days delinquent at March 31, 2011 remained at very low levels, representing 0.12% of the portfolio compared to 0.13% at December 31, 2010.

Provision for loan losses was \$3.6 million in the first quarter of 2011 compared to \$3.3 million in the fourth quarter of 2010 and \$13.8 million in the first quarter of 2010. The large provision for loan losses in the first quarter of 2010 was due to higher levels of loan risk rating downgrades. See Note 6 - Portfolio Loans above and Provision for Loan Losses and Nonperforming Assets in this section for more information.

Interest rate margin - The net interest rate margin was 3.58% for the first quarter of 2011, compared to 4.09% for the fourth quarter of 2010 and 3.42% in the first quarter of 2010. The net interest rate margin for the fourth quarter of 2010 was significantly impacted by the yield on the loans covered under FDIC loss share. See Net Interest Income in this section for more information.

Wealth Management Segment

Fee income from the Wealth Management segment, including results from state tax credit brokerage activity, totaled \$1.8 million in the first quarter of 2011 versus \$2.1 million in the same quarter of 2010. The decrease was due to lower sales in the first quarter of 2011. See Noninterest Income in this section for more information.

Net Interest Income

Three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010

Net interest income (on a tax-equivalent basis) was \$23.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011 compared to \$18.6 million for the same period of 2010, an increase of \$4.4 million, or 24%. Total interest income increased \$3.6 million and total interest expense decreased \$827,000.

Average interest-earning assets increased \$404.0 million, or 18%, to \$2.6 billion for the quarter ended March 31, 2011 from \$2.2 billion for the quarter ended March 31, 2010. Average loans increased \$134.4 million, or 7%, to \$2.0 billion at March 31, 2011 from \$1.8 billion at March 31, 2010. Average investment securities increased \$136.4 million, or 48%, to \$423.1 million from the first quarter of 2010 as increased core deposits were deployed to offset weak loan demand. Average short-term investments, including cash balances at the Federal Reserve, increased \$133.2 million to \$231.2 million from \$98.0 million in the same period of 2010. Interest income on earning assets increased \$4.2 million due to higher volume and decreased \$595,000 due to higher rates, for a net increase of \$3.6 million versus the first quarter of 2010.

For the quarter ended March 31, 2011, average interest-bearing liabilities increased \$404.8 million, or 22%, to \$2.3 billion compared to \$1.9 billion for the quarter ended March 31, 2010. The increase in average interest-bearing

liabilities resulted from a \$350.4 million increase in average interesting bearing core deposits, primarily consisting of \$248.5 million increase in average money market accounts and a \$101.0 million increase in average certificates of deposit, and a \$44.8 million increase in borrowings. For the first quarter of 2011, interest expense on interest-bearing liabilities decreased \$2.2 million due to declining rates partially offset by an increase of \$1.4 million due to the impact of higher volumes, for a net decrease of \$827,000 versus the first quarter of 2010.

The tax-equivalent net interest rate margin was 3.58% for the first quarter of 2011, compared to 4.09% for the fourth quarter of 2010 and 3.42% in the first quarter of 2010. The net interest rate margin for the fourth quarter of 2010 was significantly impacted by the yield on the loans covered under FDIC loss share. Loans covered under FDIC loss share yielded 18.74% in the fourth quarter of 2010 primarily due to cash flows on paid off covered loans that exceeded expectations. In the first quarter of 2011, the loans covered under FDIC loss share yielded 8.53%. Absent the FDIC loss share loans, the net interest rate margin was 3.33% for the first quarter of 2011 compared to 3.47% for the fourth quarter of 2010. The reduction in the net interest rate margin, excluding the effect of loans covered under FDIC loss share, was primarily due to the Company's increasingly strong liquidity position.

The Company expects low to mid-single digit growth in portfolio loans not covered under FDIC loss share. The growth is expected to be primarily in the Commercial & Industrial loan category. Pipelines for new loan activity have been strengthening over the past several months.

Average Balance Sheet

The following table presents, for the periods indicated, certain information related to our average interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities, as well as, the corresponding interest rates earned and paid, all on a tax equivalent basis.

•	Three months 2011	ended March 31	,		2010			
(in thousands)	Average Balance	Interest Income/Expens	Average Yield/ Rate		Average Balance	Interest Income/Expens	Average Yield/ Rate	
Assets								
Interest-earning assets:	¢1.726.600	¢ 22 221	5 1 5	01	¢ 1 770 725	¢ 24 206	5.51	01
Taxable loans (1) Tax-exempt loans (2)	\$1,736,608 35,153	\$ 23,321 681	5.45 7.86	%	\$1,779,735 28,817	\$ 24,296 632	5.54 8.89	%
Covered loans (3)	184,098	3,874	8.53		12,876	273	8.60	
Total loans	1,955,859	27,876	5.78		1,821,428	25,201	5.61	
Taxable investments in debt and equity securities	407,943	2,642	2.63		285,527	1,933	2.75	
Non-taxable investments in debt and equity securities (2)	15,174	172	4.60		1,173	16	5.53	
Short-term investments	231,208	149	0.26		98,039	88	0.36	
Total securities and short-term investments	654,325	2,963	1.84		384,739	2,037	2.15	
Total interest-earning assets Noninterest-earning assets:	2,610,184	30,839	4.79		2,206,167	27,238	5.01	
Cash and due from banks	11,220				11,283			
Other assets	311,584				163,914			
Allowance for loan losses Total assets	(43,558) \$2,889,430				(44,711) \$2,336,653			
Liabilities and Shareholders' E	Equity							
Interest-bearing liabilities:								
Interest-bearing transaction	\$194,340	\$ 189	0.39	%	\$185,244	\$ 219	0.48	%
accounts Money market accounts	896,185	2,082	0.94		647,676	1,393	0.87	
Savings	10,751	9	0.34		9,373	8	0.35	
Certificates of deposit	880,966	3,410	1.57		779,940	4,635	2.41	
Total interest-bearing deposits		5,690	1.16		1,622,233	6,255	1.56	
Subordinated debentures	85,081	1,121	5.34		85,081	1,230	5.86	
Borrowed funds	217,858	1,014	1.89		173,028	1,167	2.74	
Total interest-bearing liabilities	2,285,181	7,825	1.39		1,880,342	8,652	1.87	
Noninterest bearing liabilities:								
Demand deposits	408,766				273,702			
Other liabilities	12,239				7,520			
Total liabilities	2,706,186				2,161,564			
Shareholders' equity	183,244				175,089			
Total liabilities & shareholders' equity	\$2,889,430				\$2,336,653			

Net interest income	\$ 23,014		\$ 18,586		
Net interest spread	3.40	%		3.14	%
Net interest rate margin (4)	3.58	}		3.42	

Average balances include non-accrual loans. The income on such loans is included in interest but is recognized (1) only upon receipt. Loan fees, net of amortization of deferred loan origination fees and costs, included in interest income are approximately \$146,000 and \$624,000 for the quarters ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

- Non-taxable income is presented on a fully tax-equivalent basis using a 36% tax rate. The tax-equivalent adjustments were \$306,000 and \$234,000 for the quarters ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.
- (3) Covered loans are loans covered under FDIC loss share agreements and are recorded at fair value.
- (4) Net interest income divided by average total interest-earning assets.

Rate/Volume

The following table sets forth, on a tax-equivalent basis for the periods indicated, a summary of the changes in interest income and interest expense resulting from changes in yield/rates and volume.

	2011 compared to 2010				
	Three months ended March 31,				
	Increase (de	crease) due	ue to		
(in thousands)	Volume(1)	Rate(2)	Net		
Interest earned on:					
Taxable loans	\$(583	\$(392)) \$(975)	
Tax-exempt loans (3)	129	(80) 49		
Covered loans	3,603	(2) 3,601		
Taxable investments in debt and equity securities	796	(87) 709		
Non-taxable investments in debt and equity securities (3)	159	(3) 156		
Short-term investments	92	(31) 61		
Total interest-earning assets	\$4,196	\$(595) \$3,601		
Interest paid on:					
Interest-bearing transaction accounts	\$11	\$(41) \$(30)	
Money market accounts	570	119	689		
Savings	1		1		
Certificates of deposit	543	(1,768) (1,225)	
Subordinated debentures		(109) (109)	
Borrowed funds	260	(413) (153)	
Total interest-bearing liabilities	1,385	(2,212) (827)	
Net interest income	\$2,811	\$1,617	\$4,428		

- (1) Change in volume multiplied by yield/rate of prior period.
- (2) Change in yield/rate multiplied by volume of prior period.
- (3) Nontaxable income is presented on a fully-tax equivalent basis using a 36% tax rate.

NOTE: The change in interest due to both rate and volume has been allocated to rate and volume changes in proportion to the relationship of the absolute dollar amounts of the change in each.

Provision and Allowance for Loan Losses

The provision for loan losses in the first quarter of 2011 was \$3.6 million compared to \$3.3 million in the fourth quarter of 2010 and \$13.8 million in the first quarter of 2010. The large provision for loan losses in the first quarter of 2010 was due to higher levels of loan risk rating downgrades. The allowance for loan losses as a percentage of total loans was 2.20% at March 31, 2011 compared to 2.26% at December 31, 2010 and 2.45% at March 31, 2010. The allowance for loan losses represented 98% of nonperforming loans at March 31, 2011 compared to 79% at March 31, 2010 and 92% at December 31, 2010. Management believes that the allowance for loan losses is adequate to absorb inherent losses in the loan portfolio.

During the first quarter of 2011, the Company recorded net charge-offs of \$3.5 million, or 0.73%, of average portfolio loans on an annualized basis, compared to \$7.6 million, or 1.57%, for the fourth quarter of 2010 and \$12.7 million, or 2.83%, for the first quarter of 2010. Approximately 72% of the charge-offs in the first quarter of 2011 were related to Construction Land Acquisition and Development loans, 21% were related to Commercial Real Estate loans and the remaining 7% were related to Commercial & Industrial loans.

The following table summarizes changes in the allowance for loan losses arising from loans charged off and recoveries on loans previously charged off, by loan category, and additions to the allowance charged to expense.

	Three months ended March 31,		
(in thousands)	2011	2010	
Allowance at beginning of period	\$42,759	\$42,995	
Loans charged off:			
Commercial and industrial	400	530	
Real estate:			
Commercial	738	7,285	
Construction	2,716	4,701	
Residential	111	355	
Consumer and other	_	92	
Total loans charged off	3,965	12,963	
Recoveries of loans previously charged off:			
Commercial and industrial	125	42	
Real estate:			
Commercial	15	167	
Construction	178	2	
Residential	89	36	
Consumer and other	21		
Total recoveries of loans	428	247	
Net loan chargeoffs	3,537	12,716	
Provision for loan losses	3,600	13,800	
Allowance at end of period	\$42,822	\$44,079	
Excludes loans covered under FDIC loss share agreements			
Average loans	\$1,771,761	\$1,808,552	
Total portfolio loans	1,761,034	1,786,097	
Net chargeoffs to average loans	0.81	% 2.85	%
Allowance for loan losses to loans	2.43	2.47	
Includes loans covered under FDIC loss share agreements			
Average loans	\$1,955,859	\$1,821,428	
Total portfolio loans	1,943,311	1,798,954	
Net chargeoffs to average loans	0.73	% 2.83	%
Allowance for loan losses to loans	2.20	2.45	

Nonperforming assets

The following table presents the categories of nonperforming assets and other ratios as of the dates indicated.

(in thousands) Non-accrual loans Loans past due 90 days or more and still accruing interest Restructured loans Total nonperforming loans Foreclosed property (1) Other bank owned assets	March 31, 2011 \$33,782 — 9,705 43,487 28,443 600		March 31, 2010 \$53,190 885 1,710 55,785 18,669 936	
Total nonperforming assets (1)	\$72,530		\$75,390	
Excludes assets covered under FDIC loss share agreements Total assets Total portfolio loans Total loans plus foreclosed property Nonperforming loans to total loans Nonperforming assets to total loans plus foreclosed property Nonperforming assets to total assets (1)	\$2,915,645 1,761,034 1,790,077 2.47 4.05 2.49		\$2,361,228 1,786,097 1,805,702 3.12 4.18 3.19	%
Includes assets covered under FDIC loss share agreements Total assets Total portfolio loans Total loans plus foreclosed property Nonperforming loans to total loans Nonperforming assets to total loans plus foreclosed property Nonperforming assets to total assets	\$2,915,645 1,943,311 1,995,216 2.24 4.78 3.27		\$2,361,228 1,798,954 1,820,838 3.10 4.27 3.29	%
Allowance for loan losses to nonperforming loans	98	%	79	%

(1) Excludes assets covered under FDIC loss share agreements, except for their inclusion in total assets

As 2011 progresses, the Company expects slight improvement in its ratio of nonperforming assets to total assets, excluding assets covered under FDIC loss share agreements.

Nonperforming loans

Nonperforming loans exclude credit-impaired loans that were acquired in the December 2009, July 2010, and January 2011 FDIC-assisted transactions. These purchased credit-impaired loans are accounted for on a pool basis, and the pools are considered to be performing. See Note 6 - Portfolio Loans for more information on these loans.

At March 31, 2011, nonperforming loans, including troubled debt restructurings of \$9.7 million, were \$43.5 million, or 2.24%, of total loans. This compares to \$46.4 million, or 2.46% of total loans, at December 31, 2010 and \$55.8 million, or 3.10% of total loans, at March 31, 2010. The nonperforming loans are comprised of approximately 43 relationships with the largest being a \$5.8 million loan secured by commercial land in Kansas City. Five relationships comprise 53% of the nonperforming loans. Approximately 60% of the nonperforming loans were located in the Kansas City market and 40% were located in the St. Louis market. At March 31, 2011, there were no performing restructured loans that have been excluded from the nonperforming loan amounts.

Nonperforming loans based on Call Report codes were as follows:

(in thousands)	March 31, 2011	December 31, 2010
Construction, Real Estate/Land Acquisition and Development	\$16,808	\$9,934
Commercial Real Estate	10,612	12,959
Residential Real Estate	9,508	12,188
Commercial & Industrial	6,559	11,276
Consumer & Other	_	_
Total	\$43,487	\$46,357

The following table summarizes the changes in nonperforming loans by quarter.

	2011		2010							
(in thousands)	1st Qtr		4th Qtr		3rd Qtr		2nd Qtr		1st Qtr	
Nonperforming loans beginning of period	\$46,357		\$51,955		\$46,550		\$55,785		\$38,540	
Additions to nonaccrual loans	18,187		15,877		19,373		15,440		39,663	
Additions to restructured loans	297		3,430		2,286		454		611	
Chargeoffs	(3,966)	(7,860)	(7,023)	(8,314)	(12,963)
Other principal reductions	(6,445)	(7,288)	(1,881)	(4,580)	(2,739)
Moved to Other real estate	(7,014)	(8,743)	(7,122)	(11,350)	(5,564)
Moved to Other bank owned assets	_		_						(955)
Moved to performing	(3,929)	(1,014)	(228)			(1,693)
Loans past due 90 days or more and still accruing							(885	`	885	
interest	_						(003)	003	
Nonperforming loans end of period	\$43,487		\$46,357		\$51,955		\$46,550		\$55,785	

Of the \$18.5 million in new nonperforming loans, five construction real estate loans representing three relationships comprised over \$15.7 million, or 85% of the total. Of these, two relationships totaling \$6.0 million were transferred to Other real estate during the quarter.

Other real estate

Other real estate was \$51.3 million at March 31, 2011 compared to \$36.2 million at December 31, 2010, and \$20.9 million at March 31, 2010. Approximately \$22.9 million, or 45% of the Other real estate, is covered by an FDIC loss share agreement. The following table summarizes the changes in Other real estate for the past five quarters.

	2011	2010			
(in thousands)	1st Qtr	4th Qtr	3rd Qtr	2nd Qtr	1st Qtr
Other real estate beginning of period	\$36,208	\$34,685	\$25,884	\$20,947	\$25,084
Additions and expenses capitalized to preparameter property for sale	re 7,014	8,743	7,122	11,350	5,564
Additions from FDIC assisted transactions	12,826	4,871	5,469	_	113
Writedowns in fair value	(703)			