

UNITED AMERICAN HEALTHCARE CORP  
Form 10-Q  
March 16, 2015

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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

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FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2014

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number: 001-11638

UNITED AMERICAN HEALTHCARE CORPORATION  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada

State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

38-2526913

303 East Wacker Drive, Suite 1040

Chicago, Illinois 60601

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (312) 297-7000

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).  
Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

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Large accelerated filer   Accelerated filer   Non-accelerated filer   Smaller reporting company  
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes   No   .

The number of outstanding shares of registrant's common stock as of March 12, 2015 is 33,042,766.

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United American Healthcare Corporation

Form 10-Q

Table of Contents

	<u>Page</u>
<b>PART I</b>	<b>FINANCIAL INFORMATION</b>
Item 1. Financial Statements	
<u>Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets – September 30, 2014 and June 30, 2014</u>	2
<u>Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations –Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013</u>	3
<u>Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows – Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013</u>	4
<u>Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements</u>	5
Item 2. <u>Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u>	22
Item 4. <u>Controls and Procedures</u>	28
<b>PART II</b>	<b>OTHER INFORMATION</b>
Item 1. <u>Legal Proceedings</u>	28
Item 1A. <u>Risk Factors</u>	29
Item 6. <u>Exhibits</u>	29
<u>Signatures</u>	30
Exhibits	

Table of Contents

## Part I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## Item 1. Financial Statements

United American Healthcare Corporation and Subsidiaries  
 UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS  
 (in thousands, except share data)

	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 194	\$ 335
Accounts receivable, net	915	483
Inventories	542	647
Prepaid expenses and other	137	117
Total current assets	1,788	1,582
Goodwill	10,228	10,228
Property and equipment, net	1,465	1,730
Other intangibles, net	1,089	1,413
Other assets	242	242
Total assets	\$ 14,812	\$ 15,195
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		
Current liabilities		
Put obligation on common stock	\$ 5,694	\$ 5,694
Redeemable preferred member units of subsidiary, current portion and net of discount	3,332	3,082
Long-term debt, current portion	2,404	1,150
Accounts payable	873	646
Accrued expenses	196	212
Other current liabilities	80	103
Total current liabilities	12,579	10,887
Long-term debt, less current portion	50	1,567
Deferred tax liability	301	301
Capital lease obligations, less current portion	103	163
Total liabilities	\$ 13,033	\$ 12,918
Commitments and contingencies		
Shareholders' equity		
Preferred stock, 5,000,000 shares authorized; none issued	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$
Common stock, no par, 150,000,000 shares authorized; 18,292,766 shares issued and outstanding at both September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013	19,064	19,064
Additional paid in capital	2,273	2,273
Accumulated deficit	(19,558 )	(19,060 )
Total shareholders' equity	1,779	2,277
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 14,812	\$ 15,195

See accompanying Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Table of Contents

United American Healthcare Corporation and Subsidiaries

## UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(in thousands, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2014		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014	
	2013	2014	2013	2014
Contract manufacturing revenue	\$2,091	\$1,824	\$5,861	\$6,479
Operating Expenses				
Cost of contract manufacturing services	\$1,447	1,409	\$4,045	\$4,015
Marketing, general and administrative	782	649	2,236	2,018
Total operating expenses	2,229	2,058	6,281	6,033
Operating income (loss)	(138 )	(234 )	(420 )	446
Discount on preferred member units of subsidiary	(84 )	(84 )	(251 )	(251 )
Interest and other income (expense), net	(25 )	(30 )	(89 )	(89 )
Income (loss) from continuing operations, before income tax	(247 )	(348 )	(760 )	106
Income tax expense	-	-	-	-
Income (loss) from continuing operations	(247 )	(348 )	(760 )	106
Discontinued Operations				
Income from discontinued operations	1	5	262	6
Income tax expense from discontinued operations	-	-	-	-
Income from discontinued operations	1	5	262	6
Net Income (loss)	\$(246 )	\$(343 )	\$(498 )	\$112
Continuing Operations:				
Net income (loss) per common share – basic and diluted				
Net income (loss) per common share	\$(0.01 )	\$(0.02 )	\$(0.04 )	\$0.01
Weighted average shares outstanding	18,293	18,293	18,293	18,293
Discontinued Operations:				
Net income (loss) per common share – basic and diluted				
Net income per common share	\$(0.00 )	\$(0.00 )	\$0.01	\$0.00
Weighted average shares outstanding	18,293	18,293	18,293	18,293
Net income (loss) per common share – basic and diluted				
Net income (loss) per common share	\$(0.01 )	\$(0.02 )	\$(0.03 )	\$0.01
Weighted average shares outstanding	18,293	18,293	18,293	18,293

See accompanying Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Table of Contents

United American Healthcare Corporation and Subsidiaries

## UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(in thousands)

	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2014	2013
Operating activities		
Net income (loss)	\$(498 )	\$112
Less: Net income from discontinued operations	262	6
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	(760 )	106
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	596	598
Discount on preferred member units of subsidiary	251	251
Change in fair value of interest rate swap	1	(42 )
Net changes in other operating assets and liabilities	(160 )	285
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities of continuing operations	(72 )	1,198
Net cash provided by operating activities of discontinued operations	262	6
Net cash provided (used in) by operating activities	190	1,204
Investing activities		
Proceeds from sale of equipment	19	¾
Purchase of equipment	(26 )	(541 )
Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities by continuing operations	(7 )	(541 )
Net cash provided by investing activities by discontinued operations	¾	¾
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(7 )	(541 )
Financing activities		
Payments of long-term debt	(900 )	(500 )
Payments of affiliated debt	(167 )	¾
Proceeds from affiliated debt	753	¾
Proceeds from related party	300	¾
Payments of line of credit	(3,270)	(1,843)
Proceeds from line of credit	3,020	1,993
Payments on capital lease obligation	(60 )	(82 )
Net cash used in financing activities by continuing operations	(324 )	(432 )
Net cash used in financing activities by discontinued operations	¾	¾
Net cash used in financing activities	(324 )	(432 )
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(141 )	231
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	335	70
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$194	\$301
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Interest paid	\$93	\$461

See accompanying Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.



Table of Contents

NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

United American Healthcare Corporation (the “Company” or “UAHC”) was incorporated in Michigan on December 1, 1983 and commenced operations in May 1985. On August 1, 2014, the Company converted from a Michigan corporation into a Nevada corporation (the “Conversion”). The Conversion was effected by the filing of a Certificate of Conversion with the Michigan Department of Licensing and Regulatory Affairs on July 28, 2014, and Articles of Conversion with the Nevada Secretary of State on July 30, 2014, in each case with an effectiveness date of August 1, 2014. The Conversion was approved by the shareholders of the Company at a meeting of the shareholders held on December 13, 2013. In connection with the Conversion, the Company also filed with the Nevada Secretary of State on July 30, 2014, a Plan of Conversion and Articles of Incorporation that are substantially identical to the proposed Plan of Conversion and Articles of Incorporation which were furnished as exhibits to the Company’s Definitive Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A filed on November 1, 2013. In addition, the Bylaws of United American Healthcare Corporation, a Nevada corporation, are substantially identical to the proposed Bylaws which were furnished as exhibits to the Company’s Definitive Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A filed on November 1, 2013.

Since June 18, 2010, UAHC has provided contract manufacturing services to the medical device industry, with a focus on precision laser-cutting capabilities and the processing of thin-wall tubular metal components, sub-assemblies and implants, primarily in the cardiovascular market. The contract manufacturing services are provided by the Company the Company’s wholly-owned subsidiary, Pulse Systems, LLC (referred to as “Pulse Systems” or “Pulse”.) See Note 4 for discussion of Pulse acquisition.

On August 22, 2014, the Company filed a Certificate of Amendment to its Articles of Incorporation with the Nevada Secretary of State, increasing the number of authorized shares of common stock of the Company to 150 million. Accordingly, Article 3 of the Articles of Incorporation of the Company has been amended to read:

"The total number of shares of capital stock that the Corporation is authorized to issue is One Hundred and Fifty Five Million (155,000,000) shares, of which (i) Five Million (5,000,000) shares are designated as preferred stock, par value \$0.001 per share, and (ii) One Hundred and Fifty Million (150,000,000) shares are designated as common stock, par value \$0.001 per share."

From November 1993 to June 2009, the Company’s indirect, wholly owned subsidiary, UAHC Health Plan of Tennessee, Inc. (“UAHC-TN”), was a managed care organization in the TennCare program, a State of Tennessee program that provided medical benefits to Medicaid and working uninsured recipients. From January 2007 to December 2009, UAHC-TN served as a Medicare Advantage qualified organization (the “Medicare contract”) pursuant to a contract with the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (“CMS”). See Note 5 for a discussion of Tennessee operations.

Table of Contents

NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PREPARATION

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of United American Healthcare Corporation, its wholly owned subsidiary, United American of Tennessee, Inc. (“UA-TN”) and its wholly owned subsidiary Pulse Systems, LLC. UAHC Health Plan of Tennessee, Inc. (formerly called OmniCare Health Plan, Inc.) (“UAHC-TN”) is a wholly owned subsidiary of UA-TN. All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”) and with the instructions for Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X as they apply to interim financial information. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements.

For all periods presented in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations, the Company’s managed care business is classified as discontinued operations. On December 31, 2010, the Company reclassified the managed care services of UAHC-TN to discontinued operations based on the fact that the Company had performed substantially all of its contractual obligations.

On February 14, 2014, the Company's Board of Directors adopted resolutions to change the Company's fiscal year end to December 31. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position, results of operations and cash flows have been included. The results of operations for the nine months are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations expected for the full year ended December 31, 2014 (“2014”) or for any other period. The accompanying interim unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes should be read in conjunction with our audited consolidated financial statements and related notes contained in our most recent annual report on Form 10-KT filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) on April 16, 2014.

NOTE 3 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Goodwill. Goodwill resulting from business acquisitions is carried at cost. The carrying amount of goodwill is tested for impairment at least annually at the reporting unit level, as defined, and will only be reduced if it is found<sup>a</sup> to be impaired or is associated with assets sold or otherwise disposed of. There was no goodwill impairment charges recorded during the nine months ended September 30, 2014 or 2013.

Inventories. Inventories are valued at the lower of cost, on a first-in, first-out method, or market. Work in process<sup>b</sup> and finished goods include materials, labor and allocated overhead.

Table of Contents

Inventories consist of the following at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, (in thousands):

	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Raw materials	\$ 113	286
Work in process	401	319
Finished goods	28	42
Inventories	\$ 542	647

Other Intangibles. Intangible assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The following is a summary of intangible assets subject to amortization as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, including the retroactive adjustments for final valuation of such intangible assets (in thousands):

	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Customer list	\$ 2,927	\$ 2,927
Less: accumulated amortization	(1,838 )	(1,514 )
Other intangible assets, net	\$ 1,089	\$ 1,413

Amortization expense was \$0.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Fair Value Measurements. To prioritize the inputs the Company uses in measuring fair value, the Company applies a three-tier fair value hierarchy. These tiers include: Level 1, defined as observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets; Level 2, defined as inputs other than quoted prices in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable; and Level 3, reflects management's best estimate of what market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Consideration was given to the risk inherent in the valuation technique and the risk inherent in the inputs to the model. Determining which hierarchical level an asset or liability falls within requires significant judgment. The Company evaluates its hierarchy disclosures each quarter. The following table summarizes the financial instruments measured at fair value in the Consolidated Balance Sheet as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2014:

September 30, 2014	Fair Value Measurements			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Liabilities				
Put obligation on common stock	\$-	\$5,694	\$ -	\$5,694
December 31, 2013	Fair Value Measurements			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Liabilities				
Put obligation on common stock	\$-	\$5,694	\$ -	\$5,694

Table of Contents

NOTE 4 – ACQUISITION

On June 18, 2010, the Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement and a Warrant Purchase Agreement to acquire 100% of the outstanding common units and warrants to purchase common units of Pulse. The consideration paid to acquire the common units and warrants of Pulse totaled approximately \$9.46 million, which consisted of (a) cash paid at closing of \$3.40 million, (b) a non-interest bearing note payable of \$1.75 million (secured by a subordinated pledge of all the common units of Pulse), (c) 1,608,039 shares of UAHC common stock determined based on an initial value of \$1.6 million, (d) an estimated purchase price adjustment of \$210,364 based on targeted levels of net working capital, cash and debt of Pulse at the acquisition date, and (e) the funding of \$2.5 million for certain obligations of Pulse as discussed below. The shares of UAHC common stock were issued on July 12, 2010, upon approval by the Company's board of directors on July 7, 2010 and, therefore, were revalued at June 30, 2011. The shares of UAHC common stock had a fair value of \$1.05 million as of June 30, 2010, which was recorded as accrued purchase price at that date, and a fair value of \$884,000 on July 12, 2010, the date the shares were issued and recorded. The decline in the value of the common stock was recorded as a reduction of goodwill. The Company also assumed Pulse's term loan from a bank of \$4.25 million, after making a payment at closing as discussed below.

In connection with the acquisition of the Pulse common units, Pulse entered into a redemption agreement with the holders of its preferred units to redeem the preferred units for \$3.99 million. Pulse was allowed to redeem the preferred units only if UAHC made additional cash equity contributions to Pulse in an amount necessary to fully fund each such redemption. UAHC funded an initial payment of \$1.75 million to the preferred unit holders on June 18, 2010. Pulse agreed to redeem the remaining preferred units over a two-year period ending in June 2012. Finally, as an additional condition of closing, UAHC funded a \$750,000 payment toward Pulse's outstanding term loan with a bank and pledged all of the common units of Pulse to the bank as additional security for the remaining \$4.25 million outstanding under the loan. The initial payment of \$1.75 million to the preferred unit holders and the \$750,000 payment to the bank by UAHC were considered additional consideration for the acquisition of Pulse. The funding of the remaining redemption payments totaling \$2.24 million and the assumption of Pulse's revolving and term loans are not included in the \$9.46 million purchase price listed above.

The Company finalized its valuation of all assets acquired during the nine months ended September 30, 2010, primarily related to long-lived tangible and intangible assets and restated the balance sheet at June 30, 2010 to reflect the final purchase price allocation.

NOTE 5 – DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

On April 22, 2008, the Company learned that UAHC-TN would no longer be authorized to provide managed care services as a TennCare contractor when its TennCare contract expired on June 30, 2009. UAHC-TN's TennCare members transferred to other managed care organizations on November 1, 2008, after which UAHC-TN continued to perform its remaining contractual obligations through its TennCare contract expiration date of June 30, 2009.

Table of Contents

From January 2007 to December 2009, UAHC-TN served as a Medicare contractor with CMS. The contract authorized UAHC-TN to offer a SNP to its eligible members in Shelby County, Tennessee (including the City of Memphis), and to operate a Voluntary Medicare Prescription Drug Plan. The Company did not seek renewal of the Medicare contract, which expired December 31, 2009. The Company completed the wind down of the Medicare business during the six months ended December 31, 2010.

During fiscal year 2011, the Company recognized a liability for certain costs associated with an exit or disposal activity and measured the liability initially at its fair value in the period in which the liability was incurred. The costs recognized included employee termination benefits, lease termination and costs to relocate the Company's facility. As of June 30, 2011, all amounts have been paid.

For all periods presented in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations, the Company's managed care business is classified as discontinued operations. Starting December 31, 2010, the Company reclassified the managed care services of UAHC-TN to discontinued operations based on the fact that the Company had performed substantially all of its contractual obligations. There were no major classes of assets or liabilities related to discontinued operations. A summary of revenues and income from discontinued operations were as follows (in thousands):

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2014	2013
Revenues	\$ <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	\$ <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>
Income from discontinued operations, before income taxes	262	6

## NOTE 6 – NOTES PAYABLE

The Company's long-term borrowings consist of the following at September 30, 2014, and December 31, 2013, respectively (in thousands):

	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Notes payable to related party	1,867	1,567
Notes payable to affiliate	587	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>
Notes payable to bank	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	900
Revolving loan	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	250
Total debt	2,454	2,717
Less: current portion	(2,404 )	(1,150 )
Total long-term debt	\$ 50	\$ 1,567

Table of Contents

Following its acquisition by the Company, Pulse Systems was a party to that certain Loan and Security Agreement, as amended (the “Loan Agreement”), with Fifth Third Bank, which related to a revolving loan not to exceed \$0.5 million and a term loan. Effective July 31, 2014, the Loan and Security Agreement between Fifth Third Bank and Pulse Systems was amended due to an event of default by the Company. The amended agreement required repayment of the revolving loan and the term loan balances on or before August 15, 2014.

On August 15, 2014, Tonaquint, Inc., a Utah corporation (“Tonaquint”), entered into a Non-Recourse Loan Sale Agreement with Fifth Third Bank. Tonaquint is an affiliate of John Fife, CEO, President, and Chairman of the Board of Directors of United American Healthcare Corporation. Pursuant to the terms of the Non-Recourse Loan Sale Agreement, Tonaquint purchased the debt that the Company owed to Fifth Third Bank for approximately \$753,000 (includes principal, accrued interest and fees). The principal balances of the term loan and revolving loan as of the date of the sale were \$333,333 and \$405,299, respectively. Term loan and revolving loan interest is payable to Tonaquint on a monthly basis. The term loan interest is calculated based on LIBOR plus 4.00% and principal payments of \$167,667 are due quarterly through December 31, 2014. The term loan effective interest rate is 4.19% as of September 30, 2014. The revolving loan interest is calculated based on LIBOR plus 3.75%. The Tonaquint revolving loan and Tonaquint term loan are both secured by a lien on all of the assets of Pulse Systems. The Loan Agreement contains financial covenants. At September 30, 2014, the Company was in default in certain financial covenants within the Loan Agreement. The Tonaquint revolving and term loans are in default.

At December 31, 2013, \$0.3 million was outstanding under the Fifth Third Bank revolving loan and \$0.9 million was outstanding under the Fifth Third Bank term loan.

On September 28, 2011, the Company issued a Promissory Note (the “Promissory Note”) to St. George, an affiliate of John M. Fife, who is the Company’s Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer, in exchange for a loan in the amount of \$400,000 made by St. George to the Company. The Company used the proceeds of the loan for working capital purposes. Interest on the Promissory Note accrued at an annual rate of 10%. Principal and interest payments were due at the maturity date of December 31, 2014, or if the Company were to sell substantially all of its assets before then. However, the Company can pay, without penalty, the Convertible Note before maturity. In the case of default, St. George can convert all or part of the principal amount and the unpaid interest into newly issued shares of the Company’s common stock. The initial conversion price was \$0.0447 per share.

On December 9, 2011, the Company issued a Promissory Note (the “Second Promissory Note”) in favor of St. George, in exchange for a loan in the amount of \$300,000 made by St. George to the Company. The Company used the proceeds of the loan for working capital purposes. Interest on the Second Promissory Note accrues at an annual rate of 10%. No payments of principal or interest on the Second Promissory Note are due until the Second Promissory Note matures, which is on the earlier of (a) December 31, 2014, or (b) the date of (i) the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company or Pulse Systems, (ii) the merger of the Company or Pulse Systems, LLC, or (iii) the sale of all or substantially all of the equity of the Company or Pulse Systems, LLC. Only upon an event of default (as defined in the Second Promissory Note), the holder of the Second Promissory Note may elect to convert all or any part of the outstanding principal of, and the accrued but unpaid interest on, the Second Promissory Note into newly issued shares of common stock of the Company at an initial conversion price of \$0.0226 per share.

Table of Contents

On February 9, 2012, the Company issued a Promissory Note (the "Third Promissory Note") in favor of St. George, in exchange for a loan in the amount of \$350,000 made by St. George to the Company. The Company used the proceeds of the loan for working capital purposes. Interest on the Third Promissory Note accrues at an annual rate of 10%. No payments of principal or interest on the Third Promissory Note are due until the Third Promissory Note matures, which is on the earlier of (a) December 31, 2014, or (b) the date of (i) the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company or Pulse Systems, (ii) the merger of the Company or Pulse Systems, LLC, or (iii) the sale of all or substantially all of the equity of the Company or Pulse Systems, LLC. Only upon an event of default (as defined in the Third Promissory Note), the holder of the Third Promissory Note may elect to convert all or any part of the outstanding principal of, and the accrued but unpaid interest on, the Third Promissory Note into newly issued shares of common stock of the Company at an initial conversion price of \$0.01903 per share.

On May 16, 2012, the Company issued a Promissory Note (the "Fourth Promissory Note") in favor of St. George, in exchange for a loan in the amount of \$75,000 made by St. George to the Company. The Company used the proceeds of the loan for working capital purposes. Interest on the Fourth Promissory Note accrues at an annual rate of 10%. No payments of principal or interest on the Fourth Promissory Note are due until the Fourth Promissory Note matures, which is on the earlier of (a) December 31, 2014, or (b) the date of (i) the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company or Pulse Systems, (ii) the merger of the Company or Pulse Systems, LLC, or (iii) the sale of all or substantially all of the equity of the Company or Pulse Systems, LLC. Only upon an event of default (as defined in the Fourth Promissory Note), the holder of the Fourth Promissory Note may elect to convert all or any part of the outstanding principal of, and the accrued but unpaid interest on, the Fourth Promissory Note into newly issued shares of common stock of the Company at an initial conversion price of \$0.01793 per share.

On August 14, 2012, The First, Second, Third and Fourth Promissory Notes were amended to make the indebtedness evidenced by each Promissory Note secured by a) all the assets of the Company, and b) all of the Company's ownership interest in Pulse pursuant to the terms of the St. George Pledge Agreement.

On August 14, 2012, the Company issued a Promissory Note (the "Fifth Promissory Note") in favor of St. George, in exchange for a loan in the amount of \$370,000 made by St. George to the Company. Loan proceeds from the Fifth Promissory Note were transferred by the Company to Pulse. The initial conversion price of the Fifth Promissory Note is \$0.010277667. As required by the Purchase Agreement, Pulse entered into that certain Security Agreement by and between Pulse and St George dated August 14, 2012 ("Pulse Security Agreement'), thereby securing the Fifth Promissory Note and the Prior Promissory Notes with all of the assets of Pulse. Pulse also unconditionally guaranteed repayment of and the Fifth Promissory Note Prior Notes by executing that certain Guaranty dated August 14, 2012, in favor of St George ("Pulse Guaranty").

Table of Contents

On October 10, 2012, the Company issued a Promissory Note (the "Sixth Promissory Note") in favor of St. George, a related party, in exchange for a loan in the amount of \$50,000 made by St. George to the Company. The Company used the proceeds of the loan for working capital purposes. Interest on the Sixth Promissory Note accrues at an annual rate of 10%. No payments of principal or interest on the Sixth Promissory Note are due until the Sixth Promissory Note matures, which is on the earlier of (a) December 31, 2014, or (b) the date of (i) the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company or Pulse Systems, (ii) the merger of the Company or Pulse Systems, LLC, or (iii) the sale of all or substantially all of the equity of the Company or Pulse Systems, LLC. Only upon an event of default (as defined in the Sixth Promissory Note), the holder of the Sixth Promissory Note may elect to convert all or any part of the outstanding principal of, and the accrued but unpaid interest on, the Sixth Promissory Note into newly issued shares of common stock of the Company. The conversion price is \$0.004323 per share. On May 31, 2013, this note was assigned to The Dove Foundation, a charitable trust organized under the laws of Illinois ("Dove Foundation"), which is a principal shareholder of the Company.

On October 10, 2013, the Company issued a Promissory Note (the "Seventh Promissory Note") in favor of St. George in exchange for a loan in the amount of \$50,000 made by St. George to the Company. The Company used the proceeds of the loan for working capital purposes. Interest on the Seventh Promissory Note accrues at an annual rate of 10%. No payments of principal or interest on the Seventh Promissory Note are due until the Seventh Promissory Note matures, which is on the earlier of (a) December 31, 2015, or (b) the date of (i) the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company or Pulse Systems, (ii) the merger of the Company or Pulse Systems, LLC, or (iii) the sale of all or substantially all of the equity of the Company or Pulse Systems, LLC. Only upon an event of default (as defined in the Seventh Promissory Note), the holder of the Seventh Promissory Note may elect to convert all or any part of the outstanding principal of, and the accrued but unpaid interest on, the Seventh Promissory Note into newly issued shares of common stock of the Company. The initial conversion price is \$0.09614 per share.

If the Company issues any convertible security with a conversion price lower than that of the promissory notes issued by the Company to St. George, discussed above, the conversion prices for those promissory notes automatically reduces to the lower conversion price. Accordingly, the current conversion price for the Promissory Note, the Second Promissory Note, the Third Promissory Note, the Fourth Promissory Note, the Fifth Promissory Note and the Sixth Promissory Note is \$0.004323 per share of the Company's common stock. If the Company were to default on the promissory notes, and if St. George and Dove Foundation were then to elect to convert the \$1,595,000 initial aggregate principal amount of the promissory notes, the Company would be obligated to issue to St. George 346,344,734 shares of common stock and Dove Foundation 11,566,042 shares of common stock. These share issuances would exceed the number of the Company's authorized shares of common stock that are available to be issued. An issuance of all of the Company's remaining authorized but unissued shares of common stock to St. George would be highly dilutive to the other holders of the Company's common stock.

Table of Contents

The Company and St George entered into that certain Pledge and Security Agreement dated August 14, 2012 ("St George Pledge Agreement"), thereby providing that the Fifth Promissory Note is secured by all of the Company's ownership interests in its subsidiary, Pulse. The Fifth Promissory Note is also secured by all of the assets of the Company pursuant to that certain Security Agreement between the Company and St George dated August 14, 2012 ("St George Security Agreement"). St George required Pulse to guarantee repayment of the Fifth promissory Note and the Prior Notes, and to secure all such indebtedness by all of the assets of Pulse. As such, Fifth Third Bank and St George entered into that certain Subordination Agreement dated August 17, 2012 ("Subordination Agreement"), thereby indicating that Fifth Third Bank was in a first lien position, and St George was in a subordinate lien position. St George was also required to execute that certain Membership Interest Pledge Agreement dated August 17, 2012, in favor of Fifth Third, thereby pledging to Fifth Third all of its preferred units in Pulse ("Preferred Unit Pledge Agreement"). Subsequent to Tonaquint's August 15, 2014 purchase of the Company debt owed to Fifth Third Bank, Tonaquint became the first lien holder.

On June 25, 2013, the Company issued 5,600,000 to St. George, at a price of \$0.004323 per share, representing \$24,208.80 of the outstanding balance of the Fifth Promissory Note. In addition, the Company issued 875,000 shares of its common shares to Dove Foundation, a related party, in lieu of cash, at a price of \$0.004323 per share, representing \$3,782.63 of the outstanding balance of the Sixth Promissory Note.

On July 7, 2014, Pulse Systems issued a Promissory Note in favor of Wacker Services Corp, an entity owned by Karl Fife, a board member of the Company, in exchange for a loan in the amount of \$300,000. The loan was payable on September 30, 2014 with interest of 8% per annum. The loan was not paid by its maturity date and is in default.

Interest expense was approximately \$0.1 million and \$0.4 million for nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. There was no accrued interest as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

**NOTE 7 – REDEEMABLE PREFERRED MEMBER UNITS**

In connection with the acquisition of Pulse, Pulse Systems also entered into a Redemption Agreement, dated June 18, 2010 (the "Redemption Agreement"), with Pulse Systems Corporation, the holder of all of the outstanding preferred units in Pulse Systems. The aggregate redemption price is \$3.99 million for the preferred units, including the accrued but unpaid return on such units, which reflects a \$0.83 million reduction from the actual outstanding amount as of the date of the agreement. In addition, the 14% dividend rate on the preferred units was eliminated, subject to reinstatement if there was a default. Failure to make any of the redemption payments would result in the increase of the redemption price for its preferred units by \$0.83 million and a 14% per annum cumulative (but not compounded) return on the aggregate amounts of the unredeemed preferred units plus the \$0.83 million commencing on the date of default. Pulse Systems Corporation agreed to the redemption of its preferred units over a two-year period, commencing with a cash payment made at closing of \$1.75 million. On August 30, 2011, St. George Investments purchased the preferred stock held by Pulse Corporation in Pulse Systems, LLC. The obligations of Pulse Systems under the redemption agreement are subordinate to its obligations under the Loan Agreement and Pledge Agreement.

Table of Contents

On January 1, 2012, Pulse Systems was in default of the Redemption Agreement. As a result, the \$0.83 million reduction from the amount outstanding at June 18, 2010 was reinstated. In addition, 14% return on the preferred amount began from the default date of January 1, 2012. The redeemable preferred units were recorded in the September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 condensed balance sheets at a value of approximately \$3.3 million and \$3.1 million, respectively. The reported amounts are net of the 12% discount. The \$83,000 impact of the default of the Redemption Agreement has been reflected in the consolidated statement of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

NOTE 8 – NET LOSS PER COMMON SHARE

Basic net loss per share excluding dilution has been computed by dividing net loss by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted net loss per share is computed using the treasury stock method for outstanding stock options and warrants. For the nine months ended September 30, 2014, the Company incurred a net loss. Accordingly, no common stock equivalents for outstanding stock options and warrants have been included in the computation of diluted net loss per share for such periods as the impact would be anti-dilutive.

NOTE 9 – COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

There were no other items of comprehensive income or loss, resulting in comprehensive income being the same amount as net income for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013.

NOTE 10 – SHARE BASED COMPENSATION

The Company recognizes the compensation cost relating to share-based payment transactions in the Company's consolidated financial statements. That cost is measured based on the fair value of the equity instruments issued on the date of grant. There was no stock-based compensation expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013.

NOTE 11 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Promissory Notes

Table of Contents

On September 28, 2011, the Company issued a Promissory Note (the "Promissory Note") in favor of St. George, in exchange for a loan amount of \$400,000 made by St. George to the Company.

On December 9, 2011, the Company issued a Promissory Note (the "Second Promissory Note") in favor of St. George, in exchange for a loan in the amount of \$300,000 made by St. George to the Company.

On February 9, 2012, the Company issued a Promissory Note (the "Third Promissory Note") in favor of St. George, in exchange for a loan in the amount of \$350,000 made by St. George to the Company.

On May 16, 2012, the Company issued a Promissory Note (the "Fourth Promissory Note") in favor of St. George in exchange for a loan in the amount of \$75,000 made by St. George to the Company.

On August 14, 2012, the Company issued a Promissory Note (the "Fifth Promissory Note") in favor of St. George in exchange for a loan in the amount of \$370,000 made by St. George to the Company.

On October 10, 2012, the Company issued a Promissory Note (the "Sixth Promissory Note") in favor of St. George in exchange for a loan in the amount of \$50,000 made by St. George to the Company. This note was assigned to Dove Foundation on May 31, 2013.

On June 25, 2013, the Company issued 5,600,000 to St. George, at a price of \$0.004323 per share, representing \$24,208.80 of the outstanding balance of the Fifth Promissory Note.

On October 10, 2013, the Company issued a Promissory Note (the "Seventh Promissory Note") in favor of St. George in exchange for a loan in the amount of \$50,000 made by St. George to the Company.

On July 7, 2014, Pulse Systems issued a Promissory Note in favor of Wacker Services Corp, an entity owned by Karl Fife, a board member of the Company, in exchange for a loan in the amount of \$300,000. The loan is payable on September 30, 2014 with interest of 8% per annum.

On August 15, 2014, Tonaquint, Inc., a Utah corporation ("Tonaquint"), entered into a Non-Recourse Loan Sale Agreement with Fifth Third Bank. Tonaquint is an affiliate of John Fife, CEO, President, and Chairman of the Board of Directors of United American Healthcare Corporation. Pursuant to the terms of the Non-Recourse Loan Sale Agreement, Tonaquint purchased the debt that the Company owed to Fifth Third Bank for approximately \$753,000 (includes principal, accrued interest and fees).

Table of Contents

See Note 6 "Notes Payable" and Note 15 "Subsequent Events" for additional discussion of the Promissory Notes discussed above.

Reimbursement Agreement

On June 23, 2011, the Company entered into a Reimbursement Agreement and Mutual Release (the "Reimbursement Agreement") with various parties (collectively, the "Parties"), including Strategic Turnaround Equity Partners, L.P. (Cayman), a Cayman Islands limited partnership ("STEP"), Bruce R. Galloway ("Galloway"), St. George Investments, LLC, an Illinois limited liability company ("St. George"), John M. Fife ("Fife"), and several of their respective affiliates. St. George is controlled by Mr. John M. Fife, who is the Company's Chairman, CEO and President.

Under the Reimbursement Agreement, the Parties agreed to dismiss the litigation between them in the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Michigan, the Circuit Court for Wayne County, Michigan, and the Michigan Court of Appeals, as well as to release each other from liability in connection with any issue related to the litigation, in exchange for payments of \$5,000 by each of the Company and St. George to STEP (for a total of \$10,000). The Parties filed a Joint Stipulation of Dismissal on June 27, 2011.

As part of the Reimbursement Agreement and as further consideration for the releases, STEP, its principals and affiliates, including Galloway, agreed that for 20 years they would not (i) purchase any shares of common stock of the Company ("Common Stock"), (ii) take any insurgent action against the Company, engage in any type of proxy challenge, tender offer, acquisition or battle for corporate control with respect to the Company, (iii) initiate any lawsuit or governmental proceeding against the Company, its affiliates or any of their respective directors, officers, employees or agents, or (iv) take any action that would encourage any of the foregoing.

In addition, under the Reimbursement Agreement, each of the Company and St. George agreed to reimburse STEP in the amount of \$225,409 (for a total of \$450,819) for expenses incurred by STEP, Galloway and their affiliates in connection with the proxy contest for the election of directors to the Company's Board of Directors (the "Board") in 2010. St. George paid \$225,409 in cash on June 27, 2011. The payment of \$225,409 by the Company is payable from the proceeds of the sale of artwork owned by the Company. However, the Company's payment obligation will be due and payable upon the occurrence of the earlier of (i) the Company's receipt of at least \$225,409 from an escrow held in the State of Tennessee, (ii) a refinancing of the Company's credit facility with Fifth Third Bank dated March 31, 2009, as amended June 30, 2011, or (iii) June 12, 2012. The Company was unable to make the required payments at that time.

In connection with the Reimbursement Agreement, Galloway resigned from the Board, on June 23, 2011.

### Table of Contents

In addition, in connection with the Reimbursement Agreement, on June 24, 2011, St. George purchased 774,151 shares of the Common Stock owned by STEP, Galloway and their affiliates at a price of \$0.20112 per share for a total purchase price of \$155,697 (the “Stock Purchase”). Finally, pursuant to the Waiver Agreement dated June 23, 2011, between St. George, the Company, STEP, Galloway and others, STEP, Galloway and their affiliates agreed to sell in the open market within 30 days all of their shares of the Company’s common stock that were not purchased by St. George. After this 30-day period, STEP, its principals and affiliates, including Galloway, will own no Common Stock and are prohibited from owning Common Stock for 20 years in the future.

On November 14, 2012, the Company entered into a Settlement Agreement and Mutual Release (the “Settlement Agreement”) with various parties (collectively, the “Parties”), including Strategic Turnaround Equity Partners, L.P. (Cayman), a Cayman Islands limited partnership (“STEP”), Bruce R. Galloway (“Galloway”), St. George Investments, LLC, an Illinois limited liability company (“St. George”), John M. Fife (“Fife”), and several of their respective affiliates. St. George is controlled by Mr. John M. Fife, who is the Company’s Chairman, CEO and President. Under the Settlement Agreement, the Company paid \$125,410 to STEP on November 14, 2012. The Company also agreed to assign to STEP the rights to the sale proceeds of certain artwork with a value of \$58,500, of which the first installment and second installment totaling \$22,500 were paid on November 14, 2012. The Company also assigned to STEP the right to receive an aggregate amount of up to \$41,500 in net proceeds from the sale of certain other artwork or from the release of money from an escrow account maintained with the State of Tennessee, whichever occurs first. In exchange for these payments and assignments, which total \$225,410, STEP, Galloway and their affiliates have released UAHC from making the \$225,410 payment required under the Reimbursement Agreement. The Reimbursement Agreement calls for a payment of \$41,500 from either sale of artwork or from release of money from an escrow account maintained with the State of Tennessee, whichever to occur first. On July 31, 2014, the Company made a final settlement payment to STEP in the amount of \$36,500. There are no additional amounts due under the Settlement Agreement.

### Standstill Agreement

On March 19, 2010, the Company and St. George Investments, LLC (“St. George”), which on that date was a 23.13% owner of the Company, entered into a Voting and Standstill Agreement (the “Standstill Agreement”). See Note 12 for additional information on the Standstill Agreement.

### Management Services Agreement

The Company paid expenses of \$0 and \$49,052 for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, to Wacker Services Corp, an affiliate company, for reimbursements for consulting services, rent, and utilities of shared office space.

### NOTE 12 – COMMITMENT & CONTINGENCIES

Table of Contents  
Standstill Agreement

On March 19, 2010, the Company and St. George Investments, LLC (“St. George”), which on that date was a 23.13% owner of the Company, entered into a Voting and Standstill Agreement (the “Standstill Agreement”).

On October 9, 2013, the Company entered into a Fifth Amendment to the Voting and Standstill Agreement (the "Fifth Amendment") with St. George and Dove Foundation. The Fifth Amendment further amends the Standstill Agreement dated June 7, 2010, (ii) the Agreement to Join the Voting and Standstill Agreement by Dove Foundation dated June 7, 2010, (iii) the Acknowledgment and Waiver of Certain Provisions of the Voting and Standstill Agreement dated June 18, 2010, (iv) the Second Amendment to Voting and Standstill Agreement dated November 3, 2011, (v) the Third Amendment to Voting and Standstill Agreement dated May 15, 2012, and (vi) the Fourth Amendment to Voting and Standstill Agreement dated January 10, 2013 (as so amended, the “Voting and Standstill Agreement”).

In connection with the Fifth Amendment, St. George and Dove Foundation have agreed to forbear on exercising their rights to cause the Company to purchase their respective shares of the Company’s common stock, and the Company has agreed to postpone the “Put Commencement Date” (as defined in the Voting and Standstill Agreement) until October 1, 2014. As a result, the “Put Exercise Period” (as defined in the Voting and Standstill Agreement) will end on March 30, 2015. In addition, the Fifth Amendment deletes certain provisions in the Voting and Standstill Agreement which have become inapplicable or obsolete, such as proxy and standstill provisions, call options, preferred stock calls and board observation rights, and it revises the definition of “Conversion Shares” therein to include share of the Company’s common stock issuable upon conversion of any security or instrument issued by the Company, including any promissory note. See Note 15 - Subsequent Events for further information related to the Voting and Standstill Agreement.

Litigation

From time to time, the Company may become involved in litigation relating to claims arising out of its operations in the normal course of business.

On April 21, 2014, UHY Advisors MI Inc. and UHY LLP ("UHY") filed a complaint against the Company for alleged breach of contract. UHY is seeking damages of approximately \$102,000 from the company. See additional information related to the settlement of this claim in Note 15 – Subsequent Events.

To the best of our knowledge, no governmental authority is contemplating any proceeding to which we are a party or to which any of our properties is subject, which would reasonably be likely to have a material adverse effect on the Company except for the following:

Table of Contents

NOTE 13 – RECENTLY ENACTED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

From time to time, new accounting pronouncements are issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) or other standard setting bodies that are adopted by the Company as of the effective dates. Unless otherwise discussed, management believes that the impact of recently issued standards that are not yet effective will not have a material impact on the Company’s financial position or results of operations upon adoption.

In May 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2014-09 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers, which will supersede nearly all existing revenue recognition guidance under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The core principal of this ASU is that an entity should recognize revenue when it transfers promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. This ASU also requires additional disclosure about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from customer contracts, including significant judgments and changes in judgments and assets recognized from costs incurred to obtain or fulfill a contract. This ASU will be effective for the Company in the first quarter of 2017. Early adoption is not permitted. The ASU allows for either full retrospective or modified retrospective adoption. We are evaluating the potential effects of the adoption of this ASU on our financial statements.

Table of Contents

## NOTE 14 – UNAUDITED SEGMENT FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Summarized financial information for the Company's principal operations, for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 and as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, is as follows (in thousands):

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014	Management Companies (1)	Contract Manufacturing Services (2)	Corporate & Eliminations	Consolidated Company
Revenue – external customers	\$ –	\$ 5,861	\$ –	\$ 5,861
Revenue – intersegment	–	–	–	–
Total revenue	\$ –	\$ 5,861	\$ –	\$ 5,861
Loss from continuing operations, before income taxes As of September 30, 2014	\$ (434	) \$ (326	) \$ –	\$ (760
Segment assets	\$ 9,838	\$ 14,567	\$ (9,593	) \$ 14,812

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013	Management Companies (1)	Contract Manufacturing Services (2)	Corporate & Eliminations	Consolidated Company
Revenue – external customers	\$ –	\$ 6,479	\$ –	\$ 6,479
Revenue – intersegment	–	–	–	–
Total revenue	\$ –	\$ 6,479	\$ –	\$ 6,479
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations, before income taxes As of December 31, 2013	\$ (397	) \$ 503	\$ –	\$ 106
Segment assets	\$ 10,186	\$ 14,944	\$ (9,935	) \$ 15,195

1) Management Companies: United American Healthcare Corporation and United American of Tennessee, Inc.

2) Pulse Systems: Provider of Contract Manufacturing Services to the medical device industry.

Table of Contents

NOTE 15 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has performed a review of events subsequent to the balance sheet date.

On October 24, 2014, St. George elected to convert \$55,118.25 of the outstanding balance of the Secured Promissory Note issued by the Company to St. George on August 14, 2012, as disclosed in the Current Report on Form 8-K filed by the Company on August 27, 2012, at the conversion price of \$0.004323 per share, whereupon the Company issued 12,750,000 shares of its common stock to St. George.

On October 24, 2014, 2014, Dove Foundation elected to convert \$8,646.00 of the outstanding balance of the Unsecured Promissory Note issued by the Company to St. George on October 10, 2012, as disclosed in the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed by the Company on November 9, 2012, and transferred by St. George to Dove Foundation on May 31, 2013, pursuant to a Contribution and Assignment Agreement, as disclosed in the Schedule 13D filed by Dove Foundation on July 9, 2013, at the conversion price of \$0.004323 per share, whereupon the Company issued 2,000,000 shares of its common stock to Dove.

On October 27, 2014, the Company entered into a Sixth Amendment to Voting and Standstill Agreement (the "Sixth Amendment") with St. George and Dove Foundation. St. George is an affiliate of John M. Fife, who is the President, CEO, Chairman, and controlling shareholder of the Company.

The Sixth Amendment further amends the Voting and Standstill Agreement dated March 19, 2010, between the Company and St. George, which was previously amended by: (i) the Amendment to Voting and Standstill Agreement dated June 7, 2010; (ii) the Agreement to Join the Voting and Standstill Agreement by Dove dated June 7, 2010; (iii) the acknowledgment and Waiver of Certain Provisions of the Voting and Standstill Agreement dated June 18, 2010; (iv) the Second Amendment to Voting and Standstill Agreement dated November 3, 2011; (v) the Third Amendment to Voting and Standstill Agreement dated May 15, 2012; (vi) the Fourth Amendment to Voting and Standstill Agreement dated January 10, 2013; and (vii) the Fifth Amendment to the Voting and Standstill Agreement dated October 9, 2013 (as so amended, the "Voting and Standstill Agreement").

In connection with the Sixth Amendment, St. George and Dove Foundation have agreed to forbear on exercising their rights to cause the Company to purchase their respective shares of the Company's common stock, and the Company has agreed to postpone the "Put Commencement Date" (as defined in the Voting and Standstill Agreement) until April 1, 2015. As a result, the "Put Exercise Period" (as defined in the Voting and Standstill Agreement) will commence on April 1, 2014, and end on September 30, 2015.

On April 21, 2014, UHY Advisors MI Inc. and UHY LLP ("UHY") filed a complaint against the Company for alleged breach of contract. UHY was seeking damages of approximately \$102,000 from the company. On October 21, 2014, UHY and the Company signed a Settlement Agreement which required the Company to make a payment of \$57,500 to UHY on or before October 31, 2014. The payment was made and the complaint has been dismissed.

On December 31, 2014, the Promissory Note, the Second Promissory Note, the Third Promissory Note, the Fourth Promissory Note, the Fifth Promissory Note and the Sixth Promissory Note reached their maturity date. The Company was unable to pay these promissory notes by their maturity date and these notes are now in default. Additionally, these payment defaults triggered a default under the Seventh Promissory Note.

By agreements dated September 11, 2014 and January 9, 2015, UAHC and its subsidiary, Pulse Systems, LLC ("Pulse"), reached final settlements in lawsuits against Aduro Corporation (d/b/a Aduro Laser), Grayson Beck, Demian Backs, and Vince Barletta (collectively, "settling parties"). Previously in 2013, Pulse obtained a Temporary Restraining Order against the same parties for misappropriation of trade secrets, unfairly competition, and unauthorized use of Pulse's confidential information. Under the terms of the settlement agreements, which are

confidential, the settling parties have continuing obligations to UAHC and Pulse.

21

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Table of Contents

Item 2 Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operations

Forward-Looking Statements

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and other sections of this report contains various "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. These forward-looking statements represent our expectations or beliefs concerning future events, including statements regarding future plans and strategy for our business, earnings and the sufficiency of our cash balances and cash generated from operating, investing, and financing activities for our future liquidity and capital resource needs. We caution that although forward-looking statements reflect our good faith beliefs and reasonable judgment based upon current information, these statements are qualified by important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements, because of risks, uncertainties, and factors including, but not limited, to: changes in the medical device and healthcare industry; the ongoing impacts of the U.S. recession; the continuing impacts of the global credit and financial crisis; and other changes in general economic conditions. Other risks and uncertainties are detailed from time to time in our reports filed with the SEC, and in particular those set forth under "Risk Factors" in our Transitional Report on Form 10KT for fiscal December 31, 2013. Given such uncertainties, you should not place undue reliance on any such forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements included in this report are made as of the date hereof. Except as required by law, we may not update these forward-looking statements, even if new information becomes available in the future.

Overview

This section discusses the Company's results of operations, financial position and liquidity. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto contained in Item 1 of this quarterly report on Form 10-Q.

History

From November 1993 to June 2009, the Company's indirect, wholly owned subsidiary, UAHC Health Plan of Tennessee, Inc. ("UAHC-TN"), was a managed care organization in the TennCare program, a State of Tennessee program that provided medical benefits to Medicaid and working uninsured recipients.

From January 2007 to December 2009, UAHC-TN served as a Medicare Advantage qualified organization (the "Medicare contract") pursuant to a contract with the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services ("CMS"). The contract authorized UAHC-TN to serve members enrolled in both the Tennessee Medicaid and Medicare programs, commonly referred to as "dual-eligibles," specifically to offer a Special Needs Plan ("SNP") to its eligible members in Shelby County, Tennessee (including the City of Memphis), and to operate a Voluntary Medicare Prescription Drug Plan.

## Table of Contents

For all periods presented in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations, the Company's managed care business has been classified as discontinued operations. Starting at December 31, 2010, the Company reclassified the managed care services of UAHC-TN to discontinued operations based on the fact that the Company completed substantially all of its contractual obligations as of December 31, 2010.

## Acquisition of Pulse Systems, LLC

On June 18, 2010, the Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement and a Warrant Purchase Agreement to acquire 100% of the outstanding common units and warrants to purchase common units of Pulse. See Note 4 to the Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional discussion of the purchase terms.

## Operating Results

### For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2014 Compared to the Three Months Ended September 30, 2013

Total contract manufacturing services increased \$0.3 million to \$2.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014, compared \$1.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013. The increase in contract manufacturing services is due to increased customer orders.

Cost of contract manufacturing services remained substantially the same at \$1.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Marketing, general and administrative expenses increased by \$0.1 million to \$0.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$0.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013. The increase in marketing, general and administrative expenses is primarily due to increased legal fees.

Total operating expenses increased by \$0.1 million to \$2.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$2.1 for the three months ended September 30, 2013. The increase is primarily due to the increased marketing, general and administrative expenses.

There was no income tax expense for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and September 30, 2013. The Company's effective tax rate for both periods of 0% differs from the statutory rate of 34%. This difference is primarily related to an increase in the valuation allowance against the future tax benefit of the current period losses as the Company does not believe that the realization of the benefit is more likely than not.

Table of Contents

Loss from continuing operations was \$247,000, or (\$0.01) per basic share, for the quarter ended September 30, 2014, compared to loss from continuing operations of \$348,000, or (\$0.03) per basic share, for the quarter ended September 30, 2013.

Income from discontinued operations was \$1,000 or \$0.00 per basic share for the quarter ended September 30, 2014, compared to income from discontinued operations of \$5,000, or \$0.00 per basic share for the quarter ended September 30, 2013.

Net loss was \$246,000 or (\$0.01) per basic share for the quarter September 30, 2014 compared to net loss of \$343,000 or (\$0.01) per basic share for the quarter ended September 30, 2013.

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 Compared to the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013

Contract manufacturing services decreased \$0.6 million to \$5.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, compared \$6.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The decrease in sales is due to decreased customer orders.

Cost of contract manufacturing services essentially remained the same at \$4.0 million for the nine months ended at both September 30, 2014 and 2013.

Marketing, general and administrative expenses increased by \$0.2 million to \$2.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$2.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The increase in marketing, general and administrative expenses is primarily due to increased legal fees.

Total operating expenses increased \$0.3 million to \$6.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$6.0 for the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

There was no income tax expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and September 30, 2013. The Company's effective tax rate for both periods of 0% differs from the statutory rate of 34%. This difference is primarily related to an increase in the valuation allowance against the future tax benefit of the current period losses as the Company does not believe that the realization of the benefit is more likely than not.

Loss from continuing operations was \$0.8 million, or (\$0.04) per basic share, for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, compared to income from continuing operations of \$0.1 million, or \$0.01 per basic share, for the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

Income from discontinued operations was \$262,000 or \$0.01 per basic share for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, compared to income from discontinued operations of \$6,000, or \$0.00 per basic share for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The increase in income from discontinued operations is due to the receipt of escrow funds from the State of Tennessee related to the TennCare contract.

Table of Contents

Net loss was \$0.5 million or (\$0.03) per basic share for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to net income of \$0.1 million, or \$0.01 per basic share for the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Capital resources, which for us are primarily cash from operations and the Pulse debt facility, are required to maintain our current operations and to fund planned capital spending and other commitments and contingencies. The Company's ability to maintain adequate amounts of cash to meet its future cash needs depends on a number of factors, particularly including controlling corporate overhead costs. Market conditions may continue to limit our sources of funds for these activities and our ability to refinance our debt obligations at their present interest rates and other terms. The Company expects that it will require additional capital within the next 6 months. Absent access to sources of external financial support, including accommodations and financing from affiliates, the Company expects to be at or below minimum levels of cash necessary to operate the business during 2014. The Company is exploring additional debt or equity financing and other accommodations, including from affiliates such as members of its board of directors. Any such equity financing may result in significant dilution of the Company's existing shareholders.

At September 30, 2014, the Company had (i) cash and cash equivalents and short-term marketable securities of \$0.2 million, compared to \$0.3 million at December 31, 2013 and net negative working capital of \$10.8 million at both September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013. As a result, the Company is in default on debt obligations that have come due within the current fiscal year, and could go into default on other obligations, including the Company's put obligation, as described further in Note 12 to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements accompanying this report. The Company's management and auditors have concluded that these factors raise substantial doubt as to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The consolidated financial statements accompanying this report do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability of recorded assets, or amounts and classification of recorded assets and liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

In order to provide the Company with the ability to continue its operations, the Company's management has instituted cost savings actions to reduce corporate overhead. To the extent the Company needs to finance our debt or other obligations, or fund capital expenditures or acquisitions, we will need to access the capital markets by, for example, issuing securities in private placements or private investments in public equities ("PIPE") offerings. These financings will likely be highly dilutive to existing shareholders. Market and economic conditions may continue to limit our sources of funds for these activities and our ability to finance our debts or other obligations. We may seek financing from members of our Board of Directors, including Mr. Fife, and their affiliates. We may have no alternatives other than to seek and accept additional financing from Mr. Fife's affiliates. Management is also exploring opportunities to divest the Company's subsidiary, Pulse Systems, LLC.

25

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Table of Contents

Net cash used in operating activities of \$0.2 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014 was primarily due to decrease of accounts receivables of \$0.4 million offset by an increase in payables of \$0.2 million. Net cash used in investing activities of \$7,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 was due to purchases of equipment offset by equipment sales. Cash used in financing activities of \$0.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 was primarily attributable to payments made to the notes payable and the revolving loan, offset by proceeds from the revolving loan and affiliated debt. Decrease in cash was \$141,000 compared to an increase in cash of \$59,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Following its acquisition by the Company, Pulse Systems was a party to the Loan and Security Agreement, as amended (the "Loan Agreement"), with Fifth Third Bank, which related to a revolving loan and a term loan. Effective July 31, 2014, the Loan and Security Agreement between Fifth Third Bank and Pulse Systems was amended due to an event of default by the Company.

On August 15, 2014, Tonaquint, Inc., a Utah corporation (the "Buyer"), entered into a Non-Recourse Loan Sale Agreement with Fifth Third Bank, an Ohio banking corporation, as successor by merger to Fifth Third Bank, a Michigan banking corporation (the "Seller"). The Buyer is an affiliate of John Fife, CEO, President, and Chairman of the Board of Directors of United American Healthcare Corporation. Pursuant to the terms of the Non-Recourse Loan Sale agreement, the Buyer purchased the outstanding revolving and term loans that the Company owed to the Seller for approximately \$753,800.

The Company has incurred an obligation to St. George Investments, LLC ("St. George") and The Dove Foundation pursuant to a put right whereby St. George and The Dove Foundation may put their holdings in Company stock back to the Company at a price of \$1.26 per share, payable by the Company, pursuant to the Voting and Standstill Agreement dated March 19, 2010, attached as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 22, 2010. If St. George and The Dove Foundation were to exercise their put rights with respect to all of their shares of Company stock owned as of June 30, 2014, then the costs to the Company would be \$10,916,319 and \$3,123,095, respectively. The put exercise period runs from October 1, 2014, through March 30, 2015. St. George is an Illinois limited liability company that is controlled by Mr. John M. Fife, who is our Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President. For further details, see Note 12 to the Financial Statements accompanying this report.

Table of Contents

In connection with the acquisition of Pulse, Pulse Systems also entered into a Redemption Agreement, dated June 18, 2010 (the "Redemption Agreement"), with Pulse Systems Corporation, the holder of all of the outstanding preferred units in Pulse Systems. The aggregate redemption price is \$3.99 million for the preferred units, including the accrued but unpaid return on such units, which reflects a \$0.83 million reduction from the actual outstanding amount as of the date of the agreement. In addition, the 14% dividend rate on the preferred units is eliminated, which was subject to reinstatement if there was a default as explained in the next sentence. Failure to make any of the redemption payments results in the increase of the redemption price for its preferred units by \$0.83 million and a 14% per annum cumulative (but not compounded) return on the aggregate amounts of the unredeemed preferred units plus the \$0.83 million commencing on the date of default. Pulse Systems Corporation agreed to the redemption of its preferred units over a two-year period, commencing with a cash payment made at closing of \$1.75 million. On August 30, 2011, St. George Investments purchased the preferred stock held by Pulse Corporation in Pulse Systems, LLC. The obligations of Pulse Systems under the redemption agreement are subordinate to its obligations under the Loan Agreement and Pledge Agreement.

On January 1, 2012, Pulse Systems was in default of the Redemption Agreement. As a result, the \$0.83 million reduction from the amount outstanding at June 18, 2010 was reinstated. In addition, 14% return on the preferred amount began from the default date of January 1, 2012. The redeemable preferred units were recorded in the June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 condensed balance sheets at a value of approximately \$3.2 million and \$3.1 million, respectively. The reported amounts are net of the 12% discount. The \$83,000 impact of the default of the Redemption Agreement has been reflected in the consolidated statement of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

On September 28, 2011, the Company issued a promissory note to St. George in the principal amount of \$400,000, in exchange for a loan in the amount of \$400,000 by St. George to the Company.

On December 9, 2011, the Company issued a Promissory Note (the "Second Promissory Note") in favor of St. George, in exchange for a loan in the amount of \$300,000 made by St. George to the Company.

On February 9, 2012, the Company issued a Promissory Note (the "Third Promissory Note") in favor of St. George, in exchange for a loan in the amount of \$350,000 made by St. George to the Company.

On May 16, 2012, the Company issued a Promissory Note (the "Fourth Promissory Note") in favor of St. George, in exchange for a loan in the amount of \$75,000 made by St. George to the Company.

On August 14, 2012, the Company issued a Promissory Note (the "Fifth Promissory Note") in favor of St. George, in exchange for a loan in the amount of \$370,000 made by St. George to the Company.

On October 10, 2012, the Company issued a Promissory Note (the "Sixth Promissory Note") in favor of St. George in exchange for a loan in the amount of \$50,000 made by St. George to the Company.

Table of Contents

On October 10, 2013, the Company issued a Promissory Note (the "Seventh Promissory Note") in favor of St. George in exchange for a loan in the amount of \$50,000 made by St. George to the Company.

On July 7, 2014, Pulse Systems issued a Promissory Note in favor of Wacker Services Corp, an entity owned by Karl Fife, a board member of the Company, in exchange for a loan in the amount of \$300,000.

See Note 6 and Note 15 to the Financial Statements Accompanying this report for additional information on the above obligations.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our principal executive and financial officers, we have evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2014. Based upon that evaluation, our principal executive and financial officers have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by the Company in reports that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive and financial officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting during our first quarter ended September 30, 2014 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Part II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

UHY

On April 21, 2014, UHY Advisors MI Inc. and UHY LLP ("UHY") filed a complaint against the Company for alleged breach of contract. UHY was seeking damages of approximately \$102,000 from the company. On October 21, 2014, UHY and the Company signed a Settlement Agreement which required the Company to make a payment of \$57,500 to UHY on or before October 31, 2014. The payment was made and the complaint has been dismissed.

ADURO

As part of the 2004 purchase of Pulse Systems by Chicago Venture Partners, Grayson Beck and John Gill signed non-compete agreements for eight years ending on June 1, 2012 (California law governing). As part of the June 18, 2010 sale of Pulse Systems LLC to UAHC and the pre-payment of a portion of the preferred stock held by Pulse Corp; Grayson Beck and John Gill extended the 2004 non-compete by one year to 2013. Additionally, as part of the June 18, 2010 sale of the Pulse LLC membership interest to UAHC, (Michigan law governing), Vince Barletta, Demian Backs and Pulse Corp signed new five year non-compete agreements ending June 17, 2015.

On July 29, 2013, Pulse filed a lawsuit against Aduro Laser ("Aduro"), Grayson Beck ("Beck"), Demian Backs ("Back's"), and Vince Barletta ("Barletta") and obtained a Temporary Restraining Order against misappropriation, transfer, or use of Pulse's confidential information. The Order also required a thorough evidence preservation process whereby Aduro's computer systems and Backs's and Beck's personal computers were forensically preserved and imaged.

Table of Contents

On August 19, 2013, UAHC filed a separate lawsuit against Backs and Barletta (signatories to the 2010 UAHC transaction) in Michigan federal court alleging breach of their contractual agreements to keep confidential information and to not compete for Pulse's customers.

By agreements dated September 11, 2014 and January 9, 2015, UAHC and its subsidiary, Pulse Systems, reached final settlements in lawsuits against Aduro, Beck, Backs, and Barletta (collectively, "settling parties"). Under the terms of the settlement agreements, which are confidential, the settling parties have continuing obligations to UAHC and Pulse.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Other than discussed below, there are no material changes to the risk factors previously disclosed in Item 1A. "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-KT for the year ended December 31, 2013 and otherwise subsequently disclosed in our reports filed with the SEC. You should carefully consider the risks and uncertainties we describe in such report and in other reports filed or furnished thereafter with the SEC before deciding to invest in or retain shares of our common stock. If any of these risks or uncertainties actually occurs, our business, financial condition, operating results or liquidity could be materially and adversely affected.

We expect that we will require additional capital within the next 6 months.

Absent access to sources of external financial support, including accommodations and financing from affiliates, the Company expects to be at or below minimum levels of cash necessary to operate the business during calendar year 2014. The Company is exploring additional debt or equity financing and other accommodations, including from affiliates such as members of its board of directors. Any such equity financing may result in significant dilution of the Company's existing shareholders. Additionally, the Company is exploring opportunities to divest its subsidiary, Pulse Systems, LLC. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Liquidity and Capital Resources" elsewhere in this report.

Item 6. Exhibits

- 3.1 Articles of Incorporation, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed August 5, 2014
- 3.2 Bylaws, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed August 5, 2014
- 10.1 Non-Recourse Loan Sale Agreement, dated August 15, 2014, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on 8-K filed August 19, 2014
- 31.1\* Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a), as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.2\* Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a), as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.1\* Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

\*Filed herewith

Table of Contents

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

United American Healthcare Corporation

Date: March 13, 2015 By: /s/ John M. Fife

John M. Fife

Chairman, President & Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: March 13, 2015 By: /s/ Robert Sullivan

Robert Sullivan

Chief Financial Officer, Secretary & Treasurer

(Principal Financial Officer)