

INTERNATIONAL STAR INC  
Form 10KSB  
April 20, 2007

**U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
Washington, D.C. 20549

**FORM 10-KSB**

Annual Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(D) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006.

Transition Report Under Section 13 or 15(D) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number: 000-26017

**INTERNATIONAL STAR, INC.**  
(Exact name of Small Business Issuer as specified in its charter)

NEVADA  
(State or other jurisdiction  
of incorporation or organization)

86-0876846  
(IRS Employer Identification No.)

1818 Marshall Street  
Shreveport, LA  
(Address of principal executive offices)

71101  
(Zip Code)

Issuer's telephone number, including area code: (318) 464-8687  
Securities registered under Section 12(b) of the Exchange Act: None

Securities registered under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act: Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share

Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.  Yes  No

Check if there is no disclosure of delinquent filers in response to Item 405 of Regulation S-B contained in this form, and no disclosure will be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-KSB or any amendment to this Form 10-KSB.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).  
 Yes  No

State issuer's revenues for its most recent fiscal year ended December 31, 2006, was \$0.

Based on the closing sale price of \$0.012 on December 29, 2006, the aggregate market value of the voting stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant was \$1,926,869.68.

As of April 16, 2007, there were 271,450,195 shares of the registrant's Common Stock issued and outstanding.

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format (check one): Yes  No

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**INTERNATIONAL STAR, INC.**  
**Form 10-KSB**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2006**

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## PART I

### FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Form 10-KSB, the other reports, statements, and information that we have previously filed or that we may subsequently file with the Securities and Exchange Commission and public announcements that we have previously made or may subsequently make include, may include, incorporate by reference or may incorporate by reference certain statements that may be deemed to be “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements relate to such matters as, among other things, our anticipated financial performance, business prospects, technological developments, new products, future distribution or license rights, international expansion, possible strategic alternatives, new business concepts, capital expenditures, consumer trends and similar matters.

Forward looking statements necessarily involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, levels of activity, performance, or achievements to be materially different from any future results, levels of activity, performance, or achievement expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as "may," "will," "should," "could," "intend," "expect," "anticipate," "assume", "hope", "plan," "believe," "seek," "estimate," "predict," "approximate," "p", "continue", or the negative of such terms. Statements including these words and variations of such words, and other similar expressions, are forward-looking statements. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable based upon our knowledge of our business, we cannot absolutely predict or guarantee our future results, levels of activity, performance, or achievements. Moreover, neither we nor any other person assumes responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of such statements.

We note that a variety of factors could cause our actual results and experience to differ materially from the anticipated results or other expectations expressed in our forward-looking statements. The risks and uncertainties that may affect the operations, performance, development and results of our business include, but are not limited to, the following: changes in consumer spending patterns; changes in consumer preferences and overall economic conditions; the impact of competition and pricing; the financial condition of the suppliers and manufacturers from whom we source our merchandise; economic and political instability in foreign countries or restrictive actions by the governments of foreign countries in which suppliers and manufacturers from whom we source products are located or in which we may actually conduct or intend to expand our business; changes in tax laws, or the laws and regulations governing direct or network marketing organizations; our ability to hire, train and retain a consistent supply of reliable and effective participants in our direct or network marketing operation; general economic, business and social conditions in the United States and in countries from which we may source products, supplies or customers; the costs of complying with changes in applicable labor laws or requirements, including without limitation with respect to health care; changes in the costs of interest rates, insurance, shipping and postage, energy, fuel and other business utilities; the reliability, longevity and performance of our licensors and others from whom we derive intellectual property or distribution rights in our business; the risk of non-payment by, and/or insolvency or bankruptcy of, customers and others owing indebtedness to us; threats or acts of terrorism or war; and strikes, work stoppages or slow downs by unions affecting businesses which have an impact on our ability to conduct our own business operations.

Forward-looking statements that we make, or that are made by others on our behalf with our knowledge and express permission, are based on a knowledge of our business and the environment in which we operate, but because of the factors listed above, actual results may differ from those in the forward-looking statements. Consequently, these cautionary statements qualify all of the forward-looking statements we make herein. We cannot assure the reader that the results or developments anticipated by us will be realized or, even if substantially realized, that those results or developments will result in the expected consequences for us or affect us, our business or our operations in the way we expect. We caution readers not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of their dates, or on any subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to us or persons acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by these cautionary statements. We do not undertake any obligation to release publicly any revisions to such forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof or thereof or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

## **ITEM 1. BUSINESS**

### **Our Background and Business Development**

International Star, Inc. (“us,” “we,” “our” or the “Company”) was organized under the laws of the State of Nevada on October 28, 1993 as Mattress Showrooms, Inc. In 1997, we changed our corporate name to International Star, Inc. and became engaged in the business of construction, sale and operation of state of the art waste management systems, specializing in turnkey systems for management of hospital, industrial, petroleum, chemical and municipal solid waste collection systems. Despite our efforts, we were unable to develop this business beyond the start-up stage. Following our unsuccessful venture in waste management, we refocused our business efforts on mineral exploration in 1998. Currently, we are primarily engaged in the acquisition and exploration of precious metals mineral properties. Since 1998, we have examined various mineral properties prospective for precious metals and minerals and have acquired interests in those we believe may contain precious metals and minerals. Our properties are located in Arizona. We have not established that any of our properties contain reserves. A reserve is that part of a mineral deposit which could be economically and legally extracted or produced at the time of the reserve determination. Further exploration will be needed before a final determination can be made whether any property is economically and legally feasible. Therefore, at present we have no reserves and no income from mineral production.

On March 2, 1998, we entered into a Mining Property Lease Agreement with James R. Ardoin pursuant to which Mr. Ardoin leased to our Company the Detrital Wash mineral claims located around mile marker 22 on Highway 93, Mohave County, Arizona, for the purpose of exploring for minerals, and if minerals are found on the lands leased to us pursuant to this lease, for the extraction, treatment, and sale of such Minerals. In exchange, we agreed to pay Mr. Ardoin a production royalty equal to two percent (2%) of Net Smelter Returns (as defined in the Mining Property Lease). The term of this lease is for 20 years, although we have the option to renew the lease for successive 20 year terms.

In September 2000, we acquired from Gold Standard Mines, Inc. 51 lode mining claims located in the Wikieup mining district, Mohave County, Arizona (the “Wikieup Property”) and the exclusive rights to an extraction process for the recovery of precious metals from the Wikieup Property that was developed by the claim owner. We have not had the extraction process verified by an independent source. This acquisition was completed on March 26, 2001 and the consideration was 1,000,000 shares of our restricted common stock having an aggregate value of \$400,000 as of the date of the agreement. In exchange, we received a notarized quit claim deed granting us for all rights, interest and title to 51 lode Mining Claims, which was subsequently recorded at the United States Bureau of Land Management office in Phoenix, Arizona and at Mohave County in Kingman, Arizona.

On October 15, 2001, we announced the formation of a wholly owned subsidiary, Qwik Track, Inc., to engage in web-based information distribution services and to provide timely and accurate thoroughbred handicapping analytical data and statistical information to the international account wagering market. However, due to our limited finances and lack of funding, we have suspended the further development of Qwik-Track, Inc. for an indefinite period.

Effective October 1, 2002, we acquired Pita King Bakeries International, Inc. ("Pita King"). Up until we dissolved our business relationship with Pita King, this company operated as our wholly-owned subsidiary engaged in the production and marketing of a variety of pita breads and chips. However, effective January 1, 2004, we and the principals of Pita King mutually agreed to dissolve our business relationship pursuant to a Mutual Agreement to Dissolve Business Relationship (the "Dissolution Agreement"). Pursuant to the terms of the Dissolution Agreement, we forgave a debt owing from Pita King to our Company in the aggregate amount of \$35,000 and in exchange, the principals and officers of Pita King agreed to return 4,000,000 shares of our common stock that was issued in connection with our acquisition of Pita King. We agreed that the remaining 139,500 shares of our common stock that was issued to the original shareholders of Pita King in connection with the acquisition would remain the property of such shareholders and would be unaffected by the Dissolution Agreement. As a result, Pita King no longer operates as our wholly-owned subsidiary.

On February 16, 2005, we finalized an agreement with Zereko Nevada, Inc. (Zereko), a Nevada based corporation engaged in mining engineering and related services, for various services in support of the ongoing exploration activities at the Detrital Wash Property. Under the terms of the agreement, Zereko will review in detail available information on all previous work done on the property, define areas that merit further detailed examination, then propose an implementation plan, prepare budgets and obtain quotes for the indicated exploration activity.

On January 10, 2006, we entered into a joint venture agreement with Resolve Capital Funding Corporation, Inc. ("Resolve") for the formation of Star-Resolve Detrital Wash, LLC to engage in the development and commercial exploitation of the Detrital Wash Property. Each of Resolve and our Company will have a 50% membership interest in Star-Resolve Detrital Wash, LLC. As our capital contribution to the joint venture, upon the formation of Star-Resolve Detrital Wash, LLC, we are required to contribute our mineral rights in the Detrital Wash Property under a mining property lease. As Resolve's capital contribution to Star-Resolve Detrital Wash, LLC, Resolve is required to contribute 600,000 Canadian Dollars, equivalent to approximately \$518,000 translated into U.S. Dollars using current exchange rate, within 60 to 90 days of the joint venture's formation. In addition, Resolve is required to use its best efforts to manage Star-Resolve Detrital Wash, LLC, including, without limitation, providing Star-Resolve Detrital Wash, LLC with access to its industry related contracts and its expertise in the commercial exploitation of mineral rights. Resolve will be the exclusive managing member of Star-Resolve Detrital Wash, LLC. As of the date of filing of this report, Resolve has not made the required cash contribution and is in default under the joint venture agreement. Our management is currently engaged in discussions with Resolve regarding a resolution to Resolve's breach of the joint venture agreement. However, there can be no assurance that the parties will reach an amicable resolution.

## **Exploration Planning - Speculative Nature of Mineral Exploration**

Exploration for and production of minerals is highly speculative and involves greater risks than exist in many other industries. Many exploration programs do not result in the discovery of minerals and any mineralization discovered may not be of a sufficient quantity or quality to be profitably mined. Also, because of the uncertainties in determining metallurgical amenability of any minerals discovered, the mere discovery of mineralization may not warrant the mining of the minerals on the basis of available technology.

Although we have processed and tested mineralized materials and produced very small amounts of precious metals on a testing basis (these have come from the testing of mineralized material from both the Detrital Wash and Wikieup Properties), our decision as to whether any of the mineral properties we now hold, or which we may acquire in the future, contain commercially mineable deposits, and whether such properties should be brought into production, will depend upon the results of the exploration programs and independent feasibility analysis and the recommendation of engineers and geologists. The decision will involve the consideration and evaluation of a number of significant factors, including, but not limited to:

- the ability to obtain all required permits;
- costs of bringing the property into production, including exploration and development or preparation of feasibility studies and construction of production facilities;
- availability and costs of financing;
- ongoing costs of production;
- market prices for the metals to be produced; and
- the existence of reserves or mineralization with economic grades of metals or minerals.

We cannot be certain that any of our properties contain commercially mineable mineral deposits, and no assurance can be given that we will ever generate a positive cash flow from production operations on such properties.

However, encouraged by the early stage exploration performed on our Detrital Wash Property by Kokanee Placer, Inc. of White Rock, BC, a geological exploration company and Zereko Nevada, Inc., a mining engineering company, and independent tests performed by us on our Wikieup Property, we are in the process of developing a staged exploration plan based on the perceived merits of the Detrital Wash Property and projected costs of further exploration.

## **Regulation**

Our exploration activities are subject to various federal, state and local laws and regulations governing such matters as:

- prospecting;
- development;
- taxes;
- labor standards;





- waste disposal;
- occupational safety and health;
- protection of the environment;
- reclamation of the environment; and
- toxic substances.

We believe we are currently in substantial compliance with any such regulations that apply to us. However, we may not be able to anticipate all liabilities that may arise in the future under existing regulations, or the costs of compliance. If we are not in compliance, we may be subject to fines, clean-up orders, restrictions on our operations or other penalties.

Federal, state and local provisions regulating the discharge of material into the environment, or otherwise relating to the protection of the environment, such as the Clean Air Act, Clean Water Act, the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, and the Comprehensive Environmental Response Liability Act ("Superfund") affect mineral operations. For exploration and mining operations, applicable environmental regulation includes a permitting process for mining operations, an abandoned mine reclamation program and a permitting program for industrial development and siting. Other non-environmental regulations can impact exploration and mining operations and indirectly affect compliance with environmental regulations. For example, a state highway department may have to approve a new access road to make a project accessible at lower costs, but the new road itself may raise environmental issues. Compliance with these laws, and any regulations, can make the development of mining claims prohibitively expensive, thereby impeding the sale or lease of properties, or curtailing profits or royalties, which might have been received. We cannot anticipate what the further costs and/or effects of compliance with any environmental laws might be.

### **Facilities**

We own no production, laboratory or storage facilities and rent space as appropriate when necessary. Our executive offices are located at 1818 Marshall Street, Shreveport, LA 71101.

### **Employees**

As of December 31, 2006, we had no employees other than our executive officers, nor any plans to recruit employees within the next twelve months.

### **Competition**

The business of mineral exploration is highly competitive, and tends to be dominated by a limited number of major mining companies. Inasmuch as we have exclusive exploration rights to the properties that are the targets of our current exploration activities, we do not compete directly against any particular firm for sales or market share. However, many of the human and physical resources we may require, such as engineering professionals, managers, skilled equipment operators, and metallurgical and extractive processes and equipment, among others, are also sought by companies with substantially greater financial resources than we possess, which places us at a competitive disadvantage in obtaining such resources for our own use. Accordingly, such competition may make our exploration activities more difficult than for a larger, more substantial company.

## **Subsidiaries**

### Qwik Track, Inc.

On October 15, 2001, we organized Qwik Track, Inc. as our wholly-owned subsidiary to operate as a web-based service business providing the wagering enthusiast with thoroughbred handicapping, analytical data and statistical information for racetrack wagering over the Internet. As of November, 2003, we suspended business development of our Qwik Track subsidiary in order to focus our limited resources on exploring our mineral properties.

### Pita King Bakeries International, Inc.

Effective October 1, 2002, we acquired Pita King Bakeries International, Inc. ("Pita King") and appointed Hassan Alaeddine to our Board of Directors. Up until we dissolved our business relationship with Pita King, this subsidiary company produced and marketed a variety of pita breads and chips. However, effective January 1, 2004, we and the principals of Pita King mutually agreed to dissolve our business relationship pursuant to a Mutual Agreement to Dissolve Business Relationship (the "Dissolution Agreement"). Pursuant to the terms of the Dissolution Agreement, we forgave a debt owing from Pita King to our Company in the aggregate amount of \$35,000, and in exchange, the principals and officers of Pita King agreed to return 4,000,000 shares of our common stock that was issued in connection with our acquisition of Pita King. We agreed that the remaining 139,500 shares of our common stock that was issued to the original shareholders of Pita King in connection with the acquisition would remain the property of such shareholders and would be unaffected by the Dissolution Agreement. As a result, effective January 1, 2004, Pita King no longer operates as our wholly-owned subsidiary and we have recognized a loss of \$99,472 on the divestiture of Pita King.

### Star-Resolve Detrital Wash, LLC

As discussed elsewhere in this Annual Report, on January 10, 2006, we entered into a joint venture agreement with Resolve Capital Funding Corporation, Inc. ("Resolve") for the formation of Star-Resolve Detrital Wash, LLC to engage in the development and commercial exploitation of the Detrital Wash Property. Each of Resolve and our Company will have a 50% membership interest in Star-Resolve Detrital Wash, LLC. As our capital contribution to the joint venture, upon the formation of Star-Resolve Detrital Wash, LLC, we are required to contribute our mineral rights in the Detrital Wash Property under a mining property lease. As Resolve's capital contribution to Star-Resolve Detrital Wash, LLC, Resolve is required to contribute 600,000 Canadian Dollars, equivalent to approximately \$518,000 translated into U.S. Dollars using current exchange rate, within 60 to 90 days of the Joint Venture's formation. In addition, Resolve is required to use its best efforts to manage Star-Resolve Detrital Wash, LLC, including, without limitation, providing Star-Resolve Detrital Wash, LLC with access to its industry related contracts and its expertise in the commercial exploitation of mineral rights. Resolve will be the exclusive managing member of Star-Resolve Detrital Wash, LLC. Nonetheless, as of the date of filing of this report, Resolve has not made the required cash contribution and is in default under the joint venture agreement. Our management is currently engaged in discussions with Resolve regarding a resolution to Resolve's breach of the joint venture agreement. However, there can be no assurance that the parties will reach an amicable resolution.

## **ITEM 2. DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY**

We currently hold interests in two properties that we believe show potential for mineral development. Both properties are unpatented mining claims located on federal public land and managed by the United States Bureau of Land Management.

Unpatented claims are "located" or "staked" by individuals or companies on federal public land. Each placer claim covers 20 to 160 acres; each lode claim covers 20 acres. We are obligated to pay a maintenance fee of \$100 per claim per year to the BLM or file an Affidavit of Assessment Work with the BLM showing labor and improvements of at least \$100 for each claim yearly.

If the statutes and regulations for the location and maintenance of a mining claim are complied with, the locator obtains a valid possessory right to the contained minerals. Failure to pay such fees or make the required filings may render the mining claim void or voidable. We believe we have valid claims, but, because mining claims are self-initiated and self-maintained, it is impossible to ascertain their validity solely from public real estate records.

If the government challenges the validity of an unpatented mining claim, we would have the burden of proving the present economic feasibility of mining minerals located on the claims.

There are uncertainties as to title matters in the mining industry. We believe that we have good title to our properties; however, defects in such title could have a material adverse effect on us. We have investigated our rights to explore, exploit and develop our various properties in manners consistent with industry practice and, to the best of our knowledge, those rights are in good standing. However, we cannot assure that the title to our properties will not be challenged or impugned by third parties or governmental agencies. In addition, there can be no assurance that the properties in which we have an interest are not subject to prior unregistered agreements; transfers or claims and title may be affected by undetected defects. Any such defects could cause us to lose our rights to the property or to incur substantial expense in defending our rights.

### **Detrital Wash, Mohave County, Arizona Property**

On March 3, 1998, we entered into a mineral lease with James R. Ardoin for the Detrital Wash mineral claims located one mile east of mile marker 22 on Highway 93, Mohave County, Arizona. The lease does not require any minimum payments, and charges a royalty of 2% of net smelter returns (NSR). The term of the lease is for 20 years with an option to renew for additional, successive 20-year terms.

The Detrital Wash Property originally consisted of 8 placer claims lying in Section 36, Township 28 North, Range 21 West and is easily accessed by partially paved entry off Highway 93 and has availability to electricity and water.

In July 2004, we reached an agreement in principle with the holders of 131 placer association claims covering approximately 20,000 acres adjacent to and surrounding our Detrital Wash Property. The agreement will grant us exclusive exploration rights on the claims, and first right of refusal for exclusive development rights in exchange for a 0.25% net smelter return payable to the claimholders. The agreement will require the company to expend a minimum of \$125,000 on exploration during a three-year period.

The majority of this 22,240-acre property is composed of "alluvial sand," that is to say, a dry riverbed lying 210 feet above the existing water table. Two historically documented sources found at the County seat archives in Kingman, Arizona provide possible explanation for the deposition of valuable minerals in the Detrital Valley:

1. A major flood in early 1900's washed away approximately 15 major gold and silver mines overlooking the Detrital on the West. These mining camps, among the most prolific and highest producing mines in the Western USA, were

known as Silverado, Excelsior, Prince Albert, Occidental, Etc. According to County records most of the mine stockpiles and tailing were washed into the Detrital Wash. The flood acted as a water cannon stripping the landscape and washing everything down into the valley below.

2. In 1982, County Historian, Roman Malach, in a book entitled " White Hills, Silverado in Mohave County" confirms the disaster in White Hills, the valuable gold camps, particularly Silverado that were lost to the flood and, the likely presence of an ancient river which flowed through the Detrital Valley. This river was likely the transporter of gold, silver, platinum and palladium to the Valley.

Although limited in number prior to 2005, all "spot/surface samples" taken by the Company on this property indicated the existence of "precious metals". Of major significance was a 2-ton "bulk sample" (at a depth of 4 to 12 feet) by AuRIC Metallurgical Laboratories, LLC, Salt Lake City, Utah, conducted in 1998 under a "chain of custody" (COC) that provided evidence of gold and silver with traces of palladium and platinum.

Two batch tests of 1,000 lbs. each were performed, each batch produced a "dore bar" (composite of all metalliferous minerals recovered from the sample). One of the dore bars was then refined and yielded metals equivalent to the following values per ton of original material:

G o l d	0.812
(Au)	oz.
S i l v e r	1.359
(Ag)	oz.
Platinum	0.440
(Pt)	oz.
Palladium	0.019
(Pd)	oz.

Our Management believed that the precious metals derived from the surface and bulk samples were of sufficient quantity and quality to warrant further exploration of the Detrital Wash Property. Accordingly, on January 9, 2004, we engaged Kokanee Placer, Inc. of White Rock, BC, a geological exploration company, to execute the initial phase of an exploration program on our original 1,280 acre Detrital Wash Property, the results of which would dictate subsequent exploration phases, if found to be practical. The initial effort by Kokanee Placer, Inc. called for surface sampling of the property in a grid pattern at intervals of every 500 feet (in excess of 200 samples). The results of the sampling program identified areas of elevated to anomalous values of placer gold and silver that required follow-up exploration and evaluation.

As result, on February 16, 2005, the Company finalized an agreement with Zereko Nevada, Inc. (Zereko), a Nevada based corporation engaged in mining engineering and related services, for various services in support of the ongoing exploration activities at our Detrital Wash Property. In May 2005, Zereko issued a final report (the "Zereko Report") on assay test results from the Detrital Wash Property. In order to prove the best process for extracting precious metals on the Detrital Wash Property, samples from drilling that took place in early April 2005 were sent to three different metallurgical laboratories as part of a blind test process: Mountain States R&D ("Mountain States"), AuRic Metallurgical Laboratories, LLC ("AuRic"), and Nevada Bureau of Geology and Mines ("NBGM").

In assessing the samples, Mountain States used a strictly "fire assay" analysis process and returned negative results from all samples tested, which was not a surprise since, the "alluvial sand" on the Detrital Wash Property rarely tests positive in fire assays and the purposes of testing at Mountain States was to help validate the blind test process. On the other hand, AuRic reported positive results for gold, silver, platinum and palladium for each sample presented to AuRic for analysis and was consistent with Auric's 1998 conclusions with respect to the Detrital Wash Property. It should be noted that since AuRic had been used in the past for testing samples on the Detrital Wash Property, this was a completely blind test and AuRic was not aware of the origin of the samples. Nevertheless, these recent samples returned with comparable results from earlier tests performed by AuRic on the Detrital Wash Property. The third lab, NBGM, received the bulk of the samples and reported no detectable results for gold, palladium or platinum, but reported significantly for silver in a large number of the samples. The findings of NBGM were qualified by Zereko in that NBGM's testing procedures do not allow NBGM to go to the lower levels of gold, platinum and palladium detection necessary to obtain 'detectable amounts.' Gold, platinum and palladium must be tested at a lower level than silver for an accurate reading. AuRic's findings in particular, led Zereko to conclude that gold, silver, platinum and palladium do exist at lower levels of detection on the Detrital Wash Property and are considered to have some economic value.

Currently we are attempting to raise additional capital to continue a staged exploration program on this property. .

### **Wikieup, Arizona Property**

In March 2001, we purchased from Gold Standard Mines Inc. 51 lode mining claims located in the Wikieup mining district, Mohave County, Arizona (the "Wikieup Property"). Consideration for the acquisition was 1,000,000 restricted common shares valued at \$400,000 as of the date of the agreement. In connection with the acquisition of the Wikieup Property and for no additional consideration, we were assigned all right, title and interest in certain proprietary gold, silver and/or platinum metal recovery formulae for the processing of ore in and about the Wikieup Property. As of the date of this filing, we have not had the formulae and processing techniques independently verified.

The Wikieup Property at present consists of approximately 840 acres (42 lode claims) of mountainous terrain and is accessible by paved and dirt roads west of Wikieup, Arizona off U.S. Highway 93. The property is located in Section 36, Township 16N, Range 14W in the Holapa Mountain Range. There is nearby access to electricity and water.

In the area of the claims where we have explored, is the Oakman mining district, which is located to the northwest and also the Bagdad open pit copper property located to the southeast of this area.

We processed a limited number of "spot samples" of stockpiled screened material from a claim immediately adjacent to our Wikieup Property and found precious metals to exist in the material, although our sampling did not permit a reliable quantitative evaluation as we could not be certain of the degree of pre-treatment and concentration the material had undergone. Nevertheless, the spot samples confirmed our belief, based on the available literature, that the property shows promise as an exploration target. However, the mountainous terrain and complex nature of the geological makeup of the Wikieup Property would likely make it much more costly to explore and develop than the Detrital Wash Property. As a result, we have focused our efforts and available resources on the continued exploration of the Detrital Wash Property.

We have not systematically drilled and sampled the Wikieup Property. The sampling of Detrital Wash Property is not sufficient to confirm the presence of any concentrations of precious metals in a mineable mass. We believe that the staged exploration program being conducted by Zereko Nevada will assist in making those determinations. There is substantial risk that such testing would show limited concentrations of precious metals, and such testing may show a lack of precious metals in a mineable mass. Test results so far have been positive and confirm the presence of precious metals in the samples. However, we cannot safely assume that precious metals-bearing materials exist in quality and quantity to make a mining operation economically feasible.

Wikieup testing to date has focused principally on assaying materials for precious metals content, with very limited testing of how to process materials for production. The various procedures we have used to assay the samples have not addressed what metallurgical procedures would be best suited to process precious metals out of the materials on an economic scale. Even if independent reserve reports indicate the presence of precious metals, further extensive work will be needed in the form of a feasibility study to determine if the precious metals (if any are shown likely to be present in the property) in fact can be processed out of the material at a profit. Some companies decide that even though one of their properties contains valuable minerals, it is impossible to remove them profitably in commercial production.

### **ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

From time to time we are involved in legal proceedings relating to claims arising out of operations in the normal course of business, as well as claims arising from our status as an issuer of securities and/or a publicly reporting company. At December 31, 2006, we know of no current or threatened legal proceedings involving us or our properties reportable under this Item 3.

### **ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS**

We held our annual shareholders meeting on December 1, 2006, in Shreveport, Louisiana. At the annual meeting, our shareholders elected as directors the following individuals: Denver Cashatt (7,378,499 shares for; 58,986,349 shares withheld), Joseph Therrell, Jr. (62,589,848 shares for; 3,775,000 shares withheld), Virginia Shehee (62,592,848 shares for; 3,772,000 shares withheld), Robert M. Glover (62,361,848 shares for; 3,775,000 shares withheld) and John Tuma (66,361,848 shares for; 3,000 shares withheld). The shareholders also approved our 2006 Stock Option Plan (58,059,848 shares for; 8,275,000 shares against; and 30,000 shares abstained) and ratified our appointment of Madsen & Associates CPA's, Inc. as our independent registered public accountant for the year ended December 31, 2006 (58,089,848 shares for; 4,500,000 shares against; and 3,775,000 shares abstained).

**PART II****ITEM 5. MARKET FOR COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND SMALL ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES**

Up until May 23 2003, our common stock was traded on the OTC Bulletin Board of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. ("NASD") under the symbol ISRI. Since May 23, 2003, our common stock has been traded on the Pink Sheets under the Symbol ISRI.PK. On February 22, 2005, the NASDAQ assigned our Company a new trading symbol and our common stock began trading on the Pink Sheets under the symbol ILST.PK. On June 20, 2005, our common stock was approved by the NASD for listing on the OTC Bulletin Board, and since such date, our common stock has been trading under the symbol ILST.OB. The following table indicates quarterly high and low price per share for our common stock during the fiscal years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005. These prices represent quotations among dealers without adjustments for retail mark-ups, markdowns or commissions, and may not represent actual transactions. The market for our shares has been sporadic and at times very limited.

**Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2006**

	HIGH	LOW
4th Quarter ended December 31, 2006	\$ 0.018	\$ 0.010
3rd Quarter ended September 30, 2006	\$ 0.045	\$ 0.016
2nd Quarter ended June 30, 2006	\$ 0.068	\$ 0.025
1st Quarter ended March 31, 2006	\$ 0.041	\$ 0.037
4th Quarter ended December 31, 2005	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.025
3rd Quarter ended September 30, 2005	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.04
2nd Quarter ended June 30, 2005	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.07
1st Quarter ended March 31, 2005	\$ 0.21	\$ 0.06

The closing price of our common stock as of April 13, 2007 was \$0.024 per share.

**Stock Split**

As of February 18, 2005, the NASDAQ approved a 3:1 forward split of our common stock. As a result, shareholders of record received three shares for each one share held by them as of the effective date, February 22, 2005. As of the approval date, we had 64,428,741 common stock shares outstanding and as a result of the forward stock split, we had 193,286,223 common stock shares outstanding as of the approval date.

**Number of Shareholders**

At December 31, 2006, we had approximately 158 stockholders of record of our common stock. This figure does not include beneficial owners of common stock held in nominee or street name, as we cannot accurately estimate the number of these beneficial owners.



## **Dividend Policy**

We did not declare or pay any dividends during our fiscal years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005. There are no legal, contractual or other restrictions, which limit our ability to pay dividends. Payment of future dividends, if any, on our common stock, will be dependent upon the amounts of our future after-tax earnings, if any, and will be subject to the discretion of our Board of Directors. Our Board of Directors is not legally obligated to declare dividends, even if we are profitable. We have never paid any dividends on our common stock and we have no plans to do so in the near future. Instead, we plan to retain any earnings to finance the development of the business and for general corporate purposes.

## **Penny Stock**

Our common stock is subject to the provisions of Section 15(g) and Rule 15g-9 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), commonly referred to as the "penny stock rule." Section 15(g) sets forth certain requirements for transactions in penny stocks, and Rule 15g-9(d) (1) incorporates the definition of "penny stock" that is found in Rule 3a51-1 of the Exchange Act. The SEC generally defines "penny stock" to be any equity security that has a market price less than \$5.00 per share, subject to certain exceptions. If our Common Stock is deemed to be a penny stock, trading in the shares will be subject to additional sales practice requirements on broker-dealers who sell penny stocks to persons other than established customers and accredited investors. "Accredited investors" are persons with assets in excess of \$1,000,000 or annual income exceeding \$200,000, or \$300,000 together with their spouse. For transactions covered by these rules, broker-dealers must make a special suitability determination for the purchase of such security and must have the purchaser's written consent to the transaction prior to the purchase. Additionally, for any transaction involving a penny stock, unless exempt, the rules require the delivery, prior to the first transaction, of a risk disclosure document, prepared by the SEC, relating to the penny stock market. A broker-dealer also must disclose the commissions payable to both the broker-dealer and the registered representative, and current quotations for the securities. Finally, monthly statements must be sent disclosing recent price information for the penny stocks held in an account and information on the limited market in penny stocks. Consequently, these rules may restrict the ability of broker-dealers to trade and/or maintain a market in our Common Stock and may affect the ability of our shareholders to sell their shares.

## **Securities Authorized For Issuance under Equity Compensation Plans**

On September 13, 2006, our Board unanimously voted to adopt a Stock Option and Restricted Stock Plan (the "Plan") and to submit such Plan to a vote of our shareholders. Our shareholders voted and approved the adoption of the Plan on December 1, 2006, at our annual shareholders meeting. The Plan provided for a share reserve of 18,000,000 common shares for future issuances as direct awards or upon exercise of options granted under the Plan. As of the date of this filing, no stock options were granted to our named executive officers during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006, nor have any stock options been granted to our named executive officers since December 31, 2006, through and including the filing date of this Report.

Plan category	Number of Securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights (a)	Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights (b)	Number of securities remaining available for issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a)) (c)
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	0	—	18,000,000
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders	0	—	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>18,000,000</b>

### Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

Set forth below is information regarding the sale of securities during the year ended December 31, 2006 that were not registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”):

On January 6, 2006, we issued a total of 1,437,500 shares of our common stock to two of our officers pursuant to the conversion of outstanding loans totaling \$57,500 at a rate of \$0.04 per share. We believe the issuance was exempt from the registration requirements pursuant to Regulation D or Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

In March of 2006, we sold 1,666,667 shares of our common stock to an individual at \$0.015 per share. In connection with this sale, we paid an officer of our company \$2,500 in commission. We believe the sale was exempt from the registration requirements pursuant to Regulation D or Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

On March 13, 2006, we sold 9,100,000 shares of our common stock to an individual at \$0.01 per share. In connection with this sale, we paid an officer of our company \$9,100 in commission. We believe the sale was exempt from the registration requirements pursuant to Regulation D or Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

On March 13, 2006, we sold 2,433,333 units of our securities, each unit consists of one share of our common stock and a warrant to purchase one share of common stock, to an individual at \$0.015 per unit. Each warrant has an exercise price equal to 75% of the closing price of a share of our common stock on the date of exercise and expires on March 13, 2007. In connection with this sale, we paid an officer of our company \$3,750 in commission. We believe the sale was exempt from the registration requirements pursuant to Regulation D or Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

In June of 2006, we issued 1,000,000 shares of our common stock pursuant to the exercise of warrants at an exercise price of \$0.02 per share. We believe the issuance was exempt from the registration requirements pursuant to Regulation D or Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

On June 27, 2006, we issued 2,000,000 shares of our common stock to an individual for services provided at a rate of \$0.03 per share. This individual later became a director of our company. We believe the sale was exempt from the registration requirements pursuant to Regulation D or Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

In August of 2006, we sold 2,000,000 shares of our common stock to three accredited investors for \$0.015 per share. We believe the issuance was exempt from the registration requirements pursuant to Regulation D or Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

In August of 2006, we issued 1,666,667 shares of our common stock to a shareholder pursuant to the exercise of warrants at \$0.012 per share. We believe the issuance was exempt from the registration requirements pursuant to Regulation D or Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

In August of 2006, we repriced the exercise price of warrants with the expiration date of August 5, 2006 from \$0.05 to \$0.01 per share. Pursuant to our warrant repricing, two shareholders and four affiliates of our company exercised the warrants to purchase an aggregate of 3,810,000 share of our common stock. We believe the sale was exempt from the registration requirements pursuant to Regulation D or Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

In September and October of 2006, we issued an aggregate of 1,000,000 shares of our common stock to a shareholder pursuant to the exercise of warrants at \$0.01 per share. We believe the issuance was exempt from the registration requirements pursuant to Regulation D or Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

On October 30, 2006, we committed to issue 18,591,682 share of our common stock to Kilpatrick Life Insurance Company, pursuant to the conversion of an outstanding loan of \$250,000 and interest due in the amount of \$28,875.25 at a rate of \$0.015 per share. We believe the issuance was exempt from the registration requirements pursuant to Regulation D or Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

### **Purchases of Equity Securities**

We are required by the Securities Act of 1933 to disclose, in tabular format, any repurchases of our securities in the fourth quarter of our fiscal year ended December 31, 2006. We did not repurchase any of our securities in the fourth quarter of our fiscal year ended December 31, 2006, and accordingly, we have eliminated such table.

## **ITEM 6. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION**

### **GENERAL**

The following presentation of Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition has been prepared by internal management and should be read in conjunction with the Financial Statements and notes thereto included in Item 7 of this Annual Report on Form 10-KSB. Except for the historical information contained herein, the discussion in this report contains certain forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties, such as statements of our business plans, objectives, expectations and intentions as of the date of this filing. The cautionary statements about reliance on forward-looking statements made earlier in this document should be given serious consideration with respect to all forward-looking statements wherever they appear in this report, notwithstanding that the "safe harbor" protections available to some publicly reporting companies under applicable federal securities law do not apply to us as an issuer of penny stocks. Our actual results could differ materially from those discussed here.

We were organized under the laws of the State of Nevada on October 28, 1993 as Mattress Showrooms, Inc. In 1997, we changed our corporate name to International Star, Inc. and became engaged in the business of construction, sale and operation of state of the art waste management systems, specializing in turnkey systems for management of hospital, industrial, petroleum, chemical and municipal solid waste collection systems. Despite our efforts, we were unable to develop this business beyond the start-up stage. Following our unsuccessful venture in waste management, we refocused our business efforts on mineral exploration in 1998. Currently, we are primarily engaged in the acquisition and exploration of precious metals mineral properties. Since 1998, we have examined various mineral properties prospective for precious metals and minerals and have acquired interests in those we believe may contain precious metals and minerals. Our properties are located in Arizona. We have not established that any of our properties contain reserves. A reserve is that part of a mineral deposit which could be economically and legally extracted or produced at the time of the reserve determination. Further exploration will be needed before a final determination can be made whether any property is economically and legally feasible. Therefore, at present we have no reserves and no income from mineral production

The business of mineral exploration is inherently speculative, and involves a number of general risks which could materially adversely affect our results of operation and financial condition, including among others, the rarity of commercial mineral deposits, environmental and other laws and regulations, physical dangers to personnel associated with exploration activity, and political events.

Reserves, by definition, contain mineral deposits in a quantity and in a form room which the target minerals may be economically and legally extracted or produced. We have not established that such reserves exist on our properties and unless and until we do so we will not have any income from our mineral operations.

The business of mineral exploration is very speculative because there is generally no way to recover any of the funds expended on exploration unless the company establishes the existence of mineable reserves and then exploits those reserves by either commencing mining operations, selling or leasing its interest in the property, or entering into a joint venture with a larger resource company that can develop the property to the production stage. Unless we can establish and exploit reserves before our funds are exhausted, we will have to discontinue operations, which could make our stock valueless.

Our directors and executive officers lack significant experience or technical training in exploring for precious metal deposits and developing mines. Accordingly, our management may not be fully aware of many of the specific requirements related to working within this industry. Their decisions and choices may not take into account standard engineering or managerial approaches such as mineral exploration companies commonly use. Consequently, our operations, earnings, and ultimate financial success could suffer irreparable harm due to our management's lack of experience in the mining industry. We plan to align our Company with reputable, knowledgeable experts in the mining industry to overcome this lack of experience and expertise, such as our service agreement with Zereko Nevada, Inc, and Karel Pieterse, a mining engineer.

Any changes in government policy may result in changes to laws affecting ownership of assets, land tenure, mining policies, taxation, environmental regulations, labor relations, or other factors relating to our exploration activities. Such changes could cause us to incur significant unforeseen expenses of compliance or even require us to suspend our activities altogether.

Our directors and executive officers own a significant amount of our voting capital common stock, and accordingly, exert considerable influence over us. As of March 31, 2006, our directors and executive officers beneficially owned common stock and securities convertible into our common stock which, upon exercise, would equal to approximately 38% of the voting power. As a result, these stockholders are potentially able to decide all matters requiring stockholder approval, including the election of directors and the approval of significant corporate transactions. This concentration of ownership could also delay or prevent a change in control that may be favored by other stockholders.

### **Going Concern**

We have incurred substantial operating and net losses, as well as negative operating cash flow, since our inception. Accordingly, we continued to have significant stockholder deficits and working capital deficits during the year ended December 31, 2006. In recognition of these trends, our independent registered accountants included cautionary statements in their report on our financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2006 that expressed "substantial doubt" regarding our ability to continue as a going concern. Specifically, our independent accountants have opined that the continuation of our Company as a going concern is dependent upon obtaining sufficient working capital to be successful in that effort.

Our ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on obtaining additional working capital and our management has developed a strategy which it believes will accomplish this objective through additional equity funding, long term financing, and payment of our expenses by our officers, if needed, which will enable us to operate for the coming year.

### **Plan of Operation**

Over the next twelve months, we intend to focus on obtaining financing necessary for further exploration on the Detrital Wash Property and implementation of the recommendations of the Zereko Report to assess the commercial viability of mineral extraction from deposits on the Detrital Wash Property and the establishment of a precious metal reserve. Given our limited resources and our ability to obtain financing, we intend to concentrate our efforts and our available finances on the continued exploration of the Detrital Wash Property. At present, our Management has no intention of continuing the exploration of the Wikieup Property, although should financing become available with respect to the Wikieup Property, our Management may consider further mineral exploration of the Wikieup Property.

Due to our limited financial resources, we do not anticipate any purchase or sale of property, plant, or other significant equipment, and we do not expect any significant changes in the number of our employees.

### **Financing**

We have no credit lines or other sources of cash. We believe our current cash is sufficient to sustain our administrative overhead over the next twelve months, and to continue some exploration operations on our Detrital Wash Property. We will continue to pursue means to expand our exploration activities, either by seeking additional capital through loans or private placements of our securities, or possibly entering joint venture arrangements with one or more other, more substantial companies. If we raise capital by selling our equity stock, the proportionate ownership of existing shareholders will be diluted.

During our fiscal year ended December 31, 2006, we secured additional funding through the private placement of our restricted common stock shares at prices ranging from \$0.010 to \$0.015 per share. In the aggregate, we sold 22,676,667 restricted common stock shares during our fiscal year 2006 for a net purchase price of \$270,600. We believe the issuance was exempt from the registration requirements pursuant to Regulation D or Section 4(2) of the Securities Act. (See: "Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities").

In addition, certain of our directors have from time to time advanced funds to our Company for the payment of operating expenses. These advances have been repaid in cash and through the issuance of restricted shares of our common stock. There were no amounts owing to the Company's directors at December 31, 2006 and 2005. During the year ended December 31, 2006, our Directors did not contribute any capital amounts to the Company.

## LIQUIDITY

### Liquidity and Capital Resources

	2006	2005
Net cash Used in Operating Activities	\$ (492,560)	\$ (651,875)
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	—	—
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities	290,600	656,826

### General

Overall, we had negative cash flows of \$201,960 for the year ended December 31, 2006, resulting from \$492,560 used in our operating activities and \$290,600 provided by our financing activities. No cash was provided by our investing activities for the fiscal year 2006.

### Cash Used in Our Operating Activities

For the year ended December 31, 2006, net cash used in our operating activities of \$492,560 was due primarily to general and administrative expenses and expenses associated with professional services and management fees and compensations.

### Cash Provided by Our Financing Activities

Net cash used in our financing activities of \$290,600 in the year ended December 31, 2006 was comprised of cash provided by the issuance of common stock and warrants.

### Internal Sources of Liquidity

For the year ended December 31, 2006, the funds generated from our operations were insufficient to fund our daily operations. There is no assurance that funds from our operations will meet the requirements of our daily operations in the future. In the event that funds from our operations are insufficient to meet our operating requirements, we will need to seek other sources of financing to maintain liquidity.

## **External Sources of Liquidity**

We actively pursue all potential financing options as we look to secure additional funds to both stabilize and grow our business operations. Our management will review any financing options at their disposal, and will judge each potential source of funds on its individual merits. There can be no assurance that we will be able to secure additional funds from debt or equity financing, as and when we need to, or if we can, that the terms of such financing will be favorable to us or our existing stockholders.

On October 28, 2003, we approved the acceptance of a subscription agreement and loan agreement between us and Kilpatrick Life Insurance Company. Under the terms of these agreements, Kilpatrick Life Insurance Company loaned to us \$250,000 pursuant to a promissory note, carrying an interest rate of 6% pr annum, with interest payable in quarterly installments with the first quarterly interest payment due on April 28, 2004. This note is due and payable in full on October 28, 2006, and is secured by a mortgage of a 25% mineral interest in our 1,280 acre Detrital Wash Mining Claims in Mohave County, Arizona. Kilpatrick Life Insurance Company had waived payment of all interest due until October 28, 2006.

On October 30, 2006, Kilpatrick Life Insurance Company converted the outstanding loan of \$250,000 and interest due in the amount of \$28,875.25 into shares of our common stock at a rate of \$0.015 per share for a total of 18,591,682 shares.

## **Inflation**

Management believes that inflation has not had a material effect on our results of operations, and does not expect that it will in fiscal year 2007, except that rising oil and gas prices may materially and adversely impact the economy generally.

## **Forward Looking Statements**

This Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations includes a number of forward-looking statements that reflect our management's current views with respect to future events and financial performance. Those statements include statements regarding our intent, belief or current expectations, and those of members of our management team, as well as the assumptions on which such statements are based. Prospective investors are cautioned that any such forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risk and uncertainties, and that actual results may differ materially from those contemplated by such forward-looking statements. Readers are urged to carefully review and consider the various disclosures made by us throughout this Report, as well as in our other reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Important factors currently known to Management could cause actual results to differ materially from those in forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to update or revise forward-looking statements to reflect changed assumptions, the occurrence of unanticipated events or changes in future operating results over time. We believe that our assumptions are based upon reasonable data derived from and known about our business and operations. No assurances are made that actual results of operations or the results of any future activities will not differ materially from our assumptions.

Since our trading shares are classified as “penny stocks”, we are not entitled to rely upon the “Safe Harbor” provisions adopted by the SEC under the Exchange Act with respect to Forward Looking Statements. Nevertheless, investors are urged to give serious consideration to those factors which we have identified as outside of our control, and the consequences to us and our investors if our anticipated results do not come to pass as expected as a result of material deviations which may occur from the assumptions we have relied upon in making Forward-Looking Statements.

### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements.

### **ITEM 7. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Our Financial Statements and supplementary data are included beginning immediately following the signature page to this Report. See Item 13 for a list of the Financial Statements and financial statement schedules included with this filing.

### **ITEM 8. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE**

None.

### **ITEM 8A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

#### **(a) Disclosure Controls and Procedures.**

Our management evaluated, with the participation of our Chief Executive and Financial Officer, the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this Annual Report on Form 10-KSB, December 31, 2006. Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive and Financial Officer has concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the Exchange Act) are ineffective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms. We are developing a plan to ensure that all information will be recorded, processed, summarized and reported on a timely basis. This plan is dependent, in part, upon reallocation of responsibilities among various personnel, possibly hiring additional personnel and additional funding. It should also be noted that the design of any system of controls is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions, regardless of how remote.

#### **(b) Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

There was no change in the our internal controls that occurred during the fourth quarter of the period covered by this report that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to affect, the company's internal controls over financial reporting.



## **ITEM 8B. OTHER INFORMATION**

### **Item 1.01 Entry into a Material Definitive Agreement**

As disclosed in our previous filings with the SEC, on October 28, 2003, we approved the acceptance of a subscription agreement and loan agreement between us and Kilpatrick Life Insurance Company, a major shareholder of our company. Under the terms of these agreements, Kilpatrick Life Insurance Company loaned to us \$250,000 pursuant to a promissory note, carrying an interest rate of 6% pr annum, with interest payable in quarterly installments with the first quarterly interest payment due on April 28, 2004. This note is due and payable in full on October 28, 2006, and is secured by a mortgage of a 25% mineral interest in our 1,280 acre Detrital Wash Mining Claims in Mohave County, Arizona. Kilpatrick Life Insurance Company had waived payment of all interest due until October 28, 2006.

On October 30, 2006, Kilpatrick Life Insurance Company entered into an agreement with us to convert the outstanding loan of \$250,000 and interest due in the amount of \$28,875.25 into shares of our common stock at a rate of \$0.015 per share for a total of 18,591,682 shares.

### **Item 3.02 Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities**

As disclosed in Item 1.01 above, on October 30, 2006, we committed to issue 18,591,682 share of our restricted common stock to Kilpatrick Life Insurance Company, pursuant to the conversion of an outstanding loan of \$250,000 and interest due in the amount of \$28,875.25 at a rate of \$0.015 per share. We believe the issuance was exempt from the registration requirements pursuant to Regulation D or Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

**PART III****ITEM 9. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, PROMOTERS AND CONTROL PERSONS; COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 16(A) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT**

Our executive officers and directors, and their respective ages as of April 17, 2007, are as follows:

Name	Age	Position(s) Held	Date Service Began
Joseph E. Therrell, Jr.	66	Acting President, Acting Treasurer/Chief Financial Officer, Director	October 2004
Jacquelyn B. Wine	63	Acting Secretary	January 2007
Virginia K. Shehee	83	Director, Chairman of the Board	January 2005
Robert M. Glover	53	Director	November 2006
John E. Tuma	49	Director	November 2006

**Mr. Joseph E. Therrell, Jr.** currently serves as our Acting President, our Acting Treasurer/Chief Financial Officer, and as a Director on our Board of Directors. Mr. Therrell concurrently serves as the Vice President and Chief Investment Officer for Kilpatrick Life Insurance Company, a major shareholder of our Company. Mr. Therrell has served as a Director of our Company since October of 2005 and has served as the Vice President and Chief Investment Officer for Kilpatrick Life Insurance Company since December of 1989. He oversees all investments and commercial loans funded by Kilpatrick Life Insurance Company. Mr. Therrell attended Vanderbilt University in Nashville, Tennessee and graduated with a Bachelor's Degree in History. He also attended Tennessee Bankers Association School at Vanderbilt in 1969 and received his Masters Degree in 1982 from the Graduate School of Banking of Louisiana State University in Baton Rouge, Louisiana. From 1965 to 1974, Mr. Therrell served as Branch Manager for First American National Bank in Nashville, Tennessee, and from 1974 to 1989, Mr. Therrell served as the Vice President of Louisiana Bank & Trust Company.

**Ms. Jacquelyn B. Wine** currently serves as our Acting Secretary. Ms. Wine is also the Assistant Secretary/Treasurer for Kilpatrick Life Insurance Company, a major shareholder of our Company. Ms. Wine commenced working for Kilpatrick Life Insurance Company as Executive Assistant to the President in 1990. Ms. Wine was elected Assistant Secretary and Assistant Treasurer in March of 1995. From February 1979 to September 1990, Ms. Wine concurrently served as Corporate Secretary of two related companies, McConathy Oil and Gas Company and McConathy Production, Inc.

**Ms. Virginia K. Shehee** currently serves as the Chairman of our Board of Directors, a position she has held since January 2005. Mr. Shehee concurrently serves as the President and Chief Executive Officer of Kilpatrick Life Insurance Company, a major shareholder of our Company, and Kilpatrick's Rose-Neath Funeral Homes and Cemeteries, Inc. Ms. Shehee has served as the President and Chief Executive Officer of Kilpatrick Life Insurance Company and Kilpatrick's Rose-Neath Funeral Homes, Crematorium and Cemeteries, Inc. since October 1971. She oversees all operations of Kilpatrick Life Insurance Company and Kilpatrick's Rose-Neath Funeral Homes, Crematorium and Cemeteries, Inc. Ms. Shehee is a former State Senator of Louisiana and has served on the Forum 500 Board of Governors and on the Committee on Committees of the American Council of Life Insurance (ACLI). She has also served on the Board of Directors and on the Taxation Steering Committee of the ACLI. In addition, Mrs. Shehee is Chairman Emeritus of the Biomedical Research Foundation of Northwest Louisiana, for which she has previously served as the President and Chairman of its board of directors. Mrs. Shehee is a director of the Louisiana Insurers' Conference and has previously served in various executive capacities for the Life Insurers Conference. She is the chairman of the Louisiana Life & Health Insurance Guaranty Association and a member of the National Organization of Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association.



**Mr. Robert M. Glover** has served as a Director of our company since November 2006. Mr. Glover has also assisted our Company as a business consultant since April 2005. For the past 30 years, Mr. Glover has been the President of Glover Enterprises, a business consulting firm, and the President of Glover Security Services, a company specializing in personal protection services.

**Mr. John E. Tuma** has served as a Director of our Company since December 2006. Mr. Tuma has been the President and CEO of ARKLA Disposal Services, Inc., a water treatment and processing company, since February of 2001. From 1998 to January 2001, Mr. Tuma was the founder, President and CEO of Southwest Vacuum Services, Inc., which provided transportation of non-hazardous and hazardous waste water generators in Houston, Texas, and Shreveport, Louisiana. From 1994 to 1998, Mr. Tuma was the President and CEO of Re-Claim Environmental, Inc., where he operated two waste water facilities.

### **Term of Office**

Our directors are elected for a one-year term to hold office until the next annual general meeting of our shareholders, or until removed from office in accordance with our bylaws and applicable law. Our officers are appointed by our Board of Directors and hold office until removed by the Board.

### **Family Relationships**

There are no familial relationships among any of our directors, executive officers, or persons nominated or chosen to become directors or executive officers.

### **Involvement in Certain Legal Proceedings**

During the past five years, no present or former director, executive officer or person nominated to become a director or an executive officer of the Company:

- (1) was a general partner or executive officer of any business against which any bankruptcy petition was filed, either at the time of the bankruptcy or two years prior to that time;
- (2) was convicted in a criminal proceeding or named subject to a pending criminal proceeding (excluding traffic violations and other minor offenses);
- (3) was subject to any order, judgment or decree, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated, of any court of competent jurisdiction, permanently or temporarily enjoining, barring, suspending or otherwise limiting his involvement in any type of business, securities or banking activities; or
- (4) was found by a court of competent jurisdiction (in a civil action), the Securities and Exchange Commission or the Commodity Futures Trading Commission to have violated a Federal or state securities or commodities law, and the judgment has not been reversed, suspended or vacated.

### **Audit Committee and Financial Expert Disclosures**

Section 301 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2003, and SEC regulations implementing that provision require that public companies disclose a determination by their Board of Directors as to the existence of a financial expert on their audit committee and, if none is determined to exist, that the Board of Directors has determined that no one serving on its Board of Directors meets the qualification of a financial expert as defined in the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and implementing regulations.

As of December 31, 2006, and as of the date of filing of this report, we have not created any standing committees of the Board of Directors, including an audit committee. Accordingly, our entire Board of Directors serves as our audit committee.

We also disclose that our Board has determined that we have not, and we do not, possess on our Board of Directors anyone who qualifies as an audit committee financial expert and, unless and until one is identified and agrees to serve, we will continue to rely on outside professional consultants who advise us with respect to audit matters.

### **Compliance with Section 16(A) of the Securities Exchange Act**

Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act requires our executive officers and directors, and persons who beneficially own more than ten percent of our equity securities, to file reports of ownership and changes in ownership with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Officers, directors and greater than ten percent shareholders are required by SEC regulation to furnish us with copies of all Section 16(a) forms they file. Based solely upon review of the copies of such reports furnished to us during, and with respect to, the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006 or any written representations we received from a director, officer, or beneficial owner of more than 10% of our common stock that no other reports were required during that period, we believe that, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006, all Section 16(a) filing requirements applicable to our reporting persons were met except for the following reports: Forms 5 for John Tuma and Robert Glover.

### **Code of Ethics**

We have adopted a Code of Ethics applicable to our principal executive officers, principal financial officers, principal accounting officers or controllers, or persons performing similar functions, a copy of which was filed as an Exhibit to the Annual Report on Form 10KSB for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005. In addition, a copy of our code of ethics can be obtained by writing our Company at 1818 Marshall Street, Shreveport, Louisiana 71101.

**ITEM 10. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION****Summary Compensation Table**

The following table sets forth information concerning the compensation of our executive officers during 2006:

(a)	(b)	Annual Compensation			Long Term Compensation			(i)
		(c)	(d)	(e)	Awards	Payouts	(h)	
Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary (\$)	Bonus (\$)	Other Annual Compensation (\$)	Restricted Stock Award(s) (\$)	Securities		All Other Compensation (\$)
						Underlying SARs (#)	LTIP Payouts (\$)	
Joseph E. Therrell, Jr., Acting President, Acting Treasurer/Chief Financial Officer	2006	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Denver Cashatt	2006	55,538	6,250	0	0	0	0	0
Dorothy Wommack	2006	45,000	9,100	0	0	0	0	0

**Stock Option Grants**

No stock options were granted to our executive officers or directors during the year ended December 31, 2006.

**Securities Authorized For Issuance under Equity Compensation Plans**

We did not issue any securities to our executive officers or directors under our equity compensation plans during the year ended December 31, 2006.

**Exercises of Stock Options and Year-End Option Values**

No stock options were exercised by our named executive officers during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006, nor have any stock options been exercised by our named executive officers since December 31, 2006, through and including the filing date of this Report.

**Compensation of Directors**

Our directors do not receive any compensation for the services they provide to the Company as directors.

**Employment Agreements**

We currently do not have any written or oral employment agreements with Mr. Therrell or Ms. Wine to serve as our officers, nor have any terms of compensation for their services been approved.

**ITEM 11. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT****Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management**

The following table sets forth certain information concerning the number of shares of our common stock owned beneficially as of the date of this Report by: (i) each person (including any group) known to us to own more than five percent (5%) of any class of our voting securities; (ii) each of our directors and named executive officers; and (iii) all of our officers and directors as a group. Except as otherwise indicated, all stockholders have sole voting and investment power with respect to the shares listed as beneficially owned by them, subject to the rights of spouses under applicable community property laws.

Title of Class	Name and Address of Beneficial Owner	Amount of Beneficial Ownership	Percent of Class
Common	Joseph E. Therrell, Jr. 1818 Marshall Street Shreveport, LA 71101	1,704,545	0.63%
Common	Jacquelyn B. Wine 1818 Marshall Street Shreveport, LA 71101	266,667 (1)	0.10%
Common	Virginia K. Shehee 1818 Marshall St. Shreveport, LA 71161	57,954,409(2)	21.35%
Common	Robert M. Glover 1485 County Road 3225 Mt. Pleasant, TX 75455-7902	2,150,000	8.35%
Common	John Tuma 18342 Wild Lilac Trail Humble, TX 77346	2,166,668	0.79%
Common	All officers and directors as a group	64,242,289	23.67%
Common	Denver B. Cashatt (3) 301 Alexander Road, Mt. Pleasant, TX 75455	1,768,752	0.65%
Common	Dottie Wommack (4) 412 Country Road Mt. Pleasant, TX 75455-7906	2,241,669	0.83%

Common	Kamal Alawas P.O. Box 1191 Everett, WA 98206	27,964,524 (5)	10.30%
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- (1) Includes 166,667 shares owned by Ms. Wine's husband.
- (2) Includes 33,760,000 shares beneficially owned by Kilpatrick Life Insurance Company, a privately-owned company controlled by Mrs. Shehee.
- (3) Mr. Cashatt resigned as our President, Chief Executive Officer and Director on January 8, 2007.
- (4) On January 16, 2007, Ms. Wommack was replaced by Mr. Therrell as our Acting Treasurer/Chief Financial Officer and by Ms. Wine as our Acting Secretary.
- (5) Includes 1,500,000 shares beneficially owned by Alawas Investments, an entity controlled by Mr. Alawas.



## ITEM 12. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

Except for the transactions described below, during the last two years, none of our directors, officers or principal stockholders, nor any associate or affiliate of the foregoing have any interest, direct or indirect, in any transaction, or in any proposed transactions, which has materially affected or will materially affect us.

### Transactions with Executive Officers and Directors

In April of 2004, we agreed to pay our executive officers Denver Cashatt and Dottie Wommack finder's fees in an amount equal to 10% of the funds they raised in our private placements. During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006, we paid Mr. Cashatt and Ms. Wommack a total of \$6,250 and \$9,100 in finder's fees, respectively.

On or about November 4, 2005, we entered into an employment agreement with Robert M. Glover, who was, at the time, not a director of our company. Pursuant to the employment agreement, Mr. Glover agreed to act as our Director of Operations for an annual compensation of \$100,000, to be paid on bi-monthly basis. Mr. Glover also receives a monthly car expense of \$1,000 for the use of his personal vehicle and reimbursements for all documented cellular and other telephone expenses, as well as other business-related expenses. Mr. Glover is eligible for quarterly merit bonuses at the discretion of upper management. We also agreed to pay for taxes resulting from Mr. Glover's compensation under the employment agreement. Upon the completion of an acquisition of any of our corporate properties, the entry of a joint venture that results in a dramatic improvement of the status of our company, or the successful buyout of our company, Mr. Glover is to receive 1,000,000 shares of our restricted common stock as a bonus at the discretion of our management. On January 18, 2006, the parties terminated this employment agreement.

Mr. Glover currently receives a monthly salary of \$5,000 and reimbursement for gasoline for his car for services he provides us as our Director of Operations.

On or about November 4, 2005, we entered into an employment agreement with Denver Cashatt, our then President and Chief Executive Officer pursuant to which we agreed to pay Mr. Cashatt an annual salary of \$100,000, to be paid on a monthly basis, to serve as our President and Chief Executive Officer. Furthermore, we agreed to reimburse Mr. Cashatt for his individual health insurance in the event that Mr. Cashatt qualifies for such and to pay taxes resulting from compensation Mr. Cashatt received under Form 1099. Mr. Cashatt was to also receive reimbursement for actual and reasonable business expenses incurred, including automobile expenses for the use of his personal vehicles and use of his personal dwelling for business offices at a monthly rate of \$550 for office space and \$50 for utilities. The term of the agreement was three years. Mr. Cashatt also received 2,000,000 shares of our restricted common stock as a signing bonus.

On or about November 4, 2005, we entered into an employment agreement with Dottie Wommack, our then Secretary, Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer, under which we agreed to pay Ms. Wommack an annual salary of \$60,000, to be paid on a monthly basis, to serve as our Secretary, Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer. We further agreed to reimburse Ms. Wommack for all documented business-related expenses and individual health insurance in the event that Ms. Wommack qualifies for such and to pay taxes resulting from compensation Ms. Wommack received under Form 1099. Ms. Wommack was also to receive a monthly car expense of \$500 for the use of her personal vehicle and reimbursements for all documented cellular and other telephone expenses, as well as other documented business-related expenses. Ms. Wommack was eligible for quarterly merit bonuses at the discretion of our management. Upon the completion of an acquisition of any of our corporate properties, the entry of a joint venture that results in a dramatic improvement of the status of our company, or the successful buyout of our company, Ms. Wommack was to receive 1,000,000 shares of our restricted common stock as a bonus at the discretion of our management.

In August of 2006, our Director Joseph E. Therrell, Jr. exercised warrants to purchase shares of our common stock at an exercise price of \$0.01 per share, receiving 51,000 shares of our common stock for \$5,100.

In August of 2006, our Director Virginia K. Shehee exercised warrants to purchase shares of our common stock at \$0.01 per share, receiving 1,000,000 shares of our common stock for \$10,000.

#### Transactions with Other Related Parties

As discussed above, on October 30, 2006, Kilpatrick Life Insurance Company, a major shareholder of our Company who employs Ms. Shehee as its Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Therrell as its Vice President and Chief Investment Officer, and Ms. Wine as its Assistant Secretary/Treasurer entered into an agreement with us to convert the outstanding loan of \$250,000 and interest due in the amount of \$28,875.25 into shares of our common stock at a rate of \$0.015 per share for a total of 18,591,682 shares.

### **ITEM 13. EXHIBITS**

#### Exhibit Index

Exhibit No.	Description
2.1 (3)	Acquisition Agreement and Plan of Reorganization dated November 15, 2002 by and among the Company, Pita King Bakeries and the Shareholders of Pita King
3.(I) (1)	Articles of Incorporation of the Company dated October 26, 1993.
3.(i) (10)	Certificate of Amendment to Articles of Incorporation, as filed with the Nevada Secretary of State on December 21, 2004.

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- 3.(i) (10) Certificate of Amendment to Articles of Incorporation, as filed with the Nevada Secretary of State on April 30, 1997.
- 3.(i) (10) Certificate of Amendment to Articles of Incorporation, as filed with the Nevada Secretary of State on April 30, 1997.
- 3.(i) (10) Certificate of Amendment to Articles of Incorporation, as filed with the Nevada Secretary of State on February 18, 1997.
- 3.(i) (10) Certificate of Amendment to Articles of Incorporation, as filed with the Nevada Secretary of State on January 22, 1997
- 3.(II) (1) Bylaws of the Company
- 4.1 (11) Form of 2006 Stock Option Plan
- 4.2\* Form of Warrant Certificate
- 10.1 (2) Independent Contractor/Consulting Agreement dated May 9, 2001 between the Company and James Williams.
- 10.1 (4) Mining Property Lease Agreement dated March 2, 1998 between the Company and James R. Ardoin
- 10.2 (4) Agreement dated July 17, 1998 between the Company and AuRc Metallurgical Laboratories, Inc.
- 10.3 (6) Exploration Rights Agreement dated February 13, 2004 between the Company and Associated Placer Group
- 10.4 (7) Service Agreement dated February 16, 2005 between the Company and Zereko Nevada, Inc.
- 10.5 (8) Joint Venture Agreement dated January 10, 2006 between the Company and Resolve Capital Funding Corporation, Inc.
- 10.6 (9) Agreement dated September 23, 2000 between the Company, Gold Standard Mines, Inc. and Howard Sadlier
- 10.7 (9) Assignment of Rights to Proprietary Formula dated March 21, 2001 between the Company, Gold Standard Mines, Inc. and Howard Sadlier
- 10.8 (9) Officer Employment Agreement dated April 1, 2004 between the Company and Dottie Wommack
- 10.9 (9) Mutual Agreement to Dissolve Business Relationships with an effective date of January 1, 2004 between the Company Pita King Bakeries International, Inc.
- 10.10 (9) Officer Employment Agreement dated November 4, 2005 between the Company and Denny Cashatt.

10.11\* Subscription Agreement dated March 9, 2006 between the Company and Davy  
Palmans

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- 10.12\* Subscription Agreement dated March 13, 2006 between the Company and Robert Brown
- 10.13\* Subscription Agreement dated March 13, 2006 between the Company and Tim Harts
- 10.14\* Subscription Agreement dated August 4, 2006 between the Company and Plaut Holding Co. - J, L.P.
- 10.15\* Subscription Agreement dated August 4, 2006 between the Company and Joseph Burk and Marlene Burk JTWROS
- 10.16\* Subscription Agreement dated August 18, 2006 between the Company and Joseph C. Stauffer
- 10.17\* Subscription Agreement dated October 30, 2006 between the Company and Kilpatrick Life Insurance Company
- 14.1 (9) Code of Ethics for Principal Executive Officers and Senior Financial Officers of the Company
- 21.1\* List of Subsidiaries of the Company
- 31.1\* Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.1\* Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

**Financial Statements**

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Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005	F-4
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005	F-5
Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005	F-6
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005	F-8

**Financial Statement Schedules**

The financial statement schedules required by Regulation S-X are omitted because they are not applicable or the required information is shown in the Financial Statements or notes thereto.

**ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES**

We appointed the accounting firm of Madsen & Associates CPA's, Inc. ("Madsen") to serve as our independent auditors for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005. During our fiscal years 2006 and 2005, accrued fees owed to Madsen are as follows:

**Audit Fees**

2006	2005
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\$13,276	\$12,431
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**Audit Related Fees**

2006	2005
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\$0	\$0
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Audit Fees and Audit Related Fees consist of fees billed for professional services rendered for auditing our Financial Statements, reviews of interim Financial Statements included in quarterly reports, services performed in connection with other filings with the Securities & Exchange Commission and related comfort letters and other services that are normally provided by our independent auditors in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements.

**Tax Fees**

2006	2005
------	------

\$0	\$0
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Tax Fees consists of fees billed for professional services for tax compliance, tax advice and tax planning. These services include assistance regarding federal, state and local tax compliance and consultation in connection with various transactions and acquisitions.

**All Other Fees**

2006 2005

\$0 \$0

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## SIGNATURES

In accordance with Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

### INTERNATIONAL STAR, INC.

By: /s/ Joseph E. Therrell, Jr.

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Joseph E. Therrell, Jr.  
Acting President, Acting Treasurer and  
Director

Date: April 17, 2007

In accordance with the Securities Exchange Act, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

By: /s/ Joseph E. Therrell, Jr.

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Joseph E. Therrell, Jr.  
Acting President, Acting Treasurer and Director

Date: April 17, 2007

By: /s/ Jacquelyn B. Wine

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Jacquelyn B. Wine  
Acting Secretary

Date: April 17, 2007

By: /s/ Virginia K. Shehee

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Virginia K. Shehee  
Director

Date: April 17, 2007

By: /s/ Robert M. Glover

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Robert M. Glover  
Director

Date: April 17, 2007



By: /s/ John E. Tuma

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John E. Tuma  
Director

Date: April 17, 2007

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Board of Directors  
International Star, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Shreveport, Louisiana

**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED ACCOUNTING FIRM**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of International Star, Inc. and Subsidiaries (an Exploration Stage Company) as of December 31, 2006 and the consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, and for the period from inception of exploration stage (January 1, 2004) through December 31, 2006. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board ("PCAOB"). Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used, significant estimates made by management and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, based upon our audits, these consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material aspects, the consolidated financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2006, and the consolidated results of its operations and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, and for the period from inception of exploration stage (January 1, 2004) through December 31, 2006, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. The Company does not have the necessary working capital to service its debt and for its planned activity, which raises substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regard to these matters are described in Note J to the financial statements. These financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Madsen & Associates CPA's, Inc.  
April 13, 2007  
Salt Lake City, Utah

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**INTERNATIONAL STAR, INC.  
AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET  
(An Exploration Stage Company)**

**ASSETS**December 31,  
2006**Current Assets:**

Cash	\$	3,260
<b>Total Current Assets</b>		<b>3,260</b>

<b>Fixed Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)</b>		<b>28,564</b>
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<b>Total Assets</b>	\$	<b>31,824</b>
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**LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY  
(DEFICIT)**

**Current Liabilities:**

Accounts payable	\$	256,791
Deposits		20,000
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>		<b>276,791</b>

**Stockholders' Equity (Deficit):**

Common Stock, \$.001 par value; authorized 780,000,000 shares;	\$	257,694
issued and outstanding 257,693,292 at December 31, 2006		
Paid-In Capital		4,162,327
Accumulated Deficit		(4,664,988)
<b>Total Stockholders' Equity</b>		<b>(244,967)</b>
<b>Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity</b>	\$	<b>31,824</b>

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

**INTERNATIONAL STAR, INC.  
AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**

	Year Ended December 31, 2006	Year Ended December 31, 2005	Cumulative from Inception of Exploration Stage (January 1, 2004) to December 31, 2006
<b>Revenue:</b>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
<b>Total Revenue</b>	-	-	-
<b>Expenses:</b>			
Mineral exploration costs	57,217	247,640	536,002
Professional fees	110,601	24,435	222,849
Management fees & Compensation	426,355	420,727	1,343,909
Depreciation & amortization	3,400	1,614	7,873
General & administrative	211,986	93,615	347,975
<b>Total Expenses</b>	<b>809,559</b>	<b>788,031</b>	<b>2,458,608</b>
<b>Net (Loss) from Operations</b>	<b>\$ (809,559)</b>	<b>\$ (788,031)</b>	<b>\$ (2,458,608)</b>
<b>Other Income (Expenses)</b>			
Interest Expense	(12,500)	(11,250)	(53,027)
Loss on divestiture of subsidiary	-	-	(99,472)
<b>Total Other Expenses</b>	<b>(12,500)</b>	<b>(11,250)</b>	<b>(152,499)</b>
<b>Net Loss</b>	<b>(822,059)</b>	<b>(799,281)</b>	<b>(2,611,107)</b>
<b>Weighted Average Shares</b>			
<b>Common Stock Outstanding</b>	<b>234,642,916</b>	<b>201,308,938</b>	
<b>Net Loss Per Common Share (Basic and Fully Dilutive)</b>	<b>\$ (0.00)</b>	<b>\$ (0.00)</b>	

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

**INTERNATIONAL STAR, INC.  
AND SUBSIDIARIES  
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

	Year Ended December 31, 2006	Year Ended December 31, 2005	Cumulative from Inception of Exploration Stage (January 1, 2004) to December 31, 2006
<b>Cash Flows Used in Operating Activities:</b>			
<b>Net Loss</b>	\$ (822,059)	\$ (799,281)	\$ (2,611,107)
Common stock issued for services	76,000	-	\$ 207,500
Loss of divestiture of Pita King	-	-	\$ 99,472
Depreciation & Amortization	3,400	1,614	\$ 7,873
<b>Changes to Operating Assets and Liabilities:</b>			
(Increase) decrease in screened ore	-	-	\$ 2,600
(Increase) decrease in Accounts Receivable and Prepays	-	54,000	\$ 79,795
(Increase) decrease in Inventories	-	-	\$ 63,812
(Increase) decrease in goodwill	-	-	\$ 92,874
(Decrease) Increase in accounts payables and accrued interest	250,099	91,792	\$ 209,224
<b>Cash Flows Used in Operating Activities</b>	<b>(492,560)</b>	<b>(651,875)</b>	<b>(1,847,957)</b>
<b>Cash Flows used in Investing Activities:</b>			
Purchase fixed assets	-	-	\$ (29,355)
<b>Cash Flows Used in Investing Activities</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(29,355)</b>
<b>Cash Flows from Financing Activities:</b>			
Deposits	20,000	-	20,000
Common stock and warrants issued for cash	270,600	656,826	\$ 1,496,426
<b>Cash Flows from Financing Activities</b>	<b>290,600</b>	<b>656,826</b>	<b>1,516,426</b>
<b>Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash</b>	<b>(201,960)</b>	<b>4,951</b>	<b>(360,886)</b>
<b>Cash at Beginning of Period</b>	<b>205,220</b>	<b>200,269</b>	<b>364,146</b>
<b>Cash at End of Period</b>	<b>\$ 3,260</b>	<b>\$ 205,220</b>	<b>\$ 3,260</b>

**Supplemental Non-Cash Financing  
Activities:**Common stock issued for payment of  
notes payable and accrued interest**278,875**Common stock issued for accrued  
compensation**57,500**Capital contributed for payment of loans,  
cash advances and interest

\$

-

\$

**81,392**

\$

**81,392****Interest Paid**

\$

**21,777**

\$

**31,883****Income Taxes Paid**

\$

-

\$

-

\$

-

**See accompanying notes to financial statements.**

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**INTERNATIONAL STAR, INC.  
AND SUBSIDIARIES  
STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY**

**Cumulative from Inception of Exploration Stage (January 1, 2004) through December 31, 2006**

	Common Stock Shares	Common Stock Amount	Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Total Equity
<b>Balances at December 31, 2003</b>	<b>180,126,681</b>	<b>\$ 180,127</b>	<b>\$ 2,183,198</b>	<b>\$ (2,053,882)</b>	<b>\$ 309,443</b>
Shares cancelled from divestiture of Pita King Bakeries, Int'l, Inc.	(12,000,000)	\$ (12,000)	\$ 4,000	-	\$ (8,000)
Shares retained to Company and cancelled	(105,000)	\$ (105)	\$ (2,895)	-	\$ (3,000)
Common stock issued for cash. February 20, 2004 Valued at \$.05 per share	90,000	\$ 90	\$ 1,410	-	\$ 1,500
Common stock issued for cash. February 20, 2004 Valued at \$.06 per share	300,000	\$ 300	\$ 5,700	-	\$ 6,000
Common stock issued for cash. April 27, 2004 Valued at \$.11 per share	409,092	\$ 409	\$ 14,591	-	\$ 15,000
Common stock issued for cash. May 28, 2004 Valued at \$.07 per share	454,545	\$ 455	\$ 9,545	-	\$ 10,000
Common stock issued for cash. June 7, 2004 Valued at \$.07 per share	4,090,908	\$ 4,091	\$ 85,909	-	\$ 90,000
Capital contributed for interest expenses. June 30, 2004	-	\$ -	\$ 7,500	-	\$ 7,500
Common stock issued for services. September 30, 2004 Valued at \$.03 per share	6,000,000	\$ 6,000	\$ 54,000	-	\$ 60,000
Common stock issued for cash. October 6, 2004 Valued at \$.10 per share	2,250,000	\$ 2,250	\$ 72,750	-	\$ 75,000



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Common stock issued for cash.

November 29, 2004

Valued at \$.10 per share	1,500,000 \$	1,500 \$	48,500 \$	-	\$ 50,000
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Common stock issued for cash.

December 8, 2004

Valued at \$.10 per share	9,750,000 \$	9,750 \$	315,250 \$	-	\$ 325,000
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Common stock issued for services.

December 31, 2004

Valued at \$.10 per share	420,000 \$	420 \$	13,580 \$	-	\$ 14,000
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Capital contributed for services and accrued expenses

-	\$ -	-	\$ 73,892	-	\$ 73,892
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**Net (loss) for year ended December**

<b>31, 2004</b>	-	\$ -	-	\$ (799,281)	\$ (799,281)
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<b>Balances at December 31, 2004</b>	<b>193,286,226 \$</b>	<b>193,286 \$</b>	<b>2,886,930 \$</b>	<b>(3,043,648) \$</b>	<b>36,569</b>
--------------------------------------	-----------------------	-------------------	---------------------	-----------------------	---------------

1 for 3 forward stock split. February 22, 2005

Common stock issued for cash.

February 4, 2005

Valued at \$.05 per share	199,500 \$	200 \$	9,776	-	9,975
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Common stock issued for cash.

February 4, 2005

Valued at \$.05 per share	1,151,013 \$	1,151 \$	56,400	-	57,551
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Common stock issued for cash.

March 3, 2005

Valued at \$.049	509,036 \$	509 \$	24,447	-	24,956
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Common stock and warrants issued for cash. March 3, 2005

Valued at \$.03	1,666,667 \$	1,667 \$	48,313	-	49,980
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Common stock and warrants issued  
for cash, March 3, 2005

Valued at \$.02	4,500,000 \$	4,500 \$	85,477	89,977
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Common stock issued for cash,  
March 31, 2005

Valued at \$.10	500,000 \$	500 \$	49,500	50,000
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Common stock and warrants issued  
for cash, April 26, 2005

Valued at \$.12	833,334 \$	833 \$	99,137	99,970
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Common stock issued for cash, June  
1, 2005.

Valued at \$.066	150,000 \$	150 \$	9,850	10,000
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Common stock and warrants issued  
for cash, June 8, 2005

Valued at \$.06	975,000 \$	975 \$	57,495	58,470
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Common stock and warrants issued  
for cash, August 22, 2005

Valued at \$.02	6,300,000 \$	6,300 \$	119,700	126,000
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Common stock and warrants issued  
for cash, August 22, 2005

Valued at \$.12	166,667 \$	167 \$	19,833	20,000
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Common stock issued for cash,  
December 16, 2005.

Valued at \$.02	2,500,000 \$	2,500 \$	47,450	49,950
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Common stock issued for cash,  
December 30, 2005.

Valued at \$.04	250,000 \$	250 \$	9,750	10,000
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**Net (loss) for year ended December  
31, 2005**

(799,281)	(799,281)
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212,987,443 \$	212,987 \$	3,524,059 \$	(3,842,929)	(105,883)
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Common stock issued for accrued  
compensaton, January 6, 2006

Valued at \$.04	1,437,500 \$	1,438 \$	56,062	57,500
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Common stock issued for cash,  
March 13, 2006

Valued at \$.015	1,666,667 \$	1,667 \$	23,333	25,000
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Common stock and  
warrants issued for cash,  
March 13, 2006

Valued at \$ .015	2,433,333	\$	2,433	\$	34,067		36,500
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Common stock issued  
for cash, March 20,  
2006

Valued at \$.01	9,100,000	\$	9,100	\$	81,900		91,000
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Common stock issued  
for cash, June 12, 2006

Valued at \$.02	1,000,000	\$	1,000	\$	19,000		20,000
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Common stock issued  
for services, June 27,  
2006

Valued at \$ .038	2,000,000	\$	2,000	\$	74,000	\$	76,000
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Common stock issued  
for cash, July 31, 2006

Valued at \$ .012	1,666,667	\$	1,667	\$	18,333	\$	20,000
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Common stock issued  
for cash, August 2006

Valued at \$ .01	3,810,000	\$	3,810	\$	34,290	\$	38,100
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Common stock issued  
for cash, August 2006

Valued at \$.015	2,000,000	\$	2,000	\$	28,000	\$	30,000
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Common stock issued  
for cash, October, 2006

Valued at \$ .01 per share	1,000,000	\$	1,000	\$	9,000	\$	10,000
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Common stock issued  
for note payable and  
accrued interest

October 30, 2006, Valued at \$ .015 per share	18,591,682	\$	18,592	\$	260,283	\$	278,875
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**Net (loss) for year  
ended December 31,  
2006**

		\$	(822,059)	\$	(822,059)
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	257,693,292		257,694		4,162,327		(4,664,988)		(244,967)
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See accompanying notes to financial statements.



**INTERNATIONAL STAR, INC.  
AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**DECEMBER 31, 2006**

**A. ORIGINATION AND HISTORY**

International Star, Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated October 28, 1993 as a Nevada corporation. On November 5, 1993, the Company issued 2,500 shares, no par value, for cash consideration of \$5,000 in a 504 intrastate offering. The Company amended its Articles of Incorporation on January 22, 1997, increasing its authorized common stock from 2,500 shares to 100,000,000 shares and modifying its par value to \$.001 per share.

In January 1997, the Company forward split its common stock to 6,000,000 shares in a 2400:1 exchange. In April 1997, the Company again forward split its stock 5:1, increasing the total outstanding shares to 30,000,000 and, in a reorganization of outstanding shares, canceled 17,400,000 shares, forward split the balance of the shares 8:1 for an additional issuance of 10,080,000 shares to the 12,600,000 shares outstanding, and then issued 300,000 shares to the shareholders who canceled the 17,400,000 shares, resulting in 22,980,000 shares issued and outstanding. Also, in April 1997, the Company issued 4,500,000 shares (valued at \$10,000) in consideration of services performed by various individuals and corporations. The 4,500,000-share transaction, which predates the 5:1 and 8:1 transactions, were apparently not impacted by either of the two aforementioned forward splits, but resulted in a total of 27,480,000 shares of common stock issued and outstanding.

In April 1997, the Company entered the waste management business. The Company and an affiliated entity, American Holding Group entered into an oral agreement under which American Holding Group loaned the Company \$50,000 at an interest rate of 3%. A portion of the loan was used to open a Company office in Idaho Falls, Idaho.

Due to a lack of capital, the Company sold its waste management business to Asia Kingtec Co., Ltd. in December 1997 in a small instrumentation sale for \$17,444. The Company closed its office in January 1998 and abandoned the computers and office equipment, purchased at \$6,981, to the three individuals who lead the Company into the waste management business. The Company accounts payable reflect \$11,455 in disputed bills from these discontinued operations, which the Company does not intend to pay.

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The three officers and directors who were appointed at the time of the Company's connection with the foray into the waste management business, resigned in August 1999. The Company accepted the resignations on September 8, 1999.

On July 17, 1998, the Company entered into an extraction agreement with AuRic Metallurgical Laboratories, Inc., a Utah limited liability corporation, with the requirement that the Company pay a 1% net smelter return to AuRic for utilization of its technology.

On October 12, 1998, the Company entered into a letter of intent with North American Industrial Development Authority, Inc. (NAIDA) of Kingman, Arizona. The original proposal involved constructing an investment in a mineral processing plant in order to process ores from the Company's mineral property. In exchange, NAIDA would receive 15% of the total ore produced. However, because of NAIDA's inability to perform, the proposal was never set into motion.

On October 15, 2001, the Company formed a wholly owned subsidiary called Qwik Track, Inc. (Qwik Track). Qwik Track operated as an internet web-based business that provides handicapping, analytical data and statistical information for wagering on thoroughbred horse races. Qwik Track also offers wagering enthusiasts the opportunity to participate in multiple racetrack wagering via the internet.

On October 1, 2002, the Company acquired all of the outstanding shares of common stock of Pita King Bakeries International, Inc. (Pita King) making Pita King a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. Pita King operated a retail bakery outlet in Everett, Washington which commenced operations in September of 2001.

On January 1, 2004, the original shareholders of Pita King and the management of the Company mutually agreed to dissolve their business relationship (see Note H).

The Company's main focus of business, commencing January 1, 2004, is the exploration of mining claims and mining properties. The Company has, in accordance with guidelines of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), appropriately disclosed that the company is considered an exploration stage company.

During 2006 the Company relocated its principal offices from Henderson, Nevada to Mount Pleasant, Texas and then to Shreveport, Louisiana.

**B. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

1. Principles of Consolidation and Accounting Methods

These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of International Star, Inc., and Qwik Track, Inc. (a wholly owned subsidiary) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006 and the accounts of International Star, Inc., Qwik Track, Inc. for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005. Qwik Track, Inc. has no assets and has not had any operations during 2006 and 2005.

2. Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

3. Dividend Policy

The Company did not declare or pay any dividends during the fiscal years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005. There are no legal, contractual or other restrictions, which limit the Company's ability to pay dividends. Payment of future dividends, if any, on the Company's common stock, will be dependent upon the amounts of its future after-tax earnings, if any, and will be subject to the discretion of its Board of Directors. The Company's Board of Directors is not legally obligated to declare dividends, even if the Company is profitable. The Company has never paid any dividends on its common stock and has no plans to do so in the near future. Instead, the Company plans to retain any earnings to finance the development of its business and for general corporate purposes.

4. Mineral Properties and Equipment

The Company has expensed the costs of acquiring and exploring its properties during the periods in which they were incurred, and will continue to do so until it is able to determine that commercially recoverable ore reserves are present on the properties. If it determines that such reserves exist, it will capitalize further costs.

5. Basic and Dilutive Net Income (Loss) Per Share

Basic net income (loss) per share amounts are computed based on the weighted average number of shares actively outstanding in accordance with SFAS NO. 128 "Earnings Per Share." Diluted net income (loss) per share amounts are computed using the weighted average number of common shares and common equivalent shares outstanding as if shares had been issued on the exercise of any common share rights unless the exercise becomes antidilutive and then only the basic per share amounts are shown in the report.

6. Comprehensive Income

The Company adopted SFAS No. 130, "Reporting Comprehensive Income", which requires inclusion of foreign currency translation adjustments, reported separately in its Statement of Stockholders' Equity, in other comprehensive income. Such amounts are immaterial and have not been reported separately. The Company had no other forms of comprehensive income since inception.

7. Stock Based Compensation

The Company has elected to follow Accounting Principles Board Opinion No.25 (APB 25) and related interpretations in accounting for its employee stock options. Under APB25, when the exercise price of employee stock options is equal to the estimated market price of the stock on the date of grant, no compensation expense is recorded. The Company has adopted the disclosure-only provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (SFAS 123) with respect to employee stock options.

8. Income Taxes

The Company has adopted SFAS No. 109 "Accounting for Income Taxes". The Company accounts for income taxes under an asset and liability approach that requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been recognized in the Company's financial statements or tax returns. In estimating future tax consequences, all expected future events, other than enactment of changes in the tax laws or rates, are considered.

Due to the uncertainty regarding the Company's future profitability, the future tax benefits of its losses have been fully reserved and no net tax benefit has been recorded in these financial statements.

9. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The respective carrying value of certain on-balance-sheet financial instruments approximated their fair values. These financial instruments include cash, tax credit recoverable, reclamation bond, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, amount due to a director and loan payable.



10. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The Company does not expect that the adoption of other recent account pronouncements will have a material effect on its financial statements.

11. Revenue Recognition

Revenue will be recognized on the sale and delivery of a product or the completion of a service provided.

12. Statement of Cash Flows

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

13. Financial and Concentration Risk

The Company does not have any concentration or related financial credit risk

**C. ESTABLISHING THE DETRITAL WASH PROJECT**

On May 30, 2001, the Company announced plans to focus on widening their exploration area, by re-establishing a project from 1998, the “Detrital Wash” project. Though positive results were generated from testing conducted of a 2-ton composite sample; the Company’s limited capital during the past 12 months has delayed commencement of any significant project operations. Still, the Company is continuing to expend efforts and resources to maintain the operating costs of its mining interests.

**D. LOANS AND ADVANCES FROM COMPANY DIRECTORS**

Company directors have from time to time advanced funds to the Company for the payment of operating expenses. These advances are repaid in cash and through common stock of the Company. There were no amounts owing to directors on December 31, 2006 and 2005.

**E. COMMON STOCK**

The Company issued options for the purchase of 2,280,000 common shares, to its directors on November 7, 2000. The options had an exercise price of \$.25 per share, are vested as of the November 7, 2000, and have a 5-year duration. The Company did not recognize any compensation expense in connection with their issuance, as the Company values the issuance of its options under the “intrinsic value method”. Also, the option price exceeded or equaled the market value of the stock at the time of the grant of these options. These options expired on November 7, 2005.

On October 1, 2001, the Company issued 310,000 options, valued at \$77,500, (\$0.25 per option) to directors and employees of Qwik Track, Inc. These options are valid until October 1, 2005, and will be vested at 25% each year. These options expired on October 1, 2005.

During the year ended December 31, 2004, the Company issued 6,281,515 shares of common stock for cash with the shares valued at a range of \$0.05 to \$0.11 per share. The Company also issued 2,140,000 shares of common stock for services rendered to the Company at \$0.03 and \$0.10 per share.

On February 2, 2005, the Company executed a 1 for 3 forward stock split. This transaction has been retroactively applied to give effect to this forward stock split as if it occurred at the Company's inception.

During the year ended December 31, 2005, the Company issued 19,701,217 shares of common stock and 16,025,001 warrants for cash with the shares valued at a range of \$0.02 to \$0.15 per share, and the warrants with an exercise price range of \$0.03 to \$0.15. These warrants do not have any registration rights and carry a two-year life. .

On September 13, 2006, subject to shareholder approval, the Board of Directors adopted resolutions approving a Stock Option Plan whereby the Company would reserve 18,000,000 common shares for issuance as incentive awards in the future. The Plan was approved by the shareholders on December 1, 2006. There were no options or shares issued from this plan during the year ended December 31, 2006.

During the year ended December 31, 2006, the Company issued 22,676,667 shares of common stock and 7,476,557 warrants for cash received in the amount of \$271,600 with the common shares valued at a range of \$0.01 to \$0.03 per share, and the warrants with an exercise price of \$0.01 to \$0.03 per share. The Company issued 3,437,500 common shares valued at a range of \$0.038 to \$0.04 per share for services rendered to the Company. The Company also issued 18,591,682 common shares as payment for a note payable with a principal amount due of \$250,000 and accrued interest of \$28,875 on October 30, 2006.

At December 31, 2006 there were 8,333,333 warrants outstanding with an average exercise price of \$0.015 per share. The fair value of all warrants has been calculated using the Black-Scholes method, with the resulting value being immaterial to the financial statement presentation.

**F. ACQUISITION AND DIVESTITURE OF PITA KING BAKERIES INTERNATIONAL, INC.**

On October 1, 2002, the Company issued 4,139,500 restricted shares of common stock to the shareholders of Pita King Bakeries International, Inc. (Pita King) and acquired all of the outstanding shares of Pita King. Pita King Bakeries International, Inc. (a Nevada corporation) is a wholly owned subsidiary and the holding company for Pita King Ltd. (a Washington corporation). Pita King, Ltd. began operations as a retail bakery in Everett, Washington in September of 2001 and continues to operate as a retail bakery. The results of Pita King's operations for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2003 are included in the consolidated statement of operations.

Effective January 1, 2004, the original shareholders of Pita King and the management of the Company mutually agreed to dissolve their business relationship. Under terms of this dissolution, the original shareholders of Pita King returned 4,000,000 shares of common stock to the Company and Company agreed to forgive a \$35,000 loan made to Pita King. The original shareholders of Pita King were allowed to retain 139,500 shares of the Company's common stock which they had received as part of the original purchase of Pita King. The Company has recognized a loss of \$99,472 on the divestiture of Pita King.

**G. INVESTMENT IN QWIK TRACK, INC.**

On October 15, 2001, Qwik Track, Inc. (Q-Track) was organized as a wholly owned subsidiary of International Star, Inc. Q-Track operates as a web-based service business providing the wagering enthusiast with thoroughbred handicapping, analytical data and statistical information for racetrack wagering over the internet. Q-Track has not commenced principal operations and has incurred minimal expenses since inception.

**H. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES**

The Company will be exposed to various market risks as a part of its future operations. As an effort to mitigate losses associated with these risks, the Company may, at times, enter into derivative financial instruments. These may take the form of forward sales contracts and interest rate swaps. The Company does not actively engage in the practice of trading derivative securities for profit. This discussion of the Company's market risk assessments contains "forward looking statements" that contain risks and uncertainties. Actual results and actions could differ materially from those discussed below.

The Company's future operating results will be substantially dependent upon the world market prices of Palladium, Platinum, Gold and Silver, which can fluctuate widely and are affected by numerous factors, such as supply and demand and investor sentiment. In order to mitigate some of the risk associated with these fluctuations, the Company may at times enter into forward sale contracts. The Company will continually evaluate the potential benefits of engaging in these strategies based on the then current market conditions. The Company may be exposed to nonperformance by counterparties as a result of its hedging activities. This exposure would be limited to the amount that the spot price of the metal falls short of the contract price.

**I. NOTE PAYABLE**

On October 28, 2003 management approved the acceptance of a Subscription Agreement and Loan Agreement between the Company and a Life Insurance Company. Under the terms of the agreement, the Life Insurance Company loaned \$250,000 to the Company. This note carries an interest rate of 6% per annum with interest only payable in quarterly installments with the first quarterly interest payment due on April 28, 2004. This note is due and payable in full on October 28, 2006 and is secured by a mortgage of a 25% mineral interest in the Company's 1,280 acre Detrital Wash Mining Claims in Mohave County, Arizona (see Note C Establishing the Detrital Wash Project). This Life Insurance Company also purchased 7,663,500 shares of the Company's common stock at a value of \$0.03 1/3 for a total purchase price of \$250,000. On October 30, 2006 the Company paid this note payable through the issuance of 18,591,682 shares of common stock for the payment of the principal balance of \$250,000 and accrued interest of \$28,875.

**J. GOING CONCERN**

The company will need additional working capital for its future planned activity and to service its debt, which raises substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. Continuation of the Company as a going concern is dependent upon obtaining sufficient working capital to be successful in that effort. The management of the Company has developed a strategy, which it believes will accomplish this objective, through additional short term loans, and equity funding, which will enable the Company to operate for the coming year.

**K. RESTATEMENT**

The Company has restated its financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2005 to correct an accounting error in the recording of mineral exploration costs and additional paid in capital. The following tables reflect the effect of the restatement adjustment on the balance sheet, statement of operations and net loss per share.

	Originally Reported	Restated	Adjustment
<b>Balance Sheet</b>			
Total Assets	237,184	237,184	-
Paid in Capital	3,621,346	3,524,059	( 97,287)
Accumulated Deficit	(3,940,216)	(3,842,929)	97,287
Total Liabilities & Stockholders' Equity	237,184	237,184	
<b>Statement of Operations</b>			
Mineral Exploration costs	344,927	247,640	( 97,287)
Net Loss	( 896,568)	( 799,281)	97,287
Weighted average shares			
Common stock outstanding	201,308,938	201,308,938	201,308,938
Net loss per share	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)

## L. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company has agreed to pay officers, directors and employees of the Company a 10% finder's fee on any private placement sales of common stock and upon any funds loaned to the Company for working capital. During the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005 the amounts paid to officers, directors and employees as finder's fees totaled \$15,350 and \$ 33,494 respectively.

In August of 2006, our Director Joseph E. Therrell, Jr. exercised warrants to purchase shares of our common stock at an exercise price of \$0.01 per share, receiving 51,000 shares of our common stock for \$5,100.

In August of 2006, our Director Virginia K. Shehee exercised warrants to purchase shares of our common stock at \$0.01 per share, receiving 1,000,000 shares of our common stock for \$10,000.

On October 30, 2006, Kilpatrick Life Insurance Company, a major shareholder of our Company who employs Ms. Shehee as its Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Therrell as its Vice President and Chief Investment Officer, and Ms. Wine as its Assistant Secretary/Treasurer entered into an agreement with us to convert the outstanding loan of \$250,000 and interest due in the amount of \$28,875.25 into shares of our common stock at a rate of \$0.015 per share for a total of 18,591,682 shares.

On January 8, 2007, Mr. Denver Cashatt resigned as the President of the Company. On January 16, 2007 the Board of Directors appointed Mr. Joseph Therrell, as Acting President of the Company. The Company also relocated its offices to Shreveport, Louisiana. The Company shares office space with Kilpatrick Life Insurance Company (see Note I) who is a major shareholder of the Company. Mr. Therrell also serves a Vice-President and Chief Investment Officer of Kilpatrick Life Insurance Company.

**M. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

As noted above the Company relocated its offices to Shreveport, Louisiana and currently shares office space with Kilpatrick Life Insurance Company, a major shareholder of the Company.

From January to March 31, 2007, the Company issued 14,025,642 shares of its common stock through private placements for \$180,000.

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