

WORLD ACCEPTANCE CORP  
Form 10-Q  
August 08, 2007

**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549**

**Form 10-Q**

- QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE  
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2007

or

- TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE  
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT of 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number: 0-19599

**WORLD ACCEPTANCE CORPORATION**  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter.)

South Carolina  
(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

57-0425114  
(I.R.S. Employer Identification  
Number)

108 Frederick Street  
Greenville, South Carolina 29607  
(Address of principal executive offices)  
(Zip Code)

(864) 298-9800  
(registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by  
check mark  
whether the

registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for shorter period than the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  
 No  
 No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of “accelerated filer and large accelerated filer” in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check One):

Large Accelerated Filer

Accelerated Filer

Non-accelerated filer

Indicate by check mark whether the

registrant is  
a s h e l l  
c o m p a n y  
(as defined  
i n R u l e  
12b-2 of the  
E x c h a n g e  
A c t). Yes  
No x

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**WORLD ACCEPTANCE CORPORATION  
AND SUBSIDIARIES**

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**WORLD ACCEPTANCE CORPORATION  
AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS  
(Unaudited)**

	June 30, 2007	March 31, 2007
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,387,283	5,779,032
Gross loans receivable	544,964,443	505,788,440
Less:		
Unearned interest and fees	(141,714,567)	(127,750,015)
Allowance for loan losses	(29,682,281)	(27,840,239)
Loans receivable, net	373,567,595	350,198,186
Property and equipment, net	15,576,812	14,310,458
Deferred tax benefit	19,310,627	14,507,000
Other assets, net	10,678,534	10,221,562
Goodwill	5,337,582	5,039,630
Intangible assets, net	11,487,806	11,060,139
Total assets	\$ 443,346,239	411,116,007
<b>LIABILITIES &amp; SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Liabilities:		
Senior notes payable	82,550,000	60,600,000
Convertible senior subordinated notes payable	110,000,000	110,000,000
Other notes payable	400,000	600,000
Income taxes payable	9,082,929	8,015,514
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	13,600,274	16,407,846
Total liabilities	215,633,203	195,623,360
Shareholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, no par value		
Authorized 5,000,000 shares, no shares issued or outstanding		
	-	-
Common stock, no par value		
Authorized 95,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding		
17,520,521 and 17,492,521 shares at June 30, 2007 and March 31, 2007, respectively		
Additional paid-in capital	7,635,005	5,770,665
Retained earnings	220,070,816	209,769,808
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	7,215	(47,826)
Total shareholders' equity	227,713,036	215,492,647
Commitments and contingencies	\$ 443,346,239	411,116,007

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

**WORLD ACCEPTANCE CORPORATION  
AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS  
(Unaudited)**

	Three months ended June 30,	
	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
<b>Revenues:</b>		
Interest and fee income	\$ 65,389,322	54,536,143
Insurance and other income	10,999,774	9,301,435
<b>Total revenues</b>	<b>76,389,096</b>	<b>63,837,578</b>
<b>Expenses:</b>		
Provision for loan losses	14,216,510	11,167,468
<b>General and administrative expenses:</b>		
Personnel	28,856,263	23,592,675
Occupancy and equipment	4,933,090	3,915,271
Data processing	549,805	494,738
Advertising	2,451,389	1,889,907
Amortization of intangible assets	614,687	793,729
Other	4,784,836	4,160,285
	42,190,070	34,846,605
Interest expense	2,336,387	1,901,239
<b>Total expenses</b>	<b>58,742,967</b>	<b>47,915,312</b>
<b>Income before income taxes</b>	<b>17,646,129</b>	<b>15,922,266</b>
<b>Income taxes</b>	<b>6,795,121</b>	<b>5,935,446</b>
<b>Net income</b>	<b>\$ 10,851,008</b>	<b>9,986,820</b>
<b>Net income per common share:</b>		
Basic	\$ 0.62	0.54
Diluted	\$ 0.61	0.53
<b>Weighted average common equivalent shares outstanding:</b>		
Basic	17,510,229	18,422,341
Diluted	17,916,288	18,741,307

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.



**WORLD ACCEPTANCE CORPORATION  
AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME  
(Unaudited)**

	Additional Paid-in Capital	Comprehensive Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Income (Loss), Net	Total Shareholders' Equity	Total Comprehensive Income
Balances at March 31, 2006	\$ 1,209,358	209,270,853	(50,092)	210,430,119	
Proceeds from exercise of stock options (331,870 shares), including tax benefits of \$2,937,122	6,423,279	-	-	6,423,279	
Common stock repurchases (1,209,395 shares)	(6,698,538)	(47,397,425)	-	(54,095,963)	
Issuance of restricted common stock under stock option plan (33,442 shares)	449,331	-	-	449,331	
Stock option expense	3,481,617	-	-	3,481,617	
Tax benefit from Convertible note	9,359,000	-	-	9,359,000	
Proceeds from sale of warrants associated with convertible notes	16,155,823	-	-	16,155,823	
Purchase of call option associated with convertible notes	(24,609,205)	-	-	(24,609,205)	
Other comprehensive income	-	-	2,266	2,266	2,266
Net income	-	47,896,380	-	47,896,380	47,896,380
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	47,898,646
Balances at March 31, 2007	\$ 5,770,665	209,769,808	(47,826)	215,492,647	
<b>Cumulative effect of initial</b>					
<b>Application of FIN 48</b>	-	(550,000)	-	(550,000)	
<b>Proceeds from exercise of stock options (20,000 shares), including tax benefits of \$137,051.....</b>	<b>514,305</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>514,305</b>	
<b>Issuance of restricted common stock</b>					

<b>under stock option plan (8,000 shares)</b>	<b>426,620</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>426,620</b>	
<b>Stock option expense</b>	<b>923,415</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>923,415</b>	
<b>Other comprehensive income</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>55,041</b>	<b>55,041</b>	<b>55,041</b>
<b>Net income</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>10,851,008</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>10,851,008</b>	<b>10,851,008</b>
<b>Total comprehensive income</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>10,906,049</b>
<b>Balances at June 30, 2007</b>	<b>\$ 7,635,005</b>	<b>220,070,816</b>	<b>7,215</b>	<b>227,713,036</b>	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

**WORLD ACCEPTANCE CORPORATION  
AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS  
(Unaudited)**

	Three months ended June 30,	
	2007	2006
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 10,851,008	9,986,820
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Amortization of intangible assets	614,687	793,729
Amortization of loan costs and discounts	190,816	-
Provision for loan losses	14,216,510	11,167,468
Depreciation	841,573	648,246
Deferred tax benefit	(303,627)	-
Compensation related to stock option and restricted stock option plans	1,350,035	699,346
Change in accounts:		
Other assets, net	(585,933)	(157,470)
Income taxes payable	(3,982,585)	(2,402,243)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(2,681,661)	(3,796,166)
Net cash provided by operating activities	20,510,823	16,939,730
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Increase in loans receivable, net	(35,886,826)	(29,183,574)
Assets acquired from office acquisitions, primarily loans	(1,828,907)	(863,913)
Increase in intangible assets from acquisitions	(1,340,306)	(159,654)
Purchases of property and equipment, net	(1,984,927)	(1,122,375)
Net cash used in investing activities	(41,040,966)	(31,329,516)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Net change in bank overdraft	(125,911)	849,345
Proceeds of senior revolving notes payable, net	21,950,000	12,800,000
Repayment of other notes payable	(200,000)	(200,000)
Repurchases of common stock	-	(1,922,816)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	377,254	2,086,543
Excess tax benefit from exercise of stock options	137,051	1,639,941
Net cash provided by financing activities	22,138,394	15,253,013
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	1,608,251	863,227
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	5,779,032	4,033,888
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 7,387,283	4,897,115

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

**WORLD ACCEPTANCE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**June 30, 2007 and 2006**  
**(Unaudited)**

**NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The consolidated financial statements of the Company at June 30, 2007, and for the three months then ended were prepared in accordance with the instructions for Form 10-Q and are unaudited; however, in the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting only of items of a normal recurring nature) necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position at June 30, 2007, and the results of operations and cash flows for the periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2007, have been included. The results for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the full year or any other interim period.

Certain reclassification entries have been made for fiscal 2007 to conform with fiscal 2008 presentation. These reclassifications had no impact on shareholders' equity and comprehensive income or net income.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

These consolidated financial statements do not include all disclosures required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles and should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements and related notes for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2007, included in the Company's 2007 Annual Report to Shareholders.

**NOTE 2 - COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

The Company applies the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board's (FASB) Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 130 "*Reporting Comprehensive Income*." The following summarizes accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) as of June 30, 2007 and June 30, 2006:

	2007	2006
Balance at beginning of year	\$ (47,826)	\$ (50,092)
Unrealized gain (loss) from foreign exchange translation adjustment	\$ 55,041	\$ (66,261)
Total accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net	\$ 7,215	\$ (116,353)

**NOTE 3 - ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES**

The following is a summary of the changes in the allowance for loan losses for the periods indicated (unaudited):

	Three months ended June 30,	
	2007	2006
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 27,840,239	22,717,192

Provision for loan losses	14,216,510	11,167,468
Loan losses	(13,982,867)	(10,688,796)
Recoveries	1,560,803	1,373,430
Allowance on acquired loans	47,596	35,544
Balance at end of period	\$ 29,682,281	24,604,838

Effective April 1, 2005, the Company adopted Statement of Position No. 03-3 ("SOP 03-3"), "*Accounting for Certain Loans or Debt Securities Acquired in a Transfer*," which prohibits carry over or creation of valuation allowances in the initial accounting of all loans acquired in a transfer that are within the scope of this SOP. The Company believes that a loan has shown deterioration if it is over 60 days delinquent. The Company believes that loans acquired since the adoption of SOP 03-3 have not shown evidence of deterioration of credit quality since origination, and therefore, are not within the scope of SOP 03-3 because the Company did not pay consideration for, or record, acquired loans over 60 days delinquent. Loans acquired that are more than 60 days past due are included in the scope of SOP 03-3 and therefore, subsequent refinances or restructures of these loans would not be accounted for as a new loan.

For the quarters ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, the Company recorded adjustments of approximately \$48,000 and \$36,000, respectively, to the allowance for loan losses in connection with acquisitions in accordance generally accepted accounting principles. These adjustments represent the allowance for loan losses on acquired loans which do not meet the scope of SOP 03-3.

## NOTE 4 - AVERAGE SHARE INFORMATION

The following is a summary of the basic and diluted average common shares outstanding:

	Three months ended June 30,	
	2007	2006
<b>Basic:</b>		
Average common shares outstanding (denominator)	17,510,229	18,422,341
<b>Diluted:</b>		
Average common shares outstanding	17,510,229	18,422,341
Dilutive potential common shares	406,059	318,966
Average diluted shares outstanding (denominator)	17,916,288	18,741,307

Options to purchase 74,841 and 0 shares of common stock at various prices were outstanding during the years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, but were not included in the computation of diluted EPS because the option exercise price was greater than the average market price of the common shares. The shares related to the convertible senior notes payable (1,762,519) and related warrants were not included in the computation of diluted EPS because the effect of such instruments was antidilutive.

NOTE 5 - STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION*Stock Option Plans*

The Company has a 1992 Stock Option Plan, a 1994 Stock Option Plan, a 2002 Stock Option Plan and a 2005 Stock Option Plan for the benefit of certain directors, officers, and key employees. Under these plans, 5,350,000 shares of authorized common stock have been reserved for issuance pursuant to grants approved by the Compensation and Stock Option Committee of the Board of Directors. Stock options granted under these plans have a maximum duration of 10 years, may be subject to certain vesting requirements, which are generally one year for directors and five years for officers and key employees, and are priced at the market value of the Company's common stock on the date of grant of the option. At June 30, 2007, there were 527,350 shares available for grant under the plans.

Effective April 1, 2006, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 123 (Revised 2004), "Share-Based Payment" ("SFAS" 123-R), using the modified prospective transition method, and did not retroactively adjust results from prior periods. Under this transition method, stock option compensation is recognized as an expense over the remaining unvested portion of all stock option awards granted prior to April 1, 2006, based on the fair values estimated at grant date in accordance with the original provisions of SFAS 123. The Company has applied the Black-Sholes valuation model in determining the fair value of the stock option awards. Compensation expense is recognized only for those options expected to vest, with forfeitures estimated based on historical experience and future expectations.

As a result of adopting SFAS 123-R, the impact to the Consolidated Statements of Operations for the quarter ended June 30, 2007 was to decrease income before income taxes and net income by approximately \$1,350,000 and \$836,000, respectively and basic and diluted earnings per share by \$0.05. For the quarter ended June 30, 2006, the impact to the Consolidated Statements of Operations was to decrease income before income taxes and net income by approximately \$699,000 and \$438,000, respectively and basic and diluted earnings per share was decreased by \$0.02.

Option activity for the three months ended June 30, 2007 was as follows:

	<b>Weighted Average Exercise</b>		<b>Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term</b>	<b>Aggregated Intrinsic Value</b>
	<b>Shares</b>	<b>Price</b>		
<b>Options outstanding, beginning of year</b>	<b>1,139,949</b>	<b>\$ 23.41</b>		
<b>Granted</b>	<b>7,000</b>	<b>\$ 43.00</b>		
<b>Exercised</b>	<b>(20,000)</b>	<b>\$ 18.86</b>		
<b>Forfeited</b>	<b>(1,100)</b>	<b>\$ 5.41</b>		
<b>Options outstanding, end of period</b>	<b>1,125,849</b>	<b>\$ 23.37</b>	<b>6.73</b>	<b>\$ 22,816,566</b>
<b>Options exercisable, end of period</b>	<b>471,899</b>	<b>\$ 11.89</b>	<b>4.49</b>	<b>\$ 14,553,026</b>

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The aggregate intrinsic value reflected in the table above represents the total pre-tax intrinsic value (the difference between the closing stock price on June 30, 2007 and the exercise price, multiplied by the number of in-the-money options) that would have been received by option holders had all option holders exercised their options on June 30, 2007. This amount will change as the stock's market price changes. The total intrinsic value of options exercised during the quarters ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 were \$474,016 and \$4,611,514, respectively. As of June 30, 2007, total unrecognized stock-based compensation expense related to non-vested stock options amounted to approximately \$5.9 million, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of approximately 2.4 years.

The weighted-average fair value at the grant date for options issued during the quarter ended June 30, 2007 was \$22.35 per share. This fair value was estimated at grant date using the following weighted-average assumptions: dividend yield of \$0, expected volatility of 42.90%, average risk-free interest rate of 4.78%, expected life of 6.89 years and vesting period of five years. There were no option grants during the quarter ended June 30, 2006.

The expected stock price volatility is based on the historical volatility of the Company's stock for a period approximating the expected life. The expected life represents the period of time that options are expected to be outstanding after their grant date. The risk-free interest rate reflects the interest rate at grant date on zero-coupon U.S. governmental bonds having a remaining life similar to the expected option term.

### ***Restricted Stock***

On April 30, 2007 the Company granted 8,000 shares of restricted stock (which are equity classified) with a grant date fair value of \$42.93 per share to directors. One-half of the restricted stock vested immediately and the other half will vest on the first anniversary of grant.

Compensation expense related to restricted stock is based on the number of shares expected to vest and the fair market value of the common stock on the grant date. The Company recognized \$426,620 and \$135,148, respectively, of compensation expense for the quarter ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 related to restricted stock, which is included as a component of general and administrative expenses in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations. All shares are expected to vest.

As of June 30, 2007, there was approximately \$792,958 of unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested restricted stock awards granted, which is expected to be recognized over the next two years.

A summary of the status of the Company's restricted stock as of June 30, 2007, and changes during the quarter ended June 30, 2007, is presented below:

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Fair Value at Grant Date
Outstanding at March 31, 2007	29,442	43.87
Granted during the period	8,000	42.93
Vested during the period	(8,000)	35.95
Cancelled during the period	-	-
Outstanding at June 30, 2007	29,442	\$ 45.76

Total share-based compensation included as a component of net income during the quarters ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 was as follows:

	Three months ended June 30,	
	2007	2006
Share-based compensation related to equity classified units:		
Share-based compensation related to stock options	\$ 923,415	\$ 564,198
Share-based compensation related to restricted stock units	426,620	135,148
Total share-based compensation related to equity classified awards	\$ 1,350,035	\$ 699,346

#### NOTE 6 - ACQUISITIONS

The following table sets forth the acquisition activity of the Company for the quarters ended June 30, 2007 and 2006:

	2007	2006
Number of offices purchased	16	3
Merged into existing offices	4	2
Purchase Price	\$ 3,169,213	\$ 1,023,567
Tangible assets:		
Net loans	1,699,093	860,913
Furniture, fixtures & equipment	123,000	3,000
Other	6,814	-
Excess of purchase prices over carrying value of net intangible assets	\$ 1,340,306	\$ 159,654
Customer lists	959,354	100,654
Non-compete agreements	83,000	13,000
Goodwill	297,952	46,000
Total intangible assets	\$ 1,340,306	\$ 159,654

The Company evaluates each acquisition to determine if the acquired enterprise meets the definition of a business. Those acquired enterprises that meet the definition of a business are accounted for as a business combination under SFAS No. 141 and all other acquisitions are accounted for as asset purchases. All acquisitions have been with independent third parties.

When the acquisition results in a new office, the Company records the transaction as a business combination, since the office acquired will continue to generate loans. The Company typically retains the existing employees and the office location. The purchase price is allocated to the estimated fair value of the tangible assets acquired and to the estimated fair value of the identified intangible assets acquired (generally non-compete agreements and customer lists). The remainder is allocated to goodwill. During the quarter ended June 30, 2007, 12 acquisitions were recorded as business combinations.

When the acquisition is of a portfolio of loans only, the Company records the transaction as an asset purchase. In an asset purchase, no goodwill is recorded. The purchase price is allocated to the estimated fair value of the tangible and intangible assets acquired. During the quarter ended June 30, 2007, four acquisitions were recorded as asset acquisitions.

The Company's acquisitions include tangible assets (generally loans and furniture and equipment) and intangible assets (generally non-compete agreements, customer lists, and goodwill), both of which are recorded at their fair values, which are estimated pursuant to the processes described below.

Acquired loans are valued at the net loan balance. Given the short-term nature of these loans, generally four months, and that these loans are subject to continual repricing at current rates, management believes the net loan balances approximate their fair value.

Furniture and equipment are valued at the specific purchase price as agreed to by both parties at the time of acquisition, which management believes approximates their fair values.

Non-compete agreements are valued at the stated amount paid to the other party for these agreements, which the Company believes approximates the fair value. The fair value of the customer lists is based on a valuation model that utilizes the Company's historical data to estimate the value of any acquired customer lists. In a business combination the remaining excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the tangible assets, customer list, and non-compete agreements is allocated to goodwill. The offices the Company acquires are small privately owned offices, which do not have sufficient historical data to determine attrition. The Company believes that the customers acquired have the same characteristics and perform similarly to its customers. Therefore, the company utilized the attrition patterns of its customers when developing the methodology. This methodology was determined in fiscal 2002 and is re-evaluated periodically.

Customer lists are allocated at an office level and are evaluated for impairment at an office level when a triggering event occurs, in accordance with SFAS 144. If a triggering event occurs, the impairment loss to the customer list is generally the remaining unamortized customer list balance. In most acquisitions, the original fair value of the customer list allocated to an office is generally less than \$100,000 and management believes that in the event a triggering event were to occur, the impairment loss to an unamortized customer list would be immaterial.

The results of all acquisitions have been included in the Company's consolidated financial statements since the respective acquisition dates. The pro forma impact of these purchases as though they had been acquired at the beginning of the periods presented would not have a material effect on the results of operations as reported.

#### NOTE 7 - NOTES PAYABLE

Summaries of the Company's notes payable follow:

##### *Senior Notes Payable*

##### *\$167,000,000 Revolving Credit Facility*

This facility provides for borrowings of up to \$167.0 million, with \$82.6 million outstanding at June 30, 2007, subject to a borrowing base formula. An additional \$15 million is available as a seasonal revolving credit commitment from November 15 of each year through March 31 of the immediately succeeding year to cover the increase in loan demand during this period. The Company may borrow, at its option, at the rate of prime or LIBOR plus 1.85%. At June 30, 2007, the Company's interest rate was 8.25% and the unused amount available under the revolver was \$84.4 million. The revolving credit facility has a commitment fee of 0.375% per annum on the unused portion of the commitment. Borrowings under the revolving credit facility mature on September 30, 2008.

Substantially all of the Company's assets are pledged as collateral for borrowings under the revolving credit agreement.

##### *Convertible Senior Notes*

On October 10, 2006, the Company issued \$110 million aggregate principal amount of its 3.0% convertible senior subordinated notes due October 1, 2011 (the "Convertible Notes") to qualified institutional brokers in accordance with Rule 144A of the Securities Act of 1933. Interest on the Convertible Notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on April 1 and October 1 of each year, commencing April 1, 2007. The Convertible Notes are the Company's direct, senior subordinated, unsecured obligations and rank equally in right of payment with all existing and future unsecured senior subordinated debt of the Company, senior in right of payment to all of the Company's existing and future subordinated debt and junior to all of the Company's existing and future senior debt. The Convertible Notes are structurally junior to the liabilities of the Company's subsidiaries. The Convertible Notes are convertible prior to maturity, subject to certain conditions described below, at an initial conversion rate of 16.0229 shares per \$1,000

principal amount of notes, which represents an initial conversion price of approximately \$62.41 per share, subject to adjustment. Upon conversion, the Company will pay cash up to the principal amount of notes converted and deliver shares of its common stock to the extent the daily conversion value exceeds the proportionate principal amount based on a 30 trading-day observation period.

Holders may convert the Convertible Notes prior to July 1, 2011 only if one or more of the following conditions are satisfied:

- During any fiscal quarter commencing after December 31, 2006, if the last reported sale price of the common stock for at least 20 trading days during a period of 30 consecutive trading days ending on the last trading day of the preceding fiscal quarter is greater than or equal to 120% of the applicable conversion price on such last trading day;
- During the five business day period after any ten consecutive trading day period in which the trading price per note for each day of such ten consecutive trading day period was less than 98% of the product of the last reported sale price of the Company's common stock and the applicable conversion rate on each such day; or
- The occurrence of specified corporate transactions.

If the Convertible Notes are converted in connection with certain fundamental changes that occur prior to October 1, 2011, the Company may be obligated to pay an additional make-whole premium with respect to the Convertible Notes converted. If the Company undergoes certain fundamental changes, holders of Convertible Notes may require the Company to purchase the Convertible Notes at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Convertible Notes purchased plus accrued interest to, but excluding, the purchase date.

Holder may also surrender their Convertible Notes for conversion anytime on or after July 1, 2011 until the close of business on the third business day immediately preceding the maturity date, regardless of whether any of the foregoing conditions have been satisfied.

The contingent conversion feature was not required to be bifurcated and accounted for separately under the provisions of FAS 133 "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities."

The aggregate underwriting commissions and other debt issuance costs incurred with respect to the issuance of the Convertible Notes were approximately \$3.6 million and are being amortized over the period the convertible senior notes are outstanding.

#### *Convertible Notes Hedge Strategy*

Concurrent and in connection with the sale of the Convertible Notes, the Company purchased call options to purchase shares of the Company's common stock equal to the conversion rate as of the date the options are exercised for the Convertible Notes, at a price of \$62.41 per share. The cost of the call options totaled \$24.6 million. The Company also sold warrants to the same counterparties to purchase from the Company an aggregate of 1,762,519 shares of the Company's common stock at a price of \$73.97 per share and received net proceeds from the sale of increasing these warrants of \$16.2 million. Taken together, the call option and warrant agreements increased the effective conversion price of the Convertible Notes to \$73.97 per share. The call options and warrants must be settled in net shares. On the date of settlement, if the market price per share of the Company's common stock is above \$73.97 per share, the Company will be required to deliver shares of its common stock representing the value of the call options and warrants in excess of \$73.97 per share.

The warrants have a strike price of \$73.97 and are generally exercisable at anytime. The Company issued and sold the warrants in a transaction exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, by virtue of section 4(2) thereof. There were no underwriting commissions or discounts in connection with the sale of the warrants.

In accordance with EITF. No. 00-19 "Accounting for Derivative Financial Instruments Indexed to, and Potentially Settled in, the Company's Own Stock", the Company accounted for the call options and warrants as a net reduction in additional paid in capital, and is not required to recognize subsequent changes in fair value of the call options and warrants in its consolidated financial statements.

#### *Other Note Payable*

The Company also has a \$400,000 note payable to Carolina First Bank, bearing interest of LIBOR plus 2.00% payable monthly, which is to be repaid in two remaining annual installments of \$200,000 ending on May 1, 2009.

#### *Debt Covenants*

The various debt agreements contain restrictions on the amounts of permitted indebtedness, investments, working capital, repurchases of common stock and cash dividends. At June 30, 2007, \$41.0 million was available under these

covenants for the payment of cash dividends, or the repurchase of the Company's common stock. In addition, the agreements restrict liens on assets and the sale or transfer of subsidiaries. The Company was in compliance with the various debt covenants for all periods presented.

NOTE 8 - DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

On October 5, 2005, the Company entered into an interest rate swap with a notional amount of \$30 million to economically hedge a portion of the cash flows from its floating rate revolving credit facility. Under the terms of the interest rate swap, the Company will pay a fixed rate of 4.755% on the \$30 million notional amount and receive payments from a counterparty based on the 1 month LIBOR rate for a term ending October 5, 2010. Interest rate differentials paid or received under the swap agreement are recognized as adjustments to interest expense.

At June 30, 2007 and 2006, the Company recorded an asset related to the interest rate swap of \$480,504 and \$855,000, which represented the fair value of the interest rate swap at that date. The corresponding unrealized gain of \$388,460 and \$363,000 was recorded as other income for the quarters ended June 30, 2007 and 2006. During the quarters ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 interest expense was decreased by approximately \$43,000 and \$30,000, as a result of net disbursements under the terms of the interest rate swap.

On May 9, 2007, the Company entered into a \$3 million foreign exchange currency option to economically hedge its foreign exchange risk relative to the Mexican peso. Under the terms of the option contract, the Company can exchange \$3 million U.S. dollars at a rate of 11.18 Mexican pesos on May 9, 2008. The fair value of the option at June 30, 2007 was immaterial.

On April 28, 2006, the Company entered into a \$1 million foreign exchange currency option to economically hedge its foreign exchange risk relative to the Mexican peso. Under the terms of the option contract, the Company could exchange \$1 million U.S. dollars at a rate of 11.36 Mexican pesos on April 30, 2007. This option expired with no value on April 30, 2007.

The Company does not enter into derivative financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes. The purpose of these instruments is to reduce the exposure to variability in future cash flows attributable to a portion of its LIBOR-based borrowings and to reduce variability in foreign cash flows. The fair value of the interest rate swap and currency option is recorded on the consolidated balance sheets as an other asset or other liability. The Company is currently not accounting for these derivative instruments using the cash flow hedge accounting provisions of SFAS 133; therefore, the changes in fair value of the swap and option are included in earnings as other income or expenses.

By using derivative instruments, the Company is exposed to credit and market risk. Credit risk, which is the risk that a counterparty to a derivative instrument will fail to perform, exists to the extent of the fair value gain in a derivative. Credit risk is created when the fair value of a derivative contract is positive, since this generally indicates that the counterparty owes the Company. When the fair value of a derivative is negative, no credit risk exists since the Company would owe the counterparty. Market risk is the adverse effect on the financial instruments from a change in interest rates or implied volatility of exchange rates. The Company manages the market risk associated with interest rate contracts and currency options by establishing and monitoring limits as to the types and degree of risk that may be undertaken. The market risk associated with derivatives used for interest rate and foreign currency risk management activities is fully incorporated in the Company's market risk sensitivity analysis.

#### NOTE 9 - ACCOUNTING FOR UNCERTAINTY IN INCOME TAXES

The Company adopted the provisions of FASB Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes*, on April 1, 2007. As a result of the implementation of Interpretation 48, the Company recognized a charge of approximately \$550,000 to the April 1, 2007 balance of retained earnings. As of April 1, 2007, the Company had approximately \$5.5 million of total gross unrecognized tax benefits. Of this total, approximately \$800,000 represents the amount of unrecognized tax benefits that are permanent in nature and, if recognized, would affect the annual effective tax rate.

The Company does not expect that the total amounts of unrecognized tax benefits will significantly increase or decrease within the next 12 months.

The Company is subject to U.S and Mexican income taxes, as well as various other state and local jurisdictions. With few exceptions, the Company is no longer subject to U.S. federal, state and local, or non-U.S. income tax examinations by tax authorities for years before 2003, although carryforward attributes that were generated prior to 2003 may still be adjusted upon examination by the IRS if they either have been or will be used in a future period. The federal income tax returns for fiscal years 2005 and 2006 are currently under examination by the taxing authorities.



The Company's continuing practice is to recognize interest and penalties related to income tax matters in income tax expense. As of June 30, 2007, the Company had approximately \$425,000 accrued for interest and penalties, of which \$70,000 was a current period expense.

**WORLD ACCEPTANCE CORPORATION  
AND SUBSIDIARIES  
PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth certain information derived from the Company's consolidated statements of operations and balance sheets, as well as operating data and ratios, for the periods indicated (unaudited):

	Three months ended June 30,	
	2007	2006
	(Dollars in thousands)	
Average gross loans receivable (1)	\$ 527,000	432,574
Average loans receivable (2)	391,530	323,465
Expenses as a % of total revenue:		
Provision for loan losses	18.6%	17.5%
General and administrative	55.2%	54.6%
Total interest expense	3.1%	3.0%
Operating margin (3)	26.2%	27.9%
Return on average assets (annualized)	10.2%	11.7%
Offices opened or acquired, net	50	21
Total offices (at period end)	782	641

- (1) Average gross loans receivable have been determined by averaging month-end gross loans receivable over the indicated period.
- (2) Average loans receivable have been determined by averaging month-end gross loans receivable less unearned interest and deferred fees over the indicated period.
- (3) Operating margin is computed as total revenues less provision for loan losses and general and administrative expenses, as a percentage of total revenue.

Comparison of Three Months Ended June 30, 2007, Versus  
Three Months Ended June 30, 2006

Net income increased to \$10.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007, or 8.7%, from the three month period ended June 30, 2006. Operating income (revenues less provision for loan losses and general and administrative expenses) increased approximately \$2.2 million, or 12.1%, and was offset partially by an increase in interest expense and an increase in income taxes.

Interest and fee income for the quarter ended June 30, 2007, increased by \$10.9 million, or 19.9%, over the same period of the prior year. This increase resulted from a \$94.4 million increase, or 21.8%, in average gross loans receivable over the two corresponding periods.

Insurance commissions and other income increased by \$1.7 million, or 18.3%, between the two quarterly periods. Insurance commissions increased by \$1.0 million, or 17%, during the most recent quarter when compared to the prior year quarter due to the increase in loans in those states where credit insurance is sold in conjunction with the loan. Other income increased by approximately \$700,000, or 20.4%, over the two corresponding quarters primarily due to an increase in revenue from motor club products and accidental death and dismemberment insurance products, which increased approximately \$243,000 and \$199,000, respectively, when comparing the two quarters.

Total revenues rose to \$76.4 million during the quarter ended June 30, 2007, a 19.7% increase over the \$63.8 million for the corresponding quarter of the previous year. This increase was attributable to new offices and an increase in revenues from offices open throughout both quarterly periods. Revenues from the 612 offices open throughout both quarterly periods increased by approximately 9.7%. At June 30, 2007, the Company had 782 offices in operation, an increase of 50 offices from March 31, 2007.

The provision for loan losses during the quarter ended June 30, 2007 increased by \$3.0 million, or 27.3%, from the same quarter last year. This increase resulted from an increase in the general allowance for loan losses due to loan growth. Net charge-offs for the current quarter amounted to \$12.4 million, an increase from \$9.3 million charged off during the same quarter of fiscal 2007. Net charge-offs as a percent of average net loans (annualized) increased to 12.7% during the quarter from 11.6% for the quarter ended June 30, 2006. The Company believes that the benefit from the change in bankruptcy law has completed its cycle, and that net charge-offs are returning to more historical levels.

General and administrative expenses for the quarter ended June 30, 2007 increased by \$7.3 million, or 21.1% over the same quarter of fiscal 2007. Overall, general and administrative expenses, when divided by average open offices, increased by approximately 0.3% when comparing the two periods. During the first quarter of fiscal 2008, the Company opened 38 branches compared to 21 branches in the first quarter of fiscal 2007. Additionally, the Company has opened or acquired 141 net new offices during the 12 month period ended June 30, 2007. The increase in the total general and administrative expenses as a percent of total revenues from 54.6% during the prior year quarter to 55.2% during the most recent quarter was a result of the increase in the number of branch openings. The Company made a decision to accelerate our new branch openings. The investment to accelerate our new branch openings increased the Company's general and administrative expenses in the current quarter. The Company believes this decision will positively impact our earnings in future quarters.

Interest expense increased by approximately \$435,000 when comparing the two corresponding quarterly periods as a result of increases in the average outstanding debt balance.

The Company's effective income tax rate increased slightly to 38.5% for the quarter ended June 30, 2007 from 37.3% for the prior year quarter. The increase in the effective income tax rate is primarily attributed to the adoption of FIN 48, increases in the state tax rates, and income taxes expensed in the Company's Mexican operations.

### Critical Accounting Policies

The Company's accounting and reporting policies are in accordance with U. S. generally accepted accounting principles and conform to general practices within the finance company industry. Certain accounting policies involve significant judgment by the Company's management, including the use of estimates and assumptions which affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. As a result, changes in these estimates and assumptions could significantly affect the Company's financial position and results of operations. The Company considers its policies regarding the allowance for loan losses and share-based compensation to be its most critical accounting policies due to the significant degree of management judgment involved.

### Allowance for Loan Losses

The Company has developed policies and procedures for assessing the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses that take into consideration various assumptions and estimates with respect to the loan portfolio. The Company's assumptions and estimates may be affected in the future by changes in economic conditions, among other factors. Additional information concerning the allowance for loan losses is discussed under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operations - Credit Quality" in the Company's report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2007.

Share-Based Compensation

The Company measures compensation cost for share-based awards at fair value and recognizes compensation over the service period for awards expected to vest. The fair value of restricted stock is based on the number of shares granted and the quoted price of the Company's common stock, and the fair value of stock options is determined using the Black-Scholes valuation model. The Black-Scholes model requires the input of highly subjective assumptions, including expected volatility, risk-free interest rate and expected life, changes to which can materially affect the fair value estimate. In addition, the estimation of share-based awards that will ultimately vest requires judgment, and to the extent actual results or updated estimates differ from the Company's current estimates, such amounts will be recorded as a cumulative adjustment in the period estimates are revised. The Company considers many factors when estimating expected forfeitures, including types of awards, employee class, and historical experience. Actual results, and future changes in estimates, may differ substantially from the Company's current estimates.

### Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company has financed its operations, acquisitions and office expansion through a combination of cash flow from operations and borrowings from its institutional lenders. The Company's primary ongoing cash requirements relate to the funding of new offices and acquisitions, the overall growth of loans outstanding, the repayment of indebtedness and the repurchase of its common stock. As the Company's gross loans receivable increased from \$351.5 million at March 31, 2005 to \$505.8 million at March 31, 2007, net cash provided by operating activities for fiscal years 2005, 2006 and 2007 was \$87.7 million, \$98.0 million and \$110.1 million, respectively.

The Company believes stock repurchases to be a viable component of the Company's long-term financial strategy and an excellent use of excess cash when the opportunity arises. During the first three months of fiscal 2008, the Company repurchased no shares of its common stock. However, as the Company announced via press releases and Form 8-Ks on July 27, 2007 and August 2, 2007, the Board of Directors has recently authorized the Company to repurchase \$20 million of its common stock. As of August 8, 2007, the Company has \$11.4 million in aggregate remaining repurchase capacity under all of the Company's outstanding repurchase authorizations.

The Company plans to open or acquire at least 50 new offices in each of the next two fiscal years. Expenditures by the Company to open and furnish new offices averaged approximately \$25,000 per office during fiscal 2007. New offices have also required from \$100,000 to \$400,000 to fund outstanding loans receivable originated during their first 12 months of operation.

The Company acquired 12 offices and 4 loan portfolios from competitors in three states in four separate transactions during the first quarter of fiscal 2008. Gross loans receivable purchased in these transactions were approximately \$2.7 million in the aggregate at the dates of purchase. The Company believes that attractive opportunities to acquire new offices or receivables from its competitors or to acquire offices in communities not currently served by the Company will continue to become available as conditions in local economies and the financial circumstances of owners change.

The Company has a \$167.0 million base credit facility with a syndicate of banks. In addition to the base revolving credit commitment, there is a \$15.0 million seasonal revolving credit commitment available November 15 of each year through March 31 of the immediately succeeding year to cover the increase in loan demand during this period. The credit facility will expire on September 30, 2008. Funds borrowed under the revolving credit facility bear interest, at the Company's option, at either the agent bank's prime rate per annum or the LIBOR rate plus 1.85% per annum. At June 30, 2007, the interest rate on borrowings under the revolving credit facility was 8.25%. The Company pays a commitment fee equal to 0.375% per annum of the daily unused portion of the revolving credit facility. Amounts outstanding under the revolving credit facility may not exceed specified percentages of eligible loans receivable. On June 30, 2007, \$82.6 million was outstanding under this facility, and there was \$84.4 million of unused borrowing availability under the borrowing base limitations.

The Company's credit agreements contain a number of financial covenants, including minimum net worth and fixed charge coverage requirements. The credit agreements also contain certain other covenants, including covenants that impose limitations on the Company with respect to (i) declaring or paying dividends or making distributions on or acquiring common or preferred stock or warrants or options; (ii) redeeming or purchasing or prepaying principal or interest on subordinated debt; (iii) incurring additional indebtedness; and (iv) entering into a merger, consolidation or sale of substantial assets or subsidiaries. The Company believes that it was in compliance with these agreements as of June 30, 2007, and does not believe that these agreements will materially limit its business and expansion strategy.

Related to the adoption of FIN No. 48, on April 1, 2007, the Company's contractual obligations as of June 30, 2007 also includes unrecognized tax benefits of \$5.5 million which are expected to be settled in greater than one year.

The Company believes that cash flow from operations and borrowings under its revolving credit facility or other sources will be adequate to fund the expected cost of opening or acquiring new offices, including funding initial operating losses of new offices and funding loans receivable originated by those offices and the Company's other offices and the scheduled repayment of the other notes payable (for the next 12 months and for the foreseeable future beyond that). Management is not currently aware of any trends, demands, commitments, events or uncertainties related to the Company's operations that it believes will result in, or are reasonably likely to result in, the Company's liquidity increasing or decreasing in any material way. From time to time, the Company has needed and obtained, and expects that it will continue to need on a periodic basis, an increase in the borrowing limits under its revolving credit facility. The Company has successfully obtained such increases in the past and anticipates that it will be able to obtain such increases or secure other sources of financing in the future as the need arises; however, there can be no assurance that this additional funding will be available (or available on reasonable terms) if and when needed.

### Inflation

The Company does not believe that inflation has a material adverse effect on its financial condition or results of operations. The primary impact of inflation on the operations of the Company is reflected in increased operating costs. While increases in operating costs would adversely affect the Company's operations, the consumer lending laws of three of the eleven states in which the Company currently operates allow indexing of maximum loan amounts to the Consumer Price Index. These provisions will allow the Company to make larger loans at existing interest rates, which could partially offset the effect of inflationary increases in operating costs.

### Quarterly Information and Seasonality

The Company's loan volume and corresponding loans receivable follow seasonal trends. The Company's highest loan demand occurs each year from October through December, its third fiscal quarter. Loan demand is generally the lowest and loan repayment is highest from January to March, its fourth fiscal quarter. Loan volume and average balances remain relatively level during the remainder of the year. This seasonal trend causes fluctuations in the Company's cash needs and quarterly operating performance through corresponding fluctuations in interest and fee income and insurance commissions earned, since unearned interest and insurance income are accreted to income on a collection method. Consequently, operating results for the Company's third fiscal quarter are significantly lower than in other quarters and operating results for its fourth fiscal quarter are generally higher than in other quarters.

### **Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements**

#### *Accounting for Certain Hybrid Financial Instruments*

In February 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 155, "Accounting for Certain Hybrid Financial Instruments - an amendment of FASB Statements No. 133 and 140" ("SFAS 155"). SFAS 155 permits an entity to measure at fair value any financial instrument that contains an embedded derivative that otherwise would be required to be bifurcated and accounted for separately under SFAS 133. SFAS 155 is effective for fiscal years beginning after September 15, 2006. The adoption of SFAS 155 had no impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

#### *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes*

In July 2006, FASB Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes - an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109" ("FIN 48"), was issued. It clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an entity's financial statements in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes," by prescribing the minimum recognition threshold and measurement attribute a tax position taken or expected to be taken on a tax return is required to meet before being recognized in the financial statements. FIN 48 also provides guidance on derecognition, measurement, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition.

In May 2007, the FASB issued FSP FIN No. 48-1, "Definition of Settlement in FASB Interpretation No. 48." FSP FIN No. 48-1 provides guidance on how a company should determine whether a tax position is effectively settled for the purpose of recognizing previously unrecognized tax benefits. FSP FIN No. 48-1 is effective upon initial adoption of FIN No. 48, which the Company adopted in the first quarter of fiscal 2008, as discussed in footnote 9 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### *Fair Value Measurements*



In September 2006, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements (SFAS 157)." SFAS 157 provides a common definition of fair value and a framework for measuring assets and liabilities at fair values when a particular standard prescribes it. In addition, the Statement prescribes a more enhanced disclosure of fair value measures, and requires a more expanded disclosure when non-market data is used to assess fair values. As required by SFAS 157, the Company will adopt this new accounting standard effective April 1, 2008. Management is currently reviewing the impact SFAS 157 on the Company's financial statements.

### Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

On February 15, 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159 (“SFAS 159”), “The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities,” which allows an entity the irrevocable option to elect fair value for the initial and subsequent measurement for certain financial assets and liabilities on a contract-by-contract basis. Subsequent changes in fair value of these financial assets and liabilities would be recognized in earnings when they occur. SFAS 159 further establishes certain additional disclosure requirements. SFAS 159 is effective for the Company’s financial statements for the year beginning on April 1, 2008. The Company does not expect the effect of adopting this standard to be material to its Consolidated Financial Statements.

### Accounting for Purchases of Life Insurance

In September 2006, the FASB ratified the consensus reached by the EITF on Issue No. 06-5, “Accounting for Purchases of Life Insurance — Determining the Amount That Could Be Realized in Accordance with FASB Technical Bulletin No. 85-4, Accounting for Purchases of Life Insurance.” FASB Technical Bulletin No. 85-4 requires that the amount that could be realized under the insurance contract as of the date of the statement of financial position should be reported as an asset. Since the issuance of FASB Technical Bulletin No. 85-4, there has been diversity in practice in the calculation of the amount that could be realized under insurance contracts. Issue No. 06-5 concludes that the Company should consider any additional amounts (e.g., cash stabilization reserves and deferred acquisition cost taxes) included in the contractual terms of the insurance policy other than the cash surrender value in determining the amount that could be realized in accordance with FASB Technical Bulletin No. 85-4. The adoption of this Interpretation had no material impact on the Company’s consolidated financial statements.

### Forward-Looking Information

This report on Form 10-Q, including “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations,” may contain various “forward-looking statements,” within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, that are based on management’s belief and assumptions, as well as information currently available to management. Statements other than those of historical fact, as well as those identified by the words “anticipate,” “estimate,” “plan,” “expect,” “believe,” “may,” “will,” and “should” any variation of the foregoing and similar expressions are forward-looking statements. Although the Company believes that the expectations reflected in any such forward-looking statements are reasonable, it can give no assurance that such expectations will prove to be correct. Any such statements are subject to certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, the Company’s actual financial results, performance or financial condition may vary materially from those anticipated, estimated or expected. Among the key factors that could cause the Company’s actual financial results, performance or condition to differ from the expectations expressed or implied in such forward-looking statements are the following: changes in interest rates; risks inherent in making loans, including repayment risks and value of collateral; recently-enacted or proposed legislation; the timing and amount of revenues that may be recognized by the Company; changes in current revenue and expense trends (including trends affecting delinquencies and charge-offs); changes in the Company’s markets and general changes in the economy (particularly in the markets served by the Company); and other matters discussed in this Report in Part I, Item 1A, “Risk Factors” in the Company’s most recent annual report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) and the Company’s other reports filed with, or furnished to, the SEC from time to time. The Company does not undertake any obligation to update any forward-looking statements it makes.

### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

#### *Interest Rate Risk*

The Company's financial instruments consist of the following: cash, loans receivable, senior notes payable, convertible senior subordinated notes payable, an other note payable, interest rate swap and a foreign currency option. Fair value approximates carrying value for all of these instruments, except the convertible notes payable, which the fair value represents the quoted market price. Loans receivable are originated at prevailing market rates and have an average life of approximately four months. Given the short-term nature of these loans, they are continually repriced at current market rates. The Company's outstanding debt under its revolving credit facility was \$82.6 million at June 30, 2007. Interest on borrowings under this facility is based, at the Company's option, on the prime rate or LIBOR plus 1.85%.

Based on the outstanding balance at June 30, 2007, a change of 1% in the interest rates would cause a change in interest expense of approximately \$525,500 on an annual basis.

In October 2005, the Company entered into an interest rate swap to economically hedge the variable cash flows associated with \$30 million of its LIBOR-based borrowings. This swap converted the \$30 million from a variable rate of one-month LIBOR to a fixed rate of 4.755% for a period of five years.

In accordance with SFAS 133, the Company records derivatives at fair value, as other assets or liabilities, on the consolidated balance sheets. Since the Company is not utilizing hedge accounting under SFAS 133, changes in the fair value of the derivative instrument are included in other income. As of June 30, 2007 the fair value of the interest rate swap was approximately \$480,000 and is included in other assets. The change in fair value from the beginning of the fiscal year, recorded as an unrealized gain in other income, was approximately \$388,000.

The Company has another note payable which has a balance of \$400,000 at June 30, 2007, and carries an interest rate equal to LIBOR + 2.00%.

#### *Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Risk*

In September 2005 the Company began opening offices in Mexico, where its local businesses utilize the Mexican peso as their functional currency. The consolidated financial statements of the Company are denominated in U.S. dollars and are therefore subject to fluctuation as the U.S. dollar and Mexican peso foreign exchange rates change. International revenues were less than 2% of the Company's total revenues for the quarter ended June 30, 2007 and net loans denominated in Mexican pesos were approximately \$4.2 million (USD) at June 30, 2007.

The Company's foreign currency exchange rate exposures may change over time as business practices evolve and could have a material effect on the Company's financial results. There have been, and there may continue to be, period-to-period fluctuations in the relative portions of Mexican revenues.

On May 9, 2007, the Company economically hedged its foreign exchange risk by purchasing a \$3 million foreign exchange currency option with a strike rate of 11.18 Mexican peso per US dollar. This option expires on May 9, 2008. Changes in the fair value of this option is recorded as a component of earnings since the Company does not intend to apply hedge accounting under SFAS 133.

Because its earnings are affected by fluctuations in the value of the U.S. dollar against foreign currencies, the Company has performed an analysis assuming a hypothetical 10% increase or decrease in the value of the U.S. dollar relative to the Mexican peso in which the Company's transactions in Mexico are denominated. At June 30, 2007, the analysis indicated that such market movements would not have had a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements. The actual effects on the consolidated financial statements in the future may differ materially from results of the analysis for the quarter ended June 30, 2007. The Company will continue to monitor and assess the effect of currency fluctuations and may institute further hedging alternatives.

#### Item 4. Controls and Procedures

An evaluation was carried out under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including its Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of June 30, 2007. Based on that evaluation, the Company's management, including the CEO and CFO, has concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective as of June 30, 2007. During the first quarter of fiscal 2008, there was no change in the Company's internal

control over financial reporting that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

## PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

### Item 1. Legal Proceedings

From time to time the Company is involved in routine litigation relating to claims arising out of its operations in the normal course of business. The Company believes that it is not presently a party to any such pending legal proceedings that would have a material adverse effect on its financial condition.

### Item Risk Factors

1A.

There have been no material changes to the risk factors previously disclosed under Part I, Item 1A (page 9) of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2007.

### Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

The Company's credit agreements contain certain restrictions on the payment of cash dividends on its capital stock. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Liquidity and Capital Resources" and Note 7 to the unaudited consolidated financial statements included in this report.

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**WORLD ACCEPTANCE CORPORATION  
AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**PART II. OTHER INFORMATION, CONTINUED**

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit Number	Description	Previous Exhibit Number	Company Registration No. or Report
3.1	Second Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of the Company, as amended	3.1	333-107426
3.2	Fourth Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Company	99.3	8-02-07 8-K
4.1	Specimen Share Certificate	4.1	33-42879
4.2	Articles 3, 4 and 5 of the Form of Company's Second Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation (as amended)	3.1	333-107426
4.3	Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated July 20, 2005	4.4	6-30-05 10-Q
4.4	First Amendment to Amended and Restated Revolving Credit Agreement, dated as of August 4, 2006	4.4	6-30-06 10-Q
4.5	Second Amendment to Amended and Restated Revolving Credit Agreement dated as of October 2, 2006	10.1	10-04-06 8-K
4.6	Subsidiary Security Agreement dated as of June 30, 1997, as amended through July 20, 2005	4.5	9-30-05 10-Q
4.7	Company Security Agreement dated as of June 20, 1997, as amended through July 20, 2005	4.6	9-30-05 10-Q

4.8	Fourth Amendment to Subsidiary Amended and Restated Security Agreement, Pledge and Indenture of Trust (i.e. Subsidiary Security Agreement)	4.7	6-30-05 10-Q
4.9	Fourth Amendment to Amended and Restated Security Agreement, Pledge and Indenture of Trust, dated as of June 30, 1997, between the Company and Harris Trust and Savings Bank, as Security Trustee	4.8	9-30-07 10-Q
4.10	Fifth Amendment to Amended and Restated Security Agreement, Pledge and Indenture of Trust (i.e. Company Security Agreement)	4.9	6-30-05 10-Q
4.11	Form of 3.00% Convertible Senior Subordinated Note due 2011	4.1	10-12-06 8-K
4.12	Indenture, dated October 10, 2006 between the Company and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee	4.2	10-12-06 8-K



Previous Company Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description	Registration Number	No. or Report
10.1	Employment Agreement of A. Alexander McLean, III, effective May 21, 2007	10.3	2007 10-K
10.2	Employment Agreement of Mark C. Roland, effective as of May 21, 2007	10.4	2007 10-K
31.1	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Chief Executive Officer	*	
31.2	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Chief Financial Officer	*	
32.1	Section 1350 Certification of Chief Executive Officer	*	
32.2	Section 1350 Certification of Chief Financial Officer	*	

+ Management Contract or other compensatory plan required to be filed under Item 14(c) of this report and Item 601 of Regulation 5-K of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

\* Filed or furnished herewith.

**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

**WORLD ACCEPTANCE CORPORATION**

By: */s/ A. Alexander McLean, III*  
A. Alexander McLean, III, Chief  
Executive Officer  
Date: August 8, 2007

By: */s/ Kelly M. Malson*  
Kelly M. Malson, Vice President and  
Chief Financial Officer  
Date: August 8, 2007