SALES ONLINE DIRECT INC Form 10KSB March 31, 2003

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-KSB

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2002

Commission File No. 0-28720

SALES ONLINE DIRECT, INC. (Exact name of small business issuer in its charter)

Delaware 73-1479833

(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

4 Brussels Street, Worcester, Massachusetts 01610 (Address of principal executive office) (Zip Code)

(508) 791-6710 Issuer's Telephone Number, Including Area Code

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act:

Common Stock, \$0.001 Par Value (Title of Class)

Check whether the issuer: (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes |X| No |\_|

Check if there is no disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-B contained in this form, and no disclosure will be contained, to the best of the registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-KSB or any amendment to this Form 10-KSB.

State Issuer's revenues for its most recent fiscal year: \$1,275,888.

The aggregate market value of the shares of common stock of the registrant held by non-affiliates on March 3, 2003 was approximately \$5,739,093 based upon the average over the counter sales price of \$.055 per share on such date (See Item 5).

As of March 3, 2003, the issuer had outstanding 131,680,307 shares of its Common Stock, par value of \$0.001, its only class of voting securities.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

No documents are incorporated by reference into this Annual Report except those Exhibits so incorporated as set forth in the Exhibit Index.

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### FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Annual Report on Form 10-KSB (including without limitation the Risk Factors included as Exhibit 99.1) may contain forward looking statements. We caution you to be aware of the speculative nature of "forward-looking statements". Statements that are not historical in nature, including the words "anticipate," "estimate," "should," "expect," "believe," "intend," and similar expressions, are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Although these statements reflect our good faith belief based on current expectations, estimates and projections about (among other things) the industry and the markets in which we operate, they are not guarantees of future performance.

Whether actual results will conform to our expectations and predictions is subject to a number of known and unknown risks and uncertainties, including the risks and uncertainties discussed in this Annual Report; general economic, market, or business conditions; the opportunities that may be presented to and pursued by us; competitive actions by other companies; changes in laws or regulations; and other circumstances, many of which are beyond our control. Consequently, all of the forward-looking statements made in this Annual Report are qualified by these cautionary statements and there can be no assurance that the actual results anticipated by us will be realized or, even if substantially realized, that they will have the expected consequences to, or effects on, us or our business or operations. Except as required by applicable laws, we do not intend to publish updates or revisions of any forward-looking statements we make to reflect new information, future events or otherwise. Readers are urged to

carefully review and consider the various disclosures made by Sales OnLine Direct, Inc. in this Annual Report, which attempts to advise interested parties of the risks and factors that may affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

### PART I

Sales OnLine Direct, Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated in Delaware as Rose International Ltd. on August 9, 1995. The Company's main web address is located at www.paid.com, which offers updated information on various aspects of our operations, as well as access to our three primary collectibles sites: www.rotmanauction.com, www.collectingexchange.com, and www.collectingchannel.com. We also maintain a website called World Wide Collectors Digest ("WWCD") at www.wwcd.com, which provides sports information, listings of stadiums and arenas, live chat rooms and other sports-related information. The Company has one subsidiary, Rotman Collectibles, Inc. Information contained in the Company's websites shall not be deemed to be a part of this Annual Report. The Company's principal executive offices are located at 4 Brussels Street, Worcester, Massachusetts 01610, and the Company's telephone number is (508) 791-6710.

Item 1. Description of Business.

### BUSINESS

Our Business

Our primary business is to operate an online auction site that provides a full range of services to sellers and buyers along with a collectibles portal offering integrated information and services to the collectibles community. A portal is an Internet website that enables visitors to search for and visit other related sites, access related services and obtain relevant data. Our collectibles community provides access to David Maloneys's Collector's Directory and Resource Guide and our Ask the Appraiser(TM) online appraisal service. The collectibles industry includes every person that collects items that have either economic or sentimental value, such as antiques, sports and entertainment memorabilia, stamps, coins, figurines, dolls, collector plates, plush and die cast toys, cottage/village reproductions and other decorative or limited edition items that are intended for collecting and other memorabilia. We also provide business management tools for online retailers with our patent pending shipping calculator and automated auction checkout and order processing system.

For the year ended December 31, 2002, substantially all (97%) of our revenues are derived from our auction services, conducted through our Rotman Auction brand. Rotman Auction is an auction house that has provided a full range of services to sellers and buyers, including live online bidding of premier collectibles, authentication of

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merchandise, digital photography, fulfillment of orders and the purchase and sale of authentic memorabilia. Most of the auctions take place through eBay.com, a person-to-person auction service. Our auctions consist of sports and non-sports cards, collectibles, Americana, autographed items, and movie memorabilia, among other types of collectibles from the 1800's to the present day. Rotman Auction also maintains a substantial inventory of memorabilia with popular and historical significance which allows customers to directly purchase the memorabilia without the competition from bidders in an auction format. Most of these sales are consummated through our website located at www.rotmanauction.com. We acquire inventory in the ordinary course of our

business from a number of various companies and individuals. We also may acquire inventory through acquisition of companies that own collectibles, or through the acquisition of substantially all the assets of a company that holds collectibles. Merchandise is also auctioned by Rotman Auction under consignment-type arrangements with the public where we receive a consignment fee that is paid to us from the final sale of the merchandise. Historically, our Rotman Auction operations generated approximately 97% of our revenues.

In 2001, we began to increase our autograph signing activities under the "Rotman Auction" name. The autograph signings occur at public and private autograph signing events. We contract and pay the celebrities for their services and supply products for the event. We hosted celebrities such as Adam Viniateri, Antoine Walker, Troy Brown, Johnny Damon, Lawyer Milloy, Jim Rice, Ty Law, Terry O'Reilly, Pete Rose, Ray Bourque, Paul Pierce, Trot Nixon, Brian Daubach, Sergei Samsonov, Joe Thornton, Byron Dafoe, Derek Lowe, Carl Everett, Shea Hillenbrand and Alfonso Soriano. Starting in 2002 we began evolving the autograph signing events to include the creation, development and maintenance of celebrity websites. We provide comprehensive content managed websites that include message boards, shopping, articles, statistics, biography information and event schedules. We currently host such celebrities' websites as Antoine Walker, Lyndon Byers, Matt Light, Shea Hillenbrand, and Chris Chambers. Revenues are generated from sales of product produced by the celebrity.

Our mission is to provide a comprehensive shopping experience for buyers through our Internet portals, retail location and e-commerce websites, while also providing management tools and services to businesses that sell on the Internet. Originally, this was accomplished through our four main business divisions: Rotman Auction, World Wide Collectors Digest (web design, web hosting and sports and collectibles information), Internet Auction (an online person-to-person auction site), and Internet Collectibles (a wholesale and retail collectibles business that maintained a substantial inventory of memorabilia). Later, we streamlined our operations, clarified our business model and focused on the creation of a multi-faceted internet collectibles marketplace. As a result, the inventory from Internet Collectibles was consolidated into our Rotman Auction operation, and, because of intense competition in the person-to-person auction market, we eventually eliminated this form of auction service provided by the Internet Auction division.

To create a comprehensive Internet collectibles community, in January 2000 we launched a collectibles portal under the name Collecting Exchange. The Collecting Exchange contains a search engine devoted specifically to collecting, memorabilia, antiques, collectibles and other information and services. The portal searches and collects information from every collectible site on the Internet and stores it in the site's database. The Collecting Exchange also contains dealer and storefront databases, stadiums and arenas information, sports events and dates, and other services and information of interest to the collecting industry. In February 2000, we launched the resource area, a place for consumers to locate websites on experts, museums, insurance, appraisers, galleries, and dealers.

In November 2000, we acquired certain assets of ChannelSpace Entertainment, Inc., a Virginia corporation ("CSEI") and Discribe, Ltd., ("Discribe") a subsidiary of CSEI. CSEI and Discribe are Internet content providers and producers of affinity portals, including the CollectingChannel.com and the Tartans.com website

The Collecting Channel features extensive coverage of all aspects of collecting from its twelve micro-channels devoted to Antiques, Automotive, Books/Movies/Music, Jewelry/Gems, Stamps/Coins, Collectibles, Glass/Pottery, Dolls/Figures, Photo/Electronics, Toys/Beanie Babies, Sports and Miscellaneous. By combining information from the Collecting Exchange with the Collecting Channel portal, we have created a comprehensive collectibles site, offering

services such as web searching, broadcast services, appraisal and valuation information, auction site sign-ins, price guides, shopping and classified ads. The CollectingChannel has approximately 15,000 articles, 6,000 minutes of video, and 150,000 items in the realized pricing database archived in various collecting databases. We paid for the acquired assets with 7,350,000 unregistered shares of our common stock, valued at

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\$4,648,996. In February 2002, the Company and CSEI settled claims made by the Company which granted the Company a call option to purchase 2,283,565 shares of its common stock at a price of \$.001 per share which may be assigned or exercised anytime after April 14, 2002. Also as part of the settlement, the Company obtained clear title to the assets.

Our combined collectibles marketplace has now evolved into a "collectibles community," which was introduced at the end of 2000. Through this community, we make available to visitors a number of services and amenities consisting primarily of (1) the collectibles portal, (2) online appraisal services and (3) a research center.

In November 2001, we acquired Rotman Collectibles, Inc., and merged it into a company subsidiary. Rotman Collectibles was in the business of buying and selling movie posters dated generally from the early 1940s through the early 1970s. As payment for the business of Rotman Collectibles, we issued a \$1,000,000 convertible note to Leslie Rotman, the sole stockholder of Rotman Collectibles. The purchase price was based upon an independent appraisal of the assets of Rotman Collectibles, consisting exclusively of the movie posters. We did not assume any known substantial liabilities of Rotman Collectibles. Pursuant to the independent appraisal, the assets have an appraised value at retail substantially higher than the principal amount of the note. During January 2002, the note was converted into 23,916,378 shares of common stock of the Company. The Company is required to file a registration statement with respect to the shares. We expect that these movie posters will continue to be sold at auction on eBay.com and through Rotman Auction's storefront.

Portal. Visitors to the Company's website at "www.collectingchannel.com" are able to use the collectibles portal as a source for obtaining collectibles information to help them make informed decisions about price, authenticity and trading sites. The site is also intended to provide users with a comprehensive, one-stop shopping collectible experience, linking top collectible sites to buyers and sellers around the world to facilitate the purchase and sale of collectibles. We believe that as a result, our site not only meets the needs of the collector, but also the needs of dealers and manufacturers.

Appraisal Services. As part of the services we make available on our site, we also offer a completely interactive and dynamic appraisal service called Ask the Appraiser(TM) through eBay.com's partner referral system. The appraisal area permits visitors to send us an image in order to obtain an online appraisal of their item for a fee of \$19.95 per appraisal. This service enables visitors to make informed decisions regarding their purchases, and helps sellers define the prices for their goods.

AuctionInc. Software Suite; Website Design. AuctionInc. is a suite of online management tools assisting businesses with e-commerce storefronts, order processing, customer service, shipping solutions, inventory management, and auction processing. The application was designed originally to reduce overhead costs for Rotman Auction, but based on its marketability the Company plans to offer the application to other sellers in the first half of 2003. A seller's use of the application reduces overhead and labor costs, and through its

customer-friendly setup improves customer relations and increases sales. The Company receives a transaction fee for each auction listing that uses AIship, as described below.

Alship is a shipping calculator that automatically estimates the shipping, sales tax, and insurance on auction listings. This module automatically calculates shipping costs, carrier insurance fees, optional shipping services, and offers an adjustable shipping fee markup, and co-branded shipping calculator page. It pre-configures shipping rates with handling costs, and provides a multiple auctions tab to calculate shipping on numerous auctions. The Company receives a transaction fee for each auction listing that uses Alship.

AIseller is an auction management tool used to streamline a seller's order processing for improved customer service and higher sales. This module is designed for sellers who are selling more than 50 items per month at online auctions. It offers summary and detail order and sales reporting, auction/sales tracking, automated personalized e-mail notifications, auction re-listing reports, a complete integrated order management system, a customer checkout system, as well as automatic shipping rates and sales taxes calculations for consolidating multiple auctions. The Company receives a transaction fee for each listing at auction that uses AIseller.

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AIshop will integrate a storefront system into the AI suite so that you get a plethora of features with limited time and configuration. It also will work directly with the other modules, and each component may be added at any time by choosing that option. This module will offer a complete list of storefront and inventory management tools to make selling online easier. This component will include intelligent e-mail notifications (bulk and individual), flexible order processing, inventory management, inventory bulk import/export, multi-level categorization, customer management, automated personalized e-mail notifications, shipping manifest integration, delivery tracking, an intelligent search feature, and a secure site using SSL. The Company does not expect that AIshop will be ready for use or will generate revenue prior to 2004.

The AI product line also will offer a more robust and personalized storefront system, AIcommerce, which will be for smaller companies looking to distinguish themselves from the rest of the "cookie cutter" style storefront systems. This will be a fully customized website that includes most of the features offered in the other modules with other special programming and design. The Company does not expect that AIcommerce will be ready for use or will generate revenue prior to 2004.

Sellers may access the Company to purchase any and all of our tools or applications for a flat fee and/or per-transaction fee depending on the module chosen. The Company expects to add more features and modules to the suite to enable it to grow with sellers and continue to provide them superior online selling tools.

We also design, host and maintain client websites for small and medium size business looking for e-commerce or content managed sites. Our software allows clients to operate online stores, set prices and sell directly to online shoppers. We charge a fixed monthly fee for our web hosting services. For consulting services, our customers are billed monthly at an hourly rate based on the number of hours of service performed for the customer.

Research Center. Our research center located on the CollectingChannel.com enables users to obtain historical pricing information, view actual images, access experts on authentication and visit websites regarding the collectibles

articles they are researching. The site allows a visitor to validate that a particular collectible item exists, and provide access to services that can authenticate that the item is genuine. As a means of preventing the purchases of fraudulently sold items, we have designed the research center to provide visitors with the research tools to complete transactions based on the most accurate, verified material available. Further, to the extent that the user desires to validate the authenticity of that particular item, we offer the Ask the Appraiser(TM) service. Authenticity can also be determined by searching dealer sites for similar items or communicating directly with dealers regarding the origin, price, and history of an item. Finally, by enabling the user to verify prices of that item or other similar items, the user is able to obtain information necessary to strike a realistic bargain.

Other Amenities. The CollectingChannel.com website also includes other amenities such as chat rooms, message boards, a classified posting area, and an information area regarding auctions. The My Collecting(TM) area of the website enables users to create and customize their own collecting pages, with personalized news, video, chat capability, wish lists and access to an extensive database of reference materials. The website also includes MaloneysOnline, a clearinghouse for hard to find information that contains the searchable Internet version of the book Maloney's Antiques and Collectibles Resource Directory. In 2003 the Company anticipates that it will offer for the first time advertising in Maloney's Antiques and Collectibles Resource Directory.

In the past year we have made significant improvements to our websites by optimizing our own proprietary software to permit the search engine to obtain faster results with greater accuracy. We provide video archives from the "Treasures in Your Home" television show, which aired between 1999 and 2001.

As set forth above, we currently generate substantially all (97%) of our revenues from Rotman Auction. As our structure evolves and our site becomes more popular and attracts more visitors, we expect that our revenue model will change, with increased revenues from web hosting, AuctionInc, and appraisal services, as well as earning revenue from banner advertising, product listings in our shopping area and charging membership fees for using certain aspect of the Collecting Channel. See "Business Strategy," page 6.

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Industry Background

Growth of the Internet and the Web

The Internet enables millions of people worldwide to share information, communicate and conduct business electronically. The growth in the number of Web users is being driven by the increasing importance of the Internet as a communications medium, an information resource, and a sales and distribution channel. The Internet has also evolved into a unique marketing channel. Unlike the traditional marketing channels, Internet retailers do not have many of the overhead costs borne by traditional retailers. The Internet offers the opportunity to create a large, geographically dispersed customer base more quickly than traditional retailers. The Internet also offers customers a broader selection of goods to purchase, provides sellers the opportunity to sell their goods more efficiently to a broader base of buyers and allows business transactions to occur at all hours.

State of the Collectibles and Online Auction Industries

The online auction industry continues to be a strong and permanent player in e-commerce. Online auctions resolve the weaknesses of traditional auctions

(i.e. limited geographical coverage, a dearth of product variety, high transaction costs and information inefficiency). The Internet overcomes these issues because it can handle large quantities of data and support an infinite number of products and services. It also allows buyers and sellers to trade on a global basis.

Business Strategy

We believe that the online auction market will continue to grow as a result of increased merchandise being offered in a variety of different categories, nostalgia for memorabilia, and investor confidence that collectibles will appreciate in value. It is our view that this growth in the e-commerce market is dependent upon the availability of reliable authentication and grading services, authoritative information necessary to value home goods, furnishings, merchandise, collectibles and trading forums or venues that enable buyers and sellers to maximize the value of their goods. We have therefore designed our portals to accommodate these concerns for collectors and auction participants. However, in order for collectors to have sellers to buy from, we have introduced the AuctionInc. software suite of online tools to assist sellers. The success and growth of these directives is based on the accomplishments and progress experienced by Rotman Auction.

Our goal is to provide the tools needed to assist sellers to streamline their business operations and offer the best resources for merchants to make informed decisions by implementing the following business strategy:

- Continue auction sales on eBay for the Rotman Auction brand which provides higher profit margins by reducing the costs of producing and mailing catalogs and advertising for our own auctions. Items we sell through eBay have a much quicker turnaround time than those that we sold through our catalog auctions, and because the eBay sales are highly automated, the sales require less personnel to complete the sale;
- o Increase the number of autograph signing events per calendar quarter while also increasing the quality of the celebrities and increasing the number of celebrity website produced during this year;
- o Sell and generate revenue from the AuctionInc. software suite through both print and online advertising and promotions;
- o Increase the volume of our online appraisals through high profile partnerships and through more effective and efficient advertising and promotions;
- O Sell banner advertising on the CollectingChannel.com by charging a fee for every thousand clicks per banner, with the fee varying depending on the placement of the banner (i.e., a banner on our site's homepage would cost more per 1000 clicks than a banner placed throughout the site);

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- o Increase our web hosting services, charging a one time set up fee plus monthly maintenance fees, and an hourly fee for any design or feature enhancements we make;
- o Impose annual fees for dealers and stores listing products on our shopping area;

- o As the number of visitors to our site increases, impose monthly/annual membership fees;
- As we evolve into a membership-based site, we intend to provide unlimited search capability and access to our realized price guides to our members only. While visitors will still be permitted limited use of our research center, extensive searches and comprehensive pricing data will be available only to those who pay our monthly/annual membership fees. For example, we may permit visitors to search data that covers only the past 30 days; however, if a visitor wanted to obtain further historical pricing information, he or she would have to join the site and pay the membership fee to access this data. We hope to begin charging membership fees in 2003. We believe that our current number of unique visitors to the site represents approximately 25% of the number of visitors we will need to begin charging membership fees.

We expect the above plan will enable us to increase our Rotman Auction brand while providing more resources for a sales and marketing campaign on both the Collecting Channel site and AuctionInc.

The business strategy described above is intended to enhance our opportunities in the online ecommerce market. However, there are a number of factors that may impact our plans and inhibit our success. See "Risk Factors" included as Exhibit 99.1. Therefore, we have no guarantees and can provide no assurances, that our plans will be successful.

Marketing and Sales

The success of the Collecting Channel is contingent upon the visibility it will receive on the Internet and the revenues generated by advertising and services. Successful branding of our corporate identity and services is the key to our success. We are considering whether a new name, and/or single website, would result in a more recognizable corporate entity.

Our marketing has been designed to position the Company as the premier collectibles site on the Internet. We target both traditional collectors as well as the new generation of collectors. We target dealers, licensors, licensees, distributors and others to host collectible pavilions and other e-commerce sites and storefronts.

Marketing Internet companies is a relatively new phenomenon. Whereas earlier Internet advertising was mostly accomplished through banner advertising, the industry is now marketing websites through a combination of online advertising and more traditional media and direct mail advertisement. We have adopted this approach in our marketing campaign.

Our advertising to date has been minimal, and limited to very selective trade magazines. We believe that by advertising in a broader range of these magazines we would be able to increase our exposure substantially. We will also need to expand our advertising arrangements with auction sites and other companies in the sports, home furnishings, and collectibles. These website advertising arrangements will include mutual linking arrangements, such as other companies linking to our site and our site linking to the sites of those companies.

The Company will focus on marketing AuctionInc. throughout 2003. In 2002, representatives of the Company attended trade shows, events and conferences to analyze the potential for AuctionInc and to better define the product's market. Based on experience with existing partnerships that promote AuctionInc., the Company believes that creating partnerships is an effective marketing tool to promote and encourage new registrations. The Company will continue to seek new

partnerships. The Company also intends to promote the AuctionInc. product line in trade publications to reach small and midsize companies.

Although we believe that this marketing strategy will attract more users to our site, we have no

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commitments that our marketing will be successful or our sales will increase. There are a number of factors that may impact our plans and inhibit our success. See "Risk Factors" described in Exhibit 99.1. Therefore, we have no guarantees and can provide no assurances that our plans will be successful.

### Revenue Sources

Following the transaction with Internet Auction on February 25, 1999, we primarily generated revenue from sales of our purchased inventory and from fees and commissions on sales of merchandise under consignment arrangements. We charge a 15% to 50% fee for listing items on consignment. Currently, 97% of our revenues is derived from our Rotman Auction operations, with less than 1% of revenues from consignment fees. We also generate revenue from web hosting, advertising, and sponsorship of websites. Of these revenues, approximately 97% are attributable to sales of our purchased inventory, 2% from web hosting, advertising and sponsorship of websites, and 1% from Ask the Appraiser(TM). In 2003, we began to receive revenue from sales of AuctionInc. We anticipate that future sources of revenue will include advertising and service revenue, including the sale of pavilion spots and referral links. Pavilion spots are business sponsorships that give companies exclusive storefront rights for their collectible category. For example, if a music company were to purchase a pavilion, it would host the only area on collectingchannel.com dealing with music and music videos. In this pavilion, visitors would be able to research the history of these items, the historical pricing of these collectibles, read articles and communicate with experts on authentication. Visitors would also be provided with referral links to the music company and other sites for purchase of merchandise.

It is anticipated that referral links may also become a source of advertising income for the Company. Sellers of merchandise will pay us for listing their storefronts on www.collectingchannel.com. When a site visitor requests a search for a collectible item, we will provide the visitor with a direct link to the seller's pavilion area or website, thus driving the sale. This referral link is the manner in which the seller can obtain visibility for their collectible item. In addition to pavilions and referral links, advertising revenues may also come from targeted banner advertising and general banner advertising.

In terms of services, we currently provide web hosting and online appraisal services. To date, we have generated minimal revenues from these services, but we expect that the awareness of the AuctionInc. product line and Ask the Appraiser(TM) increases, we will be able to increase our advertising and marketing efforts, which will generate revenue and may attract more visitors that will utilize these services on our site. As discussed in "Business Strategy," we also expect to derive revenues from membership fees charged for accessing certain aspects of the Collecting Channel and fees from stores listing merchandise in our shopping area. In addition to web hosting, we expect to increase revenues through the development and design of third party websites. We have an interactive services agreement with AOL Canada pursuant to which we handle the content and maintenance of the website www.tartans.com (AOL keyword: clans) and we are trying to capitalize on that agreement by promoting our products and services on www.tartans.com by selling advertising space and

company-owned product.

We also have an agreement with Krause Publications, pursuant to which Krause Publications prints Maloney's Antiques and Collectibles Resource Directory and we receive a percentage of the sales revenues from the book sales. We own "www.MaloneysOnline.com," a clearinghouse for hard to find information that contains the searchable Internet version of the resource directory.

Although we expect that this revenue model will generate increased revenue, if we are not successful in implementing this model, if the collectibles community is not accepting of the services we provide, if costs are higher than anticipated, or if revenues do not increase as rapidly as anticipated, we may not be able to have positive cash flow. There are a number of factors that may impact our plans and inhibit our success. See "Risk Factors" included as Exhibit 99.1. Therefore, we have no guarantees and can provide no assurances, that our plans will be successful.

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### Competition

The electronic commerce market is relatively new, rapidly evolving and intensely competitive. Furthermore, we expect competition to intensify in the future. Barriers to entry are relatively low, and current and new competitors can launch new sites at a relatively low cost using commercially available software. Our Rotman Auction operation competes with a variety of other companies depending on the type of merchandise and sales format offered to customers. These competitors include: (i) various Internet collectible companies, Collectors Universe, Shop at Home and Tri-Star Productions; (ii) a number of indirect competitors that specialize in electronic commerce or derive a substantial portion of their revenue from electronic commerce, including Internet Shopping Network and AOL, Shopping.com; and (iii) a variety of other companies that offer merchandise similar to that of our Company but through physical auctions.

In addition, several large companies sell specialty consumer products, including collectibles through interactive electronic media, including broadcast, cable and satellite television and, increasingly, the Internet. These companies include QVC, Home Shopping Network and Shop At Home. They generally have substantial financial resources and, while their current collectible offerings tend to be less focused than our collectible offerings, there can be no guarantee that they will not become significant competitors in the future.

Because our collectibles portal structure is not a buyer or seller of collectibles, it is not in direct competition with existing collectible or online auction sites. The portal will not compete with either the giants or the small players in the collectibles auction and e-commerce industries; rather, we will work in collaboration with these companies. Further, because the research capacity of the website will be able to validate the authenticity of collectible items by providing visitors with the research tools to complete transactions based on the most accurate, verified material available, we believe other sites will value its services. We will, however, compete for banner advertisements with other portals that offer shopping search engines.

Since the launch of the collectingexchange.com website in January of 2000 we have been building a micro-portal, which is a portal specific to a particular subject. As a micro-portal we are specific to the collecting industry. By acquiring the assets of CSEI and Discribe, we believe we have created an extremely comprehensive and informative website for collecting on the Internet and have eliminated a strong source of competition as a search engine. However,

our Rotman Auction operations will continue to face the competition discussed above. As our model evolves and revenues increase from our other services provided on the Collecting Channel, we intend to decrease our reliance on Rotman Auction for revenues. Additionally, we have reduced the number of auctions hosted by Rotman Auction, limiting them to significant dates or events, and sell more inventory on other auction sites so we are not directly competing with those companies in the industry that are utilizing our Collecting Channel services.

There can be no assurance that we can maintain our competitive position against potential competitors, especially those with greater financial, marketing, customer support, technical and other resources than us. Increased competition is likely to result in reduced operating margins, loss of market share and a diminished brand franchise, any one of which could materially adversely affect the our business, results of operations and financial condition.

### Intellectual Property

Our web hosting, AuctionInc. software suite, and research center software programs are proprietary. We have filed one application for a patent related to AIship. We do not have any patents for our designs or innovations and we may not be able to obtain copyright, patent or other protection for our proprietary technologies or for the processes developed by our employees. Legal standards relating to intellectual property rights in computer software are still developing and this area of the law is evolving with new technologies. Our intellectual property rights do not guarantee any competitive advantage and may not sufficiently protect us against competitors with similar technology. To protect our interest in our intellectual property, we restrict access by others to our proprietary software.

We believe that our products and other proprietary rights do not infringe on the proprietary rights of third parties. However, there can be no assurance that third parties will not assert infringement claims against us in the future with respect to current or future products or other works of ours. This assertion may require us to enter into royalty arrangements or result in costly litigation.

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We are also dependent upon existing technology related to our operations that we license from third parties. When we acquired the assets of the Collecting Channel we were granted two perpetual licenses for the proprietary software eCMS and we acquired the source codes for the software. eCMS is the content management system primarily used by www.collectingchannel.com. We rely on encryption and authentication technology licensed from VeriSign through an online user agreement to provide the security and authentication necessary to effect secure transmission of confidential information.

We cannot make any assurances that these third-party technology licenses will continue to be available to the Company on commercially reasonable terms. Our inability to maintain or obtain upgrades to any of these technology licenses could result in delays in completing our proprietary software enhancements and new developments until equivalent technology could be identified, licensed or developed and integrated. Any of these delays would materially adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

We also utilize free open-source technology in certain areas. Unlike proprietary software, open-source software has publicly available source code and can be copied, modified and distributed with minimal restrictions. Our

principal web servers' software is Apache, a free web server software. We are using PHPShop for our e-commerce to provide highly customizable storefronts. In addition to PHPShop we develop a substantial portion of our websites with the language PHP.

Research and Development

Over the past 2 years the Company has not spent any amount in research and development.

Employees

We currently employ 17 full-time personnel. We believe that our future success will depend in part on our continued ability to attract, hire and retain qualified personnel.

Government Regulation

We are not currently subject to direct federal, state or local regulation, and laws or regulations applicable to access or commerce on the Internet, other than regulations applicable to businesses generally. However, due to the increasing popularity and use of the Internet and other online services, it is possible that a number of laws and regulations may be adopted with respect to the Internet or other online services covering issues such as user privacy, freedom of expression, pricing, content and quality of products and services, taxation, advertising, intellectual property rights and information security.

Item 2. Description of Properties.

Our corporate headquarters are located at 4 Brussels Street, Worcester, Massachusetts 01610. Currently, we are tenants-at-will, but we are not required to pay rent on the Brussels Street, Worcester location.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings.

None.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.

None.

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### PART II

Item 5. Market for Common Equity and Related Stockholder Matters.

Our common stock, par value \$.001 per share, began trading on August 11, 1995 and is presently traded on the Over-the-Counter Bulletin Board ("OTCBB") under the symbol, "PAID".

The following table sets forth the high and low bid prices for our common stock as reported by OTCBB for the eight quarters ended December 31, 2002. The quotations from the OTCBB reflect inter-dealer prices without retail mark-up, mark-down, or commissions and may not represent actual transactions.

2002	High \$	Low \$
Quarter ended March 31, 2002	\$ .550	\$ .040
Quarter ended June 30, 2002	\$ .300	\$ .077

Quarter ended September 30, 2002 Quarter ended December 31, 2002	\$ .105 \$ .090	\$ .050 \$ .041
2001	High	Low
Quarter ended March 31, 2001	\$ .220	\$ .190
Quarter ended June 30, 2001	\$ .033	\$ .029
Quarter ended September 30, 2001	\$ .013	\$ .012
Quarter ended December 31, 2001	\$ .050	\$ .033

As of March 3, 2003, there were approximately 264 holders of record of our common stock.

We have not previously paid cash dividends on our common stock, and intend to utilize current resources to expand the business; thus, it is not anticipated that cash dividends will be paid on our common stock in the foreseeable future.

Equity Compensation Plan Information

	Number of Securities To be Issued Upon Exercise of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights (a)	Weighted-Average Exercise Price of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights (b)
Equity Compensation Plans Approved by Security Holders	0	\$0
Equity Compensation Plans Not Approved by Security Holders	25,242,250	\$.066
Total	25,242,250	\$.066

Refer to Note 6, Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the Years ended 2002 and 2001, incorporated by reference in Part II, Item 7, of this Annual Report, for a detailed discussion of the stock options and warrants that are outstanding.

Item 6. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Our consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-KSB contain detailed information that should be referred to in conjunction with the following discussion.

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Overview

Our primary business, based on our revenues, is the purchase and sale of collectibles and memorabilia. We operate an online auction site that provides a full range of services to sellers and buyers, and maintain multiple collectibles portals, offering integrated information and services to the collectibles

community. The collectibles industry includes every person that collects items having either economic or sentimental value, such as antiques, sports and entertainment memorabilia, stamps, coins, figurines, dolls, collector plates, plush and die cast toys, cottage/village reproductions and other decorative or limited edition items that are intended for collecting and other memorabilia. A portal is an Internet website that enables visitors to search for, and visit, other related sites, access related services, and obtain relevant data. Over the past two years, our focus has been portal development in our own industry of collectibles; to that end, we developed our website www.CollectingChannel.com, and we acquired a large collection of entertainment memorabilia. We plan to converge our multiple sites into one integrated site in 2003. We also plan to build other portals, some that will charge fees to access their services, and others to leverage company-owned technology and websites. In 2003, we began to offer "AuctionInc." software, a suite of online management tools developed by us during 2001 and 2002, to other online sellers, and we expanded our online appraisal services and autograph signing events.

### Critical Accounting Policies

Our significant accounting policies are more fully described in Note 3 to our financial statements. However, certain of our accounting policies are particularly important to the portrayal of our financial position and results of operations and require the application of significant judgment by our management; as a result, they are subject to an inherent degree of uncertainty. In applying these policies, our management makes estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and related disclosures. Those estimates and judgments are based upon our historical experience, the terms of existing contracts, our observance of trends in the industry, information that we obtain from our customers and outside sources, and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable and appropriate under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. Our critical accounting policies include:

Inventory: Inventory is stated at the lower of average cost or market on a first-in, first-out method. On a periodic basis we review inventories on hand to ascertain if any is slow moving or obsolete. In connection with this review, we establish reserves based upon our experience and management's assessment of current product demand.

Property and Equipment and Other Intangible Assets: Property and equipment and other intangible assets are stated at cost. Depreciation and amortization are computed over estimated useful lives that are reviewed periodically. In connection with this review we consider changes in the economic environment, technological advances, and management's assessment of future revenue potential.

### Results of Operations

The following discussion compares our results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2002, with those for the year ended December 31, 2001.

Revenues. For the year ended December 31, 2002 revenues were approximately \$1,276,000, 97% of which is attributable to sales of our own product and fees from buyers and sellers through the Rotman Auction operations. Gross sales of our own product were approximately \$1,238,000; gross sales of items on consignment totaled approximately \$5,000. Web hosting, advertising, and sponsorship revenues were approximately \$38,000, representing 2.9% of our revenues.

Our 2002 revenues reflect an increase of approximately \$304,000 or 31%

from the year ended December 31, 2001, in which revenues were \$972,000. For the year ended December 31, 2001, sales of our own product were approximately \$837,000 and sales of items on consignment were approximately \$97,000. For that year, sales of our

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own product represented 79.4% and sales of consignment merchandise represented 9.2% of all sales, but because we only receive a fee for sales on consignment sales of our own product represented 86.2% and sales on consignment represented 1.5% of our revenues. Web hosting, advertising, or sponsorship revenues for the year ended December 31, 2001 were \$120,000, representing 12.3% of our revenues. The primary reason for the increase in revenues was a combination of greater sales of our Company owned product of approximately \$401,000, offset by lower consignment sales of \$92,000, from which we receive only a 15% to 50% fee, or \$15,000, and a decrease in web hosting, advertising and sponsorship revenues of \$82,000.

Gross profit from Company-owned product sales for the year ended December 31, 2002 was \$490,000, which represents an increase of \$330,000 from the year ended December 31, 2001, which had a gross profit from Company-owned product sales of approximately \$161,000. The Company generated commissions on consignment sales of \$1,000 for the year ended December 31, 2002, compared to \$15,000 in commissions on consignment sales for the year ended December 31, 2001. The Company earned \$31,000 in web hosting, advertising, and sponsorship revenues for the year ended December 31, 2002, compared to \$113,000 in 2001, and approximately \$6,000 in revenues for sales of the Maloney's Antiques and Collectibles Resource Directory for the year ended December 31, 2002, compared to \$5,000 in revenue in 2001.

The Company's total gross profit was \$528,000 for the year ended December 31, 2002, compared to \$294,000 for the year ended December 31, 2001, an increase of \$234,000, or 80%. The increase in gross profit is a result of higher quality product and more selective purchasing, offset by a decrease of commissions on consignment sales and revenues generated from web hosting, advertising, and sponsorships. The decrease in web hosting, advertising and sponsorships revenues is due primarily to a focus on developing the ActionInc. suite and planned build-out celebrity websites that are expect to generate revenues during 2003.

The Company has continued to enhance its web properties, which it has done gradually over time to minimize the need for capital investment. The Company's revenues continued to be derived primarily from Rotman Auction.

Operating Expenses. Total operating expenses for the year ended December 31, 2002 were approximately \$3,664,000, compared to \$3,785,000 for the corresponding period in 2001.

Sales, general and administrative ("SG&A") expenses for the year ended December 31, 2002 were approximately \$2,735,000, compared to \$2,742,000 for the year ended December 31, 2001. Administrative and non-technical payroll related costs increased by \$222,000 over the year ended December 31, 2001. The increase in payroll expenses is largely attributable to the hiring of more collectibles related staff for Rotman Auction Depreciation and amortization decreased by \$31,000 principally due some older assets becoming fully depreciated in 2001. Professional fees decreased by \$114,000, primarily attributable to a decrease in costs associated with the Company's litigation in 2001 and settlements of balances due various professionals in 2002. Marketing and advertising costs, primarily attributable to print and online marketing and advertising programs designed to create brand awareness for the Company's online sites, increased by approximately \$40,000. Other SG&A expenses decreased by \$114,000 principally due

to lower lease termination costs.

Costs associated with planning, maintaining and operating the Company's websites for the year ended December 31, 2002 decreased approximately \$114,000 from the year ended December 31, 2001. This decrease is due primarily to decreases in payroll of \$119,000, consulting fees of \$53,000, offset by increases in computer expenses of \$41,000 and depreciation of \$138,000. During 2002 the Company capitalized \$121,000 more in website development costs than it did in 2001.

Interest expense. For the year ended December 31, 2002, the Company incurred \$418,000 in interest expense charges principally associated with convertible notes, including \$164,000 of amortization of beneficial conversion discounts, and \$48,000 of amortization of warrants. For the year ended December 31, 2001 the Company incurred \$900,000 in interest expense, including \$277,000 of amortization of beneficial conversion discounts, and \$135,000 of amortization of warrants. See "Working Capital and Liquidity" below.

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Net Loss. The Company realized a loss for the year ended December 30, 2002 of \$3,531,000, or (\$.03) per share, compared to \$4,358,000, or (\$.07) per share for the year ended December 31, 2001.

Inflation. Management believes that inflation has not had a material effect of its results of operations.

#### Assets

At December 31, 2002, total assets of the Company were \$4,308,000 compared to \$5,584,000 at December 31, 2001. The decrease was primarily due to depreciation and amortization totaling \$1,424,000, offset by \$350,000 in property and equipment additions.

Working Capital and Liquidity

The Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$41,000 at December 31, 2002, compared to \$48,000 at December 31, 2001. The Company had \$317,000 of working capital at December 31, 2002, compared to working capital of \$97,000 at December 31, 2001. At December 31, 2002 current liabilities were \$804,000 compared to \$1,242,000 at December 31, 2001. During the year ended December 31, 2002 current liabilities were reduced primarily through the issuance of common stock for interest and professional fees, agreed upon settlements of various professional fee liabilities, and settlement of lease termination liabilities.

The Company has outstanding an 8% convertible note held by Augustine Fund, L.P. ("Augustine Fund") in the amount of \$3,000,000. The note no longer bears interest. As of December 31, 2002, Augustine Fund had converted \$429,000 of this note into common stock. The note is convertible into common stock at a conversion price equal to the lesser of \$.375 or 73% of the average of the closing bid price for the common stock for the five trading days immediately preceding the conversion date. The \$3,000,000 note was due December 31, 2002, but was extended to March 31, 2003 by mutual agreement, and may be additionally extended through March 31, 2005. In connection with the \$3,000,000 note, the Company issued warrants to Augustine Fund and Delano Group Securities to purchase 300,000 and 100,000 shares of common stock, respectively. The purchase price per share of common stock is \$2.70. The warrants expire on March 31, 2005.

The Company has outstanding a second 8% convertible note to Augustine, in the amount of \$2,000,000, convertible on substantially the same terms as the

original convertible note and secured by substantially all assets of the Company. However, the conversion price is the lesser of \$.25 or 73% of the average of the closing bid price for the common stock for the five trading days immediately preceding the conversion date, and the maturity date is November 7, 2004, with an additional extension to November 7, 2005 permitted by the Company or Augustine Fund. The Company has drawn \$1,613,000 on this second note. The funding was used to finance the Company's operations. During 2002, Augustine had refused to honor certain draw requests, citing inadequate liquidity in the Company's common stock and Augustine's lack of cash resources. As of December 31, 2002, Augustine Fund was current with all draw requests. If, in the future, Augustine Fund fails to honor draw requests, the Company may need to seek alternative financing or seek damages for breach of contract from Augustine Fund.

The Company issued a 6% convertible note on November 7, 2001 in the amount of \$1,000,000 to Leslie Rotman (the "Rotman Note"), as the sole stockholder of Rotman Collectibles, Inc., upon the merger of Rotman Collectibles, Inc. into a subsidiary of the Company under the same name. Rotman Collectibles, Inc. obtained a large collection of entertainment memorabilia in connection with this transaction. In January 2002 the Rotman Note was converted into 23,916,378 shares of common stock of the Company. Management believes that sales from Rotman Collectibles, Inc. inventory will generate up to \$400,000 in the next 12 months. The Rotman Note was issued on substantially the same terms as the original convertible note to Augustine Fund, except that the interest rate was 6% rather than 8%, and the base price at which the note could be converted into shares of common stock of the Company was 80%, rather than 73%.

Had periodic advances under the November 7, 2001 convertible notes been converted upon issuance, the holders would have received a total of approximately \$846,500 more in aggregate value of the Company's common stock than they had advanced. As a result, in accordance with EITF 00-27, the intrinsic value of the beneficial conversion feature of approximately \$846,500 is being charged to interest expense over the term of the related notes.

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Since the Rotman Note was fully converted in January 2002, substantially all the related beneficial conversion feature of \$250,000 was charged to interest expense in 2001.

The Company's independent auditors have issued a going concern opinion on the Company's consolidated financial statements. The Company needs an infusion of \$500,000 of additional capital to fund anticipated operating costs over the next 12 months. However, management anticipates continued growth in gross profit. Management anticipates that its suite of management tools, called "AuctionInc.", its new online appraisal service, Ask the Appraiser(TM), offered through eBay, and sales from its movie poster inventory, will continue to increase revenues and result in higher gross profit. Subject to the discussion below, management believes that the Company has sufficient cash commitments to fund operations during the next 12 months. These commitments include call options for approximately 2.3 million shares of common stock, which, once assigned by the Company, can generate between \$95,000 and \$750,000 of cash. In addition, Augustine Fund is required to provide financing, at the Company's request, of up to \$2,000,000, from which the Company, as of December 31, 2002, has previously drawn \$1,613,000. Management also obtained private financing in 2002 in the aggregate amount of \$115,000 pursuant to 8% promissory notes, and anticipates up to \$250,000 in additional short term financing at higher interest rates for the purpose of purchasing inventory. We anticipate that this private financing will be repaid shortly after the related inventory is sold.

Management believes that these plans should result in obtaining sufficient operating cash through the end of 2003. However, there can be no assurance that an assignment of the call options can be concluded on reasonably acceptable terms or that Augustine will honor our draw requests. If these assignments are not completed or draw requests are not honored, management may need to seek alternative sources of capital to support operations. In addition, management believes that operating costs and interest expense will continue to decrease. Management believes that future software development fees will decrease substantially because the AuctionInc. software development is substantially complete, payroll will decline due to changes in benefits and staffing, and professional fees will decline because the Company has resolved its litigation issues.

### Item 7. Financial Statements.

The consolidated financial statements and supplementary data required by this item appear on Page F-1 immediately following the signature page and certifications.

Item 8. Changes In and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure.

Effective January 27, 2003, the Company's audit committee, with the subsequent approval of the Company's Board of Directors, dismissed Wolf & Company, P.C. ("Wolf") as the Company's independent accountants.

The reports of Wolf on the financial statements of the Company for each of the past two fiscal years did not contain any adverse opinion or disclaimer of opinion and were not qualified or modified as to uncertainty, audit scope, or accounting principles, except that the reports of Wolf on the financial statements of the Company for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2001 and December 31, 2000 were modified to express substantial doubt as to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

In addition, during the Company's two most recent fiscal years and through January 27, 2003, there were no disagreements with Wolf on any matter of accounting principles or practices, financial statement disclosure, or auditing scope or procedure, which disagreement, if not resolved to the satisfaction of Wolf, would have caused Wolf to make reference to the subject of that disagreement in its reports on the Company's financial statements for those fiscal periods.

The Company had previously requested that Wolf furnish it with a letter addressed to the Securities and Exchange Commission stating whether or not it agrees with the Company's statements. A copy of the letter stating Wolf's agreement with such statements, dated January 31, 2003, is attached hereto as Exhibit 16.1.

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On January 31, 2003, the Company's Board of Directors, based on a recommendation of its Audit Committee, appointed Carlin, Charron & Rosen, LLP ("Carlin") as the Company's new independent accountants commencing with the audit of the Company's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2002. During the two most recent fiscal years and the interim period preceding the engagement of Carlin, the Company has not consulted with Carlin regarding the application of accounting principles to a specific completed or contemplated transaction, or the type of audit opinion that might be rendered on the Company's financial statements, nor was other written or oral advice provided that was an important factor considered by the Company in reaching a decision as

to the accounting, auditing, or financial reporting issue, or regarding any matter that was either the subject of a "disagreement" or a reportable event, as those terms are used in Item 304(a)(1) (iv) of Regulation S-B and the related instructions to Item 304 of Regulation S-B.

#### PART III

Item 9. Directors and Executive Officers, Promoters and Control Persons; Compliance with Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act.

Directors and Executive Officers

The following table sets forth certain information regarding the directors and executive officers of Sales Online:

Name	Age	Position
Gregory Rotman*	36	Director, Chief Executive Officer & President
Richard Rotman*	32	Director, Chief Financial Officer, Vice President, Treasurer & Secretary
Andrew Pilaro	33	Director

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Each of the Directors was elected as of September 19, 2000, for a term expiring at the 2001 Annual Meeting of Stockholders and until their successors are elected and qualified. The Company did not hold an annual meeting in 2001 or 2002. Under the Delaware General Corporation Law, each director holds office until such director's successor is elected and qualified or until such director's earlier resignation or removal.

The following is a description of the current occupation and business experience for the last five years for each director and executive officer.

Gregory P. Rotman has served as a Director and the Chief Executive Officer and President of Sales Online since February 1999. From 1995 to 1998, he served as a Partner of Teamworks, Inc., LLC, which was responsible for the design, financing and build-out of MCI National Sports Gallery.

Richard S. Rotman has served as a Director and the Chief Financial Officer, Vice President, Treasurer and Secretary of Sales Online since February 1999. Prior to joining Sales Online, he was involved in the management and day-to-day operations of Rotman Auction, which he formed in February 1997. From 1995 until February 1997, Mr. Rotman worked for the family business, Rotman Collectibles, where he began in sales and distribution in the new product division. As the industry was changing, Rotman Collectibles began focusing on auctions as a more permanent division and during 1996, he began to create a presence on the Internet. Mr. Rotman's primary expertise is in management and daily operations. From 1994 to 1995, Mr. Rotman served as the director of an art gallery in Jackson, Wyoming, selling original artwork to high-end clientele.

Andrew Pilaro has served as a Director of Sales Online since September 2000. Since August, 1996, he has served as the Assistant to the Chairman of CAP Advisors Limited, an investment management company, with

<sup>\*</sup>Gregory Rotman and Richard Rotman are brothers.

responsibility for asset management. From August, 1995 to August, 1996, Mr. Pilaro was a clerk at Fowler, Rosenau & Geary, L.P., a stock specialist firm.

Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance

Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 requires the Company's directors and executive officers, and persons who own more than 10% of the Company's outstanding Common Stock to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission initial reports of ownership and reports of changes in ownership of Common Stock. These persons are required by SEC regulation to furnish the Company with copies of all such reports they file.

To the Company's knowledge, based solely on a review of the copies of such reports furnished to the Company and representations that no other reports were required, all Section 16(a) filing requirements applicable to its officers and directors and to Gregory Rotman and Richard Rotman, who are beneficial owners of more than 10% of the Company's stock, have been complied with for the period which this Form 10-KSB relates, except John Martin, former Director and executive officer, filed a Form 4 that was 30 days late with respect to 17 transactions that were completed in February 2002, filed a Form 4 that was 30 days late with respect to 3 transactions that were completed in March 2003, and filed a Form 4 that was 10 days late with respect to 9 transactions that were completed in June 2002. Effective September 24, 2002, Mr. Martin resigned as Director of the Company and from all other management duties for the Company to devote more time as an employee to development of the Company's software.

### Item 10. Executive Compensation

The following table sets forth the compensation of the Company's chief executive officer, the chief financial officer, and each officer whose total cash compensation exceeded \$100,000, for the last three fiscal years ended December 31, 2002, 2001, and 2000.

### SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE

		Annual Compensation	Long-T
Name and Principal Position(1)	Fiscal Year (1)	Salary	Securit
Gregory Rotman President and Chief Executive Officer	2002 2001 2000	\$ 83,464 \$ 74,704 \$ 98,928	
Richard Rotman Chief Financial Officer and Vice President and Secretary	2002 2001 2000	\$ 83,464 \$ 75,667 \$ 98,771	

(1) On October 11, 2002, both Gregory Rotman and Richard Rotman were granted options to purchase 10,000,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$.041, under the Company's 2002 Stock Option Plan, pursuant to the following vesting schedule: options to purchase 4,000,000 shares of common stock vest on April 11, 2003; options to purchase 3,000,000 shares of common stock vest on October 11, 2003, and options to purchase 3,000,000 shares vest on

October 11, 2004, subject to termination, change in control and other restrictions.

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The following table sets forth certain information related to options granted to the named executive officers:

# OPTION GRANTS IN LAST FISCAL YEAR (Individual Grants)

Name	Number of Securities Underlying Options/ SARs Granted (#)	Percent of Total Options/ SARs Granted to Employees in Fiscal Year	Exercise o Price (
Gregory Rotman, President and CEO	10,000,000	37.88%	\$.04
Richard Rotman, Vice President, CFO and Secretary	10,000,000	37.88%	\$.04

The following table sets forth certain information related to the number of options exercised and the number and value of exercisable and unexercisable options of the named executive officers as of December 31, 2002:

# AGGREGATED OPTION/SAR EXERCISES IN LAST FISCAL YEAR AND FY-END OPTION/SAR VALUES

Name	Shares Acquired on Exercise (#)	Value Realized (\$)	Securities Underlying Unexercised Options/SARs at FY-End (#) Exercisable/ Unexercisable
Gregory Rotman, President and CEO	0	\$0	0/10,000,000
Richard Rotman, Vice President, CFO and Secretary	0	\$0	0/10,000,000

(1) Based on closing price of \$.054 on December 31, 2002 as reported by the OTC Bulletin Board.

None of the Company's directors receives any compensation from the Company for serving as directors. However, on October 11, 2002, Andrew Pilaro received options to purchase 2,000,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$.041, pursuant to the 2002 Stock Option Plan, subject to the following vesting

Number of

schedule: options to purchase 800,000 shares of common stock vest immediately; options to purchase 600,000 shares of common stock vest October 11, 2003, and options to purchase 600,000 shares of common stock vest on October 11, 2004. Based on a closing price of the Company's common stock as report on the OTC Bulletin Board of \$.054 as of December 31, 2002, Mr. Pilaro's exercisable options have a value of \$10,400, and Mr. Pilaro's unexercisable options have a value of \$15,600.

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Item 11. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management.

To the knowledge of the management of the Company the following table sets forth the beneficial ownership of our common stock as of March 3, 2003 of each of our directors and executives officers, and all of our directors and executive officers as a group. The address of each person named below is the address of the Company.

Name and Address of Beneficial Owner	Number of Shares Beneficially Owned	% of Class
Gregory Rotman	12,309,005 (1)	9.07%
Richard Rotman	14,155,451 (1)	10.43%
Andrew Pilaro	868,700 (2)	.66%
All directors and officers as a group	27,333,156	19.46%
(3 individuals)		

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- (1) Includes options to purchase 4,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$.041, exercisable April 11, 2003.
- (2) Includes 17,200 shares held indirectly as custodian for Mr. Pilaro's minor sons and options to purchase 800,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$.041, exercisable immediately.

To the knowledge of the Company's management, as of March 3, 2003, there are no persons and/or companies who or which beneficially own, directly or indirectly, shares carrying more than 5% of the voting rights attached to all outstanding shares of the Company, other than Gregory Rotman and Richard Rotman, as set forth above.

The information regarding the Company's Equity Compensation Plan Information is incorporated herein by reference in Part II, Item 5 of this Annual Report on Form 10-KSB.

Item 12. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions.

On October 23, 2001, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire Rotman Collectibles, Inc., through the merger of Rotman Collectibles into a Company subsidiary. Rotman Collectibles was in the business of buying and selling movie posters dated generally from the early 1940s through the early 1970s. On November 7, 2001, as payment for the business of Rotman Collectibles, the Company issued a \$1,000,000 convertible note to Leslie Rotman, the sole stockholder of Rotman Collectibles. The note was secured by the Company's assets, until it was converted in January 2002 into 23,916,378 shares of the Company's common stock. The purchase price was based upon an independent appraisal of the assets of Rotman Collectibles, consisting exclusively of the movie posters. The Company did not assume any substantial known liabilities of

Rotman Collectibles. Pursuant to the independent appraisal, the assets have a retail appraised value substantially higher than the principal amount of the note. The sole stockholder, director and officer of Rotman Collectibles was Leslie Rotman, who is the mother of Gregory Rotman and Richard Rotman.

Management believes that the terms of the transaction with Leslie Rotman and Rotman Collectibles are fair and reasonable to the Company and no less favorable than could have been obtained by an unaffiliated third party.

In December 2001, the Company engaged Steven Rotman to provide consulting services to the Company. Steven Rotman is the father of Gregory Rotman and Richard Rotman. Mr. Rotman receives compensation in shares of common stock of the Company equal to \$40,000 per calendar quarter. In 2002, the Company obtained private financing from Mr. Steven Rotman in the aggregate amount of \$115,000 pursuant to 8% promissory notes. Management believes that the terms of the engagement with Mr. Rotman are fair and reasonable to the Company and no less favorable than could have been obtained by an unaffiliated third party.

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### Item 13. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K.

### (a) Exhibits.

Exhibits are numbered in accordance with Item 601 of Regulation S-B.

Exhibit No.	Description of Exhibits
3.1	Certificate of Incorporation, as amended (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Form 10-KSB, filed on April 1, 2002)
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to Form 10-KSB, filed on April 14, 2000)
4.1	Specimen of certificate for Common Stock (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Form SB-2/A filed on December 1, 2000)
4.2	Convertible Note, dated November 7, 2001, issued to Leslie Rotman pursuant to Agreement and Plan of Merger (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 4.1 to Form 8-K filed on November 21, 2001)
4.3	Convertible Note, dated November 7, 2001, issued to Augustine Fund, L.P., pursuant to Loan Agreement (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 4.2 to Form 8-K filed on November 21, 2001)
4.4	Registration Rights Agreement, dated November 7, 2001, by and between Leslie Rotman and the Company (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 4.3 to Form 8-K filed on November 21, 2001)
4.5	Registration Rights Agreement, dated November 7, 2001, by and between Augustine Fund, L.P. and the Company (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 4.4 to Form 8-K filed on November 21, 2001)
10.2	1999 Stock Option Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Form SB-2/A filed on December 1, 2000)

10.3	1999 Omnibus Share Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to Form SB-2/A filed on December 1, 2000)
10.4	Internet Data Center Services Agreement dated July 21, 1999 between the Registrant and Exodus Communications, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to Form 10-KSB filed on May 11, 2001)
10.5	Securities Purchase Agreement dated March 23, 2000 between the Registrant and Augustine Fund, LP. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Form 10-KSB filed on April 14, 2000)
10.6	Convertible Note dated March 23, 2000 issued to Augustine Fund, LP pursuant to Securities Purchase Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to Form 10-KSB filed on April 14, 2000)
10.7	Warrant dated March 23, 2000 issued to Augustine Fund, LP pursuant to Securities Purchase Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to Form 10-KSB filed on April 14, 2000)
10.8	Registration Rights Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to Form 10-KSB filed on April 14, 2000)
10.9	Escrow Agreement dated March 23, 2000 among the Registrant, Augustine Fund, LP and H. Glenn Bagwell, Jr. pursuant to Securities Purchase Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 to Form 10-KSB filed on April 14, 2000)
10.10	Warrant issued by the Registrant to Delano Group Securities, LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 to Form 10-KSB filed on April 14, 2000).
10.11	Modification Agreement dated September 19, 2000 between the Registrant and Augustine Fund, L.P. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.7 to Form S-3 filed on October 25, 2000).
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10.12	Software License Agreements dated November 8, 2000 between the Registrant and CSEI (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Form 8-K filed on November 22, 2000)
10.15	Loan Agreement, dated November 7, 2001, by and between Augustine Fund, L.P. and the Company (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.1 to Form 8-K filed on November 21, 2001)
10.16	2001 Non-Qualified Stock Option Plan, as amended (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 99.1 to Form S-8 filed on January 24, 2002)
10.17	2002 Stock Option Plan*
16.1	Letter regarding Change of Certifying Accountant (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 16.2 to Form 8-K filed on February 3, 2003).

21.1 Subsidiaries of the Registrant (included in Item I)\*

23.1 Consent of Carlin, Charron & Rosen, LLP\*

23.2 Consent of Wolf & Company, P.C. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 23.1 to Form 10-KSB, filed on April 1, 2002)

99.1 Risk Factors\*

99.2 Certification of President and CFO pursuant to Section 906 of

\_\_\_\_\_

### (b) Reports on Form 8-K.

the 2002 Sarbanes-Oxlev Act\*

The Company filed a report on Form 8-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission as of February 3, 2003, announcing that Wolf & Company, P.C. had been dismissed as the Company's independent accountants effective January 27, 2003, and that Carlin, Charron & Rosen, LLP has been appointed as the Company's independent accountants effective January 31, 2003.

### Item 14. Controls and Procedures.

Based on the evaluation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days of the filing date of this annual report, each of Gregory Rotman, the President of the Company, and Richard Rotman, the Chief Financial Officer of the Company, have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective in ensuring that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time period specified by the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms.

There were no significant changes in the Company's internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect these controls subsequent to the date of their evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

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### SIGNATURES

In accordance with Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

SALES ONLINE DIRECT, INC.

Date: March 29, 2003

By:

Gregory Rotman, President

In accordance with the Exchange Act, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated:

<sup>\*</sup> filed herewith

/s/ Gregory Rotman
Date: March 29, 2003

Gregory Rotman, President and Director

/s/ Richard Rotman
Date: March 29, 2003

Richard Rotman, Vice President, Treasurer,

Secretary and Director

/s/ Andrew C. Pilaro

Date: March 29, 2003

Andrew Pilaro, Director

### CERTIFICATIONS

- I, Gregory Rotman, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-KSB of Sales Online Direct, Inc.
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this annual report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this annual report.
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this annual report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this annual report.
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and have:

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- a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this annual report is being prepared;
- b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this annual report (the "Evaluation Date"); and
- c) presented in this annual report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date.
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to

record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and

- b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls; and
- 6. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have indicated in this annual report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Date: March 29, 2003 /s/ Gregory Rotman
Gregory Rotman, President

- I, Richard Rotman, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-KSB of Sales Online Direct, Inc.
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this annual report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this annual report.
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this annual report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this annual report.
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and have:
  - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this annual report is being prepared;
  - b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this annual report (the "Evaluation Date"); and
  - c) presented in this annual report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date.

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5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

- a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
- b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls; and
- 6. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have indicated in this annual report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Date: March 29, 2003 /s/ Richard Rotman
-----Richard Rotman, Chief Financial Officer

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Consolidated Financial Statements and Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants

Sales Online Direct, Inc. and Subsidiary December 31, 2002 and 2001

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SALES ONLINE DIRECT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY
DECEMBER 31, 2002 AND 2001
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Shareholders of Sales Online Direct, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Sales Online Direct, Inc. and subsidiary (the Company) as of December 31, 2002, and the related consolidated statements of operations, shareholders' equity (deficit) and cash flows for the year then ended. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall consolidated financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Sales Online Direct, Inc. and subsidiary as of December 31, 2002, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company has incurred recurring losses, has had negative cash flows from operations and has a shareholders' deficit at December 31, 2002. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans regarding those matters are also described in Note 2. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

/s/ Carlin, Charron & Rosen LLP

Worcester, Massachusetts March 14, 2003

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors Sales OnLine Direct, Inc. Worcester, Massachusetts

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of Sales OnLine Direct, Inc. as of December 31, 2001, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for year ended. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall consolidated financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Sales OnLine Direct, Inc. as of December 31, 2001 and the results of their operations and their cash flows for years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company has incurred recurring losses from operations and has a stockholders' deficit at December 31, 2001. These circumstances raise substantial doubt as to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regard to these matters are also described in Note 2. The accompanying consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

/s/ Wolf & Company, P.C.

March 24, 2002 Boston, Massachusetts

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# SALES ONLINE DIRECT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31,

	ASSETS	2002		2001
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	41,283	\$	47,669
Accounts receivable	·	7,495		15,295
Marketable securities				121
Inventories		966,749		1,160,810
Prepaid expenses		86,544		37,595
Other current assets		18,413		77 <b>,</b> 557
Total current assets		1,120,484		1,339,047
Property and equipment, net		907,785		1,136,931
Other intangible assets, net		2,279,799		3,078,391
Debt financing costs, net				30,000
Total assets	\$	4,308,068	\$	5,584,369
	==		===	

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT Current liabilities: \$ 115,000 \$ --260,546 359,218 428,005 882,433 Notes payable Accounts payable Accrued expenses \_\_\_\_\_ Total current liabilities 803**,**551 1,241,651 Convertible debt 3,778,377 4,544,968 Contingencies \_\_\_\_\_ Shareholders' deficit: Common stock, \$.001 par value, 350,000,000 shares authorized; 128,309,528 and 79,683,494 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2002 128,310 79,683 15,231,677 12,010,313 (15,589,228) (12,057,863) and 2001, respectively Additional paid-in capital Accumulated deficit (234,383) Unearned compensation (44,619) Total shareholders' deficit (273**,**860) (202,250) \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ Total liabilities and shareholders' deficit \$ 4,308,068 \$ 5,584,369 

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

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# SALES ONLINE DIRECT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31,

	2002	2001
Revenues	\$ 1,275,888	•
Cost of revenues	 /4/ <b>,</b> /2/	 678 <b>,</b> 275
Gross profit	528,161	293 <b>,</b> 527
Operating expenses: Selling, general, and administrative expenses Web site development costs		2,742,018 1,043,359
web site development costs	 •	
Total operating expenses	3,664,479	3,785,377
Loss from operations	 (3,136,318)	 (3,491,850)
Other income (expense):		
Interest expense	(417,634)	(899 <b>,</b> 785)
Other income	23,313	30,880
Unrealized gain on marketable securities		36,291
Loss on sale of marketable securities	(726)	(33,092)
Total other expense, net	 (395,047)	 (865,706)

Loss before income taxes	(3,531,3	(4, 357, 556)
Provision for income taxes		
Net loss	\$ (3,531,3	65) \$ (4,357,556)
	========	== ========
Loss per share:	========	== =======
Loss per share: Basic and diluted		== ===================================
-		
-	\$ (0.	03) \$ (0.07)

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

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# SALES ONLINE DIRECT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY (DEFICIT) YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002 AND 2001

	Common stock			
		Amount	Paid-in Capital	Accumulated deficit
Balance, December 31, 2000	54,763,281	\$ 54,763	\$ 10,448,176	\$ (7,700,307)
Issuance of common stock in merger with Rotman Collectibles, Inc.	100		7	
Reclassification of temporary equity	200,000	200	237,300	
Registration costs			(244,600)	
Common stock issued in payment of interest on convertible debt	3,193,126	3 <b>,</b> 193	174,505	
Beneficial conversion discount			619,862	
Common stock issued in payment of legal and consulting fees	4,929,229	4,929	173,643	
Issuance of common stock pursuant to exercise of stock options granted to employees for services	16,597,758	16,598	601,420	
Amortization of stock-based compensation				
Net loss				(4,357,556)
Balance, December 31, 2001	79,683,494	\$ 79 <b>,</b> 683	\$ 12,010,313	\$(12,057,863)
Amortization of stock-based compensation				

Common stock issued in payment of interest on convertible debt	3,054,556	3,055	257 <b>,</b> 511	
Issuance of common stock pursuant to exercise of stock options granted to employees for services	6,401,518	6,402	484,700	
Common stock issued in payment of professional and consulting fees	9,176,396	9,176	850 <b>,</b> 304	
Exercise of stock options	294,750	295	2,653	
Conversions of notes payable	29,698,814	29,699	1,399,551	
Beneficial conversion discount			226,645	
Net loss				(3,531,365)
Balance, December 31, 2002	128,309,528	•	\$ 15,231,677	\$ (15,589,228)

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

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# SALES ONLINE DIRECT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,

	2002	2001
Operating activities:		
Net loss	\$(3,531,365)	\$(4,357,556)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net		
cash used in operating activities		
Depreciation and amortization	1,423,819	1,421,325
Amortization of unearned compensation	189,764	189,764
Amortization of debt discount	47,804	215,000
Beneficial conversion feature	164,000	277,360
Stock issued in payment of interest	260,566	177,698
Stock options issued for compensation	491,102	618,018
Net loss (gain) on marketable securities	726	(3,118)
Stock issued in payment of consultants	859 <b>,</b> 480	178 <b>,</b> 572
Loss on abandonment of property & equipment		45 <b>,</b> 852
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	•	(15,295)
Inventories	•	240,516
Accounts payable		221,941
Accrued expenses		152 <b>,</b> 825
Other, net	10,195	28 <b>,</b> 912
Net cash used in operating activities	(435,148)	(608,186)
Investing activities:		
Purchase of securities	(1,117)	
Proceeds from sale of marketable securities	512	20,193
Acquisition of other intangible assets	(16,000)	
Cash received from Rotman Auction, Inc.		10,698
Property and equipment additions	(350,081)	(168,244)

Net cash used in investing activities	(366, 686)	(137,353)
Financing activities:		
Net proceeds from note payable	115,000	
Net proceeds from convertible debt	677,500	935,274
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	2,948	
Payment of stock registration costs		(244,600)
Net cash provided by financing activities	795 <b>,</b> 448	690,674
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(6,386)	(54,865)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	47,669	102,534
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$ 41,283 =======	\$ 47,669 =======

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

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SALES ONLINE DIRECT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,

### SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Reduction in acquisition price of certain assets of

ChannelSpace Entertainment, Inc. due to settlement agreement

		2002		200	
Cash paid during the year for:					
Income taxes	\$		\$		
Interest	\$	2,212	\$	:=====	
	===	:======	===	:=====	
SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Convertible debt converted to common stock	\$1,	429,250	\$		
Merger of Rotman Collectibles, Inc. accounted for using the purchase method of accounting. The assets were recorded at their fair value as follows:					
Cash received in the transaction	\$		\$	10,	
Inventories	\$		\$ 1	,015,	
Other liabilities assumed	\$		\$	(26,	
Convertible debt issued	\$		\$(1	,000,	
Issuance of common stock	\$		\$		
Acquisition of Internet Collectible Awards for temporary equity					
Reclassification of temporary					
equity to permanent equity	\$		\$	237,	

Property and equipment \$ -- \$ (30, Other intangible assets \$ -- \$ (269, Accrued expenses reversed \$ -- \$ 300,

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

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### Note 1. Organization

The Company operates and maintains an internet portal dedicated to collectibles in a variety of categories. The Company conducts person to person online auctions of its own merchandise and items posted under consignment arrangements by third party sellers.

On November 8, 2000, the Company acquired certain assets of ChannelSpace Entertainment, Inc., a Virginia corporation ("CSEI") and Discribe, Ltd., ("Discribe") a Canadian corporation wholly owned by CSEI. CSEI and Discribe are converged Internet content providers and producers of affinity portals, including the CollectingChannel.com and the CelticChannel.com websites. The consideration paid by the Company for the acquired assets was 7,530,000unregistered shares of the Company's common stock valued at \$4,648,996 and \$300,000 worth of the Company's common stock to be registered (711,136 shares). On February 1, 2002 the Company entered into a Settlement Agreement and Mutual Release regarding a variety of claims by both parties to the above transaction. The settlement discharged the Company from the requirement to issue, and register, the above mentioned 711,136 shares of common stock and granted to the Company a call option for 2,283,565 shares of unregistered common stock held by CSEI as discussed in Note 6. The assets acquired - consisting principally of software licenses, a video library, a library of articles, a user list, Domain names, furniture, and fixtures and equipment - had an estimated fair value of approximately \$4,974,000. The fair values of the individual assets acquired, and the consideration paid, have been determined by independent appraisal. The excess of the fair value of the assets acquired over the purchase price, approximately \$325,000, has been allocated pro-rata as a reduction of the fair values of the intangible assets acquired.

On November 7, 2001 the Company, through a subsidiary, Rotman Collectibles Inc. (a Delaware Corporation), entered into a merger agreement with Rotman Collectibles, Inc. (a Massachusetts Corporation) ("RCI"), a seller of movie posters. In connection with this agreement the Company issued 100 common shares in exchange for the outstanding common shares of RCI. The acquisition has been accounted for under the purchase method of accounting. In addition, the Company issued the Rotman convertible note discussed in Note 8 in the amount of \$1,000,000 in exchange of a convertible note previously issued by RCI. The sole stockholder, director, and officer of RCI was Leslie Rotman, who is the mother of Gregory and Richard Rotman, both of whom are executive officers and directors of the Company.

### Note 2. Management's Plans

The Company has continued to incur significant losses and has a limited operating history. For the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001 the Company reported losses of approximately \$3,530,000 and \$4,360,000, respectively.

To date the Company has met its cash needs from the proceeds of convertible debt and the related warrants and the assignment of call options discussed in Note 8.

The Company has increased gross margins from auctions during 2002. In addition,

the Company's suite of management tools, called "Auction Inc.", its new online appraisal service, Ask the Appraiser(TM), offered through eBay, and sales from its movie poster inventory, are expected to continue to increase revenues and result in higher gross profit. In addition, management anticipates that operating costs will continue to decrease. Software development costs are expected to decrease since the AuctionInc software is substantially complete, and payroll and related costs are expected to decline due to changes in benefits and staffing. Subject to the discussion below, management believes that the Company has sufficient cash commitments to fund operations during the next twelve months.

The Settlement Agreement and Mutual Releases related to the CSEI assets discussed in Note 1 provided the Company with call options for approximately 2.3 million shares of common stock. Management believes that the assignment of these call options can generate between \$95,000 and \$750,000 of cash. In addition, Augustine Fund is required to provide financing, at the Company's request, of an additional \$387,000. Management also obtained private financing in 2002 in the aggregate amount of \$115,000 pursuant to 8% promissory notes, and anticipates up to \$250,000 in additional short term financing at higher interest rates for the purpose of purchasing inventory. Management believes that this private financing will be repaid shortly after the related inventory is sold.

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While management believes that these plans will result in obtaining sufficient operating cash, there can be no assurance that an assignment of the call options can be concluded on reasonably acceptable terms or that Augustine will honor the Company's draw requests. If these assignments are not so completed, or draw requests not honored, management will seek alternative sources of capital to support operations. Based upon current cash positions, the Company needs an infusion of \$500,000 of additional capital to fund anticipated operating costs over the next 12 months.

Although there can be no assurances, the Company believes that the above anticipated additional revenues, additional financing, and anticipated option assignments will be sufficient to meet the Company's working capital requirements through the end of 2003.

Note 3. Summary Of Significant Accounting Policies

Principles of consolidation

The accompanying financial statements include the accounts of Sales Online Direct, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Rotman Collectibles, Inc. incorporated on November 2, 2001.

Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Marketable Securities

The Company classifies its marketable equity securities as trading securities in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 115 "Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities." Consequently, unrealized gains and losses are recognized in earnings for the period.

Inventories

Inventories consist of collectible merchandise for sale and are stated at the lower of average cost or market on a first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

On a periodic basis management reviews inventories on hand to ascertain if any is slow moving or obsolete. In connection with this review, at December 31, 2002 and 2001 the Company has provided for reserves totaling \$180,000 and \$190,000, respectively.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation is computed using the straight line and double declining balance method over the estimated useful lives of from 3 to 5 years.

Other Intangible Assets

Other intangible assets are being amortized on a straight-line basis over an estimated useful life of five years.

The Company adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 142 "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" (SFAS No. 142), effective January 1, 2002. SFAS No. 142 addresses the initial recognition and measurement of intangible assets acquired outside of a business combination and the accounting for goodwill and other intangible assets subsequent to acquisition. SFAS No. 142 provides that intangible assets with finite lives be amortized and that goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives not be amortized, but rather be tested at least annually for impairment. The adoption of SFAS No. 142 in 2002 had no significant impact on the Company.

Debt Financing Costs

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Debt financing costs were amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related debt.

Revenue Recognition

The Company generates revenue on sales of its purchased inventories, from fees and commissions on sales of merchandise under consignment type arrangements, from web hosting services, from appraisal services and from advertising and promotional services.

For sales of merchandise owned and warehoused by the Company, the Company is responsible for conducting the auction, billing the customer, shipping the merchandise to the customer, processing customer returns and collecting accounts receivable. The Company recognizes revenue upon verification of the credit card transaction and shipment of the merchandise, discharging all obligations of the Company with respect to the transaction.

For sales of merchandise under consignment-type arrangements, the Company takes physical possession of the merchandise, but is not obligated to, and does not take title or ownership of merchandise. When an auction is completed, consigned merchandise that has been sold is shipped upon receipt of payment. The Company recognizes the net commission and service revenues relating to the consigned merchandise upon receipt of the gross

sales proceeds and shipment of the merchandise. The Company then releases the net sales proceeds to the Consignor, discharging all obligations of the Company with respect to the transaction.

The Company charges a fixed monthly amount for web hosting services. This revenue is recognized on a monthly basis as the services are provided.

Appraisal revenues are recognized when the appraisal is delivered to the customer.

Advertising revenues are recognized at the time the advertisement is initially displayed on the company's web site. Sponsorship revenues are recognized at the time that the related event is conducted.

#### Advertising Costs

Advertising costs totaling approximately \$88,700 in 2002 and \$55,000 in 2001, are charged to expense when incurred.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses - The carrying amount of these financial instruments approximates fair value because of the short-term nature of these instruments.

Notes payable - The carrying amount of these financial instruments approximates fair value as the interest rate approximates market rates.

Convertible debt - The carrying amount of these financial instruments approximate fair value as the interest rates approximate market rates.

#### Concentrations of Credit Risk

The Company's financial instruments that are exposed to concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable.

Cash and cash equivalents - The Company places its cash and cash equivalents with high credit quality institutions. The Company had no cash deposits in excess of federal depository insurance limits at December 31, 2002 and 2001.

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Accounts receivable - The Company maintains receivable balances with certain of its customers and typically does not require collateral. The Company reviews a customer's credit history before extending credit and establishes an allowance for doubtful accounts based upon periodic reviews of the credit risk of specific customers and other information, if necessary. Based on experience to date, potential credit losses are considered minimal.

### Income Taxes

Deferred tax asset and liabilities are recorded for temporary differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities using the enacted income tax rates expected to be in effect when the taxes are actually paid or recovered. A deferred tax asset is also recorded for net operating loss, capital loss and tax credit carry forwards to the

extent their realization is more likely than not. The deferred tax expense for the period represents the change in the deferred tax asset or liability from the beginning to the end of the period.

#### Use of Estimates

In preparing financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported of assets and liabilities as of the date of the balance sheet and reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Material estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant change in the near term relate to inventories, intangible assets and deferred tax asset valuation. Although these estimates are based on management's knowledge of current events and actions, they may ultimately differ from actual results.

### Stock Compensation Plans

In December 2002, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 148, "Accounting for Stock Based Compensation - Transition and Disclosure". SFAS No. 148 amends SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" to provide alternative methods of transition for a voluntary change to the fair value based method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation. In addition, SFAS No. 148 amends the disclosure requirements of SFAS No. 123 to require prominent disclosures in both annual and interim financial statements about the method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation and the effect of the method used on reported results. SFAS No. 148 is effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2002. The adoption of SFAS No. 148 in 2002 had no significant impact on the Company.

SFAS Nos. 123 and 148 encourage all entities to adopt a fair value based method of accounting for employee stock compensation plans, whereby compensation cost is measured at the grant date based on the value of the award and is recognized over the service period, which is usually the vesting period. However, they also allow an entity to continue to measure compensation cost for those plans using the intrinsic value based method of accounting prescribed by Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, " Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," whereby compensation cost is the excess, if any, of the quoted market price of the stock at the grant date (or other measurement date) over the amount an employee must pay to acquire the stock. Stock options issued under the Company's stock option plan typically have no intrinsic value at the grant date, and under Opinion No. 25 no compensation cost is recognized for them. The Company has elected to continue with the accounting methodology in Opinion No. 25 and has provided pro forma disclosures, in accordance with SFAS No. 148, of net income and earnings per share as if the fair value based method of accounting had been applied.

## Earnings Per Common Share

Basic earnings per share represents income available to common stockholders divided by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share reflects additional common shares that would have been outstanding if dilutive potential common shares had been issued, as well as any adjustment to income that would result from the assumed issuance. Potential common

shares that may be issued by the Company relate to convertible debt and outstanding stock options and warrants. The number of common shares that would be issued upon conversion of the convertible debt would have been 107,269,846 as of December 31, 2002 and 156,356,088 as of December 31, 2001. The number of common shares that would be included in the calculation of outstanding options and warrants is determined using the treasury stock method. The assumed conversion of outstanding dilutive stock options and warrants would increase the shares outstanding but would not require an adjustment of income as a result of the conversion. Stock options and warrants applicable to 642,250 shares and 937,000 shares at December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively, have been excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share, as have the common shares that would be issued upon conversion of the convertible debt, because they were antidilutive. Diluted earnings per share have not been presented as a result of the Company's net loss for each year.

### Asset Impairment

The Company adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets" (SFAS No. 144) effective January 1, 2002. In accordance with SFAS No. 144 long lived assets to be held and used by the Company are reviewed to determine whether any events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the asset may not be recoverable. For long-lived assets to be held and used, the Company bases its evaluation on such economic benefits of the assets, any historical or future profitability measurements, as well as other external market conditions or factors that may be present. If such impairment indicators are present or other factors exist that indicate that the carrying amount of the asset may not be recoverable, the Company determines whether an impairment has occurred through the use of an undiscounted cash flow analysis of assets at the lowest level for which identifiable cash flow exist. If impairment has occurred, the Company recognizes a loss for the difference between the carrying amount and the estimated value of the asset. The fair value of the asset is measured using an estimate of discounted cash flow analysis. The adoption of SFAS No. 144 in 2002 had no significant impact on the Company.

### Web Site and Software Development Costs

The Company accounts for website development costs in accordance with the provisions of EITF 00-2, "Accounting for Web Site Development Costs" ("EITF 00-2"), which requires that costs incurred in planning, maintaining, and operating stages that do not add functionality to the site be charged to operations as incurred. External costs incurred in the site application and infrastructure development stage and graphic development are capitalized. During the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, the Company capitalized approximately \$322,000 and \$167,000, respectively, of Web site development costs. Such capitalized costs are included in "Property and equipment."

### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

During 2002, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statements of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) Nos. 145 "Rescission of FASB Statements No. 4, 44, and 64, Amendment of FASB Statement No. 13, and Technical Corrections", 146 "Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities" and 147 "Acquisitions of Certain Financial Institutions – an amendment of FASB Statements No. 72 and 144 and FASB Interpretation No. 9". The Company is not impacted by these statements and does not expect their implementation to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

#### Reclassifications

Certain amounts in the 2001 financial statements have been reclassified to conform with the 2002 presentation with no affect on previously reported net income, loss per share, or accumulated deficit.

#### Note 4. Property and Equipment

At December 31, 2002 and 2001 property and equipment consisted of the following:

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	2002	2001
Computer equipment and software Office furniture Video and article archives Video equipment Web site development cost Purchased software	\$ 854,829 61,927 418,983 158,513 644,305 70,000	61,927 418,983 158,513
Accumulated depreciation	\$ 2,208,557 (1,300,772  \$ 907,785	(721,545)

Depreciation and amortization expense of property and equipment for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001 amounted to approximately \$579,200 and \$445,400, respectively.

The Company uses office and warehouse facilities as a tenant at will in a building leased by a related party. No rent has been charged during the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001.

### Note 5. Other Intangible Assets

At December 31, 2002 and 2001 other intangible assets are comprised of the following:

	2002	2001
Software licenses Patent pending	\$ 2,882,660 16,000	\$ 2,882,660 
Domain names	77,025	77,025
Acquired web sites	762 <b>,</b> 301	762 <b>,</b> 301
Customer and user lists	327 <b>,</b> 157	327,157
Other	30,763	30,763
	4,095,906	4,079,906
Accumulated amortization	(1,816,107)	(1,001,515)
	\$ 2,279,799	\$ 3,078,391

Amortization expense for other intangible assets for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001 amounted to approximately \$814,600 and \$814,100, respectively.

Note 6. Common Stock

Call Option Agreements

In connection with the Settlement Agreement and Mutual Release with CSEI discussed in note 1, the Company was granted call options for 2,283,565 unregistered common shares held by CSEI at an exercise price of \$.001 per share. The call options expire on January 31, 2005.

Stock Options

In June 1999, the Company's Board of Directors adopted the 1999 Stock Option Plan (the "1999 Plan") that provides for the issuance of options to directors, officers, employees and consultants of the Company to purchase up to 1,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock. Options granted under the plan may be either incentive stock options ("ISO") or nonqualified stock options ("NSO"). The 1999 Plan provides that each option be granted at a price determined by the Board of Directors on the date such option is granted and have a maximum option term of ten years. The options granted become exercisable during a period of

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time as specified by the Board of Directors at the date such option is granted. In July 1999, the Company granted an option to an employee to purchase 471,000 shares of common stock at \$.01 per share. The option vests over a four-year period. The Company recorded unearned compensation of \$757,848, based on the difference between the fair market value of the common stock at the grant date and the exercise price. The unearned compensation is being amortized over the vesting period of the option. Amortization expense related to unearned compensation amounted to \$189,764 for each of the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001. In 1999, the Company also granted options to purchase 126,000 shares of common stock at the stock's fair value on the dates of grant.

In October 2002, the Company's Board of Directors adopted the 2002 Stock Option Plan (the "2002 Plan") that provides for the issuance of options to directors, officers, employees and consultants of the Company to purchase up to 30,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock. Options granted under the plan may be either incentive stock options ("ISO") or nonqualified stock options ("NSO"). The 2002 Plan provides that each option be granted at a price determined by the Board of Directors on the date such option is granted and have a maximum option term of ten years. The options granted become exercisable during a period of time as specified by the Board of Directors at the date such option is granted. During 2002, the Company granted options to purchase a total of 25,000,000 shares of common stock to its President, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Technology Officer and a Director at the stock's fair value on the date of grant.

There were no options granted or exercised under any plans during 2001.

An analysis of the activity in the 1999 and 2002 Plans is as follows:

Weighted

	a1	Average Exercise
	Shares	Price
Shares under option:		
Outstanding at January 1, 2001	557,000	.24
Granted		
Exercised		
Expired/Cancelled	(20,000)	1.42
Outstanding at December 31, 2001	537,000	.19
Granted	25,000,000	.04
Exercised	(294,750)	.01
Expired/Cancelled		
Outstanding at December 31, 2002	25,242,250 ======	\$.04
Options exercisable at year end	1,745,575	\$.07

Information pertaining to options outstanding at December 31, 2002 is as follows:

Options Outstanding		Options Exer		
Range of Exercise Prices	Number Outstanding	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number Exercisable
\$ .01	176,250	6 years	\$ .01	146,875
.81	9,000	6	.81	6,300
1.62	57 <b>,</b> 000	6	1.62	42,400
.04	25,000,000	10	.04	1,550,000

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Outstanding at end of year 25,242,250 \$ .04 1,745,575 \$ .07

During July 1999, the Company's Board of Directors adopted, subject to stockholders' approval, the 1999 Omnibus Share Plan (the "Omnibus Plan") that provides for both incentive and non-qualified stock options, stock appreciation rights and other awards to directors, officers, and employees of the Company to purchase or receive up to 1,000,000 shares of the Company's stock. A committee of the Board of Directors ("Committee") which price may, in the discretion of the Committee, be less than 100% of the fair market value of the shares on the date of the grant. The options granted will have a maximum term of ten years and shall be exercisable during a period as specified by the Committee. There were no incentive options granted under the Omnibus Plan during 2002 or 2001.

On February 1, 2001 the Company adopted the 2001 Non-Qualified Stock Option Plan (the "2001 Plan") and has filed Registration Statements on Form S-8 to register 40,000,000 shares of its common stock. Under the 2001 Plan employees and consultants may elect to receive their gross compensation in the form of options to acquire the number of shares of the Company's common stock equal to their gross compensation divided by the fair value of the stock on the date of grant. During the year ended December 31, 2002 the Company granted options for 15,577,914 shares at various dates aggregating \$1,350,582 under this plan, including options for 1,011,821 shares representing \$116,910 of consulting fees to Steven Rotman, the father of Gregory and Richard Rotman. During the year ended December 31, 2001 the Company granted options for 21,526,987 shares at various dates aggregating \$796,590 under this plan, including options for 1,880,342 shares representing \$40,000 of consulting fees to Steven Rotman, the father of Gregory and Richard Rotman. All options granted during the period were exercised.

The Company applies Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25 and related interpretations in accounting for its stock option plans. Accordingly, compensation cost has been recognized only to the extent described above. Had compensation cost for the Company's stock option plan been determined based on the fair value at the grant dates for awards under the plan consistent with the method prescribed by FASB Statement No. 123, the Company's net income and earnings per share would have been adjusted to the pro forma amounts indicated below:

	Yea	rs Ended	Decemb	er 31,
	2	002	2	001
Net loss As reported Stock based compensation cost,	\$(3,5	31,365)	\$(4,3	57 <b>,</b> 556)
as reported (net of tax) Stock based compensation cost that would have been included in the determination of net net income had the fair value method been applied (net of tax)		89,764 47,727)		89 <b>,</b> 764 15 <b>,</b> 368)
Pro forma		89 <b>,</b> 328)		83 <b>,</b> 160)
Basic loss per share as reported Stock based compensation cost, as reported (net of tax) Stock based compensation cost that would	\$	(.03)	\$	(.07)
have been included in the determination of net income had the fair value method been applied (net of tax)				
Pro forma	\$	(.03)	•	(.07) =====

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Note 7. Income Taxes

There was no provision for income taxes for the years ended December 31, 2002

and 2001 due to the Company's net operating loss and its valuation reserve against deferred income taxes.

The difference between the provision for income taxes from amounts computed by applying the statutory federal income tax rate of 34% and the Company's effective tax rate is due primarily to the net operating loss incurred by the Company and the valuation reserve against the Company's deferred tax asset.

The tax effects of temporary differences and carry forwards that give rise to deferred taxes are as follows:

	2002	2001
Federal net operating loss		
carry forwards	\$ 4,029,000	\$ 3,541,000
State net operating loss carry forwards Stock-based compensation	1,126,000	1,094,000
recognized for financial statement purposes		210,000
	5,155,000	4,845,000
Valuation reserve	(5,155,000)	(4,845,000)
Net deferred tax asset	\$	\$
	========	========

The valuation reserve applicable to net deferred tax asset for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001 is due to the likelihood of the deferred tax not expected to be utilized.

At December 31, 2002, the Company has federal and state net operating loss carry forwards of approximately \$11,850,000 available to offset future taxable income. The state carry-forwards will expire intermittently through 2007, while the federal carry forwards will expire intermittently through 2022.

### Note 8. Convertible Debt Financing

As of December 31, 2002 the company has issued \$4,183,524 of convertible debt, which is presented net of unamortized beneficial conversion discounts of \$405,147.

On March 23, 2000, the Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement (the "Agreement"), whereby the Company sold an 8% convertible note in the amount of \$3,000,000 (the "Series A Note"), due in shares of common stock on March 31, 2002 to Augustine Fund, L.P. (the "Buyer"). The Series A Note, as most recently modified on May 21, 2002, is convertible into common stock at a conversion price equal to the lesser of: (1) \$.375 per share, or (2) seventy-three percent (73%) of the average of the closing bid price for the common stock for the five (5) trading days immediately preceding the conversion date. In connection with the agreement, the Company also issued warrants to the Buyer and Delano Group Securities to purchase 300,000 and 100,000 shares of common stock, respectively. The purchase price per share of common stock is equal to \$2.70, one hundred and twenty percent (120%) of the lowest of the closing bid prices for the common stock during the five (5) trading days prior to the closing date. The warrants will expire on March 31, 2005. A May 21, 2002 modification agreement extended the maturity date of the note until September 30, 2002, provided for additional ninety-day extensions, the second of which was exercised on December 31, 2002, beyond that date until March 31, 2005, waived interest for periods after March 31, 2002, and released the

Company from all requirements to register any common shares issuable under the note or to keep any existing registration statements effective. As of December 31, 2002 the outstanding balance of this note was \$2,570,750,

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since \$429,250 had been converted into 5,782,436 shares of the Company's common stock at conversion prices ranging from \$.028 to \$.236 per share during the year ended December 31, 2002.

On November 7, 2001, the Company entered into a Loan Agreement, whereby it issued an 8% convertible note in the amount of \$1,000,000, due November 7, 2003 (the "Series B Note") to Buyer. This note was modified on May 21, 2002 to, among other things, allow the Company to borrow up to \$2,000,000. The Series B Note, as modified, is convertible into common stock at a conversion price equal to the lesser of: (1) \$.25 per share, or (2) seventy-three percent (73%) of the average of the closing bid price for the common stock for the five (5) trading days immediately preceding the conversion date. Based upon advances through December 31, 2002, had the Buyer converted the series B Note at issuance, Buyer would have received \$2,206,279 in aggregate value of the company's common stock upon conversion of the convertible note. As a result, in accordance with EITF 00-27, the intrinsic value of the beneficial conversion feature of \$596,507 is being charged to interest expense over the term of the related note. The beneficial conversion feature that was charged to interest expense totaled \$164,000 and \$27,360 in 2002 and 2001, respectively. The total beneficial conversion discount related to this note has been recorded as an increase in additional paid in capital and the unamortized portion as a reduction in the related note. In addition, the Company entered into a Registration Rights Agreement whereby the Company agreed to file a Registration Statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) within sixty (60) days of a request from the Buyer (Filing Date), covering the common stock to be issued upon conversion of the Series B Note. If this registration Statement is not declared effective by the SEC within sixty (60) days of the filing date the conversion percentage shall decrease by two percent (2%) for each month that the Registration Statement is not declared effective. The May 21, 2002 modification extended the maturity date of the Series B Note to November 7, 2004, provided the opportunity to extend the maturity date to November 7, 2005, required that principal and interest be payable in share of common stock, or cash, at the discretion of the Company, and provided that any fees or expenses related to any registration of the common stock will be borne equally by the Company and the Buyer, or entirely by the Buyer in the case of a filing by Buyer and filed before April 10, 2003.

On November 7, 2001, the Company entered into a second Loan Agreement whereby it issued a 6% convertible note, due November 7, 2003 (the "Rotman Note"), to Leslie Rotman, pursuant to an Agreement and Plan of Merger dated October 23, 2001 (Note 1). The Rotman Note was converted into 23,916,378 shares of common stock at conversion prices ranging from \$.0298 to \$.05152 per share in early January 2002. Since the Rotman Note was fully converted in January 2002 the related beneficial conversion feature of \$250,000 has been charged to interest expense.

Note 9. Notes Payable

At December 31, 2002 the Company was obligated on short-term notes payable to a related party. The notes bear interest at 8% and are due in 2003.

Note 10. Issuance of Common Stock

During 2002 and 2001 the Company issued 3,054,556 and 3,193,126 shares of common

stock, respectively, in connection with the payment of approximately \$260,600 and \$177,700 of interest due on its convertible debt.

In addition, during 2002 and 2001 the Company issued 9,176,396 and 4,929,229 shares of common stock respectively, in connection with the payment of approximately \$859,500 and \$178,600 of legal and consulting fees.

#### Note 11. Contingencies

The Company leased its former technology location under an operating lease commencing on January 1, 2000 and expiring on December 31, 2004. Prior to December 31, 2000, the Company abandoned this facility and ceased payments required under the lease. During 2001, the landlord initiated an action seeking approximately \$115,000 in damages, interest and attorneys' fees. In December 2002, the Company entered into a settlement agreement of this matter under which the Company agreed to pay a total of \$10,000.

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#### EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No.	Description of Exhibits
3.1	Certificate of Incorporation, as amended (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Form 10-KSB, filed on April 1, 2002)
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to Form 10-KSB, filed on April 14, 2000)
4.1	Specimen of certificate for Common Stock (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Form SB-2/A filed on December 1, 2000)
4.2	Convertible Note, dated November 7, 2001, issued to Leslie Rotman pursuant to Agreement and Plan of Merger (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 4.1 to Form 8-K filed on November 21, 2001)
4.3	Convertible Note, dated November 7, 2001, issued to Augustine Fund, L.P., pursuant to Loan Agreement (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 4.2 to Form 8-K filed on November 21, 2001)
4.4	Registration Rights Agreement, dated November 7, 2001, by and between Leslie Rotman and the Company (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 4.3 to Form 8-K filed on November 21, 2001)
4.5	Registration Rights Agreement, dated November 7, 2001, by and between Augustine Fund, L.P. and the Company (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 4.4 to Form 8-K filed on November 21, 2001)
10.2	1999 Stock Option Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Form SB-2/A filed on December 1, 2000)
10.3	1999 Omnibus Share Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to Form SB-2/A filed on December 1, 2000)

10.4	Internet Data Center Services Agreement dated July 21, 1999 between the Registrant and Exodus Communications, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to Form 10-KSB filed on May 11, 2001)
10.5	Securities Purchase Agreement dated March 23, 2000 between the Registrant and Augustine Fund, L.P. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Form 10-KSB filed on April 14, 2000)
10.6	Convertible Note dated March 23, 2000 issued to Augustine Fund, LP pursuant to Securities Purchase Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to Form 10-KSB filed on April 14, 2000)
10.7	Warrant dated March 23, 2000 issued to Augustine Fund, LP pursuant to Securities Purchase Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to Form 10-KSB filed on April 14, 2000)
10.8	Registration Rights Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to Form 10-KSB filed on April 14, 2000)
10.9	Escrow Agreement dated March 23, 2000 among the Registrant, Augustine Fund, LP and H. Glenn Bagwell, Jr. pursuant to Securities Purchase Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 to Form 10-KSB filed on April 14, 2000)
10.10	Warrant issued by the Registrant to Delano Group Securities, LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 to Form 10-KSB filed on April 14, 2000).
10.11	Modification Agreement dated September 19, 2000 between the Registrant and Augustine Fund, LP (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.7 to Form S-3 filed on October 25, 2000).
10.12	Software License Agreements dated November 8, 2000 between the Registrant and CSEI (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Form 8-K filed on November 22, 2000)
10.15	Loan Agreement, dated November 7, 2001, by and between Augustine Fund, L.P. and the Company (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.1 to Form 8-K filed on November 21, 2001)
10.16	2001 Non-Qualified Stock Option Plan, as amended (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 99.1 to Form S-8 filed on January 24, 2002)
10.17	2002 Stock Option Plan*
16.1	Letter regarding Change of Certifying Accountant (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 16.2 to Form $8-K$ filed on February 3, 2003).
21.1	Subsidiaries of the Registrant (included in Item I)*
23.1	Consent of Carlin, Charron & Rosen, LLP*
23.2	Consent of Wolf & Company, P.C. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 23.1 to Form 10-KSB, filed on April 1, 2002)

99.1 Risk Factors\*

99.2 Certification of President and CFO pursuant to Section 906 of

the 2002 Sarbanes-Oxley Act\*

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\* filed herewith

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