

Symmetry Medical Inc.
Form S-1/A
July 08, 2005
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As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 8, 2005

Registration No. 333-126133

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Amendment No. 1 to FORM S-1 REGISTRATION STATEMENT

UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

SYMMETRY MEDICAL INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

3842
(Primary Standard Industrial
Classification Code Number)

35-1996126
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

220 West Market Street

Warsaw, Indiana 46580

Telephone: (574) 268-2252

Telecopy: (574) 267-4551

(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant's principal executive offices)

Brian Moore

President and Chief Executive Officer

Symmetry Medical Inc.

220 West Market Street

Warsaw, Indiana 46580

Telephone: (574) 268-2252

Telecopy: (574) 267-4551

(Name, address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of agent for service)

Copies of all communications, including communications sent to agent for service, should be sent to:

**Dennis M. Myers, P.C.
Kirkland & Ellis LLP
200 East Randolph Drive
Chicago, Illinois 60601
Telephone: (312) 861-2000
Telecopy: (312) 861-2200**

**Danielle Carbone
Shearman & Sterling LLP
599 Lexington Avenue
New York, New York 10022
Telephone: (212) 848-4000
Telecopy: (212) 848-7179**

Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public: As soon as practicable after this Registration Statement becomes effective.

If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, check the following box: "

If this Form is filed to registered additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, please check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. "

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. "

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If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. "

If delivery of the prospectus is expected to be made pursuant to Rule 434, please check the following box. "

The registrant hereby amends this Registration Statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this Registration Statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities act of 1933 or until this Registration Statement shall become effective on such date as the Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.

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The information in this prospectus is not complete and may be changed. We may not sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and it is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted.

Subject to Completion, Dated July 8, 2005

Prospectus

10,000,000 Shares

Common Stock

Symmetry Medical Inc. and the selling stockholders named in this prospectus under **Principal and Selling Stockholders** are offering 500,000 shares and 9,500,000 shares, respectively, of common stock. We will not receive any proceeds from shares sold by any selling stockholder.

Our common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol **SMA**. The last reported sale price of our common stock on the New York Stock Exchange on July 7, 2005 was \$22.90 per share.

Investing in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. See **Risk Factors** beginning on page 9 of the prospectus.

	Per Share	Total
Offering price	\$	\$
Discount and commissions to underwriters	\$	\$
Offering proceeds to Symmetry Medical Inc., before expenses	\$	\$
Offering proceeds to the selling stockholders, before expenses	\$	\$

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Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved these securities or determined if this prospectus is accurate or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The selling stockholders have granted to the underwriters an option to purchase up to 1,500,000 additional shares of common stock on the same terms and conditions as set forth above if the underwriters sell more than 10,000,000 shares of common stock in this offering. The underwriters can exercise this right at any time, in whole or in part, within 30 days after the offering. The underwriters expect to deliver the shares of common stock to investors on or about _____, 2005.

Banc of America Securities LLC

Credit Suisse First Boston

Piper Jaffray

Wachovia Securities

William Blair & Company

The date of this prospectus is _____, 2005

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You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus. We and the selling stockholders have not, and the underwriters have not, authorized anyone to provide you with different information. We and the selling stockholders are not making an offer to sell these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted. You should assume that the information contained in this prospectus is accurate as of the date on the front of this prospectus only. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed since that date.

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Financial Information

We operate on a 52- or 53- week year ending on the Saturday closest to December 31. Our fiscal years 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003 and 2004 ended on December 30, 2000, December 29, 2001, December 28, 2002, January 3, 2004 and January 1, 2005, respectively. Our fiscal years 2000, 2001, 2002 and 2004 contained 52 weeks and our fiscal year 2003 contained 53 weeks. Fiscal years are identified in this prospectus according to the calendar year that they most accurately represent. For example, the fiscal year ended January 1, 2005 is referred to herein as fiscal year 2004. The first quarter of fiscal year 2004 ended on April 3, 2004 and contained 13 weeks and the first quarter of fiscal year 2005 ended on April 2, 2005 and contained 13 weeks.

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SUMMARY

This summary highlights information contained elsewhere in this prospectus. This summary does not contain all of the information that you should consider before investing in our common stock. You should read the entire prospectus carefully, including the section entitled "Risk Factors" and the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes included elsewhere in this prospectus, before making an investment decision. Unless the context requires otherwise, as used in this prospectus (i) the terms "Symmetry," "Symmetry Medical," "we," "us" and "our" refer to Symmetry Medical Inc., a Delaware corporation, and all of its consolidated subsidiaries and (ii) the term "Mettis" refers to Mettis (UK) Limited, a United Kingdom corporation, and its consolidated subsidiaries, which we acquired on June 11, 2003. Our statement of operations data for fiscal year 2003 includes the results of Mettis only since its acquisition date.

Our Business

We are the world's largest independent provider of implants and related instruments and cases to orthopedic device manufacturers. We also design, develop and produce these products for companies in other segments of the medical device market, including the dental, osteobiologic and endoscopy sectors, and we provide limited specialized products and services to non-healthcare markets, such as the aerospace market. Through our Total Solutions[®] approach, we offer our customers a broad range of products, as well as comprehensive services and production capabilities to help them bring their implant systems to market quickly and efficiently. We believe that our Total Solutions[®] approach provides us with a competitive advantage in the market place.

We market our Total Solutions[®] approach through our experienced sales force that operates in the United States, Europe and Japan. During fiscal year 2004, we generated revenue of \$205.4 million, serving approximately 600 customers, including 66 new customers added during the year. Our broad customer base includes all of the large orthopedic device manufacturers, including Biomet Inc., DePuy Inc. (a subsidiary of Johnson & Johnson), Kyocera Corporation, Medtronic Sofamor Danek, Smith & Nephew plc, Stryker Corporation, Synthes, Inc. (formerly Synthes-Stratec, Inc.) and Zimmer Holdings, Inc. We have also established relationships, primarily through our cases product offerings, with leading medical device manufacturers in numerous other medical device market segments, including Cardinal Health Inc. and St. Jude Medical Inc. During the first quarter of fiscal year 2005 and during fiscal year 2004, our largest customer represented 29.4% and 25.4%, respectively, of our revenue.

We offer a broad range of products in the following categories:

implants, including forged, cast and machined products for the global orthopedic device market, which represented 36.0% of our revenue in the first quarter of fiscal year 2005 and 36.6% of our revenue in fiscal year 2004;

instruments used in the placement and removal of orthopedic implants and in other surgical procedures, which represented 36.6% of our revenue in the first quarter of fiscal year 2005 and 33.0% of our revenue in fiscal year 2004;

cases, including plastic, metal and hybrid cases, used to organize, secure and transport medical devices for orthopedic and other surgical procedures, which represented 21.7% of our revenue in the first quarter of fiscal year 2005 and 23.0% of our revenue in fiscal year 2004; and

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other specialized products and services for non-healthcare markets, primarily the aerospace market, which represented 5.7% of our revenue in the first quarter of fiscal year 2005 and 7.4% of our revenue in fiscal year 2004.

We believe that we are well positioned to grow our business as a result of the expected expansion of the overall orthopedic device market. In addition, we believe that our Total Solutions® approach provides us with

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significant opportunities to increase our sales by expanding the types of products and services we provide to our existing customers and by adding new customers in other medical device market segments.

Market Opportunity

The global medical device market was estimated to be approximately \$220 billion in 2004. The orthopedic device segment of the medical device market was estimated to be approximately \$19 billion in 2004, and is expected to grow approximately 12% annually to greater than \$30 billion by 2008.

Orthopedic devices principally consist of reconstructive implants used to replace or repair knees, hips, shoulders and other joints, as well as other orthopedic devices to repair bone fractures and the spine. There were approximately 1.7 million reconstructive orthopedic implant procedures performed globally in 2004, an increase of approximately 10% over the previous year. We expect continued growth in the orthopedic device market to be driven by a number of trends including:

growing elderly population;

aging, affluent and active baby boomers ;

improving technologies that expand the market, including minimally invasive surgery;

successful clinical outcomes increasing patient confidence;

increasing patient awareness through orthopedic device companies' direct marketing programs;

increasing volume of procedures to replace older implants (or revision procedures); and

developing international markets.

Our Total Solutions® Approach

We believe that we have created a distinctive competitive position in the orthopedic device market based upon our Total Solutions® approach. Our acquisition of Mettis in June 2003 expanded our products and services, enabling us to offer an integrated outsourcing solution. Our Total Solutions® approach presents our customers with a broad range of products, as well as comprehensive design, engineering and project management services and state of the art production capabilities to help them bring their implant systems to market quickly and efficiently. We believe that our Total Solutions® approach will be an increasing competitive advantage in the future. Our Total Solutions® offering is based on:

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Comprehensive services. We can support our customers' new product offerings from product concept through market introduction and thereafter, by providing seamless design, engineering, prototyping and manufacturing services.

Single source for complete systems. We assist customers in developing new implants, and we design and produce instruments for implant-specific surgical procedures. We also provide customized cases that provide a secure, clearly labeled and well organized arrangement of instruments and devices.

Proprietary Symmetry instruments and cases. Our established lines of proprietary products allow our customers to complete their proprietary implant systems and bring them to market sooner.

Precision manufacturing expertise. Our extensive expertise and know-how enable us to produce large volumes of specialized products to our customers' precise standards, which we believe makes us a supplier of choice to the largest orthopedic companies. Our core production competencies include net shaped forging, precision casting, thermo forming, precision sheet metal working and machining/finishing.

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Quality and regulatory compliance. Our quality systems are based upon and in compliance with International Organization for Standardization, or ISO, requirements and, where applicable, United States Food and Drug Administration, or FDA, regulations. We believe our level of quality and regulatory compliance systems meet our customers' expectations.

Global reach. Our manufacturing capabilities in the United States and Europe allow us to offer single-source products and services to our multinational customers, and the geographic breadth of our experienced sales force effectively brings our Total Solutions® approach to customers globally.

We believe that our Total Solutions® approach offers a number of benefits to our customers, including:

Shorter time to market. Our design, engineering and prototyping skills, as well as our ability to transition seamlessly from product development to production of implants, instruments and cases, enable our customers to reduce time to market for their new products.

Reduced total product acquisition costs. Our comprehensive services, including design, engineering, prototyping, project management, production and inventory control, allow our customers to reduce their procurement costs and inventory levels, resulting in lower product acquisition costs.

Increased focus on marketing and research and development efforts. Our extensive production capabilities and comprehensive services offer a one-stop outsourcing solution and allow our customers to focus their resources on their design, development and marketing efforts.

Rationalized and reliable supply chain. Our scale, scope of products and services and Total Solutions® approach allow large orthopedic companies to reduce the number of their independent suppliers and streamline their operations.

Enhanced product consistency on a global basis. Our extensive production platform, Total Solutions® approach and international presence allow us to meet global demand for orthopedic devices, which is expected to increase.

Our Strategy

Our goal is to increase our share of the orthopedic device market and to leverage our strengths to expand in other medical device market segments. The key elements of our business strategy are to:

Develop strategic relationships with our customers through access to key decision makers. Our scale, scope of products and services and Total Solutions® approach position us as an important partner to our customers. This position gives us access to key decision makers, with whom we intend to continue to build strategic relationships.

Capitalize on our Total Solutions® approach. We believe that our Total Solutions® approach shortens product development cycles, reduces design and manufacturing costs and simplifies purchasing and logistics, and we intend to aggressively market these benefits to our customers.

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Increase sales to existing customers by cross selling products and services. Our cases are currently sold in nearly every segment of the medical device market. We believe that our diverse customer base offers us a natural entry point to new orthopedic and non-orthopedic customers for our implants and instruments.

Leverage manufacturing skills. During fiscal year 2004 and the first half of fiscal year 2005, we expanded most of our facilities and opened new facilities to add manufacturing capacity and design resources, and updated much of our manufacturing and development equipment. We intend to continue to leverage our investments in sophisticated equipment and manufacturing know-how to expand our existing customer relationships and to obtain new customers.

Increase new product offerings. Our Design and Development Centers provide expertise and coordination for our design, engineering and prototyping services. We intend to use the dedicated expertise of our

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Design and Development Centers to generate additional development projects with our customers and to expand our line of innovative and independently developed instruments and cases.

Collaborate with emerging companies. We believe that new and innovative medical device companies are creating a meaningful market presence and that our Total Solutions® approach positions us to help these companies, many of which may have limited resources.

History

We were established in 1976 as a supplier of instruments to orthopedic device manufacturers. During the 1990 s, we made several acquisitions, which expanded our customer base, enhanced our instrument product offerings and extended our product line to include cases designed for various medical devices and their related instruments. In October 2000, investment funds controlled by Olympus Partners acquired control of our company through a recapitalization. In this transaction, the Olympus funds invested a total of \$40.5 million in cash to acquire securities representing approximately 94% of our then outstanding voting stock. On June 11, 2003, we acquired Mettis, a leading manufacturer of forged, cast and machined implants for the global orthopedic device market. This acquisition significantly expanded our product offerings and increased our European presence, allowing us to develop and manufacture a broad range of implants, instruments and cases for orthopedic device manufacturers on a global basis. In connection with the Mettis acquisition, the Olympus funds collectively invested an additional \$63.0 million in equity and loaned us \$8.0 million through the purchase of senior subordinated notes and stock purchase warrants.

In December 2004, we completed an initial public offering of our common stock and entered into a new senior credit facility. We used approximately \$36.4 million of the net proceeds from our initial public offering to repay all of our existing subordinated indebtedness, \$58.0 million to repay a portion of our existing senior indebtedness and \$23.3 million to fund the repurchase of a portion of our Class A Convertible Preferred Stock and warrants to purchase our Class A Convertible Preferred Stock. In addition, the remaining outstanding shares of our Class A Convertible Preferred Stock and warrants to purchase our Class A Convertible Preferred Stock converted into approximately 8.0 million shares of our common stock and warrants to purchase approximately 255.3 thousand shares of our common stock. See Certain Relationships and Related Transactions.

Olympus Partners

Olympus Partners is a private asset management firm headquartered in Stamford, Connecticut, with assets under management at December 31, 2004 of approximately \$1.7 billion. Through its affiliated entity, OGP III, LLC, Olympus Partners is the general partner of Olympus Growth Fund III, L.P., a \$505 million private equity fund dedicated to leveraged buyouts, recapitalizations and growth capital investments in middle-market companies throughout the United States and Western Europe. Since 1989, Olympus Partners has invested in more than 50 portfolio companies. Olympus Co-Investment Growth Fund III, L.P. and Olympus Executive Fund, L.P., funds affiliated with Olympus Partners, are also investors in our company both directly and indirectly through Olympus/Symmetry Holdings LLC, an affiliate of Olympus Partners that directly holds common stock of our company. For ease of reference, we sometimes refer to Olympus Growth Fund III, L.P., Olympus Co-Investment Growth Fund III, L.P., Olympus Executive Fund, L.P. and Olympus/Symmetry Holdings LLC in this prospectus as the Olympus funds. Prior to this offering, the Olympus funds beneficially owned an aggregate of approximately 59.8% of our common stock and immediately following this offering will beneficially own an aggregate of approximately 37.9% of our common stock. See Principal and Selling Stockholders.

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Risks Affecting Us

Our business is subject to numerous risks, as discussed more fully in the section entitled "Risk Factors" immediately following this prospectus summary. We depend on a limited number of customers, and if we lost a significant customer we could lose a material portion of our revenue. In addition, we operate in an industry that presents potential regulatory and product liability risks.

Corporate and Other Information

Our principal executive offices are located at 220 West Market Street, Warsaw, Indiana 46580, and our telephone number is (574) 268-2252. Our website is located at www.symmetrymedical.com. The information contained in, or that can be accessed through, our website is not part of this prospectus.

Symmetry Medical Inc.[®], PolyVac[®] and Total Solutions[®], among others, are registered trademarks of Symmetry Medical Inc. We have trademark rights in these marks in the United States and other countries. This prospectus also refers to brand names, trademarks, service marks, and trade names of other companies and organizations, and these brand names, trademarks, service marks, and trade names are the property of their respective holders.

Market, Ranking and Other Data

The data included in this prospectus regarding markets and ranking, including the size of certain markets and our position within these markets, are based on independent industry publications, security analyst research reports or other published industry sources and estimates based on our management's knowledge and experience in the markets in which we operate. Our management's estimates have been based on information obtained from our customers, distributors, suppliers, trade and business organizations and other contacts in the markets in which we operate. We believe these estimates to be accurate as of the date of this prospectus. However, this information may prove to be inaccurate because of the method by which some of the data were obtained or because this information cannot always be verified with complete certainty due to the limits on availability and reliability of raw data, the voluntary nature of the data gathering process and other limitations and uncertainties inherent in an estimate of market size. Except as noted below, none of these publications, reports or other published industry sources were commissioned by us or prepared at our request and we have not sought or obtained the consent from any of these sources to include such market data in this prospectus.

Our belief that we are the world's largest independent developer of implants and related instruments and cases to orthopedic device manufacturers is supported by a report prepared in August 2004 by Knowledge Enterprises, Inc. at our request. Knowledge Enterprises is a strategic services firm focused on the global orthopedic market and has consented to our use of this report. This report identifies the key orthopedic suppliers and the total estimated 2003 orthopedic sales for such suppliers. Knowledge Ventures, LLC, an affiliate of Knowledge Enterprises, owns 16,189 shares of our common stock.

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The Offering

Common stock offered by us	500,000 shares
Common stock offered by the selling stockholders	9,500,000 shares
Common stock outstanding after this offering	34,366,113 shares

Use of proceeds

We estimate that we will receive net proceeds of approximately \$9.5 million from our sale of shares of common stock in this offering, after deducting estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us. We intend to use approximately \$4.9 million of the net proceeds of this offering to repay all of the outstanding indebtedness under our U.K. short-term credit facility and the remainder for general corporate purposes. We will also receive approximately \$0.5 million from the exercise of management's options to purchase 185,116 shares of our common stock that are being sold by management in this offering, which we intend to use for general corporate purposes.

We will not receive any of the proceeds from the selling stockholders' sale of 9,500,000 shares of common stock in this offering.

NYSE symbol SMA

The number of shares of our common stock to be outstanding immediately after this offering excludes:

435,685 shares of our common stock issuable upon the exercise of outstanding warrants;

638,837 shares of our common stock issuable upon the exercise of outstanding stock options; and

2,272,537 shares of our common stock reserved for future issuance under our stock option and stock purchase plans.

Except as otherwise indicated, all of the information presented in this prospectus assumes no exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares.

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The following tables summarize our consolidated financial data for the periods presented. We have derived the summary consolidated financial data as of and for fiscal years 2002, 2003 and 2004 from our audited consolidated financial statements which have been audited by Ernst & Young LLP and are included elsewhere in this prospectus. The financial data as of April 2, 2005 and for the first quarters of fiscal year 2004 and fiscal year 2005 are derived from our unaudited consolidated financial statements as of such date and for such periods, which in the opinion of management, contain all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the consolidated financial data. Operating results for these periods are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations for a full year. The summary as adjusted balance sheet data gives effect to this offering and the application of the proceeds therefrom as described in Use of Proceeds, but does not give effect to the application of proceeds received by us from the exercise of options to purchase our common stock by management in connection with this offering.

You should read the following information together with the information under Selected Consolidated Financial Data, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and the consolidated financial statements and the related notes included elsewhere in this prospectus.

	Three Months Ended				
	Fiscal Year			(unaudited)	
	2002	2003(1)	2004	April 3, 2004	April 2, 2005
(dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)					
Consolidated Statement of Operations Data:					
Revenue	\$ 65,395	\$ 122,029	\$ 205,391	\$ 45,838	\$ 63,760
Cost of revenue	47,859	86,124	145,081	33,255	44,373
Gross profit	17,536	35,905	60,310	12,583	19,387
Selling, general and administrative expenses	9,440	17,115	22,569	5,495	6,948
Operating income	8,096	18,790	37,741	7,088	12,439
Interest expense	4,968	10,172	13,757	3,539	939
Loss on debt extinguishment(2)		1,436	8,956		
Interest rate swap valuation(3)	979	(1,358)	(1,451)	371	(296)
Other expense (income)	(42)	(374)	(740)	(185)	202
Income (loss) before income taxes and cumulative effect of accounting change	2,191	8,914	17,219	3,363	11,594
Income tax expense	841	3,009	5,524	1,153	3,930
Net income (loss) before cumulative effect of accounting change	1,350	5,905	11,695	2,210	7,664
Cumulative effect of accounting change(4)	(1,146)				
Net income (loss)	204	5,905	11,695	2,210	7,664
Preferred stock dividends	(4,410)	(7,028)	(8,977)	(2,316)	
Net income (loss) applicable to common shareholders	\$ (4,206)	\$ (1,123)	\$ 2,718	\$ (106)	\$ 7,664
Net income (loss) per share:					
Basic	\$ (0.61)	\$ (0.10)	\$ 0.16	\$ (0.01)	\$ 0.23
Diluted	\$ (0.61)	\$ (0.10)	\$ 0.15	\$ (0.01)	\$ 0.22

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	As of April 2, 2005	
	(unaudited)	
	Actual	As Adjusted
	(dollars in thousands)	
Consolidated Balance Sheet Data:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,704	\$ 7,254
Working capital	\$ 49,610	\$ 59,060
Total assets	\$ 314,603	\$ 319,153
Long-term debt and capital lease obligations, less current portion	\$ 40,473	\$ 40,473
Total shareholders' equity	\$ 222,297	\$ 232,005

- (1) Includes the results of Mettis since its acquisition on June 11, 2003.
- (2) In fiscal year 2003, we refinanced substantially all of our existing indebtedness as part of the financing of the acquisition of Mettis, resulting in a loss on debt extinguishment of \$1,436. During 2004, we refinanced substantially all of our indebtedness as part of the initial public offering resulting in a loss on debt extinguishment of \$8,956.
- (3) We enter into interest rate swap agreements to offset against changes in interest rates on our variable rate long-term debt. In accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 133, as amended, *Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities*, these agreements do not qualify for hedge accounting and accordingly, changes in the fair market value of these agreements are recorded each period in earnings.
- (4) Upon completion of the adoption of SFAS No. 142, we determined that the fair market value of the goodwill was lower than book value for one reporting unit, which resulted in an impairment charge.

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RISK FACTORS

An investment in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the risks described below, together with all of the other information in this prospectus, before making a decision to invest in our common stock. If any of the following risks actually occur, our business, financial condition, results of operations and our future growth prospects could suffer. Under these circumstances, the trading price of our common stock could decline, and you may lose all or part of your investment in our common stock.

Risks Related to Our Business

We depend heavily on sales to our significant customers, and our business could be adversely affected if any of them reduced or terminated its purchases from us.

A limited number of large orthopedic device manufacturers, all of whom are our customers, control the predominate share of the orthopedic device market. We depend heavily on revenue from these large companies. Revenue from our ten largest customers represented approximately 80.5% of our revenue in the first quarter of fiscal year 2005 and 78.7% of our revenue in fiscal year 2004. Our three largest customers accounted for approximately 29.4%, 14.2% and 13.8% of our revenue in the first quarter of fiscal year 2005 and our three largest customers accounted for approximately 25.4%, 14.6% and 13.6% of our revenue in fiscal year 2004.

We expect that we will continue to depend on a limited number of large companies for a significant portion of our revenue. In addition, our customer base could become more concentrated if, among other things, there is further consolidation among orthopedic device manufacturers. If a significant customer reduces or delays orders from us, terminates its relationship with us or fails to pay its obligations to us, our revenues could decrease significantly.

If we are unable to continue to improve our products and to develop new products, we may experience a decrease in demand for our products or our products could become obsolete, and our business would suffer.

We sell our products to customers in markets that are characterized by technological change, product innovation and evolving industry standards. We are continually engaged in product development and improvement programs, both in collaboration with our customers and independently. Our customers may engage in additional in-house development and manufacturing, and we may be unable to compete effectively with our independent competitors, unless we can continue to develop and assist our customers in developing innovative products. Our competitors' product development capabilities could become more effective than ours, and their new products may get to market before our products, may be more effective or less expensive than our products or render our products obsolete. If one or more of these events were to occur, our business, financial condition and results of operation could be adversely affected. See **Business Competition** for more information about our principal competitors.

We face competition from our customers' in-house capabilities, established independent suppliers and potential new market entrants, and if we lose customers it could have an adverse effect on our revenue and operating results.

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Our customers have varying degrees of development and manufacturing capabilities and one or more of them may seek to expand their in-house capabilities in the future. Many of our customers are larger and have greater financial and other resources than we do and can commit significant resources to product development and manufacturing. Most of our independent competitors are smaller companies, many of which have close customer relationships and either a low cost structure or highly specialized design or production capabilities. Our independent competitors may consolidate and some of our current and future competitors, either alone or in conjunction with their respective parent corporate groups, may have financial resources and research and

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development, sales and marketing and manufacturing capabilities or brand recognition that are greater than ours. In addition, the innovative nature of our markets may attract new entrants to the field. Our products may not be able to compete successfully with the products of other companies, which could result in the loss of customers and, as a result, decreased revenue and operating results.

If product liability lawsuits are brought against us or our customers our business may be harmed.

The manufacture and sale of our healthcare and other products, including our aerospace products, expose us to potential product liability claims and product recalls, including those which may arise from misuse or malfunction of, or design or manufacturing flaws in, our products, or use of our products with components or systems not manufactured by us. Product liability claims or product recalls, regardless of their ultimate outcome, could require us to spend significant time or money in litigation or otherwise require us to pay significant damages, which could adversely affect our earnings and financial condition.

We carry product liability insurance which is limited in scope and amount and may not be adequate to protect us against product liability claims. We may be unable to maintain this insurance at reasonable costs and on reasonable terms, if at all.

Our business strategy is based on certain assumptions about the orthopedic device market and the acceptance by our customers of our Total Solutions® offering, which, if incorrect, may adversely affect our growth and profitability.

We believe that the aging of the general population and increasingly active lifestyles and other trends in the industry will increase the need for orthopedic implant products, which we expect to increase demand for our products. Our expectations regarding demand for our products could materially differ from actual demand if our assumptions regarding these trends and continued acceptance of our products by orthopedic device manufacturers and the end-user market prove to be incorrect.

Prior to our acquisition of Mettis we provided instruments and cases. The acquisition of Mettis, on June 11, 2003, enabled us to offer our customers complete implant systems implants, instruments and cases. Our revenue to date has been derived primarily from the sale of implants, instruments and cases separately, or instruments and cases together. We cannot assure you that we will realize the expected benefits of our Total Solutions® offering. Customers may not embrace our Total Solutions® approach for a number of reasons, including a desire to maintain relationships with multiple outside suppliers or to rely on their in-house capabilities to develop and produce significant elements of their implant systems. In addition, we may not effectively implement our Total Solutions® approach, including by not effectively managing our marketing, design, development or manufacturing activities across multiple product lines. Finally, if our competitors successfully replicate our products and services, then our Total Solutions® approach may not provide us with a competitive advantage in the market. If we do not realize the expected benefits of our Total Solutions® approach, we may not achieve our growth and profit goals.

Our operating results are subject to significant potential fluctuation and you should not rely on historical results as an indication of our future results.

Our operating results have fluctuated in the past and may vary significantly from quarter to quarter or year to year in the future due to a combination of factors, many of which are beyond our control. These factors include:

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the timing of significant orders and shipments, including the effects of changes in inventory management practices by our customers;

the number, timing and significance of new products and product introductions and enhancements by us, our customers and our competitors;

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changes in pricing policies by us and our competitors;

changes in medical treatment or regulatory practices;

restrictions and delays caused by regulatory review of our customers' products;

recalls of our customers' products;

availability and cost of raw materials; and

general economic factors.

Our acquisition of Mettis may make it more difficult for us to evaluate and predict our future operating performance because our historical results of operations as a combined entity are relatively limited and our audited financial statements only reflect the operations of Mettis since we acquired it in June 2003. Consequently, our historical results of operations may not give you an accurate indication of how we, together with the former Mettis operations, will perform in the future.

Our quarterly revenue and operating results may vary significantly in the future and period-to-period comparisons of our results of operations are not necessarily meaningful and should not be relied upon as indications of our future performance. We cannot assure you that our revenue will increase or be sustained in future periods or that we will be profitable in any future period. Any shortfalls in revenue or earnings from levels expected by securities or industry analysts could have an immediate and significant adverse effect on the trading price of our common stock in any given period.

If we do not retain key individuals and retain and attract skilled manufacturing workers, we may not be able to operate successfully, and we may not be able to meet our strategic objectives.

Our success depends in part upon the retention of key managerial, sales and technical personnel, particularly skilled manufacturing workers. We compete for such personnel with other companies and other organizations, many of which are larger and have greater name recognition and financial and other resources than we do. There can be no assurance that we will be successful in retaining our current personnel or in hiring or retaining qualified personnel in the future. The loss of key personnel or the inability to hire or retain qualified personnel in the future could have a material adverse effect on our ability to operate successfully.

We compete with numerous precision manufacturing companies to attract and retain qualified and highly skilled manufacturing employees. Our Warsaw, Indiana facilities, in particular, face significant competition, including from certain of our customers and other companies located in or near Warsaw that are larger and have greater financial and other resources than we do, for skilled production employees. If we are not able to retain and attract skilled manufacturing employees, we may be unable to support our anticipated growth, which could adversely affect our profitability.

A significant shift in technologies or methods used in the treatment of damaged or diseased bone and tissue could make our products obsolete or less attractive.

The development of new technologies could reduce demand for our products. For example, pharmaceutical advances could result in non-surgical treatments gaining more widespread acceptance as a viable alternative to orthopedic implants. The emergence of new biological tissue-based or synthetic materials to regenerate damaged or diseased bone and to repair damaged tissue could increasingly minimize or delay the need for implant surgery and provide other biological alternatives to orthopedic implants. New surgical procedures could diminish demand for our instruments. A significant shift in technologies or methods used in the treatment of damaged or diseased bone and tissue could adversely affect demand for our products.

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We depend on various third party suppliers, and in some cases a single third party supplier, for key components and raw materials used in our manufacturing processes and the loss of these sources could harm our business.

We use a number of raw materials, including titanium, cobalt chrome, stainless steel and nickel alloys, and various other components in our products. Although we generally believe these materials are readily available from multiple sources, from time to time we rely on a limited number of suppliers and in some cases on a single source vendor. For example, we obtain patented Radel R plastic, which is designed to withstand intense heat produced during frequent sterilizations, for use in our instrument handles and plastic cases from a single supplier. Any supply interruption in a limited or sole-sourced component or raw material could materially harm our ability to manufacture our products until a new source of supply, if any, could be found. We may be unable to find a sufficient alternative supply channel in a reasonable time period or on commercially reasonable terms if at all. This could interrupt our business or reduce the quality of our products.

If we are unable to manage changes in our business and our anticipated growth, our business could be harmed.

Our acquisition of Mettis on June 11, 2003 significantly increased the size and scope of our operations. Our business has continued to grow at a fast pace since the acquisition, and we believe we will continue to grow at a significant rate. Rapid growth of our business may place a strain on our managerial, operational and financial resources and systems. To execute our anticipated growth successfully, we must attract and retain qualified personnel and manage and train them effectively. Any failure by us to expand and train our work force or increase production capacity or otherwise manage our growth effectively could have an adverse effect on our ability to achieve our business strategy. Our growth may be impaired if we are unable to meet the demands of our customers, which could result in our customers turning to alternative suppliers.

Our current or future levels of indebtedness may limit our ability to operate our business, finance acquisitions and pursue new business strategies.

As of April 2, 2005, our total indebtedness, including short-term debt, long-term debt and capital lease obligations, was \$50.2 million. As of April 2, 2005, we had an additional \$40.0 million of borrowings available under our revolving credit facility. Although covenants under our senior credit facility limit our ability to incur additional indebtedness, in the future we may incur additional debt to finance acquisitions, business opportunities, capital expenditures or other capital requirements.

Our indebtedness could:

make us more vulnerable to unfavorable economic conditions;

make it more difficult to obtain additional financing in the future for working capital, capital expenditures or other general corporate purposes;

require us to dedicate or reserve a large portion of our cash flow from operations for making payments on our indebtedness, which would prevent us from using it for other purposes;

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make us susceptible to fluctuations in market interest rates that affect the cost of our borrowings to the extent that our variable rate debt is not covered by interest rate derivative agreements; and

make it more difficult to pursue strategic acquisitions, alliances and collaborations.

Our ability to service our indebtedness will depend on our future performance, which will be affected by prevailing economic conditions and financial, business, regulatory and other factors. Some of these factors are beyond our control. We believe that, based upon current levels of operations, we will be able to meet our debt service obligations when due. Significant assumptions underlie this belief, including, among others, that we will

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continue to be successful in implementing our business strategy and that there will be no material adverse developments in our business, liquidity or capital requirements. If we cannot generate sufficient cash flow from operations to service our indebtedness and to meet our other obligations and commitments, we may be required to refinance our debt or to dispose of assets to obtain funds for such purpose. We cannot assure you that refinancings or asset dispositions could be effected on a timely basis or on satisfactory terms, if at all, or would be permitted by the terms of our debt instruments. To the extent we incur additional indebtedness or other obligations in the future, the risks associated with our indebtedness described above, including our possible inability to service our debt, would increase.

Our senior credit facility contains restrictions that limit our ability to pay dividends, incur additional debt, make acquisitions and make other investments.

Our senior credit facility contains covenants that restrict our ability to make distributions to stockholders or other payments unless we satisfy certain financial tests and comply with various financial ratios. If we do not satisfy these tests or comply with these ratios, our creditors could declare a default under our debt instruments, and our indebtedness could be declared immediately due and payable. Our ability to comply with the provisions of our senior credit facility may be affected by changes in economic or business conditions beyond our control.

Our senior credit facility also contains covenants that limit our ability to incur indebtedness, acquire other businesses and make capital expenditures, and impose various other restrictions. These covenants could affect our ability to operate our business and may limit our ability to take advantage of potential business opportunities as they arise. We may be unable to comply with the forgoing financial ratios or covenants and, if we fail to do so, we may be unable to obtain waivers from our lenders.

Our future capital needs are uncertain and we may need to raise additional funds in the future.

Our future capital needs are uncertain and we may need to raise additional funds in the future through debt or equity offerings. Our future capital requirements will depend on many factors, including:

revenue generated by sales of our products;

expenses incurred in manufacturing and selling our products;

costs of developing new products or technologies;

costs associated with capital expenditures;

costs associated with our expansion;

costs associated with regulatory compliance, including maintaining compliance with the quality system regulations imposed by the FDA; and

the number and timing of acquisitions and other strategic transactions.

As a result of these factors, we may need to raise additional funds, and these funds may not be available on favorable terms, or at all. Furthermore, if we issue equity or convertible debt securities to raise additional funds, our existing stockholders may experience dilution, and the new equity or convertible debt securities may have rights, preferences and privileges senior to those of our existing stockholders. If we cannot raise funds on acceptable terms, we may not be able to develop or enhance our products, execute our business strategy, take advantage of future opportunities, or respond to competitive pressures or unanticipated customer requirements.

We may not realize all of the sales expected from new product development programs.

We incur substantial expenses in developing and testing new products and related devices. The realization of additional revenue from new product development efforts is inherently subject to a number of important risks

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and uncertainties, including, directly or indirectly, end-user acceptance of the product, reimbursement approval of third-party payors such as Medicaid, Medicare and private insurers and, in some cases, FDA or comparable foreign regulatory approval of the product. In addition, our customers typically have no contractual requirement to purchase from us the products that we develop for their medical devices, and they could seek to have another supplier or in-house facilities manufacture products that we have developed for their medical devices. We also incur costs and make capital expenditures for new product development and production based upon certain estimates of production volumes for our existing and anticipated products. If the actual demand for our products is less than planned, our revenue and net income may decline.

Our earnings could decline if we write off goodwill or intangible assets created as a result of our various acquisitions.

As a result of our various acquisitions we have accumulated a substantial amount of goodwill, amounting to \$126.7 million as of April 2, 2005, or approximately 40.3% of our total assets as of such date. Goodwill and certain intangible assets are not amortized but rather are tested for impairment by us annually or more frequently if an event occurs or circumstances develop that would likely result in impairment. Examples of such events or circumstances include, but are not limited to, a significant adverse change in legal or business climate, an adverse regulatory action or unanticipated competition. We completed annual impairment tests as of October 2004 and 2003 and concluded at those dates that no impairment of goodwill or intangible assets existed. During 2002, in connection with the adoption of SFAS No. 142, *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets*, we recognized impairment of approximately \$1.1 million, which is reflected as a cumulative effect of accounting change in our statement of operations. In the future, we could recognize impairment of our goodwill or other intangible assets, and that impairment could result in a charge to our results of operation and have an adverse effect on our financial condition.

If we are unable to protect our intellectual property and property rights, or are subject to intellectual property claims by third parties, our business could be harmed.

We rely on a combination of patents, trade secrets, copyrights, know-how, trademarks, license agreements and contractual provisions to establish and protect our proprietary rights to our technologies and products. We cannot guarantee that the steps we have taken or will take to protect our intellectual property rights will be adequate or that they will deter infringement, misappropriation or violation of our intellectual property. Litigation may be necessary to enforce our intellectual property rights and to determine the validity and scope of our proprietary rights. Any litigation could result in substantial expenses and may not adequately protect our intellectual property rights. In addition, the laws of some of the countries in which our products are or may be sold may not protect our products and intellectual property to the same extent as U.S. laws, or at all. We may be unable to protect our rights in trade secrets and unpatented proprietary technology in these countries. If our trade secrets become known, we may lose our competitive advantages.

We seek to protect our trade secrets, know-how and other unpatented proprietary technology, in part, with confidentiality agreements with our employees, independent distributors and customers. We cannot assure you, however, that:

these agreements will not be breached;

we will have adequate remedies for any breach; or

trade secrets, know-how and other unpatented proprietary technology will not otherwise become known to or independently developed by our competitors.

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We hold licenses with third parties that are necessary to utilize certain technologies used in the design and manufacturing of some of our products. The loss of such licenses would prevent us from manufacturing, marketing and selling these products, which could harm our business.

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In addition, third parties may claim that we are infringing, misappropriating or violating their intellectual property rights. We could be found to infringe those intellectual property rights, which could affect our ability to manufacture any affected product. In addition, any protracted litigation to defend or prosecute our intellectual property rights could drain our financial resources, divert the time and effort of our management and cause customers to delay or limit their purchases of the affected product until resolution of the litigation.

Any litigation or claims against us, whether or not successful, could result in substantial costs and could harm our reputation. In addition, intellectual property litigation or claims could force us to do one or more of the following:

cease selling or using any of our products that incorporate the challenged intellectual property, which could adversely affect our revenue;

obtain a license from the holder of the intellectual property right alleged to have been infringed, which license may not be available on reasonable terms, if at all; and

redesign or, in the case of trademark claims, rename our products to avoid infringing the intellectual property rights of third parties, which may not be possible and could be costly and time-consuming if it is possible to do so.

Efforts to acquire other companies or product lines may divert our managerial resources away from our business operations, and if we complete an acquisition, we may incur or assume additional liabilities or experience integration problems.

We may seek to acquire businesses or product lines for various reasons, including to provide new product manufacturing and service capabilities, add new customers, increase penetration with existing customers or expand into new geographic markets. Our ability to successfully grow through acquisitions depends upon our ability to identify, negotiate, complete and integrate suitable acquisitions and to obtain any necessary financings. These efforts could divert the attention of our management and key personnel from our business operations. If we complete acquisitions, we may also experience:

difficulties in integrating any acquired companies, personnel and products into our existing business;

delays in realizing the benefits of the acquired company or products;

diversion of our management's time and attention from other business concerns;

limited or no direct prior experience in new markets or countries we may enter;

higher costs of integration than we anticipated;

difficulties in retaining key employees of the acquired business who are necessary to manage these businesses;

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difficulties in maintaining uniform standards, controls, procedures and policies throughout our acquired companies; or

adverse customer reaction to the business combination.

In addition, an acquisition could materially impair our operating results by causing us to incur debt or requiring us to amortize acquisition expenses and acquired assets.

We are subject to certain risks associated with our foreign operations.

We have significant international operations, specifically in the United Kingdom and France. Certain risks are inherent in international operations, including:

difficulties in enforcing agreements and collecting receivables through certain foreign legal systems;

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foreign customers who may have longer payment cycles than customers in the United States;

tax rates in certain foreign countries that may exceed those in the United States and foreign earnings that may be subject to withholding requirements or the imposition of tariffs, exchange controls or other restrictions including transfer pricing restrictions when products produced in one country are sold to an affiliated entity in another country;

general economic and political conditions in countries where we operate or where end users of orthopedic devices reside may have an adverse effect on our operations;

difficulties associated with managing a large organization spread throughout various countries;

difficulties in enforcing intellectual property rights; and

required compliance with a variety of foreign laws and regulations.

As we continue to expand our business globally, our success will depend, in part, on our ability to anticipate and effectively manage these and other risks. We cannot assure you that these and other factors will not have a material adverse effect on our international operations or our business as a whole.

Currency exchange rate fluctuations could have an adverse effect on our revenue and financial results.

We generate a significant portion of our revenue and incur a significant portion of our expenses in currencies other than U.S. dollars. Currency exchange rates are subject to fluctuation due to, among other things, changes in local, regional or global economic conditions, the imposition of currency exchange restrictions and unexpected changes in regulatory or taxation environments. To the extent that we are unable to match revenue received in foreign currencies with costs incurred in the same currency, exchange rate fluctuations in any such currency could have an adverse effect on our financial results. During the past two fiscal years we have benefited from foreign exchange rates, in particular because of the weakening U.S. dollar versus both the pound sterling and the euro, the primary currencies to which we are exposed. The U.S. dollar has recently strengthened against these currencies, and we cannot assure you that exchange rates will be favorable to us in the future. In addition, we currently do not hold or issue foreign exchange options or forward contracts to mitigate this risk. Any change in the exchange rates of currencies of jurisdictions into which we sell products or incur expenses could result in a decrease in our revenue or operating income.

We may be adversely affected as a result of the long lead times required for sales of certain new products.

We often compete for business at the beginning of the development of new medical devices or upon customer redesign of existing medical devices. Our customers generally must obtain clearance or approval from the FDA before commercially distributing their products. Unless exempt, a new medical device must be approved for commercial distribution in the United States by the FDA through the 510(k) pre-market Notification Process or, in some cases, through the more burdensome pre-market approval, or PMA, process. It generally takes three to six months from the date of submission to the FDA to obtain 510(k) clearance and one to three years from the date of submission to the FDA to obtain approval through the PMA process, but in each case may take significantly longer. This results in long lead times for some of our customers' new products, which may make it difficult in the short term for us to obtain sales of new products to replace any unexpected decline in sales of existing products.

We may be adversely impacted by work stoppages and other labor matters.

Currently, none of our employees are unionized. However, from time to time some of our employees have attempted to unionize at two of our facilities. In addition, some of our orthopedic device customers have unionized work forces. While we have not experienced any adverse effects from work stoppages or slow-downs at our customers' facilities, work stoppages or slow-downs experienced by us, our suppliers or our customers or their suppliers could result in slow-downs or closures of facilities where our products are made or used. We

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cannot assure you that we will not encounter strikes, further unionization efforts or other types of conflicts with labor unions or our employees, which could have an adverse effect on our financial results.

If a natural or man-made disaster strikes one or more of our manufacturing facilities, we may be unable to manufacture certain products for a substantial amount of time and our revenue could decline.

We have twelve manufacturing facilities, which are located in the United States, the United Kingdom and France. These facilities and the manufacturing equipment and personnel know-how that we use to produce our products would be difficult to replace and could require substantial lead-time to repair or replace. Our facilities may be affected by natural or man-made disasters. In the event that one of our facilities was affected by a disaster, we would be forced to attempt to shift production to our other manufacturing facilities or rely on third-party manufacturers, and our other facilities or a third-party manufacturer may not have the capability to effectively supply the affected products. Although we have insurance for damage to our property and the interruption of our business, this insurance may not be sufficient in scope or amount to cover all of our potential losses and may not continue to be available to us on acceptable terms, or at all.

Risks Related to Our Industry

Orthopedic device manufacturers have significant leverage over their independent suppliers and consolidation could increase their leverage, which could result in the loss of customers or force us to reduce our prices.

We compete with many distributors and manufacturers to develop and supply implants, surgical instruments and cases to a limited number of large orthopedic device manufacturers. As a result, orthopedic device manufacturers have historically had significant leverage over their independent suppliers. For example, independent suppliers like us are subject to continuing pressure from the major orthopedic device manufacturers to reduce the cost of products and services while maintaining quality levels. In recent years, the medical device industry has experienced substantial consolidation. If the medical device industry, and the orthopedic device industry in particular, continues to consolidate, competition to provide products and services to orthopedic device manufacturers may become more intense. Orthopedic device manufacturers may seek to use their market power to negotiate price or other concessions for our products. If we are forced to reduce prices or if we lose customers because of competition, our revenue and results of operations would suffer.

Our business is indirectly subject to healthcare industry cost containment measures and other industry trends affecting pricing that could result in reduced sales of or prices for our products.

Acceptance of our customers' products by hospitals, outpatient centers and physicians depend on, among other things, reimbursement approval of third-party payors such as Medicaid, Medicare and private insurers. The continuing efforts of government, insurance companies and other payors of healthcare costs to contain or reduce those costs could lead to lower reimbursement rates or non-reimbursement for medical devices that use our products. If that were to occur, medical device manufacturers might insist that we lower prices on products related to the affected medical device or they might significantly reduce or eliminate their purchases from us of these related products, which could affect our profitability.

We are aware of several legal developments that could negatively impact prices of orthopedic devices. At least one major hospital chain is seeking permission from the U.S. Office of the Inspector General to implement gain-sharing initiatives which could, if approved, negatively

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impact the prices of orthopedic devices because it would enable hospitals to consolidate vendors and share cost savings with doctors. We are also aware of governmental investigations of some of the largest orthopedic device companies reportedly focusing on consulting and service agreements between these companies and orthopedic surgeons. These developments are ongoing and we cannot predict the effects they will have on prices for orthopedic devices.

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We and our customers are subject to substantial government regulation that is subject to change and could force us to make modifications to how we develop, manufacture and price our products.

The medical device industry is regulated extensively by governmental authorities, principally the FDA and corresponding state and foreign regulatory agencies. Some of our manufacturing processes are required to comply with quality systems regulations, including current good manufacturing practice requirements that cover the methods and documentation of the design, testing, production, control, quality assurance, labeling, packaging and shipping of our products. Further, some of our facilities, records and manufacturing processes are subject to periodic unscheduled inspections by the FDA or other agencies. Failure to comply with applicable medical device regulatory requirements could result in, among other things, warning letters, fines, injunctions, civil penalties, repairs, replacements, refunds, recalls or seizures of products, total or partial suspensions of production, refusal of the FDA or other regulatory agencies to grant future pre-market clearances or approvals, withdrawals or suspensions of current clearances or approvals and criminal prosecution.

In addition, orthopedic implants and other medical devices produced by our customers are subject to intensive regulation and potential pre-approval requirements by the FDA and similar international agencies that govern a wide variety of product activities from design and development to labeling, manufacturing, promotion, sales and distribution. Compliance with these regulations may be time consuming, burdensome and expensive for our customers and, indirectly, for us to the extent that our customers' compliance depends on our operations. These regulations could negatively affect our customers' abilities to sell their products, which in turn would adversely affect our ability to sell our products. This may result in higher than anticipated costs or lower than anticipated revenue.

The regulations that we and our customers are subject to are complex, change frequently and have tended to become more stringent over time. Federal and state legislatures have periodically considered programs to reform or amend the U.S. healthcare system at both the federal and state levels. In addition, these regulations may contain proposals to increase governmental involvement in healthcare, lower reimbursement rates or otherwise change the environment in which healthcare industry participants operate. Foreign governmental authorities that regulate the manufacture and sale of medical devices have become increasingly stringent and, to the extent we sell our products in foreign countries, we may be subject to rigorous regulation in the future. Regulatory changes could result in restrictions on our ability to carry on or expand our operations, higher than anticipated costs or lower than anticipated revenue.

If our customers fail to obtain, or experience significant delays in obtaining, FDA clearances or approvals to commercially distribute our future products our ability to sell our products could suffer.

Some of our medical devices are subject to rigorous regulatory pre-approval by the FDA and other federal, state and foreign governmental authorities. Our customers are typically responsible for obtaining the applicable regulatory approval for the commercial distribution of our products. The process of obtaining this approval, particularly from the FDA, can be costly and time consuming, and there can be no assurance that our customers will obtain the required approvals on a timely basis, if at all. The FDA, for example, assigns medical devices to one of three classes which determines, among other things, the type and degree of FDA approval required to commercially distribute the device in the United States. We produce Class I, II and III devices. Class I devices are deemed to present little risk to patients and are generally exempt from FDA approval requirements. Class II devices can generally be commercially distributed only after the device has received 510(k) clearance. The FDA will clear marketing of a medical device through the 510(k) process if certain design, testing and validation requirements are met and it is demonstrated that the device is substantially equivalent to a device that was legally marketed prior to May 28, 1976, or to another commercially available device subsequently cleared through the 510(k) Pre-Market Notification process. This process generally takes three to six months, but may take substantially longer. Before a Class III device can be commercially distributed in the United States, a pre-market approval, or PMA, must be obtained from the FDA. The PMA process can be expensive and uncertain, requires detailed and comprehensive scientific and other data and generally takes between one and three years, but may take significantly longer. The commercial distribution of any products we develop that

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require regulatory clearance may be delayed. In addition, because we cannot assure you that any new products or any product enhancements we develop for commercial distribution in the United States will be exempt from the FDA market clearance requirements or subject to the shorter 510(k) clearance process, the regulatory approval process for our products or product enhancements may take significantly longer than anticipated by us or our customers.

We may be adversely affected by the impact of environmental and safety regulations.

We are subject to foreign, federal, state, local and foreign laws and regulations governing the protection of the environment and occupational health and safety, including laws regulating air emissions, wastewater discharges, and the management and disposal of hazardous materials and wastes; and the health and safety of our employees. We are also required to obtain permits from governmental authorities for certain operations. If we violate or fail to comply with these laws, regulations or permits, we could incur fines, penalties or other sanctions, which could have a material adverse effect on us. Environmental laws tend to become more stringent over time, and we could incur material expenses in the future relating to compliance with future environmental laws. In addition, we could be held responsible for costs and damages arising from any contamination at our past or present facilities or at third-party waste disposal sites. Such costs could be material. We cannot completely eliminate the risk of contamination or injury resulting from hazardous materials, and we may incur material liability as a result of any contamination or injury.

Risks Relating to Our Common Stock

The price of our common stock may be volatile and you may not be able to sell your shares at or above the price paid by you in this offering.

There has been significant volatility in the market price and trading volume of securities of companies operating in the medical device industry, including our company, which has often been unrelated to the operating performance of particular companies. These broad market fluctuations may adversely affect the trading price of our common stock. Price declines in our common stock could result from general market and economic conditions and a variety of other factors, including:

actual or anticipated fluctuations in our operating results;

our announcements or our competitors' announcements regarding new products, significant contracts, acquisitions or strategic investments;

loss of any of our key management or technical personnel;

conditions affecting orthopedic device manufacturers or the medical device industry generally;

product liability lawsuits against us or our customers;

clinical trial results with respect to our customers' medical devices;

changes in our growth rates or our competitors' growth rates;

developments regarding our patents or proprietary rights, or those of our competitors;

FDA and international actions with respect to the government regulation of medical devices and third-party reimbursement practices;

public concern as to the safety of our products;

changes in health care policy in the United States and internationally;

conditions in the financial markets in general or changes in general economic conditions;

our inability to raise additional capital;

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changes in stock market analyst recommendations regarding our common stock, other comparable companies or the medical device industry generally, or lack of analyst coverage of our common stock;

sales of our common stock by our executive officers, directors and five percent stockholders or sales of substantial amounts of common stock; and

changes in accounting principles.

In the past, following periods of volatility in the market price of a particular company's securities, litigation has often been brought against that company. If litigation of this type is brought against us, it could be extremely expensive and divert management's attention and the company's resources.

Requirements associated with being a public company, in particular with respect to evaluations of internal controls required by Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, have required and will require significant company resources and management attention.

Prior to our initial public offering in December 2004, we were not subject to the reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act, or the other rules and regulations of the SEC or any securities exchange relating to public companies. Compliance with the various reporting and other requirements applicable to public companies has created and will create additional costs for us, which may not yet be fully reflected in our historical financial statements, and will require the time and attention of management. We cannot precisely predict the amount of the additional costs we may incur, the timing of such costs or the degree of impact that our management's attention to these matters will have on our business.

We are in the process of evaluating our internal controls to allow management to report on, and our independent registered public accounting firm to attest to, our internal controls. We are performing the system and process evaluation and testing (and any necessary remediation) required to comply with the management certification and auditor attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act. While we currently anticipate that we will be able to fully implement the requirements relating to internal controls and all other aspects of Section 404 by the end of our 2005 fiscal year, as required by Section 404, we may identify deficiencies that we may not be able to remediate in time to meet this deadline. If we are not able to implement or maintain the requirements of Section 404 in a timely manner or with adequate compliance, we could be subject to scrutiny by regulatory authorities, such as the SEC or the New York Stock Exchange, and the trading price of our stock could decline. Moreover, effective internal controls, particularly those related to revenue recognition, are necessary for us to produce reliable financial reports and are important to helping prevent financial fraud. If we cannot provide reliable financial reports or prevent fraud, our business and operating results could be harmed, investors could lose confidence in our reported financial information, and the trading price of our stock could drop significantly.

A large percentage of our voting stock is controlled by one principal stockholder whose interests may conflict with those of our other stockholders.

Upon completion of this offering, the Olympus funds will beneficially own 37.9% of our common stock. As a result of this ownership, the Olympus funds will have as substantial influence on our affairs and their voting power will constitute a large percentage of any quorum of our stockholders voting on any matter requiring the approval of our stockholders. Such matters include the election of directors, the adoption of amendments to our certificate of incorporation and by-laws and approval of mergers or sales of substantially all our assets. This concentration of ownership may also have the effect of delaying or preventing a change in control of our company or discouraging others from making tender offers for our shares, which could prevent stockholders from receiving a premium for their shares. In addition, three of our seven directors,

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including the chairman of our board, are representatives of the Olympus funds. The Olympus funds may cause corporate actions to be taken even if the interests of the Olympus funds conflict with the interests of our other stockholders. See Principal and Selling Stockholders.

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Following this offering, we will no longer be a controlled company within the meaning of the New York Stock Exchange Rules, and as a result will no longer qualify for exemptions from certain corporate governance requirements.

We are listed on the New York Stock Exchange and are therefore subject to the NYSE's corporate governance rules. As the result of this offering, we will no longer be a controlled company within the meaning of Section 303A of the NYSE's Listed Company Manual. Pursuant to the requirements of Section 303A, within 90 days after the completion of this offering, our corporate governance and nominating committee and our compensation committee must be comprised of a majority of independent directors (as defined in Section 303A). We will satisfy this requirement upon the closing of this offering when Frank Turner and Stephen B. Oresman, who are independent directors, will become members of our corporate governance and nominating committee. Furthermore, within one year after the completion of this offering, both committees must be comprised solely of independent directors and a majority of the directors on our board must be independent. Currently our board consists of seven directors, three of whom are independent. During the phase-in period granted to us by the NYSE, our stockholders will not have the same protections afforded to stockholders of companies that are subject to all NYSE corporate governance rules. If, within one year of the completion of this offering, we are not able to recruit two additional independent directors or, alternatively, if two of our current directors who are not independent do not resign, we will not be in compliance with the NYSE corporate governance rules and may be subject to enforcement actions by the NYSE. In addition, this change in our board and committee membership may result in a change in corporate strategy and operating philosophies, and may result in deviations from our current growth strategy, and the board's limited history of working together may inhibit its ability to function at current levels of efficiency.

A significant portion of our total outstanding shares are restricted from immediate resale but may be sold into the market in the near future. If there are substantial sales of our common stock or the perception that these sales could occur, the price of our common stock could decline.

Sales of substantial amounts of our common stock in the public market after this offering, or the perception that these sales could occur, could adversely affect the price of our common stock and could impair our ability to raise capital through the sale of additional equity securities. Upon completion of this offering, we will have outstanding 34.4 million shares of common stock. Of these shares, 19.3 million shares of common stock will be freely tradable, without restriction, in the public market. After the lock-up agreements pertaining to this offering expire 90 days from the date of this prospectus, an additional 15.1 million shares will be eligible for sale in the public market, subject in most cases to applicable manner of sale and other limitations under Rule 144 under the Securities Act. Following the expiration of the lock-up period, parties to our stockholders agreement holding more than 50% of the shares subject to that agreement will be entitled, subject to certain exceptions, to demand additional registration rights with respect to the registration of shares under the Securities Act. If this right is exercised, holders of all shares subject to the stockholders agreement will be entitled to participate in such registration. By exercising their registration rights, and selling a large number of shares, these holders could cause the price of our common stock to decline. An estimated 15.1 million shares of common stock will be subject to our stockholders agreement upon completion of the offering. See *Shares Eligible for Future Sale*, *Principal and Selling Stockholders* and *Underwriting*.

Our certificate of incorporation, our by-laws and Delaware law contain provisions that could discourage another company from acquiring us and may prevent attempts by our stockholders to replace or remove our current management.

Provisions of the Delaware General Corporation Law, our certificate of incorporation and our by-laws may discourage, delay or prevent a merger or acquisition that stockholders may consider favorable, including transactions in which you might otherwise receive a premium for your shares. In addition, these provisions may frustrate or prevent any attempts by our stockholders to replace or remove our current management by making it more difficult for stockholders to replace or remove our board of directors. These provisions include:

providing for a classified board of directors with staggered terms;

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requiring supermajority stockholder voting to effect certain amendments to our certificate of incorporation and by-laws;

eliminating the ability of stockholders to call special meetings of stockholders;

prohibiting stockholder action by written consent;

establishing advance notice requirements for nominations for election to the board of directors or for proposing matters that can be acted on by stockholders at stockholder meetings.

limiting the ability of stockholders to amend, alter or repeal the by-laws; and

authorizing of the board of directors to issue, without stockholder approval, shares of preferred stock with such terms as the board of directors may determine and shares of our common stock.

We are also protected by Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law, which prevents us from engaging in a business combination with a person who becomes a 15.0% or greater stockholder for a period of three years from the date such person acquired such status unless certain board or stockholder approvals were obtained. See Description of Capital Stock.

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CAUTIONARY NOTICE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus contains forward-looking statements that are based on our management's beliefs and assumptions and on information currently available to us. These statements may be found throughout this prospectus, particularly under the headings Summary, Risk Factors, Dividend Policy, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and Business, among others. Forward-looking statements typically are identified by the use of terms such as may, will, should, expect, anticipate, believe, could, estimate, intend, words, although some forward-looking statements are expressed differently. You should consider statements that contain these words carefully because they describe our expectations, plans, strategies and goals and beliefs concerning future business conditions, our results of operations, financial position, and our business outlook or state other forward-looking information based on currently available information. The factors listed above under the heading Risk Factors and in the other sections of this prospectus provide examples of risks, uncertainties and events that could cause our actual results to differ materially from the expectations expressed in our forward-looking statements. These factors include, among other things, the following:

changes in general economic conditions in the United States and Europe;

our ability to retain existing customers and attract new customers;

the competitive nature of the orthopedic device market;

the pursuit of strategic acquisitions or encountering unforeseen difficulties in integrating acquisitions;

the effect of product liability lawsuits against us or our customers;

the degree to which we are leveraged and our significant debt service obligations;

the effect of work stoppages and other labor matters;

general economic or business conditions affecting the orthopedic device market being less favorable than expected;

our ability to anticipate changes in technology and regulatory standards and to successfully develop and introduce new and enhanced products on a timely basis;

the unpredictability of intellectual property protection and maintenance and other intellectual property issues;

any future changes in management or loss of key personnel;

unforeseen problems associated with international sales and operations, including gains and losses from foreign currency exchange; and

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implementation of or changes in laws, regulations or policies that could negatively affect the orthopedic device market.

The forward-looking statements made in this prospectus relate only to events as of the date on which the statements are made. Except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which the statement is made or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events, even if new information becomes available in the future.

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USE OF PROCEEDS

We estimate that we will receive net proceeds of approximately \$9.5 million from our sale of shares of common stock in this offering, after deducting estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us. We intend to use approximately \$4.9 million of the net proceeds of this offering to repay all of the outstanding indebtedness under our U.K. short-term credit facility and the remainder for general corporate purposes. We will also receive approximately \$0.5 million from the exercise of management's options to purchase 185,116 shares of our common stock that are being sold by management in this offering, which we intend to use for general corporate purposes.

We will not receive any of the proceeds from the selling stockholders' sale of shares of common stock in this offering.

As of April 2, 2005, we had \$31.5 million of term loan borrowing under our senior credit facility at a weighted average interest rate of 4.375% and no borrowings outstanding under our revolving credit facility. We had no outstanding letters of credit as of April 2, 2005. An affiliate of one of the underwriters, Wachovia Bank, National Association, is a lender and administrative agent under our senior credit facility and as of June 15, 2005 was owed approximately \$5.2 million of the aggregate outstanding amount under the terms of that agreement.

Table of Contents**CAPITALIZATION**

The following table sets forth our consolidated capitalization as of April 2, 2005 on an actual basis and on an adjusted basis to give effect to this offering and the application of net proceeds therefrom, as described in Use of Proceeds, but does not give effect to the application of proceeds received by us from the exercise of options to purchase our common stock by management in connection with this offering. You should read the following table in conjunction with the Use of Proceeds, Selected Consolidated Financial Data, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and our consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this prospectus.

	As of April 2, 2005	
	Actual	As Adjusted
(dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)		
Long-term debt (including current maturities)(1):		
Senior credit facility(2):		
Revolving credit facility	\$	\$
Term loan facility	31,500	31,500
Capital lease obligations	13,784	13,784
Other long-term debt	3	3
Total long-term debt	45,287	45,287
Shareholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value per share; 5,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued and outstanding, actual; 5,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued and outstanding, as adjusted		
Common stock, \$.0001 par value per share; 75,000,000 shares authorized, actual; 75,000,000 shares authorized, as adjusted; 33,186,058 shares issued and outstanding, actual; 34,136,073 shares issued and outstanding, as adjusted	3	3
Additional paid-in capital	255,572	265,782
Retained earnings (deficit)(3)	(41,513)	(42,015)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	8,235	8,235
Total shareholders' equity	222,297	232,005
Total capitalization	\$ 267,584	\$ 277,292

(1) One of our U.K. subsidiaries, Thornton Precision Components Limited, is a borrower under a short-term revolving credit facility with Royal Bank of Scotland plc. As of April 2, 2005, \$4.9 million was outstanding under this facility. We classify borrowings under this facility as short-term indebtedness.

(2) Our senior credit facilities provide for a \$35.0 million term loan and a \$40.0 million revolving credit facility. As of April 2, 2005, we had approximately \$40.0 million of borrowings available under our revolving credit facility. We had no outstanding letters of credit as of April 2, 2005.

(3) Assumes \$0.5 million of expenses, net of tax, incurred by us related to this offering.

The number of shares of common stock to be outstanding after this offering is based on shares outstanding as of April 2, 2005, after giving effect to the exercise of options to purchase 185,116 shares of our common stock and the conversion of warrants to purchase 264,909 shares of our common stock into 264,899 shares of our common stock in connection with this offering. This number excludes, after giving effect to the exercise of options and warrants in connection with this offering, as of April 2, 2005:

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575,804 shares of our common stock issuable upon the exercise of outstanding warrants;

638,837 shares of our common stock issuable upon the exercise of outstanding options; and

2,362,465 shares of our common stock reserved for future issuance under our stock option and stock purchase plans.

The number of outstanding warrants as of April 2, 2005 set forth above includes, and the number of shares of common stock to be outstanding after this offering excludes, warrants to purchase 140,119 shares of our common stock which were converted, net of the portion of such warrants surrendered to us pursuant to the cashless exercise feature of such warrants, into 140,112 shares of our common stock on May 26, 2005. The number of shares of common stock to be outstanding after this offering set forth above excludes 39,492 shares of restricted common stock that were issued to certain of our officers and employees on May 16, 2005 and 50,436 shares of common stock issued to participants in our 2004 Employee Stock Purchase Plan on June 30, 2005.

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DIVIDEND POLICY

We have not in the past paid, and do not expect for the foreseeable future to pay, dividends on our common stock. Instead, we anticipate that all of our earnings in the foreseeable future will be used to operate and grow our business. In addition, we are permitted to make payments of dividends to holders of our common stock only if we satisfy certain financial tests and comply with certain financial ratios and other restrictions under our senior credit facility. Any future determination to pay dividends will be at the discretion of our board of directors and will depend upon, among other factors, our results of operations, financial condition, capital requirements and contractual restrictions.

Table of Contents**PRICE RANGE OF COMMON STOCK**

Our common stock has been listed on the New York Stock Exchange (the "NYSE") since our initial public offering on December 9, 2004 and trades under the trading symbol "SMA". As of April 2, 2005, there were 58 holders of record of our common stock. The following table sets forth, for the period indicated, the highest and lowest closing sale price for our common stock since its initial public offering, as reported by the NYSE:

	<u>High</u>	<u>Low</u>
Fiscal Year 2004		
Fourth quarter (commencing December 9, 2004)	\$ 21.42	\$ 17.02
Fiscal Year 2005		
First Quarter	22.26	18.00
Second Quarter	24.31	17.15
Third Quarter (through July 7, 2005)	23.80	22.90

The closing sale price for our common stock on July 7, 2005 was \$22.90.

Table of Contents**SELECTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL DATA****Symmetry Medical Inc.**

The following table sets forth our selected consolidated financial data as of and for the periods indicated. We derived the consolidated statement of operations data for fiscal years 2002, 2003 and 2004 and the consolidated balance sheet data as of the last day of fiscal years 2003 and 2004 from our audited consolidated financial statements for such periods and dates, which have been audited by Ernst & Young LLP and appear elsewhere in this prospectus. We derived the consolidated statement of operations data for fiscal years 2000 and 2001 and the consolidated balance sheet data as of the last day of fiscal years 2000, 2001 and 2002 from our audited consolidated financial statements for such periods and dates, which are not included in this prospectus. The financial information for the three months ended April 3, 2004, and as of and for the three months ended April 2, 2005, was derived from our unaudited consolidated financial statements for such periods and dates, which appear elsewhere in this prospectus, and in the opinion of management, contain all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the consolidated financial data. Our historical results are not necessarily indicative of the operating results that may be expected in the future. You should read the following information together with the information under Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, our consolidated financial statements and the related notes included elsewhere in this prospectus.

	Fiscal Year					Three Months Ended (Unaudited)	
	2000	2001	2002	2003(1)	2004	April 3,	April 2,
						2004	2005
(dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)							
Consolidated Statements of Operational Data:							
Revenue	\$ 61,203	\$ 66,495	\$ 65,395	\$ 122,029	\$ 205,391	\$ 45,838	\$ 63,760
Cost of revenue	43,005	48,205	47,859	86,124	145,081	33,255	44,373
Gross profit	18,198	18,290	17,536	35,905	60,310	12,583	19,387
Selling, general and administrative expenses	9,862	10,494	9,440	17,115	22,569	5,495	6,948
Operating income	8,336	7,796	8,096	18,790	37,741	7,088	12,439
Interest expense, net	2,835	5,070	4,968	10,172	13,757	3,539	939
Loss on debt extinguishment(2)				1,436	8,956		
Interest rate swap valuation(3)		847	979	(1,358)	(1,451)	371	(296)
Expenses related to recapitalization	14,179						
Other	28	290	(42)	(374)	(740)	(185)	202
Income (loss) before income taxes and cumulative effect of accounting change	(8,706)	1,589	2,191	8,914	17,219	3,363	11,594
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	(2,775)	1,400	841	3,009	5,524	1,153	3,930
Net income (loss) before cumulative effect of accounting change	(5,931)	189	1,350	5,905	11,695	2,210	7,664
Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of tax(4)		(293)	(1,146)				
Net income (loss)	(5,931)	(104)	204	5,905	11,695	2,210	7,664
Preferred stock dividends	(683)	(3,185)	(4,410)	(7,028)	(8,977)	(2,316)	
Net income (loss) applicable to common shareholders	\$ (6,614)	\$ (3,289)	\$ (4,206)	\$ (1,123)	\$ (2,718)	\$ (106)	\$ 7,664

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Basic per share:								
Net income (loss) applicable to common shareholders before cumulative effect of accounting change	\$	(1.59)	(0.44)	(0.44)	(0.10)	0.16	(0.01)	0.23
Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of tax			(0.04)	(0.17)				
Net income (loss)	\$	(1.59)	\$ (0.48)	\$ (0.61)	\$ (0.10)	\$ 0.16	\$ (0.01)	\$ 0.23

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	Fiscal Year					Three Months Ended (Unaudited)	
						April 3,	April 2,
	2000	2001	2002	2003(1)	2004	2004	2005
	(dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)						
Diluted per share:							
Net income (loss) applicable to common shareholders before cumulative effect of accounting change	\$ (1.59)	\$ (0.44)	\$ (0.44)	\$ (0.10)	\$ 0.15	\$ (0.01)	\$ 0.22
Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of tax		(0.04)	(0.17)				
Net income (loss)	\$ (1.59)	\$ (0.48)	\$ (0.61)	\$ (0.10)	\$ 0.15	\$ (0.01)	\$ 0.22
Weighted average common shares outstanding:							
Basic	4,157,787	6,854,736	6,905,800	11,797,842	16,905,396		