NOMURA HOLDINGS INC Form 6-K August 31, 2010 Table of Contents

FORM 6-K

U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Report of Foreign Private Issuer

Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16 of

the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Commission File Number: 1-15270

Supplement for the month of August 2010.

NOMURA HOLDINGS, INC.

(Translation of registrant s name into English)

9-1, Nihonbashi 1-chome

Chuo-ku, Tokyo 103-8645

Japan

(Address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F	X	Form 40-F	
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Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1):

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7):

Information furnished on this form:

EXHIBIT

Exhibit Number

- 1. (English Translation) Quarterly Securities Report Pursuant to the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2010
- 2. <u>Confirmation Letter</u>

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

NOMURA HOLDINGS, INC.

Date: August 31, 2010

By: /s/ Shinji Iwai Shinji Iwai Senior Managing Director

Quarterly Securities Report Pursuant to the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2010

Items included in the Quarterly Securities Report

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Note: Translations for the underlined items are attached to this form as below.

Part I Corporate Information

Item 1. Information on the Company and Its Subsidiaries and Affiliates

1. Selected Financial Data

	Three mor ended		Three months ended	Year ended
		June 30, 2009	June 30, 2010	March 31, 2010
Revenue	(Mil yen)	363,595	314,016	1,356,751
Net revenue	(Mil yen)	298,359	259,824	1,150,822
Income before income taxes	(Mil yen)	31,421	6,470	105,247
Net income attributable to Nomura Holdings, Inc. (NHI) Shareholders	(Mil yen)	11,420	2,322	67,798
Total equity	(Mil yen)	1,556,464	2,111,898	2,133,014
Total assets	(Mil yen)	27,539,700	33,935,100	32,230,428
Total NHI shareholders equity per share	(Yen)	589.32	572.10	579.70
Net income attributable to NHI shareholders per share basic	(Yen)	4.37	0.63	21.68
Net income attributable to NHI shareholders per share diluted	(Yen)	1.81	0.63	21.59
Total NHI shareholders equity as a percentage of total assets	(%)	5.6	6.2	6.6
Cash flows from operating activities	(Mil yen)	(259,076)	(1,539,268)	(1,500,770)
Cash flows from investing activities	(Mil yen)	(94,616)	(91,373)	(269,643)
Cash flows from financing activities	(Mil yen)	250,386	1,293,619	2,176,530
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	(Mil yen)	531,580	665,074	1,020,647
Number of employees		25,730	27,393	26,374

1 The selected consolidated financial data are stated in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP).

- 2 Total NHI shareholders equity per share and Total NHI shareholders equity as a percentage of total assets are calculated using the U.S. GAAP based Total NHI shareholders equity.
- 3 Taxable transactions relating to the consumption tax and local consumption tax are not included.
- 4 As the quarterly consolidated financial statements have been prepared, selected financial data on the Company are not disclosed.
- 2. Business Overview

There was no significant change for the business of Nomura Holdings, Inc. (Company) and its 635 consolidated subsidiaries (collectively referred to as Nomura , we , our , or us) for the three months ended June 30, 2010. The consolidated subsidiaries included variable interest entities which were newly consolidated by the adoption of Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2009-17, *Consolidations (Topic 810): Improvements to Financial Reporting by Enterprises Involved with Variable Interest Entities*, (ASU 2009-17) from this quarter. See Note 2. *New accounting pronouncements recently adopted and future accounting developments* for further information.

There were 17 affiliated companies which were accounted for by the equity method as of June 30, 2010.

4. Employees

Number of employees on consolidation as of June 30, 2010

27,393 (4,313)

The number of employees presented above represents full-time employees. The figure in parentheses represents average number of part-time employees during the current period who have not been included in the number of full-time employees.

Item 2. Operating and Financial Review

1. Risk Factors

There is no significant change in our Risk Factors for the three months ended June 30, 2010.

2. Significant Contracts

Not applicable.

3. Operating, Financial and Cash Flows Analysis

(1) Operating Results

Nomura reported net revenue of \$259.8 billion, non-interest expenses of \$253.4 billion, income before income taxes of \$6.5 billion, and net income attributable to NHI Shareholders of \$2.3 billion for the three months ended June 30, 2010.

The breakdown of Net revenue and Non-interest expenses on the consolidated statements of operations are as follows.

	Millions of yen				
	Three months ended June 30, 2009		months ended ne 30, 2010		
Commissions	¥ 102,024	¥	118,078		
Brokerage commissions	57,863		56,181		
Commissions for distribution of investment trust	39,505		55,659		
Other	4,656		6,238		
Fees from investment banking	29,729		20,366		
Underwriting and distribution	20,900	14,095			
M&A / financial advisory fees	8,573	6,157			
Other	256	256			
Asset management and portfolio service fees	30,331		34,854		
Asset management fees	26,523		30,813		
Other	3,808		4,041		
Net gain on trading	121,132		59,969		
Gain (loss) on private equity investments	(2,139)		(946)		
Net interest	(6,809)		21,565		
Gain (loss) on investments in equity securities	9,801		(10,343)		
Other	14,290		16,281		
Net revenue	¥ 298,359	¥	259,824		

	Milli	Millions of yen			
	Three months ended June 30, 2009		months ended ne 30, 2010		
Compensation and benefits	¥ 138,081	¥	122,087		
Commissions and floor brokerage	20,043		23,681		
Information processing and communications	40,160		44,253		
Occupancy and related depreciation	21,992		22,511		
Business development expenses	6,256		7,159		
Other	40,406		33,663		
Non-interest expenses	¥ 266,938	¥	253,354		

Business Segment Information

Results by business segment are noted below. In April 2010, we established the Wholesale Division, encompassing the operations previously conducted by the Global Markets, the Investment Banking and the Merchant Banking divisions. Also we realigned our reportable segments to reflect how we operate and manage our business. This realignment consisted of merging the Global Markets, the Investment Banking and the Merchant Banking segments and realigning our businesses into the Retail, the Wholesale and the Asset Management segments. We disclose business segment information in accordance with this structure from the first quarter commencing on April 1, 2010.

Reconciliations of *Net revenue* and *Income (loss) before income taxes* on segment results of operations and the consolidated statements of operations are set forth in Item 5. Financial Information, 1. Consolidated Financial Statements, Note 13. *Segment and geographic information*.

Net revenue

	Three months ended	Three	Three months ended		
	June 30, 2009 (Mil Yen)	June 30, 2010 (Mil Yen)			
Retail	¥ 95,380	¥	110,959		
Asset Management	18,650		18,119		
Wholesale	211,720		108,609		
Other (Incl. elimination)	(37,139)		32,730		
Total	¥ 288,611	¥	270,417		

Non-interest expenses

	Three months ended	Three	Three months ended June 30, 2010 (Mil Yen)		
	June 30, 2009 (Mil Yen)				
Retail	¥ 67,521	¥	73,216		
Asset Management	13,521		13,220		
Wholesale	158,458		149,755		
Other (Incl. elimination)	27,438		17,163		
Total	¥ 266,938	¥	253,354		

Income (loss) before income taxes

	Three J Jun (N	Three months ended June 30, 2010 (Mil Yen)		
Retail	¥	27,859	¥	37,743
Asset Management		5,129		4,899
Wholesale		53,262		(41,146)
Other (Incl. elimination)		(64,577)		15,567
Total	¥	21,673	¥	17,063

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current quarter presentation. Retail

Net revenue was \$111.0 billion, due primarily to increases in commissions for distribution of investment trusts. Non-interest expenses were \$73.2 billion and income before income taxes was \$37.7 billion. Under the challenging market condition, we continued to facilitate business focusing on providing consulting services to meet the customers needs, and as a result, the sales of investment trusts were increased. Retail client assets were \$68.4 trillion as of June 30, 2010, a \$5.1 trillion decrease from March 31, 2010, due primarily to market depreciation of equity securities in accordance with the declines of the Nikkei Stock Average.

Asset Management

Net revenue was ¥18.1 billion. Non-interest expenses were ¥13.2 billion and income before income taxes was ¥4.9 billion. Assets under management were ¥22.2 trillion as of June 30, 2010, a ¥1.2 trillion decrease from March 31, 2010, due primarily to stock market depreciation and yen appreciation.

Wholesale

Net revenue was ¥108.6 billion, due primarily to the decreases in trading revenue. Non-interest expenses were ¥149.8 billion and loss before income taxes was ¥41.1 billion.

Global Market

	Millio	Millions of yen				
	Three months ended June 30, 2009	Three months ende June 30, 2010				
Net revenue	¥ 187,128	¥	96,425			
Non-interest expenses	124,862		122,767			
Income (loss) before income taxes	62,266		(26,342)			

Net revenue was \$96.4 billion, due primarily to the decreases in trading revenue in association with the financial markets turbulence in Europe, despite the increases in the stock and bond related transactions with customers. Non-interest expenses were \$122.8 billion and loss before income taxes was \$26.3 billion.

Investment Banking

	Millio	ons of yen	
	Three months ended	Three months ended	
	June 30, 2009	June 30, 2010	
Investment Banking (Gross)	¥ 37,995	¥ 29,045	
Allocation to other divisions	(12,322)	(13,224)	
Investment Banking (Net)	25,673	15,821	
Other	(1,081)	(3,637)	
Net revenue	24,592	12,184	
Non-interest expenses	33,596	26,988	
Income (loss) before income taxes	(9,004)	(14,804)	

Net revenue was \$12.2 billion, due primarily to the weakness of equity finance associated with the adverse market environment and seasonal factors. Non-interest expenses were \$27.0 billion and loss before income taxes was \$14.8 billion.

Other Operating Results

Other operating results include net gain (loss) on trading related to economic hedging transactions, realized gain (loss) on investments in equity securities, equity in earnings of affiliates, corporate items, and other financial adjustments. Other operating results for the three months ended June 30, 2010 include the gains from changes in the fair value of the financial liabilities, for which the fair value option was elected, attributable to the change in Nomura s creditworthiness, of \$9.0 billion, the positive impact of its own creditworthiness on derivative liabilities, which resulted in gain of \$4.4 billion and the gains from changes in counterparty credit spread of \$0.5 billion. Net revenue was \$32.7 billion, non-interest expenses were \$17.2 billion and income before income taxes was \$15.6 billion for the three months ended June 30, 2010.

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Geographic Information

Please refer to Item 5. Financial Information, 1. Consolidated Financial Statements, Note 13. *Segment and geographic information* for net revenue and income (loss) before income taxes by geographic region.

Cash Flow Information

Please refer to (5) Liquidity and Capital Resource .

(2) Assets and Liabilities Associated with Investment and Financial Services Business

1) Exposure to Certain Financial Instruments and Counterparties

Challenging market conditions continue to impact numerous products including securitization products and leveraged finance which we have certain exposures. We also have exposures to Special Purpose Entities (SPEs) and monoline insurers in the normal course of business.

Securitization Products

Our exposure to securitization products mainly consists of commercial mortgage-backed securities (CMBS), residential mortgage-backed securities (RMBS), and commercial real estate-backed securities. We hold these securitization products in connection with securitization, financing, trading and other activities. The following table provides a summary of our exposure to securitization products by geographic location of the underlying collateral as of June 30, 2010.

	Millions of yen June 30, 2010				
	Japan	Asia	Europe	Total	
Commercial mortgage-backed securities (CMBS)	¥ 7,124	¥	¥ 18,289	¥ 57,005	¥ 82,418
Residential mortgage-backed securities (RMBS)	3,362		20,445	286,202	310,009
Commercial real estate-backed securities	31,405				31,405
Other securitization products	38,532	581	23,993	60,966	124,072
Total	¥ 80,423	¥ 581	¥ 62,727	¥ 404,173	¥ 547,904

(1) The balances shown exclude those for which we transferred financial assets to securitization vehicles where such transfers were accounted for as secured financing rather than sale under Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 860, *Transfers and Servicing* (ASC 860), and in which we have no continuing economic exposure.

(2) We have ¥32,418 million exposure, as whole loans and commitments, to U.S. CMBS-related business as of June 30, 2010.

(3) The balance excludes mortgage pass-through securities and U.S. government guaranteed collateralized mortgage obligations (CMO). The following table provides our exposure to CMBS by geographical region and external credit rating of the underlying collateral as of June 30, 2010.

	Millions of yen June 30, 2010								
	AAA	AA	Α	BBB	BB	В	Not rated	GNMA ⁽¹⁾	Total
Japan	¥ 2,244	¥ 1,368	¥ 598	¥	¥ 256	¥	¥ 2,658	¥	¥ 7,124
Europe	674	3,498	1,574	1,029	1,360	184	9,970		18,289
Americas	19,236	3,961	17,127	6,364	3,162	680	5,145	1,330	57,005
Total	¥ 22,154	¥ 8,827	¥ 19,299	¥ 7,393	¥ 4,778	¥ 864	¥ 17,773	¥ 1,330	¥ 82,418

(1) GNMA refers to Government National Mortgage Association.

(2) Rating based on the lowest rating given by Standard & Poor s, Moody s Investors Service, Fitch Ratings Ltd., Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd., or Rating and Investment Information, Inc. as of June 30, 2010.

Leveraged Finance

We provide loans to clients in connection with leveraged buy-outs and leveraged buy-ins. As this type of finance is usually provided through a commitment, we have both funded and unfunded exposures on these transactions.

The following table provides our exposure to leveraged finance by geographic location of the target company as of June 30, 2010.

		llions of yer ne 30, 2010	
	Funded	Unfunded	Total
Japan	¥ 5,755	₹ 1,641	¥ 7,396
Europe	85,451	2,600	88,051
Total	¥ 91,206	∉ 4,241	¥95,447

Special Purpose Entities

Our involvement with these entities includes structuring, underwriting, as well as, subject to prevailing market conditions distributing and selling debt instruments and beneficial interests issued by these entities. In the normal course of securitization and equity derivative activities business, we also act as transferor of financial assets to, and underwriter, distributor and seller of repackaged financial instruments issued by these entities. We retain, purchase and sell variable interests in SPEs in connection with our market-making, investing and structuring activities. Our other types of involvement with SPEs include guarantee agreements and derivative contracts.

For further discussion on Nomura s involvement with VIEs, see Item 5. Financial Information 1. Consolidated Financial Statements, Note 6. *Securitization and Variable Interest Entities (VIEs)*.

Exposure to Monoline Insurers (financial guarantors)

The following table provides our gross exposure, counter party risk reserves and other adjustments, net exposure, and CDS protection to monoline insurers (financial guarantors) by credit rating of structured credit trading business of Global Markets in Europe. The table does not include the fully reserved or hedged exposures.

		Ν	Counto Ri	80, 2010 erparty	ars			
	Ni-4;1(2)	Gross	Ot	nd her		Net	-	DS
Monoline insurers by credit rating ⁽¹⁾ Non-investment grade	Notional ⁽²⁾ \$ 5,839	Exposure ⁽³⁾ \$ 1,992	Adjus \$	tments 1,633	Exp \$	posure 359	\$	ction ⁽⁴⁾ 74
Total	\$ 5,839	\$ 1,992	\$	1,633	\$	359	\$	74

(1) Rating based on the lower of either Standard & Poor s or Moody s Investors Service as of June 30, 2010.

(2) The gross notional value of the credit derivative contract. There is no exposure related to U.S. RMBS as reference assets.

(3) Gross exposure represents the estimated fair value prior to Counterparty Risk Reserves and Other Adjustments.

(4) Notional less estimated fair value of CDS protection acquired against the monoline insurers.

In addition to the above derivatives exposure, we also had \$189 million of debt securities as of June 30, 2010 guaranteed by monoline insurers, which are like utility bonds. The estimated fair value of the wrap included in the carrying value of these debt securities is not significant.

2) Fair value for financial instruments

A significant amount of our financial assets and financial liabilities are carried at fair value, with changes in fair value recognized through the consolidated statements of operations on a recurring basis. Use of fair value is either specifically required under U.S. GAAP or we make an election to use fair value for certain eligible items under the fair value option.

Other financial assets and financial liabilities are carried at fair value on a nonrecurring basis, where the primary measurement basis is not fair value. Fair value is only used in specific circumstances such as to measure impairment.

In accordance with ASC 820 Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures , all financial instruments measured at fair value have been categorized into a three-level hierarchy based on the transparency of inputs used to establish fair value.

The proportion of Level 3 financial assets within the financial assets measured at fair value (excluding derivatives assets) was 6% as of June 30, 2010 as listed below:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Billions of yen June 30, 2010 Counterparty and Cash Collateral Netting	Total	The proportion of Level 3
Financial Assets measured at Fair Value (Excluding						
derivative assets)	8,574	5,968	895		15,437	6%
Derivative, Assets	735	18,853	649	(18,150)	2,087	
Derivative, Liabilities	829	18,888	636	(18,118)	2,235	

Please refer to Item 5. Financial Information, 1. Consolidated Financial Statements, Note 3. *Fair value of financial instruments* for further information.

(3) Trading Activities

Assets and liabilities for trading purposes

Please refer to Item 5. Financial Information 1. Consolidated Financial Statements, Note 3. *Fair value of financial instruments* and Note 4. *Derivative instruments and hedging activities* regarding to the balances of assets and liabilities for trading purposes.

Risk management of trading activity

We adopt Value at Risk ($\ VaR$) for measurement of market risk arising from trading activity.

1) Assumptions on VaR

2.33 standard deviations 99% confidence level

Holding period: One day

Consideration of correlation of price movement among the products

2) Records of VaR

	Billio	Billions of yen		
	June 30, 2010	March	a 31, 2010	
Equity	¥ 2.0	¥	2.6	
Interest rate	4.2		4.4	
Foreign exchange	7.6		10.5	
Sub-total	13.8		17.5	
Diversification benefit	(4.4)		(5.0)	
Value at Risk (VaR)	¥ 9.4	¥	12.5	

		Billions of yen	
	Three mor	ths ended Jun	e 30, 2010
	Maximum	Minimum	Average
Value at Risk (VaR)	¥ 13.6	¥ 9.4	¥ 11.3

(4) Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

1) Risk Management

Our group business activities are inherently subject to various risks. Managing those risks is an integral part of management s responsibilities to secure fiscal health as well as to contribute to the maintenance and expansion of corporate value. Our risk management framework and governance structure is intended to provide comprehensive controls, monitoring and reporting.

We established Structure for Ensuring Appropriate Business, which is a principle from the Board of Directors. Within this principle the Structure for Regulations and others regarding Management of Risk Loss was established and in accordance with these structures, we are constantly seeking to upgrade the risk management expertise and strengthen and enhance risk management capability.

2) Global Risk Management Structure

Governance

We have independent units responsible for appropriate financial resources allocation and risk management (i.e. Group Controllers Department, Group Finance Department, Group Treasury Department and Group Risk Management Department).

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Within these units, the Group Risk Management Department assists the Chief Risk Officer with implementing the risk management framework and supervising risks.

Risks are supervised through establishing an enterprise-wide risk management framework, ensuring its adoption by the entire group, monitoring the appropriateness of the risk management framework, and measuring and analyzing the risks of the entire group. In particular, the Group Risk Management Department establishes and enhances all risk management policies and rules, gathers necessary information for risk management and implements risk management policies. The Group Risk Management Department reports ongoing risk status and the results of their analysis to senior management. These processes are audited regularly by the Group Internal Audit Department.

We have established two key Risk Management Committees at the group level. The Group Integrated Risk Management Committee (GIRMC) reports to the Board of Directors and Executive Management Board and discusses significant risk related matters including regulatory issues, matters related to our debt structure and capital policy, and implementation and updating of important risk management policies and procedures. The Global Risk Management Committee (GRMC) reports to the GIRMC. It has the delegated authority from the GIRMC to approve transactions with significant high risk profiles and monitors risk concentration within Nomura and discusses strategic risk allocation.

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Definition and Types of Risk Managed

Risks are defined as i) potential erosion of the Nomura Group s capital base due to unexpected losses from business operations, ii) potential lack of access to funds due to deterioration of the Nomura Group s creditworthiness or deterioration in market conditions and iii) potential failure of revenues to cover expenses due to deterioration of earnings environment or deterioration of efficiency or effectiveness of business operations.

We classify the risks to be managed as follows.

Market Risk Credit Risk Country Risk Operational Risk System Risk

Liquidity Risk

Business Risk

We regard the risks measured comprehensively by quantitative methods as economic capital and use this as a principal reference for assessment of capital adequacy, capital allocation and risk management.

Risk Control

Our regional front office businesses play significant roles on day-to-day risk control. These units are best placed to rapidly respond to changing market conditions and the needs of business in each region. However, risk is managed within limits and guidelines set by the Risk Management Division.

Risk Management Division is in charge of defining and embedding risk management policies and procedures and communicates key risks to senior management and the GIRMC on a regular basis.

(5) Liquidity and Capital Resource

Liquidity

Overviews

We define liquidity risk as the potential inability to meet financial obligations as they become due. This risk could arise from an inability to access the secured or unsecured debt markets, a deterioration in our credit ratings, a failure to manage unplanned changes in funding requirements, a failure to liquidate assets quickly and with minimal loss in value, or changes in regulatory capital restrictions which may prevent the free flow of funds between different group entities. Liquidity risk could be due both to Nomura-specific and market wide events. Our primary liquidity objective is to ensure continuous liquidity across market cycles and periods of stress, and to ensure that all funding requirements and unsecured debt obligations that fall due within one year can be met without additional unsecured funding or forced liquidation

of trading assets.

We have in place a number of liquidity policies designed to achieve our primary liquidity objective. These include (1) ensuring sufficient long term debt to meet our cash capital needs; (2) maintenance of liquidity portfolios comprising cash and highly liquid unencumbered securities that can be converted into cash to meet our immediate liquidity requirements; (3) diversification of funding sources by currency, products, investor base and maturity in order to minimize reliance on any one source; (4) contingency funding plan and committed, unsecured credit facilities.

The Executive Management Board has the authority to make decisions concerning the group s liquidity management. The Chief Financial Officer (CFO) has operational authority and responsibility over the Nomura Group s liquidity management based on decisions made by the Executive Management Board. CFO and Global Treasury are responsible for monitoring and managing our liquidity in accordance with policies determined by the Executive Management Board or other decision making bodies.

1) Ensure appropriate funding mix. We seek to maintain a surplus of long term debt and equity above the cash capital requirements of our assets. This enables us to fund the firm for periods of at least one year in a stress event, without needing to raise additional unsecured funding or forcing the liquidation of trading assets. The amount of liquidity required is based on an internal model which incorporates the following requirements.

- i. Our ability to finance assets using secured funding, including repurchase agreements and securities lending transactions. The cash capital requirements are calculated using conservative estimates of the assets secured borrowing power in stressed scenarios.
- ii. Goodwill and identifiable intangible assets, property, equipment and other illiquid assets.
- iii. Collateral requirements on derivative contracts arising as a result of a two-notch downgrade in our credit rating. In addition, other unencumbered assets held at exchanges for chaining requirements are also funded with long-term liquidity.
- iv. Commitments to lend to external counterparties based on the probability of drawdown.

v. Capital or other forms of financing in our regulated subsidiaries that is in excess of their long-term cash capital requirements. Our internal model is calculated at the group company level in order to take into account legal, regulatory and tax restrictions that may impact the transfer of liquidity among group companies.

2) Diversify unsecured funding sources. We seek to reduce refinancing risk through diversification of our funding sources. We diversify funding by product, investor and market in order to reduce our reliance on any one funding source. We benefit by distributing a significant portion of our debt through our retail and institutional sales force to a diversified global investor base.

3) Unsecured Funding Management. We manage the overall level of unsecured funding and set the internal limits on the additional amount of unsecured funding available across the Company. The availability of unsecured funding is set by the Executive Management Board, and monitored closely by Global Treasury.

4) Maintain Liquidity Portfolios. To ensure a readily available source of liquidity, we have structured our liquidity portfolio under the assumption that in certain instances, legal and regulatory requirements can restrict the flow of funds between entities in our consolidated group, and funds or securities might not freely move among us.

We maintain a liquidity portfolio at Nomura Holdings, Inc. and group companies in the form of cash and highly liquid, unencumbered securities that may be sold or pledged to provide liquidity.

The size and structure of our liquidity portfolio takes into account immediate cash requirements arising from:

- i. Upcoming maturities of unsecured debt (maturities less than 1 year)
- ii. Potential buybacks of our outstanding debt
- iii. Loss of secured funding lines particularly for less liquid assets, over and above our cash capital estimates
- iv. Normal business volatility

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v. Cash and collateral outflows in the event of a stress event

5) Maintain Committed Bank Facilities. In addition to our liquidity portfolio, we maintain undrawn committed facilities with a group of globally recognized banks in order to provide contingent financing sources. We have structured the facilities to ensure that the maturity dates of these facilities are evenly distributed throughout the year in order to prevent excessive maturities of facilities in any given period. Whilst the ability to borrow under these facilities is subject to customary lending conditions and covenants, we do not believe that any of the covenant requirements will impair our ability to draw these facilities. We do not take these funding sources into consideration of our internal model to be more conservative, but maintain the access to those sources. We may occasionally test the effectiveness of our drawdown procedures.

6) Maintenance and testing our Contingency Funding Plan (CFP). We have developed a detailed contingency funding plan. As part of the CFP, we have developed an approach for analyzing and specifying the extent of any liquidity events. This allows us to estimate the likely impact of both a Nomura-specific and market-wide crises; and specifies the immediate action to be taken to mitigate any risk. The CFP lists details of key internal and external parties to be contacted and the processes by which information is to be disseminated. The CFP has been developed at the legal entity level in order to capture specific cash requirements at the local level it assumes that the parent company does not have access to cash that may be trapped at the subsidiary level due to regulatory, legal or tax constraints. We periodically test the effectiveness of our funding plans for different Nomura specific events and market-wide events. We also have access to operations at central banks such as Bank of Japan and European Central Bank, which provide financing against various types of securities. These operations are accessed in the normal course of business and are important tools in mitigating contingent risk from market disruptions.

Since November 2009, we have revised the CFP to further integrate liquidity risk control into our comprehensive risk management strategy and to enhance the quantitative aspects of our liquidity risk control procedures. Under the revised CFP, we monitor our liquidity based on an internal model which simulates changes in cash outflow under specified stress scenarios. Such stress scenarios are in turn tailored to the liquidity requirements in view of the risk appetite formulated by the Global Integrated Risk Management Committee, our risk management body functioning under the supervision of the Board of Directors and the Executive Management Board. Where the liquidity requirements are not met as a result of the stress test, the CFP specifies an action plan depending on the nature of the contingency.

Cash Flow

Cash and cash equivalents balance as of June 30, 2010 and as of June 30, 2009 were ¥665.1 billion and ¥531.6 billion respectively. Net cash used in operating activities for the three months ended June 30, 2010 and June 30, 2009 amounted to ¥1,539.3 billion and ¥259.1 billion respectively due to a fluctuation of net trading balances (*Net of Trading assets* and *Trading liabilities*). Net cash used in investing activities for the three months ended June 30, 2010 amounted to an increase of *Non-trading debt securities* and for the three months ended June 30, 2009 amounted to ¥91.4 billion due to an increase of *Non-trading debt securities* and for the three months ended June 30, 2009 amounted to ¥1,293.6 billion and ¥250.4 billion due to an increase of borrowings.

Consolidated Balance Sheets and Financial Leverage

Total assets as of June 30, 2010, was \$33,935.1 billion, an increase of \$1,704.7 billion compared to \$32,230.4 billion as of March 31, 2010, reflecting an increase in *Collateralized agreements* and *Trading assets*. Total liabilities as of June 30, 2010, were \$31,823.2 billion, an increase of \$1,725.8 billion compared to \$30,097.4 billion as of March 31, 2010, this was mainly due to an increase in *Collateralized financing* and *Long term borrowings*. Total NHI shareholders equity as of June 30, 2010 was \$2,101.8 billion, a decrease of \$25.2 billion compared to \$2,126.9 billion as of March 31, 2010, due to a decrease in *Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)*. Our leverage ratio as of June 30, 2010 increased to 16.1 times from 15.2 times as of March 31, 2010.

We seek to maintain sufficient capital at all times to withstand losses due to extreme market movements. Executive Management Board is responsible for implementing and enforcing capital policies. This includes the determination of our balance sheet size and required capital levels. We continually review our equity capital base to ensure that it can support the economic risk inherent in our business. There are also regulatory requirements for minimum capital of entities that operate in regulated securities or banking businesses.

The following table provides our NHI shareholders equity, total assets, adjusted assets and leverage ratios:

	(billions of yen,	(billions of yen, except ratios)		
	June 30, 2010	March 31, 2010		
NHI shareholders equity	¥ 2,101.8	¥ 2,126.9		
Total assets ⁽¹⁾	33,935.1	32,230.4		
Adjusted assets ⁽²⁾	21,172.6	19,763.2		
Leverage ratio ⁽³⁾	16.1x	15.2x		
Adjusted leverage ratio ⁽⁴⁾	10.1x	9.3x		

- (1) Total assets exclude securities transferred to counterparties under repo-to-maturity and certain Japanese securities lending transactions which are accounted for as sales rather than collateralized financing arrangements. The fair value of securities derecognized under these agreements has not had a significant impact on our reported Leverage and Adjusted leverage ratio as of March 31, 2010 and June 30, 2010.
- (2) Adjusted assets represent total assets less securities purchased under agreements to resell and securities borrowed transactions.
- (3) Leverage ratio equals total assets divided by NHI shareholders equity.
- (4) Adjusted leverage ratio equals adjusted assets divided by NHI shareholders equity.

Consolidated Regulatory Requirements

The Financial Services Agency established the Guideline for Financial Conglomerate Supervision (hereinafter referred to as the Financial Conglomerate Guideline) in June 2005 and set out the rule on consolidated regulatory capital. We started monitoring the consolidated capital adequacy ratio of Nomura according to the Financial Conglomerate Guideline from April 2005.

Beginning from the end of March, 2009, we elected to calculate the consolidated capital adequacy ratio according to the Criteria for bank holding companies to judge whether their capital adequacy status is appropriate in light of their own and their subsidiaries asset holdings, etc. under Article 52-25 of the Banking Act (hereinafter referred to as the Bank Holding Companies Notice) as permitted under the provision in the Comprehensive Guidelines for Supervision of Financial Instruments Business Operators, etc. instead of the Financial Conglomerate Guideline although we continue to be monitored as a financial conglomerate governed by the Financial Conglomerate Guideline.

Under the Financial Conglomerate Guideline, financial conglomerates, defined as the holding companies of financial institutions and its group companies, must maintain the amount of consolidated capital not less than required capital. As we have started the calculation according to the Bank Holding Companies Notice, we convert each risk by multiplying the amount by 12.5; therefore we examine whether we comply by this requirement by confirming that the capital/risk-weighted asset ratio is higher than 8%. As of June 30, 2010, we were in compliance with this requirement, with a ratio of total capital to risk-weighted assets of 23.3%

The following table presents the Company s consolidated capital adequacy ratio as of June 30, 2010:

	100 millions of yen June 30, 2010
Qualifying Capital	
Tier 1 capital	19,859
Tier 2 capital	4,996
Tier 3 capital	3,061
Deductions	589
Total qualifying capital	27,327
Risk-Weighted Assets	
Credit risk-weighted assets	48,966
Market risk equivalent assets	54,198
Operational risk equivalent assets	14,067
Total risk-weighted assets	117,230
Consolidated Capital Adequacy Ratios	
Consolidated capital adequacy ratio	23.3%
Tier 1 capital ratio	16.9%
(6) Current Challenges	

While financial markets remained uncertain due to concerns arising out of European sovereign credit risk, there is no significant change in our current challenges or new challenge arose for the three months ended June 30, 2010.

Item 4. Company Information

1. Share Capital Information

- (1) Total Number of Shares
- A. Number of Authorized Share Capital

	Authorized Share
	Capital
Туре	(shares)
Common Stock	6,000,000,000
Class 1 preferred stock	200,000,000
Class 2 preferred stock	200,000,000
Class 3 preferred stock	200,000,000
Class 4 preferred stock	200,000,000

Total

The Authorized Share Capital is stated by the type of stock and the total is the number of authorized share capital as referred in the Articles of Incorporation.

B. Issued Shares

Туре	Number of Issued Shares as of June 30, 2010	Number of Issued Shares as of August 16, 2010	Trading Markets	Details
Common Stock	3,719,133,241	3,719,133,241	Tokyo Stock Exchange ^(*2)	1 unit is 100 shares
			Osaka Securities Exchange ^(*2)	
			Nagoya Stock Exchange ^(*2)	
			Singapore Stock Exchange	
			New York Stock Exchange	
Total	3,719,133,241	3,719,133,241		

1. Shares that may have increased from exercise of stock options between August 1, 2010 and as of the submission date (August 16, 2010) are not included in the number of issued shares as of the submission date.

2. Listed on the First Section of each stock/securities exchange.

6,000,000,000

(2) Stock Options

A. Stock Acquisition Right

Resolved by the 99th General Shareholders Meeting on June 26, 2003

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 2

	(As of June 30, 2010)
Number of Stock Acquisition Right	$1,227^{(1)}$
Number of Stock Acquisition Right for Treasury (out of above number)	
Type of Share under the Stock Acquisition Right	Common stock
	1 unit is 100 shares
Number of Shares under the Stock Acquisition Rights	1,227,000
The Amount to be Paid upon Exercising the Stock Acquisition Right ⁽²⁾	¥1,332 per share
Exercise Period of the Stock Acquisition Right	From July 1, 2005 to June 30, 2010
Issue Price of Shares and Capital Inclusion Price if Shares are issued	Issue Price of Shares ¥1,332
upon Exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights	Capital Inclusion Price ¥666
Conditions to Examples of Charle Association Disks	-
Conditions to Exercise of Stock Acquisition Right	1. Not to be partial exercise of one stock acquisition right.
	2. For a person given Stock Acquisition Right (the Optionee) maintains position as a director, executive officer or employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary, during the time between the grant of the stock acquisition rights and the exercise. The Optionee is deemed to maintain such a position as a director, executive officer or employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary in case the Optionee loses such a position by the situations determined in terms of the options.
	3. The Optionee, at the time of exercising the stock acquisition rights, does not fall within either of the following cases:
	a) The Company or the Company s Subsidiary determines in accordance with their Employment Regulations to dismiss the Optionee by suggestion or disciplinary procedures; or
	b) There is any other reason similar to a).
Restriction of Transfer of Stock Acquisition Rights	Approval of the board of directors shall be required for transfer of the

stock acquisition rights.

Substituted Payment

Issue of the Stock Acquisition Right Attendant on Reorganization

- 1. 1,000 shares will be issued per one stock acquisition right.
- 2. In the event that the shares are split or consolidated, the Exercise Price shall be adjusted in accordance with the following formula, and any fractions less than one (1) yen shall be rounded up to the nearest yen.

Adjusted Exercise Price = Exercise Price before Adjustment x

1 Ratio of Split or Consolidation

In the event that the Company issues new shares or sells its treasury shares at a price less than market price (excluding for the exercise of the stock acquisition rights), the Exercise Price shall be adjusted in accordance with the following formula, and any fractions less than one (1) yen shall be rounded up to the nearest yen.

						Number of Newly Issued Shares and/or
Adjusted Exercise	=	Exercise Price before	x	Number of Outstanding Shares	+	Treasury Shares Sold x Paid-in Amount Per Share Market Price per Share
Price		Adjustment		Number of (Outstanding + Newly	y Iss	ued Shares and/or Treasury Shares Sold)

Resolved by the 99th General Shareholders Meeting on June 26, 2003

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 3

Number of Stock Acquisition Right	140 ⁽¹⁾
Number of Stock Acquisition Right for Treasury (out of above number)	
Type of Share under the Stock Acquisition Right	Common stock
	1 unit is 100 shares
Number of Shares under the Stock Acquisition Rights	140,000
The Amount to be Paid upon Exercising the Stock Acquisition Right	¥1 per share
Exercise Period of the Stock Acquisition Right	From June 5, 2006 to June 4, 2011
Issue Price of Shares and Capital Inclusion Price if Shares are issued upon Exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights	Issue Price of Shares ¥1
	Capital Inclusion Price ¥1
Conditions to Exercise of Stock Acquisition Right	1. Not to be partial exercise of one stock acquisition right.

2. For a person given Stock Acquisition Right (the Optionee) maintains position as a director, executive officer or employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary, during the time between the grant of the stock acquisition rights and the commencement of the exercise period. The Optionee is deemed to maintain such a position as a director, executive officer or employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary in case the Optionee loses such a position by the situations determined in terms of the options.

(As of June 30, 2010)

3. The Optionee, at the commencement of the exercise period, does not fall within either of the following cases:

a) The Company or the Company s Subsidiary determines in accordance with their Employment Regulations to dismiss the Optionee by suggestion or disciplinary procedures; or

b) There is any other reason similar to a).

Approval of the board of directors shall be required for transfer of the stock acquisition rights.

Restriction of Transfer of Stock Acquisition Rights

Substituted Payment

Issue of the Stock Acquisition Right Attendant on Reorganization

1. 1,000 shares will be issued per one stock acquisition right.

Resolved by the 100th General Shareholders Meeting on June 25, 2004

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 4

	(15 01 gane 20, 2010)
Number of Stock Acquisition Right	1,244 ⁽¹⁾
Number of Stock Acquisition Right for Treasury (out of above number)	
Type of Share under the Stock Acquisition Right	Common stock
	1 unit is 100 shares
Number of Shares under the Stock Acquisition Rights	1,244,000
The Amount to be Paid upon Exercising the Stock Acquisition $\operatorname{Right}^{(2)}$	¥1,311 per share
Exercise Period of the Stock Acquisition Right	From July 1, 2006 to June 30, 2011
Issue Price of Shares and Capital Inclusion Price if Shares are issued upon Exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights	Issue Price of Shares ¥1,311
	Capital Inclusion Price ¥656
Conditions to Evergise of Stock Acquisition Dight	1 Not to be partial exercise of one stock acquisition right

Conditions to Exercise of Stock Acquisition Right

1. Not to be partial exercise of one stock acquisition right.

(As of June 30, 2010)

2. For a person given Stock Acquisition Right (the Optionee) maintains position as a director, executive officer or employee of the Company or the Company's Subsidiary, during the time between the grant of the stock acquisition rights and the exercise. The Optionee is deemed to maintain such a position as a director, executive officer or employee of the Company or the Company's Subsidiary in case the Optionee loses such a position by the situations determined in terms of the options.

3. The Optionee, at the time of exercising the stock acquisition rights, does not fall within either of the following cases:

a) The Company or the Company s Subsidiary determines in accordance with their Employment Regulations to dismiss the Optionee by suggestion or disciplinary procedures; or

b) There is any other reason similar to a).

Approval of the board of directors shall be required for transfer of the stock acquisition rights.

Restriction of Transfer of Stock Acquisition Rights

Substituted Payment

Issue of the Stock Acquisition Right Attendant on Reorganization

- 1. 1,000 shares will be issued per one stock acquisition right.
- 2. In the event that the shares are split or consolidated, the Exercise Price shall be adjusted in accordance with the following formula, and any fractions less than one (1) yen shall be rounded up to the nearest yen.

Adjusted Exercise Price = Exercise Price before Adjustment x

1 Ratio of Split or Consolidation

In the event that the Company issues new shares or sells its treasury shares at a price less than market price (excluding for the exercise of the stock acquisition rights), the Exercise Price shall be adjusted in accordance with the following formula, and any fractions less than one (1) yen shall be rounded up to the nearest yen.

Number of Newly Issued Shares and/or

Adjusted Exercise = Price	Exercise Price before Adjustment	Number of Outstanding Shares	+	Treasury Shares Sold x Paid-in Amount Per Share Market Price per Share
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Number of (Outstanding + Newly Issued Shares and/or Treasury Shares Sold)

Resolved by the 100th General Shareholders Meeting on June 25, 2004

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 5

(As of June 30, 2010) 6(1) Number of Stock Acquisition Right Number of Stock Acquisition Right for Treasury (out of above number) Type of Share under the Stock Acquisition Right Common stock 1 unit is 100 shares 6,000 Number of Shares under the Stock Acquisition Rights The Amount to be Paid upon Exercising the Stock Acquisition Right ¥1 per share From April 26, 2007 to April 25, 2012 Exercise Period of the Stock Acquisition Right Issue Price of Shares and Capital Inclusion Price if Shares are issued Issue Price of Shares ¥1 upon Exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights Capital Inclusion Price ¥1 Conditions to Exercise of Stock Acquisition Right 1. Not to be partial exercise of one stock acquisition right. 2. For a person given Stock Acquisition Right (the Optionee)

maintains position as a director, executive officer or employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary during the time between the grant of the stock acquisition rights and the commencement of the exercise period. The Optionee is deemed to maintain such a position as a director, executive officer or employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary in case the Optionee loses such a position by the situations determined in terms of the options.

3. The Optionee, at the commencement of the exercise period, does not fall within either of the following cases:

a) The Company or the Company s Subsidiary determines in accordance with their Employment Regulations to dismiss the Optionee by suggestion or disciplinary procedures; or

b) There is any other reason similar to a).

Approval of the board of directors shall be required for transfer of the stock acquisition rights.

Restriction of Transfer of Stock Acquisition Rights

Substituted Payment

Issue of the Stock Acquisition Right Attendant on Reorganization

Resolved by the 100th General Shareholders Meeting on June 25, 2004

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 6

	(As of June 30, 2010)
Number of Stock Acquisition Right	233(1)
Number of Stock Acquisition Right for Treasury (out of above number)	
Type of Share under the Stock Acquisition Right	Common stock
	1 unit is 100 shares
Number of Shares under the Stock Acquisition Rights	233,000
The Amount to be Paid upon Exercising the Stock Acquisition Right	¥1 per share
Exercise Period of the Stock Acquisition Right	From June 4, 2007 to June 3, 2012
Issue Price of Shares and Capital Inclusion Price if Shares are issued upon Exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights	Issue Price of Shares ¥1
	Capital Inclusion Price ¥1
Conditions to Exercise of Stock Acquisition Right	1. Not to be partial exercise of one stock acquisition right.

2. For a person given Stock Acquisition Right (the Optionee) maintains position as a director, executive officer or employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary, during the time between the grant of the stock acquisition rights and the commencement of the exercise period. The Optionee is deemed to maintain such a position as a director, executive officer or employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary in case the Optionee loses such a position by the situations determined in terms of the options.

3. The Optionee, at the commencement of the exercise period, does not fall within either of the following cases:

a) The Company or the Company s Subsidiary determines in accordance with their Employment Regulations to dismiss the Optionee by suggestion or disciplinary procedures; or

b) There is any other reason similar to a).

Approval of the board of directors shall be required for transfer of the stock acquisition rights.

Restriction of Transfer of Stock Acquisition Rights

Issue of the Stock Acquisition Right Attendant on Reorganization

Resolved by the 101st General Shareholders Meeting on June 28, 2005

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 8

	(As of June 30, 2010)
Number of Stock Acquisition Right	15,103 ⁽¹⁾
Number of Stock Acquisition Right for Treasury (out of above number)	
Type of Share under the Stock Acquisition Right	Common stock
	1 unit is 100 shares
Number of Shares under the Stock Acquisition Rights	1,510,300
The Amount to be Paid upon Exercising the Stock Acquisition $\operatorname{Right}^{(2)}$	¥1,152 per share
Exercise Period of the Stock Acquisition Right	From July 1, 2007 to June 30, 2012
Issue Price of Shares and Capital Inclusion Price if Shares are issued upon Exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights	Issue Price of Shares ¥1,152
	Capital Inclusion Price ¥576
Conditions to Exercise of Stock Acquisition Right	1. Not to be partial exercise of one stock acquisition right.
	2. For a person given Stock Acquisition Right (the Optionee) maintains position as a director, executive officer or employee of the Company or the Company's Subsidiary, during the time between the grant of the stock acquisition rights and the exercise. The Optionee is deemed to maintain such a position as a director, executive officer or

grant of the stock acquisition rights and the exercise. The Optionee is deemed to maintain such a position as a director, executive officer or employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary in case the Optionee loses such a position by the situations determined in terms of the options.

3. The Optionee, at the time of exercising the stock acquisition rights, does not fall within either of the following cases:

a) The Company or the Company s Subsidiary determines in accordance with their Employment Regulations to dismiss the Optionee by suggestion or disciplinary procedures; or

b) There is any other reason similar to a).

Approval of the board of directors shall be required for transfer of the stock acquisition rights.

Restriction of Transfer of Stock Acquisition Rights

Issue of the Stock Acquisition Right Attendant on Reorganization

- 1. 100 shares will be issued per one stock acquisition right.
- 2. In the event that the shares are split or consolidated, the Exercise Price shall be adjusted in accordance with the following formula, and any fractions less than one (1) yen shall be rounded up to the nearest yen.

Adjusted Exercise Price = Exercise Price before Adjustment x

1 Ratio of Split or Consolidation

In the event that the Company issues new shares or sells its treasury shares at a price less than market price (excluding for the exercise of the stock acquisition rights), the Exercise Price shall be adjusted in accordance with the following formula, and any fractions less than one (1) yen shall be rounded up to the nearest yen.

						Number of Newly Issued Shares and/or
Adjusted Exercise	=	Exercise Price = before	х	Number of Outstanding Shares	+	Treasury Shares Sold x Paid-in Amount Per Share Market Price per Share
Price		Adjustment		Number of (Outstanding + Newl	y Iss	ued Shares and/or Treasury Shares Sold)

Number of Stock Acquisition Right

Resolved by the 101st General Shareholders Meeting on June 28, 2005

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 9

Number of Stock Acquisition Right for Treasury (out of above number) Type of Share under the Stock Acquisition Right Number of Shares under the Stock Acquisition Rights The Amount to be Paid upon Exercising the Stock Acquisition Right Exercise Period of the Stock Acquisition Right Issue Price of Shares and Capital Inclusion Price if Shares are issued upon Exercise of the Stock Acquisition Right Conditions to Exercise of Stock Acquisition Right 1. Not to be partial

(As of June 30, 2010)

1,515⁽¹⁾

Common stock

1 unit is 100 shares

151,500

¥1 per share

From April 25, 2008 to April 24, 2013

Issue Price of Shares ¥1

Capital Inclusion Price ¥1

1. Not to be partial exercise of one stock acquisition right.

2. For a person given Stock Acquisition Right (the Optionee) maintains position as a director, executive officer or employee of the Company or the Company's Subsidiary, during the time between the grant of the stock acquisition rights and the commencement of the exercise period. The Optionee is deemed to maintain such a position as a director, executive officer or employee of the Company or the Company's Subsidiary in case the Optionee loses such a position by the situations determined in terms of the options.

3. The Optionee, at the commencement of the exercise period, does not fall within either of the following cases:

a) The Company or the Company s Subsidiary determines in accordance with their Employment Regulations to dismiss the Optionee by suggestion or disciplinary procedures; or

b) There is any other reason similar to a).

Approval of the board of directors shall be required for transfer of the stock acquisition rights.

Restriction of Transfer of Stock Acquisition Rights

Issue of the Stock Acquisition Right Attendant on Reorganization

Resolved by the 101st General Shareholders Meeting on June 28, 2005

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 10

4,362⁽¹⁾ Number of Stock Acquisition Right Number of Stock Acquisition Right for Treasury (out of above number) Common stock Type of Share under the Stock Acquisition Right 1 unit is 100 shares 436,200 Number of Shares under the Stock Acquisition Rights The Amount to be Paid upon Exercising the Stock Acquisition Right ¥1 per share From June 13, 2008 to June 12, 2013 Exercise Period of the Stock Acquisition Right Issue Price of Shares and Capital Inclusion Price if Shares are issued Issue Price of Shares ¥1 upon Exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights Capital Inclusion Price ¥1,053 Conditions to Exercise of Stock Acquisition Right 1. Not to be partial exercise of one stock acquisition right.

2. For a person given Stock Acquisition Right (the Optionee) maintains position as a director, executive officer or employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary, during the time between the grant of the stock acquisition rights and the commencement of the exercise period. The Optionee is deemed to maintain such a position as a director, executive officer or employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary in case the Optionee loses such a position by the situations determined in terms of the options.

(As of June 30, 2010)

3. The Optionee, at the commencement of the exercise period, does not fall within either of the following cases:

a) The Company or the Company s Subsidiary determines in accordance with their Employment Regulations to dismiss the Optionee by suggestion or disciplinary procedures; or

b) There is any other reason similar to a).

Approval of the board of directors shall be required for transfer of the stock acquisition rights.

Restriction of Transfer of Stock Acquisition Rights

Issue of the Stock Acquisition Right Attendant on Reorganization

Resolved by the 102nd General Shareholders Meeting on June 28, 2006

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 11

	(As of June 30, 2010)
Number of Stock Acquisition Right	$17,900^{(1)}$
Number of Stock Acquisition Right for Treasury (out of above number)	
Type of Share under the Stock Acquisition Right	Common stock
	1 unit is 100 shares
Number of Shares under the Stock Acquisition Rights	1,790,000
The Amount to be Paid upon Exercising the Stock Acquisition $\operatorname{Right}^{(2)}$	¥1,793 per share
Exercise Period of the Stock Acquisition Right	From July 7, 2008 to July 6, 2013
Issue Price of Shares and Capital Inclusion Price if Shares are issued upon Exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights	Issue Price of Shares ¥1,793
	Capital Inclusion Price ¥1,140
Conditions to Exercise of Stock Acquisition Right	1. Each stock acquisition right may not be exercised partly.
	2. The Optionee maintains the position of a director, executive officer or employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary, during the time between the grant of the stock acquisition rights and the exercise. The Optionee is deemed to maintain such a position as a director, executive officer or employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary even where the Optionee loses such position as a result of the situations determined in terms of the options.

3. The Optionee, at the time of exercising the stock acquisition rights, does not fall within either of the following cases:

a) The Company or the Company s Subsidiary has determined, in accordance with their Employment Regulations to dismiss the Optionee by warning or disciplinary procedures; or

b) There is any other reason similar to a).

Any assignment of stock acquisition rights shall be subject to approval by resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Restriction of Transfer of Stock Acquisition Rights

Issue of the Stock Acquisition Right Attendant on the Reorganization

- 1. 100 shares will be issued per one stock acquisition right.
- 2. In the event that the common stock is split or the common stock is consolidated after the grant of the Stock Acquisition Rights, the Exercise Price shall be adjusted in accordance with the following formula, and any fractions less than one (1) yen resulting from the adjustment shall be rounded up to the nearest yen.

Adjusted Exercise Price = Exercise Price before Adjustment x

1 Ratio of Stock Split or Stock Consolidation

In the event that the Company offers for subscription of the issuance of the new shares of common stock or the disposal of treasury shares of common stock of the Company at a paid-in amount below the market price of the common stock of the Company which is used in the adjustment formula for the Exercise Price (excluding Stock Acquisition Rights (including those attached to bonds with stock subscription rights) which is able to request for the delivery of the common shares of the Company and any other securities or the conversion, replacement or the exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights and any request for purchase of additional less-than-a-full-unit shares) or in the event of the shares with acquisition request right that the Company issues the common stock of the Company in exchange of its acquisition as prescribed at a compensation below the market price of the common stock of the Company which is used in the adjustment formula for the Exercise Price (including the grant without any consideration), or in the event that the Company issues the stock subscription rights) and any other securities or rights (including the grant without any consideration) at a compensation below the market price of the Company (including those attached to bonds with stock subscription rights) and any other securities or rights (including the grant without any consideration) at a compensation below the market price of the Company (including those attached to bonds with stock subscription rights) and any other securities or rights (including the grant without any consideration) at a compensation below the market price of the Company which is used in the adjustment formula for the Exercise Price, the Exercise Price shall be adjusted in accordance with the following formula, and any fraction of less than one (1) yen resulting from the adjustment shall be rounded up to the nearest yen.

Number of Newly Issued Shares and/or

Shares of Common Stock of the Company Disposed of x

Adjusted	Exercise Price	Number of Outstanding Shares + Paid-in Amount Per Share and/or Disposal Value per Share Market Price per Share
= Exercise	before	X
Price	Adjustment	Number of (Outstanding + Newly Issued Shares)

Resolved by the 102nd General Shareholders Meeting on June 28, 2006

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 12

(As of June 30, 2010)

47⁽¹⁾

Common stock 1 unit is 100 shares

4,700

¥1 per share

From October 11, 2008 to October 10, 2013

Issue Price of Shares ¥1

Capital Inclusion Price ¥1,105

1. Each stock acquisition right may not be exercised partly.

2. The Optionee maintains the position of a director, executive officer or employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary, during the time between the grant of the stock acquisition rights and the commencement of the exercise period. The Optionee is deemed to maintain such a position as a director, executive officer or employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary even where the Optionee loses such a position as a result of the situations determined in terms of the options.

3. The Optionee, at the commencement of the exercise period, does not fall within either of the following cases:

a) The Company or the Company s Subsidiary has determined, in accordance with their Employment Regulations to dismiss the Optionee by warning or disciplinary procedures; or

b) There is any other reason similar to a).

Any assignment of stock acquisition rights shall be subject to approval by resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Number of Stock Acquisition Right

Number of Stock Acquisition Right for Treasury (out of above number)

Type of Share under the Stock Acquisition Right

Number of Shares under the Stock Acquisition Rights

The Amount to be Paid upon Exercising the Stock Acquisition Right

Exercise Period of the Stock Acquisition Right

Issue Price of Shares and Capital Inclusion Price if Shares are issued upon Exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights

Conditions to Exercise of Stock Acquisition Right

Restriction of Transfer of Stock Acquisition Rights

Substituted Payment

Issue of the Stock Acquisition Right Attendant on Reorganization

Resolved by the 102nd General Shareholders Meeting on June 28, 2006

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 13

Number of Stock Acquisition Right	7 ,118 ⁽¹⁾
Number of Stock Acquisition Right for Treasury (out of above number)	
Type of Share under the Stock Acquisition Right	Common stock
	1 unit is 100 shares
Number of Shares under the Stock Acquisition Rights	711,800
The Amount to be Paid upon Exercising the Stock Acquisition Right	¥1 per share
Exercise Period of the Stock Acquisition Right	From April 26, 2009 to April 25, 2014
Issue Price of Shares and Capital Inclusion Price if Shares are issued upon Exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights	Issue Price of Shares ¥1
	Capital Inclusion Price ¥1,165

Conditions to Exercise of Stock Acquisition Right 1. No Stock Acquisition Right may be exercised partially.

the options.

2. The Optionee maintains a position of as an Executive or Employee, of the Company or the Subsidiary during the period between the granting of the Stock Acquisition Right and the commencement of the Exercise Period. The Optionee is deemed to maintain such a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary even where the Optionee loses such position as a result of the situations determined in terms of

(As of June 30, 2010)

3. The Optionee, at the commencement of the exercise period, does not fall within either of the following cases:

a) The Company or the Company s Subsidiary has determined, in accordance with their Employment Regulations to dismiss the Optionee by warning or disciplinary procedures; or

b) There is any other reason similar to a).

Any assignment of stock acquisition rights shall be subject to approval by resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Restriction of Transfer of Stock Acquisition Rights

Substituted Payment

Issue of the Stock Acquisition Right Attendant on Reorganization

Resolved by the 102nd General Shareholders Meeting on June 28, 2006

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 14

Number of Stock Acquisition Right Number of Stock Acquisition Right for Treasury (out of above number) Type of Share under the Stock Acquisition Right 1 Number of Shares under the Stock Acquisition Rights The Amount to be Paid upon Exercising the Stock Acquisition Right Exercise Period of the Stock Acquisition Right Issue Price of Shares and Capital Inclusion Price if Shares are issued upon Exercise of the Stock Acquisition Right Conditions to Exercise of Stock Acquisition Right 1. No Stock Acquisition

(As of June 30, 2010)

7,553(1)

Common stock

1 unit is 100 shares

755,300

¥1 per share

From June 22, 2009 to June 21, 2014

Issue Price of Shares ¥1

Capital Inclusion Price ¥1,278

1. No Stock Acquisition Right may be exercised partially.

2. The Optionee maintains a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Subsidiary during the period between the granting of the Stock Acquisition Right and the commencement of the Exercise Period. The Optionee is deemed to maintain such a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary even where the Optionee loses such position as a result of the situations determined in terms of the options.

3. The Optionee, at the commencement of the exercise period, does not fall within either of the following cases:

a) The Company or the Company s Subsidiary has determined, in accordance with their Employment Regulations to dismiss the Optionee by warning or disciplinary procedures; or

b) There is any other reason similar to a).

Any assignment of stock acquisition rights shall be subject to approval by resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Restriction of Transfer of Stock Acquisition Rights

Issue of the Stock Acquisition Right Attendant on Reorganization

1. 100 shares will be issued per one stock acquisition right.

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 15

		(As of June 30, 2010)
Number of Stock Acquisition Right		1,130 ⁽¹⁾
Number of Stock Acquisition Right for Treasury (out of above number)		
Type of Share under the Stock Acquisition Right		Common stock
		1 unit is 100 shares
Number of Shares under the Stock Acquisition Rights		113,000
The Amount to be Paid upon Exercising the Stock Acquisition $\operatorname{Right}^{(2)}$		¥1,940 per share
Exercise Period of the Stock Acquisition Right		From August 2, 2009 to August 1, 2014
Issue Price of Shares and Capital Inclusion Price if Shares are issued upon Exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights		Issue Price of Shares ¥1,940
		Capital Inclusion Price ¥1,219
Conditions to Exercise of Stock Acquisition Right	1.	No Stock Acquisition Right may be exercised partially.

2. The Grantee maintains a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary during the period between the granting of the stock acquisition right and the exercise. The Grantee is deemed to maintain such a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary even where the Grantee loses such position as a result of the situations determined in terms of the options.

3. A Grantee does not fall within either of the following cases at the time of exercising the stock acquisition rights.

a) The Company or a Company s Subsidiary has determined, in accordance with their Employment Regulations to dismiss the Grantee by warning or disciplinary procedures; or

b) There is any other reason similar to a).

Any assignment of stock acquisition rights shall be subject to approval by resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Restriction of Transfer of Stock Acquisition Rights

Substituted Payment

Issue of the Stock Acquisition Right Attendant on Reorganization

- 1. 100 shares will be issued per one stock acquisition right.
- 2. In the event that the shares are split or consolidated, the Exercise Price shall be adjusted in accordance with the following formula, and any fractions less than one (1) yen shall be rounded up to the nearest yen.

Adjusted Exercise Price = Exercise Price before Adjustment x

1 Ratio of Split or Consolidation

In the event that the Company offers for subscription of the issuance of the new shares of common stock or the disposal of treasury shares of common stock of the Company at a paid-in amount below the market price of the common stock of the Company which is used in the adjustment formula for the Exercise Price (excluding Stock Acquisition Rights (including those attached to bonds with stock subscription rights) which is able to request for the delivery of the common shares of the Company and any other securities or the conversion, replacement or the exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights and any request for purchase of additional less-than-a-full-unit shares) or in the event of the shares with acquisition request right that the Company issues the common stock of the Company in exchange of its acquisition as prescribed at a compensation below the market price of the common stock of the Company which is used in the adjustment formula for the Exercise Price (including the grant without any consideration), or in the event that the Company issues the stock subscription rights) and any other securities or rights (including the grant without any consideration) at a compensation below the market price of the Company (including those attached to bonds with stock subscription rights) and any other securities or rights (including the grant without any consideration) at a compensation below the market price of the Company (including those attached to bonds with stock subscription rights) and any other securities or rights (including the grant without any consideration) at a compensation below the market price of the Company which is used in the adjustment formula for the Exercise Price, the Exercise Price shall be adjusted in accordance with the following formula, and any fraction of less than one (1) yen resulting from the adjustment shall be rounded up to the nearest yen.

Adjusted	Exercise Price	Number of Outstanding Shares + Treasury Shares Sold x Paid-in Amount Per Share Market Price per Share
Exercise =	before	
Price	Adjustment	Number of (Outstanding + Newly Issued Shares and/or Treasury Shares Sold)

Number of Stock Acquisition Right

Resolved by the 103rd General Shareholders Meeting on June 27, 2007

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 16

Number of Stock Acquisition Right for Treasury (out of above number) Type of Share under the Stock Acquisition Right Number of Shares under the Stock Acquisition Rights The Amount to be Paid upon Exercising the Stock Acquisition Right⁽²⁾ Exercise Period of the Stock Acquisition Right Issue Price of Shares and Capital Inclusion Price if Shares are issued upon Exercise of the Stock Acquisition Right Conditions to Exercise of Stock Acquisition Right 1. No Stock A (As of June 30, 2010) 18,710⁽¹⁾

Common stock

1 unit is 100 shares

1,871,000

¥1,940 per share

From August 2, 2009 to August 1, 2014

Issue Price of Shares ¥1,940

Capital Inclusion Price ¥1,219

. No Stock Acquisition Right may be exercised partially.

2. The Grantee maintains a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary during the period between the granting of the stock acquisition right and the exercise. The Grantee is deemed to maintain such a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary even where the Grantee loses such position as a result of the situations determined in terms of the options.

3. A Grantee does not fall within either of the following cases at the time of exercising the stock acquisition rights.

a) The Company or a Company s Subsidiary has determined, in accordance with their Employment Regulations to dismiss the Grantee by warning or disciplinary procedures; or

b) There is any other reason similar to a).

Any assignment of stock acquisition rights shall be subject to approval by resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Restriction of Transfer of Stock Acquisition Rights

Substituted Payment

Issue of the Stock Acquisition Right Attendant on Reorganization

- 1. 100 shares will be issued per one stock acquisition right.
- 2. In the event that the shares are split or consolidated, the Exercise Price shall be adjusted in accordance with the following formula, and any fractions less than one (1) yen shall be rounded up to the nearest yen.

Adjusted Exercise Price = Exercise Price before Adjustment x

1 Ratio of Split or Consolidation

In the event that the Company offers for subscription of the issuance of the new shares of common stock or the disposal of treasury shares of common stock of the Company at a paid-in amount below the market price of the common stock of the Company which is used in the adjustment formula for the Exercise Price (excluding Stock Acquisition Rights (including those attached to bonds with stock subscription rights) which is able to request for the delivery of the common shares of the Company and any other securities or the conversion, replacement or the exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights and any request for purchase of additional less-than-a-full-unit shares) or in the event of the shares with acquisition request right that the Company issues the common stock of the Company in exchange of its acquisition as prescribed at a compensation below the market price of the common stock of the Company which is used in the adjustment formula for the Exercise Price (including the grant without any consideration), or in the event that the Company issues the stock subscription rights) and any other securities or rights (including the grant without any consideration) at a compensation below the market price of the Company (including those attached to bonds with stock subscription rights) and any other securities or rights (including the grant without any consideration) at a compensation below the market price of the Company (including those attached to bonds with stock subscription rights) and any other securities or rights (including the grant without any consideration) at a compensation below the market price of the Company which is used in the adjustment formula for the Exercise Price, the Exercise Price shall be adjusted in accordance with the following formula, and any fraction of less than one (1) yen resulting from the adjustment shall be rounded up to the nearest yen.

Number of Newly I	ssued Shares and/or
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Adjusted	Exercise Price	Number of Outstanding Shares + Treasury Shares Sold x Paid-in Amount Per Share Market Price per Share
Exercise =	before	
Price	Adjustment	Number of (Outstanding + Newly Issued Shares and/or Treasury Shares Sold)

Resolved by the 103rd General Shareholders Meeting on June 27, 2007

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 17

5,395⁽¹⁾ Number of Stock Acquisition Right Number of Stock Acquisition Right for Treasury (out of above number) Type of Share under the Stock Acquisition Right Common stock 1 unit is 100 shares 539,500 Number of Shares under the Stock Acquisition Rights The Amount to be Paid upon Exercising the Stock Acquisition Right ¥1 per share From August 2, 2009 to August 1, 2014 Exercise Period of the Stock Acquisition Right Issue Price of Shares and Capital Inclusion Price if Shares are Issued Issue Price of Shares ¥1 upon Exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights Capital Inclusion Price ¥1,105 Conditions to Exercise of Stock Acquisition Right 1. No Stock Acquisition Right may be exercised partially. 2. The Grantee maintains a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary during the period between the granting of the stock acquisition right and the commencement of the exercise period. The Grantee is deemed to maintain such a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary even where the Grantee loses such position as a result of the situations determined in terms of the options. 3. A Grantee does not fall within either of the following cases at the commencement of the exercise period. The Company or a Company s Subsidiary has determined, in a) accordance with their Employment Regulations to dismiss the Grantee by warning or disciplinary procedures; or

b) There is any other reason similar to a).

Any assignment of stock acquisition rights shall be subject to approval by resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company.

(As of June 30, 2010)

Restriction of Transfer of Stock Acquisition Rights

Issue of the Stock Acquisition Right Attendant on Reorganization

Resolved by the 103rd General Shareholders Meeting on June 27, 2007

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 18

(As of June 30, 2010)

218⁽¹⁾

Common stock

1 unit is 100 shares

21,800

¥1 per share

From October 20, 2009 to October 19, 2014

Issue Price of Shares ¥1

Capital Inclusion Price ¥972

1. No Stock Acquisition Right may be exercised partially.

2. The Grantee maintains a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary during the period between the granting of the stock acquisition right and the commencement of the exercise period. The Grantee is deemed to maintain such a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary even where the Grantee loses such position as a result of the situations determined in terms of the options.

3. A Grantee does not fall within either of the following cases at the commencement of the exercise period.

a) The Company or a Company s Subsidiary has determined, in accordance with their Employment Regulations to dismiss the Grantee by warning or disciplinary procedures; or

b) There is any other reason similar to a).

Any assignment of stock acquisition rights shall be subject to approval by resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Number of Stock Acquisition Right

Number of Stock Acquisition Right for Treasury (out of above number)

Type of Share under the Stock Acquisition Right

Number of Shares under the Stock Acquisition Rights

The Amount to be Paid upon Exercising the Stock Acquisition Right

Exercise Period of the Stock Acquisition Right

Issue Price of Shares and Capital Inclusion Price if Shares are Issued upon Exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights

Conditions to Exercise of Stock Acquisition Right

Restriction of Transfer of Stock Acquisition Rights

Issue of the Stock Acquisition Right Attendant on Reorganization

Resolved by the 103rd General Shareholders Meeting on June 27, 2007

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 19

	(As of June 30, 2010)
Number of Stock Acquisition Right	17,758 ⁽¹⁾
Number of Stock Acquisition Right for Treasury (out of above number)	
Type of Share under the Stock Acquisition Right	Common stock
	1 unit is 100 shares
Number of Shares under the Stock Acquisition Rights	1,775,800
The Amount to be Paid upon Exercising the Stock Acquisition Right	¥1 per share
Exercise Period of the Stock Acquisition Right	From April 24, 2010 to April 23, 2015
Issue Price of Shares and Capital Inclusion Price if Shares are Issued upon Exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights	Issue Price of Shares ¥1
	Capital Inclusion Price ¥806
Conditions to Exercise of Stock Acquisition Right	1. No Stock Acquisition Right may be exercised partially.
	2. The Grantee maintains a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary during the period between the granting of the stock acquisition right and the commencement of the exercise period. The Grantee is deemed to maintain such a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary even where the Grantee loses such position as a result of the situations determined in terms of the options.
	3. A Grantee does not fall within either of the following cases at the commencement of the exercise period.
	a) The Company or a Company s Subsidiary has determined, in accordance with their Employment Regulations to dismiss the Grantee by warning or disciplinary procedures; or
Restriction of Transfer of Stock Acquisition Rights	 b) There is any other reason similar to a). Any assignment of stock acquisition rights shall be subject to approval by resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company.
Substituted Payment	

Issue of Stock Acquisition Right Attendant on Reorganization

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 20

	(As of June 30, 2010)
Number of Stock Acquisition Right	1,523 ⁽¹⁾
Number of Stock Acquisition Right for Treasury (out of above number)	
Type of Share under the Stock Acquisition Right	Common stock
	1 unit is 100 shares
Number of Shares under the Stock Acquisition Rights	152,300
The Amount to be Paid upon Exercising the Stock Acquisition Right	¥1 per share
Exercise Period of the Stock Acquisition Right	From June 24, 2010 to June 23, 2015
Issue Price of Shares and Capital Inclusion Price if Shares are Issued upon Exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights	Issue Price of Shares ¥1
	Capital Inclusion Price ¥819
Conditions to Exercise of Stock Acquisition Right	1. No Stock Acquisition Right may be exercised partially.
	2. The Grantee maintains a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary during the period between the granting of the stock acquisition right and the commencement of the exercise period. The Grantee is deemed to maintain such a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary even where the Grantee loses such position as a result of the situations determined in terms of the options.
	3. A Grantee does not fall within either of the following cases at the commencement of the exercise period.
	a) The Company or a Company s Subsidiary has determined, in accordance with their Employment Regulations to dismiss the Grantee by warning or disciplinary procedures; or
	b) There is any other reason similar to a).
Restriction of Transfer of Stock Acquisition Rights	Any assignment of stock acquisition rights shall be subject to approval by resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company.
Substituted Payment	
Issue of the Stock Acquisition Right Attendant on Reorganization	
1. 100 shares will be issued per one stock acquisition right.	

Resolved by the 103rd General Shareholders Meeting on June 27, 2007

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 21

6,954⁽¹⁾ Number of Stock Acquisition Right Number of Stock Acquisition Right for Treasury (out of above number) Type of Share under the Stock Acquisition Right Common stock 1 unit is 100 shares 695,400 Number of Shares under the Stock Acquisition Rights The Amount to be Paid upon Exercising the Stock Acquisition Right ¥1 per share From June 24, 2010 to June 23, 2015 Exercise Period of the Stock Acquisition Right Issue Price of Shares and Capital Inclusion Price if Shares are Issued Issue Price of Shares ¥1 upon Exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights Capital Inclusion Price ¥819 Conditions to Exercise of Stock Acquisition Right 1. No Stock Acquisition Right may be exercised partially. 2. The Grantee maintains a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary during the period between the granting of the stock acquisition right and the commencement of the exercise period. The Grantee is deemed to maintain such a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary even where the Grantee loses such position as a result of the situations determined in terms of the options. 3. A Grantee does not fall within either of the following cases at the commencement of the exercise period.

a) The Company or a Company s Subsidiary has determined, in accordance with their Employment Regulations to dismiss the Grantee by warning or disciplinary procedures; or

(As of June 30, 2010)

b) There is any other reason similar to a).

Any assignment of stock acquisition rights shall be subject to approval by resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Restriction of Transfer of Stock Acquisition Rights

Issue of the Stock Acquisition Right Attendant on Reorganization

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 22

(As of June 30, 2010) Number of Stock Acquisition Right $1.100^{(1)}$ Number of Stock Acquisition Right for Treasury (out of above number) Type of Share under the Stock Acquisition Right Common stock 1 unit is 100 shares Number of Shares under the Stock Acquisition Rights 110.000 The Amount to be Paid upon Exercising the Stock Acquisition Right⁽²⁾ ¥1,333 per share Exercise Period of the Stock Acquisition Right From August 6, 2010 to August 5, 2015 Issue Price of Shares ¥1,333 Issue Price of Shares and Capital Inclusion Price if Shares are Issued upon Exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights Capital Inclusion Price ¥808 Conditions to Exercise of Stock Acquisition Right No Stock Acquisition Right may be exercised partially. 1. 2. The Grantee maintains a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary during the period between the granting of the stock acquisition right and the exercise. The Grantee is deemed to maintain such a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary even where the Grantee loses such position as a result of the situations determined in terms of the options. 3. Grantee does not fall within either of the following cases at the time of exercising the stock acquisition right. The Company or a Company s Subsidiary has determined, in a) accordance with their Employment Regulations to dismiss the Grantee by warning or disciplinary procedures; or There is any other reason similar to a). b) Restriction of Transfer of Stock Acquisition Rights Any assignment of stock acquisition rights shall be subject to approval by resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company. Substituted Payment Issue of the Stock Acquisition Right Attendant on Reorganization

In the event that the shares are split or consolidated, the Exercise Price shall be adjusted in accordance with the following formula, and any fractions less than one (1) yen shall be rounded up to the nearest yen.

Adjusted Exercise Price = Exercise Price before Adjustment x

1 Ratio of Split or Consolidation

In the event that the Company offers for subscription of the issuance of the new shares of common stock or the disposal of treasury shares of common stock of the Company at a paid-in amount below the market price of the common stock of the Company which is used in the adjustment formula for the Exercise Price (excluding Stock Acquisition Rights (including those attached to bonds with stock subscription rights) which is able to request for the delivery of the common shares of the Company and any other securities or the conversion, replacement or the exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights and any request for purchase of additional less-than-a-full-unit shares) or in the event of the shares with acquisition request right that the Company issues the common stock of the Company in exchange of its acquisition as prescribed at a compensation below the market price of the common stock of the Company issues the stock acquisition right which is able to request for the delivery of the common stock of the Company which is used in the adjustment formula for the Exercise Price (including the grant without any consideration), or in the event that the Company issues the stock acquisition rights) and any other securities or rights (including the grant without any consideration) at a compensation below the market price of the Company (including those attached to bonds with stock subscription rights) and any other securities or rights (including the grant without any consideration) at a compensation below the market price of the common stock of the Company which is used in the adjustment formula for the Exercise Price, the Exercise Price shall be adjusted in accordance with the following formula, and any fraction of less than one (1) yen resulting from the adjustment shall be rounded up to the nearest yen.

Number of Newly Issued Shares and/or

Adjusted Exercise Price	+ Number of Outstanding Shares	Treasury Shares Sold x Paid-in Amount Per Share Market Price per Share
Exercise = before Adjustment		
Price	Number of (Outstanding + Newly	Issued Shares and/or Treasury Shares Sold)

Resolved by the 104th General Shareholders Meeting on June 26, 2008

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 23

Number of Stock Acquisition Right	19,550 ⁽¹⁾
Number of Stock Acquisition Right for Treasury (out of above number)	
Type of Share under the Stock Acquisition Right	Common stock
	1 unit is 100 shares
Number of Shares under the Stock Acquisition Rights	1,955,000
The Amount to be Paid upon Exercising the Stock Acquisition $\operatorname{Right}^{(2)}$	¥1,333 per share
Exercise Period of the Stock Acquisition Right	From August 6, 2010 to August 5, 2015
Issue Price of Shares and Capital Inclusion Price if Shares are Issued upon Exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights	Issue Price of Shares ¥1,333
	Capital Inclusion Price ¥808
Conditions to Exercise of Stock Acquisition Right	1. No Stock Acquisition Right may be exercised partially.

2. The Grantee maintains a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary during the period between the granting of the stock acquisition right and the exercise. The Grantee is deemed to maintain such a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary even where the Grantee loses such position as a result of the situations determined in terms of the options.

(As of June 30, 2010)

3. A Grantee does not fall within either of the following cases at the time of exercising the stock acquisition right.

a) The Company or a Company s Subsidiary has determined, in accordance with their Employment Regulations to dismiss the Grantee by warning or disciplinary procedures; or

b) There is any other reason similar to a).

Any assignment of stock acquisition rights shall be subject to approval by resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Restriction of Transfer of Stock Acquisition Rights

Substituted Payment

Issue of the Stock Acquisition Right Attendant on Reorganization

- 1. 100 shares will be issued per one stock acquisition right.
- 2. In the event that the shares are split or consolidated, the Exercise Price shall be adjusted in accordance with the following formula, and any fractions less than one (1) yen shall be rounded up to the nearest yen.

Adjusted Exercise Price = Exercise Price before Adjustment x

1 Ratio of Split or Consolidation

In the event that the Company offers for subscription of the issuance of the new shares of common stock or the disposal of treasury shares of common stock of the Company at a paid-in amount below the market price of the common stock of the Company which is used in the adjustment formula for the Exercise Price (excluding Stock Acquisition Rights (including those attached to bonds with stock subscription rights) which is able to request for the delivery of the common shares of the Company and any other securities or the conversion, replacement or the exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights and any request for purchase of additional less-than-a-full-unit shares) or in the event of the shares with acquisition request right that the Company issues the common stock of the Company in exchange of its acquisition as prescribed at a compensation below the market price of the common stock of the Company which is used in the adjustment formula for the Exercise Price (including the grant without any consideration), or in the event that the Company issues the stock subscription rights) and any other securities or rights (including the grant without any consideration) at a compensation below the market price of the Company (including those attached to bonds with stock subscription rights) and any other securities or rights (including the grant without any consideration) at a compensation below the market price of the Company (including those attached to bonds with stock subscription rights) and any other securities or rights (including the grant without any consideration) at a compensation below the market price of the Company which is used in the adjustment formula for the Exercise Price, the Exercise Price shall be adjusted in accordance with the following formula, and any fraction of less than one (1) yen resulting from the adjustment shall be rounded up to the nearest yen.

Number of Newly Issued Shares and/or

Adjusted		Exercise Price		Number of Outstanding Shares	+	Treasury Shares Sold x Paid-in Amount Per Share Market Price per Share
Exercise	=	before	x			
Price		Adjustment		Number of (Outstanding + Newl	y Iss	sued Shares and/or Treasury Shares Sold)

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 24

		(As of June 30, 2010)	
Number of Stock Acquisition Right		60 ⁽¹⁾	
Number of Stock Acquisition Right for Treasury (out of above number)			
Type of Share under the Stock Acquisition Right		Common stock	
		1 unit is 100 shares	
Number of Shares under the Stock Acquisition Rights		6,000	
The Amount to be Paid upon Exercising the Stock Acquisition Right		¥1 per share	
Exercise Period of the Stock Acquisition Right		From August 6, 2010 to August 5, 2015	
Issue Price of Shares and Capital Inclusion Price if Shares are Issued upon Exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights		Issue Price of Shares ¥1	
		Capital Inclusion Price ¥747	
Conditions to Exercise of Stock Acquisition Right	1.	No Stock Acquisition Right may be exercised partially.	

2. The Grantee maintains an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary during the period between the granting of the stock acquisition right and the commencement of the exercise period. The Grantee is deemed to maintain such a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary even where the Grantee loses such position as a result of the situations determined in terms of the options.

3. A Grantee does not fall within either of the following cases at the commencement of the exercise period.

a) The Company or a Company s Subsidiary has determined, in accordance with their Employment Regulations to dismiss the Grantee by warning or disciplinary procedures; or

b) There is any other reason similar to a).

Any assignment of stock acquisition rights shall be subject to approval by resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Restriction of Transfer of Stock Acquisition Rights

Substituted Payment

Issue of the Stock Acquisition Right Attendant on Reorganization

Resolved by the 104th General Shareholders Meeting on June 26, 2008

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 25

Number of Stock Acquisition Right

Number of Stock Acquisition Right for Treasury (out of above number)

Type of Share under the Stock Acquisition Right

Number of Shares under the Stock Acquisition Rights

The Amount to be Paid upon Exercising the Stock Acquisition Right

Exercise Period of the Stock Acquisition Right

Issue Price of Shares and Capital Inclusion Price if Shares are Issued upon Exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights

Conditions to Exercise of Stock Acquisition Right

(As of June 30, 2010)

30⁽¹⁾

Common stock

1 unit is 100 shares

3,000

¥1 per share

From August 6, 2010 to August 5, 2015

Issue Price of Shares ¥1

Capital Inclusion Price ¥747

1. No Stock Acquisition Right may be exercised partially.

2. The Grantee maintains a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary during the period between the granting of the stock acquisition right and the commencement of the exercise period. The Grantee is deemed to maintain such a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary even where the Grantee loses such position as a result of the situations determined in terms of the options.

3. A Grantee does not fall within either of the following cases at the commencement of the exercise period.

a) The Company or a Company s Subsidiary has determined, in accordance with their Employment Regulations to dismiss the Grantee by warning or disciplinary procedures; or

b) There is any other reason similar to a).

Any assignment of stock acquisition rights shall be subject to approval by resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Restriction of Transfer of Stock Acquisition Rights

Substituted Payment

Issue of the Stock Acquisition Right Attendant on Reorganization

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 26

Number of Stock Acquisition Right 156⁽¹⁾ Number of Stock Acquisition Right for Treasury (out of above number) Type of Share under the Stock Acquisition Right Common stock 1 unit is 100 shares 15,600 Number of Shares under the Stock Acquisition Rights The Amount to be Paid upon Exercising the Stock Acquisition Right ¥1 per share From November 11, 2010 to November 10, 2015 Exercise Period of the Stock Acquisition Right Issue Price of Shares and Capital Inclusion Price if Shares are Issued Issue Price of Shares ¥1 upon Exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights Capital Inclusion Price ¥488 Conditions to Exercise of Stock Acquisition Right No Stock Acquisition Right may be exercised partially. 1.

2. The Grantee maintains a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary during the period between the granting of the stock acquisition right and the commencement of the exercise period. The Grantee is deemed to maintain such a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary even where the Grantee loses such position as a result of the situations determined in terms of the options.

(As of June 30, 2010)

3. A Grantee does not fall within either of the following cases at the commencement of the exercise period.

a) The Company or a Company s Subsidiary has determined, in accordance with their Employment Regulations to dismiss the Grantee by warning or disciplinary procedures; or

b) There is any other reason similar to a).

Any assignment of stock acquisition rights shall be subject to approval by resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Restriction of Transfer of Stock Acquisition Rights

Substituted Payment

Issue of the Stock Acquisition Right Attendant on Reorganization

Resolved by the 104th General Shareholders Meeting on June 26, 2008

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 27

(As of June 30, 2010)

6,759⁽¹⁾

Common stock

1 unit is 100 shares

675,900

¥1 per share

From November 11, 2010 to November 10, 2015

Issue Price of Shares ¥1

Capital Inclusion Price ¥488

1. No Stock Acquisition Right may be exercised partially.

2. The Grantee maintains a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary during the period between the granting of the stock acquisition right and the commencement of the exercise period. The Grantee is deemed to maintain such a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary even where the Grantee loses such position as a result of the situations determined in terms of the options.

3. A Grantee does not fall within either of the following cases at the commencement of the exercise period.

a) The Company or a Company s Subsidiary has determined, in accordance with their Employment Regulations to dismiss the Grantee by warning or disciplinary procedures; or

b) There is any other reason similar to a).

Any assignment of stock acquisition rights shall be subject to approval by resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Number of Stock Acquisition Right

Number of Stock Acquisition Right for Treasury (out of above number)

Type of Share under the Stock Acquisition Right

Number of Shares under the Stock Acquisition Rights

The Amount to be Paid upon Exercising the Stock Acquisition Right

Exercise Period of the Stock Acquisition Right

Issue Price of Shares and Capital Inclusion Price if Shares are Issued upon Exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights

Conditions to Exercise of Stock Acquisition Right

Restriction of Transfer of Stock Acquisition Rights

Substituted Payment

Issue of the Stock Acquisition Right Attendant on Reorganization

Resolved by the 104th General Shareholders Meeting on June 26, 2008

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 28

Number of Stock Acquisition Right	80,238 ⁽¹⁾
Number of Stock Acquisition Right for Treasury (out of above number)	
Type of Share under the Stock Acquisition Right	Common stock
	1 unit is 100 shares
Number of Shares under the Stock Acquisition Rights	8,023,800
The Amount to be Paid upon Exercising the Stock Acquisition Right	¥1 per share
Exercise Period of the Stock Acquisition Right	From May 1, 2011 to April 30, 2016
Issue Price of Shares and Capital Inclusion Price if Shares are Issued upon Exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights	Issue Price of Shares ¥1
	Capital Inclusion Price ¥295
Conditions to Exercise of Stock Acquisition Right	1. No Stock Acquisition Right may be exercised partially.

2. The Grantee maintains a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary during the period between the granting of the stock acquisition right and the commencement of the exercise period. The Grantee is deemed to maintain such a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary even where the Grantee loses such position as a result of the situations determined in terms of the options.

(As of June 30, 2010)

3. A Grantee does not fall within either of the following cases at the commencement of the exercise period.

a) The Company or a Company s Subsidiary has determined, in accordance with their Employment Regulations to dismiss the Grantee by warning or disciplinary procedures; or

b) There is any other reason similar to a).

Any assignment of stock acquisition rights shall be subject to approval by resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Restriction of Transfer of Stock Acquisition Rights

Substituted Payment

Issue of the Stock Acquisition Right Attendant on Reorganization

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 29

		(As of June 30, 2010)
Number of Stock Acquisition Right		4 ,8 11 ⁽¹⁾
Number of Stock Acquisition Right for Treasury (out of above number)		
Type of Share under the Stock Acquisition Right		Common stock
		1 unit is 100 shares
Number of Shares under the Stock Acquisition Rights		481,100
The Amount to be Paid upon Exercising the Stock Acquisition Right		¥1 per share
Exercise Period of the Stock Acquisition Right		From June 17, 2011 to June 16, 2016
Issue Price of Shares and Capital Inclusion Price if Shares are Issued upon Exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights		Issue Price of Shares ¥1
		Capital Inclusion Price ¥409
Conditions to Exercise of Stock Acquisition Right	1.	No Stock Acquisition Right may be exercised partially.

2. The Grantee maintains a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary during the period between the granting of the stock acquisition right and the commencement of the exercise period. The Grantee is deemed to maintain such a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary even where the Grantee loses such position as a result of the situations determined in terms of the options.

3. A Grantee does not fall within either of the following cases at the commencement of the exercise period.

a) The Company or a Company s Subsidiary has determined, in accordance with their Employment Regulations to dismiss the Grantee by warning or disciplinary procedures; or

b) There is any other reason similar to a).

Any assignment of stock acquisition rights shall be subject to approval by resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Restriction of Transfer of Stock Acquisition Rights

Substituted Payment

Issue of the Stock Acquisition Right Attendant on Reorganization

Resolved by the 104th General Shareholders Meeting on June 26, 2008

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 30

Number of Stock Acquisition Right

Number of Stock Acquisition Right for Treasury (out of above number)

Type of Share under the Stock Acquisition Right

Number of Shares under the Stock Acquisition Rights

The Amount to be Paid upon Exercising the Stock Acquisition Right

Exercise Period of the Stock Acquisition Right

Issue Price of Shares and Capital Inclusion Price if Shares are Issued upon Exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights

Conditions to Exercise of Stock Acquisition Right

(As of June 30, 2010)

11,354⁽¹⁾

Common stock

1 unit is 100 shares

1,135,400

¥1 per share

From June 17, 2011 to June 16, 2016

Issue Price of Shares ¥1

Capital Inclusion Price ¥409

1. No Stock Acquisition Right may be exercised partially.

2. The Grantee maintains a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary during the period between the granting of the stock acquisition right and the commencement of the exercise period. The Grantee is deemed to maintain such a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary even where the Grantee loses such position as a result of the situations determined in terms of the options.

3. A Grantee does not fall within either of the following cases at the commencement of the exercise period.

a) The Company or a Company s Subsidiary has determined, in accordance with their Employment Regulations to dismiss the Grantee by warning or disciplinary procedures; or

b) There is any other reason similar to a).

Any assignment of stock acquisition rights shall be subject to approval by resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Restriction of Transfer of Stock Acquisition Rights

Substituted Payment

Issue of the Stock Acquisition Right Attendant on Reorganization

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 31

Number of Stock Acquisition Right

Number of Stock Acquisition Right for Treasury (out of above number)

Type of Share under the Stock Acquisition Right

Number of Shares under the Stock Acquisition Rights

The Amount to be Paid upon Exercising the Stock Acquisition Right⁽²⁾

Exercise Period of the Stock Acquisition Right

Issue Price of Shares and Capital Inclusion Price if Shares are Issued upon Exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights

Conditions to Exercise of Stock Acquisition Right

1,760⁽¹⁾ Common stock

(As of June 30, 2010)

1 unit is 100 shares 176,000 ¥757 per share From August 6, 2011 to August 5, 2016 Issue Price of Shares ¥757

Capital Inclusion Price ¥465

1. No Stock Acquisition Right may be exercised partially.

2. The Grantee maintains a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary during the period between the granting of the stock acquisition right and the exercise. The Grantee is deemed to maintain such a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary even where the Grantee loses such position as a result of the situations determined in terms of the options.

3. A Grantee does not fall within either of the following cases at the time of exercising the stock acquisition right.

a) The Company or a Company s Subsidiary has determined, in accordance with their Employment Regulations to dismiss the Grantee by warning or disciplinary procedures; or

b) There is any other reason similar to a).

Any assignment of stock acquisition rights shall be subject to approval by resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Restriction of Transfer of Stock Acquisition Rights

Substituted Payment

Issue of the Stock Acquisition Right Attendant on Reorganization

100 shares will be issued per one stock acquisition right.
 2.

In the event that the shares are split or consolidated, the Exercise Price shall be adjusted in accordance with the following formula, and any fractions less than one (1) yen shall be rounded up to the nearest yen.

Adjusted Exercise Price = Exercise Price before Adjustment x

1 Ratio of Split or Consolidation

In the event that the Company offers for subscription of the issuance of the new shares of common stock or the disposal of treasury shares of common stock of the Company at a paid-in amount below the market price of the common stock of the Company which is used in the adjustment formula for the Exercise Price (excluding Stock Acquisition Rights (including those attached to bonds with stock subscription rights) which is able to request for the delivery of the common shares of the Company and any other securities or the conversion, replacement or the exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights and any request for purchase of additional less-than-a-full-unit shares) or in the event of the shares with acquisition request right that the Company issues the common stock of the Company in exchange of its acquisition as prescribed at a compensation below the market price of the common stock of the Company which is used in the adjustment formula for the Exercise Price (including the grant without any consideration), or in the event that the Company issues the stock subscription rights) and any other securities or rights (including the grant without any consideration) at a compensation below the market price of the Company (including those attached to bonds with stock subscription rights) and any other securities or rights (including the grant without any consideration) at a compensation below the market price of the Company (including those attached to bonds with stock subscription rights) and any other securities or rights (including the grant without any consideration) at a compensation below the market price of the Company which is used in the adjustment formula for the Exercise Price, the Exercise Price shall be adjusted in accordance with the following formula, and any fraction of less than one (1) yen resulting from the adjustment shall be rounded up to the nearest yen.

Number of Newly Issued Shares and/or

Adjusted	Exercise Price	Number of Outstanding Shares + Treasury Shares Sold x Paid-in Amount Per Share Market Price per Share
= Exercise	x before	L. L
Price	Adjustment	Number of (Outstanding + Newly Issued Shares and/or Treasury Shares Sold)

Resolved by the 105th General Shareholders Meeting on June 25, 2009

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 32

	(As of June 30, 2010)
Number of Stock Acquisition Right	23,955 ⁽¹⁾
Number of Stock Acquisition Right for Treasury (out of above number)	
Type of Share under the Stock Acquisition Right	Common stock
	1 unit is 100 shares
Number of Shares under the Stock Acquisition Rights	2,395,500
The Amount to be Paid upon Exercising the Stock Acquisition $Right^{(2)}$	¥757 per share
Exercise Period of the Stock Acquisition Right	From August 6, 2011 to August 5, 2016
Issue Price of Shares and Capital Inclusion Price if Shares are Issued upon Exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights	Issue Price of Shares ¥757
	Capital Inclusion Price ¥465
Conditions to Exercise of Stock Acquisition Right	1. No Stock Acquisition Right may be exercised partially.
	2. The Grantee maintains a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary during the period between the granting of the stock acquisition right and the exercise. The Grantee is deemed to maintain such a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary even where the Grantee loses such position as a result of the situations determined in terms of the options.
	3. A Grantee does not fall within either of the following cases at the time of exercising the stock acquisition right.
	a) The Company or a Company s Subsidiary has determined, in accordance with their Employment Regulations to dismiss the Grantee by warning or disciplinary procedures; or
	b) There is any other reason similar to a).
Restriction of Transfer of Stock Acquisition Rights	Any assignment of stock acquisition rights shall be subject to approval by resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company.
Substituted Payment	

Issue of the Stock Acquisition Right Attendant on Reorganization

- 1. 100 shares will be issued per one stock acquisition right.
- 2. In the event that the shares are split or consolidated, the Exercise Price shall be adjusted in accordance with the following formula, and any fractions less than one (1) yen shall be rounded up to the nearest yen.

Adjusted Exercise Price = Exercise Price before Adjustment x

1 Ratio of Split or Consolidation

In the event that the Company offers for subscription of the issuance of the new shares of common stock or the disposal of treasury shares of common stock of the Company at a paid-in amount below the market price of the common stock of the Company which is used in the adjustment formula for the Exercise Price (excluding Stock Acquisition Rights (including those attached to bonds with stock subscription rights) which is able to request for the delivery of the common shares of the Company and any other securities or the conversion, replacement or the exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights and any request for purchase of additional less-than-a-full-unit shares) or in the event of the shares with acquisition request right that the Company issues the common stock of the Company in exchange of its acquisition as prescribed at a compensation below the market price of the common stock of the Company issues the stock acquisition right which is able to request for the delivery of the common stock of the Company which is used in the adjustment formula for the Exercise Price (including the grant without any consideration), or in the event that the Company issues the stock acquisition rights) and any other securities or rights (including the grant without any consideration) at a compensation below the market price of the Company (including those attached to bonds with stock subscription rights) and any other securities or rights (including the grant without any consideration) at a compensation below the market price of the common stock of the Company which is used in the adjustment formula for the Exercise Price, the Exercise Price shall be adjusted in accordance with the following formula, and any fraction of less than one (1) yen resulting from the adjustment shall be rounded up to the nearest yen.

Number of Newly Issued Shares and/or

				Number of Outstanding Shares	+	Treasury Shares Sold x Paid-in Amount Per Share
Adjusted Exercise Price	=	Exercise Price before Adjustment	x			Market Price per Share
		0		Number of (Outstanding + Newl	v Iss	ued Shares and/or Treasury Shares Sold)

Resolved by the 105th General Shareholders Meeting on June 25, 2009

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 33

(As of June 30, 2010)

5,884 (1)

Common stock

1 unit is 100 shares

588,400

¥1 per share

From November 26, 2011 to November 25, 2016

Issue Price of Shares ¥1

Capital Inclusion Price ¥297

1. No Stock Acquisition Right may be exercised partially.

2. The Grantee maintains a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary during the period between the granting of the stock acquisition right and the commencement of the exercise period. The Grantee is deemed to maintain such a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary even where the Grantee loses such position as a result of the situations determined in terms of the options.

3. A Grantee does not fall within either of the following cases at the commencement of the exercise period.

a) The Company or a Company s Subsidiary has determined, in accordance with their Employment Regulations to dismiss the Grantee by warning or disciplinary procedures; or

b) There is any other reason similar to a).

Any assignment of stock acquisition rights shall be subject to approval by resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Number of Stock Acquisition Right

Number of Stock Acquisition Right for Treasury (out of above number)

Type of Share under the Stock Acquisition Right

Number of Shares under the Stock Acquisition Rights

The Amount to be Paid upon Exercising the Stock Acquisition Right

Exercise Period of the Stock Acquisition Right

Issue Price of Shares and Capital Inclusion Price if Shares are Issued upon Exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights

Conditions to Exercise of Stock Acquisition Right

Restriction of Transfer of Stock Acquisition Rights

Substituted Payment

Issue of the Stock Acquisition Right Attendant on Reorganization

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 34

(As of June 30, 2010) Number of Stock Acquisition Right 22.086⁽¹⁾ Number of Stock Acquisition Right for Treasury (out of above number) Type of Share under the Stock Acquisition Right Common stock 1 unit is 100 shares Number of Shares under the Stock Acquisition Rights 2,208,600 The Amount to be Paid upon Exercising the Stock Acquisition Right ¥1 per share Exercise Period of the Stock Acquisition Right From May 19, 2012 to May 18, 2017 Issue Price of Shares ¥1 Issue Price of Shares and Capital Inclusion Price if Shares are Issued upon Exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights Capital Inclusion Price ¥293 Conditions to Exercise of Stock Acquisition Right No Stock Acquisition Right may be exercised partially. 1. 2. The Grantee maintains a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary during the period between the granting of the stock acquisition rights and the commencement of the exercise period. The Grantee is deemed to maintain such a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary even where the Grantee loses such position as a result of the situations determined in terms of the options. A Grantee does not fall within either of the following cases at 3. the time of the exercising the stock acquisition right. The Company or a Company s Subsidiary has determined, in a) accordance with their Employment Regulations to dismiss the Grantee by warning or disciplinary procedures; or There is any other reason similar to a). b) Restriction of Transfer of Stock Acquisition Rights Any assignment of stock acquisition rights shall be subject to approval by resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company. Substituted Payment Issue of the Stock Acquisition Right Attendant on Reorganization

Resolved by the 105th General Shareholders Meeting on June 25, 2009

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 35

Number of Stock Acquisition Right

Number of Stock Acquisition Right for Treasury (out of above number)

Type of Share under the Stock Acquisition Right

Number of Shares under the Stock Acquisition Rights

The Amount to be Paid upon Exercising the Stock Acquisition Right

Exercise Period of the Stock Acquisition Right

Issue Price of Shares and Capital Inclusion Price if Shares are Issued upon Exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights

Conditions to Exercise of Stock Acquisition Right

(As of June 30, 2010)

85,056⁽¹⁾

Common stock

1 unit is 100 shares

8,505,600

¥1 per share

From May 19, 2012 to May 18, 2017

Issue Price of Shares ¥1

Capital Inclusion Price ¥293

1. No Stock Acquisition Right may be exercised partially.

2. The Grantee maintains a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary during the period between the granting of the stock acquisition rights and the commencement of the exercise period.

The Grantee is deemed to maintain such a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary even where the Grantee loses such position as a result of the situations determined in terms of the options.

3. A Grantee does not fall within either of the following cases at the time of the exercising the stock acquisition right.

a) The Company or a Company s Subsidiary has determined, in accordance with their Employment Regulations to dismiss the Grantee by warning or disciplinary procedures; or

b) There is any other reason similar to a).

Any assignment of stock acquisition rights shall be subject to approval by resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Restriction of Transfer of Stock Acquisition Rights

Substituted Payment

Issue of the Stock Acquisition Right Attendant on Reorganization

Resolved by the 105th General Shareholders Meeting on June 25, 2009

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 36

Number of Stock Acquisition Right	28,780 ⁽¹⁾
Number of Stock Acquisition Right for Treasury (out of above number)	
Type of Share under the Stock Acquisition Right	Common stock
	1 unit is 100 shares
Number of Shares under the Stock Acquisition Rights	2,878,000
The Amount to be Paid upon Exercising the Stock Acquisition Right	¥1 per share
Exercise Period of the Stock Acquisition Right	From May 19, 2013 to May 18, 2017
Issue Price of Shares and Capital Inclusion Price if Shares are Issued upon Exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights	Issue Price of Shares ¥1
	Capital Inclusion Price ¥293
Conditions to Exercise of Stock Acquisition Right	1. No Stock Acquisition Right may be exercised partially.

2. The Grantee maintains a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary during the period between the granting of the stock acquisition rights and the commencement of the exercise period.

(As of June 30, 2010)

The Grantee is deemed to maintain such a position as an Executive or Employee of the Company or the Company s Subsidiary even where the Grantee loses such position as a result of the situations determined in terms of the options.

3. A Grantee does not fall within either of the following cases at the time of the exercising the stock acquisition right.

a) The Company or a Company s Subsidiary has determined, in accordance with their Employment Regulations to dismiss the Grantee by warning or disciplinary procedures; or

b) There is any other reason similar to a).

Any assignment of stock acquisition rights shall be subject to approval by resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Restriction of Transfer of Stock Acquisition Rights

Substituted Payment

Issue of the Stock Acquisition Right Attendant on Reorganization

1. 100 shares will be issued per one stock acquisition right.

(3) Exercise of moving strike bonds with subscription warrant

None

(4) Rights plan

None

(5) Changes in Issued Shares, Shareholders Equity, etc.

	Increase/Decrease of	Total	Increase/Decrease of Shareholders Equity	Shareholders Equity	Increase/Decrease of Additional paid-in capital	Additional paid-in capital
Date	Issued Shares	Issued Shares	(Millions of yen)	(Millions of yen)	(Millions of yen)	(Millions of yen)
June 30, 2010		3,719,133,241		594,493		524,197

(6) Major Shareholders

As the Company did not receive any copy of the Major Shareholdings Report during the current period, the Company is unaware of any change in the existing major shareholders.

The following table shows our major shareholders as of June 30, 2010.

		As of Jur	ne 30, 2010
Name	Address	Shares Held (thousand shares)	Percentage of Issued Shares (%)
Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Account)	1-8-11, Harumi, Chuo-Ku, Tokyo, Japan	186,461	5.01
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account)	2-11-3, Hamamatsu-cho, Minato-Ku, Tokyo, Japan	153,890	4.14
State Street Bank and Trust Company	Boston, Massachusetts, U.S.A.	86,676	2.33
JP Morgan Chase Bank 380055	270 Park Avenue, New York, New York, U.S.A.	84,773	2.28
The Bank of New York Mellon as Depository Bank			
for Depository Receipt Holders	101 Barclays Street, New York, New York, U.S.A.	65,838	1.77
The Chase Manhattan Bank N.A. London S.L.			
Omnibus Account	Woolgate House, Coleman Street, London, England	57,103	1.54
OD 05 Omnibus China Treaty 808150	338 Pit Street, Sydney, New South Wealth, Australia	54,304	1.46
Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd (Trust Account 9)	1-8-11, Harumi, Chuo-Ku, Tokyo, Japan	45,670	1.23
State Street Bank and Trust Company 505225	Boston, Massachusetts, U.S.A.	34,986	0.94
The Bank of New York JASDEC Treaty Account	35 Des Arts Avenue, Brussels, Belgium	34,384	0.92
Total		804,085	21.62

The Company has 44,269 thousand shares of treasury stock as of June 30, 2010 which is not included in the Major Shareholders list above.

(7) Voting Rights

A. Outstanding Shares

	As Number of Shares	of June 30, 2010 Number of Votes	Description
Stock without voting right			Description
Stock with limited voting right (Treasury stocks, etc.)			
Stock with limited voting right (Others)			
Stock with full voting right (Treasury stocks, etc.)	(Treasury Stocks)		
	Common stock 44,268,600		
	(Crossholding Stocks)		
	Common stock 1,000,000		
Stock with full voting right (Others)	Common stock 3,671,933,200	36,719,332	
Shares less than 1 unit	Common stock 1,931,441		Shares less than 1 unit
			(100 shares)
			(100 shares)
Total Shares Issued	3,719,133,241		
10141 5114105 155000	5,/19,155,241		
Vetine Diebte of Tetal Change alder		26 710 222	
Voting Rights of Total Shareholders		36,719,332	

2,000 shares held by Japan Securities Depository Center, Inc. are included in Stock with full voting right (Others). 99 treasury stocks are included in Shares less than 1 unit.

B. Treasury Stocks

		As of June 30, 2010			
Name	Address	Directly held shares	Indirectly held shares	Total	Percentage of Issued Shares (%)
(Treasury Stocks)					
Nomura Holdings, Inc.	1-9-1, Nihonbashi, Chuo-Ku, Tokyo, Japan	44,268,600		44,268,600	1.19
(Crossholding Stocks) Nomura Research Institute, Ltd.	1.6.5 Magunaushi Chiyada Ku				
Nomura Research Institute, Ltd.	1-6-5, Marunouchi, Chiyoda-Ku, Tokyo, Japan	1,000,000		1,000,000	0.03
Total		45,268,600		45,268,600	1.22

2. Share Price History

Monthly Highs and Lows in the quarter

Month	April, 2010	May, 2010	June, 2010
High (Yen)	717	641	572
Low (Yen)	647	544	482

Prices on the First Section of Tokyo Stock Exchange.

Item 5. Financial Information

- 1 Preparation Method of Consolidated Financial Statements
 - (1) Pursuant to the Supplementary Provision Section 6-2 of Cabinet Office Order to Amend Certain Provisions of Regulations Concerning the Terminology, Forms and Preparation Methods of Consolidated Financial Statements (Cabinet Office Ordinance No. 73, 2009) and Section 93 of Regulations Concerning the Terminology, Forms and Preparation Methods of Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements (Cabinet Office Ordinance No. 64, 2007) prior to its amendment, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles, procedures, and disclosures which are required in order to issue American Depositary Shares, i.e., the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
 - (2) The consolidated financial statements have been prepared by making necessary adjustments to the financial statements of each consolidated company which were prepared in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in each country. Such adjustments have been made to comply with the principles noted in (1) above.
- 2 Quarterly Review Certificate

Under articles No.193-2 Section 1 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act, Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC performed quarterly reviews of the consolidated financial statements for the three-month period ended June 30, 2009 and for the three-month period ended June 30, 2010.

1. Consolidated Financial Statements

(1) Consolidated Balance Sheets (UNAUDITED)

	Notes	Million June 30, 2010	s of yen March 31, 2010
ASSETS	110000	2010	2010
Cash and cash deposits:			
Cash and cash equivalents		¥ 665,074	¥ 1,020,647
Time deposits		194,764	196,909
Deposits with stock exchanges and other segregated cash		188,116	134,688
Cash and cash deposits, Total		1,047,954	1,352,244
Loans and receivables:			
Loans receivable (including ¥611,352 million and ¥692,232 million measured at fair value by			
applying fair value option as of June 30, 2010 and March 31, 2010)	*3	1,226,391	1,310,375
Receivables from customers		40,334	59,141
Receivables from other than customers		709,759	707,623
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(4,641)	(5,425)
Loans and receivables, Total		1,971,843	2,071,714
Collateralized agreements:			
Securities purchased under agreements to resell		7,153,342	7,073,926
Securities borrowed		5,609,120	5,393,287
Collateralized agreements, Total		12,762,462	12,467,213
Trading assets and private equity investments:			
Trading assets (including securities pledged as collateral of ¥4,192,550 million as of June 30, 2010 and ¥3,921,863 million as of March 31, 2010; including ¥18,147 million and ¥18,546 million			
measured at fair value by applying fair value option as of June 30, 2010 and March 31, 2010)	*3,4	16,091,408	14,374,028
Private equity investments (including ¥62,520 million and ¥61,918 million measured at fair value by	5, 4	10,091,400	14,574,020
applying fair value option as of June 30, 2010 and March 31, 2010)	*3	310,776	326,254
Trading assets and private equity investments, Total		16,402,184	14,700,282
Other assets:			
Office buildings, land, equipment and facilities (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of			
\$287,744 million as of June 30, 2010 and $$273,616$ million as of March 31, 2010)		399,693	357.194
Non-trading debt securities	*3	399,093	308,814
Investments in equity securities	*3	110,718	122,948
Investments in equity securities	. 3	248,324	251,273
Other	*3, 8	604,771	598,746
Other assets Total		1 750 657	1 629 075
Other assets, Total		1,750,657	1,638,975
Total assets		¥ 33,935,100	¥ 32,230,428

(1) Consolidated Balance Sheets (Continued) (UNAUDITED)

	Notes	Million June 30, 2010	s of yen March 31, 2010
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Short-term borrowings (including ¥115,580 million and ¥103,975 million measured at fair value by applying fair value option as of June 30, 2010 and March 31, 2010)	*3	¥ 1,821,613	¥ 1,301,664
Payables and deposits:		460 706	705 202
Payables to customers		469,786	705,302
Payables to other than customers		399,442	374,522
Deposits received at banks		592,376	448,595
Payables and deposits, Total		1,461,604	1,528,419
Collateralized financing:			
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase		9,367,381	8,078,020
Securities loaned		1,725,668	1,815,981
Other secured borrowings		1,196,705	1,322,480
Collateralized financing, Total		12,289,754	11,216,481
Trading liabilities	*3,4	8,143,142	8,356,806
Other liabilities	*3, 8	354,022	494,983
Long-term borrowings (including ¥2,083,097 million and ¥1,839,251 million measured at fair value	5,0	554,022	+7+,705
by applying fair value option as of June 30, 2010 and March 31, 2010)	*3	7,753,067	7,199,061
Total liabilities		31,823,202	30,097,414
Commitments and contingencies	*12		
Equity			
Nomura Holdings, Inc. (NHI) shareholders equity: Common stock			
No par value share;			
Authorized 6,000,000,000 shares as of June 30, 2010 and March 31, 2010			
Issued 3,719,133,241 shares as of June 30, 2010 and March 31, 2010			
Outstanding 3,673,801,436 shares as of June 30, 2010 and 3,669,044,614 shares as of March 31, 2010)	594,493	594,493
Additional paid-in capital		633,311	635,828
Retained earnings		1,071,801	1,074,213
Accumulated other comprehensive income(loss)		(135,802)	(109,132)
Total NHI shareholders equity before treasury stock		2,163,803	2,195,402
Common stock held in treasury, at cost 45,331,805 shares and 50,088,627 shares as of June 30, 2010		_,	_,_, _,
and March 31, 2010		(62,039)	(68,473)
Total NHI shareholders equity		2,101,764	2,126,929
Noncontrolling interests		10,134	6,085
Total equity		2,111,898	2,133,014
Total liabilities and equity		¥ 33,935,100	¥ 32,230,428

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

(2) Consolidated Statements of Operations (UNAUDITED)

	Notes	Millio Three months ended June 30, 2009	ons of yen Three months ended June 30, 2010
Revenue:		- /	- /
Commissions		¥ 102,024	¥ 118,078
Fees from investment banking		29,729	20,366
Asset management and portfolio service fees		30,331	34,854
Net gain on trading		121,132	59,969
Gain (loss) on private equity investments		(2,139)	(946)
Interest and dividends		58,427	75,757
Gain (loss) on investments in equity securities		9,801	(10,343)
Other		14,290	16,281
Total revenue		363,595	314,016
Interest expense		65,236	54,192
Net revenue		298,359	259,824
Non-interest expenses:			
Compensation and benefits		138,081	122,087
Commissions and floor brokerage		20,043	23,681
Information processing and communications		40,160	44,253
Occupancy and related depreciation		21,992	22,511
Business development expenses		6,256	7,159
Other		40,406	33,663
Non-interest expenses, Total		266,938	253,354
Income before income taxes		31,421	6,470
Income tax expense	*11	20,678	3,440
Net income		10,743	3,030
Less: Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests		(677)	708
Net income attributable to NHI shareholders		¥ 11,420	¥ 2,322
Per share of common stock:	Notes *9	Yen Three months ended June 30, 2009	Yen Three months ended June 30, 2010
Basic			
		1.07	0.60

Net income attributable to NHI shareholders per share

Net income attributable to NHI shareholders per share

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Diluted

0.63

0.63

4.37

1.81

(3) Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity (UNAUDITED)

	Milli	Millions of yen					
	Three months ended	Three months ended					
Common Stock	June 30, 2009	June 30, 2010					
Balance at beginning of year	¥ 321,765	¥ 594,493					
Conversion of convertible bonds	3,000						
Balance at end of period	324,765	594,493					
Additional paid-in capital							
Balance at beginning of year	374,413	635,828					
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle ⁽¹⁾	(26,923)						
Conversion of convertible bonds	3,000						
Gain on sales of treasury stock	2,124	1,509					
Issuance and exercise of common stock options	(1,805)	(4,026)					
Beneficial conversion feature relating to convertible bond	413						
Other net change in additional paid-in capital	(519)						
Balance at end of period	350,703	633,311					
Retained earnings							
Balance at beginning of year	1,038,557	1,074,213					
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	(6,339)	(4,734)					
Net income attributable to NHI shareholders	11,420	2,322					
Net medine attributable to INTI shareholders	11;420	2,322					
Balance at end of period	1,043,638	1,071,801					
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss):							
Cumulative translation adjustments							
Balance at beginning of year	(73,469)	(74,330)					
Net change during period	18,408	(28,200)					
Balance at end of period	(55,061)	(102,530)					
Defined benefit pension plans							
Balance at beginning of year	(44,968)	(34,802)					
Pension liability adjustment	(726)	1,530					
Balance at end of period	(45,694)	(33,272)					
Balance at end of the period	(100,755)	(135,802)					
Common stock held in treasury							
Balance at beginning of year	(76,902)	(68,473)					
Repurchases of common stock	(6)	(3)					
Sales of common stock	8	1					
Common stock issued to employees	2,960	6,436					
Other net change in treasury stock	59	0,150					
······································		· · ·					
Balance at end of period	(73,881)	(62,039)					

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Total NHI shareholders equity

Balance at end of period	1,544,470		2,101,764
Noncontrolling interests			
Balance at beginning of year	12,150		6,085
Cash dividends	(50)		(28)
Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	(677)		708
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests			
Cumulative translation adjustments	129		(527)
Purchase / Sale (Disposition) of subsidiary shares, etc., net	441		248
Other net change in noncontrolling interests	1		3,648
Balance at end of period	11,994		10,134
			10,10
Total equity			
•	N 1 556 464	V	0 111 000
Balance at end of period	¥ 1,556,464	¥	2,111,898

(1) *Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle* for the three months ended June 30, 2009 was previously reported as *Adjustments to initially apply EITF 07-5*.

 (2) Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle for the three months ended June 30, 2010 are adjustments to initially apply Accounting Standards Updates ASU No. 2009-17, Consolidations (Topic 810): Improvements to Financial Reporting by Enterprises Involved with Variable Interest Entities (ASU 2009-17). The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

(4) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (UNAUDITED)

	Millions of yen			
	Three months ended June 30, 2009		months ended ne 30, 2010	
Net income	¥ 10,743	¥	3,030	
Other comprehensive income (loss):				
Change in cumulative translation adjustments, net of tax	18,537		(28,727)	
Defined benefit pension plans:				
Pension liability adjustment	(1,182)		2,597	
Deferred income taxes	456		(1,067)	
Total	(726)		1,530	
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	17,811		(27,197)	
	,			
Comprehensive income (loss)	28,554		(24,167)	
Less: Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interest in subsidiary	(548)		181	
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to NHI shareholders	¥29,102	¥	(24,348)	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

(5) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (UNAUDITED)

	Millions of yen						
	Three months ended	Three months ended					
	June 30, 2009	June 30, 2010					
Cash flows from operating activities:							
Net income	¥ 10,743	¥ 3,030					
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities:							
Depreciation and amortization	17,314	18,224					
(Gain) loss on investments in equity securities	(9,801)	10,343					
Deferred income taxes	11,794	1,980					
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:							
Time deposits	384,415	(10,015)					
Deposits with stock exchanges and other segregated cash	129,573	(61,544)					
Trading assets and private equity investments	(692,094)	(2,086,197)					
Trading liabilities	446,779	286,931					
Securities purchased under agreements to resell, net of securities sold under agreements to							
repurchase	(617,547)	1,256,505					
Securities borrowed, net of securities loaned	1,407,842	(382,801)					
Other secured borrowings	(1,088,596)	(125,775)					
Loans and receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	289,455	(45,743)					
Payables	(299,872)	(144,074)					
Bonus accrual	(42,573)	(122,510)					
Accrued income taxes, net	990	(31,073)					
Other, net	(207,498)	(106,549)					
Net cash used in operating activities	(259,076)	(1,539,268)					
Cash flows from investing activities:							
Payments for purchases of office buildings, land, equipment and facilities	(19,891)	(33,321)					
Proceeds from sales of office buildings, land, equipment and facilities	0	22,132					
Proceeds from sales of investments in equity securities	108	1,630					
Increase in loans receivable at banks, net	(54,511)	(11,049)					
Increase in non-trading debt securities, net	(20,056)	(76,451)					
Other, net	(266)	5,686					
		- ,					
Net cash used in investing activities	(94,616)	(91,373)					
Net eash used in investing activities	(94,010)	(91,373)					
Cash flows from financing activities:							
Increase in long-term borrowings	620,361	801,752					
Decrease in long-term borrowings	(312,939)	(225,423)					
Increase (decrease) in short-term borrowings, net	(97,820)	551,299					
Increase in deposits received at banks, net	40,785	180,669					
Proceeds from sales of common stock	40,785	5					
Payments for repurchases of common stock	(6)	(3)					
	(0)						
Payments for cash dividends		(14,680)					
Net cash provided by financing activities	250,386	1,293,619					
1		-,-,-,-,-,					
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	21,320	(18,551)					
Enter of exchange rate enanges on easin and easin equivalents	21,320	(10,551)					
	101 001						
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(81,986)	(355,573)					
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	613,566	1,020,647					

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Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	¥ 5	31.580 ¥	665,074
		,	,
Supplemental information:			
Cash paid during the period for			
Interest	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	77,175	47,447
Income tax payments, net		1,082	23,526
Non ash activities			

Non cash activities

During the three months ended June 30, 2010, as a result of adoption for ASU 2009-17, the total amount of increased assets, excluding cash and cash equivalent and total amount of increased liabilities were \$281,222 million and \$297,020 million, respectively.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

[Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (UNAUDITED)]

1. Basis of accounting:

In December 2001, Nomura Holdings, Inc. (Company) filed a registration statement, in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) in order to list its American Depositary Shares (ADS) on the New York Stock Exchange. Since then, the Company has an obligation to file an annual report, Form 20-F, with the SEC in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Accordingly, the consolidated financial statements of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries (Nomura) for the three months ended June 30, 2010, have been prepared, in accordance with the accounting principles, procedures, and presentations required for an issuance of ADS, i.e., the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) pursuant to Article 93 of Regulations Concerning the Terminology, Forms and Preparation Methods of Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements (Cabinet Office Ordinance No. 64, 2007) which is amended by Section 6-2 to Cabinet Office Order to Amend Certain Provisions of Regulations Concerning the Terminology, Forms and Preparation Methods of Consolidated Financial Statements (Cabinet Office Ordinance No. 73, 2009), issued by Cabinet Office, Government of Japan.

Effective July 1, 2009, Nomura adopted the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standard Codification (Codification or ASC) became the sole source of authoritative U.S. GAAP. All references to U.S. GAAP pronouncements within these consolidated financial statements have been replaced with the relevant Codification references. See Note 2. *New accounting pronouncements recently adopted and future accounting developments* for further discussion on the Codification.

The following paragraphs describe the major differences between U.S. GAAP applied by Nomura and accounting principles generally accepted in Japan (Japanese GAAP) for the three months ended June 30, 2010. Where the impact of the difference is significant, the effect on *Income* (*loss*) before income taxes pursuant to Japanese GAAP is quantified.

Scope of consolidation

Under U.S. GAAP, the scope of consolidation is mainly determined by the ownership of a majority of the voting interest in an entity or by the identification of a primary beneficiary. Under Japanese GAAP, the scope of consolidation is primarily determined by both ownership level of voting interest and the Financial controlling model, which is a model taking into account factors other than the ownership level of voting interest in an entity.

In addition, under U.S. GAAP, certain entities in which Nomura has a financial interest meet the definition of investment companies. These entities carry all of their investments at fair value, with changes in fair value recognized through the consolidated statement of operations. Under Japanese GAAP, under situations such as where a venture capital holds other companies shares for trading and investment promotion purposes, such companies are not considered as subsidiaries even if such shareholding otherwise meets the control criteria.

Unrealized gains and losses on investments in equity securities

Under U.S. GAAP applicable to broker-dealers, minority investments in equity securities are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in the consolidated statements of operations. Under Japanese GAAP, these investments are also measured at fair value, but unrealized gains and losses, net of applicable income taxes, are reported in a separate component of net assets. *Income before income taxes* prepared under Japanese GAAP, therefore, does not reflect ¥9,748 (gain) and ¥10,593 million (loss) for the three months ended June 30, 2009 and 2010, respectively.

Unrealized gains and losses on non-trading debt securities

Under U.S. GAAP for broker-dealers, unrealized gains and losses on non-trading debt securities are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in the consolidated statements of operations. Under Japanese GAAP, unrealized gains and losses on non-trading debt securities, net of applicable income taxes, are reported in a separate component of net assets. *Income before income taxes* prepared under Japanese GAAP, therefore, does not reflect ¥764 (loss) and ¥3,874 million (gain) for the three months ended June 30, 2009 and 2010, respectively.

Retirement and severance benefit

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Under U.S. GAAP, gains or losses resulting from either experience that is different from an actuarial assumption or a change in assumption is amortized over the average remaining service period of employees when such gain or loss at the beginning of the year exceeds the Corridor which is defined as 10% of the larger of projected benefit obligation or the fair value of plan assets. Further, U.S. GAAP requires recognition of the funded status of postretirement plans as an asset or a liability, measured as the difference between the fair value of the plan asset and the benefit obligation. Under Japanese GAAP, the gain or loss is amortized over a certain period regardless of the Corridor.

Amortization of goodwill and equity method goodwill

Under U.S. GAAP, goodwill is periodically tested for impairment rather than amortized. Under Japanese GAAP, goodwill is amortized over certain periods up to 20 years on a straight-line basis. Therefore, under Japanese GAAP, the difference has an impact of \$1,598 million (gain) and \$1,619 million (gain) for the three months ended June 30, 2009 and 2010 on *Income (loss) before income taxes*, respectively.

Changes in the fair value of derivative contracts

Under U.S. GAAP, all derivative contracts, including derivative contracts that have been designated as hedges of specific assets or specific liabilities, are carried at fair value, and changes in the fair value of derivative contracts are recognized in the consolidated statements of operations or other comprehensive income. Under Japanese GAAP, derivative contracts that have been entered into for hedging purposes are carried at fair value and changes in the fair value of derivative contracts are recognized in net assets.

Fair value for financial assets and financial liabilities

Under U.S. GAAP, the fair value option may be elected for eligible financial assets and liabilities which are otherwise not to be measured at fair value (the fair value option). If an entity elects the fair value option, changes in the fair value in subsequent reporting periods must be recognized through earnings. Under Japanese GAAP, the fair value option is not permitted. Therefore, under Japanese GAAP, *Income (loss) before income taxes* does not reflect ¥14,451 million (loss) and ¥364 million (profit) for the three months ended June 30, 2009 and 2010 respectively. In addition, non-marketable stocks which are carried at fair value under U.S. GAAP are carried at cost less impairment under Japanese GAAP.

Offsetting of amounts related to certain contracts

U.S. GAAP allows an entity that is party to a master netting arrangement to offset fair value amounts recognized for the right to reclaim cash collateral (a receivable) or the obligation to return cash collateral (a payable) against fair value amounts recognized for derivative instruments that have been offset under the same master netting arrangement. Japanese GAAP does not allow such offsetting.

Stock issuance costs

Under Japanese GAAP, the paid in amount before deduction of stock issuance costs is recorded as capital and the stock issuance costs are either immediately expensed at once or capitalized as deferred asset and amortized over up to three years on a straight-line basis. Under U.S. GAAP, stock issuance costs are deducted from proceeds and the net amount is recorded as capital.

Convertible bonds

Under U.S. GAAP, if an embedded derivative contained in a convertible bond is indexed to the issuing entity s own stock, the embedded derivative is not bifurcated from the host contract and the entire bond together with such embedded derivative is recorded as a liability; and if an embedded derivative is not considered as indexed to its own stock, the derivative component is bifurcated. If the conversion price is lower than the market price at the bond issuance, the intrinsic value of such a conversion feature is valued separately from the host bond and recorded in *Additional paid-in capital*, and the difference from the bond s redemption amount is amortized over the life of the bond and recorded as interest expense. Under Japanese GAAP, the convertible bond proceeds can be treated as the straight bond issuance where the entire proceeds covering both the value of the convertible feature and the value of the host bond are recorded entirely (whole method), or alternatively, the value of conversion feature is separated from the value of the host bond upon the convertible bond issuance and the portion of bond proceeds applicable to the value of bond is accounted for in accordance with the straight bond issuance and the value of the convertible feature is recorded as stock acquisition rights in net assets (separation method).

Accounting for change in controlling interest in consolidated subsidiary s shares

Under U.S. GAAP, when a parent entity s ownership interest decreases as a result of sales of the subsidiary s common shares by the parent and such subsidiary becomes an equity method investee, the parent s remaining investment in the former subsidiary is measured at fair value as of the date of loss of controlling interest and the related valuation gain or loss is recognized. Under Japanese GAAP, the remaining investment on the parent s consolidated balance sheet is computed as the investment valuation amount computed under the equity method of accounting, which is equal to the sum of the carrying amount of investment in the equity method investee recorded in the parent s stand-alone balance sheet and the result derived via multiplying the adjustments to such investment recorded during the period from the initial date of acquisition of subsidiary to the date of loss of control by the ratio of the remaining share holding percentage against the holding percentage prior to the loss of control.

2. New accounting pronouncements recently adopted and future accounting developments:

New accounting pronouncements recently adopted

Transfers of financial assets and consolidation of variable interest entities

In December 2009, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2009-16 *Transfers and Servicing (Topic 860): Accounting for Transfers of Financial Assets* (ASU 2009-16) which incorporated new guidance for the accounting for transfers of financial assets into ASC. ASU 2009-16 changed the requirements for derecognizing financial assets, eliminated the concept of a qualified special purpose entity (QSPE), and requires additional disclosures about transfers of financial assets and a transferor s continuing involvement with transfers accounted for as sales. The requirements for derecognizing financial assets include new restrictions regarding when a portion of a financial asset may be accounted for as a sale, as well as a clarification of the criteria needed to ensure isolation of the transferred assets has occurred from a legal perspective. The elimination of QSPEs has subjected such entities to be evaluated under the revised consolidation guidance provided by ASC 810 *Consolidation* (ASC 810), as amended by ASU 2009-17, as described below, provided Nomura had variable interests in those entities at the adoption date.

ASU 2009-16 has become effective in the first annual reporting period that began after November 15, 2009, for interim periods within that first annual reporting period, and for interim and annual reporting periods thereafter. Application of the revised guidance for transfers of financial assets is prospective after adoption.

Nomura adopted these amendments to ASC 860 *Transfers and Servicing* (ASC 860) as of April 1, 2010 and the adoption has not had a material impact on these financial statements.

In December 2009, the FASB issued ASU No. 2009-17 Consolidations (Topic 810): Improvements to Financial Reporting by Enterprises Involved with Variable Interest Entities (ASU 2009-17) which incorporated new guidance around the consolidation of variable interest entities into ASC 810.

ASU 2009-17 amended rules defining which entities are VIEs and requires a company to perform a qualitative analysis when determining whether it must consolidate a VIE. If a company has variable interests that provide it with power over the most significant activities of the VIE and the right to receive benefits or the obligation to absorb losses meeting a significance test, the company would consolidate the entity, provided that the company does not meet separate tests confirming that it is acting as a fiduciary for other interest holders. Under the new qualitative approach, a quantitative analysis of exposure to expected benefit and loss is no longer determinative in isolation. ASU 2009-17 also requires consolidation or deconsolidation of VIEs to be evaluated on an ongoing basis, which differs from previous guidance that required evaluation when Nomura first became involved with a VIE and only upon occurrence of certain triggering events.

ASU 2009-17 become effective in the first annual reporting period that has begun after November 15, 2009, for interim periods within that first annual reporting period, and for interim and annual reporting periods thereafter. It contains special transition provisions governing whether the assets, liabilities, and noncontrolling interests resulting from consolidation of entities at the date of adoption should occur at their carrying amounts (as if such entities had been consolidated under the revised guidance prior to the adoption date), fair value, or at unpaid principal balances. At adoption, differences between the net amount added to the balance sheet upon consolidation and the amount previously recognized on an unconsolidated basis are recognized as a cumulative adjustment to the beginning balance of retained earnings.

In February 2010, the FASB issued ASU No. 2010-10 *Consolidation (Topic 810): Amendments for Certain Investment Funds* (ASU 2010-10) which indefinitely deferred the amendments to ASC 810 introduced by ASU 2009-17 for certain entities that qualify as investment companies under ASC 946 *Financial Services Investment Companies* (ASC 946) or for which it is industry practice to apply guidance consistent with the measurement principles in ASC 946, so long as such Nomura has no explicit or implicit obligation to fund losses of the entity that could potentially be significant to the entity (except for certain qualifying money market funds). The ASU does not defer the revised disclosures requirements of ASU 2009-17 for entities determined to be VIEs under guidance existing prior to ASU 2009-17.

Nomura adopted the revised guidance in ASC 810 introduced by ASU 2009-17 and ASU 2010-10 on April 1, 2010 and has analyzed the impact on all QSPEs, SPEs, funds and similar entities with which it is involved. Entities qualifying for the deferral under ASU 2010-10 continue to be assessed for consolidation under ASC 810 prior to amendment thereof by ASU 2009-17.

Based on the results of this analysis, Nomura consolidated certain securitization vehicles, which increased total assets by ¥292 billion and total liabilities by ¥297 billion, and which decreased total shareholders equity by ¥5 billion upon adoption as of April 1, 2010. The increase in total assets also did not have a significant effect on Nomura s calculation of risk-weighted assets and therefore did not have a significant effect on

Nomura s capital ratios.

Future accounting developments

The following new accounting pronouncements relevant to Nomura will be adopted in future periods:

Enhanced disclosures around credit quality of financing receivables and the allowance for loan losses

In July 2010, the FASB issued ASU No. 2010-20 *Disclosures about the Credit Quality of Financing Receivables and the Allowance for Credit Losses* (ASU 2010-20) which aims to provide greater transparency into a reporting entity s exposure to credit losses from lending arrangements. ASU 2010-20 significantly expands disclosures by requiring more robust and disaggregated disclosures for the following topics:

Nonaccrual and past due financing receivables;

The allowance for credit losses related to financing receivables;

Impaired loans (individually evaluated for impairment);

Credit quality information; and

Modifications (i.e. troubled debt restructurings).

For public entities such as Nomura, the new and amended disclosures that relate to information as of the end of a reporting period will be effective for the first interim or annual reporting periods ending on or after December 15, 2010. The disclosures that include information for activity that occurs during a reporting period will be effective for the first interim or annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2010.

Nomura is currently evaluating these new requirements in order to determine the impact on these consolidated financial statements.

Revenue recognition of multiple-deliverable revenue arrangements

In October 2009, the FASB issued ASU No. 2009-13 *Multiple-Deliverable Revenue Arrangements-a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force* (ASU 2009-13) which amends the accounting for multiple-deliverable arrangements to enable vendors to account for products or services separately rather than as a combined unit. ASU 2009-13 is effective prospectively from fiscal years beginning on or after June 15, 2010 with early adoption also permitted. Nomura intends to adopt ASU 2009-13 on April 1, 2011 and does not expect it to have a material impact on these consolidated financial statements.

3. Fair value of financial instruments:

The fair value of financial instruments

A significant amount of Nomura s financial instruments are carried at fair value or at amounts that approximate fair value. Financial assets which are carried at fair value on a recurring basis are included in the consolidated balance sheets within *Trading assets and private equity investments, Loans and receivables* and *Other assets*. Financial liabilities which are carried at fair value on a recurring basis are included within *Trading liabilities, Short-term borrowings, Payables and deposits, Long-term borrowings* and *Other liabilities*.

Other financial assets and financial liabilities are carried at fair value on a nonrecurring basis, where the primary measurement basis is not fair value but where fair value is only used in specific circumstances, such as to measure impairment.

In all cases, fair value is determined in accordance with ASC 820 which defines fair value as the amount that would be exchanged to sell a financial asset or transfer a financial liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. It assumes that the transaction occurs in Nomura s principal market, or in the absence of the principal market, the most advantageous market for the relevant financial asset or financial liability.

Financial assets also include investments in certain funds which Nomura apply ASC 820 where as a practical expedient, fair value is determined on the basis of net asset value per share (NAV per share) if the NAV per share is calculated in accordance with certain industry standard principles.

Increases and decreases in the fair value of assets and liabilities will significantly impact Nomura s position, performance, liquidity and capital resources. As explained later, valuation techniques applied contain inherent uncertainties and Nomura is unable to predict the impact of future developments in the market. Where appropriate, Nomura uses economic hedging strategies to mitigate its risk, although these hedges are also subject to unpredictable movements in the market.

Valuation methodology for financial instruments carried at fair value on a recurring basis

The fair value of financial instruments is based on quoted market prices, including market indices, broker or dealer quotations or an estimation by management of the expected exit price under current market conditions. Various financial instruments, including cash and over-the-counter (OTC) contracts, have bid and offer prices that are observable in the market. These are measured at the point within the bid-offer range which best represents Nomura s estimate of fair value. Where quoted market prices, broker or dealer quotations are not available, prices for similar instruments or valuation pricing models are considered in the determination of fair value.

Where quoted prices are available in active markets, no valuation adjustments are taken to modify the fair value of assets or liabilities marked using such prices. Other instruments may be measured using valuation techniques, such as valuation pricing models, incorporating observable parameters, unobservable parameters or a combination of both. Valuation pricing models use parameters which would be considered by market participants in valuing similar financial instruments.

Valuation pricing models and their underlying assumptions impact the amount and timing of unrealized gains and losses recognized, and the use of different valuation pricing models or underlying assumptions could produce different financial results. Valuation uncertainty results from a variety of factors, including: the valuation technique or model selected; the quantitative assumptions used within the valuation model; the inputs into the model; as well as other factors. Valuation adjustments are used to reflect the assessment of this uncertainty. Common valuation adjustments, close out adjustments, and other appropriate instrument-specific adjustments, such as those instruments under trade restrictions.

The level of adjustments is largely judgmental and is based on an assessment of the factors that management believe other market participants would use in determining the fair value of similar financial instruments. The type of adjustments taken, the methodology for the calculation of these adjustments, and the inputs for these calculations are reassessed periodically to reflect current market practice and the availability of new information.

For example, the fair value of certain financial instruments includes adjustments for credit risk; both with regards to counterparty credit risk on positions held and Nomura s own creditworthiness on positions issued. Credit risk on financial assets is significantly mitigated by credit enhancements such as collateral and netting arrangements. Any net credit exposure is measured using available and applicable inputs for the relevant counterparty. The same approach is used to measure the credit exposure on Nomura s liabilities as used for measuring counterparty credit risk on Nomura s assets.

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Such models are calibrated to the market on a regular basis and inputs used are adjusted for current market conditions and risks. The global risk management unit reviews pricing models and assesses model appropriateness and consistency independently of the front office. The model reviews consider a number of factors about the model s suitability for valuation and sensitivity of a particular product. Valuation models are calibrated to the market on a periodic basis by comparison to observable market pricing, comparison with alternative models, and analysis of risk profiles.

As explained above, any changes in fixed income, equity, foreign exchange and commodity markets can impact Nomura s estimates of fair value in the future, potentially affecting trading gains and losses. As financial contracts have longer maturity dates, Nomura s estimates of fair value may involve greater subjectivity due to the lack of transparent market data available upon which include base assumptions underlying valuation pricing models.

Concentrations of credit risk

Concentrations of credit risk may arise from trading, securities financing transactions and underwriting activities, and may be impacted by changes in political or economic factors. Nomura s credit risk concentrates on the bonds issued by Japanese Government, U.S. Government, Governments within the EU, their states and municipalities, and their agencies. These concentrations generally arise from taking trading securities positions and are reported in *Trading assets* in the consolidated balance sheets. Government, state, municipal, and government agency securities, including *Securities pledged as collateral*, represented 25% of total assets as of June 30, 2010 and 21% as of March 31, 2010. The following tables present geographic allocations of Nomura s trading assets related to government, state, municipal, and government agency securities. Please see Note 4. *Derivative instruments and hedging activities* about the concentration of credit risk for derivatives.

		Billions of yen June 30, 2010					
	Japan	U.S.	EU	0	ther	Total ⁽¹⁾	
Governments, states, municipalities and their agencies	¥4,344	¥ 1,526	¥ 2,231	¥	308	¥	8,409
	Japan	U.S.	Billions of March 31, EU	Ž010	ther		Total ⁽¹⁾
Governments, states, municipalities and their agencies	¥2,756	¥ 1,635	¥ 2,270	¥	232	¥	6,893

(1) Other than above, there were ¥252 billion of government, state, municipal and agency securities in *Other assets Non-trading debt securities* as of June 30, 2010 and ¥187 billion as of March 31, 2010. The vast majority of these securities are Japanese government, state, municipal and government agency securities.

Fair value hierarchy

All financial instruments measured at fair value, including those carried at fair value using the fair value option, have been categorized into a three-level hierarchy (the fair value hierarchy) based on the transparency of inputs used by Nomura to estimate fair value. A financial instrument is classified in the fair value hierarchy based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement of the instrument. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are defined as follows, with Level 1 representing the most transparent inputs and Level 3 representing the least transparent inputs:

Level 1:

Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities accessible by Nomura at the measurement date.

Level 2:

Quoted prices in inactive markets or containing other inputs which are observable, either directly or indirectly. Valuation techniques using observable inputs reflect assumptions used by market participants in pricing financial instruments and are based on data obtained from independent market sources at the measurement date.

Level 3:

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Unobservable inputs that are significant to the fair value measurement of the financial instrument. Valuation techniques using unobservable inputs reflect management s assumptions about the estimates used by other market participants in valuing similar financial instruments. These valuation techniques are developed based on the best available information at the measurement date.

The availability of inputs observable in the market varies by product and can be affected by a variety of factors. Significant factors include, but are not restricted to: the prevalence of similar products in the market, especially if the product is significantly customized; how established the product is in the market, for example, whether it is a new product or is relatively mature; and the reliability of information provided in the market which would depend, for example, on the frequency and volume of current data. A period of significant change in the market may reduce the availability of observable data. Under such circumstances, financial instruments may be reclassified into a lower level in the fair value hierarchy.

Significant judgments used in determining the classification of financial instruments include the nature of the market in which the product would be traded, the underlying risks, the type and liquidity of market data inputs and the nature of observed transactions for similar instruments.

Where valuation models include the use of parameters which are less observable or unobservable in the market, significant management judgment is used in establishing fair value. The valuations for Level 3 financial instruments, therefore, involve a greater degree of judgment than those valuations for Level 1 or Level 2 financial instruments.

Certain criteria management use to determine whether a market is active or inactive include the number of transactions, the frequency that pricing is updated by other market participants, the variability of price quotations amongst other market participants, and the amount of publicly available information.

The following tables present information about Nomura s financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2010 and March 31, 2010, respectively within the fair value hierarchy.

		Z 10	June 3	s of yen 0, 2010 Counterparty and Cash Collateral	y Balance as o June 30, 201		
Assets:	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Netting ⁽¹⁾	Jun	e 30, 2010	
Trading assets and private equity investments ⁽²⁾							
Equities ⁽³⁾	V. 000	V 1 107	V 1(0	37	17	2 000	
	¥ 800	¥ 1,127	¥ 162	¥	¥	2,089	
Private equity ⁽³⁾	4 100	0	311			311	
Japanese government securities	4,102	20	0			4,102	
Japanese agency and municipal securities Foreign government, agency and municipal securities	222 2,839	20 1,213	0 13			242 4,065	
Bank and corporate debt securities and loans for trading purpose	2,839	1,213	13			4,003	
Commercial mortgage-backed securities (CMBS)	134	1,309	22			1,779	
Residential mortgage-backed securities (RMBS)		1,247	3			1,250	
Mortgage and other mortgage-backed securities		35	171			206	
Collateralized debt obligations (CDO)	1	14	26			41	
Investment trust funds and other	37	24	10			71	
	0,		10			71	
Total cash instruments	8,135	5,326	854			14,315	
Derivatives ⁽⁴⁾ :							
Equity contracts	718	634	50			1,402	
Interest rate contracts	4	15,096	191			15,291	
Credit contracts	1	1,826	376			2,203	
Foreign exchange contracts	0	1,251	30			1,281	
Commodity contracts	12	46	2			60	
Netting				(18,150)		(18,150)	
Total derivatives	735	18,853	649	(18,150)		2,087	
Sub Total	¥ 8,870	¥ 24,179	¥ 1,503	¥ (18,150)	¥	16,402	
.		(00	2			(11	
Loans and receivables ⁽⁵⁾	420	608 34	3 38			611	
Other assets	439	54	38			511	
Total	¥ 9,309	¥ 24,821	¥ 1,544	¥ (18,150)	¥	17,524	
Liabilities:							
Trading liabilities							
Equities	¥ 1,266	¥ 157	¥ 0	¥	¥	1,423	
Japanese government securities	1,538					1,538	
Foreign government, agency and municipal securities	2,277	384				2,661	
Bank and corporate debt securities		283				283	
Residential mortgage-backed securities (RMBS)		2				2	
Mortgage and other mortgage-backed securities		1				1	
Total cash instruments	5,081	827	0			5,908	
Derivatives ⁽⁴⁾ :							
Equity contracts	808	860	19			1,687	
Interest rate contracts	7	15,128	171			15,306	
Credit contracts	1	1,738	415			2,154	
Foreign exchange contracts	1	1,117	29			1,147	
Commodity contracts	12	45	2			59	

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Netting					(18,118)		(18,118)
Total derivatives	829	18,888	636		(18,118)		2,235
Sub Total	¥ 5,910	¥ 19,715	¥ 636	¥	(18,118)	¥	8,143
Short-term borrowings ⁽⁶⁾⁽⁷⁾		110	6				116
Payables and deposits ⁽⁸⁾		0	(0)			(0)
Long-term borrowings ⁽⁶⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽⁹⁾	236	1,652	44				1,932
Other liabilities	4						4
Total	¥6,150	¥21,477	¥ 686	¥	(18,118)	¥	10,195

	Level 1	Level 2		Billions of yen (arch 31, 2010 Counterparty and Cash Collateral el 3 Netting ⁽¹⁾		ance as of ch 31, 2010
Assets:						
Trading assets and private equity investments ⁽²⁾						
Equities ⁽³⁾	¥ 830	¥ 1,068	¥ 164	¥	¥	2,062
Private equity ⁽³⁾	1	0	325			326
Japanese government securities	2,650					2,650
Japanese agency and municipal securities	104	2	0			106
Foreign government, agency and municipal securities	3,075	1,040	22			4,137
Bank and corporate debt securities and loans for trading purpose	165	1,599	131			1,895
Commercial mortgage-backed securities (CMBS)		110	27			137
Residential mortgage-backed securities (RMBS)	0	1,015	4			1,019
Mortgage and other mortgage-backed securities		47	117			164
Collateralized debt obligations (CDO)	1	32	43			76
Investment trust funds and other	29	53	10			92
Total cash instruments	6,855	4,966	843			12,664
Derivatives ⁽⁴⁾ :						
Equity contracts	851	650	61			1,562
Interest rate contracts	3	11,849	172			12,024
Credit contracts	0	1,751	302			2,053
Foreign exchange contracts		701	14			715
Commodity contracts	6	24	2	(14.250)		32
Netting				(14,350)		(14,350)
Total derivatives	860	14,975	551	(14,350)		2,036
Sub Total	¥7,715	¥ 19,941	¥ 1,394	¥ (14,350)	¥	14,700
Loans and receivables ⁽⁵⁾	8	674	10			692
Other assets	383	26	38			447
Total	¥ 8,106	¥ 20,641	¥ 1,442	¥ (14,350)	¥	15,839
Liabilities:						
Trading liabilities						
Equities	¥ 1,366	¥ 196	¥ 0	¥	¥	1,562
Japanese government securities	1,616	1 1/0		-	-	1,616
Foreign government, agency and municipal securities	2,334	426				2,760
Bank and corporate debt securities		257	0			257
Residential mortgage-backed securities (RMBS)		2				2
Total cash instruments	5,316	881	0			6,197
Derivatives ⁽⁴⁾ :						
Equity contracts	941	790	29			1,760
Interest rate contracts	3	11,742	163			11,908
Credit contracts	0	1,660	360			2,020
Foreign exchange contracts		765	16			781
Commodity contracts	5	25	2			32
Netting				(14,341)		(14,341)

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Total derivatives	949	14,982	570		(14,341)		2,160
Sub Total	¥ 6,265	¥ 15,863	¥ 570	¥	(14,341)	¥	8,357
Short-term borrowings ⁽⁶⁾⁽⁷⁾		101	9				110
Payables and deposits ⁽⁸⁾ Long-term borrowings ⁽⁶⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽⁹⁾	91	0 1,521	0 (127)				0 1,485
Other liabilities	3	1,521	(127)				1,485 6
Total	¥ 6,359	¥ 17,488	¥ 452	¥	(14,341)	¥	9,958

- (1) Represents the amount offset under counterparty netting of derivative assets and liabilities as well as cash collateral netting against net derivatives.
- (2) Includes investments in certain funds measured at fair value on the basis of NAV per share as a practical expedient.
- (3) Includes equity investments that would have been accounted for under the equity method had Nomura not chosen to apply the fair value option.
- (4) Each derivative classification includes derivatives referring to multiple risk components. For example, interest rates classification includes complex derivatives referring to interest rate risk as well as foreign exchange risk or other factors such as prepayment speeds. Credit classification includes credit default swaps as well as derivatives referring to corporate and derivatives previously classified under *Other contracts* have been reclassified based on the above methodology. Previously reported amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation.
- (5) Includes loans for which Nomura elected the fair value option.
- (6) Includes structured notes for which Nomura elected the fair value option.
- (7) Includes embedded derivatives bifurcated from issued structured notes. If unrealized gain is greater than unrealized loss, borrowings are reduced by the excess amount.
- (8) Includes embedded derivatives bifurcated from the deposits received at banks. If unrealized gain is greater than unrealized loss, deposits are reduced by the excess amount.
- (9) Includes liabilities recognised from secured financing transactions that are accounted for as financing rather than sales. Nomura elected the fair value option for these liabilities.

Valuation methodology by major class of financial asset and financial liability

The valuation methodology used by Nomura to estimate fair value for major classes of financial assets and financial liabilities, together with the significant inputs which determine classification in the fair value hierarchy, is as follows:

Equities Equities include direct holdings of both listed and unlisted equity securities, and fund investments. Listed equity securities are valued using quoted prices for identical securities from active markets where available. These valuations should be in line with market practice and therefore can be based upon bid/offer prices as applicable or mid-market prices. Nomura determines whether the market is active depending on the sufficiency and frequency of trading of the security. Where these securities are classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy, no valuation adjustments are made to fair value, even if Nomura has a large block holding and the block could not be disposed of in its entirety at the quoted price. Listed equities traded in inactive markets are valued using the exchange price as adjusted to reflect liquidity and bid offer spreads and are classified in Level 2. Unlisted equity securities are valued using the same methodology as private equity investments described below and are usually classified as Level 3 because of the management judgment involved. As a practical expedient, fund investments are generally valued using NAV per share where available. Publicly-traded mutual funds which are valued using a daily NAV per share as of the balance sheet date or within the near term are classified as Level 2. Investments in funds where Nomura does not have the ability to redeem in the near term or does not know when it can redeem are classified as Level 3.

Private equity The valuation of unlisted private equity investments requires significant management judgment because the investments, by their nature, have little or no price transparency. Private equity investments are initially carried at cost as an approximation of fair value. Adjustments to carrying value are made if there is third-party evidence of a change in value. Adjustments are also made, in the absence of third-party transactions, if it is determined that the expected exit price of the investment is different from the carrying value. In reaching that determination, Nomura primarily uses either its own internal valuation models based on projected future cash flows to be generated from the underlying investment, discounted at a weighted average cost of capital or comparable market multiple valuations such as EV/EBITDA (Enterprise Value/EBITDA), PE Ratio (Price/Earnings Ratio), Price/Embedded Value Ratio and other multiples based on relationships between numbers reported in the financial statements and the price of comparable companies. Where possible these valuations are compared with the operating cash flows and financial performance of the companies or properties relative to budgets or projections, price/earnings data for similar quoted companies, trends within sectors and/or regions and any specific rights or terms associated with the investment, such as conversion features and liquidation preferences. Private equity investments are generally classified as Level 3.

Government, state, municipal and agency securities Japanese and other G7 government securities are valued using quoted market prices, broker or dealer quotations, or alternative pricing sources. These securities are traded in active markets and therefore are classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. Non-G7 government securities, agency securities and municipal securities are valued using similar pricing sources but are generally classified as Level 2 as they trade in markets that are not considered to be active. Certain Non-G7 securities may be classified as Level 1 because they trade in active markets and there is sufficient information from a liquid exchange or multiple sources to classify them as Level 1. Certain securities may be classified as Level 3 because they trade infrequently and there is not sufficient information.

Corporate debt securities The valuation of corporate debt securities is primarily through internal models which take their inputs using available market information such as price quotes and recent market transactions of identical or similar debt, yield curves, asset swap spreads and credit default spreads. Most corporate debt securities are classified in Level 2 because the modeling inputs are usually observable. Certain corporate debt securities may be classified as Level 1 because they trade in active markets where there is sufficient information from a liquid exchange or multiple sources and they are valued using an unadjusted quote for an identical instrument. Certain securities may be classified as Level 3 because they trade infrequently and there is insufficient information from comparable securities to class them as Level 2.

Commercial mortgage-backed securities (*CMBS*) *and residential mortgage-backed securities* (*RMBS*) The fair value of CMBS and RMBS are estimated using quoted market prices, recent market transactions or by reference to a comparable market index. CMBS and RMBS securities are classified as Level 2 if all significant inputs are observable. For certain asset classes, no direct pricing sources or comparable indices are available and valuation is based on a combination of indices. These securities are classified as Level 3.

Mortgage and other mortgage-backed securities The fair value of other mortgage backed securities is estimated using quoted market prices, recent market transactions or by reference to a comparable market index. Where all significant inputs are observable, the securities will be classified as Level 2. For certain securities, no direct pricing sources or comparable securities or indices may be available. These securities are classified as Level 3.

Collateralized debt obligations (*CDO*) CDOs are valued using internal models where quoted market prices do not exist. Key inputs used by the model include market spread data for each credit rating, prepayment speeds, recovery rates and default probabilities. Since some of these inputs are unobservable, certain CDOs are classified as Level 3.

Investment trust funds and other Investment trust funds are generally valued using NAV per share. Publicly-traded funds which are valued using a daily NAV per share are classified as Level 1. For funds that are not publicly-traded where this does not apply but Nomura has the ability to redeem its investment with the investee at NAV per share on the balance sheet date or within the near term the investments are classified as Level 2. Investments where Nomura does not have the ability to redeem in the near term or does not know when it can redeem are classified as Level 3.

Derivatives Exchange-traded derivatives are usually valued using unadjusted quoted market prices and are therefore classified as Level 1. Where exchange-traded derivatives are not valued at the exchange price due to timing differences, these are classified as Level 2. OTC derivatives are valued by internal models using market transactions and other market evidence whenever possible, including market-based inputs to models, model calibration to market clearing transactions, broker or dealer quotations, or alternative pricing sources with reasonable levels of price transparency. Valuation techniques include simple discounted expected cash flow techniques, Black-Scholes and Monte Carlo simulations. For OTC derivatives that trade in liquid markets, such as plain vanilla forwards, swaps and options, model inputs can generally be verified and model selection does not involve significant management judgment. OTC derivatives are classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy when all of the significant inputs can be corroborated to market evidence. Derivatives that are valued using models with significant unobservable inputs such as correlation, long-dated volatility, credit curves or other unobservable inputs are classified within Level 3. Examples of derivatives classified as Level 3 by Nomura include exotic interest rate derivatives, exotic foreign exchange derivatives, exotic equity derivatives, exotic derivatives. Valuation adjustments are recorded to model valuations which do not calibrate to market and consider all factors that would impact fair value including bid offer, liquidity and credit risk; both with regards to counterparty credit risk on derivative assets and Nomura s own creditworthiness on derivative liabilities.

Loans The valuation of loans and loan commitments is also performed primarily through internal models using similar inputs to corporate debt securities as quoted prices are usually not available. Where there are no significant inputs which are unobservable, loans are classified as Level 2. Certain loans, however, may be classified as Level 3 because they are traded infrequently and there is not sufficient information from comparable securities to classify them as Level 2.

Short-term and long-term borrowings (Structured notes) Structured notes are debt securities issued by Nomura which contain embedded features that alter the return to the investor from simply receiving a fixed or floating rate of interest to a return that depends upon some other variable such as an equity or equity index, commodity product, foreign exchange rate, credit rating of a third party or more complex interest rate. The fair value of structured notes is estimated using a quoted price in an active market for the identical liability if available, and where not available, using mixture of valuation techniques that use the quoted price of the identical liability when traded as an asset, quoted prices for similar liabilities, similar liabilities when traded as assets, and also the amount at the measurement date that Nomura would pay to transfer the identical liability or would receive if the identical liability is entered at the measurement date. The fair value of structured notes includes an adjustment to reflect Nomura s own creditworthiness. This adjustment can differ depending on the market in which the structured note is issued and traded. Structured notes are generally classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy as unobservable inputs are not significant. Where the unobservable inputs are significant, they will be classified in Level 3.

Secured financing transactions Liability recognized from secured financing transactions is recognized when a transfer of a financial asset does not meet the criteria for sales accounting and therefore the transaction is accounted for as a secured borrowing. This liability is valued using the same methodology that is applied to the transferred financial instruments which remain on the consolidated balance sheets and is therefore classified in the same level in the fair value hierarchy as the transferred financial asset. These liabilities do not provide general recourse to Nomura and therefore no adjustment is made to reflect Nomura s own creditworthiness.

Level 3 financial assets and financial liabilities

Level 3 financial assets and financial liabilities consist of instruments whose valuations are significantly dependent on inputs which are unobservable in the market. Financial instruments are categorized in accordance with their lowest level significant input. As a result, a financial instrument valued using a combination of Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 inputs would be classified in Level 3 in its entirety, if its value is significantly affected by at least one significant unobservable input.

These financial instruments are often hedged with instruments within Level 1 or Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy and the gains or losses below do not reflect the offsetting gains or losses for these hedging instruments. Level 3 instruments are also measured using both observable and unobservable inputs. Fair value changes presented below, therefore, reflect realized and unrealized gains and losses resulting from movements in both observable and unobservable parameters.

The following tables in this note that relate to the three months ended June 30, 2009 are prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements in effect prior to certain amendments to ASC 820 that Nomura adopted during the year ended March 31, 2010.

The following tables present the gains and losses as well as increases and decreases of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis which Nomura classified as Level 3 for the three months ended June 30, 2009 and 2010, respectively.

	Billions of yen													
	Three months ended June 30, 2009													
	Unrealized and realized gains/losses included in revenue													
	Opening balance as of three month ended June 30, 2009	sNet gain (loss) on trading	equity securitie	nts Gain (loss) on private	Interest and dividends / Interest expense		Total unrealized and realized gains / (losses)		Purchases (issuances) / sales (redemption), and) settlement ⁽²⁾		Net transfers in / (out of) Level 3 ⁽⁴⁾		Balance as of three month ended June 30, 2009	
Assets:	2003	ti nuing	unu omor		chip	e lise	8	(1000000)	50001		C		-	
Trading assets and private equity														
investments														
Equities	¥ 284	¥ (36)	¥	¥	¥	(0)	¥	(36)	¥	77	¥	3	¥	328
Private equity	322			(4)				(4)		15				333
Japanese agency and municipal														
securities	0									0				0
Foreign government, agency and municipal securities	34	2						2		0		5		41
Bank and corporate debt securities and loans for trading purpose	485	(6)				0		(6)		(179)		(28)		272
Commercial mortgage-backed securities (CMBS)	12	0						0		(3)		. ,		