

Under Armour, Inc.
Form 10-Q
November 04, 2011
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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2011

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission File No. 001-33202

UNDER ARMOUR, INC.

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(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

52-1990078
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

1020 Hull Street
Baltimore, Maryland 21230
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(410) 454-6428
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of October 31, 2011, there were 40,256,830 shares of Class A Common Stock and 11,456,500 shares of Class B Convertible Common Stock outstanding.

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UNDER ARMOUR, INC.

SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

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Table of Contents**PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION****ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****Under Armour, Inc. and Subsidiaries****Unaudited Consolidated Balance Sheets****(In thousands, except share data)**

| | September 30, 2011 | December 31, 2010 | September 30, 2010 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Assets | | | |
| Current assets | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 67,859 | \$ 203,870 | \$ 133,936 |
| Accounts receivable, net | 235,907 | 102,034 | 174,207 |
| Inventories | 318,888 | 215,355 | 196,170 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | 31,163 | 19,326 | 21,088 |
| Deferred income taxes | 18,187 | 15,265 | 10,944 |
| Total current assets | 672,004 | 555,850 | 536,345 |
| Property and equipment, net | 163,256 | 76,127 | 76,559 |
| Intangible assets, net | 2,916 | 3,914 | 4,148 |
| Deferred income taxes | 21,268 | 21,275 | 20,516 |
| Other long term assets | 40,694 | 18,212 | 5,295 |
| Total assets | \$ 900,138 | \$ 675,378 | \$ 642,863 |
| Liabilities and Stockholders Equity | | | |
| Current liabilities | | | |
| Revolving credit facility | \$ 30,000 | \$ | \$ |
| Accounts payable | 103,343 | 84,679 | 90,815 |
| Accrued expenses | 54,008 | 55,138 | 43,685 |
| Current maturities of long term debt | 6,046 | 6,865 | 8,067 |
| Other current liabilities | 15,967 | 2,465 | 9,767 |
| Total current liabilities | 209,364 | 149,147 | 152,334 |
| Long term debt, net of current maturities | 73,470 | 9,077 | 10,476 |
| Other long term liabilities | 25,239 | 20,188 | 18,662 |
| Total liabilities | 308,073 | 178,412 | 181,472 |
| Commitments and contingencies (see Note 6) | | | |
| Stockholders equity | | | |
| Class A Common Stock, \$0.0003 1/3 par value; 100,000,000 shares authorized as of September 30, 2011, December 31, 2010 and September 30, 2010; 40,024,862 shares issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2011, 38,660,355 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2010, 38,480,071 shares issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2010 | 13 | 13 | 13 |
| Class B Convertible Common Stock, \$0.0003 1/3 par value; 11,562,500 shares authorized, issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2011, 12,500,000 shares | 4 | 4 | 4 |

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authorized, issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2010 and September 30, 2010

| | | | |
|--------------------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Additional paid-in capital | 256,115 | 224,887 | 213,272 |
| Retained earnings | 333,612 | 270,021 | 247,074 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income | 2,321 | 2,041 | 1,028 |
| Total stockholders' equity | 592,065 | 496,966 | 461,391 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$ 900,138 | \$ 675,378 | \$ 642,863 |

See accompanying notes.

Table of Contents**Under Armour, Inc. and Subsidiaries****Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Income****(In thousands, except per share amounts)**

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|---------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------------|------------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 |
| Net revenues | \$ 465,523 | \$ 328,568 | \$ 1,069,558 | \$ 762,761 |
| Cost of goods sold | 240,422 | 161,196 | 564,627 | 387,832 |
| Gross profit | 225,101 | 167,372 | 504,931 | 374,929 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 150,136 | 110,683 | 397,466 | 297,764 |
| Income from operations | 74,965 | 56,689 | 107,465 | 77,165 |
| Interest expense, net | (1,552) | (542) | (2,428) | (1,668) |
| Other expense, net | (1,193) | (184) | (2,065) | (1,036) |
| Income before income taxes | 72,220 | 55,963 | 102,972 | 74,461 |
| Provision for income taxes | 26,233 | 21,106 | 38,605 | 28,932 |
| Net income | \$ 45,987 | \$ 34,857 | \$ 64,367 | \$ 45,529 |
| Net income available per common share | | | | |
| Basic | \$ 0.89 | \$ 0.68 | \$ 1.25 | \$ 0.90 |
| Diluted | \$ 0.88 | \$ 0.68 | \$ 1.23 | \$ 0.89 |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding | | | | |
| Basic | 51,558 | 50,926 | 51,529 | 50,703 |
| Diluted | 52,528 | 51,168 | 52,477 | 51,047 |

See accompanying notes.

Table of Contents**Under Armour, Inc. and Subsidiaries****Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Stockholders Equity and Comprehensive Income**

(In thousands)

| | Class A Common Stock | | Class B Convertible Common Stock | | Additional Paid-In Capital | Retained Earnings | Unearned Compen- sation | Accum- ulated Other Compre- hensive Income | Compre- hensive Income | Total Stockholders Equity |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------|----------------------------------------|--------|----------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | Shares | Amount | Shares | Amount | | | | | | |
| Balance as of December 31, 2010 | 38,660 | \$ 13 | 12,500 | \$ 4 | \$ 224,887 | \$ 270,021 | \$ | \$ 2,041 | | \$ 496,966 |
| Exercise of stock options | 411 | | | | 8,951 | | | | | 8,951 |
| Shares withheld in consideration of employee tax obligations relative to stock-based compensation arrangements | (12) | | | | | (776) | | | | (776) |
| Issuance of Class A Common Stock, net of forfeitures | 29 | | | | 1,619 | | | | | 1,619 |
| Class B Convertible Common Stock converted to Class A Common Stock | 937 | | (937) | | | | | | | |
| Stock-based compensation expense | | | | | 13,590 | | | | | 13,590 |
| Net excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation arrangements | | | | | 7,068 | | | | | 7,068 |
| Comprehensive income : | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net income | | | | | | 64,367 | | | \$ 64,367 | 64,367 |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment | | | | | | | | 280 | 280 | 280 |
| Comprehensive income | | | | | | | | | \$ 64,647 | |
| Balance as of September 30, 2011 | 40,025 | \$ 13 | 11,563 | \$ 4 | \$ 256,115 | \$ 333,612 | \$ | \$ 2,321 | | \$ 592,065 |
| Balance as of December 31, 2009 | 37,748 | \$ 13 | 12,500 | \$ 4 | \$ 197,342 | \$ 202,188 | \$ (14) | \$ 464 | | \$ 399,997 |
| Exercise of stock options | 640 | | | | 2,909 | | | | | 2,909 |
| Shares withheld in consideration of employee tax obligations relative to stock-based compensation arrangements | (19) | | | | | (643) | | | | (643) |
| Issuance of Class A Common Stock, net of forfeitures | 111 | | | | 888 | | | | | 888 |
| Stock-based compensation expense | | | | | 9,990 | | 14 | | | 10,004 |
| Net excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation arrangements | | | | | 2,143 | | | | | 2,143 |
| Comprehensive income : | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net income | | | | | | 45,529 | | | \$ 45,529 | 45,529 |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment | | | | | | | | 564 | 564 | 564 |
| Comprehensive income | | | | | | | | | \$ 46,093 | |
| Balance as of September 30, 2010 | 38,480 | \$ 13 | 12,500 | \$ 4 | \$ 213,272 | \$ 247,074 | \$ | \$ 1,028 | | \$ 461,391 |

See accompanying notes.

Table of Contents**Under Armour, Inc. and Subsidiaries****Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

(In thousands)

| | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------|
| | 2011 | 2010 |
| Cash flows from operating activities | | |
| Net income | \$ 64,367 | \$ 45,529 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 25,968 | 23,191 |
| Unrealized foreign currency exchange rate losses, net | 3,638 | 4,127 |
| Stock-based compensation | 13,592 | 10,046 |
| Gain on bargain purchase of corporate headquarters (excludes transaction costs of \$1.9 million) | (3,300) | |
| Loss on disposal of property and equipment | 19 | 44 |
| Deferred income taxes | (2,933) | (5,116) |
| Changes in reserves and allowances | 2,934 | (4,077) |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | |
| Accounts receivable | (135,405) | (99,502) |
| Inventories | (106,849) | (44,583) |
| Prepaid expenses and other assets | (23,358) | (5,494) |
| Accounts payable | 18,848 | 21,604 |
| Accrued expenses and other liabilities | 2,770 | 9,899 |
| Income taxes payable and receivable | 13,625 | 12,425 |
| Net cash used in operating activities | (126,084) | (31,907) |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | |
| Purchase of property and equipment | (45,281) | (22,533) |
| Purchase of corporate headquarters and related expenditures | (22,852) | |
| Purchase of trust-owned life insurance policies | (552) | (325) |
| Purchase of long term investment | (3,700) | |
| Purchase of intangible asset | (601) | |
| Change in restricted cash | (4,887) | |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (77,873) | (22,858) |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | |
| Proceeds from revolving credit facility | 30,000 | |
| Proceeds from term loan | 25,000 | |
| Proceeds from long term debt | 5,644 | 5,262 |
| Payments on long term debt | (5,626) | (6,846) |
| Payments on capital lease obligations | | (97) |
| Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation arrangements | 6,957 | 2,594 |
| Payments of deferred financing costs | (2,324) | |
| Proceeds from exercise of stock options and other stock issuances | 10,320 | 3,796 |
| Net cash provided by financing activities | 69,971 | 4,709 |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | (2,025) | (3,305) |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents | (136,011) | (53,361) |

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Cash and cash equivalents

| | | |
|---------------------|-----------|------------|
| Beginning of period | 203,870 | 187,297 |
| End of period | \$ 67,859 | \$ 133,936 |

Non-cash investing and financing activities

| | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|----|
| Debt assumed in connection with purchase of corporate headquarters | \$ 38,556 | \$ |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|----|

See accompanying notes.

Table of Contents**Under Armour, Inc. and Subsidiaries****Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements****1. Description of the Business**

Under Armour, Inc. is a developer, marketer and distributor of branded performance apparel, footwear and accessories. These products are sold worldwide and worn by athletes at all levels, from youth to professional on playing fields around the globe, as well as by consumers with active lifestyles.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies*Basis of Presentation*

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Under Armour, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiaries (the Company). Certain information in footnote disclosures normally included in annual financial statements was condensed or omitted for the interim periods presented in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC) and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim consolidated financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments consisting of normal, recurring adjustments considered necessary for a fair statement of the financial position and results of operations were included. All intercompany balances and transactions were eliminated. The consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2010 is derived from the audited financial statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC for the year ended December 31, 2010 (the 2010 Form 10-K), which should be read in conjunction with these consolidated financial statements. The results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the year ending December 31, 2011 or any other portions thereof.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that subject the Company to a significant concentration of credit risk consist primarily of accounts receivable. The majority of the Company's accounts receivable are due from large sporting goods retailers. Credit is extended based on an evaluation of the customer's financial condition, and generally collateral is not required. The most significant customers that accounted for a large portion of net revenues and accounts receivable were as follows:

| | Customer A | Customer B | Customer C |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Net revenues | | | |
| Nine months ended September 30, 2011 | 19.2% | 8.4% | 6.4% |
| Nine months ended September 30, 2010 | 19.9% | 9.4% | 5.3% |
| Accounts receivable | | | |
| As of September 30, 2011 | 27.2% | 11.2% | 8.8% |
| As of December 31, 2010 | 23.3% | 11.0% | 5.4% |
| As of September 30, 2010 | 23.9% | 11.2% | 5.9% |

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

As of September 30, 2011, December 31, 2010 and September 30, 2010, the allowance for doubtful accounts was \$3.7 million, \$4.9 million and \$4.6 million, respectively.

Shipping and Handling Costs

The Company charges certain customers shipping and handling fees. These fees are recorded in net revenues. The Company includes the majority of outbound handling costs as a component of selling, general and administrative expenses. Outbound handling costs include costs associated with preparing goods to ship to customers and certain costs to operate the Company's distribution facilities. These costs, included within selling, general and administrative expenses, were \$8.0 million and \$5.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and \$18.2 million and \$12.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. The Company includes outbound freight costs associated with shipping goods to customers as a component of cost of goods sold.

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Minority Investment

Beginning in January 2011, the Company has held a minority equity investment in Dome Corporation (Dome), its Japanese licensee. As of September 30, 2011, the carrying value of the Company s investment was \$14.8 million, and was

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included in other long term assets on the consolidated balance sheet. The investment is accounted for under the cost method and is subject to foreign currency translation rate fluctuations as it is held by the Company's European subsidiary.

Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates, including estimates relating to assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In June 2011, the FASB issued an Accounting Standards Update which eliminates the option to report other comprehensive income and its components in the statement of changes in stockholders' equity. It requires an entity to present total comprehensive income, which includes the components of net income and the components of other comprehensive income, either in a single continuous statement or in two separate but consecutive statements. This pronouncement is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2011. The Company believes the adoption of this pronouncement will not have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

In May 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued an Accounting Standards Update which clarifies requirements for how to measure fair value and for disclosing information about fair value measurements common to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and International Financial Reporting Standards. This guidance is effective for interim and annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2011. The Company believes the adoption of this guidance will not have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

3. Inventories

Inventories consisted of the following:

| <i>(In thousands)</i> | September 30, 2011 | December 31, 2010 | September 30, 2010 |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Finished goods | \$ 318,049 | \$ 214,524 | \$ 195,455 |
| Raw materials | 839 | 831 | 698 |
| Work-in-process | | | 17 |
| Total inventories | \$ 318,888 | \$ 215,355 | \$ 196,170 |

4. Acquisitions

In July 2011, the Company acquired approximately 400.0 thousand square feet of office space comprising part of its corporate headquarters for \$60.5 million. The acquisition included land, buildings, building equipment and improvements, and third party lease related intangible assets. Prior to the acquisition, the Company leased approximately 170.0 thousand square feet of the acquired space, and the Company now leases an additional 66.4 thousand square feet. The Company intends to use this space for future expansion of its corporate headquarters. Since the acquisition, the Company has invested \$1.9 million in additional improvements.

The acquisition included the assumption of a \$38.6 million loan secured by the property and the remaining purchase price was paid in cash funded by the \$25.0 million term loan borrowed in May 2011. The carrying value of the assumed loan approximated its fair value on the date of the acquisition. Refer to Note 5 for a discussion of the assumed loan and term loan. A \$1.0 million deposit was paid upon signing the purchase agreement in November 2010.

The aggregate fair value of the acquisition was \$63.8 million. The fair value was estimated using a combination of market, income and cost approaches. The acquisition was accounted for as a business combination, and as such the Company recognized a bargain purchase gain of \$3.3 million as the amount by which the fair value of the net assets acquired exceeded the fair value of the purchase price.

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In connection with this acquisition, the Company incurred acquisition related expenses of approximately \$1.9 million. Both the acquisition related expenses and pre-tax bargain purchase gain were included in selling, general and administrative expenses on the consolidated statements of income during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011. This transaction is not expected to have a material impact to the Company's consolidated statements of income in future periods.

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The Company believes that it was able to negotiate the acquisition of the net assets for less than fair value because the seller marketed the property in a limited manner, and thus the property did not have adequate exposure to the market prior to the measurement date to allow for marketing activities that are usual and customary for real estate transactions. In addition, the Company was the majority tenant immediately prior to the acquisition and was willing and qualified to assume the secured loan. The recorded amounts are provisional and subject to change. The Company continues to evaluate the purchase price allocation, including the opening fair value allocation of property and equipment, and the value of lease related intangible assets.

5. Credit Facility and Long Term Debt*Credit Facility*

In March 2011, the Company entered into a new \$325.0 million credit facility with certain lending institutions and terminated its prior \$200.0 million revolving credit facility in order to increase the Company's available financing and to expand its lending syndicate. The credit facility has a term of four years and provides for a committed revolving credit line of up to \$300.0 million, in addition to a \$25.0 million term loan facility. The commitment amount under the revolving credit facility may be increased by an additional \$50.0 million, subject to certain conditions and approvals as set forth in the credit agreement. The Company incurred and capitalized \$1.6 million in deferred financing costs in connection with the credit facility.

The credit facility may be used for working capital and general corporate purposes and is collateralized by substantially all of the assets of the Company and certain of its domestic subsidiaries (other than their trademarks and the corporate headquarters that the Company purchased in July 2011) and by a pledge of 65% of the equity interests of certain of the Company's foreign subsidiaries. Up to \$5.0 million of the facility may be used to support letters of credit, of which none were outstanding as of September 30, 2011. The Company is required to maintain a certain leverage ratio and interest coverage ratio as set forth in the credit agreement. As of September 30, 2011, the Company was in compliance with these ratios. The credit agreement also provides the lenders with the ability to reduce the borrowing base, even if the Company is in compliance with all conditions of the credit agreement, upon a material adverse change to the business, properties, assets, financial condition or results of operations of the Company. The credit agreement contains a number of restrictions that limit the Company's ability, among other things, and subject to certain limited exceptions, to incur additional indebtedness, pledge its assets as security, guaranty obligations of third parties, make investments, undergo a merger or consolidation, dispose of assets, or materially change its line of business. In addition, the credit agreement includes a cross default provision whereby an event of default under other debt obligations, as defined in the credit agreement, will be considered an event of default under the credit agreement.

Borrowings under the credit facility bear interest based on the daily balance outstanding at LIBOR (with no rate floor) plus an applicable margin (varying from 1.25% to 1.75%) or, in certain cases a base rate (based on a certain lending institution's Prime Rate or as otherwise specified in the credit agreement, with no rate floor) plus an applicable margin (varying from 0.25% to 0.75%). The credit facility also carries a commitment fee equal to the available but unused borrowings multiplied by an applicable margin (varying from 0.25% to 0.35%). The applicable margins are calculated quarterly and vary based on the Company's leverage ratio as set forth in the credit agreement.

Upon entering into the credit facility in March 2011, the Company terminated its prior \$200.0 million revolving credit facility. The prior revolving credit facility was collateralized by substantially all of the Company's assets, other than its trademarks, and included covenants, conditions and other terms similar to the Company's new credit facility.

In May 2011, the Company borrowed \$25.0 million under the term loan facility to finance a portion of the purchase price for the acquisition of part of the Company's corporate headquarters. The interest rate on the term loan was 1.5% during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011. The maturity date of the term loan is March 2015, which is the end of the credit facility term. In addition to the term loan, the Company borrowed \$30.0 million under the revolving credit facility to fund seasonal working capital requirements. The \$30.0 million balance is expected to be fully repaid prior to December 31, 2011. The interest rate under the revolving credit facility was 1.5% during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011. No balances were outstanding under the prior revolving credit facility during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010.

Long Term Debt

The Company has long term debt agreements with various lenders to finance the acquisition or lease of qualifying capital investments. Loans under these agreements are collateralized by a first lien on the related assets acquired. As these agreements are not committed facilities, each advance is subject to approval by the lenders. Additionally, these agreements include a cross default provision whereby an event of default under other debt obligations, including the Company's credit

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facility, will be considered an event of default under these agreements. These agreements require a prepayment fee if the Company pays outstanding amounts ahead of the scheduled terms. The terms of the credit facility limit the total amount of additional financing under these agreements to \$40.0 million, of which \$21.5 million was remaining as of September 30, 2011. At September 30, 2011, December 31, 2010 and September 30, 2010, the outstanding principal balance under these agreements was \$16.1 million, \$15.9 million and \$18.5 million, respectively. Currently, advances under these agreements bear interest rates which are fixed at the time of each advance. The weighted average interest rates on outstanding borrowings were 3.1% and 5.3% for the three months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and 4.2% and 5.7% for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

The Company monitors the financial health and stability of its lenders under the credit and long term debt facilities, however instability in the credit markets could negatively impact lenders and their ability to perform under their facilities.

In July 2011, in connection with the Company's acquisition of a portion of its corporate headquarters, the Company assumed a \$38.6 million nonrecourse loan secured by a mortgage on the acquired property. The acquisition of a portion of the Company's corporate headquarters was accounted for as a business combination, and the carrying value of the loan secured by the acquired property approximates fair value. The assumed loan had an original term of approximately ten years with a scheduled maturity date of March 1, 2013. The loan includes a balloon payment of \$37.3 million due at maturity, and may not be prepaid. The assumed loan is a nonrecourse loan with the lender's remedies for non-performance limited to action against the acquired property and certain required reserves and a cash collateral account, except for nonrecourse carveouts related to fraud, breaches of certain representations, warranties or covenants, including those related to environmental matters, and other standard carveouts for a loan of this type. The loan requires certain minimum cash flows and financial results from the property, and if those requirements are not met, additional reserves may be required. The Company leases approximately 236.0 thousand square feet of the approximately 400.0 thousand square feet of office space on the property through an intercompany lease, and leases the remaining space to third party tenants. The Company will continue to expand and occupy additional space as it becomes available. The assumed loan requires prior approval of the lender for certain matters related to the property, including material leases, changes to property management, transfers of any part of the property and material alterations to the property. The loan has an interest rate of 6.73%. In connection with the assumed loan, the Company incurred and capitalized \$0.8 million in deferred financing costs. As of September 30, 2011, the outstanding balance on the loan was \$38.4 million. In addition, in connection with the assumed loan for the acquisition of its corporate headquarters, the Company was required to set aside \$4.9 million in restricted cash in reserve and cash collateral accounts. As of September 30, 2011, \$1.9 million was included in prepaid expenses and other current assets, and the remaining \$3.0 million was included in other long term assets.

Interest expense was \$1.6 million and \$0.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and \$2.5 million and \$1.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. Interest expense includes the amortization of deferred financing costs and interest expense under the credit and long term debt facilities, as well as the assumed loan discussed above.

6. Commitments and Contingencies

In July 2011, in connection with the acquisition of part of its corporate headquarters, the Company assumed a \$38.6 million loan secured by the acquired property. The remaining purchase price was funded through a \$25.0 million term loan. Refer to Note 5 for a discussion of the assumed loan and term loan.

There were no additional significant changes to the contractual obligations reported in the 2010 Form 10-K other than those which occur in the normal course of business.

7. Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (an exit price). The fair value accounting guidance outlines a valuation framework, creates a fair value hierarchy in order to increase the consistency and comparability of fair value measurements and the related disclosures, and prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value as follows:

Level 1: Observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets;

Level 2: Inputs, other than quoted prices in active markets, that are observable either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for which there is little or no market data, which require the reporting entity to develop its own assumptions.

Financial assets and (liabilities) measured at fair value as of September 30, 2011 are set forth in the table below:

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| <i>(In thousands)</i> | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| Derivative foreign currency forward contracts (refer to Note 9) | \$ | \$ 504 | \$ |
| Trust owned life insurance policies (TOLI) held by the Rabbi Trust | | 3,756 | |
| Deferred Compensation Plan obligations | | (3,233) | |

Fair values of the financial assets and liabilities listed above are determined using inputs that use as their basis readily observable market data that are actively quoted and are validated through external sources, including third party pricing services and brokers. The foreign currency forward contracts represent gains and losses on derivative contracts, which are the net difference between the currency to be received or paid at each contract's settlement date and the value of the foreign currency to be sold or purchased at the current forward exchange rate. The fair value of the TOLI held by the Rabbi Trust is based on the cash-surrender value of the life insurance policies, which are invested primarily in mutual funds and a separately managed fixed income fund. These investments are in the same funds and purchased in substantially the same amounts as the selected investments of participants in the Deferred Compensation Plan, which represent the underlying liabilities to participants in this plan. Obligations under the Deferred Compensation Plan are recorded at amounts due to participants, based on the fair value of participants' selected investments.

8. Stock-Based Compensation

In February 2011, 0.3 million performance-based restricted stock units were awarded to certain executives and key employees under the 2005 Amended and Restated Omnibus Long-Term Incentive Plan. The performance-based restricted stock units have vesting that is tied to the achievement of a certain combined annual operating income target for 2012 and 2013. Upon the achievement of the combined operating income target, 50% of the restricted stock units will vest on February 15, 2014 and the remaining 50% will vest on February 15, 2015. If certain lower levels of combined operating income for 2012 and 2013 are achieved, fewer or no restricted stock units will vest at that time and one year later, and the remaining restricted stock units will be forfeited. As of September 30, 2011, the Company had not begun recording stock-based compensation expense for these performance-based restricted stock units as the Company determined the achievement of the combined operating income targets was not probable. The Company will assess the probability of the achievement of the operating income targets at the end of each reporting period. If it becomes probable that the performance targets related to these performance-based restricted stock units will be achieved, a cumulative adjustment will be recorded as if ratable stock-based compensation expense had been recorded since the grant date. Additional stock based compensation of up to \$3.8 million would have been recorded through September 30, 2011 for these performance-based restricted stock units had the achievement of these operating income targets been deemed probable.

As of September 30, 2011, the Company has recorded stock-based compensation expense for all of the performance-based stock options granted during 2010 as the Company determined the achievement of certain combined operating income targets for 2011 and 2012 was probable. During the three months ended September 30, 2011, a cumulative adjustment of \$2.1 million was recorded as if ratable stock-based compensation had been recorded since the grant date.

9. Foreign Currency Risk Management and Derivatives

The Company is exposed to gains and losses resulting from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates relating to transactions generated by its international subsidiaries in currencies other than their local currencies. These gains and losses are primarily driven by intercompany transactions. From time to time, the Company may elect to enter into foreign currency forward contracts to reduce the risk associated with foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations on intercompany transactions and projected inventory purchases for its European and Canadian subsidiaries. In addition, the Company may elect to enter into foreign currency forward contracts to reduce the risk associated with foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations on Pound Sterling denominated balance sheet items.

As of September 30, 2011, the notional value of the Company's outstanding foreign currency forward contracts used to mitigate the foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations on its Canadian subsidiary's intercompany transactions was \$79.5 million with contract maturities of 1 month. As of September 30, 2011, the notional value of the Company's outstanding foreign currency forward contracts used to mitigate the foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations on its European subsidiary's intercompany transactions was \$48.0 million with contract maturities of 1 month. As of September 30, 2011, the notional value of the Company's outstanding foreign currency forward contract used to mitigate the foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations on Pounds Sterling denominated balance sheet items was \$3.5 million, or \$4.6 million, with a contract maturity of 1 month. The foreign currency forward contracts are not designated as cash flow hedges, and accordingly, changes in their fair value are recorded in other expense, net. As of September 30, 2011, the fair values of the Company's foreign currency forward contracts were assets of \$0.5 million, and were included in prepaid expenses and other current assets on the consolidated balance sheet. As of December 31, 2010 and September 30, 2010, the fair values of the Company's foreign currency forward contracts were liabilities of \$0.6 million and \$0.3 million, respectively, and were

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included in accrued expenses on the consolidated balance sheets. Refer to Note 7 for a discussion of the fair value measurements. Included in other expense, net were the following amounts related to changes in foreign currency exchange rates and derivative foreign currency forward contracts:

| <i>(In thousands)</i> | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------------|-------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 |
| Unrealized foreign currency exchange rate gains (losses) | \$ (6,622) | \$ 6,015 | \$ (3,638) | \$ (4,127) |
| Realized foreign currency exchange rate gains | 66 | 325 | 388 | 1,107 |
| Unrealized derivative gains (losses) | 1,654 | (920) | 1,149 | (613) |
| Realized derivative gains (losses) | 3,709 | (5,604) | 36 | 2,597 |

The Company enters into foreign currency forward contracts with major financial institutions with investment grade credit ratings and is exposed to credit losses in the event of non-performance by these financial institutions. This credit risk is generally limited to the unrealized gains in the foreign currency forward contracts. However, the Company monitors the credit quality of these financial institutions and considers the risk of counterparty default to be minimal.

10. Provision for Income Taxes

The Company recorded \$26.2 million and \$21.1 million of income tax expense for the three months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and \$38.6 million and \$28.9 million of income tax expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

As of September 30, 2011, the Company had \$11.4 million in deferred tax assets associated with foreign net operating loss carryforwards for its European subsidiary which will begin to expire in 4 to 9 years. During 2010, the Company recorded a valuation allowance against a portion of this foreign net operating loss carryforward. As of September 30, 2011, the Company believed it was more likely than not that the full amount of the foreign net operating loss carryforwards would be realized due to favorable developments in the Company's ongoing tax planning strategies. As a result the Company has reversed the valuation allowance resulting in a decrease of \$1.8 million to income tax expense for the three and nine months ending September 30, 2011. Although realization of these foreign net operating loss carryforwards is not assured, the Company believes it is more likely than not that the full \$11.4 million will be realized. This realizable amount could be decreased if future taxable income during the carryforward periods is increased or reduced.

The effective rates for income taxes were 37.5% and 38.9% for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. The effective tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 was lower than the effective tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 primarily due to the reversal of the valuation allowance discussed above. The Company's annual 2011 effective tax rate is expected to be approximately 38.4%.

Table of Contents**11. Earnings per Share**

The following represents a reconciliation from basic earnings per share to diluted earnings per share:

| <i>(In thousands, except per share amounts)</i> | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|-----------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 |
| Numerator | | | | |
| Net income | \$ 45,987 | \$ 34,857 | \$ 64,367 | \$ 45,529 |
| Net income attributable to participating securities | (230) | (279) | (451) | (410) |
| Net income available to common shareholders (1) | \$ 45,757 | \$ 34,578 | \$ 63,916 | \$ 45,119 |
| Denominator | | | | |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding | 51,290 | 50,507 | 51,154 | 50,271 |
| Effect of dilutive securities | 970 | 242 | 948 | 344 |
| Weighted average common shares and dilutive securities outstanding | 52,260 | 50,749 | 52,102 | 50,615 |
| Earnings per share - basic | \$ 0.89 | \$ 0.68 | \$ 1.25 | \$ 0.90 |
| Earnings per share - diluted | \$ 0.88 | \$ 0.68 | \$ 1.23 | \$ 0.89 |
| (1) Basic weighted average common shares outstanding | 51,290 | 50,507 | 51,154 | 50,271 |
| Basic weighted average common shares outstanding and participating securities | 51,558 | 50,926 | 51,529 | 50,703 |
| Percentage allocated to common stockholders | 99.5% | 99.2% | 99.3% | 99.1% |

Effects of potentially dilutive securities are presented only in periods in which they are dilutive. Stock options representing 46.5 thousand and 755.2 thousand shares of common stock outstanding for the three months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, were excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share because their effect would have been anti-dilutive. Stock options and restricted stock units representing 58.7 thousand shares of common stock outstanding for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, and stock options, restricted stock units and warrants representing 1.1 million shares of common stock outstanding for the nine months ended September 30, 2010, were excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share because their effect would have been anti-dilutive.

12. Segment Data and Related Information

The Company's operating segments are based on how the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) makes decisions about allocating resources and assessing performance. As such, the CODM receives discrete financial information by geographic region based on the Company's strategy to become a global brand. These geographic regions include North America; Latin America; Europe, the Middle East and Africa (EMEA); and Asia. The Company's operating segments are based on these geographic regions. Each geographic segment operates exclusively in one industry: the development, marketing and distribution of branded performance apparel, footwear and accessories. Due to the insignificance of the EMEA, Latin America and Asia operating segments, they have been combined into other foreign countries for disclosure purposes.

The geographic distribution of the Company's net revenues, operating income and total assets are summarized in the following tables based on the location of its customers and operations. Net revenues represent sales to external customers for each segment. In addition to net revenues, operating income is a primary financial measure used by the Company to evaluate performance of each segment. Intercompany balances were eliminated for separate disclosure and corporate expenses from North America have not been allocated to other foreign countries.

| <i>(In thousands)</i> | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|------|------------------------------------|------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 |

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| | | | | |
|-------------------------|------------|------------|--------------|------------|
| Net revenues | | | | |
| North America | \$ 432,675 | \$ 307,226 | \$ 1,006,194 | \$ 718,992 |
| Other foreign countries | 32,848 | 21,342 | 63,364 | 43,769 |
| Total net revenues | \$ 465,523 | \$ 328,568 | \$ 1,069,558 | \$ 762,761 |

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| <i>(In thousands)</i> | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | September 30, 2011 | September 30, 2010 | September 30, 2011 | September 30, 2010 |
| Operating income | | | | |
| North America | \$ 69,618 | \$ 52,342 | \$ 100,829 | \$ 71,316 |
| Other foreign countries | 5,347 | 4,347 | 6,636 | 5,849 |
| Total operating income | 74,965 | 56,689 | 107,465 | 77,165 |
| Interest expense, net | (1,552) | (542) | (2,428) | (1,668) |
| Other expense, net | (1,193) | (184) | (2,065) | (1,036) |
| Income before income taxes | \$ 72,220 | \$ 55,963 | \$ 102,972 | \$ 74,461 |

| <i>(In thousands)</i> | September 30, 2011 | December 31, 2010 | September 30, 2010 |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Total assets | | | |
| North America | \$ 831,232 | \$ 613,515 | \$ 591,797 |
| Other foreign countries | 68,906 | 61,863 | 51,066 |
| Total assets | \$ 900,138 | \$ 675,378 | \$ 642,863 |

Net revenues by product category are as follows:

| <i>(In thousands)</i> | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | September 30, 2011 | September 30, 2010 | September 30, 2011 | September 30, 2010 |
| Apparel | \$ 363,383 | \$ 276,666 | \$ 798,646 | \$ 599,507 |
| Footwear | 52,034 | 26,458 | 150,355 | 105,236 |
| Accessories | 39,672 | 12,755 | 95,602 | 29,130 |
| Total net sales | 455,089 | 315,879 | 1,044,603 | 733,873 |
| License revenues | 10,434 | 12,689 | 24,955 | 28,888 |
| Total net revenues | \$ 465,523 | \$ 328,568 | \$ 1,069,558 | \$ 762,761 |

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Forward-Looking Statements

Some of the statements contained in this Form 10-Q and the documents incorporated herein by reference (if any) constitute forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements relate to expectations, beliefs, projections, future plans and strategies, anticipated events or trends and similar expressions concerning matters that are not historical facts, such as statements regarding our future financial condition or results of operations, our prospects and strategies for future growth, the development and introduction of new products, and the implementation of our marketing and branding strategies. In many cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terms such as may, will, should, expects, plans, anticipates, believes, estimates, predicts, outlook, potential, the negative of these terms or other comparable terminology.

The forward-looking statements contained in this Form 10-Q and the documents incorporated herein by reference (if any) reflect our current views about future events and are subject to risks, uncertainties, assumptions and changes in circumstances that may cause events or our actual activities or results to differ significantly from those expressed in any forward-looking statement. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future events, results, actions, levels of activity, performance or achievements. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. A number of important factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those indicated by these forward-looking statements, including, but not limited to, those factors described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) (our 2010 Form 10-K) or in this Form 10-Q under Risk Factors , if included herein, and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (MD&A). These factors include without limitation:

changes in general economic or market conditions that could affect consumer spending and the financial health of our retail customers;

our ability to effectively manage our growth and a more complex business;

our ability to effectively develop and launch new, innovative and updated products;

our ability to accurately forecast consumer demand for our products and manage our inventory in response to changing demands;

increased competition causing us to reduce the prices of our products or to increase significantly our marketing efforts in order to avoid losing market share;

fluctuations in the costs of our products;

loss of key suppliers or manufacturers or failure of our suppliers or manufacturers to produce or deliver our products in a timely or cost-effective manner;

changes in consumer preferences or the reduction in demand for performance apparel, footwear and other products;

our ability to accurately anticipate and respond to seasonal or quarterly fluctuations in our operating results;

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our ability to effectively market and maintain a positive brand image;

the availability, integration and effective operation of management information systems and other technology; and

our ability to attract and maintain the services of our senior management and key employees.

The forward-looking statements contained in this Form 10-Q reflect our views and assumptions only as of the date of this Form 10-Q. We undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which the statement is made or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

Overview

We are a leading developer, marketer and distributor of branded performance apparel, footwear and accessories. The brand's moisture-wicking fabrications are engineered in many different designs and styles for wear in nearly every climate to provide a performance alternative to traditional products. Our products are sold worldwide and worn by athletes at all levels, from youth to professional, on playing fields around the globe, as well as by consumers with active lifestyles.

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We are a growth company as evidenced by the increase in net revenues to \$1,063.9 million in 2010 from \$430.7 million in 2006. We reported net revenues of \$1,069.6 million for the first nine months of 2011, which represented a 40.2% increase from the first nine months of 2010. We believe that our growth in net revenues has been driven by a growing interest in performance products and the strength of the Under Armour brand in the marketplace. We plan to continue to increase our net revenues over the long term by increased sales of our apparel, footwear and accessories, expansion of our wholesale distribution sales channel, growth in our direct to consumer sales channel and expansion in international markets. Our direct to consumer sales channel includes our factory house and specialty stores, website and catalog. New offerings for 2011 include hats and bags, as well as Charged Cotton® products.

Our products are currently offered in approximately twenty five thousand retail stores worldwide. A large majority of our products are sold in North America; however, we believe our products appeal to athletes and consumers with active lifestyles around the globe. Outside of North America, our products are offered primarily in Austria, France, Germany, Ireland and the United Kingdom, as well as in Japan through a licensee, and through distributors located in other foreign countries. We hold a minority investment in our licensee in Japan.

Our operating segments are geographic and include North America; Latin America; Europe, the Middle East and Africa (EMEA); and Asia. Due to the insignificance of the EMEA, Latin America and Asia operating segments, they have been combined into other foreign countries for disclosure purposes.

General

Net revenues comprise both net sales and license revenues. Net sales comprise sales from our primary product categories, which are apparel, footwear and accessories. Our license revenues consist of fees paid to us by our licensees in exchange for the use of our trademarks on core products of socks, eyewear, custom-molded mouth guards, other accessories and team uniforms, as well as the distribution of our products in Japan. Prior to 2011, hats and bags were sold by a licensee. We expect our net revenues to increase by \$65 million to \$70 million from 2010 to 2011 as a result of developing our own hats and bags, which includes an increase in accessories revenues and a decrease in our license revenues in 2011. In addition, we expect the related cost of goods sold to increase.

Cost of goods sold consists primarily of product costs, inbound freight and duty costs, outbound freight costs, handling costs to make products floor-ready to customer specifications, royalty payments to endorsers based on a predetermined percentage of sales of selected products and write downs for inventory obsolescence. The fabrics in many of our products are made of petroleum-based synthetic materials. Therefore our product costs, as well as our inbound and outbound freight costs, could be affected by long term pricing trends of oil. In general, as a percentage of net revenues, we expect cost of goods sold associated with our apparel and accessories to be lower than that of our footwear. No cost of goods sold is associated with license revenues.

We include outbound freight costs associated with shipping goods to customers as cost of goods sold; however, we include the majority of outbound handling costs as a component of selling, general and administrative expenses. As a result, our gross profit may not be comparable to that of other companies that include outbound handling costs in their cost of goods sold. Outbound handling costs include costs associated with preparing goods to ship to customers and certain costs to operate our distribution facilities. These costs were \$8.0 million and \$5.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and \$18.2 million and \$12.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Our selling, general and administrative expenses consist of costs related to marketing, selling, product innovation and supply chain and corporate services. Personnel costs are included in these categories based on the employees' function. Personnel costs include salaries, benefits, incentives and stock-based compensation related to the employee. Our marketing costs are an important driver of our growth. Marketing costs consist primarily of commercials, print ads, league, team, player and event sponsorships, amortization of footwear promotional rights and depreciation expense specific to our in-store fixture program. In addition, marketing costs include costs associated with our Special Make-Up Shop (SMU Shop) located at one of our distribution facilities where we manufacture a limited number of products primarily for our league, team, player and event sponsorships. Selling costs consist primarily of costs relating to sales through our wholesale channel, commissions paid to third parties and the majority of our direct to consumer sales channel costs, including the cost of factory house and specialty store leases. Product innovation and supply chain costs include our apparel, footwear and accessories product innovation, sourcing and development costs, distribution facility operating costs, and costs relating to our Hong Kong and Guangzhou, China offices which help support manufacturing, quality assurance and sourcing efforts. Corporate services primarily consist of corporate facility operating costs and company-wide administrative expenses.

Other expense, net consists of unrealized and realized gains and losses on our derivative financial instruments and unrealized and realized gains and losses on adjustments that arise from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates relating to transactions generated by our international subsidiaries.

Table of Contents**Results of Operations**

The following table sets forth key components of our results of operations for the periods indicated, both in dollars and as a percentage of net revenues:

| <i>(In thousands)</i> | \$1,069,558 | | \$1,069,558 | |
|----------------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
| | September 30, | | September 30, | |
| | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 |
| Net revenues | \$ 465,523 | \$ 328,568 | \$ 1,069,558 | \$ 762,761 |
| Cost of goods sold | 240,422 | 161,196 | 564,627 | 387,832 |
| Gross profit | 225,101 | 167,372 | 504,931 | 374,929 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 150,136 | 110,683 | 397,466 | 297,764 |
| Income from operations | 74,965 | 56,689 | 107,465 | 77,165 |
| Interest expense, net | (1,552) | (542) | (2,428) | (1,668) |
| Other expense, net | (1,193) | (184) | (2,065) | (1,036) |
| Income before income taxes | 72,220 | 55,963 | 102,972 | 74,461 |
| Provision for income taxes | 26,233 | 21,106 | 38,605 | 28,932 |
| Net income | \$ 45,987 | \$ 34,857 | \$ 64,367 | \$ 45,529 |

| <i>(As a percentage of net revenues)</i> | \$1,069,558 | | \$1,069,558 | |
|----------------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
| | September 30, | | September 30, | |
| | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 |
| Net revenues | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% |
| Cost of goods sold | 51.6 | 49.1 | 52.8 | 50.8 |
| Gross profit | 48.4 | 50.9 | 47.2 | 49.2 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 32.3 | 33.6 | 37.2 | 39.1 |
| Income from operations | 16.1 | 17.3 | 10.0 | 10.1 |
| Interest expense, net | (0.3) | (0.2) | (0.2) | (0.2) |
| Other expense, net | (0.3) | (0.1) | (0.2) | (0.1) |
| Income before income taxes | 15.5 | 17.0 | 9.6 | 9.8 |
| Provision for income taxes | 5.6 | 6.4 | 3.6 | 3.8 |
| Net income | 9.9% | 10.6% | 6.0% | 6.0% |

Consolidated Results of Operations**Three Months Ended September 30, 2011 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2010**

Net revenues increased \$136.9 million, or 41.7%, to \$465.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011 from \$328.6 million for the same period in 2010. Net revenues by product category are summarized below:

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| <i>(In thousands)</i> | Three Months Ended September 30, | | | |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|------------|------------|----------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | \$ Change | % Change |
| Apparel | \$ 363,383 | \$ 276,666 | \$ 86,717 | 31.3% |
| Footwear | 52,034 | 26,458 | 25,576 | 96.7 |
| Accessories | 39,672 | 12,755 | 26,917 | 211.0 |
| Total net sales | 455,089 | 315,879 | 139,210 | 44.1 |
| License revenues | 10,434 | 12,689 | (2,255) | (17.8) |
| Total net revenues | \$ 465,523 | \$ 328,568 | \$ 136,955 | 41.7% |

Net sales increased \$139.2 million, or 44.1%, to \$455.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011 from \$315.9 million during the same period in 2010 as noted in the table above. The increase in net sales primarily reflects:

\$44.0 million, or 73.0%, increase in direct to consumer sales, which includes 26 additional stores, or a 52% increase, since September 30, 2010;

unit growth driven by increased distribution and new offerings in multiple product categories, most significantly in our training (including the new Charged Cotton® product), hunting, base layer, graphics (primarily Tech-Tees), basketball and golf apparel categories, along with running and basketball shoes; and

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\$26.9 million, or 211.0%, increase in wholesale accessories sales due to bringing hats and bags sales in-house effective January 1, 2011.

License revenues decreased \$2.3 million, or 17.8%, to \$10.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011 from \$12.7 million during the same period in 2010. This decrease in license revenues was a result of a \$3.5 million reduction in license revenues related to hats and bags, partially offset by increased sales by our licensees due to increased distribution and continued unit volume growth.

Gross profit increased \$57.7 million to \$225.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011 from \$167.4 million for the same period in 2010. Gross profit as a percentage of net revenues, or gross margin, decreased 250 basis points to 48.4% for the three months ended September 30, 2011 compared to 50.9% during the same period in 2010. The decrease in gross margin percentage was primarily driven by the following:

less favorable North American apparel sales product mix and input costs, accounting for an approximate 140 basis point decrease;

decrease in license revenues due to bringing hats and bags sales in-house effective January 1, 2011, accounting for an approximate 70 basis point decrease; and

impact of favorable inventory reserve reductions in the prior year, partially offset by decreased discounts and apparel sales allowance reserves, accounting for an approximate 40 basis point decrease.

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$39.4 million to \$150.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011 from \$110.7 million for the same period in 2010. As a percentage of net revenues, selling, general and administrative expenses decreased to 32.3% for the three months ended September 30, 2011 from 33.6% for the same period in 2010. These changes were primarily attributable to the following:

Marketing costs increased \$12.4 million to \$48.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011 from \$36.0 million for the same period in 2010 primarily due to increased television and digital campaign costs, including media campaigns for specific customers, and sponsorships of professional teams, athletes and events. As a percentage of net revenues, marketing costs decreased to 10.4% for the three months ended September 30, 2011 from 10.9% for the same period in 2010 primarily due to the 41.7% increase in net revenues in the three months ended September 30, 2011 as compared to the same period in 2010, partially offset by increased investments in television campaigns.

Selling costs increased \$13.1 million to \$36.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011 from \$23.3 million for the same period in 2010. This increase was primarily due to higher personnel and other costs incurred for the continued expansion of our direct to consumer distribution channel and higher selling personnel costs. As a percentage of net revenues, selling costs increased to 7.9% for the three months ended September 30, 2011 from 7.1% for the same period in 2010 primarily due to higher personnel and other costs incurred for the continued expansion of our direct to consumer distribution channel.

Product innovation and supply chain costs increased \$10.6 million to \$35.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011 from \$25.3 million for the same period in 2010 primarily due to higher distribution facilities operating and personnel costs to support our growth in net revenues and higher personnel costs for the design and sourcing of our expanding apparel, footwear and accessory lines. As a percentage of net revenues, product innovation and supply chain costs remained unchanged at 7.7% for the three months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010.

Corporate services costs increased \$3.3 million to \$29.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011 from \$26.1 million for the same period in 2010. This increase was attributable primarily to higher corporate personnel and information technology initiatives necessary to support our growth. As a percentage of net revenues, corporate services costs decreased to 6.3% for the three months ended September 30, 2011 from 7.9% for the same period in 2010 primarily due to decreased personnel costs as a percentage

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of net revenues as well as the net impact of the acquisition of a portion of our corporate headquarters.

Income from operations increased \$18.3 million, or 32.2%, to \$75.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011 from \$56.7 million for the same period in 2010. Income from operations as a percentage of net revenues decreased to 16.1% for the three months ended September 30, 2011 from 17.3% for the same period in 2010. This decrease was a result of the items discussed above.

Interest expense, net increased \$1.1 million to \$1.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011 from \$0.5 million for the same period in 2010. This increase was primarily due to the assumed loan for the acquisition of our corporate headquarters.

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Other expense, net increased \$1.0 million to \$1.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011 from \$0.2 million for the same period in 2010. This increase was due to higher net losses on the combined foreign currency exchange rate changes on transactions denominated in foreign currencies and our derivative financial instruments as compared to the same period in 2010.

Provision for income taxes increased \$5.1 million to \$26.2 million during the three months ended September 30, 2011 from \$21.1 million during the same period in 2010. For the three months ended September 30, 2011, our effective tax rate was 36.3% compared to 37.7% for the same period in 2010. The effective tax rate for the three months ended September 30, 2011 was lower than the effective tax rate for the three months ended September 30, 2010 primarily due to the reversal of a valuation allowance recorded in 2010 against a portion of our deferred tax assets related to foreign net operating loss carryforwards due to favorable developments in our ongoing tax planning strategies. Our annual 2011 effective tax rate is projected to be approximately 38.4%.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2011 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010

Net revenues increased \$306.8 million, or 40.2%, to \$1,069.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 from \$762.8 million for the same period in 2010. Net revenues by product category are summarized below:

| <i>(In thousands)</i> | Nine months ended September 30, | | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|------------|------------|----------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | \$ Change | % Change |
| Apparel | \$ 798,646 | \$ 599,507 | \$ 199,139 | 33.2% |
| Footwear | 150,355 | 105,236 | 45,119 | 42.9 |
| Accessories | 95,602 | 29,130 | 66,472 | 228.2 |
| Total net sales | 1,044,603 | 733,873 | 310,730 | 42.3 |
| License revenues | 24,955 | 28,888 | (3,933) | (13.6) |
| Total net revenues | \$ 1,069,558 | \$ 762,761 | \$ 306,797 | 40.2% |

Net sales increased \$310.7 million, or 42.3%, to \$1,044.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 from \$733.9 million during the same period in 2010 as noted in the table above. The increase in net sales primarily reflects:

\$102.0 million, or 70.5%, increase in direct to consumer sales, which includes 26 additional stores, or a 52% increase, since September 30, 2010;

unit growth driven by increased distribution and new offerings in multiple product categories, most significantly in our training (including the new Charged Cotton[®] product), base layer, graphics (primarily Tech-Tees), golf, running and hunting apparel categories, along with running and basketball shoes; and

\$66.5 million, or 228.2%, increase in wholesale accessories sales due to bringing hats and bags sales in-house effective January 1, 2011.

License revenues decreased \$3.9 million, or 13.6%, to \$25.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 from \$28.9 million during the same period in 2010. This decrease in license revenues was a result of a \$7.8 million reduction in license revenues related to hats and bags, partially offset by increased sales by our licensees due to increased distribution and continued unit volume growth.

Gross profit increased \$130.0 million to \$504.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 from \$374.9 million for the same period in 2010. Gross profit as a percentage of net revenues, or gross margin, decreased 200 basis points to 47.2% for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 compared to 49.2% during the same period in 2010. The decrease in gross margin percentage was primarily driven by the following:

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less favorable North American apparel sales product mix and input costs, accounting for an approximate 130 basis point decrease; and

decrease in license revenues due to bringing hats and bags sales in-house effective January 1, 2011, accounting for an approximate 60 basis point decrease.

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$99.7 million to \$397.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 from \$297.8 million for the same period in 2010. As a percentage of net revenues, selling, general and administrative expenses decreased to 37.2% for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 from 39.1% for the same period in 2010. These changes were primarily attributable to the following:

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Marketing costs increased \$29.3 million to \$124.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 from \$94.7 million for the same period in 2010 primarily due to increased sponsorships of events and collegiate and professional teams and athletes, increased television and digital campaign costs, including media campaigns for specific customers and additional personnel costs. As a percentage of net revenues, marketing costs decreased to 11.6% for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 from 12.4% for the same period in 2010 primarily due to decreased sponsorships of collegiate and professional teams and decreased marketing costs for specific customers as a percentage of net revenues.

Selling costs increased \$30.8 million to \$95.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 from \$64.2 million for the same period in 2010. This increase was primarily due to higher personnel and other costs incurred for the continued expansion of our direct to consumer distribution channel and higher selling personnel costs. As a percentage of net revenues, selling costs increased to 8.9% for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 from 8.5% for the same period in 2010 primarily due to higher personnel and other costs incurred for the continued expansion of our factory house stores.

Product innovation and supply chain costs increased \$26.7 million to \$96.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 from \$69.5 million for the same period in 2010 primarily due to higher distribution facilities operating and personnel costs to support our growth in net revenues and higher personnel costs for the design and sourcing of our expanding apparel, footwear and accessory lines. As a percentage of net revenues, product innovation and supply chain costs decreased slightly to 9.0% for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 from 9.1% for the same period in 2010.

Corporate services costs increased \$12.9 million to \$82.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 from \$69.4 million for the same period in 2010. This increase was attributable primarily to higher corporate personnel and facility costs and information technology initiatives necessary to support our growth. As a percentage of net revenues, corporate services costs decreased to 7.7% for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 from 9.1% for the same period in 2010 primarily due to the items noted above.

Income from operations increased \$30.3 million, or 39.3%, to \$107.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 from \$77.2 million for the same period in 2010. Income from operations as a percentage of net revenues decreased slightly to 10.0% for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 from 10.1% for the same period in 2010. This decrease was a result of the items discussed above.

Interest expense, net increased \$0.7 million to \$2.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 from \$1.7 million for the same period in 2010. This increase was primarily due to the assumed loan for the acquisition of our corporate headquarters.

Other expense, net increased \$1.1 million to \$2.1 million for the nine months ending September 30, 2011 from \$1.0 million for the same period in 2010. This increase was due to higher net losses on the combined foreign currency exchange rate changes on transactions denominated in foreign currencies and our derivative financial instruments as compared to the same period in 2010.

Provision for income taxes increased \$9.7 million to \$38.6 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2011 from \$28.9 million during the same period in 2010. For the nine months ended September 30, 2011, our effective tax rate was 37.5% compared to 38.9% for the same period in 2010. The effective tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 was lower than the effective tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 primarily due to the reversal of a valuation allowance recorded in 2010 against a portion of our deferred tax assets related to foreign net operating loss carryforwards due to favorable developments in our ongoing tax planning strategies. Our annual 2011 effective tax rate is expected to be approximately 38.4%.

Segment Results of Operations**Three Months Ended September 30, 2011 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2010**

Net revenues by geographic region are summarized below:

| <i>(In thousands)</i> | Three Months Ended September 30, | | | |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|------------|------------|----------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | \$ Change | % Change |
| North America | \$ 432,675 | \$ 307,226 | \$ 125,449 | 40.8% |

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| | | | | |
|-------------------------|------------|------------|------------|-------|
| Other foreign countries | 32,848 | 21,342 | 11,506 | 53.9 |
| Total net revenues | \$ 465,523 | \$ 328,568 | \$ 136,955 | 41.7% |

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Net revenues in our North American operating segment increased \$125.5 million to \$432.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011 from \$307.2 million for the same period in 2010 primarily due to the items discussed above in the Consolidated Results of Operations. Net revenues in other foreign countries increased \$11.5 million to \$32.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011 from \$21.3 million for the same period in 2010 primarily due to footwear shipments to our Japanese licensee, as well as unit sales growth to our distributors in our Latin American operating segment and increased unit sales growth in our EMEA operating segment.

Operating income by geographic region is summarized below:

| | \$1,069,558 | \$1,069,558 | \$1,069,558 | \$1,069,558 |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-------------|------------------|-----------------|
| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | | |
| <i>(In thousands)</i> | 2011 | 2010 | \$ Change | % Change |
| North America | \$ 69,618 | \$ 52,342 | \$ 17,276 | 33.0% |
| Other foreign countries | 5,347 | 4,347 | 1,000 | 23.0 |