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BOTTOMLINE TECHNOLOGIES INC /DE/ Form 424B2 December 05, 2012 Table of Contents

> Filed pursuant to Rule 424(b)(2) Registration No. 333-175582

The information in this preliminary prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus is not complete and may be changed. A registration statement relating to the notes has become effective under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. This preliminary prospectus supplement is not an offer to sell the notes and it is not soliciting an offer to buy the notes in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted.

Subject to completion, dated December 5, 2012

Preliminary prospectus supplement

(To prospectus dated July 15, 2011)

\$150,000,000

BOTTOMLINE TECHNOLOGIES (de), INC.

% Convertible Senior Notes due 2017

We are offering \$150,000,000 principal amount of our % Convertible Senior Notes due 2017. The notes will bear interest at a rate of % per year, payable semiannually in arrears on June 1 and December 1 of each year, beginning on June 1, 2013. The notes will mature on December 1, 2017.

Holders may convert their notes at their option at any time prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding June 1, 2017 only under the following circumstances: (1) during any calendar quarter commencing after the calendar quarter ending on March 31, 2013 (and only during such calendar quarter), if the last reported sale price of our common stock for at least 20 trading days (whether or not consecutive) during a period of 30 consecutive trading days ending on the last trading day of the immediately preceding calendar quarter is greater than or equal to 130% of the conversion price on each applicable trading day; (2) during the five business day period after any five consecutive trading day period, or the measurement period, in which the trading price per \$1,000 principal amount of notes for each trading day of the measurement period was less than 98% of the product of the last reported sale price of our common stock and the conversion rate on each trading day; or (3) upon the occurrence of specified corporate events. On or after June 1, 2017 until the close of business on the second scheduled trading day immediately preceding the maturity date of December 1, 2017, holders may convert their notes at any time, whether or not any of the foregoing circumstances has occurred.

Upon conversion, we will pay cash up to the aggregate principal amount of the notes to be converted and pay or deliver, as the case may be, cash, shares of our common stock or a combination of cash and shares of our common stock, at our election, in respect of the remainder, if any, of our conversion obligation in excess of the aggregate principal amount of the notes being converted, as described in this prospectus supplement, except that prior to our receipt of stockholder approval to increase the authorized shares of our common stock as described herein, we will settle our conversion obligation solely in cash.

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The conversion rate for the notes will initially be shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of notes (equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$ per share of our common stock). The conversion rate will be subject to adjustment upon the occurrence of certain events but will not be adjusted for any accrued and unpaid interest. In addition, following certain corporate events that occur prior to the maturity date, we will increase the conversion rate for a holder who elects to convert its notes in connection with such a corporate event in certain circumstances.

We may not redeem the notes prior to the maturity date of December 1, 2017, and no sinking fund is provided for the notes.

If we undergo a fundamental change, as described herein, holders may require us to repurchase for cash all or part of their notes at a repurchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the notes to be repurchased, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the fundamental change repurchase date.

The notes will be our senior unsecured obligations and will rank senior in right of payment to any of our future indebtedness that is expressly subordinated in right of payment to the notes; equal in right of payment to any of our existing or future unsecured indebtedness that is not so subordinated; effectively junior in right of payment to any of our secured indebtedness to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness; and structurally junior to all existing and future indebtedness and other liabilities (including trade payables) of our subsidiaries.

We do not intend to apply to list the notes on any securities exchange or any automated dealer quotation system. Our common stock is listed on The NASDAQ Global Select Market under the symbol EPAY. The last reported sale price of our common stock on The NASDAQ Global Select Market on December 4, 2012 was \$25.03 per share.

Investing in the notes involves a high degree of risk. See <u>Risk Factors</u> beginning on page S-11 of this prospectus supplement.

	Per Note	Total
Public offering price(1)	\$	\$
Underwriting discounts and commissions	\$	\$
Proceeds, before expenses, to us	\$	\$

(1) Plus accrued interest, if any, from December , 2012.

We have granted the underwriters the right to purchase, exercisable for 30 days from the date of this prospectus supplement, up to an additional \$22,500,000 principal amount of notes, solely to cover over-allotments, if any.

Neither the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of the notes or determined if this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

We expect that delivery of the notes will be made to investors in book-entry form through The Depository Trust Company on or about December , 2012.

Joint Book-Running Managers

RBC CAPITAL MARKETS Sole Coordinator

RBS

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ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

We are providing information to you about this offering of our notes in two separate documents: (1) this prospectus supplement, which describes the specific details regarding this offering; and (2) the accompanying prospectus, which provides general information about us, some of which may not apply to this offering. Generally, when we refer to this prospectus, we are referring to both this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus combined. If information in this prospectus supplement is inconsistent with the accompanying prospectus, you should rely on this prospectus supplement.

We have not authorized anyone to provide any information related to this offering of our notes or us other than that contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus or in any related free writing prospectus filed by us with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, which we refer to as the SEC. We take no responsibility for, and can provide no assurance as to the reliability of, any other information that others may give you with respect to this offering of our notes or us. This prospectus does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy any securities other than the securities described in this prospectus or an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy such securities in any circumstances in which such offer or solicitation is unlawful. You should assume that the information appearing in this prospectus and any related free writing prospectus is accurate only as of their respective dates. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed materially since those dates.

We further note that the representations, warranties and covenants made by us in any agreement that is filed as an exhibit to any document that is incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus were made solely for the benefit of the parties to such agreement, including, in some cases, for the purpose of allocating risk among the parties to such agreements, and should not be deemed to be a representation, warranty or covenant to you. Moreover, such representations, warranties or covenants were accurate only as of the date when made. Accordingly, such representations, warranties and covenants should not be relied on as accurately representing the current state of our affairs.

Unless otherwise specified or unless the context requires otherwise, references in this prospectus supplement to Bottomline, we, us, our, and the Company refer collectively to Bottomline Technologies (de), Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries. Bottomline Technologies, Paymode-X, WebSeries, C-Series, Transform, Logical Ink, Inprotica and the BT logo are trademarks of Bottomline Technologies (de), Inc., which may be registered in certain jurisdictions. All other brand/product names are trademarks of their respective holders.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and the information incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement may include forward-looking statements within the meaning of the securities laws. Words such as expects, anticipates, targets, projects, intends plans, believes, seeks, estimates, continues and may and variations of such words and similar expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. Actual results may differ materially from those indicated by such forward-looking statements as a result of various important factors. Among the important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those indicated by such forward-looking statements are competition, market demand, technological change, strategic relationships, recent acquisitions, international operations and general economic conditions, among other factors. For additional discussion of factors that could impact our financial results, refer to the section of this prospectus

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supplement entitled Risk Factors. You should also carefully review the risk factors and cautionary statements described in this prospectus supplement and the other documents we file from time to time with the SEC, specifically our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2012 and our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three month period ended September 30, 2012. Any forward-looking statements represent our views only as of the time they were made and should not be relied upon as representing our views as of any subsequent date. We do not assume any obligation to update any forward-looking statement, except to the extent required by law.

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PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT SUMMARY

This summary highlights only some of the information included or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus and does not contain all of the information that may be important to you. You should read the entire prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and the documents incorporated by reference carefully, including the section entitled Risk Factors, beginning on page S-11 of this prospectus supplement, regarding our company and the notes being sold in this offering.

Company Overview

Bottomline Technologies (de), Inc.

We provide cloud-based payment, invoice and banking solutions to corporations, insurance companies, financial institutions and banks around the world. Our solutions are used to streamline, automate and manage processes and transactions involving global payments, invoice receipt and approval, collections, cash management, document management, reporting and document archive. We offer hosted or Software as a Service (SaaS) solutions, as well as software designed to run on-site at the customer s location. A growing portion of our offerings are being sold as SaaS-based solutions and paid for on a subscription and transaction basis. Historically, however, our software has been sold predominantly on a perpetual license basis.

Our corporate customers rely on our solutions to automate their payment and accounts payable processes and to streamline and manage the production and retention of electronic documents. We offer legal spend management solutions that automate receipt and review of legal invoices for insurance companies and other large corporate consumers of outside legal services. We operate a cloud-based network that facilitates the exchange of electronic payments and invoices between buyers and their suppliers. We also offer solutions that banks use to provide cash management and treasury capabilities to their business customers. Our document automation solutions are used by organizations to automate paper-intensive processes for the generation of transactional and supply chain documents.

Our solutions complement, leverage and extend our customers existing information systems, accounting applications and banking relationships and can be deployed quickly and efficiently. To help our customers receive the maximum value from our products and meet their specific business requirements, we also provide professional services for installation, training, consulting and product enhancement.

Our Strategy

Our objective is to be the leading global provider of business-to-business payment, invoice and document automation software solutions and services. Key elements of our strategy include the following:

moving, over time, more of our solutions to a cloud-based model which provides ease of deployment and efficiency for our customers and increased recurring revenue to us;

providing solutions which enable banks of all sizes to offer their business customers leading cash management and treasury capabilities;

continuing to add customers, vendors and functionality to our growing Paymode-X and legal spend management networks;

providing technology that is innovative, feature-rich and market leading that provides an optimal user experience;

attracting and retaining exceptional industry and management talent who have experience in our markets and the capability to grow our business;

continuing to develop and broaden strategic relationships that enhance our global position; and

pursuing strategic acquisitions that expand our geographical footprint or extend our product functionality. **Our Products and Services**

Banking Solutions

Our cash management and treasury platforms enable banks of all sizes to offer their customers a host of capabilities including ACH and BACS payments, wires, international payments, check production, balance and information reporting and other features that facilitate enterprise wide cash management. Our solutions allow our bank customers to compete across a full range of client segments from small business to multi-nationals. These solutions feature an intuitive user interface designed to simplify all aspects of cash management for customers of all sizes and sophistication.

Legal Spend Management

Our legal spend management solutions integrate with claims management and time and billing systems to automate legal invoice management processes and to provide insight into all areas of a corporation s outside legal spend. The combination of automated invoice routing and a sophisticated rules engine allows corporate legal and insurance claims departments to create more efficient processes for managing invoices generated by outside law firms and other service providers, while offering insight into important legal spend factors including expense monitoring and outside counsel performance.

Settlement Network Solution

Paymode-X is a leading business-to-business electronic settlement network. The solution accelerates corporations transition from paper to electronic transactions, helping them streamline processes, reduce costs and optimize working capital. With more than 200,000 enrolled vendors, new Paymode-X customers gain immediate benefits because many of their suppliers are already part of the Paymode-X network. Paymode-X functionality includes electronic payments, online access to purchase orders, invoices, remittance detail, comprehensive workflow, and turnkey vendor enrollment and support.

Payment and Document Automation

The payments automation capabilities inherent in our WebSeries and C-Series solutions can generate a wide variety of domestic and international payment instructions along with consolidated bank reporting of cash activity. Our solutions can reduce administrative expenses and strengthen compliance and anti-fraud controls. Users are able to gather and access data via the Web on payment and bank account information, including account totals and detailed transaction data, providing improved workflow, financial reporting and bank communications.

To help augment financial document workflow and delivery, we also offer a number of solutions built on our Transform platform for automating a wide variety of business documents and supply chain processes as well as related Web-based delivery and document archive. Our products offer advanced design, output formatting and delivery capabilities to replace paper-based forms.

Healthcare Solutions

Our solutions for advanced forms management (Transform for Healthcare and MedEx), mobile documentation (Logical Ink), workflow automation and payments allow healthcare organizations to improve business efficiencies, reduce costs and improve care quality. Leveraging our extensive experience optimizing document-driven processes, our solutions are applied across the acute care hospital enterprise, accelerating the paper-to-electronic transition while helping our customers streamline data flows and, ultimately, capture more revenue. Our products integrate with a customer s other critical information systems helping to fill process gaps between financial, clinical and administrative systems.

SWIFT Solutions

Our SWIFT Access Service makes it easy to connect to the SWIFT network where corporations can exchange financial information including payment instructions, cash reporting and other messages related to financial transactions with their banks and counterparties around the world. Our SaaS-based SWIFT solutions allow banks and corporations to achieve lower costs, rapid implementation, greater security and improved risk management while avoiding costly internal infrastructure.

Professional Services

Our teams of service professionals draw on extensive experience to provide consulting, project implementation and training services to our clients. By easing the implementation of our products, these services help our customers accelerate the time to value. By improving the overall customer experience, these services help us retain customers and drive future revenue generating arrangements from existing customers.

Our Customers

Our customers are in diverse industries including financial services, insurance, healthcare, technology, retail, communications, education, media, manufacturing and government. We provide our products and services to approximately 75 of the Fortune 100 companies and approximately 75 of the FTSE (Financial Times) 100 companies. Our customers include leading organizations such as AIG, American Express, the Australia and New Zealand Banking Group (ANZ), Bank of America Merrill Lynch, British Airways, Cigna Corporation, Deere and Company, Johnson Controls, Liberty Mutual, Partners Healthcare, Target Corporation, The Hartford Insurance Group and Vodafone.

Recent Developments

Acquisitions

Part of our operating strategy is to identify and pursue strategic acquisitions that can expand our geographical footprint or complement our existing product functionality. On September 11, 2012, we completed the acquisition of Albany Software Ltd., one of the UK s leading BACS solution providers, whose solutions are used by more than 5,000 businesses to streamline, automate and manage processes involving the collection of direct debits and electronic payments. In March 2012, we acquired substantially all of the assets and related operations of Intuit Inc. s commercial banking business and in connection with that acquisition entered into a strategic partnership with Intuit in which we and Intuit are using our individual core expertise and combined market strength to deliver innovative products and services for businesses to the banking and financial services industry. In November 2011, we acquired IDT, Ltd., with operations in the UK. In fiscal year 2011, we acquired Allegient, with operations in the United States and

Canada, SMA Financial Limited and Direct Debit Limited, which are both UK-based businesses, and substantially all of the assets of Business Information Technology Group, with locations in Australia and New Zealand. We may in the future acquire or make investments in other businesses, products or technologies.

Special Meeting of Our Stockholders

We plan to hold a special meeting of our stockholders for the purpose of amending our certificate of incorporation to increase the number of authorized shares of our common stock from 50 million shares to 100 million shares. We currently expect the special meeting of stockholders to be held on January 17, 2013 at 4:00 p.m. (EST). The completion of this offering is not conditioned on stockholder approval of such increase in the number of authorized shares of our common stock, and stockholder approval of such increase will not be conditioned on completion of this offering.

Our Corporate Information

Bottomline was originally organized as a New Hampshire corporation in 1989 and was reincorporated as a Delaware corporation in August 1997. We maintain our corporate headquarters at 325 Corporate Drive, Portsmouth, New Hampshire 03801 and our international headquarters in Reading, England. Our telephone number at our corporate headquarters in Portsmouth, New Hampshire is (603) 436-0700. We maintain a website at www.bottomline.com. We are not including the information contained in our website as part of, or incorporating it by reference into, this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus.

THE OFFERING

The summary below describes the principal terms of this offering and our notes. Certain of the terms and conditions described below are subject to important limitations and exceptions. The Description of Notes section of this prospectus supplement contains a more detailed description of the terms and conditions of the notes. As used in this section, we, our, and us refer to Bottomline Technologies (de), Inc. and not to its consolidated subsidiaries.

Issuer	Bottomline Technologies (de), Inc., a Delaware corporation.
Securities	\$150,000,000 principal amount of % Convertible Senior Notes due 2017 (<i>plus</i> up to an additional \$22,500,000 principal amount of notes if the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional notes to cover over-allotments).
Maturity	December 1, 2017, unless earlier repurchased or converted.
Interest	% per year. Interest will accrue from December , 2012 and will be payable semiannually in arrears on June 1 and December 1 of each year, beginning on June 1, 2013. We will pay additional interest, if any, at our election as the sole remedy relating to the failure to comply with our reporting obligations as described under Description of Notes Events of Default.
Conversion Rights	Holders may convert their notes at their option prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding June 1, 2017, in multiples of \$1,000 principal amount, only under the following circumstances:
	during any calendar quarter commencing after the calendar quarter ending on March 31, 2013 (and only during such calendar quarter), if the last reported sale price of our common stock for at least 20 trading days (whether or not consecutive) during a period of 30 consecutive trading days ending on the last trading day of the immediately preceding calendar quarter is greater than or equal to 130% of the conversion price on each applicable trading day;
	during the five business day period after any five consecutive trading day period (which we refer to as the measurement period) in which the trading price (as defined under Description of Notes Conversion Rights Conversion Upon Satisfaction of Trading Price Condition) per \$1,000 principal amount of notes for each trading day of the measurement period was less than 98% of the product of the last reported sale price of our common stock and the conversion rate on each trading day; or
	upon the occurrence of specified corporate events described under Description of Notes Conversion Rights Conversion Upon Specified Corporate Events.

On or after June 1, 2017 until the close of business on the second scheduled trading day immediately preceding the maturity date of December 1, 2017, holders may convert their notes, in multiples of \$1,000 principal amount, at the option of the holder regardless of the foregoing circumstances.

The conversion rate for the notes is initially shares per \$1,000 principal amount of notes (equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$ per share of our common stock), subject to adjustment as described in this prospectus supplement. See Description of Notes Conversion Rights Conversion Rate Adjustments.

We plan to hold a special meeting of our stockholders at which we will seek to obtain stockholder approval for an amendment to our amended and restated certificate of incorporation to increase the number of authorized shares of our common stock by an amount at least equal to (i) the aggregate conversion rate, plus the maximum additional shares as defined in Description of Notes Conversion Rights Adjustment to Shares Delivered Upon Conversion Upon a Make-whole Fundamental Change, for each \$1,000 principal amount of notes then outstanding plus (ii) two times the maximum number of shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants issued in the warrant transactions (as described below) which we refer to as the stockholder approval. Prior to obtaining such stockholder approval, we will satisfy our conversion obligation solely in cash. At any time following our receipt of such stockholder approval (if such approval is obtained), upon conversion, we will pay cash up to the aggregate principal amount of the notes to be converted and pay or deliver, as the case may be, cash, shares of our common stock or a combination of cash and shares of our common stock, at our election, in respect of the remainder, if any, of our conversion obligation in excess of the aggregate principal amount of the notes being converted.

In addition, following certain corporate events that occur prior to the maturity date, we will increase the conversion rate for a holder who elects to convert its notes in connection with such a corporate event in certain circumstances as described under Description of Notes Conversion Rights Adjustment to Shares Delivered Upon Conversion Upon a Make-whole Fundamental Change.

You will not receive any additional cash payment or additional shares representing accrued and unpaid interest, if any, upon conversion of a note, except in limited circumstances. Instead, interest will be deemed to be paid by the cash and shares of our common stock, if any, paid or delivered, as the case may be, to you upon conversion of a note.

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No Redemption	We may not redeem the notes prior to the maturity date and no sinking fund is provided for the notes, which means that we are not required to redeem or retire the notes periodically.
Fundamental Change	If we undergo a fundamental change (as defined in this prospectus supplement under Description of Notes Fundamental Change Permits Holders to Require Us to Repurchase Notes), subject to certain conditions, holders may require us to repurchase for cash all or part of their notes in principal amounts of \$1,000 or an integral multiple thereof. The fundamental change repurchase price will be equal to 100% of the principal amount of the notes to be repurchased, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the fundamental change repurchase date. See Description of Notes Fundamental Change Permits Holders to Require Us to Repurchase Notes.
Ranking	The notes will be our senior unsecured obligations and will rank:
	senior in right of payment to any of our future indebtedness that is expressly subordinated in right of payment to the notes;
	equal in right of payment to any of our existing and future unsecured indebtedness that is not so subordinated;
	effectively junior in right of payment to any of our secured indebtedness to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness; and
	structurally junior to all existing and future indebtedness and other liabilities (including trade payables) of our subsidiaries.
	Prior to this offering, neither we nor our subsidiaries had any outstanding indebtedness for borrowed money. As of September 30, 2012, after giving effect to the issuance of the notes (assuming no exercise of the underwriters over-allotment option) and the use of proceeds therefrom, our total consolidated indebtedness would have been \$150 million.
	The indenture governing the notes does not limit the amount of debt that we or our subsidiaries may incur.
Use of Proceeds	We estimate that the proceeds from this offering will be approximately \$ million (or \$ million if the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional notes in full to cover over-allotments), after deducting fees and estimated offering expenses payable by us. We expect to enter into convertible note hedge transactions with one or more counterparties, one or more of which may be one of the underwriters or its respective affiliates (which we refer to as the option counterparties). We also intend to enter into warrant transactions with the option counterparties. We intend to use approximately \$ million of the net proceeds

	from this offering to pay the cost of the convertible note hedge transactions (after such cost is partially offset by the proceeds to us from the warrant transactions). We intend to use the remainder of the net proceeds from this offering for general corporate purposes, which may include the acquisition of companies, businesses or assets, or working capital. See Use of Proceeds.
	If the underwriters exercise their over-allotment option, we may sell additional warrants and use a portion of the net proceeds from the sale of the additional notes, together with the proceeds from the additional warrants, to enter into additional convertible note hedge transactions and for general corporate purposes as described above.
Book-entry Form	The notes will be issued in book-entry form and will be represented by permanent global certificates deposited with, or on behalf of, The Depository Trust Company (DTC) and registered in the name of a nominee of DTC. Beneficial interests in any of the notes will be shown on, and transfers will be effected only through, records maintained by DTC or its nominee and any such interest may not be exchanged for certificated securities, except in limited circumstances.
Absence of a Public Market for the Notes	The notes are new securities and there is currently no established market for the notes. Accordingly, no market for the notes may develop. The underwriters have advised us that they currently intend to make a market in the notes. However, they are not obligated to do so, and they may discontinue any market making with respect to the notes at any time without notice. We do not intend to apply for a listing of the notes on any securities exchange or any automated dealer quotation system.
U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences	For the U.S. federal income tax consequences of the holding, disposition and conversion of the notes, and the holding and disposition of shares of our common stock, see Certain Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations.
Convertible Note Hedge and Warrant Transactions	In connection with the pricing of the notes, we expect to enter into convertible note hedge transactions with the option counterparties. We also expect to enter into warrant transactions with the option counterparties.

The convertible note hedge transactions are expected to reduce:

our exposure to potential cash payments we will be required to make upon conversion of the notes prior to, or if we do not receive, the stockholder approval as described in the Description of Notes section of this prospectus supplement; or

if we have received such stockholder approval, our exposure to potential dilution to our common stock upon any conversion of notes, if we elect to deliver common stock, or our exposure to cash payments, upon conversion of the notes, if we elect to make cash payments.

The warrant transactions are intended to reduce the cost of the convertible note hedge transactions, but they could separately have a dilutive effect to the extent that the market value per share of our common stock exceeds the applicable strike price of the warrants. However, subject to certain conditions, we may elect to settle the warrants in cash. If the underwriters exercise their over-allotment option, we may enter into additional convertible note hedge and warrant transactions.

In connection with establishing their initial hedges of the convertible note hedge and warrant transactions, the option counterparties or affiliates thereof expect to enter into various derivative transactions with respect to our common stock concurrently with or shortly after the pricing of the notes. This activity could increase (or reduce the size of any decrease in) the market price of our common stock or the notes at that time.

In addition, the option counterparties or affiliates thereof may modify their respective hedge positions by entering into or unwinding various derivatives with respect to our common stock and/or purchasing or selling our common stock or other securities of ours in secondary market transactions following the pricing of the notes and prior to the maturity of the notes (and are likely to do so during any observation period related to a conversion of notes). This activity could also cause or avoid an increase or a decrease in the market price of our common stock or the notes, which could affect your ability to convert the notes and, to the extent the activity occurs during any observation period related to a conversion of notes, it could affect the amount and value of the consideration that you will receive upon conversion of the notes.

For a discussion of the potential impact of any market or other activity by the option counterparties or their affiliates in connection with these convertible note hedge and warrant transactions, see Risk Factors Risks Related to the Notes The convertible note hedge and warrant transactions may affect the value of the notes and our common stock and Underwriting.

NASDAQ Global Select Market Symbol for Our Common Stock

Our common stock is listed on The NASDAQ Global Select Market under the symbol EPAY.

Trustee, Paying Agent and Conversion Agent	The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A.
Risk Factors	Investing in the notes involves a high degree of risk. You should review the section entitled Risk Factors in this prospectus supplement and all other information included in this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and our SEC filings for a discussion of factors you should carefully consider before investing in the notes.

RISK FACTORS

An investment in the notes involves significant risks. Prior to making a decision about investing in the notes, and in consultation with your own financial and legal advisors, you should carefully consider, among other matters, the following risk factors as well as those incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus from Item 1A. Risk Factors of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2012 and in Part II, Item 1A. Risk Factors of our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2012 and under the heading Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations therein, as well as other filings we may make from time to time with the SEC. The risks and uncertainties incorporated by reference herein and described below are not the only ones facing us. Additional risks and uncertainties may also impair our business operations. The trading price of the notes and our common stock issuable upon conversion of the notes could decline due to the materialization of any of these risks, and you may lose all or part of your investment in the notes.

Risks Related to the Notes

The notes are effectively subordinated to any future secured debt we may incur and to any liabilities of our subsidiaries.

The notes will rank senior in right of payment to any of our future indebtedness that is expressly subordinated in right of payment to the notes; equal in right of payment to any of our existing and future liabilities that are not so subordinated; effectively junior in right of payment to any of our secured indebtedness to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness; and structurally junior to all existing and future indebtedness and other liabilities (including trade payables) of our subsidiaries. In the event of our bankruptcy, liquidation, reorganization or other winding up, our assets that secure other debt will be available to pay obligations on the notes only after the secured debt has been repaid in full from these assets. There may not be sufficient assets remaining to pay amounts due on any or all of the notes then outstanding. The indenture governing the notes does not prohibit us from incurring additional senior debt or secured debt, nor does it prohibit any of our subsidiaries from incurring additional liabilities.

Prior to this offering, neither we nor our subsidiaries had any outstanding indebtedness for borrowed money. After giving effect to the issuance of the notes (assuming no exercise of the underwriters over-allotment option) and the use of proceeds therefrom, our total consolidated indebtedness would have been approximately \$150 million as of September 30, 2012.

The notes are our obligations only and a portion of our operations are conducted through, and a substantial portion of our consolidated assets are held by, our subsidiaries.

The notes are our obligations exclusively and are not guaranteed by any of our operating subsidiaries. A substantial portion of our consolidated assets is held by our subsidiaries. Accordingly, our ability to service our debt, including the notes, depends on the results of operations of our subsidiaries and upon the ability of such subsidiaries to provide us with cash, whether in the form of dividends, loans or otherwise, to pay amounts due on our obligations, including the notes. Our subsidiaries are separate and distinct legal entities and have no obligation, contingent or otherwise, to make payments on the notes or to make any funds available for that purpose. In addition, dividends, loans or other distributions to us from such subsidiaries may be subject to contractual and other restrictions and are subject to other business considerations. Transferring cash from our foreign subsidiaries may result in adverse tax consequences to us and, therefore, we do not intend to repatriate funds from our foreign subsidiaries to repay the notes.

Servicing the notes will require a significant amount of cash, and we may not have sufficient cash flow from our business to pay our obligations under the notes.

Our ability to make scheduled payments of the principal of, to pay interest on or to refinance the notes, depends on our future performance, which is subject to economic, financial, competitive and other factors beyond our control. Our business may not continue to generate cash flow from operations in the future sufficient to service our debt and make necessary capital expenditures. If we are unable to generate such cash flow, we may be required to adopt one or more alternatives, such as selling assets, restructuring debt or obtaining additional equity capital on terms that may be onerous or highly dilutive. Our ability to refinance the notes will depend on the capital markets and our financial condition at such time. We may not be able to engage in any of these activities or engage in these activities on desirable terms, which could result in a default on our debt obligations or future indebtedness.

Recent regulatory actions may adversely affect the trading price and liquidity of the notes.

We expect that certain investors in, and potential purchasers of, the notes will employ, or seek to employ, a convertible arbitrage strategy with respect to the notes. Investors that employ a convertible arbitrage strategy with respect to convertible debt instruments typically implement that strategy by selling short the common stock underlying the convertible notes and dynamically adjusting their short position while they hold the notes. Investors may also implement this strategy by entering into swaps on our common stock in lieu of or in addition to short selling the common stock. As a result, any specific rules regulating equity swaps or short selling of securities or other governmental actions that interfere with the ability of market participants to effect short sales or equity swaps with respect to our common stock could adversely affect the ability of investors in, or potential purchasers of, the notes to conduct the convertible arbitrage strategy that we believe they will employ, or seek to employ, with respect to the notes. This could, in turn, adversely affect the trading price and liquidity of the notes.

The SEC and other regulatory and self-regulatory authorities have implemented various rules and may adopt additional rules in the future that may impact those engaging in short selling activity involving equity securities (including our common stock). In particular, Rule 201 of SEC Regulation SHO generally restricts short selling when the price of a covered security triggers a circuit breaker by falling 10% or more from the security s closing price as of the end of regular trading hours on the prior day. If this circuit breaker is triggered, short sale orders can be displayed or executed for the remainder of that day and the following day only if the order price is above the current national best bid, subject to certain limited exceptions. Because our common stock is a covered security, these Rule 201 restrictions, if triggered, may interfere with the ability of investors in, and potential purchasers of, the notes, to effect short sales in our common stock and conduct a convertible arbitrage strategy.

The SEC has also approved a pilot program allowing securities exchanges and the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., or FINRA, to halt trading in securities included in the S&P 500 Index, Russell 1000 Index and certain exchange traded funds and notes if the price of any such security moves 10% or more from a sale price in a five-minute period (the single stock circuit breaker program). Beginning on August 8, 2011, the single stock circuit breaker program was expanded to include all other NMS stocks, and imposes a trading halt in these additional stocks in the event of any price movement of 30% or 50% (or more), depending upon the trading price of the stock. The single stock circuit breaker program is currently set to expire on February 4, 2013. The SEC also recently approved two proposals submitted by national securities exchanges and FINRA. One initiative is the Limit Up-Limit Down plan, which will replace the single stock circuit breaker program and require securities exchanges, alternative trading systems, broker-dealers and other trading centers to establish policies and procedures that prevent the execution of trades and the display of offers from occurring outside of a specified price band. If bid or offer quotations are at



the far limit of the price band for more than 15 seconds, trading in that security will be subject to a five-minute trading pause. The Limit Up-Limit Down plan is scheduled to go into effect on a one-year pilot basis on February 4, 2013 and is intended to replace the pilot program.

The second initiative will change existing stock exchange and FINRA rules that establish a market-wide circuit breaker system. The existing market-wide circuit breaker system provides for specified market-wide halts in trading of stock for certain periods following specified market declines. The changes will lower the percentage-decline thresholds for triggering a market-wide trading halt and shorten the amount of time that trading is halted. Market declines under the new system will be measured by reference to the S&P 500 Index rather than the Dow Jones Industrial Average, and the trigger thresholds will be calculated daily rather than quarterly. The changes to the market-wide circuit breaker system are scheduled to go into effect on a one-year pilot basis on February 4, 2013.

The restrictions on trading imposed by the single stock circuit breaker program, the market-wide circuit breaker system and, when effective, the Limit Up-Limit Down plan may interfere with the ability of investors in, and potential purchasers of, the notes to effect short sales in our common stock and conduct a convertible arbitrage strategy.

The enactment of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, or the Dodd-Frank Act, on July 21, 2010 also introduced regulatory uncertainty that may impact trading activities relevant to the notes. This legislation will require many over-the-counter swaps and security-based swaps to be centrally cleared through regulated clearinghouses and traded on exchanges or comparable trading facilities. In addition, swap dealers, security-based swap dealers, major swap participants and major security-based swap participants will be required to comply with margin and capital requirements as well as public reporting requirements to provide transaction and pricing data on both cleared and uncleared swaps. These requirements could adversely affect the ability of investors in, or potential purchasers of, the notes to maintain a convertible arbitrage strategy with respect to the notes (including increasing the costs incurred by such investors in implementing such strategy). This could, in turn, adversely affect the trading price and liquidity of the notes. We cannot predict how the SEC and other regulators will ultimately implement this legislation or the magnitude of the effect that this legislation will have on the trading price or liquidity of the notes. Although the direction and magnitude of the effect that the amendments to Regulation SHO, FINRA and securities exchange rule changes and/or implementation of the Dodd-Frank Act may have on the trading price and the liquidity of the notes will depend on a variety of factors, many of which cannot be determined at this time, past regulatory actions have had a significant impact on the trading prices and liquidity of convertible debt instruments. For example, between July 2008 and September 2008, the SEC issued a series of emergency orders placing restrictions on the short sale of the common stock of certain financial services companies. The orders made the convertible arbitrage strategy that many convertible debt investors employ difficult to execute and adversely affected both the liquidity and trading price of convertible debt instruments issued by many of the financial services companies subject to the prohibition. Any governmental action that similarly restricts the ability of investors in, or potential purchasers of, the notes to effect short sales of our common stock, including the amendments to Regulation SHO, FINRA and exchange rule changes and the implementation of the Dodd-Frank Act, could similarly adversely affect the trading price and the liquidity of the notes.

Volatility in the market price and trading volume of our common stock could adversely impact the trading price of the notes.

The stock market in recent years has experienced significant price and volume fluctuations that have often been unrelated to the operating performance of companies. The market price of our common stock could fluctuate significantly for many reasons, including in response to the risks described in this section, elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus or the documents we have

incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus or for reasons unrelated to our operations, such as reports by industry analysts, investor perceptions or negative announcements by our customers, competitors or suppliers regarding their own performance, as well as industry conditions and general financial, economic and political instability. A decrease in the market price of our common stock would likely adversely impact the trading price of the notes. The market price of our common stock could also be affected by possible sales of our common stock by investors who view the notes as a more attractive means of equity participation in us and by hedging or arbitrage trading activity that we expect to develop involving our common stock. This trading activity could, in turn, affect the trading prices of the notes.

We may still incur substantially more debt or take other actions which would intensify the risks discussed above.

We and our subsidiaries may be able to incur substantial additional debt in the future, some of which may be secured debt. We and our subsidiaries will not be restricted under the terms of the indenture governing the notes from incurring additional debt, securing existing or future debt, recapitalizing our debt or taking a number of other actions that are not limited by the terms of the indenture governing the notes that could have the effect of diminishing our ability to make payments on the notes when due.

Our management will have broad discretion over the use of the proceeds we receive in this offering and might not apply the proceeds in ways that increase the value of your investment.

We intend to use the net proceeds from this offering for general corporate purposes, which may include the acquisition of companies, businesses or assets, or working capital. Our management will have broad discretion to use the net proceeds from this offering, and you will be relying on their judgment regarding the application of these proceeds. Our management might not apply our net proceeds from this offering in ways that increase the value of your investment. Our management might not be able to yield a significant return, if any, on any investment of these net proceeds. You will have no opportunity to influence our decisions on how to use our net proceeds from this offering.

We may not have the ability to raise the funds necessary to settle conversions of the notes or to repurchase the notes upon a fundamental change, and our future debt may contain limitations on our ability to pay cash upon conversion or repurchase of the notes.

Holders of the notes will have the right to require us to repurchase their notes upon the occurrence of a fundamental change at a repurchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the notes to be repurchased, *plus* accrued and unpaid interest, if any, as described under Description of Notes Fundamental Change Permits Holders to Require Us to Repurchase Notes. In addition, upon conversion of the notes, we will be required to make cash payments for each \$1,000 in principal amount of notes converted of at least the lesser of \$1,000 and the sum of the daily conversion values as described under Description of Notes Conversion Rights Settlement Upon Conversion. However, we may not have enough available cash or be able to obtain financing at the time we are required to make repurchases of notes surrendered therefor or notes being converted. In addition, our ability to repurchase the notes or to pay cash upon conversions of the notes may be limited by law, by regulatory authority or by agreements governing our future indebtedness. Our failure to repurchase notes at a time when the repurchase is required by the indenture or to pay any cash payable on future conversions of the notes as required by the indenture would constitute a default under the indenture. A default under the indenture or the fundamental change itself could also lead to a default under agreements governing our future indebtedness. If the repayment of the related indebtedness were to be accelerated after any applicable notice or grace periods, we may not have sufficient funds to repay the indebtedness and repurchase the notes or make cash payments upon conversions thereof.

The conditional conversion feature of the notes, if triggered, may adversely affect our financial condition and operating results.

In the event the conditional conversion feature of the notes is triggered, holders of notes will be entitled to convert the notes at any time during specified periods at their option. See Description of Notes Conversion Rights. If one or more holders elect to convert their notes, we would be required to settle a portion or all of our conversion obligation through the payment of cash, which could adversely affect our liquidity. In addition, even if holders do not elect to convert their notes, we could be required under applicable accounting rules to reclassify all or a portion of the outstanding principal of the notes as a current rather than long-term liability, which would result in a material reduction of our net working capital.

The accounting for the notes will result in our having to recognize interest expense significantly more than the stated interest rate of the notes and may result in volatility to our consolidated statement of operations. Also, the accounting method for instruments that must be settled in cash, such as the note conversion option and the convertible note hedge transactions, could have a material effect on our reported financial results.

Unless we obtain the stockholder approval to increase our authorized shares of our common stock as described herein, we will settle any conversions of the notes entirely in cash as described under Description of the Notes Conversion Rights Settlement Upon Conversion. Until we obtain such stockholder approval, the ability of holders of the notes to convert the notes at their option in certain circumstances, which we refer to as the conversion option, will be accounted for as a derivative under ASC 815 Derivatives and Hedging (which we refer to as ASC 815). In general, this will require us to establish a separate initial valuation of the conversion option and to bifurcate this value from the value attributable to the balance of the notes, or the debt component. As a result, for accounting purposes, we will be required to treat the notes as having been issued with a discount to their face principal amount, which is referred to as an original issue discount. We will be required to accrete the original issue discount to interest expense ratably over the term of the notes, which will require us to report an effective interest rate for the notes in our consolidated statement of operations that is in excess of the stated coupon rate of the notes. This will reduce our earnings and could adversely affect the price at which our common stock trades, but will have no effect on the amount of cash interest paid to holders or on our cash flows.

For each financial statement period over the term of the notes, a gain (or loss) will be reported in our consolidated statement of operations to the extent the valuation of the conversion option changes from the previous period. The convertible note hedge transactions described in this prospectus supplement will also be accounted for as derivatives under ASC 815. The convertible note hedge will not perfectly offset the conversion option. We expect gains and losses on the convertible note hedge to partially, but not entirely offset the gain (or loss) associated with changes to the valuation of the conversion option. Changes in the price of our common stock and changes in our credit risk, or the credit risk of the option counterparties, can cause variability in the value of these instruments. Should there be significant changes in the price of our common stock, our credit risk, or the credit risk of the option counterparties, such changes will result in volatility that could materially affect our consolidated statement of operations.

If we receive the stockholder approval as described herein, then, assuming all of the other requirements for equity classification under ASC 815-40 are met, both the derivative liability and derivative asset related to the conversion option and the convertible note hedge transactions may be reclassified to equity and subsequently, provided all of the requirements for equity classification are met prospectively, no additional gain (or loss) from these derivatives will be reported in our consolidated statement of operations. However, the original issue discount on the notes will continue to be accreted to interest expense over the remaining term of the notes.

Even if we obtain the stockholder approval as described herein, we may not meet all of the other equity classification requirements at that point in time or thereafter. If we do not continue to satisfy all of the criteria required for equity classification under ASC 815-40, the conversion option and the convertible note hedge transactions will continue not to be classified as equity or may be reclassified out of equity and be subject to re-measurement. Similarly, while we expect to meet the equity classification guidance with regards to the warrants at the inception of the arrangement, if we do not continue to satisfy all of the criteria required for equity classification, the warrants too may be reclassified out of equity and become subject to re-measurement. Changes in fair value resulting from any such re-measurement will be reflected in our consolidated statement of operations.

In addition, under certain circumstances, convertible debt instruments (such as the notes) that may be settled entirely or partially in cash are accounted for utilizing the treasury stock method, the effect of which is that the shares issuable upon conversion of the notes are not included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share except to the extent that the conversion value of the notes exceeds their principal amount. Under the treasury stock method, for diluted earnings per share purposes, the transaction is accounted for as if the number of shares of our common stock that would be necessary to settle such excess, if we elected to settle such excess in such shares, are issued. Prior to obtaining the stockholder approval, as described herein, we must settle the conversion option in cash, and therefore during this time we expect the conversion option will not impact earnings per share. However, if such stockholder approval is obtained, we will have the ability to settle conversion obligations for amounts in excess of the aggregate principal amount of the notes being converted in cash, shares, or a combination thereof. Therefore, the impact to earnings per share will depend on how we intend to settle the convertible notes. If we are unable to use the treasury stock method in accounting for the shares issuable upon conversion of the notes, then our diluted earnings per share would be adversely affected.

We may be subject to significant future write-offs with respect to intangible assets or deferred tax assets.

Certain of our assets, such as intangible assets and deferred tax assets, are subject to periodic tests of recoverability based on a variety of factors. These factors typically include, at a minimum, projections of future income levels and cash flows. The accounting for the notes will result in our recognition of a significant level of interest expense through the maturity date. We will also recognize additional expense as the carrying value of debt is accreted to par and as we amortize our debt issuance costs, including the underwriters discount. Further, until we obtain the stockholder approval, we are subject to mark-to-market accounting on the conversion option of the notes and the convertible note hedge transactions, which we anticipate will result in volatility to our income levels. If our cash flows or income levels were to meaningfully decline, we could be subject to impairment charges with respect to these assets, which would have a material adverse effect on our consolidated statement of operations.

Future sales of our common stock in the public market could lower the market price for our common stock and adversely impact the trading price of the notes.

In the future, we may sell additional shares of our common stock to raise capital. In addition, a substantial number of shares of our common stock are reserved for issuance upon the exercise of stock options and the warrants and, if we receive the stockholder approval prior to the relevant settlement method election date, upon conversion of the notes. We cannot predict the size of future issuances of our common stock or the effect, if any, that they may have on the market price for our common stock. The issuance and sale of substantial amounts of our common stock, or the perception that such issuances and sales may occur, could adversely affect the trading price of the notes and the market price of our common stock and impair our ability to raise capital through the sale of additional equity securities.

We will not be permitted to satisfy any portion of our conversion obligation in shares of our common stock or any of our other securities unless we receive the stockholder approval. In addition, holders of notes will not be entitled to any rights with respect to our common stock, but will be subject to all changes made with respect to them to the extent our conversion obligation includes shares of our common stock.

We plan to hold a meeting of our stockholders at which we will seek to obtain the stockholder approval, however, such approval may not be obtained. We will not be permitted to satisfy our conversion obligation in respect of the remainder, if any, of our conversion obligation in excess of the aggregate principal amount of the notes being converted in shares of our common stock, and we will satisfy our conversion obligation solely in cash, unless we receive the stockholder approval.

If we receive the stockholder approval prior to the relevant settlement method election date, we will satisfy our conversion obligation in cash up to the aggregate principal amount of the notes to be converted and cash, shares of our common stock or a combination of cash and shares of our common stock, at our election, in respect of the remainder, if any, of our conversion obligation in excess of the aggregate principal amount of the notes being converted. If we receive the stockholder approval and elect to settle our conversion obligation in excess of the aggregate principal amount of the notes being converted, if any, wholly or partially in shares of our common stock, holders of notes will not be entitled to any rights with respect to our common stock (including, without limitation, voting rights and rights to receive any dividends or other distributions on our common stock) prior to the last trading day of the observation period, but holders of notes will be subject to all changes affecting our common stock. For example, if an amendment is proposed to our amended and restated certificate of incorporation or our amended and restated bylaws requiring stockholder approval and the record date for determining the stockholders of record entitled to vote on the amendment occurs prior to the last trading day of the relevant observation period, then, to the extent our conversion obligation includes shares of our common stock, such holder will not be entitled to vote on the amendment, although such holder will nevertheless be subject to any changes affecting our common stock as a result of such amendment.

Upon conversion of the your notes, you may receive consideration that is less than the value of the shares of our common stock into which the notes would otherwise be convertible because of the conditional conversion feature of the notes.

Prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding June 1, 2017, you may convert your notes only if specified conditions are met. If the specific conditions for conversion are not met, you will not be able to convert your notes, and you may not be able to receive the value of the cash or, if we have received the stockholder approval, the cash and shares of our common stock, if any, into which the notes would otherwise be convertible.

Upon conversion of the notes, you may receive less valuable consideration than expected because the value of our common stock may decline after you exercise your conversion right but before we settle our conversion obligation.

Under the notes, a converting holder will be exposed to fluctuations in the value of our common stock during the period from the date such holder surrenders notes for conversion until the date we settle our conversion obligation.

If, prior to the relevant settlement method election date, we have not received the stockholder approval, we will satisfy our conversion obligation solely in cash. If we have received the stockholder approval by the relevant settlement method election date, under the notes, the amount of consideration that you will receive upon conversion of your notes will be determined by reference to the volume weighted average prices of

our common stock for each trading day in a 40 trading day observation period. As described under Description of Notes Settlement Upon Conversion, this period would be (i) if the relevant conversion date occurs prior to June 1, 2017, the 40 consecutive trading day period beginning on, and including, the second trading day immediately succeeding such conversion date; and (ii) if the relevant conversion date occurs on or after June 1, 2017, the 40 consecutive trading days beginning on, and including, the 42nd scheduled trading day immediately preceding the maturity date. Accordingly, if the price of our common stock decreases during this period, the amount and/or value of consideration you receive will be adversely affected. In addition, if the market price of our common stock at the end of such period is below the average of the volume weighted average price of our common stock during such period, the value of any shares of our common stock that you will receive in satisfaction of our conversion obligation will be less than the value used to determine the number of such shares that you will receive.

The notes are not protected by restrictive covenants.

The indenture governing the notes does not contain any financial or operating covenants, restrictions on the payments of dividends, the incurrence of indebtedness or the issuance or repurchase of securities by us or any of our subsidiaries or other restrictive covenants. The indenture contains no covenants or other provisions that afford protection to holders of the notes in the event of a fundamental change or other corporate transaction involving us except to the extent described under Description of Notes Fundamental Change Permits Holders to Require Us to Repurchase Notes, Description of Notes Conversion Rights Adjustment to Shares Delivered Upon Conversion Upon a Make-whole Fundamental Change and Description of Notes Consolidation, Merger and Sale of Assets.

The adjustment to the conversion rate for notes converted in connection with a make-whole fundamental change may not adequately compensate you for any lost value of your notes as a result of such transaction.

If a make-whole fundamental change occurs prior to the maturity date, under certain circumstances, we will increase the conversion rate by a number of additional shares of our common stock for notes converted in connection with such make-whole fundamental change. The increase in the conversion rate will be determined based on the date on which the specified corporate transaction becomes effective and the price paid (or deemed to be paid) per share of our common stock in such transaction, as described below under Description of Notes Conversion Rights Adjustment to Shares Delivered Upon Conversion Upon a Make-whole Fundamental Change. The adjustment to the conversion rate for notes converted in connection with a make-whole fundamental change may not adequately compensate you for any lost value of your notes as a result of such transaction. In addition, if the price of our common stock in the transaction is greater than \$ per share or less than \$ per share (in each case, subject to adjustment), no additional shares will be added to the conversion rate. Moreover, in no event will the conversion rate per \$1,000 principal amount of notes as a result of this adjustment exceed shares of our common stock, subject to adjustments in the same manner as the conversion rate as set forth under Description of Notes Conversion Rights Conversion Rate Adjustments.

Our obligation to increase the conversion rate upon the occurrence of a make-whole fundamental change could be considered a penalty, in which case the enforceability thereof would be subject to general principles of reasonableness, fairness and equitable remedies.

The conversion rate of the notes may not be adjusted for all dilutive events.

The conversion rate of the notes is subject to adjustment for certain events, including, but not limited to, the issuance of certain stock dividends on our common stock, the issuance of certain rights, options or warrants, share subdivisions or combinations, distributions of our capital stock, indebtedness or assets, the

issuance of cash dividends on our common stock and certain issuer tender or exchange offers as described under Description of Notes Conversion Rights Conversion Rate Adjustments. However, the conversion rate will not be adjusted for other events, such as a third-party tender or exchange offer or an issuance of our common stock for cash, that may adversely affect the trading price of the notes or our common stock. An event that adversely affects the value of the notes may occur, and that event may not result in an adjustment to the conversion rate.

Certain significant restructuring transactions may not constitute a fundamental change for purposes of the notes, in which case we would not be obligated to offer to repurchase the notes.

Upon the occurrence of a fundamental change, you have the right to require us to repurchase your notes. However, the fundamental change provisions will not afford protection to holders of notes in the event of other transactions that could adversely affect the notes. For example, transactions such as leveraged recapitalizations, refinancings, restructurings, or acquisitions initiated by us may not constitute a fundamental change requiring us to repurchase the notes. In the event of any such transaction, the holders would not have the right to require us to repurchase the notes, even though each of these transactions could increase the amount of our indebtedness, or otherwise adversely affect our capital structure or any credit ratings, thereby adversely affecting the holders of notes.

An active trading market may not develop for the notes.

Prior to this offering, there has been no trading market for the notes, and we do not intend to apply to list the notes on any securities exchange or to arrange for quotation on any automated dealer quotation system. We have been informed by the underwriters that they intend to make a market in the notes after the offering is completed. However, the underwriters may cease their market-making at any time without notice. In addition, the liquidity of the trading market in the notes, and the market price quoted for the notes, may be adversely affected by changes in the overall market for this type of security, by changes in our financial performance or prospects or by changes in the prospects for companies in our industry generally. As a result, an active trading market for the notes may not develop and if such a market develops, the market may provide you with limited liquidity. If an active trading market does not develop or is not maintained, the market price and liquidity of the notes may be adversely affected. In that case you may not be able to sell your notes at a particular time or you may not be able to sell your notes at a favorable price.

Any adverse rating of the notes may cause their trading price to fall.

We do not intend to seek a rating on the notes. However, if a rating service were to rate the notes and if such rating service either provided a low initial rating or were to lower its rating on the notes below the rating initially assigned to the notes or otherwise announces its intention to put the notes on credit watch, the trading price of the notes could decline.

You may be subject to tax if we make or fail to make certain adjustments to the conversion rate of the notes even though you do not receive a corresponding cash distribution.

The conversion rate of the notes is subject to adjustment in certain circumstances, including the payment of cash dividends. If the conversion rate is adjusted as a result of a distribution that is taxable to our common stockholders, such as a cash dividend, you may be deemed to have received a dividend subject to U.S. federal income tax without the receipt of any cash. In addition, a failure to adjust (or to adjust adequately) the conversion rate after an event that increases your proportionate interest in us could be treated as a deemed taxable dividend to you. If a make-whole fundamental change occurs on or prior to the maturity date, under some circumstances, we will increase the conversion rate for notes converted in connection with the make-whole fundamental change. Such increase may also be treated as a distribution

subject to U.S. federal income tax as a dividend. See Certain Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations. If you are a Non-U.S. Holder (as defined in Certain Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations), any deemed dividend would be subject to U.S. federal withholding tax at a 30% rate, or such lower rate as may be specified by an applicable treaty, which may be withheld from subsequent payments on the notes. See Certain Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations.

The convertible note hedge and warrant transactions may affect the value of the notes and our common stock.

In connection with the pricing of the notes, we expect to enter into convertible note hedge transactions with the option counterparties. We also expect to enter into warrant transactions with the option counterparties which will be exercisable for shares of our common stock.

The convertible note hedge transactions are expected to reduce:

our exposure to the potential cash payments we will be required to make upon any conversion of the notes prior to, or if we do not receive, the stockholder approval; or

if we have received the stockholder approval, our exposure to potential dilution to our common stock upon any conversion of notes, if we elect to deliver common stock, or our exposure to cash payments, upon conversion of the notes, if we elect to make cash payments. The warrant transactions could separately have a dilutive effect on our earnings per share to the extent that the market price per share of our common stock exceeds the applicable strike price of the warrants. However, subject to certain conditions, we may elect to settle the warrants in cash. If the underwriters exercise their over-allotment option, we may enter into additional convertible note hedge transactions and additional warrant transactions.

In connection with establishing their initial hedges of the convertible note hedge and warrant transactions, the option counterparties or affiliates thereof expect to enter into various derivative transactions with respect to our common stock concurrently with or shortly after the pricing of the notes. This activity could increase (or reduce the size of any decrease in) the market price of our common stock or the notes at that time.

In addition, the option counterparties or affiliates thereof may modify their respective hedge positions by entering into or unwinding various derivatives with respect to our common stock and/or purchasing or selling our common stock or other securities of ours in secondary market transactions following the pricing of the notes and prior to the maturity of the notes (and are likely to do so during any observation period related to a conversion of notes). This activity could also cause or avoid an increase or a decrease in the market price of our common stock or the notes, which could affect your ability to convert the notes and, to the extent the activity occurs during any observation period related to a conversion of notes, it could affect the amount and value of the consideration that you will receive upon conversion of the notes.

In addition, if any such convertible note hedge and warrant transactions fail to become effective, whether or not this offering of the notes is completed, the option counterparties or affiliates thereof may unwind their respective hedge positions with respect to our common stock, which could adversely affect the value of our common stock and, if the notes have been issued, the value of the notes.

Risks Related to Our Common Stock

The price of our common stock historically has been volatile. This volatility may affect the price at which you could sell the common stock you receive upon conversion of your notes, if any, and the sale of substantial amounts of our common stock could adversely affect the price of our common stock.

The market price for our common stock has varied between a high of \$29.90 on March 14, 2012 and a low of \$16.96 on June 4, 2012 in the twelve month period ending on December 4, 2012. This volatility may affect the price at which you could sell the common stock, if any, you receive upon conversion of your notes, and the sale of substantial amounts of our common stock could adversely affect the price of our common stock. Our stock price is likely to continue to be volatile and subject to significant price and volume fluctuations in response to market and other factors, including the other factors discussed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, which is incorporated into this prospectus supplement by reference; variations in our quarterly operating results from our expectations or those of securities analysts or investors; downward revisions in securities analysts estimates; and announcement by us or our competitors of significant acquisitions, strategic partnerships, joint ventures or capital commitments.

In addition, the sale of substantial amounts of our common stock could adversely impact its price. As of September 30, 2012, we had outstanding approximately 37.4 million shares of our common stock and options to purchase approximately 0.9 million shares of our common stock (of which approximately 0.7 million were exercisable as of that date). The sale or the availability for sale of a large number of shares of our common stock to decline.

Delaware law and our charter documents may impede or discourage a takeover, which could cause the market price of our common stock to decline.

We are a Delaware corporation, and the anti-takeover provisions of Delaware law impose various impediments to the ability of a third party to acquire control of us, even if a change in control would be beneficial to our existing stockholders. In addition, our board of directors or a committee thereof has the power, without stockholder approval, to designate the terms of one or more series of preferred stock and issue shares of preferred stock. The ability of our board of directors or a committee thereof to create and issue a new series of preferred stock and certain provisions of Delaware law and our certificate of incorporation and bylaws could impede a merger, takeover or other business combination involving us or discourage a potential acquirer from making a tender offer for our common stock, which, under certain circumstances, could reduce the market price of our common stock and the value of your notes.

Other Risks

Our level of indebtedness may limit our financial flexibility.

Upon the completion of this offering (and assuming the underwriters do not exercise their option to purchase additional notes), we will have total consolidated indebtedness of approximately \$150 million and unrestricted cash of \$257 million (before deducting the underwriters discount and related fees and estimated offering expenses payable by us). Our level of indebtedness affects our operations in several ways, including the following:

a portion of our cash flows from operating activities must be used to service our indebtedness and is not available for other purposes;

we may be at a competitive disadvantage as compared to similar companies that have less debt; and

additional financing in the future for working capital, capital expenditures, acquisitions, general corporate or other purposes may have higher costs and contain restrictive covenants, or may not be available to us.

The factors that will affect our ability to obtain additional financing may be beyond our control and include financial market conditions, the value of our assets and our performance at the time we need financing.

USE OF PROCEEDS

We estimate that the proceeds from this offering will be approximately \$ million (or \$ million if the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional notes in full), after deducting fees and estimated offering expenses payable by us. We expect to enter into convertible note hedge transactions with one or more counterparties, one or more of which may be one of the underwriters or its respective affiliates (which we refer to as the option counterparties). We also intend to enter into warrant transactions with the option counterparties. We intend to use approximately \$ million of the net proceeds from this offering to pay the cost of the convertible note hedge transactions (after such cost is partially offset by the proceeds to us from the warrant transactions). We intend to use the remainder of the net proceeds from this offering for general corporate purposes, which may include the acquisition of companies, businesses or assets, or working capital. Our management will have broad discretion as to the application of the net offering proceeds.

If the underwriters exercise their over-allotment option, we may sell additional warrants and use a portion of the net proceeds from the sale of the additional notes, together with the proceeds from the additional warrants, to enter into additional convertible note hedge transactions and for general corporate purposes as described above.

The foregoing represents our intentions for the use of the net proceeds from this offering based upon our present plans and current business and market conditions. The occurrence of unforeseen events or changes in business or market conditions, however, could result in the application of the net proceeds of this offering in a manner other than as described in this prospectus supplement.

CAPITALIZATION

The table below sets forth our cash and capitalization as of September 30, 2012 on an actual basis and on an as adjusted basis, to give effect to this offering (before deducting the underwriters discount and related fees and offering expenses payable by us).

The following table does not give effect to the convertible note hedge transactions or the warrant transactions.

You should read the information in this table together with our consolidated financial statements and the related notes and the other information contained in the documents incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

	As of September 30, 2012 Actual As Adjust (in thousands)		Adjusted
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 107,073	\$	257,073
Long-term debt:			
% Convertible Senior Notes due 2017 offered hereby(1)			150,000
Stockholders Equity:			
Preferred Stock, \$.001 par value:			
Authorized shares 4,000; issued and outstanding shares none			
Common Stock, \$.001 par value:			
Authorized shares 50,000; issued shares 36,972 at September 30, 2012; outstanding shares			
35,057 at September 30, 2012	37		37
Additional paid-in capital(1)	443,933		443,933
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(4,171)		(4,171)
Treasury stock: 1,915 shares at September 30, 2012, at cost	(22,558)		(22,558)
Accumulated deficit	(95,710)		(95,710)
Total stockholders equity	321,531		321,531
Total capitalization	\$ 321,531	\$	471,531

(1) In accordance with ASC 470-20, convertible debt that may be wholly or partially settled in cash is required to be separated into a liability and a conversion option. The conversion option is valued separately from the balance attributable to the notes (i.e., the debt component). We will record interest expense that reflects our non-convertible debt interest rate. Upon issuance, a debt discount will be recognized and the debt component will accrete up to the principal amount over the expected term of the debt. ASC 470-20 does not affect the actual amount that we are required to repay, and the amount shown in the table above for the notes is the aggregate principal amount of the notes and does not reflect the debt discount or any fees and expenses that we will be required to recognize. However, if we have not received the stockholder approval as described under Description of Notes Conversion Rights Settlement Upon Conversion, the conversion option that is part of the notes will be accounted for as a derivative and will be subject to mark-to-market accounting. If we have received the stockholder approval, and assuming all other requirements to obtain equity accounting are achieved

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and maintained, the conversion option will be accounted for as equity and will be included in the additional paid-in capital section of stockholders equity on our consolidated balance sheet. In either case, the value of the conversion option will be treated as original issue discount for purposes of accounting for the debt component of the notes.

This table assumes no exercise of the underwriters option to purchase additional notes to cover over-allotments and excludes the following:

941,508 shares of our common stock issuable upon the exercise of options outstanding as of September 30, 2012, at a weighted average exercise price of \$10.83 per share;

5,728,953 shares of our common stock reserved for future issuance under our stock incentive and employee stock purchase plans as of September 30, 2012;

the shares of our common stock, if any, issuable upon conversion of the notes offered hereby; and

the shares of our common stock, if any, issuable upon exercise of the warrants to be sold in the warrant transactions.

RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

The following table sets forth our ratio of earnings to fixed charges for the periods indicated.

	Three Months		Fiscal Year Ended			
	Ended September 30, 2012	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010	June 30, 2009	June 30, 2008
Ratios of earnings to fixed charges	0.7x	5.5x	8.7x	6.1x	n/a	n/a

For purposes of calculating the ratios above, earnings consist of income (loss) before provision for (benefit from) income taxes plus fixed charges. Fixed charges include interest expense and the interest portion of rental expense which is deemed to be representative of the interest factor. The estimate of interest within rental expense is estimated to be one-third of rental expense. The dollar amount of the deficiency in earnings available for fixed charges for a one-to-one ratio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 was \$11.5 million and \$4.8 million, respectively.

PRICE RANGE OF COMMON STOCK

Our common stock is traded on The NASDAQ Global Select Market under the symbol EPAY. High and low stock prices for shares of our common stock as reported on the NASDAQ Global Select Market are presented below:

	High	Low
Fiscal Year 2013:	U	
October 1, 2012 through December 4, 2012	\$ 27.06	\$ 22.17
Quarter ended September 30, 2012	25.67	17.75
Fiscal Year 2012:		
Quarter ended June 30, 2012	\$ 28.38	\$ 16.96
Quarter ended March 31, 2012	29.90	22.61
Quarter ended December 31, 2011	25.41	19.00
Quarter ended September 30, 2011	26.57	17.73
Fiscal Year 2011:		
Quarter ended June 30, 2011	\$ 28.26	\$ 21.36
Quarter ended March 31, 2011	25.24	19.65
Quarter ended December 31, 2010	23.10	14.61
Quarter ended September 30, 2010	15.59	12.65

These prices reflect inter-dealer prices, without retail mark-up, mark-down or commission and may not necessarily represent actual transactions.

On December 4, 2012, the last reported sale price of shares of our common stock on the NASDAQ Global Select Market was \$25.03 per share. On November 30, 2012, there were approximately 475 record holders of shares of our common stock.

DIVIDEND POLICY

We have never paid dividends on our common stock. We intend to retain our earnings for use in our business and, therefore, do not anticipate paying any cash dividends on our common stock for the foreseeable future.

Indenture Act).

DESCRIPTION OF NOTES

We will issue the notes under a base indenture to be dated as of December , 2012 between us, as supplemented by a supplemental indenture with respect to the notes. In this section, we refer to the base indenture (the supplemental indenture), collectively as the indenture. This description of the notes supplements and, to the extent it is inconsistent, replaces the description of the general provisions of the notes and the base indenture in the accompanying prospectus. The terms of the notes include those expressly set forth in the indenture and those made part of the indenture by reference to the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended (the Trust

You may request a copy of the indenture from us as described under Where You Can Find More Information.

The following description is a summary of the material provisions of the notes and the indenture and does not purport to be complete. This summary is subject to and is qualified by reference to all the provisions of the notes and the indenture, including the definitions of certain terms used in the indenture. We urge you to read these documents because they, and not this description, define your rights as a holder of the notes.

For purposes of this description of the notes, references to we, our and us refer only to Bottomline Technologies (de), Inc. and not to its subsidiaries.

General

The notes will:

be our general unsecured, senior obligations;

initially be limited to an aggregate principal amount of \$150.0 million (or \$172.5 million if the underwriters over-allotment option to purchase additional notes is exercised in full);

bear cash interest from December , 2012 at an annual rate of % payable on June 1 and December 1 of each year, beginning on June 1, 2013;

not be redeemable prior to maturity;

be subject to repurchase by us at the option of the holders following a fundamental change (as defined below under Fundamental Change Permits Holders to Require Us to Repurchase Notes), at a repurchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the notes to be repurchased, *plus* accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the fundamental change repurchase date;

mature on December 1, 2017, unless earlier converted or repurchased;

be issued in denominations of \$1,000 and multiples of \$1,000; and

be represented by one or more registered notes in global form, but in certain limited circumstances may be represented by notes in definitive form. See Book-entry, Settlement and Clearance.

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Subject to satisfaction of certain conditions and during the periods described below, the notes may be converted at an initial conversion rate of shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of notes (equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$ per share of common stock). The conversion rate is subject to adjustment if certain events occur.

If we have not received stockholder approval to amend our amended and restated certificate of incorporation to increase the number of authorized shares of our common stock by an amount at least equal

to (i) the aggregate conversion rate, plus the maximum additional shares as defined in Conversion Rights Adjustment to Shares Delivered Upon Conversion Upon a Make-whole Fundamental Change, for each \$1,000 principal amount of notes then outstanding plus (ii) two times the maximum number of shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants issued in the warrant transactions, which we refer to as the stockholder approval, prior to the relevant settlement method election date, we will satisfy our conversion obligation solely in cash. If we have received the stockholder approval by the relevant settlement method election date, upon conversion of a note, we will pay cash and deliver shares of our common stock, if any, based upon a daily conversion value calculated on a proportionate basis for each trading day in the applicable 40 trading day observation period as described below under Conversion Rights Settlement Upon Conversion. You will not receive any separate cash payment for interest, if any, accrued and unpaid to the conversion date except under the limited circumstances described below.

The indenture does not limit the amount of debt that may be issued by us or our subsidiaries under the indenture or otherwise. The indenture does not contain any financial covenants and does not restrict us from paying dividends or issuing or repurchasing our other securities. Other than restrictions described under Fundamental Change Permits Holders to Require Us to Repurchase Notes and Consolidation, Merger and Sale of Assets below and except for the provisions set forth under Conversion Rights Adjustment to Shares Delivered Upon Conversion Upon a Make-whole Fundamental Change, the indenture does not contain any covenants or other provisions designed to afford holders of the notes protection in the event of a highly leveraged transaction involving us or in the event of a decline in our credit rating as the result of a takeover, recapitalization, highly leveraged transaction or similar restructuring involving us that could adversely affect such holders or for any other reason.

We may, without the consent of the holders, reopen the indenture for the notes and issue additional notes under the indenture with the same terms and the same CUSIP number as the notes offered hereby in an unlimited aggregate principal amount; *provided* that if any such additional notes are not fungible with the notes initially offered hereby for U.S. federal income tax purposes, such additional notes will have a separate CUSIP number.

We do not intend to list the notes on any securities exchange or any automated dealer quotation system.

Purchase and Cancellation

We will cause all notes surrendered for payment, repurchase (including as described below), registration of transfer or exchange or conversion, if surrendered to any person other than the trustee (including any of our agents, subsidiaries or affiliates), to be delivered to the trustee for cancellation. All notes delivered to the trustee shall be cancelled promptly by the trustee. No notes shall be authenticated in exchange for any notes cancelled as provided in the indenture.

We may, to the extent permitted by law, and directly or indirectly (regardless of whether such notes are surrendered to us), repurchase notes in the open market or otherwise, whether by us or our subsidiaries or through a private or public tender or exchange offer or through counterparties to private agreements, including by cash-settled swaps or other derivatives. We will cause any notes so repurchased (other than notes repurchased pursuant to cash-settled swaps or other derivatives) to be surrendered to the trustee for cancellation, and they will no longer be considered outstanding under the indenture upon their repurchase.

Payments on the Notes; Paying Agent and Registrar; Transfer and Exchange

We will pay the principal of, and interest on, notes in global form registered in the name of or held by The Depository Trust Company (DTC) or its nominee in immediately available funds to DTC or its nominee, as the case may be, as the registered holder of such global note.

We will pay the principal of any certificated notes at the office or agency designated by us for that purpose. We have initially designated the trustee as our paying agent and registrar and its agency in New York, New York as a place where notes may be presented for payment or for registration of transfer. We may, however, change the paying agent or registrar without prior notice to the holders of the notes, and we may act as paying agent or registrar. Interest on certificated notes will be payable (i) to holders having an aggregate principal amount of \$5,000,000 or less, by check mailed to the holders of these notes and (ii) to holders having an aggregate principal amount of more than \$5,000,000, either by check mailed to each holder or, upon application by such a holder to the registrar not later than the relevant regular record date, by wire transfer in immediately available funds to that holder s account within the United States, which application shall remain in effect until the holder notifies, in writing, the registrar to the contrary.

A holder of notes may transfer or exchange notes at the office of the registrar in accordance with the indenture. The registrar and the trustee may require a holder, among other things, to furnish appropriate endorsements and transfer documents. No service charge will be imposed by us, the trustee or the registrar for any registration of transfer or exchange of notes, but we may require a holder to pay a sum sufficient to cover any transfer tax or other similar governmental charge required by law or permitted by the indenture. We are not required to transfer or exchange any note surrendered for conversion or required repurchase.

The registered holder of a note will be treated as its owner for all purposes.

Interest

The notes will bear cash interest at a rate of % per year until maturity. Interest on the notes will accrue from December , 2012 or from the most recent date on which interest has been paid or duly provided for. Interest will be payable semiannually in arrears on June 1 and December 1 of each year, beginning on June 1, 2013.

Interest will be paid to the person in whose name a note is registered at the close of business on May 15 or November 15, as the case may be, immediately preceding the relevant interest payment date (each, whether or not a business day, a regular record date). Interest on the notes will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year composed of twelve 30-day months.

If any interest payment date, the maturity date or any earlier required repurchase date upon a fundamental change of a note falls on a day that is not a business day, the required payment will be made on the next succeeding business day and no interest on such payment will accrue in respect of the delay. The term business day means, with respect to any note, any day other than a Saturday, a Sunday or a day on which the Federal Reserve Bank of New York is authorized or required by law or executive order to close or be closed.

Unless the context otherwise requires, all references to interest in this prospectus supplement include additional interest, if any, payable at our election as the sole remedy relating to the failure to comply with our reporting obligations as described under Events of Default.

Ranking

The notes will be our general unsecured obligations that rank senior in right of payment to all of our future indebtedness that is expressly subordinated in right of payment to the notes. The notes will rank equal in right of payment with all of our existing and future liabilities that are not so subordinated. The notes will effectively rank junior to any of our secured indebtedness to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness. In the event of our bankruptcy, liquidation, reorganization or other winding up, our assets that secure secured debt will be available to pay obligations on the notes only after all indebtedness under such secured debt has been repaid in full from such assets. The notes will rank structurally junior to

all existing and future indebtedness and other liabilities of our subsidiaries (including trade payables but excluding intercompany obligations and liabilities of a type not required to be reflected on a balance sheet of such subsidiaries in accordance with GAAP). We advise you that there may not be sufficient assets remaining to pay amounts due on any or all the notes then outstanding.

Prior to this offering, neither we nor our subsidiaries had any outstanding indebtedness for borrowed money. After giving effect to the issuance of the notes (assuming no exercise of the underwriters over-allotment option) and the use of proceeds therefrom, our total consolidated indebtedness would have been \$150 million.

No Optional Redemption

We may not redeem the notes prior to maturity and no sinking fund is provided for the notes.

Conversion Rights

General

Prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding June 1, 2017, the notes will be convertible only upon satisfaction of one or more of the conditions described under the headings Conversion Upon Satisfaction of Sale Price Condition, Conversion Upon Satisfaction of Trading Price Condition, and Conversion Upon Specified Corporate Events. On or after June 1, 2017 until the close of business on the second scheduled trading day immediately preceding the maturity date, holders may convert their notes at the conversion rate at any time irrespective of the foregoing conditions.

The conversion rate will initially be shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of notes (equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$ per share of common stock). If we have not received stockholder approval to amend our amended and restated certificate of incorporation to increase the number of shares of our common stock that we are authorized to issue by an amount at least equal to (i) the aggregate conversion rate, plus the maximum additional shares as defined in Conversion Rights Adjustment to Shares Delivered Upon Conversion Upon a Make-whole Fundamental Change, for each \$1,000 principal amount of notes then outstanding plus (ii) two times the maximum number of shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants issued in the warrant transactions, which we refer to as the stockholder approval, by the relevant settlement method election date (as defined below), we will satisfy our conversion obligation solely in cash. If we have received the stockholder approval by the relevant settlement method election date, upon conversion of a note, we will pay cash and deliver shares of our common stock, if any, based on a daily conversion value (as defined below) calculated on a proportionate basis for each trading day in a 40 trading day observation period (as defined below under Settlement Upon Conversion). The trustee will initially act as the conversion agent.

A holder may convert fewer than all of such holder s notes so long as the notes converted are a multiple of \$1,000 principal amount.

If a holder of notes has submitted notes for repurchase upon a fundamental change, the holder may convert those notes only if that holder first withdraws its repurchase notice with respect to such notes.

Upon conversion, you will not receive any separate cash payment for accrued and unpaid interest, if any, except as described below. We will not issue fractional shares of our common stock upon conversion of notes. Instead, we will pay cash in lieu of any fractional share as described under Settlement Upon Conversion. Our payment and delivery, as the case may be, to you of the full amount of cash and the full number of shares of our common stock, if any, together with a cash payment for any fractional share, into which a note is convertible will be deemed to satisfy in full our obligation to pay:

the principal amount of the note; and

accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but not including, the relevant conversion date.

As a result, accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but not including, the relevant conversion date will be deemed to be paid in full rather than cancelled, extinguished or forfeited. Upon a conversion of notes, accrued and unpaid interest will be deemed to be paid first out of the cash paid upon such conversion.

Notwithstanding the immediately preceding paragraph, if notes are converted after 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on a regular record date for the payment of interest, holders of such notes at 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on such regular record date will receive the full amount of interest payable on such notes on the corresponding interest payment date notwithstanding the conversion. Notes surrendered for conversion during the period from 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on any regular record date to 9:00 a.m., New York City time, on the immediately following interest payment date must be accompanied by funds equal to the amount of interest payable on the notes so converted; *provided* that no such payment need be made:

for conversions following the regular record date immediately preceding the maturity date;

if we have specified a fundamental change repurchase date that is after a regular record date and on or prior to the corresponding interest payment date; or

to the extent of any overdue interest, if any overdue interest exists at the time of conversion with respect to such note. If a holder converts notes, we will pay any documentary, stamp or similar issue or transfer tax due on any issuance of any shares of our common stock upon the conversion, unless the tax is due because the holder requests such shares to be issued in a name other than the holder s name, in which case the holder will pay that tax.

Holders may surrender their notes for conversion under the following circumstances:

Conversion Upon Satisfaction of Sale Price Condition

Prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding June 1, 2017, a holder may surrender all or a portion of its notes for conversion during any calendar quarter commencing after the calendar quarter ending on March 31, 2013 (and only during such calendar quarter), if the last reported sale price of our common stock for at least 20 trading days (whether or not consecutive) during the period of 30 consecutive trading days ending on the last trading day of the immediately preceding calendar quarter is greater than or equal to 130% of the conversion price on each applicable trading day.

The last reported sale price of our common stock on any date means the closing sale price per share (or if no closing sale price is reported, the average of the bid and ask prices or, if more than one in either case, the average of the average bid and the average ask prices) on that date as reported in composite transactions for the principal U.S. national or regional securities exchange on which our common stock is traded. If our common stock is not listed for trading on a U.S. national or regional securities exchange on the relevant date, the last reported sale price will be the last quoted bid price for our common stock in the over-the-counter market on the relevant date as reported by OTC Markets Group Inc. or a similar organization. If our common stock is not so quoted, the last reported sale price will be the average of the mid-point of the last bid and ask prices for our common stock on the relevant date from each of at least three nationally recognized independent investment banking firms selected by us for this purpose.

Trading day means a day on which (i) trading in our common stock (or other security for which a closing sale price must be determined) generally occurs on The NASDAQ Global Select Market or, if our common stock (or such other security) is not then listed on The NASDAQ Global Select Market, on the principal other U.S. national or regional securities exchange on which our common stock (or such other security) is then listed or, if our common stock (or such other security) is not then listed or, a U.S. national

or regional securities exchange, on the principal other market on which our common stock (or such other security) is then traded, and (ii) a last reported sale price for our common stock (or closing sale price for such other security) is available on such securities exchange or market. If our common stock (or such other security) is not so listed or traded, trading day means a business day.

Conversion Upon Satisfaction of Trading Price Condition

Prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding June 1, 2017, a holder of notes may surrender its notes for conversion during the five business day period after any five consecutive trading day period (the measurement period) in which the trading price per \$1,000 principal amount of notes, as determined following a request by a holder of notes in accordance with the procedures described below, for each trading day of the measurement period was less than 98% of the product of the last reported sale price of our common stock and the conversion rate on each such trading day.

The trading price of the notes on any date of determination means the average of the secondary market bid quotations obtained by the bid solicitation agent for \$5 million principal amount of notes at approximately 3:30 p.m., New York City time, on such determination date from three independent nationally recognized securities dealers we select; provided that if three such bids cannot reasonably be obtained by the bid solicitation agent but two such bids are obtained, then the average of the two bids shall be used, and if only one such bid can reasonably be obtained by the bid solicitation agent, that one bid shall be used. If the bid solicitation agent cannot reasonably obtain at least one bid for \$5 million principal amount of notes from a nationally recognized securities dealer, then the trading price per \$1,000 principal amount of notes will be deemed to be less than 98% of the product of the last reported sale price of our common stock and the conversion rate. If we do not, when we are required to, instruct the bid solicitation agent to obtain bids, or if we give such instruction to the bid solicitation agent, and the bid solicitation agent fails to make such determination, then, in either case, the trading price per \$1,000 principal amount of notes will be deemed to be less than 98% of the product of of our common stock and the conversion rate. If we do not, when we are required to, instruct the bid solicitation agent to obtain bids, or if we give such instruction to the bid solicitation agent, and the bid solicitation agent fails to make such determination, then, in either case, the trading price per \$1,000 principal amount of notes will be deemed to be less than 98% of the product of the last reported sale price of our conversion rate on each trading day of such failure.

The bid solicitation agent (if other than us) shall have no obligation to determine the trading price per \$1,000 principal amount of notes unless we have requested such determination; and we shall have no obligation to make such request (or, if we are acting as bid solicitation agent, we shall have no obligation to determine the trading price) unless a holder of a note provides us with reasonable evidence that the trading price per \$1,000 principal amount of notes would be less than 98% of the product of the last reported sale price of our common stock and the conversion rate. At such time, we shall instruct the bid solicitation agent (if other than us) to determine, or, if we are acting as bid solicitation agent, we shall determine, the trading price per \$1,000 principal amount of notes is greater than or equal to 98% of the product of the last reported sale price of our common stock and the conversion agent (if other than the trustee). If, at any time after the trading price condition has been met, the trading price per \$1,000 principal amount of notes is greater than or equal to 98% of the conversion rate for such date, we will so notify the holders, the trustee and the conversion agent (if other than the trustee).

We will initially act as the bid solicitation agent.

Conversion Upon Specified Corporate Events

Certain Distributions

If, prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding June 1, 2017, we elect to:

issue to all or substantially all holders of our common stock any rights, options or warrants entitling them, for a period of not more than 45 calendar days after the announcement date of such issuance, to subscribe for or purchase shares of our common stock at a price per share that is less than the average of the last reported sale prices of our common stock for the 10 consecutive trading day period ending on, and including, the trading day immediately preceding the date of announcement of such issuance; or

distribute to all or substantially all holders of our common stock our assets, debt securities or rights to purchase our securities, which distribution has a per share value, as reasonably determined by our board of directors or a committee thereof, exceeding 10% of the last reported sale price of our common stock on the trading day preceding the date of announcement for such distribution, then, in either case, we must notify the holders of the notes at least 50 scheduled trading days prior to the ex-dividend date for such issuance or distribution. Once we have given such notice, holders may surrender their notes for conversion at any time until the earlier of 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the business day immediately preceding the ex-dividend date for such issuance or distribution and our announcement that such issuance or distribution will not take place, even if the notes are not otherwise convertible at such time.

Notwithstanding the immediately preceding paragraph, holders of the notes will not be permitted to so surrender their notes for conversion if such holders are entitled to participate (solely as a result of holding the notes), at the same time and on the same terms as holders of our common stock, in such issuance or distribution without having to convert their notes as if they held a number of shares of common stock equal to the conversion rate, multiplied by the principal amount (expressed in thousands) of notes held by such holder.

Certain Corporate Events

If a transaction or event that constitutes a fundamental change (as defined under Fundamental Change Permits Holders to Require Us to Repurchase Notes) or a make-whole fundamental change (as defined under Adjustment to Shares Delivered Upon Conversion Upon a Make-whole Fundamental Change) occurs prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding June 1, 2017, regardless of whether a holder has the right to require us to repurchase the notes as described under Fundamental Change Permits Holders to Require Us to Repurchase Notes, or if we are a party to a consolidation, merger, binding share exchange, or transfer or lease of all or substantially all of our assets, pursuant to which our common stock would be converted into cash, securities or other assets, the notes may be surrendered for conversion at any time from or after the date that is 50 scheduled trading days prior to the anticipated effective date of the transaction (or, if later, the business day after we give notice of such transaction) until 35 trading days after the actual effective date of such transaction or, if such transaction also constitutes a fundamental change, until the related fundamental change repurchase date. We will notify holders, the trustee and the conversion agent (if other than the trustee) (i) as promptly as practicable following the date we publicly announce such transaction but in no event less than 50 scheduled trading days prior to the anticipated effective date of such transaction; or (ii) if we do not have knowledge of such transaction at least 50 scheduled trading days prior to the anticipated effective date of such transaction, within one business day of the date upon which we receive notice, or otherwise become aware, of such transaction, but in no event later than the actual effective date of such transaction.

Conversions On or After June 1, 2017

On or after June 1, 2017, a holder may convert any of its notes at any time prior to the close of business on the second scheduled trading day immediately preceding the maturity date regardless of the foregoing conditions.

Conversion Procedures

If you hold a beneficial interest in a global note, to convert you must comply with DTC s procedures for converting a beneficial interest in a global note and, if required, pay funds equal to interest payable on the next interest payment date to which you are not entitled.