PRIMEENERGY CORP

Form 4

September 28, 2005

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF

SECURITIES

OMB Number:

3235-0287

Expires:

January 31,

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2005

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See Instruction

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Filed pursuant to Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, Section 17(a) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 or Section

30(h) of the Investment Company Act of 1940

1(b).

(Print or Type Responses)

1. Name and Address of Reporting Person * 5. Relationship of Reporting Person(s) to 2. Issuer Name and Ticker or Trading DE ROTHSCHILD ROBERT Issuer Symbol PRIMEENERGY CORP [PNRG] (Check all applicable) (First) (Middle) (Last) 3. Date of Earliest Transaction (Month/Day/Year) Director 10% Owner Other (specify Officer (give title 1251 AVE OF THE 09/28/2005 below) AMERICAS, 51ST FLOOR (Street) 4. If Amendment, Date Original 6. Individual or Joint/Group Filing(Check Filed(Month/Day/Year) Applicable Line) _X_ Form filed by One Reporting Person Form filed by More than One Reporting NEW YORK, NY 10020 (City) (State) (Zip) Table I - Non-Derivative Securities Acquired, Disposed of, or Beneficially Owned 1.Title of 2. Transaction Date 2A. Deemed 3. 4. Securities Acquired 6. Ownership 7. Nature of 5. Amount of Transaction(A) or Disposed of Security (Month/Day/Year) Execution Date, if Securities Form: Direct Indirect (Instr. 3) Code (D) Beneficially (D) or Beneficial any (Month/Day/Year) (Instr. 8) (Instr. 3, 4 and 5) Owned Indirect (I) Ownership Following (Instr. 4) (Instr. 4) Reported (A) Transaction(s) or (Instr. 3 and 4) Code V Amount (D) Price Common See Stock, \$.10 09/28/2005 S 10,000 D \$ 45 483,732 I Footnote (1) par

Reminder: Report on a separate line for each class of securities beneficially owned directly or indirectly.

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Table II - Derivative Securities Acquired, Disposed of, or Beneficially Owned (e.g., puts, calls, warrants, options, convertible securities)

9. Nu Deriv Secur Bene Own Follo Repo Trans (Instr

1. Title of	2.	3. Transaction Date	3A. Deemed	4.	5.	6. Date Exerc	isable and	7. Titl	e and	8. Price of	9
Derivative	Conversion	(Month/Day/Year)	Execution Date, if	Transactio	onNumber	Expiration Da	ite	Amou	nt of	Derivative	J
Security	or Exercise		any	Code	of	(Month/Day/Y	Year)	Under	lying	Security	
(Instr. 3)	Price of		(Month/Day/Year)	(Instr. 8)	Derivative	e		Securi	ities	(Instr. 5)]
	Derivative				Securities			(Instr.	3 and 4)		(
	Security				Acquired						J
					(A) or						J
					Disposed						-
					of (D)						(
					(Instr. 3,						
					4, and 5)						
									A 4		
									Amount		
						Date	Expiration	TP:41	or		
						Exercisable	Date	Title	Number		
				G 1 W	(A) (B)				of		
				Code V	(A) (D)				Shares		

Reporting Owners

Reporting Owner Name / Address	Relationships					
Fg	Director	10% Owner	Officer	Other		
DE ROTHSCHILD ROBERT 1251 AVE OF THE AMERICAS 51ST FLOOR NEW YORK, NY 10020		X				

Signatures

Robert de

Rothschild 09/28/2005

**Signature of Person Date

Reporting Person

Explanation of Responses:

- * If the form is filed by more than one reporting person, see Instruction 4(b)(v).
- ** Intentional misstatements or omissions of facts constitute Federal Criminal Violations. See 18 U.S.C. 1001 and 15 U.S.C. 78ff(a).
- (1) Shares are held of record by Amrace, Inc., a private corporation for the benefit of Mr. de Rothschild.

Note: File three copies of this Form, one of which must be manually signed. If space is insufficient, *see* Instruction 6 for procedure. Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB number. /TD> 0.9

Net loss \$(5,975) (5.7)% \$(18,501) (15.9)%

Loss per common share:

Loss per common share basic and diluted \$(0.25) \$(0.77)

Reporting Owners 2

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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Applica Incorporated and Subsidiaries CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

	2006		2005	
			pt per share data	
Net sales	\$ 208,500	100.0%	\$ 228,907	100.0%
Cost of sales:				
Cost of goods sold	152,880	73.3	182,077	79.5
Restructuring charges			5,143	2.2
e e				
	152,880	73.3	187,220	81.8
	,			0.110
Gross profit	55,620	26.7	41,687	18.2
Gross profit	33,020	20.7	11,007	10.2
Operating expenses	67,828	32.5	77,553	33.9
Operating expenses	07,020	32.3	11,555	33.7
Operating loss	(12,208)	(5.9)	(35,866)	(15.7)
Operating loss	(12,200)	(3.9)	(33,800)	(13.7)
04				
Other expense (income):	5.450	2.6	5.002	2.2
Interest expense	5,459	2.6	5,083	2.2
Interest and other income	(249)	(0.1)	(790)	(0.3)
	5,210	2.5	4,293	1.9
Loss before income taxes	(17,418)	(8.4)	(40,159)	(17.5)
Income tax provision	1,516	0.7	1,298	0.6
Net loss	\$ (18,934)	(9.1)%	\$ (41,457)	(18.1)%
Loss per common share:				
Loss per common share basic and diluted	\$ (0.78)		\$ (1.72)	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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Applica Incorporated and Subsidiaries CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY (Unaudited) (In thousands)

	_	ommon Stock		Paid-in	Ac	cumulated	 Other oprehensive	Total
		Stock		Capital		Deficit	Loss	Total
Balance at December 31, 2005	\$	2,418	\$	159,226	\$	(95,749)	\$ (2,744)	\$ 63,151
Comprehensive loss:								
Net loss						(18,934)		(18,934)
Foreign currency translation						, , ,		, , ,
adjustment							(1,997)	(1,997)
adjustment							(1,997)	(1,997)
m . 1 1 1 1								(20,021)
Total comprehensive loss								(20,931)
Stock-based compensation				272				272
Exercise of stock options		31		566				597
•								
Balance at June 30, 2006	\$	2,449	\$	160,064	\$	(114,683)	\$ (4,741)	\$ 43,089
	-	,	-	,	т-	, , , , , , ,	 (),)	, ,,,,,,,

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

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Applica Incorporated and Subsidiaries CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

	Six Montl	
	June 2006	2005
	(In thou	
Cash flows from operating activities:	`	,
Net loss	\$ (18,934)	\$ (41,457)
Reconciliation to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	2,934	5,739
(Gain) Loss on disposal of equipment and raw materials	(6)	1,155
Recovery of doubtful accounts	(307)	(1,052)
Write-downs of inventory		16,204
Amortization of intangible and other assets	855	2,028
Product recall	3,653	
Deferred taxes	130	(1,312)
Stock-based compensation expense	272	
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts and other receivables	52,899	56,108
Inventories	(592)	(7,901)
Prepaid expenses and other	(19)	3,564
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(10,711)	(13,535)
Current income taxes	(68)	(2,998)
Other assets and liabilities	(1,783)	(82)
Net cash provided by operating activities	28,323	16,461
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(941)	(1,827)
Proceeds from sale of equipment and raw materials	1,454	89
Receivable from former officer	, -	3,079
		,
Net cash provided by investing activities	513	1,341
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Net payments under lines of credit	(27,859)	(15,042)
Payments of long-term debt		(3,000)
Exercise of stock options	597	78
Interest receivable from former officer		(7)
Net cash used in financing activities	(27,262)	(17,971)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	683	598
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	2,257	429
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	4,464	10,463
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 6,721	\$ 10,892

Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information:

	2006	2005					
Cash paid during the six-month period ended June 30:							
Interest	\$ 5,678	\$ 4,873					
Income taxes	\$ 1,786	\$ 4,825					
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.							
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7							

Applica Incorporated and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

1. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Interim Reporting

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Applica Incorporated and its subsidiaries (Applica). All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated. The unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X of the Securities and Exchange Commission and, therefore, do not include information or footnotes necessary for a complete presentation of financial position, results of operations and cash flows in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. However, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) that, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair presentation of the financial statements have been included. Operating results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the remaining quarters in 2006 or the full year ending December 31, 2006 due to seasonal fluctuations in Applica s business, changes in economic conditions and other factors. For further information, please refer to the Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto contained in Applica s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005.

Inventories

Inventories are comprised of finished goods and stated at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined by the first-in, first-out method.

Stock Based Compensation

At June 30, 2006, Applica had two active stock-based compensation plans, which are described below. On January 1, 2006, Applica adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (revised 2004), Shared Based Payment (SFAS No. 123R), which requires the measurement and recognition of compensation cost for all share-based payment awards made to employees and directors based on estimated fair values. Prior to the adoption of SFAS No. 123R, Applica accounted for its stock-based employee compensation related to stock options under the intrinsic value recognition and measurement principles of Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees (APB 25) and the disclosure alternative prescribed by SFAS No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, as amended by SFAS No. 148, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation Transition and Disclosure. Accordingly, Applica presented pro forma information for the periods prior to the adoption of SFAS No. 123R and no employee compensation cost was recognized for the stock-based compensation plans other than the grant date intrinsic value, if any, for the options granted prior to January 1, 2006. However, there was approximately \$0.1 million in stock-based compensation expense included in the net loss in 2004 relating to the extension of the exercise period of options in connection with the resignation of the former Chairman of the Board.

Applica has elected to use the modified prospective transition method for adopting SFAS No. 123R, which requires the recognition of stock-based compensation cost on a prospective basis; therefore, prior period financial statements have not been restated. Under this method, the provisions of SFAS No. 123R are applied to all awards granted after the adoption date and to awards not yet vested with unrecognized expense at the adoption date based on the estimated fair value at grant date as determined under the original provisions of SFAS No. 123. The impact of forfeitures that may occur prior to vesting is also estimated and considered in the amount recognized. In addition, the realization of tax benefits in excess of amounts recognized for financial reporting purposes will be recognized as a financing activity rather than an operating activity as in the past. Pursuant to the requirements of SFAS No. 123R, Applica will continue to present the pro forma information for periods prior to the adoption date.

In June 2005, the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors approved the acceleration of vesting of all unvested out-of-the-money stock options awarded to employees under Applica's stock option plans, except for those options held by executive officers. All stock options with exercise prices equal to or greater than \$3.28 per share, the closing price of Applica's common stock on June 16, 2005, were considered to be out-of-the-money. No stock options held by non-employees, including directors, were subject to acceleration. Options to purchase

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Applica Incorporated and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Continued

approximately 425,000 shares of common stock were subject to the acceleration. These options had a range of exercise prices of \$3.63 to \$11.16 and a weighted average exercise price of \$4.91. The aggregate pre-tax expense associated with the accelerated options that would have been reflected in Applica s consolidated statement of operations in future fiscal years was approximately \$1.2 million. This amount is reflected in the pro forma footnote disclosure below.

Employee Stock Purchase Plan

In September 2005, the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors elected to terminate the Employee Stock Purchase Plan effective December 31, 2005. Therefore, no additional shares will be issued under such plan.

Stock Compensation Plans

Under various plans, Applica may grant incentive or non-qualified stock options to employees and directors. The terms of stock options granted under the plans are determined by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors at the time of grant, including the exercise price, term and any restrictions on the exercisability of such option. The exercise price of all options granted under the plans equals the market price at the date of grant and no option is exercisable after the expiration of ten years from the date of grant. The stock options outstanding under the plans were generally granted for terms of five, six or ten years and vest on a straight line basis over periods ranging from one to six years. No employee compensation expense was recognized upon either the grant or exercise of these stock options during the periods presented.

As of June 30, 2006, there were 161,227 shares available for grant under the 1998 Stock Option Plan and 659,866 shares available for grant under the 2000 Stock Option Plan.

Information with respect to stock option activity is as follows:

	CI (000)	Av	eighted verage
0 1	Shares(000)		cise Price
Outstanding at December 31, 2005	2,483	\$	4.45
Granted	11	\$	4.10
Exercised	(308)	\$	1.94
Forfeited	(471)	\$	6.25
Outstanding at June 30, 2006	1,715	\$	4.40
Options exercisable at June 30, 2006	1,282	\$	4.47

For the three month period ended June 30, 2006, Applica recognized \$0.1 million in stock-based compensation costs, which is reflected in operating expenses. For the six month period ended June 30, 2006, Applica recognized \$0.3 million in stock-based compensation costs. No tax benefits were attributed to the stock-based compensation expense because a valuation allowance was maintained for substantially all net deferred tax assets. Applica elected to adopt the alternative method of calculating the historical pool of windfall tax benefits as permitted by FASB Staff Position (FSP) No. SFAS 123R-c, Transition Election Related to Accounting for the Tax Effects of Share-Based Payment Awards. This is a simplified method to determine the pool of windfall tax benefits that is used in determining the tax effects of stock compensation in the results of operations and cash flow reporting for awards that were outstanding as of the adoption of SFAS No. 123R. As of June 30, 2006, Applica had \$0.8 million of unrecognized compensation costs related to non-vested stock option awards that is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of two years. Proceeds received from option exercises were \$0.6 million during the six months ended June 30, 2006 and were \$0.01 million during the six months ended June 30, 2005. No tax benefits were realized from these stock option exercises.

The following information applies to options outstanding and exercisable at June 30, 2006:

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Applica Incorporated and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Continued

		Options Outstanding			Options Exercisable			
	V	Veighted-Avera	ge					
		Remaining	Weighted-Average		Weighted-Average			
		Contractual						
	Shares(000)	Life	Exercise Price	Shares(000)	Exercise Price			
\$1.62 - \$3.17	413	4.0	\$ 1.99	413	\$ 1.99			
\$3.17 - \$6.34	1,147	2.8	\$ 4.42	717	\$ 4.56			
\$6.34 - \$9.51	83	2.6	\$ 7.62	82	\$ 7.62			
\$9.51 - \$12.68	30	4.7	\$ 10.19	28	\$ 10.16			
\$12.68 - \$15.84	34	2.8	\$ 14.00	34	\$ 14.00			
\$31.69	8	1.9	\$ 31.69	8	\$ 31.69			
	1,715		\$ 4.40	1,282	\$ 4.47			

Applica uses the Black-Scholes option-pricing model to determine the fair value of stock options on the date of grant. This model derives the fair value of stock options based on certain assumptions related to expected stock price volatility, expected option life, risk-free interest rate and dividend yield. Applica s expected volatility is based on the historical volatility of Applica s stock price over the most recent period commensurate with the expected term of the stock option award. The estimated expected option life is based primarily on historical employee exercise patterns and considers whether and the extent to which the options are in-the-money. The risk-free interest rate assumption is based upon the U.S. Treasury yield curve appropriate for the term of Applica s stock options awards and the selected dividend yield assumption was determined in view of Applica s historical and estimated dividend payout. Applica has no reason to believe that the expected volatility of its stock price or its option exercise patterns will differ significantly from historical volatility or option exercises.

For the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, the fair value of each option grant was estimated on the date of grant using the following weighted-average assumptions:

	For the th	ree months			
	en	ded	For the six months ended		
			June		
	June 30,	June 30,	30,		
	2006	2005	2006	June 30, 2005	
Expected dividend yield	00.0%	00.0%	00.0%	00.0%	
Expected price volatility	80.7%	80.9%	80.7%	24.2% - 80.9%	
Risk-free interest rate	4.0%	3.25%	4.0%	3.25%	
Expected life of options in years	4	4	4	4	

The following table illustrates the effect on net loss and basic and diluted loss per share if Applica had applied the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS No. 123 to options granted under Applica s stock option plans for the three month and six month period ended June 30, 2005:

For the	
three	For the six
months	months
ended	ended
June 30,	June 30,
2005	2005

	(In thousands, except per share data)			
Net loss, as reported Add: Stock-based employee compensation expense included in net loss	\$	(18,501)	ta) \$	(41,457)
Deduct: Total stock-based employee compensation expense determined under fair value based method		(1,524)		(1,996)
Pro forma net loss	\$	(20,025)	\$	(43,453)
Loss per share:				
Basic and diluted as reported	\$	(0.77)	\$	(1.72)
Basic and diluted pro forma 10	\$	(0.83)	\$	(1.80)

Applica Incorporated and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Continued

Comprehensive Loss

The components of comprehensive loss, net of tax, were as follows:

	For the th	ree months					
	en	ded	For the six months ended				
	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	J	une 30,		
	2006	2005	2006		2005		
	(In thousands)						
Net loss	\$ (5,975)	\$ (18,501)	\$ (18,934)	\$	(41,457)		
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(1,710)	(88)	(1,997)		(383)		
Change in market value of derivatives		321			925		
	\$ (7,685)	\$ (18,268)	\$ (20,931)	\$	(40,915)		

Recent Accounting Pronouncement

In June 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued FASB Interpretation Number 48 (FIN 48), Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes—an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109. The interpretation contains a two step approach to recognizing and measuring uncertain tax positions accounted for in accordance with SFAS No. 109. The first step is to evaluate the tax position for recognition by determining if the weight of available evidence indicates it is more likely than not that the position will be sustained on audit, including resolution of related appeals or litigation processes, if any. The second step is to measure the tax benefit as the largest amount which is more than 50% likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement. The interpretation is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. Applica has not yet analyzed the impact this interpretation will have on its financial condition, results of operations, cash flows or disclosures.

2. SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

The following table shows weighted average basic shares for the respective periods:

	For the three	months ended	For the six months ended		
	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	
	2006	2005	2006	2005	
Weighted average basic shares	24,371,381	24,139,188	24,278,904	24,137,874	

The following table shows potential common stock equivalents outstanding to purchase shares of common stock that were excluded in the computation of diluted loss per share. All common stock equivalents have been excluded from the diluted per share calculations in the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 because their inclusion would have been anti-dilutive.

	For the three	months ended	For the six r	nonths ended
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2006	June 30, 2005	2006	June 30, 2005
Number of shares	1,708,454	2,593,596	1,706,733	2,588,204
Range of exercise price	\$ 1.62-\$31.69	\$ 3.63-\$31.69	\$ 1.62-\$31.69	\$ 3.63-\$31.69

3. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Planned Rescission Offer

Applica recently discovered that the number of shares of its common stock purchased by participants under the Applica Incorporated 401(k) Profit Sharing and Trust may have exceeded the number of shares registered under the registration statement covering the plan. Plan participants who purchased unregistered shares during the last twelve months could require Applica to repurchase those shares for an amount equal to the price they paid, plus interest, or, if

they sold the shares at a loss, they may recover the amount of such loss, plus interest. Based on the latest data provided to Applica, Applica estimates that approximately 105,000 shares were issued to plan participants under the 401(k) plan during the twelve months ended August 1, 2006. This estimate may be modified as Applica continues to evaluate data provided by the plan administrator. During that time, the price of Applica s common stock ranged from a low of \$1.24 per share to a high of \$4.95 per share. The closing price of the common stock on August 1, 2006 was \$3.70 per share.

On August 4, 2006 Applica filed a registration statement on Form S-8 to register future sales of Applica common stock to plan participants. Additionally, Applica plans to make a registered rescission offer in the near future to eligible plan participants whereby it would offer to repurchase any shares issued to them during the twelve months prior to the filing of the registered rescission offer at the price the participant paid for such shares. Applica

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Applica Incorporated and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Continued

also plans to offer to reimburse those participants who have sold shares for a loss during those twelve months for the amount of the loss realized upon such sale. Applica will not effect the repurchase of shares if the amount the participant paid for such shares, plus interest, is less than the market value of the shares on the effective date of the rescission offer.

Applica did not receive any proceeds from the sale of the shares pursuant to the 401(k) plan as these purchases were made by a third party administrator on the open market. Applica does not believe that the rescission offer will have a material impact on its consolidated financial condition, results of operations or liquidity.

Litigation and Other Matters

Shareholder Litigation. Applica is a defendant in the consolidated class action complaint entitled <u>Scott Schultz</u> and <u>Joseph Rothman</u>, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, <u>Plaintiffs v. Applica Incorporated</u>, <u>Harry D. Schulman</u>, <u>Terry L. Polistina and Michael Michienzi</u>, <u>Defendants</u>, <u>Case</u>

No. 06-60149-CIV-DIMITROULEAS, which was first filed in the United States District Court, Southern District of Florida, on February 3, 2006 and amended on July 10, 2006.

The consolidated purported class action complaint was filed on behalf of purchasers of Applica Incorporated common stock during the period between November 4, 2004 and April 28, 2005. The complaint charges Applica and certain executive officers with violations of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The complaint alleges that, throughout the class period, Applica issued materially false and misleading statements regarding its business, operations, management and the intrinsic value of its common stock. The complaint further alleges that these statements were materially false and misleading on the asserted basis that they failed to disclose that Applica:

was experiencing decreasing demand for its products; in particular, demand for two key products were not meeting internal expectations and were experiencing quality and design defects;

was materially overstating its net worth by failing to timely write down the value of its inventory which had become obsolete and unsaleable:

was experiencing higher product warranty returns, which it had not appropriately reserved for;

lacked adequate internal controls; and

issued financial statements during the class period were not prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and, therefore, were materially false and misleading.

The plaintiffs seek, among other relief, to be declared a class, to be awarded compensatory damages, rescission rights, unspecified damages and attorneys fees and costs. Applica believes the claims are without merit. Applica intends to vigorously defend the lawsuit but may be unable to successfully resolve the disputes without incurring significant expenses. Due to the early stage of these proceedings, any potential loss cannot presently be determined with respect to this litigation matter. However, Applica believes any losses will be covered by applicable insurance coverage.

In February 2006, the SEC requested that Applica voluntarily produce certain documents in connection with an informal inquiry related to these matters. Applica has responded to the request for documents and other information and intends to fully cooperate with the SEC in this matter.

Other Matters. Applica is subject to legal proceedings, product liability claims and other claims that arise in the ordinary course of its business. In the opinion of management, the amount of ultimate liability with respect to such matters, if any, in excess of applicable insurance coverage, is not likely to have a material effect on Applica s business, financial condition, results of operations or liquidity. However, as the outcome of litigation or other claims is difficult to predict, significant changes in the estimated exposures could occur.

As a distributor of consumer products, Applica is also subject to the Consumer Products Safety Act, which empowers the Consumer Products Safety Commission (CPSC) to exclude from the market products that are found to

be unsafe or hazardous. Applica receives inquiries from the CPSC in the ordinary course of its business.

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Applica Incorporated and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Continued

In April 2006, Applica entered into an executive change-in-control plan and amendments to employment agreements with certain of its senior officers, as well as change-in-control agreements with certain of its employees.

4. COST OF SALES

Cost of Goods Sold

Included in cost of goods sold for the six months ended June 30, 2005 were inventory write-downs of approximately \$12.8 million primarily related to lower-than-anticipated consumer demand for two products. Included in cost of goods sold for the three months ended June 30, 2005 were inventory write-downs of approximately \$3.4 million primarily related to an adjustment to the net realizable value of these products. There were no inventory write-downs related to these two products in the three and six months ended June 30, 2006.

The inventory write-downs related to the Household Products reportable segment.

Restructuring Charges

For the three months ended June 30, 2005, there were \$4.2 million of restructuring charges associated primarily with the downsizing and decision in July 2005 to close Applica's manufacturing facility in Mexico. Such charges consisted of the write-off of \$3.3 million of raw materials inventory that would no longer be used in production, \$0.6 million of accelerated depreciation of machinery and equipment used in the manufacturing process and \$0.3 million in severance charges. For the six months ended June 30, 2005, there were \$5.1 million of restructuring charges associated with the continued downsizing and closing of the manufacturing operations in Mexico. These charges consisted of the write-off of \$3.3 million of raw materials inventory that would no longer be used in production, \$1.2 million related to the acceleration of the depreciation of the machinery and equipment used in the manufacturing process and \$0.6 million in severance charges. There were no such charges in the three and six months ended June 30, 2006.

All restructuring charges related to the Manufacturing reportable segment. The Manufacturing segment ceased operations in October 2005.

Product Recall

In June 2006, Applica s U.S. operating subsidiary, Applica Consumer Products, Inc., in cooperation with the U.S. Consumer Products Safety Commission, announced a voluntary recall of approximately 410,000 units of the Black & Decker® branded TCM 800 and TCM 805 thermal coffeemakers. Applica s Canadian operating subsidiary, Applica Canada Corporation, also recalled approximately 40,000 units of these thermal coffeemakers in Canada. Applica recorded a charge to cost of goods sold of approximately \$3.7 million in the first quarter of 2006 related to the recall. Management does not believe the ultimate liability will be materially different.

As of August 1, 2006, no litigation had been filed in connection with property damage or bodily injury relating to the recalled product discussed above; however, several claims for minor property damages have been made. Applica believes that the amount of ultimate liability of these claims in excess of applicable insurance, if any, is not likely to have a material effect on its business, financial condition or results of operations. However, as the outcome of litigation is difficult to predict, significant changes in the estimated exposures could occur.

The estimated charges associated with the product recall related to the Household Products reportable segment.

5. ASSETS HELD FOR SALE

In February 2006, Applica entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an unrelated third party to sell the land and building housing its factory in Mexico. Management expected the sale to close in the second quarter of 2006. The sale did not close and the property was re-listed for sale in July 2006. The land and building were classified as assets held for sale and included in prepaid expenses and other in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets at its net realizable value.

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Applica Incorporated and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Continued

In connection with the closure of the Mexico manufacturing facility, certain machinery and equipment and furniture and fixtures totaling approximately \$0.4 million and certain raw materials inventory totaling approximately \$0.4 million were classified as assets held for sale at December 31, 2005, and included in prepaid expenses and other in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet. In March 2006, the machinery and equipment, furniture and fixtures and raw materials were sold. The sale resulted in a small gain.

All assets held for sale related to the Manufacturing reportable segment.

6. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The following is a summary of property, plant and equipment:

		June 30,	De	ecember 31,
	Useful	·		·
	Lives	2006		2005
		(In tl	nousar	nds)
Computer equipment	3 - 7 years	\$30,811	\$	30,449
Equipment and other	3 - 8 years	32,967		32,452
	8 - 10			
Leasehold improvements*	years	3,596		3,569
Total		67,374		66,470
Less accumulated depreciation		49,652		46,755
		\$ 17,722	\$	19,715

* Shorter of remaining term of lease or useful life

In March 2005, Applica completed the implementation of a significant upgrade of its information technology infrastructure, including the installation of a new enterprise resource planning (ERP) system. As a result, during the second quarter of 2005, approximately \$12.1 million of capitalized expenditures associated with the information technology upgrade, which were previously not subject to depreciation, were placed into service and began to be depreciated over their respective useful lives.

7. PRODUCT WARRANTY OBLIGATIONS

Estimated future warranty obligations related to certain products are charged to operations in the period in which the related revenue is recognized. Accrued product warranties as of June 30, 2006 and 2005 were as follows:

	June 30, 2006	June 30, 2005
	(In tho	ısands)
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 7,747	\$ 7,183
Additions to accrued product warranties	10,285	15,733
Reductions of accruals payments and credits issued	(14,130)	(18,582)
Balance, end of period	\$ 3,902	\$ 4,334

8. SHORT-TERM DEBT

Applica has a senior revolving credit facility with a syndicate of banks that provides for borrowings on a revolving basis of up to \$125 million with a \$10 million sublimit for letters of credit. The credit facility matures in November 2009.

Advances under the credit facility are governed by Applica s collateral value, which is based upon percentages of eligible accounts receivable and inventories. Under the credit facility, if Applica does not maintain a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio of 1.0 to 1.0, Applica must maintain a minimum daily availability under its borrowing base of \$10 million and a minimum average monthly availability of \$13 million. If Applica maintains a fixed charge coverage ratio of greater than 1.0 to 1.0, there is no availability requirement and no availability block. As of June 30, 2006, Applica s fixed charge coverage ratio was less than 1.0 to 1.0.

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Applica Incorporated and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Continued

As of June 30, 2006, Applica was borrowing approximately \$41.7 million under the facility and had approximately \$38.9 million available for future cash borrowings; provided however, during the time in which Applica s fixed charge coverage ratio is less than 1.0 to 1.0, it is subject to a \$10 million daily block.

At Applica s option, interest accrues on the loans made under the credit facility at either:

LIBOR (adjusted for any reserves), plus a specified margin (determined by Applica s average quarterly availability and set at 1.75% at June 30, 2006), which was 7.08% at June 30, 2006; or

the Base Rate (which is Bank of America s prime rate), plus a specified margin (determined based upon Applica s average quarterly availability and was zero at June 30, 2006), which was 8.25% at June 30, 2006.

Swing loans up to \$15.0 million bear interest at the Base Rate plus a specified margin (determined based upon Applica's average quarterly availability and was zero at June 30, 2006), which was 8.25% at June 30, 2006.

The credit facility is collateralized by substantially all of the real and personal property, tangible and intangible, of Applica Incorporated and its domestic subsidiaries, as well as:

a pledge of all of the stock of Applica s domestic subsidiaries;

a pledge of not more than 65% of the voting stock of each direct foreign subsidiary of Applica Incorporated and each direct foreign subsidiary of each domestic subsidiary of Applica Incorporated; and

a pledge of all of the capital stock of any subsidiary of a subsidiary of Applica Incorporated that is a borrower under the credit facility.

The credit facility is guaranteed by all of the current, and will be guaranteed by any future, domestic subsidiaries of Applica Incorporated.

The credit facility contains a number of significant covenants that, among other things, restrict the ability of Applica to dispose of assets, incur additional indebtedness, prepay other indebtedness, pay dividends, repurchase or redeem capital stock, enter into certain investments or create new subsidiaries, enter into sale and lease-back transactions, make certain acquisitions, engage in mergers or consolidations, create liens, or engage in certain transactions with affiliates, and that otherwise restrict corporate and business activities. At June 30, 2006, Applica was in compliance with all covenants under the credit facility.

As of June 30, 2006, Applica had letters of credit of \$1.2 million outstanding under its credit facility.

Although the credit facility expires in November 2009, Applica has classified the borrowings thereunder as a current liability in accordance with Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) 95-22 Balance Sheet Classifications of Borrowings Outstanding under Revolving Credit Agreements That Include Both a Subjective Acceleration Clause and a Lock-Box Arrangement.

9. BUSINESS SEGMENTS

At June 30, 2006, Applica managed its operations through two business segments: Household Products and Professional Personal Care Products. Through October 2005, Applica managed its operations through three business segments: Household Products, Professional Personal Care Products and Manufacturing. The Manufacturing segment ceased operations in October 2005.

The segment information for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 and the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 were as follows:

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Applica Incorporated and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Continued

	Professional Personal					
	Household		Care			
	Products	Pr	oducts		ufacturing	Total
			(In the	ousands	s)	
Three Months Ended June 30, 2006:						
Net sales	\$ 95,308	\$	9,183			\$ 104,491
Operating loss	(727)		(824)			(1,551)
Depreciation and amortization	799		10			809
Three Months Ended June 30, 2005:						
Net sales	\$ 106,913	\$	8,946	\$	10,763	\$ 126,622
Intersegment sales	748	Ψ	0,710	Ψ	9,416	10,164
Operating loss	(7,446)		(287)		(6,454)	(14,187)
Depreciation and amortization	1,156		(201)		1,130	2,286
Depreciation and amortization	1,130				1,130	2,200
Six Months Ended June 30, 2006:						
Net sales	\$ 190,481	\$	18,019			\$ 208,500
Operating loss	(6,370)		(3,520)			(9,890)
Depreciation and amortization	1,605		10			1,615
Six Months Ended June 30, 2005:						
Net sales	\$ 205,727	\$	23,615	\$	28,889	\$ 258,231
Intersegment sales	1,782	Ψ	23,013	Ψ	27,542	29,324
Operating loss	(24,822)		(176)		(8,552)	(33,550)
Depreciation and amortization	1,512		1		2,584	4,097
Depreciation and amortization	1,512		. 1		2,307	7,077

The following table sets forth the reconciliation to consolidated total assets as of:

	June 30, 2006 (In the	31, 2005
Total assets: Total assets from reportable segments All other	\$ 216,236 24,256	\$ 275,584 21,698
Consolidated total assets	\$ 240,492	\$ 297,282

The following table sets forth the reconciliation to consolidated amounts for net sales, operating loss and depreciation and amortization for:

Three mor	nths ended	Six mor	ths ended			
June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,			
2006	2005	2006	2005			
(In thousands)						

Net Sales:

Total net sales for reportable segments Eliminations of intersegment sales	\$ 104,491	\$ 126,622 (10,164)	\$ 208,500	\$ 258,231 (29,324)
Consolidated net sales	\$ 104,491	\$116,458	\$ 208,500	\$ 228,907
Operating loss:				
Total operating loss from reportable segments Unallocated amounts:	\$ (1,551)	\$ (14,187)	\$ (9,890)	\$ (33,550)
Shared services and all other	(1,102)	(1,164)	(2,318)	(2,316)
Consolidated operating loss	\$ (2,653)	\$ (15,351)	\$ (12,208)	\$ (35,866)
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Applica Incorporated and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Continued

	Three	months				
	enc	led	Six m	Six months ended		
	June 30, 2006	June 30, 2005	June 30, 2006		ine 30, 2005	
	(In thousands)					
Depreciation and amortization:						
Total depreciation and amortization from reportable						
segments	\$ 809	\$ 2,286	\$ 1,615	\$	4,097	
Shared services and all other	1,063	1,975	2,174		3,670	
Consolidated depreciation and amortization	\$ 1,872	\$ 4,261	\$ 3,789	\$	7,767	

10. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Applica s domestic subsidiaries are guarantors of Applica s 10% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2008. The following condensed consolidating financial information presents the financial position, results of operations and liquidity of Applica Incorporated (on a stand alone basis), the guarantor subsidiaries (on a combined basis), the non-guarantor subsidiaries (on a combined basis) and the eliminations necessary to arrive at the consolidated results of Applica. The results of operations and cash flows presented below assume that the guarantor subsidiaries were in place for all periods presented. Applica and guarantor subsidiaries have accounted for investments in their respective subsidiaries on an unconsolidated basis using the equity method of accounting. The guarantor subsidiaries are wholly owned subsidiaries of Applica and have fully and unconditionally guaranteed the notes on a joint and several basis. The notes contain certain covenants which, among other things, restrict the ability of the guarantor subsidiaries to make distributions to Applica Incorporated. Applica has not presented separate financial statements and other disclosures concerning the guarantor subsidiaries and non-guarantor subsidiaries because it has determined they would not be material to investors.

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Applica Incorporated and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Continued

	Parent	Gı	ıarantors	As of	tuarantors June 30, 200 thousands)	Eliminations)6	Cor	nsolidated
Balance Sheet: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts and other receivables,	\$	\$	845	\$	5,876	\$	\$	6,721
net Receivables from affiliates	(14) (64,874)		57,955 93,845		29,262 (14,994)	(13,977)		87,203
Inventories Future income tax benefits Other current assets			75,716 143 3,665		23,860 (79) 10,372	371 1,205		99,947 1,269 14,037
Total current assets Investment in subsidiaries Property, plant and equipment,	(64,888) 232,926		232,169 784		54,297 29,232	(12,401) (262,942)		209,177
net Future income tax benefits, non			15,519		2,203			17,722
current Other assets			6,179 19,817		4,453 23,458	(1,597) (38,717)		9,035 4,558
Total assets	\$ 168,038	\$	274,468	\$	113,643	(\$315,657)	\$	240,492
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Short-term debt Deferred rent Current taxes payable	\$ 285 41,665	\$	55,029 716 495	\$	19,744 168 2,954	\$ 214	\$	75,058 41,665 884 3,663
Total current liabilities Long-term debt Future income tax liabilities Other long-term liabilities	41,950 75,750		56,240 62,760 383		22,866 12,919 17	214 (75,679) (17)		121,270 75,750 383
Total liabilities Shareholders equity	117,700 50,338		119,383 155,085		35,802 77,841	(75,482) (240,175)		197,403 43,089
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	\$ 168,038	\$	274,468	\$	113,643	(\$315,657)	\$	240,492
	Three Months Ended June 30, 2006							
Statement of Operations: Net sales Cost of goods sold		\$	\$	575,923 52,980	\$ 25,45 17,40		:	\$ 104,491 73,496
Gross profit				22,943	8,05	52		30,995

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Operating expenses	435	25,418	7,753	42	33,648
Operating (loss) profit Other (income) expense, net	(435)	(2,475) 2,758	299 (271)	(42) (19)	(2,653) 2,468
(Loss) earnings before equity in net earnings of subsidiaries and income taxes Equity in net loss of subsidiaries Income tax provision	(435) (5,324)	(5,233) 75	570 586	(23) 5,324 193	(5,121) 854
Net loss	\$ (5,759)	\$ (5,308)	\$ (16)	\$ 5,108	\$ (5,975)
		Six Months	s Ended June (30, 2006	
Statement of Operations: Net sales Cost of goods sold	\$	\$ 152,899 111,218	\$ 55,601 41,662	\$	\$ 208,500 152,880
Gross profit Operating expenses	571	41,681 52,888	13,939 14,369		55,620 67,828
Operating loss Other (income) expense, net	(571)	(11,207) 5,534	(430) (305)	(19)	(12,208) 5,210
Loss before equity in net earnings of subsidiaries and income taxes Equity in net loss of subsidiaries Income tax provision	(571) (18,166)	(16,741) 152	(125) 1,148	19 18,166 216	(17,418) 1,516
Net loss	(\$18,737)	(\$16,893)	(\$1,273)	\$ 17,969	(\$18,934)
	1	8			

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Applica Incorporated and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Continued

	Parent	Guarantors Non-Guarantors Eliminations Six Months Ended June 30, 2006 (In thousands)						Consolidated		
Cash Flow Information:										
Net cash provided by (used in)										
operating activities	\$ (13,262)	\$	24,905	\$	3,321	\$	13,359	\$	28,323	
Net cash provided by (used in)										
investing activities	59,608		(48,348)		(1,113)		(9,634)		513	
Net cash provided by (used in)										
financing activities	(47,029)		23,660		(168)		(3,725)		(27,262)	
Effect of exchange rate changes										
on cash	683								683	
Cash at beginning of period			628		3,836				4,464	
Cash at end of period	\$	\$	845	\$	5,876	\$		\$	6,721	
-			19							

Applica Incorporated and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Continued

	Parent	Guarantors A		Non-Guarantors As of December 31, (In thousands)		, 2005		Consolidated		
Balance Sheet:					,					
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts and other receivables,	\$	\$	628	\$	3,836	\$		\$	4,464	
net			101,841		38,638				140,479	
Receivables from affiliates	(43,473)		79,638		(10,418)		(25,747)		•	
Inventories			78,508		23,130				101,638	
Future income tax benefits			1,357		(108)				1,249	
Other current assets			3,321		11,477				14,798	
Total current assets	(43,473)		265,293		66,555		(25,747)		262,628	
Investment in subsidiaries Property, plant and equipment,	251,898		783		29,232		(281,913)			
net			17,420		2,295				19,715	
Long-term future income tax										
benefits			6,472		2,713				9,185	
Intangibles and other assets, net			19,738		11,635		(25,619)		5,754	
Total assets	\$ 208,425	\$	309,706	\$	112,430	\$	(333,279)	\$	297,282	
Accounts payable and accrued										
expenses	\$	\$	65,023	\$	18,693	\$		\$	83,716	
Short-term debt	69,524								69,524	
Deferred rent			734		185				919	
Current taxes payable			515		3,232				3,747	
Total current liabilities	69,524		66,272		22,110				157,906	
Long-term debt	75,750		69,100		12,281		(81,381)		75,750	
Future income tax liabilities			1,882		(1,882)					
Other long-term liabilities			475						475	
Total liabilities	145,274		137,729		32,509		(81,381)		234,131	
Shareholders equity	63,151		171,977		79,921		(251,898)		63,151	
Total liabilities and shareholders										
equity	\$ 208,425	\$	309,706	\$	112,430	\$	(333,279)	\$	297,282	
	Three Months Ended June 30, 2005									
Statement of Operations:							,			
Net sales	\$			83,043	\$ 43,579		\$ (10,164)		\$ 116,458	
Cost of sales				62,593	41,070	0	(10,164)		93,499	
Gross profit				20,450	2,509	9			22,959	

Operating expenses		32,445	5,865		38,310				
Operating loss Other expense (income), net	15	(11,995) 2,125	(3,356) (14)		(15,351) 2,126				
(Loss) earnings before equity in net earnings of subsidiaries and income taxes Equity in net earnings (loss) of	(15)	(14,120)	(3,342)		(17,477)				
subsidiaries Income tax provision	(18,485)	46	978	18,485	1,024				
Net loss	\$ (18,500)	\$ (14,166)	\$ (4,320)	\$ 18,485	\$ (18,501)				
Statement of Operations:	Six Months Ended June 30, 2005								
Net sales Cost of goods sold	\$	\$ 173,109 135,619	\$ 85,122 80,925	\$ (29,324) (29,324)	\$ 228,907 187,220				
Gross profit Operating expenses		37,490 64,861	4,197 12,692		41,687 77,553				
Operating loss Other (income) expense, net	28	(27,371) 4,536	(8,495) (271)		(35,866) 4,293				
Loss before equity in net earnings of subsidiaries and income taxes Equity in net loss of subsidiaries Income tax provision	(28) (41,429)	(31,907) 782	(8,224)	41,429	(40,159) 1,298				
Net loss	\$ (41,457)	\$ (32,689)	\$ (8,740)	\$ 41,429	\$ (41,457)				
	2	20							

Applica Incorporated and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Continued

	Parent	Guarantors Six M		Non-Guarantors Ionths Ended June				Consolidated	
Cash Flow Information:									
Net cash provided by (used in)									
operating activities	\$ (38,779)	\$	(8,264)	\$	22,351	\$	41,153	\$	16,461
Net cash provided by (used in)									
investing activities	54,187		(35,913)		(21,777)		4,844		1,341
Net cash provided by (used in)									
financing activities	(16,006)		44,274		(242)		(45,997)		(17,971)
Effect of exchange rate changes									
on cash	598								598
Cash at beginning of period			2,163		8,300				10,463
Cash at end of period	\$	\$	2,260	\$	8,632	\$		\$	10,892
11. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS									

Proposed Merger

On July 23, 2006, Applica Incorporated, NACCO Industries, Inc. (NACCO), and HB-PS Holding Company, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of NACCO (Hamilton Beach/Proctor-Silex), entered into definitive agreements whereby NACCO will spin off its Hamilton Beach/Proctor-Silex business to NACCO s stockholders and, immediately after the spin-off, Applica will merge with and into Hamilton Beach/Proctor-Silex. The combined public company will be named Hamilton Beach, Inc.

Pursuant to the Agreement and Plan of Merger (the Merger Agreement), the outstanding shares of Applica common stock will be converted into the right to receive a number of shares of Hamilton Beach, Inc. Class A common stock equal to 25 percent of the aggregate number of shares of Hamilton Beach, Inc. common stock outstanding immediately following the merger. The terms of the Merger Agreement include customary representations and warranties by each of the parties, as well as certain restrictions and limitations on future transactions of Applica prior to the closing of the merger, including acquisitions, dispositions, additional borrowings, issuance of equity and changes in employee benefit plans.

The merger, which was approved by the Board of Directors of Applica, will be tax-free to stockholders of Applica. The merger is subject to approval by Applica s shareholders and to other customary closing conditions, including (a) receipt of regulatory approvals, (b) the absence of legal impediments prohibiting the transactions, (c) the completion of the spin off of Hamilton Beach/Proctor-Silex; (d) the effectiveness of the registration statement concerning the shares of Hamilton Beach, Inc. Class A common stock to be issued to Applica shareholders in connection with the merger, (e) approval of the listing of the Hamilton Beach, Inc. Class A common stock on the NYSE or the NASDAQ, (f) the parties performance of their respective covenants, including the repayment of certain of Applica s outstanding indebtedness, and (g) receipt of customary tax opinions to the effect that the merger will constitute a tax-free reorganization under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

The Merger Agreement contains certain termination rights for Applica. If the Merger Agreement is terminated as the result of a superior offer, Applica may be required to pay NACCO a termination fee of \$4.0 million, plus up to \$2.0 million of reasonable documented, third party, out-of-pocket expenses.

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Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

As used in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, we, our, us, the Company and Applica refer to Applica Incorporated and its subsidiaries, unless the context otherwise requires.

The following discussion and analysis and the related financial data present a review of the consolidated operating results and financial condition of Applica for the three-month and six month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005. This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005.

General

Applica is a marketer and distributor of a broad range of branded small household appliances. We market and distribute kitchen products, home products, pest control products, pet care products and personal care products. Applica markets products under licensed brand names, such as Black & Decker[®], and its own brand names, such as Windmere[®], LitterMaid[®], Belson[®] and Applica[®]. Our customers include mass merchandisers, specialty retailers and appliance distributors primarily in North America, Latin America and the Caribbean.

As of June 30, 2006, we managed our operations through two business segments: Household Products and Professional Personal Care Products. Through October 2005, we managed our operations through three business segments: Household Products, Professional Personal Care Products and Manufacturing. The Manufacturing segment ceased operations in October 2005.

Proposed Merger

On July 23, 2006, Applica Incorporated, NACCO Industries, Inc. (NACCO), and HB-PS Holding Company, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of NACCO (Hamilton Beach/Proctor-Silex), entered into definitive agreements whereby NACCO will spin off its Hamilton Beach/Proctor-Silex business to NACCO s stockholders and, immediately after the spin-off, Applica will merge with and into Hamilton Beach/Proctor-Silex. The combined public company will be named Hamilton Beach, Inc.

Pursuant to the Agreement and Plan of Merger (the Merger Agreement), the outstanding shares of Applica common stock will be converted into the right to receive a number of shares of Hamilton Beach, Inc. Class A common stock equal to 25 percent of the aggregate number of shares of Hamilton Beach, Inc. common stock outstanding immediately following the merger. The terms of the Merger Agreement include customary representations and warranties by each of the parties, as well as certain restrictions and limitations on future transactions of Applica prior to the closing of the merger, including acquisitions, dispositions, additional borrowings, issuance of equity and changes in employee benefit plans.

The merger, which was approved by the Board of Directors of Applica, will be tax-free to stockholders of Applica. The merger is subject to approval by Applica s shareholders and to other customary closing conditions, including: receipt of regulatory approvals;

the absence of legal impediments prohibiting the transactions;

the completion of the spin off of Hamilton Beach/Proctor-Silex;

the effectiveness of the registration statement concerning the shares of Hamilton Beach, Inc. Class A common stock to be issued to Applica shareholders in connection with the merger;

approval of the listing of the Hamilton Beach, Inc. Class A common stock on the NYSE or the NASDAQ;

the parties performance of their respective covenants, including the repayment of certain of Applica s outstanding indebtedness; and

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receipt of customary tax opinions to the effect that the merger will constitute a tax-free reorganization under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

The Merger Agreement contains certain termination rights for Applica. If the Merger Agreement is terminated as the result of a superior offer, Applica may be required to pay NACCO a termination fee of \$4.0 million, plus up to \$2.0 million of reasonable documented, third party, out-of-pocket expenses.

Planned Rescission Offer

We recently discovered that the number of shares of our common stock purchased by participants under our 401(k) Profit Sharing and Trust may have exceeded the number of shares registered under the registration statement covering the plan. Plan participants who purchased unregistered shares during the last twelve months could require us to repurchase those shares for an amount equal to the price they paid, plus interest, or, if they sold the shares at a loss, they may recover the amount of such loss, plus interest. Based on the latest data provided to us, we estimate that approximately 105,000 shares were issued to plan participants under the 401(k) plan during the twelve months ended August 1, 2006. This estimate may be modified as we continue to evaluate data provided by the plan administrator. During that time, the price of Applica s common stock ranged from a low of \$1.24 per share to a high of \$4.95 per share. The closing price of the common stock on August 1, 2006 was \$3.70 per share.

On August 4, 2006, we filed a registration statement on Form S-8 to register future sales of Applica common stock to plan participants. Additionally, we plan to make a registered rescission offer in the near future to eligible plan participants whereby we would offer to repurchase any shares issued to them during the twelve months prior to the filing of the registered rescission offer at the price the participant paid for such shares. We also plan to offer to reimburse those participants who have sold shares for a loss during those twelve months for the amount of the loss realized upon such sale. We will not effect the repurchase of shares if the amount the participant paid for such shares, plus interest, is less than the market value of the shares on the effective date of the rescission offer.

Applica did not receive any proceeds from the sale of the shares pursuant to the 401(k) plan as these purchases were made by a third party administrator on the open market. We do not believe that the rescission offer will have a material impact on our consolidated results of operations, financial position or liquidity. We have received waivers from both our senior lending group and our term loan lender of potential violations of the applicable loan documents related to the failure to register the shares offered under the 401(k) plan and the rescission offer.

Mexican Manufacturing Facility

In February 2006, we entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an unrelated third party to sell the land and building housing our factory in Mexico. We expected the sale to close in the second quarter of 2006; however, the sale did not close and the agreement was terminated. The property was re-listed for sale in July 2006. The land and building were classified as an asset held for sale and included in prepaid expenses and other in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets at its net realizable value.

Additionally, in connection with the closure of the manufacturing facility in Mexico, certain machinery and equipment and furniture and fixtures totaling approximately \$0.4 million and certain raw materials inventory totaling approximately \$0.4 million were classified as assets held for sale and included in prepaid expenses and other in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2005. In March 2006, the machinery and equipment, furniture and fixtures and raw materials were sold. The sale resulted in a small gain.

Elec-Tech International (H.K.) Company, Ltd.

We entered into a supply agreement with Elec-Tech International (H.K.) Company, Ltd in July 2004. Elec-Tech accounted for approximately 35% of our total purchases in 2005. The supply agreement was terminated by us in December 2005 as the result of material breaches by Elec-Tech, most of which were corrected after the termination date. Effective December 1, 2005, our accounts payable terms with Elec-Tech changed from 60 days from invoice date to 30 days from invoice date. We are still in negotiations of new business terms with Elec-Tech and expect to continue to purchase a significant amount of products from such supplier. However, no formal agreement has been reached. We believe that we may be able to reach agreement with Elec-Tech on acceptable

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terms, but if we are unable to do so, product shipments could be interrupted or Elec-tech could require shorter credit terms from us. We believe that the products currently made by Elec-Tech are available from other suppliers on similar terms, although the transition of a significant amount of production would involve risk.

Fluctuation of Chinese Currency

In July 2005, China ended its peg to the dollar and allowed the renminbi to fluctuate versus a basket of currencies. Immediately, the new renminbi rate revalued the currency by 2.1% to 8.11 to the dollar. At August 1, 2006 the renminbi rate was 7.97 to the dollar. Because a substantial number of our products are imported from China, the floating currency could result in significant fluctuations in our product costs and could have a material effect on our business.

Forward Looking Statement Disclosure

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Exchange Act. Such statements are indicated by words or phrases such as anticipates, projects, management believes, Applica believes, intends, expects, and similar words or phrases. forward-looking statements are subject to certain risks, uncertainties or assumptions and may be affected by certain other factors, including the specific factors set forth below.

You should carefully consider the following risk factors, together with the other information contained in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005 in evaluating us and our business before making an investment decision regarding our securities:

Merger-Related Risk Factors

We may not be able to obtain governmental approvals of the proposed spin-off and merger on the proposed terms and schedule.

We may not be able to obtain approval of the merger from our shareholders.

The new company may not be able to integrate the two businesses successfully.

The new company may not be able to fully realize the anticipated cost savings and synergies from the proposed transaction within the proposed time frame.

There may be significant disruption from the spin-off and merger making it more difficult to maintain relationships with customers, employees or suppliers.

Hamilton Beach/Proctor-Silex may not be able to obtain New York Stock Exchange or NASDAQ approval for the listing of the new company s common stock.

Hamilton Beach/Proctor-Silex may not be able to effect a registration statement concerning the shares of the new company to be distributed to Applica shareholders.

Customers may not accept the new combined entity.

Operational and Other Risk Factors

We purchase a large number of products from one supplier. Production-related risks, interruption of product shipments or demand for shorter credit terms from this supplier could jeopardize our ability to realize anticipated sales and profits.

We are dependent on key personnel and the loss of these key personnel could have a material adverse effect on our success.

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The New York Stock Exchange has notified us that we are not in compliance with its continued listing criteria. If we are delisted by the NYSE, the price and liquidity of our common stock will be negatively affected.

We may incur significant damages and expenses due to the purported class action complaints that were filed against us and certain of our officers.

The rescission offer related to our 401(k) plan may not bar claims relating to our non-compliance with securities laws or any other applicable law, and we may potentially be liable for further rescission or damages.

We depend on third party suppliers for the manufacturing of all of our products which subjects us to additional risks.

Our business involves the potential for product recalls and product liability claims against us.

The failure of our business strategy could have a material adverse effect on our business.

Our business could be adversely affected by fluctuation of the Chinese currency.

We depend on purchases from several large customers and any significant decline in these purchases or pressure from these customers to reduce prices could have a negative effect on our business.

Increases in costs of products will reduce our profitability.

Our business is very sensitive to the strength of the U.S. retail market and weakness in this market could adversely affect our business.

Our business could be adversely affected by currency fluctuations in our international operations.

Our business can be adversely affected by newly acquired businesses or product lines.

Our future success requires us to develop new and innovative products on a consistent basis in order to increase revenues and we may not be able to do so.

The bankruptcy or financial difficulty of any major customer or fluctuations in the financial condition of the retail industry could adversely affect our business.

Our business could be adversely affected by retailer inventory management.

Our business could be adversely affected by changes in trade relations with China.

If we are unable to renew the Black & Decker® trademark license agreement, our business could be adversely affected.

The infringement or loss of our proprietary rights could have an adverse effect on our business.

Our operating results are affected by seasonality.

We compete with other large companies that produce similar products.

Our debt agreements contain covenants that restrict our ability to take certain actions.

Government regulations could adversely impact our operations.

Should one or more of these risks, uncertainties or other factors materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, our actual results, performance, or achievements may vary materially from any future

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results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to Applica or persons acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements in this paragraph. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. Applica undertakes no obligation to publicly revise any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances that arise after the filing of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

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Results of Operations

Three Months Ended June 30, 2006 Compared To Three Months Ended June 30, 2005

Net Sales. Consolidated net sales decreased by \$12.0 million to \$104.5 million, a decrease of 10.3% from the second quarter of 2005.

Sales for the Household Product segment, net of inter-segment sales in 2005, decreased \$10.9 million to \$95.3 million. For the quarter ended June 30, 2006:

sales of Black & Decker® branded products decreased by \$8.2 million to \$83.5 million;

sales of Littermaid® branded products increased by \$2.0 million to \$9.0 million; and

sales of other branded products decreased by \$4.7 million to \$2.8 million.

The decrease in Black & Decker[®] branded products was primarily attributable to our decision to exit the home environment product category and other non-profitable SKUs as part of our product and customer profitability review, softness in the retail environment and inventory management by certain key customers.

The increase in sales of Littermaid[®] branded products for the second quarter of 2006 compared to the same period in 2005 was attributable to increased orders resulting from supply shortages in the first quarter of 2006 related to our transition to the next generation of automatic litter boxes.

Sales for the Professional Personal Care segment increased slightly by \$0.3 million to \$9.2 million for the second quarter of 2006.

Sales for the Manufacturing segment were \$10.8 million in the second quarter of 2005. During the second quarter of 2005, intersegment sales for the Manufacturing segment were \$9.4 million and contract manufacturing sales were \$1.4 million. Manufacturing operations ceased in October 2005.

Gross Profit. Our gross profit margin increased to 29.7% for the three months ended June 30, 2006 as compared to 19.7% for the same period in 2005. Gross profit in the second quarter of 2006 was positively impacted by improvements in product mix. However, gross profit was negatively impacted by (a) the sale of previously produced inventory at our manufacturing facility in Mexico that included approximately \$0.9 million of capitalized losses and (b) the movement of certain customers to freight collect programs.

Gross profits for the second quarter of 2005 were negatively impacted by:

restructuring charges at our manufacturing operations in Mexico of approximately \$5.0 million;

inventory write-downs of approximately \$3.4 million related to two products; and

higher product warranty returns and related expenses of \$1.2 million, primarily related to our transition from manufacturing to sourcing.

Operating Expenses. Operating expenses decreased by \$4.7 million, or 12.2%, to \$33.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006 compared to the same period in 2005. As a percentage of sales, operating expenses decreased to 32.2% in the second quarter of 2006 compared to 32.9% in the 2005 period, primarily as the result of cost cutting initiatives. The following expenses decreased in the second quarter of 2006 compared to the same period in 2005:

freight and handling expenses decreased by \$1.4 million as the result of lower sales and the movement of certain customers to freight collect programs;

employee compensation decreased by \$1.2 million due to lower average headcount;

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amortization expense decreased by \$1.0 million, primarily related to the write-off of the Tide Buzz license in the second quarter of 2005; and

other expenses decreased by \$1.1 million.

Operating expenses in the second quarter of 2006 included \$0.7 million in consulting fees paid to Alvarez & Marsal, LLP.

Stock-Based Compensation Expense. SFAS 123R was adopted on January 1, 2006, which now requires, among other items, the recognition of stock-based compensation expense in our results of operations. We elected the modified prospective transition method; therefore, we did not restate prior period results. Stock-based compensation expense was \$0.1 million during the three months ended June 30, 2006. Stock-based compensation expense is expected to total approximately \$0.5 million for the full year of 2006, assuming no additional grants of stock-based compensation awards.

Refer to Note 1 to our unaudited consolidated financial statements for more information on stock-based compensation

Interest Expense. Interest expense increased slightly to \$2.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006, as compared to \$2.6 million for the second quarter of 2005. The increase was the result of higher average interest rates despite lower average debt levels.

Taxes. Our tax provision is based on an estimated annual aggregation of the taxes on earnings of each of our foreign and domestic operations. For the second quarter of 2006, Applica had an effective tax rate of 26% before valuation allowances on deferred tax assets, as compared to 24% for the second quarter of 2005 before valuation allowances on deferred tax assets.

SFAS No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes requires that a valuation allowance be established when it is more likely than not that all or a portion of a deferred tax asset will not be realized. A review of all available positive and negative evidence needs to be considered, including current and past performance, the market environment in which a company operates, the use of past tax credits and length of carry-back and carry-forward periods.

Forming a conclusion that a valuation allowance is not needed is difficult when there is negative objective evidence such as cumulative losses in recent years. Cumulative losses weigh heavily in the overall assessment. As a result of the review undertaken at June 30, 2006, Applica concluded that it was appropriate to record valuation allowances of \$2.2 million for the second quarter of 2006. We expect to realize the benefits of the remaining net deferred tax assets of approximately \$10.3 million as of June 30, 2006, primarily from identified tax planning strategies in the U.S. and Argentina, as well as projected taxable income from other foreign operations.

We expect to continue to maintain a valuation allowance on future tax benefits in the U.S. until an appropriate level of profitability is reached or we are able to develop tax strategies that would enable us to conclude that it is more likely than not that an additional portion of our deferred tax assets would be realized.

Earnings Per Share. Weighted average basic shares for the three-month period ended June 30, 2006 were 24,371,381. Weighted average basic shares for the three-month period ended June 30, 2005 were 24,139,188. All common stock equivalents were excluded from the diluted per share calculations in the three-month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 because their inclusion would have been anti-dilutive. Potential common stock equivalents for the three-month period ended June 30, 2006 were options to purchase 1,708,454 shares of common stock with exercise prices ranging from \$1.62 to \$31.69. Potential common stock equivalents for the three-month period ended June 30, 2005 were options to purchase 2,593,596 shares of common stock with exercise prices ranging from \$3.63 to \$31.69.

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Six Months Ended June 30, 2006 Compared To Six Months Ended June 30, 2005

Net Sales. Consolidated net sales decreased by \$20.4 million to \$208.5 million, a decrease of 8.9% from the first half of 2005.

Sales for the Household Product segment, net of intersegment sales in 2005, decreased \$13.4 million to \$190.5 million. For the first half of 2006:

sales of Black & Decker® branded products decreased by \$5.7 million to \$168.3 million;

sales of Littermaid® branded products decreased by \$2.0 million to \$16.3 million; and

sales of other branded products decreased by \$5.7 million to \$5.9 million.

The decrease in Black & Decker[®] sales in the first half of 2006 compared to the same period in 2005 was primarily attributable to our decision to exit the home environment product category and other non-profitable SKUs as part of our product and customer profitability review.

The decrease in sales of Littermaid® branded products for the first half of 2006 compared to the same period in 2005 was attributable to supply shortages in the first quarter of 2006 related to our transition to the next generation of automatic litter boxes. We offset a portion of the shortfall in the second quarter of 2006 and expect to have the products to meet the demand for our Littermaid® branded products in the second half of 2006.

Sales for the Professional Personal Care segment decreased by \$5.6 million to \$18.0 million for the first half of 2006. This decrease was primarily the result of inventory management by our major customers in the first quarter of 2006.

Sales for the Manufacturing segment were \$28.9 million in the first half of 2005. During the first half of 2005, intersegment sales for the Manufacturing segment were \$27.5 million and contract manufacturing sales were \$1.4 million. Manufacturing operations ceased in October 2005.

Gross Profit. Applica s gross profit margin increased to 26.7% for the six months ended June 30, 2006 as compared to 18.2% for the same period in 2005. Gross profit for the first half of 2006 was negatively impacted by:

\$3.7 million recorded in the first quarter of 2006 in connection with the product recall; and

the sale of inventory that included capitalized losses of \$2.7 million related to the closure of the manufacturing facility in Mexico.

Gross profit for the first half of 2005 was negatively impacted by:

inventory write-downs of \$12.8 million related to an adjustment to net realizable value of two products;

restructuring charges at our manufacturing operations in Mexico of \$7.9 million; and

higher product warranty returns and related expenses of \$4.5 million.

Operating Expenses. Operating expenses decreased \$9.7 million, or 12.5%, for the first half of 2006 to \$67.8 million compared to the first half of 2005. These expenses decreased as a percentage of sales to 32.5% in 2006 from 33.9% in the 2005 period primarily as the result of cost cutting initiatives. The following expenses decreased in the first half of 2006 compared to the same period in 2005:

employee compensation decreased by \$3.3 million due to lower average headcount;

occupancy costs decreased by \$1.4 million due to lower rent and repairs and maintenance;

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amortization expenses decreased by \$1.2 million, primarily related to the write-off of the Tide Buzz license in the second quarter of 2005;

freight and handling expenses decreased by \$1.1 million as the result of lower sales and the movement of certain customers to freight collect programs;

professional services decreased by \$1.1 million; and

other expenses decreased by \$1.6 million.

Operating expenses in the first half of 2006 includes \$1.8 million in consulting fees paid to Alvarez & Marsal, LLP and \$0.5 million in administrative expenses related to the closure of the Mexican manufacturing facility.

Stock-Based Compensation Expense. SFAS 123R was adopted on January 1, 2006, which now requires, among other items, the recognition of stock option expense in our results of operations. We elected the modified prospective transition method; therefore, we did not restate prior period results. Stock-based compensation expense was \$0.3 million during the six months ended June 30, 2006. Stock-based compensation expense is expected to total approximately \$0.5 million for the full year of 2006, assuming no additional grants of stock-based compensation awards.

Refer to Note 1 to our unaudited consolidated financial statements for more information on stock-based compensation.

Interest Expense. Interest expense increased by \$0.4 million, or 7.4%, to \$5.5 million for the first half of 2006, as compared to \$5.1 million for the first half of 2005. The increase was the result of higher interest rates despite lower average debt levels.

Taxes. Applica s tax expense is based on an estimated annual aggregation of the taxes on earnings of each of its foreign and domestic operations. For the first half of 2006, Applica applied an effective tax rate of 29% on its losses from operations before additional valuation allowances. The effective tax rate for the first half of 2005 was 26% before additional valuation allowances.

SFAS No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes requires that a valuation allowance be established when it is more likely than not that all or a portion of a deferred tax asset will not be realized. A review of all available positive and negative evidence needs to be considered, including a company s current and past performance, the market environment in which the company operates, the use of past tax credits, length of carryback and carryforward periods.

Forming a conclusion that a valuation allowance is not needed is difficult when there is negative objective evidence such as cumulative losses in recent years. Cumulative losses weigh heavily in the overall assessment. As a result of the review undertaken at June 30, 2006, Applica concluded that it was appropriate to record valuation allowances of \$6.6 million for the first half of 2006. Applica expects to realize the benefits of the remaining net deferred tax assets of approximately \$10.3 million as of June 30, 2006, primarily from identified tax planning strategies in the U.S. and Argentina, as well as projected taxable income from other countries.

The increase in the valuation allowance in the first half of 2006 primarily results from losses in the U.S. operations that resulted in a tax benefit of \$6.5 million. We expect to continue to maintain a valuation allowance on future tax benefits, primarily in the U.S. until an appropriate level of profitability is reached or we are able to develop tax strategies that would enable us to conclude that it is more likely than not that a portion of our deferred tax assets would be realized.

No tax provision is made for the undistributed earnings of the foreign subsidiaries that Applica expects will be permanently reinvested in its operations outside the United States.

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Earnings Per Share. Weighted average basic shares for the first half of 2006 were 24,278,904. Weighted average basic shares for the first half of 2005 were 24,137,874. All common stock equivalents have been excluded from the diluted per share calculations in the six-month period ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 because their inclusion would have been anti-dilutive. Potential common stock equivalents for the six-month period ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 were options to purchase 1,706,733 and 2,588,204 shares of common stock, respectively, with exercise prices ranging from \$1.62 to \$31.69.

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Liquidity and Capital Resources

Liquidity

In order to meet our cash requirements to support seasonal working capital needs and capital expenditures, to pay interest, and to fund operating expenses, we intend to use our existing cash, internally generated funds, and borrowings under our senior credit facility. Based on our current internal estimates, we believe that cash provided from these sources will be adequate to meet our cash requirements over the next twelve months. However, should the assumptions underlying our estimates prove incorrect, our liquidity may be negatively impacted.

We have a senior revolving credit facility with a syndicate of banks that provides for borrowings on a revolving basis of up to \$125 million with a \$10 million sublimit for letters of credit. The credit facility matures in November 2009.

Advances under the credit facility are governed by our collateral value, which is based upon percentages of eligible accounts receivable and inventories. Under the amended facility, if we do not maintain a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio of 1.0 to 1.0, we must maintain a minimum daily availability under the borrowing base of \$10 million and a minimum average monthly availability of \$13 million. If we maintain a fixed charge coverage ratio of greater than 1.0 to 1.0, there is no availability requirement and no availability block. As of June 30, 2006, our fixed charge coverage ratio was less than 1.0 to 1.0. Factors impacting our ability to maintain that availability include our ability to: generate net earnings;

maintain terms with our su