Form Unknown document format
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69,442
69,441
Replacement part kits
20%
285,568
(111,270)
174,298
150,333
Aircraft and safety equipment
20%
1,034
(282)

760		
Tools		
10%		
6,272		
(691)		
5,581		
4,330		
413,800		
(131,003)		
282,797		
251,528		

Property, plant and equipment in service

Software licenses	
20%	
25,670	
(11,103)	
14,567	
15,103	
Vehicles	
20%	
4,136	
(1.500)	
(1,509)	
2,627	
2,084	

Machinery and equipment

10%
12,723
(1,545)
11,178
10,217
Furniture and fixtures
10%
9,234
(1,792)
7,442
7,252
Computers and peripherals
20%
15,416

(5,429)

9,987
8,728
Communication equipment
10%
1,547
1,0 17
(377)
1,170
1,144
Facilities
10%
3,333
5,555
(473)
2,860
2,678

Brand names and patents

-

37
-
37
37
Maintenance Center
7.27%
36,609
(1,305)
35,304
34,851
Leasehold improvements
4%
3,601
(2,346)

1,255

1,641	
Work in progress	
-	
20,435	
-	
20,435	
20,735	
22.256	
23,256	
132,741	
(25,879)	
106,862	
106,991	

(156,882)

389,659

358,519

Advances for aircraft acquisition

-

554,817

-

554,817

436,911

1,101,358

(156,882)

944,476

795,430

NOTES TO THE QUARTERLY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) Continued

Period of January 1 to March 31 2007 and 2006

(In thousands of reais)

8. Property, Plant and Equipment Continued

Advances for aircraft acquisition refer to prepayments made based on the agreements entered into with Boeing Company for the purchase of 75 Boeing 737-800 Next Generation (76 aircraft at December 31, 2006), as further explained in Note 16, and capitalized interest of R\$ 34,405 are included (R\$ 33,068 at December 31, 2006).

9. Loans and Financing

	Annual	Consolidated	
	Interest		
Current: Brazilian Currency	rate	03.31.2007	12.31.2006
Working capital	11.56%	176,120	128,304
BNDES Loan	9.60%	10,884 187,004	9,648 137,952
Foreign Currency			
IFC Loan	7.24%	6,732	2,736
Interest on borrowings and financings		9,786	-
		16,518	2,736
Total short-term borrowings and financings		203,522	140,688
Long term: Brazilian Currency			
BNDES Loan	9.60%	61,449	54,626
Foreign Currency			
Bank Loans	5.39%	123,500	128,303
IFC Loan	7.24%	97,589	107,150
		282,538	290,079
Senior notes	7.50%	463,522	-

Perpetual notes	8.75%	412,020	436,902
Total long-term borrowings and financings		1,158,080	726,981
Total borrowings and financings		1,361,602	867,669

The long-term financings maturities, except for the Perpetual notes, considering the 12-month period from april 1 to march 31 of each year are as follows:

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	Beyond 2013	Total
Brazilian							
Currency:							
BNDES Loan	13,797	13,517	12,825	12,886	8,424	-	61,449
Foreign Currency:							
Bank Loans	123,500	-	-	-	-	-	123,500
IFC Loan	8,584	17,801	17,801	17,801	17,801	17,801	97,589
Senior notes	-	-	-	-	-	463,522	463,522
	132,084	17,801	17,801	17,801	17,801	481,323	684,611
Total	145,881	31,318	30,626	30,687	26,225	481,323	746,060

NOTES TO THE QUARTERLY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) Continued

Period of January 1 to March 31 2007 and 2006

(In thousands of reais)

9. Loans and Financing Continued

(a) Working Capital

At March 31, 2007, the Company maintains ten short-term credit lines with five financial institutions that allowed borrowings up to R\$ 432,000. One of those lines are guaranteed by promissory notes which allow borrowings up to R\$ 300,000 and at March 31, 2007, the outstanding borrowings under these facilities amounting R\$176,120.

(b) Bonds

The company, through its wholly-owned subsidiary Gol Finance, maintains perpetual notes guaranteed by GOL. The notes have no fixed final maturity date and are callable at par by the Company after five years of the issuance date and which are senior unsecured debt obligations of the Company and GOL. At March 31, 2007, there was R\$ 412,020 (US\$ 200,946 thousand) outstanding under this facility.

In March 22, 2007, the Company, through its wholly-owned subsidiary Gol Finance, issued R\$ 463,545 (US\$ 225,000) 7.50% senior notes due 2017. The Company and GOL guarantee the notes, which are senior unsecured debt obligations of them. At March 31, 2007, there was R\$ 463,522 (US\$ 226,064 thousand) outstanding under this facility.

The Company intends to use the resource to finances the acquisition of aircraft as a complement to its own cash resources, and to the bank financings guaranteed by the U.S. Exim Bank.

The Company, through its wholly-owned subsidiary GAC Inc., maintains a mid-term agreement for up to R\$ 126,930 (US\$ 60,000 thousand) with Credit Suisse guaranteed by promissory notes. The tenor of the loan is 2.7 years with an annual interest rate of 3-month Libor. At March 31, 2007, there was R\$123,500 (US\$60,232 thousand) outstanding under this facility.

(d) Other Financings

The GOL maintains long term borrowing agreements for R\$ 75,694 (US\$33,543 thousand) with the BNDES (the Brazilian Development Bank) and for R\$ 110,315 (US\$ 50,000 thousand) with the International Finance Corporation (IFC).

NOTES TO THE QUARTERLY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) Continued

Period of January 1 to March 31 2007 and 2006

(In thousands of reais)

9. Loans and Financing Continued

(d) Other Financings Continued

The BNDES credit line is being used to finance a major portion of the construction and expansion of the Gol Aircraft Maintenance Center at the International Airport of Confins, in the state of Minas Gerais, the acquisition of national equipment and materials. The loan has a term of five years with interest of TJLP 2.65% p.a. and is guaranteed by accounts receivable. As of March 31, 2007, there was R\$ 72,333 (US\$35,278 thousand) outstanding under this facility.

The financing with the International Finance Corporation (IFC) is being used to acquire aircraft spare parts inventories and working capital. The loan has a term of six years with interest of LIBOR 1.875% p.a. and is guaranteed by spare parts. As of March 31, 2007, there was R\$ 104,321 (US\$ 50,878 thousand) outstanding under this facility.

The estimated market values of perpetual notes and senior notes, on March 31, 2007, reflecting the frequent price oscillations of such instruments are shown below:

	Consolidated Book Value	Market
Senior notes	463,522	457,308
Perpetual notes	412,020	411,414

10. Provision for Contingencies

Provision for contingencies	31,846	29,238
Others accounts payable	296	475
Total provision of contingencies and others	32,142	29,713
	18	

NOTES TO THE QUARTERLY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) Continued

Period of January 1 to March 31 2007 and 2006

(In thousands of reais)

10. Provision for Contingencies Continued

The provisions for contingencies, tax obligations and respective judicial deposits are as follows:

	Consolidated 03.31.2007			12.31.2006
	Gross	(-) Judicial	Net	Net
Labor contingencies	provision 616	deposits (1,847)	provision (1,231)	provision (298)
Civil contingencies	5,715 6,331	(1,817) (7) (1,854)	5,708 4,477	4,936 4,638
Tax obligations Total	25,515 31,846	(32,759) (34,613)	(7,244) (2,767)	(7,059) (2,421)
		Contingencies		
Balances at December	er 31, 2006	Labor 772	Civil 4,943	Total 5,715

			- • • • • •
Balances at December 31, 2006	772	4,943	5,715
Constitution	156	1,544	1,700
Reversal	(312)	(772)	(1,084)
Balances at March 31, 2007	616	5,715	6,331

a) Labor and civil contingencies

The Company takes part in legal proceedings and civil and labor claims that arise in the ordinary course of business. Although the results of those proceedings cannot be forecasted, the final judgment of those actions will not have a relevant side effect in the Company s financial position, operating income and cash flow, according to management s opinion which is supported by its external legal advisors.

In order to demonstrate a better current estimate, the provisions constituted for probable losses are classified in non-current liabilities and are reviewed periodically based on the proceedings evolution and on the background of losses in favor of labor and civil claims.

b) Tax obligations

The Company is questioning in court the non-assessment of VAT (ICMS) in aircraft and engine imports under operating leasing in transactions made with lessors headquartered in foreign countries. The Company s Management understands that these transactions are mere leases in view of the contractual obligation to return the object of the contract, which will never integrate the Company s assets. Given that there is no circulation of goods, the tax triggering event is not characterized.

NOTES TO THE QUARTERLY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) Continued

Period of January 1 to March 31 2007 and 2006

(In thousands of reais)

10. Provision for Contingencies Continued

b) <u>Tax obligations</u> Continued

Estimated aggregated value of the current lawsuits - considering the 4% rate applied to the price of the lease aircraft and engines and taking these assets estimated useful life over the average period of the Company s commercial leases totals R\$ 45,944 at March 31, 2007 (R\$ 45,248 at December 31, 2006), monetarily adjusted and excluding eventual default fees.

The Company, supported by case law and the opinion of its independent legal advisors, understands that it is unlikely for the Company to lose these court suits and the accounting practices adopted in the preparation of its financial statements, in line with international standards, do not require provisions for losses.

The Company is judicially discussing several aspects regarding the assessment and calculation basis of PIS and COFINS on its operations that were recorded as long-term tax obligations.

11. Transactions with Related Parties

The subsidiary GOL maintains operating agreements with associated companies for passenger and luggage transportation between airports and for the transportation of employees, executed under normal market conditions.

GOL is the tenant of the property located at Rua Tamoios, 246, in the city of São Paulo, State of São Paulo, owned by associated company whose agreement expires as of March 31, 2008 and has an annual price restatement clause based on the General Market Price Index (IGP-M).

The balances payable to the associated companies, in the amount of R 127 (R 127 at December 31, 2006) are included in the suppliers balance jointly with third-party operations. The amount of expenses which affected the income for the first quarter of 2007 is R 13,347 (R 761 in the first quarter of 2006).

NOTES TO THE QUARTERLY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) Continued

Period of January 1 to March 31 2007 and 2006

(In thousands of reais)

12. Shareholders Equity

a) Capital Stock

- i. On March 31, 2007, the capital stock is represented by 107,590,792 common shares and 88,621,497 preferred shares
- ii. The authorized capital stock at March 31, 2007 is R\$ 2,000,000. Within the authorized limit, the Company may, by means of the Board of Directors resolution, increase the capital stock regardless of any amendment to the Bylaws, through issue of shares, without keeping any proportion between the different classes of shares. The Board of Directors shall determine the conditions for the issue, including the payment price and period. At the discretion of the Board of Directors, the preemptive right may be excluded, or the period for its exercise be reduced, in the issue of preferred shares, placement of which is made through sale on a stock exchange or by public subscription, or also through the exchange for shares, in a control acquisition public offering, as provided for by the law. Issue of beneficiary parties is prohibited under the terms of the Company s Bylaws.
- iii. Preferred shares have no voting rights, except concerning the occurrence of specific facts allowed by the Brazilian legislation. These shares have as preference: priority in the reimbursement of capital, without premium and right to be included in the public offering arising from the sale of control, at the same price paid per share of the controlling block, assuring dividend at least equal to that of common shares.
- iv. The quote of the shares of Gol Linhas Aéreas Inteligentes S.A., at March 31, 2007, on the São Paulo Stock Exchange BOVESPA, corresponded to R\$ 62.80 and US\$ 30.43 on the New York Stock Exchange NYSE. The equity value per share at March 31, 2007 is R\$ 10.67 (R\$ 10.54 at December 31, 2006).

b) Dividends and Interest on Equity

In accordance with the Company s Bylaws, to the shareholders is guaranteed a mandatory minimum dividend of 25% of the net income for the period adjusted under the terms of the article 202 of the Corporation Law. According to the Board of Directors Meeting of January 29, 2007, it was approved the Dividend Policy for 2007 that, without prejudice to the Company s Bylaws, approved the quarterly distribution of dividends, in the fixed amount of R\$ 0.35 (thirty five cents of reais), per share, per common and preferred shares of the Company. If necessary, the Company will make the year-end supplementary dividend payment.

NOTES TO THE QUARTERLY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) Continued

Period of January 1 to March 31 2007 and 2006

(In thousands of reais)

12. Shareholders Equity Continued

b) Dividends and Interest on Equity Continued

The Company s Board of Directors approved the payment of intermediate dividends and interest on shareholder s equity (JSCP) to its shareholder s referring to the first quarter of 2007, as demonstrated below:

		R\$ per share			Income duri	ing quarter
Deliberation Board of Directors Meeting on	Income	(one lot of 100 shares)	Credit	Payment	03.31.2007	03.31.2006
March 16, 2007 Board of Directors Meeting on	JSCP	17.13	03.30.2007	05.04.2007	33,608	35,391
March 16, 2007 Total of dividends and interest	Dividends on sharehold		03.30.2007	05.04.2007	40,108 73,716	8,079 43,470
Credit per share (R\$ per lot of 1 Total shares	00 shares)				37.57 196,212,289	22.18 195,972,633

The payment of interest on shareholder s equity will be inputed to the mandatory minimum dividend for the year.

In accordance with Law No. 9,249, - Changes in income tax, social contribution and other steps legislation, as of December 26, 1995 the Company made a payment to shareholders of interest on shareholder s equity, calculated on the equity accounts and limited to the pro rata die variation of the Long-Term Interest Rate TJLP.

The base income for determining the dividends and the proposed dividends were calculated as follows:

Minimum dividends on adjusted net income	03.31.2007	03.31.2006					
Net income for the quarter Legal reserve constitution Base income for the determination of the minimum	91,578 (4,579)	160,678 (8,034)					
mandatory dividend	86,999	152,644					
Mandatory minimum dividend, equivalent to 25 $\%$							
of the base income	21,750	38,161					
Proposed Dividends: Interest on shareholder s equity - R\$ 17.13 per lot of 100							
shares (R\$ 18.06 per lot of 100 shares in 2006) Proposed dividends - R\$ 20.44 per lot of 100 shares (R\$	33,608	35,391					
4.12 per lot of 100 shares in 2006) Total Interest on equity, net of income tax	40,108 73,716 (1,380) 72,336	8,079 43,470 (5,309) 38,161					

NOTES TO THE QUARTERLY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) Continued

Period of January 1 to March 31 2007 and 2006

(In thousands of reais)

12. Shareholders Equity Continued

b) Dividends and Interest on Equity Continued

The balances at March 31, 2007 are constituted as follows:

Balances at December 31, 2006	42,961
Dividends and interest on shareholder s equity:	
Declared	73,716
Income taxes (IRRF)	(1,380)
Paid	(42,760)
Balances at March 31, 2007	72,537

13. Cost of Services Rendered, Sales and Administrative Expenses

	Consolidated 03.31.2007 Cost of Services	Sales	Administrative			03.31.200	6
	Rendered	Expenses	Expenses	Total	%	Total	%
Aircraft fuel	361,298	-	-	361,298	37,9	254,306	38,1
Salaries, wages and benefits	113,719	-	17,933	131,652	13,8	79,457	11,9
Aircraft leasing	109,834	-	-	109,834	11,5	66,487	10,0
Sales and marketing	-	76,555	-	76,555	8,0	99,330	14,9
Aircraft and traffic servicing	39,606	-	18,282	57,888	6,1	31,621	4,7
Landing fees	54,972	-	-	54,972	5,8	30,341	4,5
Maintenance materials and repair	46,248	-	-	46,248	4,9	26,115	3,9
Depreciation and amortization	17,598	-	1,995	19,593	2,1	12,395	1,9
Other operating expenses	84,228	-	11,614	95,842	10,0	68,086	10,2

827,503 76,555 49,824 953,882 100,0 668,138 100,0

At March 31, 2007, aircraft fuel expenses include R\$ 6,904, arising from results with derivatives represented by fuel hedge contract results expired in the period and measured as effective to hedge the expenses against fuel price fluctuations.

NOTES TO THE QUARTERLY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) Continued

Period of January 1 to March 31 2007 and 2006

(In thousands of reais)

14. Net Financial Income

	Parent Company 03.31.2007 03.31.2006			
Financial Expenses:				
Interest on loans	-	-	(27,024)	(3,263)
Foreign exchange variations on				
liabilities	(17,732)	(1,498)	(6,078)	(10,233)
Losses on financial instruments	-	-	(23,957)	(228)
CPMF tax	(277)	(242)	(2,671)	(2,576)
Monetary variations on liabilities	-	-	(684)	(419)
Interest on shareholder s equity	(33,608)	(35,391)	(33,608)	(35,391)
Other	(136)	(3)	(9,038)	(4,161)
	(51,753)	(37,134)	(103,060)	(56,271)
Financial income: Interest and gains on financial investments Foreign exchange variations	-	390	30,791	2,726
on assets	10,247	1,150	7,329	6,661
Gains on financial instruments	17,497	8,428	57,815	31,246
Capitalized interest	-	-	4,617	3,350
Interest on shareholder s equity	11,386	_	-	-
Monetary variations on assets	24	-	1,588	479
Others	5	-	1,820	1,213
	39,159	9,968	103,960	45,675
Net financial income	(12,594)	(27,166)	900	(10,596)

15. Commitments

The Company leases its operating aircraft and rent airport terminals, other airport facilities, offices and other equipment. At March 31, 2007 the Company carried operational lease agreements on 67 aircraft (65 at December 31, 2006), with expiration dates from 2006 to 2018.

The following table provides the obligations under current and long-term debt obligations, due to operating lease commitments and aircraft purchase commitments as of March 31, 2007:

NOTES TO THE QUARTERLY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) Continued

Period of January 1 to March 31 2007 and 2006

(In thousands of reais)

15. Commitments Continued

						Beyond	
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2012	Total
Operating lease							
commitments (1)	399,488	335,107	280,399	193,882	178,863	506,455	1,894,194
Pre-delivery deposi	ts						
(2)	221,704	297,973	346,345	281,053	67,163	-	1,214,238
Aircraft purchase							
commitments (3)	2,044,610	1,546,451	1,886,268	2,374,736	1,990,118	1,096,361	10,938,544
Total	2,665,802	2,179,531	2,513,012	2,849,671	2,236,144	1,602,816	14,046,976

(1) The future commitments based on the operating lease contracts are denominated in U.S. Dollars. The Company has letters of credit in the amount of R\$ 63,237 (US\$ 30,841) for aircraft leasing contracts deposits and R\$ 158,656 (US\$ 77,378) for engine maintenance deposits

(2) The Company makes payments arising from the construction phase for aircraft acquisitions utilizing the proceeds from equity and debt financings, cash flow from operations and supplier financing.

(3) The Company has a purchase contract with Boeing for acquisition of Boeing 737-800 Next Generation aircraft being currently 75 firm orders and 34 purchase options. The firm orders have an approximate value of R\$ 11,052 million (corresponding to approximately US\$ 5,335 million) based on the aircraft list price, including estimated amounts for contractual price escalations and pre-delivery deposits during the phase of the aircraft construction. The commitments arising from the aircraft acquisition not include the portion that will be financed by long-term financings with guarantee of the aircraft by the U.S. Exim Bank (Exim), corresponding to approximately 85% of the total cost of the aircraft.

16. Employees

The Company keeps a profit sharing plan and stock option plans. The employee profit sharing plan is linked to the economic and financial results measured with basis on the Company s performance indicators that assume the achievement of the Company s, its business units and individual performance goals. At March 31, 2007, considering that the goals established by the Company were not accomplished, no provisions has been accrued.

At January 2, 2007, the Compensation Committee, within the scope of its functions and in conformity with the Company s Stock Option Plan, approved the granting of 113,379 options for the purchase of the Company s preferred shares at the price of R\$ 65.85 per share.

NOTES TO THE QUARTERLY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) Continued

Period of January 1 to March 31 2007 and 2006

(In thousands of reais)

16. Employees Continued

The transactions are summarized below:

	Quantity of Stock options	Weighted average price for the year
Outstanding at December 31, 2006	187,234	40.65
Granted	113,379	65.85
Exercised	(5,823)	37.13
Outstanding at March 31, 2007	294,790	50.44
Quantity of options to be exercised at December 31, 2005	158,353	6.50
Quantity of options to be exercised at December 31, 2006	17,484	33.06
Quantity of options to be exercised at March 31, 2007	49,109	38.51

The weighted average fair values on the granting dates of the stock options, at March 31, 2007, were R\$ 27.74 and R\$ 27.20 respectively, and they were estimated based on the Black-Scholes stock option pricing model, assuming a 1.5 % dividend payment, an expected volatility of approximately 37,4%, a weighted average risk free rate of 13.0 % and a average maturity of 3.85 years.

The accounting practices adopted in Brazil do not require recognition of compensation expenses through the Company s stock options. If the Company had recorded in its results the compensation expenses by means of stock options, based on the fair value on the date of the options granting, the income of the first quarter of 2007 would have been R\$ 417 lower (R\$ 2,027 in the first quarter of 2006 and R\$ 3,239 in the year of 2006).

The exercise price interval and the remaining weighted average maturity of the outstanding options, as well as the exercise price interval for the options to be exercised at March 31, 2007 are summarized below:

Outstanding	Options			Options to be Quantity of	exercised
	Quantity of outstanding	Remaining weighted	Weighted	options to be exercised	Weighted
Exercise price	e options at	average	average		average
interval	03/31/2007	maturity	exercise price	03/31/2007	exercise price
33.06	82,754	2.75	33.06	30,304	33.06
47.30	98,657	3.75	47.30	18,805	47.30
65.85	113,379	4.75	65.85	-	65.85
33.06 - 65.85	294,790	3.85	50.44	49,109	38.51

NOTES TO THE QUARTERLY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) Continued

Period of January 1 to March 31 2007 and 2006

(In thousands of reais)

17. Financial Derivative Instruments

The Company is exposed to several market risks arising from its operations. Such risks involve mainly the effects of changes in fuel price and foreign exchange rate risk, in view that its revenues are generated in Reais and the Company has significant commitments in US dollars, credit risks and interest rate risks. The Company uses derivative financial instruments to minimize those risks. The Company maintains a formal risk management policy under the management of its executive officers, its Risk Policy Committee and its Board of Directors.

The management of these risks is performed through control policies, establishing limits, as well as other monitoring techniques, mainly mathematical models adopted for the continuous monitoring of exposures. The exclusive investment funds in which the Company and its subsidiary Gol are quota holders are used as means for the risk coverage contracting according to the Company s risk management policies.

Airlines are exposed to aircraft fuel price change effects. Aircraft fuel consumption in the first quarter of 2007 and 2006 represented approximately 37.9% and 38.1% of the Company s operating expenses, respectively. The Company periodically uses future contracts, swaps and oil options and its derivatives to manage those risks. The purpose of the fuel hedge is the fuel acquisition operating expenses. As the aircraft fuel is not traded on a commodities exchange, the liquidity and alternatives for contracting hedge operations of that item are limited. However, the Company has found effective commodities to hedge aircraft fuel costs, mainly crude oil. Historically, oil prices have been highly related to aircraft fuel prices, which makes oil derivatives effective in compensating oil price fluctuations, in order to provide short-term protection against sudden fuel price increases. The futures contracts are listed on NYMEX, swaps are contracted with prime international banks and the options can be either those listed on NYMEX or those traded with prime international banks.

The Company also engages in financial derivative instruments agreements contracted with first-tier banks for cash management purposes. The financial derivative instruments are composed of synthetic fixed income option agreements and swaps contracts to obtain the Brazilian overnight deposit rate for investments in securities with fixed-rates or denominated in dollars.

NOTES TO THE QUARTERLY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) Continued

Period of January 1 to March 31 2007 and 2006

(In thousands of reais)

17. Derivative Financial Instruments Continued

a) Fuel price risk

The Company s derivatives contracts, at March 31, 2007, are summarized as follows (in thousands, except otherwise indicated):

Fair value of derivative financial instruments at the end of the period Average term (months) Hedged volume (barrels)	03.31.2007 18,756 3 2,366,462	12.31.2006 R\$ (4,573) 3 1,804,000
Period ended March 31:	2007	2006
Gains with hedge effectiveness recognized as aircraft fuel expenses	-	R\$ 628
Losses with hedge ineffectiveness recognized as financial income	R\$ 5,325	-
Current percentage of hedged consumption (during the quarter)	87%	55%

The Company utilizes financial derivative instruments as hedges to decrease its exposure to jet fuel price increases for short-term time frames. On March 31, 2007 the Company currently has a combination of purchased call options, collar structures, and fixed price swap agreements in place to hedge approximately 60%, 25%, 25%, 10% and 10% of its jet fuel requirements for the second, third and fourth quarters of 2007, first and second quarters of 2008, respectively, at average crude equivalent prices of approximately US\$ 68.3, US\$69.5, US\$ 72.3, US\$ 62.6 e US\$ 62.9 per barrel, respectively.

The Company classifies fuel hedge as cash flow hedge , and recognizes the changes of market fair value of effective hedges accounted in the shareholders equity until the hedged fuel is consumed. The fuel hedge effectiveness is estimated based on correlation statistical methods or by the proportion of fuel purchase expense variations that are offset by the fair market value variation of derivatives. Effective hedge results are recorded as decrease or increase in the cost of acquisition of fuel, and the hedge results that are not effective are recognized as financial income/expenses.

Ineffective hedges arise when the change in the value of derivatives is not between 80% and 125% of the hedged fuel value variation. When the aircraft fuel is consumed and the related derivative financial instrument is settled, the unrealized gains or losses recorded in shareholders equity are recognized as aircraft fuel expenses. The Company is exposed to the risk that periodic changes will not be effective, as defined, or that the derivatives will no longer qualify for recording unrealized gains or losses in the equity. As periodic changes in the fair value of derivatives are ineffective, such ineffectiveness is recognized in the same period as the estimated fuel consumption occurs.

NOTES TO THE QUARTERLY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) Continued

Period of January 1 to March 31 2007 and 2006

(In thousands of reais)

17. Derivative Financial Instruments Continued

a) Fuel price risk Continued

Ineffectiveness is inherent in hedging jet fuel with derivative positions based in other crude oil related commodities, especially given the magnitude of the current fair market value of the Company s fuel hedge derivatives and the recent volatility in the prices of refined products. The Company has determined that specific hedges will not regain effectiveness in the time period remaining until settlement. Any changes in fair value of the derivative instruments are marked to market through earnings in the period of change.

During the quarter ended on March 31, 2007, the Company recognized approximately R\$ 2,730 (US\$ 1,331) of additional losses in Others gains (losses), net, related to the ineffectiveness of its hedges. The Company also recognized approximately R\$ 61 (US\$ 30) related to losses within the ineffective portion of the contracted hedges for future competences. As of March 31, 2007 there was an unrealized gain of R\$ 6,020 (US\$ 2,936) referring to the effective portion of the contracted hedges for future competences recorded in shareholders s equity.

The fair market value of swaps is estimated by discounted cash flow methods, and the fair value of the options is estimated by the Black-Scholes model adapted to commodities options.

Market risk factor: Jet fuel price Exchange market Future contracts bought

	2Q07	3Q07	4Q07	1Q08	2Q08	Total
Nominal volume in barrels (thousands)	1,134	415	452	180	185	2,366
Nominal volume in liters (thousands)	180,308	66,038	71,908	28,616	29,350	376,220

Future agreed rate per barrel (USD)*	68.34	69.54	72.30	62.63	62.88	68.45
Total in Reais **	158,932	59, 223	67,056	23,113	23,800	332,124

* Weighted average between the strikes of the collars and callspreads.

** The exchange rate at 03/31/2007 was R\$ 2.0504 / US\$ 1.00

b) Exchange rate risk

On March 31, 2007 the main assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency recorded in the balance sheet are related to aircraft leasing and acquisition operations.

NOTES TO THE QUARTERLY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) Continued

Period of January 1 to March 31 2007 and 2006

(In thousands of reais)

17. Derivative Financial Instruments Continued

b) Exchange rate risk Continued

The Company s foreign exchange exposure at March 31, 2007 and 2006 is set forth below:

Assets	Consolidated 03.31.2007	12.31.2006
Cash, cash equivalents and financial investments	1,260,264	788,136
Deposits for aircraft leasing contracts	266,224	273,031
Prepaid leasing expenses	21,271	20,223
Others	46,197	15,405
Others	,	-
T - L - 1144	1,593,956	1,096,795
Liabilities	22.200	25.240
Foreign suppliers	23,306	25,249
Operating leases payable	33,636	63,167
	56,942	88,416
Foreign exchange exposure in R\$	1,537,041	1,008,379
Total foreign exchange exposure in US\$	749,617	471,646
Obligations not recorded in the balance sheet Future obligations arising from operating		
lease agreements	1,894,194	1,948,607
Future obligations arising from firm orders	1,07 1,17 1	1,2 10,007
for aircraft purchase	10,938,544 12,832,738	11,549,004 13,497,611
Total foreign exchange exposure in R\$ Total foreign exchange exposure in US\$	14,369,752 7,008,268	14,505,990 6,784,841

The foreign exchange exposure concerning amounts payable resulting from operating leases, insurances, maintenance, and the exposure to fuel price variations caused by the foreign exchange rate are managed by hedge strategies with US dollar futures contracts and US dollar options listed on BM&F (Brazilian Mercantile and Futures Exchange). The expenses accounts that are the purpose of foreign exchange rate hedge are: fuel expenses, lease, maintenance, insurance and international IT services.

NOTES TO THE QUARTERLY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) Continued

Period of January 1 to March 31 2007 and 2006

(In thousands of reais)

17. Derivative Financial Instruments Continued

b) Exchange rate risk Continued

Company s Management believes that the derivatives it uses are extremely correlated to the US dollar/real foreign exchange rate in order to provide short-term protection to foreign exchange rate changes. The Company classifies hedge for exposure to US dollar variations as cash flow hedge and recognizes the fair market value variations of highly effective hedges in the same period the estimated expenses which are the purpose of the hedge occur. The market value changes of the highly effective hedges are recorded in Financial Revenues or Expenses until the period the hedged item is recognized, then they are recognized as decrease or increase in incurred expenses. The market value changes of hedges that are not highly effective are recognized as financial revenue or expense. The US dollar hedge effectiveness is estimated by statistical correlation methods or by the proportion of expenses variation that are offset by the fair market value variation of the derivatives.

The fair market value of swaps is estimated by discounted cash flow methods; the fair value of options is estimated by the Black-Scholes method adapted to the currency options; and the futures fair value refers to the last owed or receivable adjustment already accounted and not settled yet.

The Company uses short-term financial derivative instruments. The following table summarizes the position of the foreign exchange derivative contracts (in thousands, except otherwise indicated):

Fair value of financial derivative instruments at year end Longuest remaining term (months) Hedged volume	03.31.2007 4,310 2 261,500	12.31.2006 R\$ (275) 2 180,127	
Period ended March 31: Hedge effectiveness losses recognized in operating expenses	2007	2006 R\$ (5,383)	

Hedge ineffectiveness losses recognized in other income	R\$ (6,596)	R\$ (227)
Percentage of expenses hedged during year	50%	65%

The Company accounts its futures derivative instruments of foreign currencies as cash flow hedges. On March 31, 2007, the unrealized losses in Accumulated other comprehensive income totalized R\$ 2,040, net of taxes.

NOTES TO THE QUARTERLY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) Continued

Period of January 1 to March 31 2007 and 2006

(In thousands of reais)

17. Derivative Financial Instruments Continued

b) Exchange rate risk Continued

Market risk factor: Exchange rate Exchange market Future agreements bought

	2Q07	3Q07	4Q07	Total
Nominal value in dollars	129,500	63,000	69,000	261,500
Future agreed rate	2.12	2.25	2.33	2.21
Total in Reais	277,022	141,750	160,998	576,770

c) Credit risk of financial derivative instruments

The derivative financial instruments used by the Company are conducted with top quality credit counterparts, AA+ or better rated international banks, according to Moody s and Fitch agencies or international futures exchange or the Brazilian Mercantile and Futures Exchange (BM&F). The Company believes that the risk of not receiving the owed amounts by its counterparts in the derivatives operations is not material.

d) Interest rate risk

The Company s results are affected by fluctuations in international interest rates in US dollar due to the impact of such changes in expenses of operating lease agreements. At March 31, 2007, there were no open hedge contracts for the international interest rate risk.

The Company s results are affected by changes in the interest rates in Brazil, both those applicable to deposits and liabilities in real and those applicable to US dollar indexed securities, due to the impact of such changes on the market value of financial derivative instruments conducted in Brazil, on the market value of prefixed securities in real and on the remuneration of the cash balance and financial investments. The Company uses Interbank Deposit futures of the Brazilian Mercantile and Futures Exchange (BM&F) solely to protect itself from domestic interest rate impacts on the prefixed portion of its investments. On March 31, 2007, the nominal value of Interbank Deposit futures contracts with the Brazilian Mercantile and Futures Exchange (BM&F) totaled R\$ 5.900 with periods of up to 3 years, with a fair market value of R\$ 1.313, corresponding to the last owed or receivable adjustment, already received and not yet settled. The total variations in market value, payments and receivables related to the DI futures are recognized as increase or decrease in financial incomes in the same period they occur.

NOTES TO THE QUARTERLY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) Continued

Period of January 1 to March 31 2007 and 2006

(In thousands of reais)

17. Derivative Financial Instruments Continued

e) Derivatives contracts applied in cash management

The Company utilizes financial derivatives instruments for cash management purposes. The Company enters into option contracts known as boxes with first tier banks and registered in the Brazilian CETIP clearing house with the objective of investing cash at pre-fixed rates. As of March 31, 2007, the total amount invested in boxes was R\$ 78,982 with average term of 241 days. The Company also utilizes swaps contracts to change the remuneration of part of its short term investments to the Brazilian overnight deposit rate, the CDI. Investments in box combinations are swapped from fixed rate to a percentage of the CDI. Investments in dollar-denominated securities are swapped from dollar-based remuneration to Brazilian reais plus a percentage of CDI rate. As of March 31, 2007, the notional amount of fixed-rate swaps to CDI was R\$ 75,000 with a fair value of R\$ (520); and the notional amount of currency swaps to CDI was R\$ 183,667 with a fair value or R\$5,636. The changes in fair value of these swaps is reflected in financial income in the period of change.

18. Insurance Coverage

Management holds an insurance coverage in amounts that it deems necessary to cover possible accidents, due to the nature of its assets and the risks inherent to its activity, observing the limits established in lease agreements. On March 31, 2007 the insurance coverage, by nature, considering GOL s aircraft fleet and in relation to the maximum indemnifiable amounts, is the following:

Aeronautic Type	R\$ (000)	US\$ (000)
Warranty Hull	4,231,193	2,063,594
Civil Liability per occurrence/aircraft	1,537,800	750,000
Warranty Hull/War	4,231,193	2,063,594
Inventories	194,788	95,000

By means of Law 10,605, as of December 18, 2002, the Brazilian government undertook to supplement possible civil liability expenses against third parties caused by acts of war or terrorist attacks, occurred in Brazil or abroad, for which GOL may be demanded, for the amounts that exceed the insurance policy limit effective at September 10, 2001, limited to the equivalent in reais to one billion US dollar.

2	2
3	3

NOTES TO THE QUARTERLY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) Continued

Period of January 1 to March 31 2007 and 2006

(In thousands of reais)

19. Subsequent Events

On April 4, 2007, the Company received approval from the National Civil Aviation Agency (ANAC) to complete the transfer of VRG to GTI S.A., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Gol Linhas Aéreas Inteligentes. With this authorization, the Company initiated execution of the plan developed for VRG, which will operate with its own brand (VARIG) and differentiated services, incorporating the low-cost business model of Gol Transportes Aéreos S.A.

On April 9, 2007, the Company s Board of Directors approved a capital increase amounting to R\$518,100 by means of the issuance of 8,519,979 preferred shares in order to meet the obligations assumed by its subsidiary GTI S.A. in connection with its acquisition of VRG s capital ownership. When the Company agreed to acquire the capital stock of VRG, it agreed to pay a portion of the acquisition price in its preferred shares (representing approximately 3.1% of its total shares outstanding). According to Brazilian law, the issuance and transfer of preferred shares to Varig Logística S.A, the seller of VRG, triggers preemptive rights of the company 's existing shareholders. Of the total authorized issuance of 8,519,979 preferred shares, the company will transfer 6,049,185 preferred shares to Varig Logística S.A. The Company s shareholders (other than Fundo de Investimento em Participações Asas, the Company s principal shareholder) have the right to subscribe for 2,470,794 preferred shares (representing approximately 1.3% of the Company s total shares outstanding). The Company voluntarily elected to register this rights offering with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), in order to enable U.S. holders of its preferred shares and ADRs to participate in the rights offering.

On April 12, 2007, the Company increased the capital of GTI S.A. in the amount of R\$138,264 (US\$68,000), corresponding to 138,264,400 ordinary and preferred shares subscribed on October 26, 2004 at the price of R\$ 1.00 per share, as part of the payment to VarigLog.

NOTES TO THE QUARTERLY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) Continued

Period of January 1 to March 31 2007 and 2006

(In thousands of reais)

APPENDIX I CASH FLOW STATEMENTS

	Parent Comj 03.31.2007	pany 03.31.2006	Consolidated 03.31.2007	03.31.2006
Net income for the period	91,578	160,678	91,578	160,678
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash				
provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	-	-	19,593	12,395
Provision for doubtful accounts receivable	-	-	3,117	918
Deferred income taxes	(2,473)	(9,712)	(1,823)	(16,675)
Equity accounting	(75,471)	(144,488)	-	-
Capitalized interest	-	-	(4,617)	-
Variations in operating assets and liabilities:				
Receivables	-	-	10,772	(15,183)
Inventories	-	-	(48,097)	2,644
Pre-delivery deposits				
Prepaid expenses, taxes recoverable and other				
receivables	(9,660)	(1,706)	39,756	(12,324)
Suppliers	(185)	-	(18,028)	(3,268)
Air traffic liability	-	-	(91,384)	(32,258)
Taxes payable	(31,686)	988	(39,774)	24,208
Payroll and related charges	-	-	16,635	(11,843)
Provisions for contingencies	-	-	2,429	(4,581)
Dividends and interest on shareholder s equity	29,576	(43,470)	29,576	(43,470)
Other liabilities	2,837	42,343	(25,351)	28,622
Net cash generated (used) in operating activities	4,516	4,633	(15,618)	89,863
Investing activities:				
Financial investments	127,115	49,810	26,579	13,456
Investments	(36,203)	(62,402)	53	137
Deposits for leasing contracts	-	-	6,824	828
Property, plant and equipment acquisition includes deposits				
for aircraft acquisition	-	-	(164,022)	(101,498)
Net cash generated (used) in investment activities	90,912	(12,592)	(130,566)	(87,077)

I mancing activities.				
Short term borrowings	-	-	493,933	50,443
Capital increase	215	1,739	215	1,739
Total comprehensive income, net of taxes	8,302	2,258	8,302	2,258
Dividends paid	(73,716)	-	(73,716)	-
Net cash generated (used) in financing activities	(65,199)	3,997	428,734	54,440
Net cash addition	30,229	(3,962)	282,550	57,226
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the	30,229	(3,902)	282,550	57,220
period	136,332	36,632	699,990	129,304
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	166,561	32,670	982,540	186,530
Transactions not affecting cash				
Additional information:				
Interests paid	-	-	27,024	3,263
Income tax and social contribution paid for the period	od -	-	28,630	76,809

NOTES TO THE QUARTERLY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) Continued

Period of January 1 to March 31 2007 and 2006

(In thousands of reais)

APPENDIX II VALUE ADDED STATEMENTS

	Parent Compa 03.31.2007	ny 03.31.2006	Consolidated 03.31.2007	03.31.2006
REVENUES Passenger, cargo and other transportation				
revenues Provision for doubtful accounts receivable	-	-	1,080,516 (13,483)	896,849 (5,808)
INPUT ACQUIRED FROM THIRD PARTIES (includes ICMS and IPI) Fuel and lubricant suppliers Material, energy, third-party services and other Aircraft insurance Sales and marketing GROSS VALUE ADDED	- (2,434) - (2,434)	- (1,747) - (1,747)	(361,298) (196,567) (10,408) (76,555) 422,205	(254,306) (113,879) (6,358) (99,330) 417,168
RETENTIONS Depreciation and amortization NET VALUE ADDED GENERATED BY	-	-	(19,593)	(12,395)
THE COMPANY VALUE ADDED RECEIVED IN TRANSFER	(2,434)	(1,747)	402,612	404,773
Results of the Corporate Interest Interest income (expense) TOTAL VALUE ADDED TO BE	75,471 (12,594)	144,488 (27,166)	- 27,924	- (7,333)
DISTRIBUTED	60,443	115,575	430,536	397,440

VALUE ADDED DISTRIBUTION

Employees	-	-	(131,652)	(79,457)
Government	(2,473)	9,712	(69,697)	(92,828)
Financing companies	-	-	(27,024)	(3,263)
Leasers	-	-	(144,193)	(96,605)
Shareholders	(73,716)	-	(73,716)	(43,470)
Reinvested	15,746	(125,287)	15,746	(81,817)
TOTAL DISTRIBUTED VALUE ADDED	(60,443)	(115,575)	(430,536)	(397,440)

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: April 19, 2007

GOL LINHAS AÉREAS INTELIGENTES S.A.

By:

/s/ Richard F. Lark, Jr.

Name: Richard F. Lark, Jr. Title: Executive Vice President Finance, Chief Financial Officer

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This press release may contain forward-looking statements. These statements are statements that are not historical facts, and are based on management's current view and estimates offuture economic circumstances, industry conditions, company performance and financial results. The words "anticipates", "believes", "estimates", "expects", "plans" and similar expressions, as they relate to the company, are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Statements regarding the declaration or payment of dividends, the implementation of principal operating and financing strategies and capital expenditure plans, the direction of future operations and the factors or trends affecting financial condition, liquidity or results of operations are examples of forward-looking statements. Such statements reflect the current views of management and are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties. There is no guarantee that the expected events, trends or results will actually occur. The statements are based on many assumptions and factors, including general economic and market conditions, industry conditions, and operating factors. Any changes in such assumptions or factors could cause actual results to differ materially from current expectations.