TreeHouse Foods, Inc. Form 10-Q August 06, 2010

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

(Mark One)

x Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 For the Quarterly Period Ended June 30, 2010.

or

o Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the Transition Period from to

Commission File Number 001-32504

TreeHouse Foods, Inc. (Exact name of the registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 20-2311383

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. employer identification no.)

Two Westbrook Corporate Center, Suite 1070

Westchester, IL (Address of principal executive offices)

60154

(Zip Code)

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code) (708) 483-1300

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer x Accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer o Smaller reporting o

Company

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

Number of shares of Common Stock, \$0.01 par value, outstanding as of July 30, 2010: 35,390,286.

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Part I — Financial Information

Item 1. Financial Statements

TREEHOUSE FOODS, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In thousands, except share and per share data)

	June 30, 2010	December 31, 2009
		adited)
Assets	(Chai	ddited)
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,447	\$ 4,415
Receivables, net	107,354	86,557
Inventories, net	295,635	264,933
Deferred income taxes	3,645	3,397
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	23,496	7,269
Assets held for sale	4,081	4,081
Total current assets	437,658	370,652
Property, plant and equipment, net	357,292	276,033
Goodwill	953,384	575,007
Other intangible assets, net	400,464	153,569
Other assets, net	19,433	9,167
Total assets	\$ 2,168,231	\$ 1,384,428
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 181,357	\$ 148,819
Current portion of long-term debt	1,046	906
Deferred income tax	642	_
Total current liabilities	183,045	149,725
Long-term debt	886,205	401,640
Deferred income taxes	160,776	45,381
Other long-term liabilities	35,753	31,453
Total liabilities	1,265,779	628,199
Commitments and contingencies (Note 17)		·
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share, 10,000,000 shares authorized, none issued	_	
Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, 90,000,000 shares authorized, 35,389,917 and		
31,998,921 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	354	320
Additional paid-in capital	693,810	587,598
Retained earnings	233,233	195,262
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(24,945)	·
Total stockholders' equity	902,452	756,229
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 2,168,231	\$ 1,384,428

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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TREEHOUSE FOODS, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(In thousands, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months En June 30,	ded	
	2010 2009					2010	2009	
		(Unaud	ited)			(Unaudited))	
Net sales	\$	446,195	\$	372,605	\$	843,319	\$	728,001
Cost of sales		340,045		292,761		648,391		576,446
Gross profit		106,150		79,844		194,928		151,555
Operating expenses:								
Selling and distribution		30,887		28,517		57,683		54,298
General and administrative		25,084		19,863		53,562		35,636
Other operating expense (income) net		2,019		183		(242)		425
Amortization expense		7,287		3,321		11,734		6,579
Total operating expenses		65,277		51,884		122,737		96,938
Operating income		40,873		27,960		72,191		54,617
Other expense (income):								
Interest expense, net		11,779		4,821		18,606		9,319
Gain on foreign currency exchange		(2,170)		(3,864)		(2,070)		(1,804)
Other income, net		(993)		(1,153)		(1,206)		(1,265)
Total other expense (income)		8,616		(196)		15,330		6,250
Income before income taxes		32,257		28,156		56,861		48,367
Income taxes		10,605		9,731		18,890		17,210
Net income	\$	21,652	\$	18,425	\$	37,971	\$	31,157
Weighted average common shares:								
Basic		34,814		31,616		34,465		31,586
Diluted		35,994		31,752		35,588		32,052
Net earnings per common share:								
Basic	\$.62	\$.58	\$	1.10	\$.99
Diluted	\$.60	\$.58	\$	1.07	\$.97

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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TREEHOUSE FOODS, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In thousands)

	Six Mon		
	2010		2009
	(Unau	ıdite	ed)
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income	\$ 37,971	\$	31,157
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation	20,763		16,398
Amortization	11,734		6,579
Loss (gain) on foreign currency exchange	668		(2,146)
Mark to market adjustment on derivative contracts	(1,710)		(984)
Excess tax deficiency (benefits) from stock-based payment arrangements	440		(100)
Stock-based compensation	7,798		6,059
Loss on disposition of assets, net	1,720		380
Deferred income taxes	7,199		7,293
Curtailment of postretirement benefit obligation	(2,357)		_
Other	81		80
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions:			
Receivables	20,556		4,086
Inventories	16,875		(27,880)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(11,898)		3,224
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	6,922		(29,117)
Net cash provided by operating activities	116,762		15,029
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(16,625)		(22,553)
Additions to other intangible assets	(6,614)		_
Acquisition of business, net of cash acquired	(664,655)		_
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	_	_	24
Net cash used in investing activities	(687,894)		(22,529)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Proceeds from issuance of debt	400,000		_
Borrowings under revolving credit facility	270,900		176,900
Payments under revolving credit facility	(187,100)		(170,000)
Payments on capitalized lease obligations	(587)		(421)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock, net of expenses	110,688		_
Payment of deferred financing costs	(10,783)		_
Proceeds from stock option exercises	3,074		137
Excess tax (deficiency) benefits from stock-based payment arrangements	(440)		100
Cash used to net share settle equity awards	(15,330)		(279)
Net cash provided by financing activities	570,422		6,437
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(258)		473
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(968)		(590)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	4,415		2,687
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 3,447	\$	2,097

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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TREEHOUSE FOODS, INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the six months ended June 30, 2010 (Unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation

The Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included herein have been prepared by TreeHouse Foods, Inc. without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") applicable to quarterly reporting on Form 10-Q. In our opinion, these statements include all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the results of all interim periods reported herein. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted as permitted by such rules and regulations. Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation, primarily to present borrowings under our line of credit on a gross versus net basis. These reclassifications had no effect on reported net earnings, total assets or net cash flows. The Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and related notes should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and related notes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009. Results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of annual results.

The preparation of our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") requires us to use our judgment to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, and the reported amounts of net sales and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

A detailed description of the Company's significant accounting policies can be found in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009.

Unless otherwise indicated, references in this report to "we," "us," "our," or the "Company" refer to TreeHouse Foods, Inc. and subsidiaries, taken as a whole.

2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2010, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2010-06, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures ("ASU 2010-06") to provide additional guidance on fair value disclosures. ASU 2010-06 requires new disclosures about transfers in and out of Level 1 and 2, and requires that the activity in Level 3 disclosures be presented on a gross basis rather than as a net number. The ASU also clarifies existing disclosures about the level of disaggregation and information on inputs and valuation techniques, and includes confirming amendments to the guidance on employers' disclosures about postretirement benefit plan assets. ASU 2010-06 is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2009. The Company adopted the provisions of this ASU effective January 1, 2010, and the adoption did not significantly impact the Company's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

3. Acquisition

On March 2, 2010, the Company acquired Sturm Foods, Inc. ("Sturm"), a private label manufacturer of hot cereal and powdered soft drink mixes that serves retail and foodservice customers in the United States with annual sales of approximately \$340 million. The acquisition of Sturm has strengthened the Company's presence in private label dry

grocery categories.

The Company paid a cash purchase price of \$664.7 million, before adjusting for a \$5.2 million working capital adjustment to reduce the purchase price, for 100% of the issued and outstanding stock of Sturm. The \$5.2 million working capital adjustment is recorded in the Receivables, net line of our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2010. The transaction was financed through the issuance of \$400 million in high yield notes, the issuance of 2.7 million shares of Company common stock at \$43.00 per share and borrowings under the Company's credit facility.

The acquisition is being accounted for under the purchase method of accounting and the results of operations are included in our financial statements from the date of acquisition and are included in each of our segments. Sturm contributed \$101.3 million to net sales and \$5.9 million in net income since the March 2, 2010 acquisition date through June 30, 2010. At the date of acquisition, the purchase price was allocated to the assets and liabilities acquired based upon fair market values. The Company's purchase price allocation set forth below is preliminary and subject to tax and working capital adjustments that are expected to be completed in the second half of 2010. Adjustments may impact the total purchase price, deferred taxes and goodwill.

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	(In
	thousands)
Receivables	\$35,648
Inventory	47,525
Property plant and equipment	86,106
Customer relationships	229,000
Trade name	10,000
Formulas	5,000
Other intangible assets	5,835
Other assets	3,813
Goodwill	378,602
Total assets acquired	801,529
Accounts payable and accruals	(35,171)
Other long-term liabilities	(4,365)
Deferred taxes	(102,553)
Total liabilities acquired	(142,089)
Total purchase price	\$659,440

The Company allocated \$229 million to customer relationships that have an estimated life of twenty years. The acquired trade name will be amortized over fifteen years. Formulas have an estimated useful life of five years. Other intangible assets consist of capitalized computer software that is being amortized over three years. The Company increased the cost of acquired inventories by approximately \$6.2 million, and expensed that amount as a component of cost of sales through the second quarter of 2010. The Company has allocated \$372.4 million of goodwill to the North American Retail Grocery segment and \$6.2 million of goodwill to the Food Away From Home segment. No goodwill is expected to be deductible for tax purposes. Goodwill arises principally as a result of expansion opportunities, employed workforce, and the impact of Sturm's first mover advantage. The Company incurred approximately \$5.4 million in acquisition related costs during the six months ended June 30, 2010. These costs are included in the General and administrative expense line on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income. In connection with the issuance of debt and equity to finance the acquisition, the Company incurred approximately \$10.8 million in debt issue costs that were capitalized and are amortized over the term of the debt on a straight line basis, and are included as a component of interest expense. The Company also incurred approximately \$5.5 million of stock issuance costs, that reduced the proceeds and were recorded as a component of additional paid in capital.

The following pro forma summary presents the effect of the Sturm acquisition as though the business had been acquired as of January 1 of each period presented and is based upon unaudited financial information of the acquired entity and may not be indicative of actual results:

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months En- June 30,				
	2010 2009		2009	2010			2009	
	(In thousands, ex				per share d	lata)		
Net sales as reported	\$ 446,195	\$	372,605	\$	843,319	\$	728,001	
	_	_	80,711		64,905		171,700	

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Net sales of purchased businesses, for the period prior to acquisition

acquisition					
Pro forma net sales	\$ 446,195	\$	453,316	\$ 908,224	\$ 899,701
Net income, as reported	\$ 21,652	\$	18,425	\$ 37,971	\$ 31,157
Net income of purchased businesses, for the period prior to					
acquisition	_	_	5,521	3,927	10,923
Pro forma net income	\$ 21,652	\$	23,946	\$ 41,898	\$ 42,080
Basic earnings per common share:					
As reported	\$.62	\$.58	\$ 1.10	\$.99
Effect of purchased businesses, for the period prior to					
acquisition	_	_	.12	.11	.24
Pro forma earnings per share - basic	\$.62	\$.70	\$ 1.21	\$ 1.23
Diluted earnings per common share					
As reported	\$.60	\$.58	\$ 1.07	\$.97
Effect of purchased businesses for the period prior to					
acquisition	_	_	.12	.11	.24
Pro forma earnings per share - diluted	\$.60	\$.70	\$ 1.18	\$ 1.21

4. Income Taxes

Income tax expense was recorded at an effective rate of 32.9% and 33.2% for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2010, respectively, compared to 34.6% and 35.6% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively. The Company's effective tax rate is favorably impacted by an intercompany financing structure entered into in conjunction with the E.D. Smith Canadian acquisition. The Company's tax rate is lower in 2010 due to a lower state tax rate resulting from the acquisition of Sturm and an increased benefit for the deduction for domestic production activities.

As of June 30, 2010, the Company does not believe that the gross recorded unrecognized tax benefits will materially change within the next 12 months.

The Company or one of its subsidiaries files income tax returns in the U.S., Canada and various state jurisdictions. E.D. Smith and its affiliates are subject to Canadian, U.S. and state tax examinations from 2005 forward. During the quarter ended March 31, 2010, the Company settled with the Internal Revenue Service an audit related to its 2007 federal income tax return. The audit resulted in a small refund to the Company. During the second quarter of 2010, the Canada Revenue Agency (CRA) completed an income tax audit for E.D. Smith's 2006 and 2007 income tax years. The Company did not incur any material adjustments as a result of the tax audit.

5. Other Operating Expense (Income)

The Company had Other operating expenses of \$2.0 million and income of \$0.2 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, respectively and expenses of \$0.2 million and \$0.4 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively. For the three months ended June 30, 2010, expenses consisted primarily of costs associated with the realignment of the infant feeding business. For the six months ended June 30, 2010, expenses consisted of the costs associated with the realignment of the infant feeding business offset by a gain on a postretirement plan curtailment. See Note 13. For the six months ended June 30, 2009, expenses consisted of \$0.6 million, relating to the closing of our Portland, Oregon plant offset by \$0.2 million in rental income.

6. Inventories

		ne 30, 2010 (In thous	,	cember 31, 2009
Raw materials and supplies	\$	•	sanc \$	86,223
Finished goods		208,851		197,539
LIFO reserve		(20,029)		(18,829)
Total	\$ 2	295,635	\$	264,933

Approximately \$70.9 million and \$98.7 million of our inventory was accounted for under the LIFO method of accounting at June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively.

The increase in inventories from December 31, 2009 to June 30, 2010 is primarily due to the Sturm acquisition. Excluding the effect of the Sturm acquisition, inventory levels decreased by \$10.2 million.

7. Propert, Plant and Equipment

June 30,

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		D	ecember
			31,
	2010		2009
	(In thou	ısar	nds)
Land	\$ 12,943	\$	11,335
Buildings and improvements	133,131		99,856
Machinery and equipment	364,983		310,265
Construction in progress	18,936		6,778
Total	529,993		428,234
Less accumulated depreciation	(172,701)		(152,201)
Property, plant and equipment, net	\$ 357,292	\$	276,033

The increase in property, plant and equipment from December 31, 2009 to June 30, 2010 is primarily due to the Sturm acquisition. Excluding the effect of the Sturm acquisition, property, plant and equipment decreased by \$2.5 million.

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8. Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

	J	June 30,	De	ecember 31,
		2010		2009
		(In th	nousands	
Accounts payable	\$	106,001	\$	81,967
Payroll and benefits		31,135		29,921
Interest and taxes		15,778		12,015
Health insurance, workers' compensation and other insurance costs		5,551		4,837
Marketing expenses		8,130		10,558
Other accrued liabilities		14,762		9,521
Total	\$	181,357	\$	148,819

The increase in accounts payable from December 31, 2009 to June 30, 2010 is primarily due to the Sturm acquisition. Excluding the effect of the Sturm acquisition, accounts payable and accrued expenses decreased from year end by \$5.3 million.

9. Goodwill and Intangible Assets

Changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the six months ended June 30, 2010 are as follows:

	_	North American tail Grocery		ood Away om Home (In		a	Industrial nd Export	Total
Balance at December 31, 2009	\$	355,925		\$ 85,500		\$	133,582	\$ 575,007
Acquisition		376,296		6,232				382,528
Currency exchange adjustment		103		11			_	114
Purchase price adjustment		(4,201)	(64)			(4,265)
Balance at June 30, 2010	\$	728,123		\$ 91,679		\$	133,582	\$ 953,384

Purchase price adjustments are primarily related to working capital and tax adjustments for the Sturm acquisition. The Company has not incurred any goodwill impairments since its inception. The gross carrying amount and accumulated amortization of our intangible assets other than goodwill as of June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009 are as follows:

			June	30, 2010				December 31, 20						
		Gross				Net	Gross				Net			
	C	Carrying	Acc	umulated	C	Carrying	Carrying		umulated	C	Carrying			
	A	Amount	Amo	ortization	A	Amount	Amount	Amo	ortization	F	Amount			
						(In thous	ands)							
Intangible assets with indefinite lives:														
Trademarks	\$	31,449	\$	_	\$	31,449	\$1,422	\$	_	\$	31,422			
Intangible assets with														
finite lives:														
Customer-related		377,845		(44,799)		333,046	147,346		(35,400)		111,946			
Non-compete agreement		1,000		(867)		133	2,620		(2,162)		458			
Trademarks		20,010		(2,796)		17,214	10,010		(2,311)		7,699			

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Formulas/recipes	6,764	(1,265)	5,499	1,762	(761)	1,001
Computer software	16,506	(3,383)	13,123	3,363	(2,320)	1,043
Total	\$ 453,574	\$ (53,110)	\$ 400,464	1\$96,523	\$ (42,954)	\$ 153,569

Amortization expense on intangible assets for the three months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 was \$7.3 million and \$3.3 million, respectively, and \$11.7 million and \$6.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. Estimated amortization expense on intangible assets for 2010 and the next four years is as follows:

	(In
	thousands)
2010	\$26,300
2011	\$27,000
2012	\$26,700
2013	\$24,600
2014	\$24,400
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10. Long-Term Debt

	June 30,	December 31,
	2010	2009
	(In thou	sands)
Revolving credit facility	\$ 382,000	\$ 298,200
High yield notes	400,000	
Senior notes	100,000	100,000
Tax increment financing and other	5,251	4,346
	887,251	402,546
Less current portion	(1,046)	(906)
Total long-term debt	\$ 886,205	\$ 401,640

Revolving Credit Facility — The Company is party to an unsecured revolving credit facility with an aggregate commitment of \$600 million, of which \$209.2 million was available as of June 30, 2010, that expires August 31, 2011. In addition, as of June 30, 2010, there were \$8.8 million in letters of credit under the revolving credit facility that were issued but undrawn. Our revolving credit facility contains various financial and other restrictive covenants and requires that the Company maintains certain financial ratios, including a leverage and interest coverage ratio. The Company is in compliance with all applicable covenants as of June 30, 2010. The Company's average interest rate on debt outstanding under our revolving credit facility at June 30, 2010 was 1.10%.

High Yield Notes — On March 2, 2010, TreeHouse Foods, Inc. completed its offering of \$400 million in aggregate principal amount of 7.75% high yield notes due 2018 (the "Notes"). The net amount of the proceeds of \$391.0 million (\$400.0 million notes less underwriting discount of \$9.0 million providing an effective interest rate of 8.03%) were used as partial payment in the acquisition of all of the issued and outstanding stock of Sturm. The Company issued the Notes pursuant to an Indenture, dated March 2, 2010 (the "Base Indenture"), among the Company, the subsidiary guarantors party thereto (Bay Valley Foods, LLC and EDS Holdings, LLC, the "Initial Guarantors") and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, (Trustee), as supplemented by a First Supplemental Indenture, dated March 2, 2010 (the "First Supplemental Indenture"), among the Company, the Initial Guarantors and the Trustee. In addition, on March 2, 2010, the Company entered into a Second Supplemental Indenture, dated March 2, 2010 (the "Second Supplemental Indenture" and together with the Base Indenture and the First Supplemental Indenture, the "Indenture"), pursuant to which Sturm (together with the Initial Guarantors, the "Guarantors") became an additional guarantor of the Notes, with the same force and effect as if Sturm was initially named as a guarantor under the Indenture.

The Indenture provides, among other things, that the Notes will be senior unsecured obligations of the Company. Interest is payable on the Notes on March 1 and September 1 of each year, beginning September 1, 2010. The Notes will mature on March 1, 2018.

The Company may redeem some or all of the Notes at any time prior to March 1, 2014 at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Notes redeemed, plus an applicable "make-whole" premium. On or after March 1, 2014, the Company may redeem some or all of the Notes at redemption prices set forth in the First Supplemental Indenture. In addition, at any time prior to March 1, 2013, the Company may redeem up to 35% of the Notes at a redemption price of 107.75% of the principal amount of the Notes redeemed with the net cash proceeds of certain equity offerings.

Subject to certain limitations, in the event of a change of control of the Company, the Company will be required to make an offer to purchase the Notes at a purchase price equal to 101% of the principal amount of the Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest.

The Company's payment obligations under the Notes are fully and unconditionally guaranteed on a senior unsecured basis by the Guarantors and future domestic subsidiaries of the Company, other than certain excluded subsidiaries and unrestricted subsidiaries. The Notes are not guaranteed by any of the Company's foreign subsidiaries.

The Indenture contains restrictive covenants that, among other things, limit the ability of the Company and the Guarantors to: (i) pay dividends or make other restricted payments, (ii) make certain investments, (iii) incur additional indebtedness or issue preferred stock, (iv) create liens, (v) allow restrictions on the ability of certain of its subsidiaries to pay dividends or make other payments to the Company or the Guarantors, (vi) merge or consolidate with other entities or sell substantially all of its assets, (vii) enter into transactions with affiliates and (viii) engage in certain sale and leaseback transactions. The foregoing limitations are subject to exceptions as set forth in the First Supplemental Indenture. In addition, if in the future the Notes have an investment grade credit rating by both Moody's Investors Services, Inc. and Standard & Poor's Ratings Services, certain of these covenants will, thereafter, no longer apply to the Notes for so long as the Notes are rated investment grade by the two rating agencies. The Company is in compliance with the applicable covenants as of June 30, 2010.

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The Indenture provides for customary events of default that include, among other things (subject in certain cases to customary grace and cure periods): (i) non-payment of principal or interest; (ii) breach of certain covenants contained in the Indenture or the Notes, (iii) defaults in failure to pay certain other indebtedness or the acceleration of certain other indebtedness prior to maturity, (iv) the failure to pay certain final judgments, (v) the failure of certain guarantees to be enforceable and (vi) certain events of bankruptcy or insolvency. Generally, if an event of default occurs (subject to certain exceptions), the Trustee or the holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the then outstanding Notes may declare all the Notes to be due and payable immediately.

Senior Notes — The Company maintains a private placement of \$100 million in aggregate principal of 6.03% senior notes due September 30, 2013, pursuant to a Note Purchase Agreement among the Company and a group of purchasers. The Note Purchase Agreement contains covenants that will limit the ability of the Company and its subsidiaries to, among other things, merge with other entities, change the nature of the business, create liens, incur additional indebtedness or sell assets. The Note Purchase Agreement also requires the Company to maintain certain financial ratios. The Company is in compliance with the applicable covenants as of June 30, 2010.

Swap Agreement — During 2008, the Company entered into a \$200 million long term interest rate swap agreement with an effective date of November 19, 2008 to lock into a fixed LIBOR interest base rate. Under the terms of the agreement, \$200 million in floating rate debt was swapped for a fixed 2.9% interest base rate for a period of 24 months, amortizing to \$50 million for an additional nine months at the same 2.9% interest rate. Under the terms of the Company's revolving credit agreement and in conjunction with our credit spread, this will result in an all-in borrowing cost on the swapped principal being no more than 3.8% during the life of the swap agreement. The Company did not apply hedge accounting to this swap. In the six months ended June 30, 2010, and 2009 a gain of \$1.9 million and \$1.2 million, respectively, was recognized in the Other income, net line of our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.

Tax Increment Financing — As part of the acquisition of the soup and infant feeding business in 2006, the Company assumed the payments related to redevelopment bonds pursuant to a Tax Increment Financing Plan. The Company has agreed to make certain payments with respect to the principal amount of the redevelopment bonds through May 2019. As of June 30, 2010, \$2.5 million remains outstanding.

11. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net income by the number of weighted average common shares outstanding during the reporting period. The weighted average number of common shares used in the diluted earnings per share calculation is determined using the treasury stock method and includes the incremental effect related to outstanding options, restricted stock, restricted stock units and performance units.

In March 2010, the Company issued 2,702,500 shares of common stock in connection with the acquisition of Sturm. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, these shares have been included on a weighted average basis in basic shares outstanding.

With respect to awards issued to our founders in connection with the founding of the Company and pursuant to certain employment agreements, the Company issued restricted stock and restricted stock units that are subject to service and market conditions. The restricted stock awards expired in June 2010 as the conditions for vesting were not met. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, the market conditions were not met and these awards have been excluded from diluted earnings per share. For the three months ended June 30, 2009, the market conditions were not met and the awards were excluded from diluted earnings per share. For the six months ended June 30, 2009, the market conditions were met and these awards have been included in diluted earnings per share. With respect to the

restricted stock unit awards issued to our founders, the market conditions for these awards were satisfied in July 2009 and the awards vested. These vested awards have been included in basic shares outstanding since that time. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, the market conditions were not met and the awards were excluded from diluted earnings per share.

Beginning in June 2008, the Company issued performance unit awards that contain both service and performance criteria. These awards accrue over the performance periods and will be converted to stock or cash at the discretion of the compensation committee on the third anniversary of the grant date. The Company intends to settle these awards in stock using available shares. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, and 2009, the performance criteria for a portion of the awards were met and have been included in diluted earnings per share.

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The following table summarizes the effect of the share-based compensation awards on the weighted average number of shares outstanding used in calculating diluted earnings per share:

	Three N	Months Ended	Six Mon	ths Ended
	J	une 30,	Jun	e 30,
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Weighted average common shares				
outstanding	34,814,309	31,615,772	34,464,990	31,585,869
Assumed exercise of stock options (1)	736,908	95,162	708,713	84,983
Assumed vesting of restricted stock, restricted	l			
stock units				
and performance units (1)	442,374	41,082	414,768	381,030
Weighted average diluted common shares				
outstanding	35,993,591	31,752,016	35,588,471	32,051,882

(1) Incremental shares from stock options, restricted stock, restricted stock units, and performance units are computed by the treasury stock method. Stock options, restricted stock, restricted stock units, and performance units excluded from our computation of diluted earnings per share because they were anti-dilutive, were 276,620 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 and 1,839,194 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009.

12. Stock-Based Compensation

Income before income taxes for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 includes share-based compensation expense of \$4.4 million, \$7.8 million, \$3.2 million and \$6.1 million, respectively. The tax benefit recognized related to the compensation cost of these share-based awards was approximately \$1.7 million and \$3.0 million for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2010, respectively, and \$1.2 million and \$2.3 million for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2009, respectively.

The following table summarizes stock option activity during the six months ended June 30, 2010. Options are granted under our long-term incentive plan, and have a three year vesting schedule, which vest one-third on each of the first three anniversaries of the grant date. Options expire ten years from the grant date.

				Weighted	
			Weighted	Average	
			Average	Remaining	Aggregate
	Employee	Director	Exercise	Contractual	Intrinsic
	Options	Options	Price	Term (yrs)	Value
Outstanding, December 31, 2009	2,292,744	107,773	\$ 27.28	6.4 \$	27,792,212
Granted	130,550		\$ 46.47	_	_
Forfeited	(3,801)	_	\$ 26.84	_	_
Exercised	(113,051)	(12,977)	\$ 27.38	_	_
Outstanding, June 30, 2010	2,306,442	94,796	\$ 28.32	6.2 \$	41,740,984
Vested/expected to vest, at June 30, 2010	2,287,538	94,796	\$ 28.29	6.1 \$	41,474,031
Exercisable, June 30, 2010	2,012,116	93,196	\$ 27.51	5.8 \$	38,207,535

Compensation costs related to unvested options totaled \$3.5 million at June 30, 2010 and will be recognized over the remaining vesting period of the grants, which averages 2.3 years. The Company uses the Black-Scholes option pricing model to value its stock option awards. The assumptions used to calculate the fair value of stock options issued in 2010 include the following: expected volatility of 35%, expected term of six years, risk free rate of 3.87% and no dividends. The average grant date fair value of stock options granted in the six months ended June 30, 2010 was \$19.11. The aggregate intrinsic value of stock options exercised during the six months ended June 30, 2010 was approximately \$2.3 million.

In addition to stock options, the Company also grants restricted stock, restricted stock units and performance unit awards. These awards are granted under our long-term incentive plan. Employee restricted stock and restricted stock unit awards generally vest based on the passage of time. These awards generally vest one-third on each anniversary of the grant date. Director restricted stock units vest over thirteen months. Certain directors have deferred receipt of their awards until their departure from the Board. A complete description of restricted stock and restricted stock unit awards is presented in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009. The following table summarizes the restricted stock and restricted stock unit activity during the six months ended June 30, 2010:

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		7	Weighted		V	Veighted		Wei	ighted
	Employee	Average		Employee Average		Average	Director	Av	erage
	Restricted	C	Grant Date	Restricted	G	rant Date	Restricted	Grar	nt Date
	Stock	F	Fair Value	Stock Units	F	air Value	Stock Units	Fair	Value
Outstanding, at December 31,					\$				
2009	1,202,319	\$	24.28	784,931		26.16	45,400	\$	26.96
Granted	_	_	_	- 241,195	\$	45.71	16,870	\$	46.47
Vested	(277,154)	\$	24.21	(615,907)	\$	25.56	_	_	_
Forfeited	(629,456)	\$	24.27	(5,764)	\$	29.03	_	_	_
Outstanding, at June 30, 2010	295,709	\$	24.35	404,455	\$	38.68	62,270	\$	32.24

Future compensation cost related to restricted stock and restricted stock units is approximately \$19.8 million as of June 30, 2010, and will be recognized on a weighted average basis, over the next 2.0 years. The grant date fair value of the awards granted in 2010 is equal to the Company's closing stock price on the grant date.

Performance unit awards are granted to certain members of management. These awards contain service and performance conditions. For each of the three performance periods, one third of the units will accrue, multiplied by a predefined percentage between 0% and 200%, depending on the achievement of certain operating performance measures. Additionally, for the cumulative performance period, a number of units will accrue, equal to the number of units granted multiplied by a predefined percentage between 0% and 200%, depending on the achievement of certain operating performance measures, less any units previously accrued. Accrued units will be converted to stock or cash, at the discretion of the compensation committee on the third anniversary of the grant date. The Company intends to settle these awards in stock and has the shares available to do so. The following table summarizes the performance unit activity during the six months ended June 30, 2010:

		Weighted Average
	Performance	Grant Date
	Units	Fair Value
Unvested, at December 31, 2009	127,800 \$	26.15
Granted	37,185 \$	46.41
Vested	_	
Forfeited		
Unvested, at June 30, 2010	164,985 \$	30.71

Future compensation cost related to the performance units is estimated to be approximately \$4.3 million as of June 30, 2010, and is expected to be recognized over the next 1.7 years.

13. Employee Retirement and Postretirement Benefits

Pension, Profit Sharing and Postretirement Benefits — Certain of our employees and retirees participate in pension and other postretirement benefit plans. Employee benefit plan obligations and expenses included in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are determined based on plan assumptions, employee demographic data, including years of service and compensation, benefits and claims paid, and employer contributions.

Effective March 31, 2010, the Company negotiated the transfer of the postretirement union retiree medical plan at the Dixon production facility to the Central States multiemployer plan. The Company transferred its liability to the

multiemployer plan and no longer carries a liability for the accumulated benefit obligation of the employees covered under that plan, resulting in a plan curtailment. The curtailment resulted in a gain of \$2.4 million, \$1.4 million net of tax, which is included in Other operating (income) expense, net on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.

Defined Benefit Plans — The benefits under our defined benefit plans are based on years of service and employee compensation.

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Components of net periodic pension expense are as follows:

	Three Months Ended				Six Mont	Ended	
		June 30,			June 30,		
		2010 2009			2010		2009
			(In tho	usar	ands)		
Service cost	\$	515	\$ 490	\$	1,030	\$	980
Interest cost		551	524		1,102		1,048
Expected return on plan assets		(549)	(440)		(1,098)		(880)
Amortization of unrecognized net loss		124	149		248		298
Amortization of prior service costs		151	145		302		290
Net periodic pension cost	\$	792	\$ 868	\$	1,584	\$	1,736

We contributed \$0.4 million to the pension plans in the first six months of 2010. We expect to contribute approximately \$1.3 million in 2010.

Postretirement Benefits — We provide healthcare benefits to certain retirees who are covered under specific group contracts.

Components of net periodic postretirement expenses are as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Month June		
	2010 2009		2009	2010		2009	
			(In thou	ısar	nds)		
Service cost	\$ 12	\$	63	\$	66	\$	126
Interest cost	35		64		84		128
Amortization of prior service credit	(18)		(18)		(36)		(36)
Amortization of unrecognized net loss	(10)		5		(11)		10
Net periodic postretirement cost	\$ 19	\$	114	\$	103	\$	228

We expect to contribute approximately \$0.2 million to the postretirement health plans during 2010.

14. Comprehensive Income

The following table sets forth the components of comprehensive income:

		Ionths Ended ane 30,		nths Ended ne 30,
	2010	2009 (In th	2010 aousands)	2009
Net income	\$21,652	\$18,425	\$37,971	\$31,157
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(7,773) 16,522	749	12,043
Amortization of pension and postretirement				
prior service costs and net loss, net of tax	137	171	315	341
Curtailment of postretirement plan	_	_	862	_
Amortization of swap loss, net of tax	40	41	80	81
Other	_	5	_	5
Comprehensive income	\$14,056	\$35,164	\$39,977	\$43,627

We expect to amortize \$0.6 million of prior service costs and net loss, net of tax and \$0.2 million of swap loss, net of tax from other comprehensive income into earnings during 2010.

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15. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable are financial assets with carrying values that approximate fair value. Accounts payable are financial liabilities with carrying values that approximate fair value. As of June 30, 2010, the outstanding balance of the Company's variable rate debt (revolving credit facility) was \$382.0 million, the fair value of which is estimated to be \$373.2 million, using a present value technique and market based interest rates and credit spreads. As of June 30, 2010, the carrying value of the Company's fixed rate senior notes was \$100.0 million and fair value was estimated to be \$102.7 million based on a present value technique using market based interest rates and credit spreads. The fair value of the Company's 7.75% high yield notes due 2018, with an outstanding balance of \$400.0 million as of June 30, 2010, was estimated at \$413.0 million, based on quoted market prices.

The fair value of the Company's interest rate swap agreement, as described in Notes 10 and 16, was a liability of approximately \$3.0 million as of June 30, 2010. The fair value of the swap was determined using Level 2 inputs, which are inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. The fair value is based on a market approach, comparing the fixed rate of 2.9% to the current and forward one month Libor rates throughout the term of the swap agreement.

The fair value of the Company's commodity contract as described in Note 16 was a liability of approximately \$0.2 million as of June 30, 2010. The fair value of the commodity contract was determined using Level 1 inputs.

16. Derivative Instruments

The Company is exposed to certain risks relating to its ongoing business operations. Derivative instruments are used on occasion to manage interest rate, foreign currency and commodity input cost risks.

Interest rate swaps are entered into to manage interest rate risk associated with the Company's \$600 million revolving credit facility. Interest on our credit facility is variable and use of the interest rate swap establishes a fixed rate over the term of a portion of the facility. The Company's objective in using an interest rate swap is to establish a fixed interest rate, thereby enabling the Company to predict and manage interest expense and cash flows in a more efficient and effective manner. The Company did not apply hedge accounting to the interest rate swap, and it is recorded at fair value on the Company's Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. See Note 10 for more details of the interest rate swap, including the notional amount, interest rate and term. Note 15 discusses the fair value of the interest rate swap.

The Company enters into foreign currency contracts to manage the risk associated with foreign currency cash flows. The Company's objective in using foreign currency contracts is to establish a fixed foreign currency exchange rate for certain Canadian raw material purchases that are denominated in U.S. dollars, thereby enabling the Company to manage its foreign currency exchange rate risk. There were no foreign currency contracts issued or outstanding as of and for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009.

During the second quarter of 2010, the Company entered into a commodity swap contract for 5.4 million pounds of High Density Polyethylene ("HDPE") to manage the Company's risk associated with the underlying commodity cost of a significant component used in packaging materials. The objective in using this swap is to establish a fixed commodity cost over the term of the contract. The trade date was June 3, 2010, with an effective date of July 1, 2010 and an expiration date of December 31, 2011. The Company will settle 0.3 million pounds on a monthly basis over the term of the contract. The Company did not apply hedge accounting to the commodity swap, and it is recorded at fair value on the Company's Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The following table identifies the derivative, its fair value, and location on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

			Fair Value					
	Balance Sheet Location	June 3	0, 2010		ember 31, 2009			
Liability Derivatives:			(In the	ousands)				
	Accounts payable and							
Interest rate swap	accrued expenses	\$	1,582	\$	3,327			
	Accounts payable and							
Commodity contract	accrued expenses		144					
		\$	1,726	\$	3,327			
Interest rate swap	Other long-term liabilities	\$	1,369	\$	1,550			
Commodity contract	Other long-term liabilities		72					
		\$	1,441	\$	1,550			

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The Company recognized a gain of \$1.0 million and \$1.7 million relating to the change in the fair value of its interest rate swap and commodity contract derivatives for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, respectively, compared to a gain of \$1.2 million and \$1.2 million in the three and six months ended June 30, 2009. This gain is recorded in the Other income, net line of our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.

The Company does not use derivatives for speculative or trading purposes.

17. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation, Investigations and Audits — We are party in the ordinary course of business to certain claims, litigation, audits and investigations. We believe that we have established adequate reserves to satisfy any liability we may incur in connection with any such currently pending or threatened matters. In our opinion, the settlement of any such currently pending or threatened matters is not expected to have a material adverse impact on our financial position, annual results of operations or cash flows.

18. Supplemental Cash Flow Information

Cash payments for interest were \$7.8 million and \$9.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. Cash payments for income taxes were \$23.0 million and \$9.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. As of June 30, 2010 and 2009, the Company had accrued property, plant and equipment of approximately \$3.6 million and \$2.4 million, respectively. The Company also accrued other intangible assets of \$2.2 million at June 30, 2010. For the six months ended June 30, 2009, the Company entered into capital leases of approximately \$1.3 million. There were no new capital leases in the first six months of 2010. As of June 30, 2010, the Company recorded a receivable of \$5.2 million for a working capital adjustment to the purchase price of Sturm. As this adjustment is a noncash item, we have excluded it from the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 30, 2010. Noncash financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 include the vesting of 890,488 shares and 268,113 shares, respectively, of restricted stock and restricted stock units, where shares were withheld to satisfy the minimum statutory tax withholding requirements.

19. Foreign Currency

The Company enters into foreign currency contracts due to the exposure to Canadian/U.S. dollar currency fluctuations on cross border transactions. The Company does not apply hedge accounting to these contracts and records them at fair value on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, with changes in fair value being recorded through the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income, within Loss on foreign currency exchange. In May 2009, the Company entered into three foreign currency contracts for the purchase of \$5.0 million U.S. dollars. The Contracts were entered into for the purchase of U.S. dollar denominated raw materials by our Canadian subsidiary. These contracts expired by the end of September 2009. The Company did not enter into any foreign currency contracts in the first six months of 2010. The Company has an intercompany note denominated in Canadian dollars, which is eliminated during consolidation. A portion of the note is considered to be permanent, with the remaining portion considered to be temporary. Foreign currency fluctuations on the permanent portion are recorded through Accumulated other comprehensive loss, while foreign currency fluctuations on the temporary portion are recorded in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income, within Loss on foreign currency exchange.

The Company accrues interest on the intercompany note, which is also considered temporary. Changes in the balance due to foreign currency fluctuations are also recorded in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income within Loss on foreign currency exchange.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, the Company recorded a gain of \$2.2 million, \$2.1 million, \$3.9 million and \$1.8 million, respectively, related to foreign currency fluctuations, recorded in the Gain on foreign currency exchange line of the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, the Company recorded a loss of \$7.8 million, and gains of \$0.7 million, \$16.5 million and \$12.0 million, respectively, in Accumulated other comprehensive loss related to foreign currency fluctuations on the permanent portion of the note and translation of E.D. Smith financial statements from Canadian dollars to U.S. dollars.

20. Business and Geographic Information and Major Customers

The Company manages operations on a company-wide basis, thereby making determinations as to the allocation of resources in total rather than on a segment-level basis. The Company has designated our reportable segments based on how management views our business. The Company does not segregate assets between segments for internal reporting. Therefore, asset-related information has not been presented.

The Company evaluates the performance of our segments based on net sales dollars, gross profit and direct operating income (gross profit less freight out, sales commissions and direct selling and marketing expenses). The amounts in the following tables are obtained from reports used by our senior management team and do not include allocated income taxes. Other expenses not allocated include

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warehouse start-up costs, unallocated selling and distribution expenses and corporate expenses which consist of general and administrative expenses, amortization expense, other operating (income) expense, interest expense, interest income, foreign currency exchange and other (income) expense. The accounting policies of our segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies set forth in Note 1 to our 2009 Consolidated Financial Statements contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K.

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,			
		2010	,	2009		2010	,	2009	
				(In	thousan	ds)			
Net sales to external customers:									
North American Retail Grocery	\$	307,526	\$	235,853	\$	569,105	\$	466,535	
Food Away From Home		80,269		75,029		153,747		141,782	
Industrial and Export		58,400		61,723		120,467		119,684	
Total	\$	446,195	\$	372,605	\$	843,319	\$	728,001	
Direct operating income:									
North American Retail Grocery	\$	52,218	\$	35,928	\$	94,119	\$	70,233	
Food Away From Home		12,608		8,097		22,120		15,103	
Industrial and Export		11,158		9,930		22,990		16,610	
Total		75,984		53,955		139,229		101,946	
Unallocated warehouse start-up costs (1)				(1,766)				(3,050)	
Unallocated selling and distribution									
expenses		(721)		(863)		(1,984)		(1,639)	
Unallocated corporate expense		(34,390)		(23,366)		(65,054)		(42,640)	
Operating income		40,873		27,960		72,191		54,617	
Other (expense) income		(8,616)		196		(15,330)		(6,250)	
Income before income taxes	\$	32,257	\$	28,156	\$	56,861	\$	48,367	

⁽¹⁾ Included in Cost of sales in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.

Geographic Information — We had revenues to customers outside of the United States of approximately 13.9% and 13.4% of total consolidated net sales in the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, with 13.1% and 12.7% going to Canada, respectively.

Major Customers — Wal-Mart Stores, Inc. and affiliates accounted for approximately 17.8% and 14.3% of our consolidated net sales in the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. No other customer accounted for more than 10% of our consolidated net sales.

Product Information — The following table presents the Company's net sales by major products for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009:

	,	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,		
		2010		2009		2010		2009
		(In t				nds)		
Products:								
Pickles	\$	93,671	\$	87,653	\$	169,688	\$	158,104
Non-dairy powdered creamer		66,445		74,554		149,152		160,609

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Soun and infant feeding	58,855	68,003		135,001	147,001	
Soup and infant feeding	30,033	00,003		155,001	147,001	
Salad dressing	59,517	55,628		110,822	99,763	
Jams and other sauces	41,326	38,983		80,542	71,297	
Powdered drinks	51,990	_	_	66,380	_	-
Aseptic products	21,527	20,843		43,196	40,670	
Mexican sauces	19,229	17,769		37,368	32,824	
Hot cereals	25,516	_	_	34,921	_	-
Refrigerated products	8,119	9,172		16,249	17,733	
Total net sales	\$ 446,195	\$ 372,605	\$	843,319	\$ 728,001	

Current liabilities:

Deferred income taxes

Total current liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued expenses

Current portion of long-term debt

21. Guarantor and Non-Guarantor Financial Information

On March 2, 2010, the Company issued 7.75% high yield notes due 2018, that are guaranteed by its wholly owned domestic subsidiaries (Guarantor Subsidiaries) in accordance with the applicable Indenture and fully, jointly, severally and unconditionally guarantee our payment obligations under the debt securities offered. The notes are not guaranteed by the foreign subsidiaries of TreeHouse (Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries). There are no significant restrictions on the ability of the parent company or any guarantor to obtain funds from its subsidiaries by dividend or loan. The following condensed consolidating financial information presents the results of operations, financial position and cash flows of TreeHouse Foods, Inc., its Guarantor Subsidiaries, its Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries and the eliminations necessary to arrive at the information for the Company on a consolidated basis as of June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009 and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009. The equity method has been used with respect to investments in subsidiaries. The principal elimination entries eliminate investments in subsidiaries and intercompany balances and transactions.

Condensed Supplemental Consolidating Balance Sheet June 30, 2010 (In thousands)

Guarantor

Subsidiaries

Non-Guarantor

Subsidiaries

Eliminations Consolidated

Parent

Company

		Assets					
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$—	\$942	\$	2,505		\$—	\$ 3,447
Receivables, net	4,169	90,511		12,674		_	107,354
Inventories, net		260,944		34,691		_	295,635
Deferred income taxes	1,127	2,148		370		_	3,645
Assets held for sale	_	4,081		_		_	4,081
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	530	22,447		519		_	23,496
Total current assets	5,826	381,073		50,759			437,658
Property, plant and equipment, net	11,232	311,087		34,973		_	357,292
Goodwill		844,876		108,508		_	953,384
Investment in subsidiaries	1,121,891	127,425		_		(1,249,316)	<u> </u>
Intercompany accounts receivable, net	639,555	(528,058))	(111,497)	_	
Deferred income taxes	12,257	_		_		(12,257)	<u> </u>
Identifiable intangible and other assets,							
net	31,155	306,179		82,563		_	419,897
Total assets	\$1,821,916	\$1,442,582	\$	165,306	(\$ (1,261,573)	\$ 2,168,231

Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity

\$132,668

134,302

992

642

\$ 21,724

21,778

54

\$—

\$26,965

26,965

\$ 181,357

1,046

183,045

642

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Long-term debt	873,230	12,975	_	_	886,205
Deferred income taxes	8,947	147,993	16,093	(12,257)	160,776
Other long-term liabilities	10,322	25,421	10	_	35,753
Stockholders' equity	902,452	1,121,891	127,425	(1,249,316)	902,452
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$1,821,916	\$1,442,582	\$ 165,306	\$ (1,261,573)	\$ 2,168,231

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Condensed Supplemental Consolidating Balance Sheet December 31, 2009 (In thousands)

		Parent Company	;	Guarantor Subsidiaries	N	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries		Eliminations	Consolidated			
Assets												
Current assets:												
Cash and cash												
equivalents	\$	1	\$	8	\$,	\$	_	\$ 4,415			
Receivables, net		325		66,573		19,659		_	86,557			
Inventories, net Deferred income		_	-	229,185		35,748			264,933			
		1,875		990		532			2 207			
taxes Assets held for sale		1,073		4,081		332		<u>—</u>	3,397 4,081			
Prepaid expenses			-	4,061					4,061			
and other current												
assets		384		6,253		632			7,269			
Total current assets		2,585		307,090		60,977		_	370,652			
Property, plant and		2,505		307,070		00,577			370,032			
equipment, net		11,549		230,595		33,889		_	276,033			
Goodwill			-	466,274		108,733		_	575,007			
Investment in				,		,		,	,			
subsidiaries		1,054,776		94,804		_		(1,149,580)				
Intercompany				·								
accounts receivable,												
net		87,643		65,683		(153,326)		_				
Deferred income								,				
taxes		21,186		_	-	_		(21,186)				
Identifiable												
intangible and other												
assets, net		14,328		65,156		83,252		_	162,736			
Total assets	\$	1,192,067	\$	1,229,602	\$	133,525	\$	(1,170,766)	1\$384,428			
			Liab	oilities and Sto	ckholde	ers' Equity						
Command Hala Hill Com												
Current liabilities:												
Accounts payable and accrued												
and accrued expenses	\$	31,458	\$	94,936	\$	22,425	\$		\$148,819			
Current portion of	φ	31,430	φ	24,230	φ	44,443	Ψ		φ140,019			
long-term debt		200		554		152			906			
Total current		200		334		152			700			
liabilities		31,658		95,490		22,577			149,725			
Long-term debt		390,037		11,603					401,640			
Long will door		370,037		11,003					101,010			

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Deferred income				\	
taxes	5,609	44,914	16,044	(21,186)	45,381
Other long-term					
liabilities	8,534	22,819	100	_	31,453
Stockholders' equity	756,229	1,054,776	94,804	(1,149,580)	756,229
Total liabilities and					
stockholders' equity	\$ 1,192,067	\$ 1,229,602	\$ 133,525	\$ (1,170,766)	1\$384,428

Condensed Supplemental Consolidating Statement of Income Three Months Ended June 30, 2010 (In thousands)

	Parent Company	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
Net sales	\$ _	\$ 388,850	\$ 64,812	\$ (7,467)	\$146,195
Cost of sales		297,191	50,321	(7,467)	340,045
Gross profit	_	91,659	14,491	_	106,150
Selling, general and administrative					
expense	9,911	39,813	6,247	_	55,971
Amortization	132	5,976	1,179	_	7,287
Other operating					
expense, net	_	2,019	_	_	2,019
Operating (loss)					
income	(10,043)	43,851	7,065	_	40,873
Interest expense		,			
(income), net	11,710	(3,366)	3,435	_	11,779
Other income, net	(1,235)	(371)	(1,557)	_	(3,163)
(Loss) income from continuing operations, before					
income taxes	(20,518)	47,588	5,187	_	32,257
Income taxes					
(benefit)	(7,420)	16,455	1,570	_	10,605
Equity in net income of subsidiaries	34,750	3,617	_	(38,367)	
Net income (loss)	\$ 21,652	\$ 34,750	\$ 3,617	\$ (38,367)	\$ 21,652

Condensed Supplemental Consolidating Statement of Income Three Months Ended June 30, 2009 (In thousands)

	arent mpany	Guarantor Subsidiaries]	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	E	Eliminations	Consolidated
Net sales	\$ _	\$ 318,938	\$	66,852	\$	(13,185)	\$372,605
Cost of sales		247,947		57,999		(13,185)	292,761
Gross profit		70,991		8,853		_	79,844
Selling, general and administrative						_	
expense	8,630	33,690		6,060			48,380
Amortization	232	1,916		1,173			3,321

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Other operating					
expense, net	_	183			183
Operating (loss)				_	
income	(8,862)	35,202	1,620		27,960
Interest expense		,			
(income), net	4,698	(3,303)	3,426		4,821
Other income, net	(1,178)	(2,853)	(986)	_	(5,017)
(Loss) income from					
continuing					
operations, before					
income taxes	(12,382)	41,358	(820)		28,156
Income taxes				_	
(benefit)	(6,798)	16,464	65		9,731
Equity in net income					
(loss) of subsidiaries	24,009	(885)		(23,124)	_
Net income (loss)	\$ 18,425	\$ 24,009	\$ (885) \$	(23,124)	\$ 18,425

Condensed Supplemental Consolidating Statement of Income Six Months Ended June 30, 2010 (In thousands)

	Parent Company	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
Net sales	\$ _	\$ 734,801	\$ 122,969	\$ (14,451)	\$843,319
Cost of sales		563,833	99,009	(14,451)	648,391
Gross profit	_	170,968	23,960	_	194,928
Selling, general and administrative					
expense	25,780	73,653	11,812		111,245
Amortization	263	9,144	2,327	_	11,734
Other operating					
income, net	_	(242)	_	_	(242)
Operating (loss)					
income	(26,043)	88,413	9,821	_	72,191
Interest expense		`			
(income), net	18,338	(6,527)	6,795	_	18,606
Other (income)	,		,		`
expense, net	(1,926 ⁾	1,388	(2,738)	_	(3,276)
(Loss) income from continuing operations, before					
income taxes	(42,455)	93,552	5,764		56,861
Income taxes	(,)	50,002	2,, 5.		20,001
(benefit)	(15,232)	32,355	1,767	_	18,890
Equity in net income	(,)	-,	_,		- 0,000
of subsidiaries	65,194	3,997	_	(69,191 ⁾	_
Net income (loss)	\$ 37,971	\$ 65,194	\$ 3,997	\$ (69,191)	\$ 37,971

Condensed Supplemental Consolidating Statement of Income Six Months Ended June 30, 2009 (In thousands)

	Parent ompany	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	F	Eliminations	Consolidated
Net sales	\$ _	\$ 620,906	\$ 126,844	\$	(19,749)	\$728,001
Cost of sales		490,548	105,647		(19,749)	576,446
Gross profit	_	130,358	21,197		_	151,555
Selling, general and administrative	15,517	62,860	11,557		_	89,934

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463		3,834		2,282	_	6,579
					_	
_		425				425
					_	
(15,980)		63,239		7,358		54,617
		,			_	
9,074		(6,461 ⁾		6,706		9,319
)		,			_)
(1,206)'		(2,205)'		342		(3,069)
					_	
(23,848)		71,905		310		48,367
					_	
(11,318)		28,236		292		17,210
					,	
43,687		18			(43,705 ⁾	_
\$ 31,157	\$	43,687	\$	18 \$	(43,705)	\$ 31,157
\$	(15,980) 9,074 (1,206) (23,848) (11,318) 43,687	(15,980) 9,074 (1,206) (23,848) (11,318) 43,687	- 425 (15,980) 63,239 9,074 (6,461) (1,206) (2,205) (23,848) 71,905 (11,318) 28,236 43,687 18	- 425 (15,980) 63,239 9,074 (6,461) (1,206) (2,205) (23,848) 71,905 (11,318) 28,236 43,687 18	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

Condensed Supplemental Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows Six Months Ended June 30, 2010 (In thousands)

	Parent Company	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
Net cash provided by	Φ (16.257)	ф. 120.702	Ф 2.226	d.	11676
operating activities Cash flows from	\$ (16,357)	\$ 129,783	\$ 3,336	\$ \$	116,762
investing activities:					
Additions to property,					
plant and equipment	(17)	(13,192)	(3,416)	_	(16,625)
Additions to other					
intangible assets	(5,135)	(15)	(1,464)	_	(6,614)
Acquisition of					
business, net of cash		(664.655)			(664.655)
acquired	-	(664,655)	_	-	(664,655)
Net cash used in investing activities	(5,152)	(677,862)	(4,880)		(687,894)
Cash flows from	(3,132)	(077,802)	(4,000)		(087,094)
financing activities:					
Proceeds from					
issuance of debt for					
acquisitions	400,000	_	_	_	400,000
Borrowings under					
revolving credit					
facility	270,900	_	-	- —	270,900
Payments under					
revolving credit	(40= 400)				(40= 400)
facility	(187,100)		-	- <u>-</u>	(187,100)
Payments on					
capitalized lease obligations		(488)	(99)		(587)
Intercompany transfer	(549,501)	549,501	(99)	_	(367)
Proceeds from	(547,501)	547,501			
issuance of common					
stock, net of expenses	110,688	<u> </u>	_	_	110,688
Payment of deferred	•				ŕ
financing costs	(10,783)		_	- —	(10,783)
Excess tax					
(deficiency) benefits					
from stock-based					
payment arrangements	(440)	_			(440)
Cash used to net share	(15.000)				(15.000)
settle equity awards Proceeds from stock	(15,330)				(15,330)
option exercises	3,074				3,074
option exercises	3,074	_	_	_	3,074

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Net cash provided by					
financing activities	21,508	549,013	(99)	_	570,422
Effect of exchange					
rate changes on cash					
and cash equivalents	_	_	(258)	_	(258)
Net decrease in cash					
and cash equivalents	(1)	934	(1,901)	_	(968)
Cash and cash					
equivalents, beginning					
of period	1	8	4,406	_	4,415
Cash and cash					
equivalents, end of					
period	\$\$	942 \$	2,505 \$	— \$	3,447

Condensed Supplemental Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows Six Months Ended June 30, 2009 (In thousands)

	,	Parent Company	(Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries]	Eliminations	Consolidated
Net cash provided by								
operating activities	\$	(66,993)	\$	74,139	\$ 7,883	\$	— \$	15,029
Cash flows from								
investing activities:								
Additions to property,								
plant and equipment		(39)		(21,145)	(1,369)		_	(22,553)
Proceeds from sale of				12	12			24
fixed assets		_					_	
Net cash used in								
investing activities		(39)		(21,133)	(1,357)		_	(22,529)
Cash flows from								
financing activities:								
Borrowings under							_	
revolving credit								
facility		176,900		_	_			176,900
Payments under							_	
revolving credit								
facility		(170,000)		_	_			(170,000)
Payments on							_	
capitalized lease								
obligations		_		(340)	(81)			(421)
Intercompany transfer		60,167		(52,667)	(7,500)		_	_
Proceeds from stock								
option exercises		137		_	_		_	137
Excess tax benefits								
from stock based								
payment arrangements		100		_	_		_	100
Cash used to net share								
settle equity awards		(279)		_	_		_	(279)
Net cash provided by								
financing activities		67,025		(53,007)	(7,581)			6,437

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Effect of exchange						
rate changes on cash						
and cash equivalents		-	_	473	_	473
Net decrease in cash						
and cash equivalents	(7)		(1)	(582)	_	(590)
Cash and cash						
equivalents, beginning						
of period	12		7	2,668	_	2,687
Cash and cash equivalents, end of						
period	\$ 5	\$	6	\$ 2,086 \$	— \$	2,097
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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Business Overview

We believe we are the largest manufacturer of non-dairy powdered creamer and pickles in the United States, and the largest manufacturer of private label salad dressings in the United States and Canada, based upon total sales volumes. We sell our products primarily to the retail grocery and foodservice channels. For the six months ended June 30, 2010, sales to the retail grocery and foodservice channels represented 67.5% and 18.2%, respectively, of our consolidated net sales. The remaining 14.3% represented industrial and export sales. The majority of our sales are private label products.

The following discussion and analysis presents the factors that had a material effect on our results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009. Also discussed is our financial position, as of the end of those periods. This should be read in conjunction with the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and the Notes to those Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this report. This Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contain forward-looking statements. See "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" for a discussion of the uncertainties, risks and assumptions associated with these statements.

We discuss the following segments in this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations: North American Retail Grocery, Food Away From Home, and Industrial and Export. The key performance indicators of our segments are net sales dollars, gross profit and direct operating income, which is gross profit less the cost of transporting products to customer locations (referred to in the tables below as "freight out"), commissions paid to independent sales brokers, and direct sales and marketing expenses.

Our current operations consist of the following:

Our North American Retail Grocery segment sells branded and private label products to customers within the United States and Canada. These products include pickles, peppers, relishes, Mexican sauces, condensed and ready to serve soup, broths, gravies, jams, salad dressings, sauces, non-dairy powdered creamer, aseptic products, infant feeding products, powdered drinks and hot cereals.

Our Food Away From Home segment sells pickle products, non-dairy powdered creamers, Mexican sauces, aseptic products, hot cereals and refrigerated products, and sauces to food service customers, including restaurant chains and food distribution companies, within the United States and Canada.

Our Industrial and Export segment includes the Company's co-pack business and non-dairy powdered creamer sales to industrial customers for use in industrial applications, including for repackaging in portion control packages and for use as an ingredient by other food manufacturers. Export sales are primarily to industrial customers outside North America.

Current economic conditions remain constrained and the Company has continued to focus its efforts on volume, cost containment and margin improvement. This strategy, along with the addition of Sturm, has resulted in direct operating income growth of 40.8% and 36.6% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, when compared to the three and six months ended June 30, 2009.

Recent Developments

During the second quarter of 2010, the Company recorded a charge of \$4.6 million, to better align the cost structure of the infant feeding business with its volume. This charge includes \$2.7 million primarily related to excess inventory included in the Gross profit line of the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income and \$1.9 million related to fixed assets write-down and severance costs included in the Other operating expense (income), net line of the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.

In connection with the formation of the Company, the Board of Directors of the Company adopted a stockholder rights plan that became effective June 27, 2005. The plan had a life of five years. The stockholder rights plan expired on June 27, 2010 and was not renewed.

On March 2, 2010, we acquired all the issued and outstanding stock of Sturm Foods, Inc. at a purchase price of \$659.4 million in cash. The transaction was financed with a high yield notes issuance of \$400 million and common stock issuance of 2.7 million shares at \$43.00 per share, with the balance being funded by borrowings on our revolving credit facility. We believe Sturm is the leading manufacturer of private label hot cereals and powdered drink mixes in the United States. The acquisition of Sturm adds two

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categories to our dry grocery portfolio. See Notes 3 and 10 to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding the acquisition and related financing.

During the fourth quarter of 2009, the Company began the implementation of an Enterprise Resource Planning ("ERP") system. The Company will utilize a combination of internal and external resources and plans for certain modules to be implemented during 2011 with final completion in 2012. The Company expects cash flows from operations will be sufficient to fund the estimated project costs.

Results of Operations

The following table presents certain information concerning our financial results, including information presented as a percentage of net sales:

		Three Month	ns Ended June 3 2009	•	Six Months Ended June 30, 2010 2009					
	Dollars	Percent	Dollars	Percent	Dollars	Percent	Dollars	Percent		
	Donais	reicein	Donais		thousands)	reiceilt	Donais	reicent		
Net sales	44 6 ,195	100.0%	\$ 372,605		\$ 843,319	100 0%	\$ 728,001	100.0%		
Cost of sales	340,045	76.2	292,761	78.6	648,391	76.9	576,446	79.2		
Gross profit	106,150	23.8	79,844	21.4	194,928	23.1	151,555	20.8		
Operating expenses		23.6	79,044	21.4	194,920	23.1	131,333	20.0		
Selling and). 									
distribution	30,887	6.9	28,517	7.7	57,683	6.8	54,298	7.5		
General and	30,007	0.7	20,317	7.7	37,003	0.0	31,270	7.5		
administrative	25,084	5.6	19,863	5.3	53,562	6.3	35,636	4.9		
Other operating	,		,		,		,			
expenses (income),										
net	2,019	0.5	183	_	(242)	_	425			
Amortization										
expense	7,287	1.7	3,321	0.9	11,734	1.4	6,579	0.9		
Total operating										
expenses	65,277	14.7	51,884	13.9	122,737	14.5	96,938	13.3		
Operating income	40,873	9.1	27,960	7.5	72,191	8.6	54,617	7.5		
Other expenses										
(income):										
Interest expense, ne	et 11,779	2.6	4,821	1.3	18,606	2.2	9,319	1.3		
Gain on foreign										
currency exchange	(2,170)	(0.5)	(3,864)	(1.0)	(2,070)	(0.2)	(1,804)	(0.2)		
Other income, net	(993)	(0.2)	(1,153)	(0.3)	(1,206)	(0.1)	(1,265)	(0.2)		
Total other expense	8,616	1.9	(196)		15,330	1.9	6,250	0.9		
Income before										
income taxes	32,257	7.2	28,156	7.5	56,861	6.7	48,367	6.6		
Income taxes	10,605	2.4	9,731	2.6	18,890	2.2	17,210	2.3		
Net income	2\$,652	4.8%	\$ 18,425	4.9%	\$ 37,971	4.5%	\$ 31,157	4.3%		

Three Months Ended June 30, 2010 Compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2009

Net Sales — Second quarter net sales increased 19.8% to \$446.2 million in 2010 compared to \$372.6 million in the second quarter of 2009. The increase is driven by the acquisition of Sturm in March 2010 and favorable foreign

currency exchange rates between the U.S. and Canadian dollar, partially offset by volume and price decreases in legacy businesses. Net sales by segment are shown in the following table:

Three Months Ended June 30,

					%
			\$ I	ncrease/	Increase/
	2010	2009	(D	ecrease)	(Decrease)
		(Dollars in the	housa	nds)	
North American Retail Grocery	\$ 307,526	\$ 235,853	\$	71,673	30.4%
Food Away From Home	80,269	75,029		5,240	7.0%
Industrial and Export	58,400	61,723		(3,323)	(5.4)%
Total	\$ 446,195	\$ 372,605	\$	73,590	19.8%

Cost of Sales — All expenses incurred to bring a product to completion are included in cost of sales. These costs include raw materials, ingredient and packaging costs, labor costs, facility and equipment costs, costs to operate and maintain our warehouses, and costs associated with transporting our finished products from our manufacturing facilities to distribution centers. Cost of sales as a percentage of net sales was 76.2% in the second quarter of 2010 compared to 78.6% in 2009. Contributing to the reduction in cost of sales, as a percent of net sales, is the Company's focus on purchasing savings and packaging efficiencies. The underlying commodity

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cost of input and packaging supplies is beginning to trend higher. Decreases in the cost of raw materials and ingredients offset by slight increases in packaging materials in the second quarter of 2010 compared to 2009 were partially offset by lower margins of \$3.4 million for Sturm due to a revaluation of beginning inventory value for purpose of purchase accounting and the write-off of excess infant feeding inventories.

Operating Expenses — Total operating expenses were \$65.4 million during the second quarter of 2010 compared to \$51.9 million in 2009. The increase in 2010 resulted from the following:

Selling and distribution expenses increased \$2.4 million or 8.3% in the second quarter of 2010 compared to 2009 primarily due to the addition of Sturm. Selling and distribution expenses as a percentage of total revenues decreased to 6.9% in 2010 from 7.7% in 2009, mainly due to improved efficiencies on our outbound freight and a reduction in incentive based compensation.

General and administrative expenses increased \$5.2 million in the second quarter of 2010 compared to 2009. The increase is primarily related to incremental general and administrative costs of Sturm of \$3.1 million, plus increases in stock based compensation and consulting fees, offset by a decrease in incentive compensation.

Other operating expenses were \$2.0 million in the second quarter of 2010 primarily due to costs associated with the realignment of the infant feeding business, compared to expense of \$0.2 million in 2009.

Amortization expense increased \$4.0 million in the second quarter of 2010 compared to 2009, due primarily to the additional intangible assets acquired in the Sturm acquisition.

Interest Expense, net — Interest expense increased to \$11.8 million in the second quarter of 2010, compared to \$4.8 million in 2009 primarily due to an increase in debt resulting from the Sturm acquisition.

Foreign Currency — The Company's foreign currency gain was \$2.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2010 compared to a gain of \$3.9 million in 2009, due to fluctuations in currency exchange rates between the U.S. and Canadian dollar.

Income Taxes — Income tax expense was recorded at an effective rate of 32.9% in the second quarter of 2010 compared to 34.6% in the prior year's quarter. The Company's effective tax rate is favorably impacted by an intercompany financing structure entered into in conjunction with the E.D. Smith, Canadian acquisition. The Company's tax rate is lower in 2010 due to a lower state tax rate resulting from the acquisition of Sturm and increased benefit for the deduction for domestic production activities

Three Months Ended June 30, 2010 Compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2009 — Results by Segment

North American Retail Grocery —

	Three Months Ended June 30,					
	2010			2009		
		Dollars	Percent	Dollars	Percent	
			(Dollars in th	ousands)		
Net sales	\$	307,526	100.0%	\$ 235,853	100.0%	
Cost of sales		231,763	75.4	178,859	75.8	
Gross profit		75,763	24.6	56,994	24.2	
Freight out and commissions		14,189	4.6	13,214	5.6	
Direct selling and marketing		9,356	3.0	7,852	3.4	
Direct operating income	\$	52,218	17.0%	\$ 35,928	15.2%	

Net sales in the North American Retail Grocery segment increased by \$71.7 million, or 30.4% in the second quarter of 2010 compared to 2009. The change in net sales from 2009 to 2010 was due to the following:

	Dollar	s Percent
	(Dollar	rs in thousands)
2009 Net sales	\$ 235,8	353
Volume	(1,)	(0.7)%
Pricing	(2,9)	999) (1.2)
Acquisition	69,	171 29.3
Foreign currency	6,0	003 2.5
Mix/other	1,2	251 0.5
2010 Net sales	\$ 307,5	526 30.4%

The increase in net sales from 2009 to 2010 resulted primarily from the acquisition of Sturm and foreign currency fluctuations.

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Overall volume is lower in the second quarter of 2010 compared to that of 2009, primarily due to declines in our soup and infant feeding products, partially offset by increases in the pickle, Mexican sauces and salad dressing product lines.

Cost of sales as a percentage of net sales decreased from 75.8% in the second quarter of 2009 to 75.4% in 2010 primarily due to net declines in raw materials and ingredients, offset by a slight increase in packaging costs. Negatively impacting costs in 2010 is the revaluation of acquired inventories for purpose of purchase accounting in connection with the Sturm acquisition, the write-off of excess infant feeding inventory. The segment also continues to see improvements from last year's salad dressing plant expansion.

Freight out and commissions paid to independent sales brokers were \$14.2 million in the second quarter of 2010 compared to \$13.2 million in 2009, an increase of 7.4%, primarily due the addition of Sturm, offset by efficiencies in our outbound freight.

Direct selling and marketing expenses increased \$1.5 million in the second quarter of 2010 compared to 2009, primarily due to the addition of Sturm and in increase in stock based compensation, offset by a decrease in incentive compensation.

Food Away From Home —

Three Months Ended June 30, 2010 2009

	Dollars	Percent (Dollars in the	Dollars ousands)	Percent
Net sales	\$ 80,269	100.0% \$	75,029	100.0%
Cost of sales	62,865	78.3	62,242	83.0
Gross profit	17,404	21.7	12,787	17.0
Freight out and commissions	2,732	3.4	2,600	3.5
Direct selling and marketing	2,064	2.6	2,090	2.7
Direct operating income	\$ 12,608	15.7% \$	8,097	10.8%

Net sales in the Food Away From Home segment increased by \$5.2 million, or 7.0%, in the second quarter of 2010 compared to the prior year. The change in net sales from 2009 to 2010 was due to the following:

	Dollars	Percent
	(Dollars in	thousands)
2009 Net sales	\$ 75,029	
Volume	(994)	(1.3)%
Pricing	537	0.7
Acquisition	3,923	5.3
Foreign currency	929	1.2
Mix/other	845	1.1
2010 Net sales	\$ 80,269	7.0%

Net sales increased during the second quarter of 2010 compared to 2009 primarily due to the addition of Sturm and foreign currency fluctuations, offset by volume decreases.

Cost of sales as a percentage of net sales decreased from 83.0% in the second quarter of 2009 to 78.3% in 2010, due to net declines in raw materials and ingredients, offset by a slight increase in packaging costs and improved productivity at the segment's aseptic plant.

Freight out and commissions paid to independent sales brokers were \$2.7 million in the second quarter of 2010 compared to \$2.6 million in 2009, an increase of 5.1%, primarily due to the addition of Sturm, offset by improved efficiencies on our outbound freight and higher levels of customer pickups.

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Direct selling and marketing was \$2.1 million in the second quarter of 2010 and 2009.

Industrial and Export —

	Three Months Ended June 30,			
	2010		200)9
	Dollars	Percent	Dollars	Percent
		(Dollars in the	ousands)	
Net sales	\$ 58,400	100.0% \$	61,723	100.0%
Cost of sales	45,417	77.8	49,894	80.8
Gross profit	12,983	22.2	11,829	19.2
Freight out and commissions	1,363	2.3	1,370	2.2
Direct selling and marketing	462	0.8	529	0.9
Direct operating income	\$ 11,158	19.1% \$	9,930	16.1%

Net sales in the Industrial and Export segment decreased \$3.3 million or 5.4% in the second quarter of 2010 compared to the prior year. The change in net sales from 2009 to 2010 was due to the following:

	Dollars	Percent
	(Dollars in	thousands)
2009 Net sales	\$ 61,723	
Volume	(1,517)	(2.4)%
Pricing	(1,756)	(2.8)
Acquisition	4,413	7.1
Foreign currency	334	0.5
Mix/other	(4,797)	(7.8)
2010 Net sales	\$ 58,400	(5.4)%

The decrease in net sales is due to an unfavorable sales mix and price decreases, as underlying commodity cost decreases were passed through to customers. Also contributing to the decrease were lower volumes in the non-dairy powdered creamer product line. Sturm added \$4.4 million of revenue to the Industrial and Export segment.

Cost of sales as a percentage of net sales decreased from 80.8% in the second quarter of 2009 to 77.8% in 2010 reflecting productivity improvements realized in the quarter and net declines in raw material and ingredient costs.

Freight out and commissions paid to independent sales brokers were \$1.4 million in the second quarter of 2010 and the second quarter of 2009.

Direct selling and marketing was \$0.5 million in the second quarter of 2010 and the second quarter of 2009.

Six Months Ended June 30, 2010 Compared to Six Months Ended June 30, 2009

Net Sales — Net sales increased 15.8% to \$843.3 million in 2010 compared to \$728.0 million in the first six months of 2009. The increase is driven by the acquisition of Sturm in March 2010, volume increases in legacy businesses, and favorable foreign currency exchange rates between the U.S. and Canadian dollar. Net sales by segment are shown in the following table:

Six Months Ended June 30,

					%
			\$	Increase/	Increase/
	2010	2009	$(\Gamma$	Decrease)	(Decrease)
		(Dollars in	thousa	nds)	
North American Retail Grocery	\$ 569,105	\$ 466,535	\$	102,570	22.0%
Food Away From Home	153,747	141,782		11,965	8.4%
Industrial and Export	120,467	119,684		783	0.7%
Total	\$ 843,319	\$ 728,001	\$	115,318	15.8%

Cost of Sales — All expenses incurred to bring a product to completion are included in cost of sales. These costs include raw materials, ingredient and packaging costs, labor costs, facility and equipment costs, costs to operate and maintain our warehouses, and costs associated with transporting our finished products from our manufacturing facilities to distribution centers. Cost of sales as a percentage of net sales was 76.9% in the first six months of 2010 compared to 79.2% in 2009. Contributing to the reduction in cost of sales, as a percent of net sales, is the Company's focus on purchasing savings and packaging efficiencies. The underlying commodity cost of input and packaging supplies is beginning to trend higher. Decreases in the cost of raw materials, ingredients and packaging materials in the first six months of 2010 compared to 2009 were partially offset by lower margins of \$6.2 million for Sturm due to a revaluation of beginning inventory value for purposes of purchase accounting in connection with the acquisition and the write-off of excess infant feeding inventories.

Operating Expenses — Total operating expenses were \$122.8 million during the first six months of 2010 compared to \$96.9 million in 2009. The increase in 2010 resulted from the following:

Selling and distribution expenses increased \$3.4 million or 6.2% in the first six months of 2010 compared to 2009 primarily due to the addition of Sturm. Selling and distribution expenses as a percentage of total revenues decreased to 6.8% in 2010 from 7.5% in 2009, due to improved efficiencies on our outbound freight and reduction in incentive based compensation.

General and administrative expenses increased \$17.9 million in the first six months of 2010 compared to 2009. The increase is primarily related to incremental general and administrative costs of Sturm of \$4.2 million, Sturm acquisition costs of \$5.4 million, stock based compensation of \$1.7 million, and increases related to consulting fees, offset by a decrease in incentive based compensation.

Amortization expense increased \$5.2 million in the first six months of 2010 compared to the first six months of 2009, due primarily to the additional intangible assets acquired in the Sturm acquisition.

Other operating income was \$0.2 million in the first six months of 2010 compared to operating expense of \$0.4 million in the first six months of 2009. Income in 2010 was primarily related to the postretirement plan curtailment at our Dixon facility, offset by costs associated with the realignment of the infant feeding business, while expense in 2009 was related to the closure of our Portland, Oregon facility.

Interest Expense, net — Interest expense increased to \$18.6 million in the first six months of 2010, compared to \$9.3 million in 2009, primarily due to an increase in debt resulting from the issuance of the Notes in connection with the Sturm acquisition.

Foreign Currency — The Company's foreign currency gain was \$2.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010 compared to a gain of \$1.8 million in 2009, due to fluctuations in currency exchange rates between the U.S. and Canadian dollar.

Income Taxes — Income tax expense was recorded at an effective rate of 33.2% in the first quarter of 2010 compared to 35.6% in the prior year's quarter. The Company's effective tax rate is favorably impacted by an intercompany financing structure entered into in conjunction with the E.D. Smith, Canadian acquisition. The Company's tax rate is lower in 2010 due to a lower state tax rate resulting from the Sturm acquisition and increased benefits for the deduction for domestic production activities.

Six Months Ended June 30, 2010 Compared to Six Months Ended June 30, 2009 — Results by Segment

North American Retail Grocery —

Six Months Ended June 30, 2009 2010 **Dollars** Percent **Dollars** Percent (Dollars in thousands) 569,105 Net sales 100.0% 100.0% \$ 466,535 Cost of sales 431,932 75.9 76.4 356,211 Gross profit 137,173 24.1 110,324 23.6 Freight out and commissions 27,366 4.8 25,539 5.4 Direct selling and marketing 15,688 2.8 14,552 3.1 Direct operating income \$ 94,119 16.5% \$ 70,233 15.1%

Net sales in the North American Retail Grocery segment increased by \$102.6 million, or 22.0% in the first six months of 2010 compared to the first quarter of 2009. The change in net sales from 2009 to 2010 was due to the following:

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		ercent
	(Dollars in thous	ands)
2009 Net sales	\$ 466,535	
Volume	4,867	1.1 %
Pricing	(1,986)	(0.4)
Acquisition	90,241	19.3
Foreign currency	13,085	2.8
Mix/other	(3,637)	(0.8)
2010 Net sales	\$ 569,105	22.0%

The increase in net sales from 2009 to 2010 resulted from the acquisition of Sturm, foreign currency fluctuations, and higher unit sales. Overall volume is higher in the first six months of 2010 compared to that of 2009, primarily due to new customers and line extensions in the pickle, Mexican sauces and salad dressings product lines. These increases were partially offset by declines in our soup and infant feeding products.

Cost of sales as a percentage of net sales decreased from 76.4% in the first six months of 2009 to 75.9% in 2010 primarily due to net declines in raw material, ingredient and packaging costs. Negatively impacting costs in 2010 is the revaluation of acquired inventories from the Sturm acquisition offset by the write-off of excess infant feeding inventory. The segment also continues to see improvements from last year's salad dressing plant expansion.

Freight out and commissions paid to independent sales brokers were \$27.4 million in the first six months of 2010 compared to \$25.5 million in 2009, an increase of 7.2%, primarily due to the addition of Sturm.

Direct selling and marketing expenses increased \$1.1 million, or 7.8% in the first six months of 2010 compared to 2009 due to the Sturm acquisition and an increase in stock based compensation offset by a decrease in incentive compensation.

Food Away From Home —

Six Months Ended June 30, 2010 2009

	Dollars	Percent (Dollars in the	Dollars nousands)	Percent
Net sales	\$ 153,747	100.0% \$	141,782	100.0%
Cost of sales	122,597	79.7	117,913	83.2
Gross profit	31,150	20.3	23,869	16.8
Freight out and commissions	5,162	3.4	5,128	3.6
Direct selling and marketing	3,868	2.5	3,638	2.5
Direct operating income	\$ 22,120	14.4% \$	15,103	10.7%

Net sales in the Food Away From Home segment increased by \$12.0 million, or 8.4%, in the first six months of 2010 compared to the prior year. The change in net sales from 2009 to 2010 was due to the following:

Dollars Percent (Dollars in thousands)

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2009 Net sales	\$ 141,782
Volume	516 0.4%
Pricing	2,176 1.5
Acquisition	5,210 3.7
Foreign currency	1,926 1.3
Mix/other	2,137 1.5
2010 Net sales	\$ 153,747 8.4%

Net sales increased during the first six months of 2010 compared to 2009 partially due to the acquisition of Sturm, foreign currency fluctuations and price increases.

Cost of sales as a percentage of net sales decreased from 83.2% in the first six months of 2009 to 79.7% in 2010, due to net declines in

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raw material, ingredient and packaging costs and improved productivity at the segment's aseptic plant.

Freight out and commissions paid to independent sales brokers were \$5.2 million in the first six months of 2010 compared to \$5.1 million in 2009.

Direct selling and marketing increased \$0.2 million in the first six months of 2010 compared to 2009.

Industrial and Export —

	Six Months Ended June 30,				
	201	0	2009		
	Dollars	Percent	Dollars	Percent	
		(Dollars in t	housands)		
Net sales	\$ 120,467	100.0%	\$ 119,684	100.0%	
Cost of sales	93,862	77.9	99,272	82.9	
Gross profit	26,605	22.1	20,412	17.1	
Freight out and commissions	2,724	2.3	2,883	2.4	
Direct selling and marketing	891	0.7	919	0.8	
Direct operating income	\$ 22,990	19.1%	\$ 16,610	13.9%	

Net sales in the Industrial and Export segment increased \$0.8 million or 0.7% in the first six months of 2010 compared to the prior year. The change in net sales from 2009 to 2010 was due to the following:

	Ι	Oollars	Percent
	(1	Dollars in t	thousands)
2009 Net sales	\$	119,684	
Volume		1,736	1.4%
Pricing		(5,193)	(4.3)
Acquisition		5,851	4.9
Foreign currency		722	0.6
Mix/other		(2,333)	(1.9)
2010 Net sales	\$	120,467	0.7%

The increase in net sales is primarily due to higher volumes in dressings and the addition of the Sturm co-pack business. The volume and acquisition increases were partially offset by price decreases, as the underlying commodity cost decreases were passed through to customers, and an unfavorable mix.

Cost of sales, as a percentage of net sales, decreased from 82.9% in the first six months of 2009 to 77.9% in 2010 reflecting productivity improvements realized in the quarter and net declines in raw material, ingredient and packaging costs.

Freight out and commissions paid to independent sales brokers were \$2.7 million in the first six months of 2010 compared to \$2.9 million in 2009, a decrease of 5.5%, due to improved efficiencies on our outbound freight and higher levels of customer pickups.

Direct selling and marketing was \$0.9 million in the first six months of 2010 and the first six months of 2009.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash Flow

Management assesses the Company's liquidity in terms of its ability to generate cash to fund its operating, investing and financing activities. The Company continues to generate substantial cash flow from operating activities and remains in a strong financial position, with resources available for reinvestment in existing businesses, acquisitions and managing its capital structure on a short and long-term basis. If additional borrowings are needed, approximately \$209.2 million was available under the revolving credit facility as of June 30, 2010. This facility expires in August 2011. The Company anticipates refinancing its revolving credit facility in the current year. We believe that, given our cash flow from operating activities and our available credit capacity, we can comply with the current terms of the revolving credit facility and meet foreseeable financial requirements.

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The Company's cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities, as reflected in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows is summarized in the following tables:

Six Months Ended June 30, 2010 2009 (In thousands)

Cash flows from operating activities:

Net income	\$ 37,971	\$ 31,157
Depreciation and amortization	32,497	22,977
Stock-based compensation	7,798	6,059
Loss (gain) on foreign currency exchange	668	(2,146)
Curtailment of postretirement benefit obligation	(2,357)	
Deferred income taxes	7,199	7,293
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions	32,455	(49,687)
Other	531	(624)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 116,762	\$ 15,029

Our cash from operations increased from \$15.0 million in the first six months of 2009 to \$116.8 million in 2010 due to higher net income achieved in the first six mon