CatchMark Timber Trust, Inc. Form 10-O August 08, 2016

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-O

(Mark

One)

Quarterly report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the quarterly X period ended June 30, 2016

OR

Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the transition period from to

Commission file number 001-36239

CATCHMARK TIMBER TRUST, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland 20-3536671

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

5 Concourse Parkway, Suite 2325, Atlanta, GA

Atlanta, GA 30328

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

(855) 858-9794

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N/A

(Former name, former address, and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files)

Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act (check one).

Large accelerated filero

Accelerated filer

X

Non-accelerated filer o(Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company o Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

Number of shares outstanding of the registrant's classes of common stock, as of July 29, 2016:

Class A Common Stock 38,830,932 shares

FORM 10-Q

CATCHMARK TIMBER TRUST, INC.

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CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of CatchMark Timber Trust, Inc. and subsidiaries ("CatchMark Timber Trust," "we," "our," or "us") may be considered forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). In addition, CatchMark Timber Trust, or the executive officers on CatchMark Timber Trust's behalf, may from time to time make forward-looking statements in reports and other documents CatchMark Timber Trust files with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") or in connection with oral statements made to the press, potential investors, or others. We intend for all such forward-looking statements to be covered by the applicable safe harbor provisions for forward-looking statements contained in the Securities Act and the Exchange Act. Such statements include, in particular, statements about our plans, strategies, and prospects and are subject to certain risks and uncertainties, as well as known and unknown risks, which could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected or anticipated. Therefore, such statements are not intended to be a guarantee of our performance in future periods.

Forward-looking statements can generally be identified by our use of forward-looking terminology such as "may," "will," "expect," "intend," "anticipate," "estimate," "believe," "continue," or other similar words. Readers are cautioned not to place u reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date that this report is filed with the SEC. We make no representations or warranties (express or implied) about the accuracy of any such forward-looking statements contained in this Form 10-Q, and we do not intend to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise.

Any such forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties, and other factors and are based on a number of assumptions involving judgments with respect to, among other things, future economic, competitive, and market conditions, all of which are difficult or impossible to predict accurately. To the extent that our assumptions differ from actual results, our ability to meet such forward-looking statements, including our ability to generate positive cash flow from operations, make distributions to stockholders, and maintain the value of our timberland properties, may be significantly hindered. See Item 1A in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 for a discussion of some, although not all, of the risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those presented in our forward-looking statements.

GLOSSARY

The following abbreviations or acronyms may be used in this document and shall have the adjacent meanings set forth below:

AgFirst Agfirst Farm Credit Bank

ASC Accounting Standards Codification ASU Accounting Standards Update

CoBank, ACB

Code Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended

EBITDA Earnings from Continuing Operations before Interest, Taxes, Depletion, and Amortization

FASB Financial Accounting Standards Board

FCC Fixed Charge Coverage

FRC Forest Resource Consultants, Inc.

GAAP Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

HBU Higher and Better Use

LIBOR London Interbank Offered Rate LTIP Long-Term Incentive Plan

LTV Loan-to-Value

NYSE New York Stock Exchange

Rabobank Cooperatieve Centrale Raiffeisen-Boerenleenbank, B.A.

REIT Real Estate Investment Trust

RSU Restricted Stock Unit
TRS Taxable REIT Subsidiary
TSR Total Shareholder Return

U.S. United States

VIE Variable Interest Entity

WestRock WestRock Company (formerly known as MeadWestvaco Corporation)

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The information furnished in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets and related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive loss, stockholders' equity, and cash flows reflects all normal and recurring adjustments that are, in management's opinion, necessary for a fair and consistent presentation of the aforementioned financial statements.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the condensed notes to CatchMark Timber Trust's consolidated financial statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and with CatchMark Timber Trust's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015. CatchMark Timber Trust's results of operations for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2016 are not necessarily indicative of the operating results expected for the full year.

CATCHMARK TIMBER TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(in thousands, except for per-share data)

	(Unaudited))	
	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015	,
Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 15,620	\$ 8,025	
Accounts receivable	2,697	2,562	
Prepaid expenses and other assets	3,628	3,277	
Deferred financing costs, net	362	354	
Timber assets (Note 3):			
Timber and timberlands, net	678,328	584,854	
Intangible lease assets, less accumulated amortization of \$936 and \$934 as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively	21	23	
Total assets	\$700,656	\$ 599,095	
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$4,359	\$ 3,307	
Other liabilities	7,361	3,703	
Note payable and line of credit, less net deferred financing costs (Note 4)	295,443	181,047	
Total liabilities	307,163	188,057	
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 6)	_	_	
Stockholders' Equity:			
Class A common stock, \$0.01 par value; 900,000 shares authorized; 38,831 and 38,975 shares issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively	388	390	
Additional paid-in capital	605,287	607,409	
Accumulated deficit and distributions	(208,572	(195,341)	,
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(3,610) (1,420	,
Total stockholders' equity	393,493	411,038	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$700,656	\$ 599,095	
See accompanying notes.			
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CATCHMARK TIMBER TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(in thousands, except for per-share data)

	Inree Months Ended		(Unaudited) Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Revenues:				
Timber sales	\$14,184	\$12,672	\$31,685	\$25,766
Timberland sales	843	591	9,509	6,765
Other revenues	939	911	1,953	1,887
	15,966	14,174	43,147	34,418
Expenses:				
Contract logging and hauling costs	5,694	4,824	12,117	9,944
Depletion	5,980	6,396	13,764	12,598
Cost of timberland sales	692	401	8,391	5,407
Forestry management expenses	1,372	1,061	2,724	2,182
General and administrative expenses	2,331	1,864	4,378	3,532
Land rent expense	121	172	292	375
Other operating expenses	1,021	935	2,056	1,873
	17,211	15,653	43,722	35,911
Operating loss	(1,245)	(1,479)	(575)	(1,493)
Other income (expense):				
Interest income	12	2	23	2
Interest expense	(1,412)	(853)	(2,680)	(1,656)
	(1,400)	(851)	(2,657)	(1,654)
Net loss available to common stockholders	\$(2,645)	\$(2,330)	\$(3,232)	\$(3,147)
Weighted-average common shares outstanding - basic and diluted	38,802	39,551	38,840	39,490
Net loss per-share available to common stockholders - basic and diluted	\$(0.07)	\$(0.06)	\$(0.08)	\$(0.08)
See accompanying notes.				

CATCHMARK TIMBER TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

(in thousands)

(Unaudited) (Unaudited) Three Months Six Months Ended Ended June 30, June 30,

2016 2015 2016 2015

Net loss \$(2,645) \$(2,330) \$(3,232) \$(3,147)

Other comprehensive income (loss):

Market value adjustment to interest rate swap (869) 1,201 (2,190)307Comprehensive loss \$(3,514) \$(1,129) \$(5,422) \$(2,840)

See accompanying notes.

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CATCHMARK TIMBER TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED) (in thousands, except for per-share data)

			Class B Commo		Paid-In	Accumulate Deficit and	Other		Total Stockhold	ers'
	Shares	Amoun	t Shares	Amoun	tCapital	Distribution	ns Loss	CHSI	'Equity	
Balance, December 31, 2015 Common stock issued pursuant to:	*	\$ 390	_	\$ —	\$607,409	\$(195,341)	\$411,038	
Long-term incentive plan, net of forfeitures and amounts withheld for income taxes	130	1			715				716	
Dividends to common stockholders (\$0.26 per share)						(9,999)		(9,999)
Repurchases of common shares Net loss Other comprehensive loss	s (274)	(3)			(2,837)	(3,232) (2,190	`	(2,840 (3,232 (2,190)
Balance, June 30, 2016	38,831	\$ 388	_	\$ —	\$605,287	\$ (208,572			\$ 393,493)
	Class A		Class B				Accumul	ated		
	Commo	n Stock	Commo	n Stock		Accumulate	ed Other		Total	
					Paid-In	Deficit and	_	ensi	v 8 tockhold	ers'
	Shares	Amoun	t Shares	Amoun	tCapital	Distribution	ns Income (Loss)		Equity	
Balance, December 31, 2014 Common stock issued pursuant to:	36,193	\$ 362	3,164	\$ 32	\$612,518	\$(167,364) \$ (856)	\$ 444,692	
Long-term incentive plan, net										
of amounts withheld for incom taxes	e195	2			408				410	
Conversion to Class A Shares	3,164	32	(3,164)	(32)						
Dividends to common stockholders (\$0.25 per share)						(9,839)		(9,839)
Net loss						(3,147)		(3,147)
Other comprehensive income Balance, June 30, 2015	39,552	\$ 396		\$ —	\$612,926	\$(180,350	307) \$ (549)	307 \$432,423	

CATCHMARK TIMBER TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (in thousands)

(III thousands)	(Unaudite Six Mont June 30,	
	2016	2015
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Net loss	\$(3,232)	\$(3,147)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depletion	13,764	12,598
Other amortization	62	58
Stock-based compensation expense	915	411
Noncash interest expense	447	332
Basis of timberland sold	7,928	4,894
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(135)	(1,363)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(182)	117
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,108	595
Other liabilities	1,429	1,131
Net cash provided by operating activities	22,104	15,626
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	(1120 = 1	(0= 6=4)
Timberland acquisitions		(27,651)
Capital expenditures (excluding timberland acquisitions)		(1,056)
Net cash used in investing activities	(115,404)	(28,707)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:		
Proceeds from note payable	116,000	20,500
Repayments of note payable	*	(498)
Financing costs paid	(1,628)	` ,
Dividends paid to common stockholders	(9,999)	
Repurchases of common shares	(3,038)	,
Net cash provided by financing activities	100,895	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	7,595	(3,167)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	8,025	17,365
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$15,620	\$14,198
1	,	*

See accompanying notes.

CATCHMARK TIMBER TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016 (unaudited)

1. Organization

CatchMark Timber Trust Inc. ("CatchMark Timber Trust") (NYSE: CTT) primarily engages in the ownership, management, acquisition, and disposition of timberlands located in the U.S. South and has elected to be taxed as a REIT for federal income tax purposes. CatchMark Timber Trust was incorporated in Maryland in 2005 and commenced operations in 2007. CatchMark Timber Trust conducts substantially all of its business through CatchMark Timber Operating Partnership, L.P. ("CatchMark Timber OP"), a Delaware limited partnership. CatchMark Timber Trust is the general partner of CatchMark Timber OP, possesses full legal control and authority over its operations, and owns 99.99% of its common partnership units. CatchMark LP Holder, LLC ("CatchMark LP Holder"), a wholly owned subsidiary of CatchMark Timber Trust, is the sole limited partner of CatchMark Timber OP. In addition, CatchMark Timber TRS, Inc. ("CatchMark TRS"), a Delaware corporation, was formed as a wholly owned subsidiary of CatchMark Timber OP in 2006. Unless otherwise noted, references herein to CatchMark Timber Trust shall include CatchMark Timber Trust and all of its subsidiaries, including CatchMark Timber OP, and the subsidiaries of CatchMark Timber OP, including CatchMark TRS.

CatchMark Timber Trust generates recurring income and cash flow from the harvest and sale of timber, as well as from non-timber related revenue sources, such as recreational leases. CatchMark Timber Trust also periodically generates income and cash flow from the sale of non-strategic timberland properties, or HBU timberland properties that have a higher-value use beyond growing timber, such as properties that can be sold for development, conservation, recreational or other rural purposes at prices in excess of traditional timberland values. CatchMark Timber Trust expects to realize additional long-term returns from the potential appreciation in value of its timberlands as well as from the biological growth of its standing timber inventory in excess of its timber harvest.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements of CatchMark Timber Trust have been prepared in accordance with GAAP and shall include the accounts of any VIE in which the Company or its subsidiaries is deemed the primary beneficiary. With respect to entities that are not VIEs, CatchMark Timber Trust's consolidated financial statements shall also include the accounts of any entity in which CatchMark Timber Trust or its subsidiaries owns a controlling financial interest and any limited partnership in which CatchMark Timber Trust or its subsidiaries owns a controlling general partnership interest. In determining whether a controlling interest exists, CatchMark Timber Trust considers, among other factors, the ownership of voting interests, protective rights, and participatory rights of the investors.

CatchMark Timber Trust owns a controlling financial interest in CatchMark Timber OP, CatchMark LP Holder and CatchMark TRS and, accordingly, includes the accounts of these entities in its consolidated financial statements. The financial statements of CatchMark Timber OP, CatchMark LP Holder and CatchMark TRS are prepared using accounting policies consistent with those used by CatchMark Timber Trust. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

For further information, refer to the audited financial statements and footnotes included in CatchMark Timber Trust's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, "Leases (Topic 842)". The new standard establishes a right-of-use ("ROU") model that requires a lessee to record a ROU asset and a lease liability on the balance sheet for all leases with terms longer than 12 months. Leases will be classified as either finance or operating, with classification affecting

the pattern of expense recognition in the income statement. ASU 2016-02 is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those annual periods, with early adoption permitted. A modified retrospective transition approach is required for lessees classified as capital and operating leases existing at, or entered into after, the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented in the financial statements, with certain practical expedients available. CatchMark Timber Trust has not yet adopted the new standard and is currently evaluating the impact that the standard will have on its financial statements.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-09, "Compensation — Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting". ASU 2016-09 simplifies several aspects of the accounting for share-based payment transactions, including the income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities, and classification on the statement of cash flows. For public entities, ASU 2016-09 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted. CatchMark Timber Trust has not yet adopted the new standard and is currently evaluating the impact that the standard will have on its financial statements.

3. Timber Assets

As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, timber and timberlands consisted of the following, respectively:

	As of June 30, 2016				
		Accumulated			
(in thousands)	Gross	Depletion or	Net		
		Amortization			
Timber	\$307,953	\$ 13,764	\$294,189		
Timberlands	383,791		383,791		
Mainline roads	796	448	348		
Timber and timberlands	\$692,540	\$ 14,212	\$678,328		

	As of December 31, 2015			
		Accumulated		
(in thousands)	Gross	Depletion or	Net	
		Amortization		
Timber	\$281,198	\$ 27,091	\$254,107	
Timberlands	330,446	_	330,446	
Mainline roads	707	406	301	
Timber and timberlands	\$612,351	\$ 27,497	\$584,854	

Timberland Acquisitions

During the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, CatchMark Timber Trust acquired fee-simple interests in approximately 60,400 and 17,400 acres of timberland for \$112.9 million and \$27.3 million, respectively, exclusive of closing costs. A detailed breakout of acreage acquired by state is listed below:

	Six Months Ended		
	June 30),	
Acres Acquired In:	2016	2015	
Georgia	5,200	9,700	
South Carolina	55,200	_	
Texas		7,700	

Total 60,400 17,400

All timberland acquisitions were accounted for as asset purchases.

Timberland Sales

During the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, CatchMark Timber Trust sold approximately 5,500 and 3,700 acres of timberland for \$9.5 million and \$6.8 million, respectively. CatchMark Timber Trust's cost basis in the timberland sold was \$7.9 million and \$4.9 million, respectively. A detailed breakout of land sale acreage by state is listed below:

Six Months
Ended
June 30,
Acres Sold In: 2016 2015
Alabama 500 2,000
Georgia 4,400 1,700
Florida 600 —
Total 5,500 3,700

Current Timberland Portfolio

As of June 30, 2016, CatchMark Timber Trust owned interests in approximately 479,900 acres of timberlands in the U.S. South, of which 456,100 acres were held in fee-simple interests and 23,800 acres were held in leasehold interests. A detailed breakout of land acreage by state is listed below:

Acres by state as of June 30, 2016	Fee	Lease	Total
Alabama	72,300	5,600	77,900
Florida	2,000		2,000
Georgia	255,300	18,200	273,500
Louisiana	21,300	_	21,300
North Carolina	1,600	_	1,600
South Carolina	67,700	_	67,700
Tennessee	300		300
Texas	35,600		35,600
Total:	456,100	23,800	479,900

4. Note Payable and Line of Credit

2014 Amended Credit Agreement

CatchMark Timber Trust is party to an amended and restated credit agreement with CoBank, AgFirst, Rabobank, and certain other financial institutions (the "2014 Amended Credit Agreement"), which provides for borrowings consisting of:

- a \$35.0 million revolving credit facility (the "2014 Revolving Credit Facility");
- a \$365.0 million multi-draw term credit facility (the "2014 Multi-Draw Term Facility"); and
- a \$100.0 million term loan (the "2014 Term Loan Facility", and together with the 2014 Revolving Credit Facility and the 2014 Multi-Draw Term Facility, the "2014 Amended Credit Facilities").

The 2014 Amended Credit Facilities may be increased, upon the agreement of lenders willing to increase their loans, by another \$110.0 million.

As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, CatchMark Timber Trust's amounts outstanding under the 2014 Amended Credit Facilities consisted of the following:

				Outstandin	g Balance	
				as of		
(dollars in thousands)	Maturity	Stated Rate (2)	Current Interest Rate	June 30,	December	
(donars in tilousands)	Date	Stated Rate	(3)	2016	31, 2015	
2014 Term Loan Facility	12/23/2024	LIBOR +	2.20%	100,000	100,000	
2011 Term Boun Fuerney	12,23,202	1.75%	2.20 /0	100,000	100,000	
2014 Multi-Draw Term Facility	12/23/2021	LIBOR +	2.70%	\$200,562	\$85,002	
·	,,	2.25%	_,,,,,	+,		
Total principal balance				\$300,562	\$185,002	
Less: net unamortized deferred financing				(5 110)	(2.055	
costs (1)				(5,119)	(3,955)	
Total				\$295,443	\$181,047	

- (1) Represents costs incurred for borrowings under the 2014 Term Loan Facility and the 2014 Multi-Draw Term Facility only.
- (2) The applicable LIBOR margin on the 2014 Multi-Draw Term Facility ranges between 1.75% and 2.75%, depending on the LTV ratio.
 - Represents the weighted average interest rate as of June 30, 2016. The weighted average interest rate excludes the
- (3) impact of the interest rate swap agreement (see Note 5 Interest Rate Swap Agreement), amortization of deferred financing costs, unused commitment fees, and estimated patronage refunds.

As of June 30, 2016, \$199.4 million remained available under the 2014 Amended Credit Facilities, \$164.4 million from the 2014 Multi-Draw Term Facility and \$35.0 million from the 2014 Revolving Credit Facility.

Patronage

As a result of entering into the 2014 Amended Credit Agreement, CatchMark Timber Trust became eligible to receive annual patronage refunds from its lenders (the "Patronage Banks"), a profit-sharing program made available to borrowers of the Farm Credit System lenders. CatchMark Timber Trust has received a patronage refund on its eligible patronage loans for 2014 and 2015 and accrues for the expected refunds for 2016 by multiplying the weighted average eligible outstanding balance by 0.90%. For the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, CatchMark Timber Trust recorded \$0.5 million and \$0.3 million in expected patronage refunds. For the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, CatchMark Timber Trust recorded \$0.9 million and \$0.6 million in expected patronage refunds.

Debt Covenants

The 2014 Amended Credit Agreement permits CatchMark Timber Trust to declare and pay dividends, distributions, and other payments to its stockholders as required to maintain its REIT qualification so long as certain events of default have not occurred and would not result therefrom. Additionally, the 2014 Amended Credit Agreement subjects CatchMark Timber Trust to mandatory prepayment from proceeds generated from dispositions of timberlands. However, provided that no event of default has occurred and the LTV ratio does not exceed 40%, CatchMark Timber Trust is not required to repay the loans until (1) the aggregate net real property disposition proceeds received during any fiscal year exceeds 2% of the bank value of the timberlands and (2) lease termination proceeds of greater than 0.5% and 1.5% of the bank value of the timberlands in a single termination or in aggregate over the term of the facility, respectively.

The 2014 Amended Credit Agreement contains, among others, the following financial covenants: 4 imits the LTV Ratio to 45% at the end of each fiscal quarter and upon the sale or acquisition of any property;

requires a fixed coverage charge ratio of not less than 1.05:1.00; and maintains a minimum liquidity balance of no less than \$20.0 million at any time.

CatchMark Timber Trust was in compliance with the financial covenants of the 2014 Amended Credit Agreement as of June 30, 2016.

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CatchMark Timber Trust's obligations under the 2014 Amended Credit Agreement are collateralized by a first priority lien on the timberlands owned by CatchMark Timber Trust's subsidiaries and substantially all of CatchMark Timber Trust's subsidiaries' other assets in which a security interest may lawfully be granted, including, without limitation, accounts, equipment, inventory, intellectual property, bank accounts and investment property. In addition, CatchMark Timber Trust's obligations under the 2014 Amended Credit Agreement are jointly and severally guaranteed by CatchMark Timber Trust and all of its subsidiaries pursuant to the terms of the 2014 Amended Credit Agreement. CatchMark Timber Trust has also agreed to guarantee certain losses caused by certain willful acts of CatchMark Timber Trust or its subsidiaries.

Interest Paid and Fair Value of Outstanding Debt

CatchMark Timber Trust pays the lenders a commitment fee on the unused portion of the 2014 Multi-Draw Term Facility and 2014 Revolving Credit Facility, at an adjustable rate ranging from 0.20% to 0.35%, depending on the LTV ratio.

During the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, CatchMark Timber Trust made interest payments of \$1.4 million and \$0.8 million, respectively, on its borrowings. Included in the interest payments for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 were unused commitment fees of \$0.2 million and \$0.1 million, respectively.

During the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, CatchMark Timber Trust made interest payments of \$2.6 million and \$1.4 million, respectively, on its borrowings. Included in the interest payments for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 were unused commitment fees of \$0.3 million and \$0.2 million, respectively.

As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the weighted-average interest rate on these borrowings, after consideration of an interest rate swap, was 2.76% and 2.65%, respectively. After further consideration of the expected patronage refunds, CatchMark Timber Trust's weighted average interest rate as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 was 1.86% and 1.75%, respectively.

As of June 30, 2016, the fair value of CatchMark Timber Trust's outstanding debt approximated its book value. The fair value was estimated based on discounted cash flow analysis using the current market borrowing rates for similar types of borrowing arrangements as of the measurement dates.

5. Interest Rate Swap Agreement 2014 Rabobank Swap

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, CatchMark Timber Trust used one interest rate swap agreement with Rabobank with a notional amount of \$35.0 million to hedge its exposure to changing interest rates on its variable rate debt (the "2014 Rabobank Swap"). The 2014 Rabobank Swap became effective on December 23, 2014 and matures on December 23, 2024. Under the terms of the 2014 Rabobank Swap, CatchMark Timber Trust pays interest at a fixed rate of 2.395% per annum to Rabobank and receives one-month LIBOR-based interest payments from Rabobank. The 2014 Rabobank Swap qualifies for hedge accounting treatment.

Fair Value and Cash Paid for Interest Under Interest Rate Swap Agreement

The following table presents information about CatchMark Timber Trust's interest rate swap measured at fair value as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015:

(in thousands)

Estimated Fair Value as of

Instrument Type Balance Sheet Classification

June 30, December 31,

2016 2015

Derivatives designated as hedging instruments:

Interest rate swap contract

Other liabilities \$(3,610) \$ (1,420)

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, CatchMark Timber Trust recognized a change in fair value of the 2014 Rabobank Swap of approximately \$2.2 million as other comprehensive loss. There was no hedge ineffectiveness on the 2014 Rabobank Swap required to be recognized in current earnings. Net payments of approximately \$0.3 million made under the 2014 Rabobank Swap by CatchMark Timber Trust during the six months ended June 30, 2016 were recorded as interest expense.

6. Commitments and Contingencies

Mahrt Timber Agreements

CatchMark Timber Trust is party to a fiber supply agreement and a master stumpage agreement (collectively, the "Mahrt Timber Agreements") with a wholly owned subsidiary of WestRock. The fiber supply agreement provides that WestRock will purchase specified tonnage of timber from CatchMark TRS at specified prices per ton, depending upon the type of timber. The fiber supply agreement is subject to quarterly market pricing adjustments based on an index published by Timber Mart-South, a quarterly trade publication that reports raw forest product prices in 11 southern states. The master stumpage agreement provides that CatchMark Timber Trust will sell specified amounts of timber and make available certain portions of its timberlands to CatchMark TRS for harvesting. The initial term of the Mahrt Timber Agreements is October 9, 2007 through December 31, 2032, subject to extension and early termination provisions. The Mahrt Timber Agreements ensure a long-term source of supply of wood fiber products for WestRock in order to meet its paperboard and lumber production requirements at specified mills and provide CatchMark Timber Trust with a reliable customer for the wood products from its timberlands.

Timberland Operating Agreement

Pursuant to the terms of the timberland operating agreement between CatchMark Timber Trust and FRC (the "FRC Timberland Operating Agreement"), FRC manages and operates a majority of CatchMark Timber Trust's timberlands and related timber operations, including ensuring delivery of timber to WestRock in compliance with the Mahrt Timber Agreements. In consideration for rendering the services described in the timberland operating agreement, CatchMark Timber Trust pays FRC (i) a monthly management fee based on the actual acreage FRC manages, which is payable monthly in advance, and (ii) an incentive fee based on timber harvest revenues generated by the timberlands, which is payable quarterly in arrears. The timberland operating agreement, as amended, is effective through March 31, 2017, with the option to extend for one-year periods and may be terminated by either party with mutual consent or by CatchMark Timber Trust with or without cause upon providing 120 days' prior written notice.

Litigation

From time to time, CatchMark Timber Trust may be a party to legal proceedings, claims, and administrative proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of its business. Management makes assumptions and estimates concerning the likelihood and amount of any reasonably possible loss relating to these matters using the latest information available. CatchMark Timber Trust records a liability for litigation if an unfavorable outcome is probable and the amount of loss or range of loss can be reasonably estimated. If an unfavorable outcome is probable and a reasonable estimate of the loss is a range, CatchMark Timber Trust accrues the best estimate within the range. If no amount within the range is a better estimate than any other amount, CatchMark Timber Trust accrues the minimum amount within the range. If an unfavorable outcome is probable but the amount of the loss cannot be reasonably estimated, CatchMark Timber Trust discloses the nature of the litigation and indicates that an estimate of the loss or range of loss cannot be made. If an unfavorable outcome is reasonably possible and the estimated loss is material, CatchMark Timber Trust discloses the nature and estimate of the possible loss of the litigation. CatchMark Timber Trust does not disclose information with respect to litigation where an unfavorable outcome is considered to be remote.

CatchMark Timber Trust is not currently involved in any legal proceedings of which the outcome is reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on the results of operations, financial condition, or cash flows of CatchMark Timber Trust. CatchMark Timber Trust is not aware of any such legal proceedings contemplated by governmental authorities.

7. Stock-based Compensation

Long-term Incentive Plan

CatchMark Timber Trust's LTIP allows for the issuance of options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, RSUs, and deferred stock units of its common stock to the employees and independent directors. The LTIP provides for issuance of up to 1.3 million shares of CTT common stock through October 25, 2023.

Effective October 1, 2015, under the Amended and Restated Independent Directors' Compensation Plan (a sub-plan of the LTIP), each of the independent directors receives, on the first business day immediately prior to the date on which CatchMark Timber Trust holds its annual stockholders meeting, a number of shares of CatchMark Timber Trust common stock having a value of \$50,000 on the grant date. The number of shares granted to each independent director will be determined by dividing \$50,000 by the fair market value per share of CatchMark Timber Trust's common stock on the grant date. The shares are fully-vested and non-forfeitable upon the respective grant date. During the three months ended June 30, 2016, CatchMark Timber Trust issued 20,440 shares to its independent directors.

Restricted Stock Grants

CatchMark Timber Trust has issued service-based and performance-based restricted stock to its employees and independent directors pursuant to its LTIP. Service-based restricted stock grants vest ratably over a multi-year period. Performance-based restricted stock is granted to the executive officers and restricted shares may be earned based on the level of achievement of certain pre-determined performance goals over the performance period. Earned awards are determined by the Compensation Committee after the end of the performance period and vest over a period specific to each performance grant.

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, CatchMark Timber Trust granted 125,123 shares of service-based restricted stock to its employees that vest over a four-year period.

A rollforward of CatchMark Timber Trust's unvested restricted stock award activity for the six months ended June 30, 2016 is as follows:

	Employees		Independent		
	Employed	Employees		1	
		Weighted		Weighted	
	Number of Underlyin Shares	Grant Date	Number of Underlying Shares	ng Date	
		Fair Value		Fair Value	
Unvested as of December 31, 2015	278,100	\$ 10.29	20,901	\$ 12.71	
Granted	125,123	10.51		_	
Vested	(34,225)	12.34	(10,556)	12.74	
Forfeited	(1,000)	11.57	_	_	
Unvested as of June 30, 2016	367,998	\$ 10.17	10,345	\$ 12.67	

Restricted Stock Units

On May 5, 2016, CatchMark Timber Trust issued 80,366 RSUs to its executive officers (the "2016 Performance Awards"), with a weighted average grant date per-unit fair value of \$14.28. A RSU gives the holder thereof the right, subject to certain restrictions and risk of forfeiture, to receive shares of common stock of CatchMark Timber Trust in

the future. The number of RSUs earned is determined based on CatchMark Timber Trust's TSR as compared to a pre-established peer group's TSR and to the Russell 3000 Index over the performance period. 50% of any RSUs awarded vest on the date it is determined by the compensation committee of the board of directors and the remaining 50% vest on the one year anniversary of the determination date.

The fair value of the 2016 Performance Awards was calculated using a Monte-Carlo simulation with the following assumptions:

Grant date market price (May 5, 2016) \$10.57 Weighted average fair value per granted share \$14.28

Assumptions:

Volatility 28.54 %
Expected term (years) 3.0
Dividend yield 5.11 %
Risk-free interest rate 0.95 %

Stock-based Compensation Expense

During the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, CatchMark Timber Trust recognized approximately \$0.6 million and \$0.2 million, respectively, of stock-based compensation expense. During the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, CatchMark Timber Trust recognized approximately \$0.9 million and \$0.4 million, respectively, of stock-based compensation expense. As of June 30, 2016, approximately \$4.0 million of unrecognized compensation expenses related to non-vested restricted stock and RSU's remained and will be recognized over a weighted-average period of 3.6 years.

8. Subsequent Event

Dividend declaration

On August 8, 2016, CatchMark Timber Trust declared a cash dividend of \$0.135 per share for its Class A common stockholders of record on August 30, 2016, payable on September 16, 2016.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our accompanying consolidated financial statements and notes thereto. See also "Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" preceding Part I, as well as our consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Overview

We primarily engage in the ownership, management, acquisition, and disposition of timberland properties located in the U.S. South. On June 15, 2016, we completed our largest timberland transaction (the "Carolinas Midlands III transaction") since our listing on the NYSE, acquiring approximately 51,700 acres in South Carolina for \$101.4 million, inclusive of closing costs. The Carolinas Midlands III transaction adds approximately 2.0 million tons to our merchantable inventory, comprised of 70% pine plantations by acreage and 49% sawtimber by tons. Additionally, the Carolinas Midlands III transaction is expected to add between 250,000 to 300,000 tons (4.8 to 5.8 tons per acre) to our annual harvest over the next decade. The Carolinas Midlands III transaction was funded with our 2014 Multi-Draw Term Facility.

In connection with the Carolinas Midlands III transaction, we assumed a pulpwood supply agreement (the "Carolinas Midlands III Supply Agreement") which requires us to harvest and sell agreed-upon pulpwood volumes to a third-party mill which they are required to purchase at defined market prices. From now through its expiration on November 3, 2026, the Carolinas Midlands III Supply Agreement is expected to add between 50,000 to 100,000 tons to our annual harvest. We also assumed 96 recreational leases which cover approximately 51,600 acres and will

provide approximately \$0.5 million in revenue annually.

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, we acquired a total of approximately 60,400 acres of timberland (the "2016 Timberland Acquisitions") within the markets of Coastal Georgia and the Carolinas, for a total of \$114.0 million, inclusive of closing costs. In total, the 2016 Timberland Acquisitions added 2.4 million of merchantable inventory, comprised of 68% pine plantations by acreage and 47% sawtimber by tons.

As of June 30, 2016, we owned interests in approximately 479,900 acres of timberland within an attractive and competitive fiber basket encompassing a numerous and diverse group of pulp, paper and wood products manufacturing facilities, consisting of 74% pine stands and 26% hardwood stands. We believe that our timberlands are high-quality industrial forestlands that have been intensively managed for sustainable commercial timber production.

We generate recurring income and cash flow from the harvest and sale of timber, as well as from non-timber related revenue sources, such as recreational leases. We also periodically generate income and cash flow from the sale of HBU timberland and non-strategic timberland. We expect to realize additional long-term returns from the potential appreciation in value of our timberlands as well as from the biological growth of our standing timber inventory in excess of our timber harvest.

A substantial portion of our timber sales is derived from the Mahrt Timber Agreements under which we sell specified amounts of timber to WestRock subject to market pricing adjustments. For the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, approximately 15% and 22%, respectively, of our net timber sales revenue was derived from the Mahrt Timber Agreements. See Note 6 – Commitments and Contingencies of our accompanying consolidated financial statements for additional information regarding the material terms of the Mahrt Timber Agreements.

As of June 30, 2016, our timber inventory consisted of an estimated 18.0 million tons of merchantable inventory with the following components:

Tons (in millions)

Merchantable timber inventory⁽¹⁾: Fee Lease Total Pulpwood 8.8 0.4 9.2 Sawtimber ⁽²⁾ 8.4 0.4 8.8 Total: 17.20.8 18.0

- (1) Merchantable timber inventory does not include current year growth, which should approximate current year harvest volumes (see Results of Operations below for information on current year harvest volume).
- (2) Includes chip-n-saw and sawtimber.

The focus of our business is to invest in timberlands and to actively manage our assets to provide current income and attractive long-term returns to our stockholders. Our immediate emphasis is to grow through accretive acquisitions. We continue to build our pipeline of potential acquisitions focused in the U.S. South, where we see the best value opportunities, and we expect that the increase in our available credit capacity (see discussions within Liquidity and Capital Resources below) should facilitate closing on additional attractive transactions expeditiously. Our most significant risks and challenges include our ability to access a sufficient amount of capital that will allow us to further grow and diversify our portfolio of timber assets.

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Liquidity and Capital Resources

Overview

Cash flows generated from our operations are primarily used to fund recurring expenditures and distributions to our stockholders. The amount of distributions to common stockholders is determined by our board of directors and is dependent upon a number of factors, including funds deemed available for distribution based principally on our current and future projected operating cash flows, reduced by capital requirements necessary to maintain and grow our existing timberland portfolio. In determining the amount of distributions to common stockholders, we also consider our financial condition, our expectations of future sources of liquidity, current and future economic conditions, market demand for timber and timberlands, and tax conditions, including the annual distribution requirements necessary to maintain our status as a REIT under the Code.

In determining how to allocate cash resources in the future, we will initially consider the source of the cash. We anticipate using a portion of cash generated from operations, after payments of periodic operating expenses and interest expense, to fund certain capital expenditures required for our timberlands. Any remaining cash generated from operations may be used to partially fund timberland acquisitions and pay distributions to stockholders. Therefore, to the extent that cash flows from operations are lower, timberland acquisitions and stockholder distributions are anticipated to be lower as well. Capital expenditures, including new timberland acquisitions, are generally funded with cash from operations or existing debt availability; however, proceeds from future debt financings and equity offerings may be used to fund capital expenditures, acquire new timberland properties and pay down existing and future borrowings.

Short-Term Liquidity and Capital Resources

Net cash provided by operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2016 was \$22.1 million, a \$6.5 million increase from the six months ended June 30, 2015, primarily driven by an increase of \$3.7 million in net timber sales and a \$2.8 million increase in net cash received from timberland sales.

Net cash used in investing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2016 was \$115.4 million, a \$86.7 million increase from the six months ended June 30, 2015. We acquired 60,400 acres of timberland during the six months ended June 30, 2016 as compared to 17,400 acres during the six months ended June 30, 2015.

Net cash provided by financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2016 was \$100.9 million, an increase of \$91.0 million from the six months ended June 30, 2015, primarily as a result of a \$95.6 million increase in net borrowings due to our 2016 Timberland Acquisitions, an increase of \$1.4 million in financing costs paid and using \$3.0 million for share repurchases (see Share Repurchase Program below).

We believe that we have access to adequate liquidity and capital resources, including cash flow generated from operations, cash on-hand, and borrowing capacity, necessary to meet our current and future obligations that become due over the next 12 months. As of June 30, 2016, we had a cash balance of \$15.6 million and had access to \$199.4 million of additional borrowing availability under the 2014 Amended Credit Facilities (see 2014 Amended Credit Agreement below).

Long-Term Liquidity and Capital Resources

Over the long-term, we expect our primary sources of capital to include net cash flows from operations, including proceeds from timberland sales, proceeds from secured or unsecured financings from banks and other lenders, and public offerings of equity or debt securities. Our principal demands for capital include operating expenses, interest expense on any outstanding indebtedness, certain capital expenditures (other than timberland acquisitions), repayment

of debt, timberland acquisitions, and stockholder distributions.

Our bylaws preclude us from incurring debt in excess of 200% of our net assets. As of June 30, 2016, our debt-to-net-assets ratio as a percentage of our total gross assets (other than intangibles) less total liabilities, was approximately

55%. Our debt-to-net-assets ratio will vary based on our level of current and future borrowings, which will depend on the level of net cash flows from operations, our acquisition activities, and proceeds raised from public offerings of our common stock. Before additional borrowings and equity issuances, principal payments, and timberland acquisitions or dispositions, we expect our debt-to-net-assets ratio to remain relatively stable in the near future.

Share Repurchase Program

On August 7, 2015, our board of directors approved a stock repurchase program for up to \$30.0 million of our common stock at management's discretion. The program has no set duration and the board may discontinue or suspend the program at any time. During quarter ended June 30, 2016, we repurchased 31,112 shares of our common stock at an average price of \$10.65 per share for a total of approximately \$0.3 million. All common stock purchases under the stock repurchase program were made in open-market transactions and were funded with cash on-hand. As of June 30, 2016, we had 38.8 million shares of common stock outstanding and may repurchase up to an additional \$21.2 million under the program. The 2014 Amended Credit Facilities allows us to borrow up to \$25.0 million under the 2014 Multi-Draw Term Facility to repurchase our common stock. Management believes that opportunistic repurchases of our common stock is a prudent use of capital resources.

Contractual Obligations and Commitments

As of June 30, 2016, our contractual obligations are as follows:

Contractual Obligations	Payments	Due by	Period		
(in thousands)	Total	2016	2017-2018	2019-2020	Thereafter
Debt obligations (1)	\$300,562	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$300,562
Estimated interest on debt obligations (1) (2)	54,053	4,146	16,584	16,584	16,739
Operating lease obligations (3)	3,667	468	1,227	1,017	955
Other liabilities (4)	515	8	200	169	138
Total	\$358,797	\$4,622	\$ 18,011	\$ 17,770	\$318,394

Represents respective obligations under the 2014 Amended Credit Facilities as of June 30, 2016, \$100.0 million of

- (1) which was outstanding under the 2014 Term Loan Facility and \$200.6 million of which was outstanding under the 2014 Multi-Draw Term Facility (see 2014 Amended Credit Agreement below).
- (2) Amounts include the impact of an interest rate swap. See Note 5 Interest Rate Swap Agreement of our accompanying consolidated financial statements for additional information.
- (3) Includes payment obligation on approximately 7,330 acres that are subleased to a third party.
- (4) Represents net present value of future payments to satisfy a liability assumed upon a timberland acquisition.

2014 Amended Credit Agreement

The 2014 Amended Credit Agreement provides for borrowing under credit facilities consisting of:

- a \$35 million revolving credit facility (the "2014 Revolving Credit Facility");
- a \$365 million multi-draw term credit facility (the "2014 Multi-Draw Term Facility"); and
- a \$100 million term loan (the "2014 Term Loan Facility", and together with the 2014 Revolving Credit Facility and the 2014 Multi-Draw Term Facility, the "2014 Amended Credit Facilities").

The 2014 Amended Credit Facilities may be increased, upon the agreement of lenders willing to increase their loans, by another \$110 million. The table below presents the details of our 2014 Amended Credit Facilities as of June 30, 2016:

(dollars in thousands)

Facility Name	Maturity Date	Stated Rate ⁽¹⁾	Unused Commitm Fee	nent	Outstanding Balance	Total Availability	Remaining Availability
		LIBOR					
2014 Revolving Credit Facility	12/23/2019	+	0.30	%	\$ —	\$ 35,000	\$ 35,000
		2.25%					
		LIBOR					
2014 Multi-Draw Term Facility	12/23/2021	+	0.30	%	200,562	365,000	164,438
•		2.25%					
		LIBOR					
2014 Term Loan Facility	12/23/2024	+	N/A		100,000	100,000	
		1.75%					
Total					\$ 300,562	\$ 500,000	\$ 199,438

⁽¹⁾ The applicable LIBOR margin on the 2014 Revolving Credit Facility and the 2014 Multi-Draw Term Facility ranges from 1.75% to 2.75%, depending on the LTV ratio.

Patronage

As a result of entering into the 2014 Amended Credit Agreement, we have become eligible to receive annual patronage refunds from our lenders. The annual patronage refund is dependent on the weighted average debt balance with each participating lender, as calculated by CoBank, for the respective fiscal year under the eligible patronage loans, as well as the financial performance of the Patronage Banks. In March 2016, we received a patronage refund of \$1.2 million on our borrowings under the eligible patronage loans that were outstanding during 2015. Of the total amount received, 75% was received in cash and 25% was received in equity in Patronage Banks. The equity component of the patronage refund is redeemable for cash only at the discretion of the Patronage Banks' board of directors and then only if its minimum capital standards are met. The Patronage Banks targeted equity threshold for redemption is based on the percentage of the five-year historical average loan balance.

Debt Covenants

The 2014 Amended Credit Agreement contains, among others, the following financial covenants: limits the LTV ratio to 45% at the end of each fiscal quarter and upon the sale or acquisition of any property; requires us to maintain a FCC ratio of not less than 1.05:1; and maintains a minimum liquidity balance of no less than \$20.0 million at any time.

We were in compliance with the financial covenants of the 2014 Amended Credit Agreement as of June 30, 2016.

Results of Operations

Overview

Our results of operations are materially impacted by the fluctuating nature of timber prices, changes in the levels and composition of our harvest volumes, the level of timberland acquisitions and sales, changes to associated depletion rates, and varying interest expense based on the amount and cost of outstanding borrowings. Timber prices, harvest volumes, and changes in the levels and composition of each for our timberlands for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 are shown in the following tables:

	Three Mo Ended June 30,	Change						
	2016	2015	%					
Timber sales volume	(tons)							
Pulpwood	296,553	291,995	2 %					
Sawtimber (1)	183,705	156,575	17 %					
	480,258	448,570	7 %					
Harvest mix								
Pulpwood	62 %	65 %						
Sawtimber (1)		35 %						
Sawtimoer	30 %	33 %						
Net timber sales price (per ton) ⁽²⁾								
Pulpwood	\$14	\$13	10 %					
Sawtimber (1)	\$24	\$26	(10)%					
m: 1 1 1 1								
Timberland sales	Φ0.42	Φ <i>E</i> Ω1						
Gross sales (000's)	\$843	\$591						
Sales volumes (acres)		258						
Sales price (per acre)	\$1,087	\$2,291						
	Six Mont							
			~1					
		211000	Change					
	June 30, 2016	2015	Change %					
Timber sales volume	June 30, 2016							
Timber sales volume	June 30, 2016	2015						
	June 30, 2016 (tons)	2015 554,067	%					
Pulpwood	June 30, 2016 (tons) 632,799	2015 554,067 331,910	% 14 %					
Pulpwood Sawtimber (1)	June 30, 2016 (tons) 632,799 444,310	2015 554,067 331,910	% 14 % 34 %					
Pulpwood Sawtimber (1) Harvest mix	June 30, 2016 (tons) 632,799 444,310 1,077,109	2015 554,067 331,910 9.885,977	% 14 % 34 %					
Pulpwood Sawtimber (1) Harvest mix Pulpwood	June 30, 2016 (tons) 632,799 444,310 1,077,109	2015 554,067 331,910 885,977 63 %	% 14 % 34 %					
Pulpwood Sawtimber (1) Harvest mix	June 30, 2016 (tons) 632,799 444,310 1,077,109	2015 554,067 331,910 9.885,977	% 14 % 34 %					
Pulpwood Sawtimber (1) Harvest mix Pulpwood Sawtimber (1)	June 30, 2016 (tons) 632,799 444,310 1,077,109 59 % 41 %	2015 554,067 331,910 9885,977 63 % 37 %	% 14 % 34 %					
Pulpwood Sawtimber (1) Harvest mix Pulpwood	June 30, 2016 (tons) 632,799 444,310 1,077,109 59 % 41 %	2015 554,067 331,910 9885,977 63 % 37 %	% 14 % 34 %					
Pulpwood Sawtimber (1) Harvest mix Pulpwood Sawtimber (1) Net timber sales price	June 30, 2016 (tons) 632,799 444,310 1,077,109 59 % 41 %	2015 554,067 331,910 885,977 63 % 37 %	% 14 % 34 % 22 %					
Pulpwood Sawtimber (1) Harvest mix Pulpwood Sawtimber (1) Net timber sales price Pulpwood Sawtimber (1)	June 30, 2016 (tons) 632,799 444,310 1,077,109 59 % 41 % (per ton) ⁽²⁾	2015 554,067 331,910 9885,977 63 % 37 %	% 14 % 34 % 22 %					
Pulpwood Sawtimber (1) Harvest mix Pulpwood Sawtimber (1) Net timber sales price Pulpwood Sawtimber (1) Timberland sales	June 30, 2016 (tons) 632,799 444,310 1,077,109 59 % 41 % (per ton) ⁽³⁾ \$14 \$24	2015 554,067 331,910 9.885,977 63 % 37 % 2) \$13 \$26	% 14 % 34 % 22 %					
Pulpwood Sawtimber (1) Harvest mix Pulpwood Sawtimber (1) Net timber sales price Pulpwood Sawtimber (1) Timberland sales Gross sales (000's)	June 30, 2016 (tons) 632,799 444,310 1,077,109 59 % 41 % (per ton) ⁽²⁾ \$14 \$24	2015 554,067 331,910 9885,977 63 % 37 % 2) \$13 \$26	% 14 % 34 % 22 %					
Pulpwood Sawtimber (1) Harvest mix Pulpwood Sawtimber (1) Net timber sales price Pulpwood Sawtimber (1) Timberland sales	June 30, 2016 (tons) 632,799 444,310 1,077,109 59 % 41 % (per ton) \$14 \$24 \$9,509 5,482	2015 554,067 331,910 9.885,977 63 % 37 % 2) \$13 \$26	% 14 % 34 % 22 %					

⁽¹⁾ Includes sales of chip-n-saw and sawtimber.

Prices per ton are rounded to the nearest dollar and shown on a stumpage basis (i.e., net of contract logging and (2) hauling costs) and, as such, the sum of these prices multiplied by the tons sold does not equal timber sales in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015.

As expected, our net stumpage pricing has stayed flat from the first quarter of 2016. As compared to the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015, our pulpwood pricing improved while sawtimber pricing was lower. We opportunistically took advantage of a strong lumber market in the first half of 2015 and realized higher sawtimber prices during that period. The lower sawtimber pricing we experienced during the three months and six months ended June 30, 2016 were in line with the South-wide market as reported by Timber Mart-South, coupled with a higher chip-n-saw in our sawtimber harvest mix, offset by better pricing realized from new properties.

The higher pulpwood pricing during the three months and six months ended June 30, 2016 as compared to the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015 was due to increases in demand as a result of significant wet weather experienced in the U.S. South. Furthermore, we experienced positive pulpwood pricing as a result of our expansion into the South Carolina market, which experienced some of the highest pulpwood prices in the U.S. South.

We believe that our sawtimber and pulpwood pricing will remain flat throughout the rest of 2016.

Comparison of the three months ended June 30, 2016 versus the three months ended June 30, 2015

Revenues. Revenues increased to \$16.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 from \$14.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 due to an increase in timber sales revenue of \$1.5 million and an increase in timberland sales revenue of \$0.3 million. Gross timber sales revenue increased 12% as a result of a 7% increase in harvest volume and increases in pulpwood pricing. During the three months ended June 30, 2016, we generated \$0.6 million of timber sales revenue from properties acquired within the last 12 months. Properties held longer than 12 months contributed \$0.9 million to the increase in the timber sales revenue, of which \$0.5 million was due to volume increases and \$0.4 million was due to increases in prices.

Details of timber sales by product for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2016 are shown in the following table:

	Three	Changes	Three
	Months Ended	attributable to:	Months Ended
(in thousands)	June 30, 2015	Price Volume	June 30, 2016
Timber sales (1)			
Pulpwood	\$ 6,933	\$718 \$198	\$ 7,849
Sawtimber (2)	5,739	(291) 887	6,335
	\$ 12,672	\$427 \$1,085	\$ 14,184

- (1) Timber sales are presented on a gross basis.
- (2) Includes sales of chip-n-saw and sawtimber.

Timberland sales revenue increased to \$0.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 from \$0.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 due to selling more acres in 2016.

Operating expenses. Contract logging and hauling costs increased to \$5.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 from \$4.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 as a result of an approximately 19% increase in delivered sales volume. Delivered sales as a percentage of our total harvest volume increased to approximately 66% for the three months ended June 30, 2016 from approximately 59% for the three months ended June 30, 2015. The delivered sales volume increases were predominantly driven by the implementation of delivered wood sales on properties acquired since our listed public offering.

Depletion expense decreased to \$6.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 from \$6.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 as a result of lower blended depletion rates, slightly offset by a 7% increase in harvest volume. Our blended depletion rates were lower in the current year due to a decrease in harvest from new properties,

which deplete at higher rates than our long-term fee timber.

Costs of timberland sales increased to \$0.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 from \$0.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 due to selling more acres. Other operating expenses increased to \$1.0 million for

the three months ended June 30, 2016 from \$0.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015, primarily as a result of higher property taxes and other costs associated with having more acres under management.

Forestry management expenses increased to \$1.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 from \$1.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015, due to higher cash and non-cash compensation costs for our forest management staff and higher forestry management fees as a result of the growth of our timberland portfolio.

General and administrative expenses increased to \$2.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 from \$1.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015, primarily due to a \$0.4 million increase in stock-based compensation expense, of which \$0.1 million was the result of new restricted stock issuances to employees and \$0.3 million was due to issuing fully-vested stock in accordance with the amended and restated director compensation plan (See Note 7 – Stock-based Compensation in the accompanying consolidated financial statements).

Interest expense. Interest expense increased to \$1.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 from \$0.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 primarily due to a higher average debt balance through the period and higher interest rates under our variable-rate debt, offset by an increase in accrued patronage refunds of \$0.2 million.

Net loss. Our net loss increased to \$2.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 from \$2.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 as a result of a \$0.6 million increase in our interest expense offset by a \$0.2 million decrease in operating loss. Our net loss per share for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 was \$0.07 and \$0.06, respectively. We anticipate future net losses to fluctuate with timber prices, harvest volumes, timberland sales, and interest expense based on our level of current and future borrowings.

Comparison of the six months ended June 30, 2016 versus the six months ended June 30, 2015

Revenues. Revenues increased to \$43.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 from \$34.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 due to an increase in timber sales revenue of \$5.9 million and an increase in timberland sales revenue of \$2.7 million. Gross timber sales revenue increased 23% as a result of a 22% increase in harvest volume, offset by slightly lower pricing. We generated \$2.7 million of timber sales revenue from properties acquired within the last 12 months. Properties held longer than 12 months contributed another \$3.3 million to the increase in the timber sales revenue, as a result of the successful integration of properties acquired since our public listed offering and higher volume from our legacy timberlands.

Details of timber sales by product for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2016 are shown in the following table:

	Six	Changes	Six
	Months Ended	attributable to:	Months Ended
(in thousands)	June 30, 2015	Price Volume	June 30, 2016
Timber sales (1)			
Pulpwood	\$ 13,744	\$739 \$1,898	\$ 16,381
Sawtimber (2)	12,022	(827) 4,109	15,304
	\$ 25,766	\$(88) \$6,007	\$ 31,685

- (1) Timber sales are presented on a gross basis.
- (2) Includes sales of chip-n-saw and sawtimber.

Timberland sales revenue increased to \$9.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 from \$6.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 due to selling more acres in 2016. Our average sales price per acre sold decreased in the current year as we retained the harvest rights to approximately 100,000 tons of merchantable timber on the acreage sold, which has a book value of \$2.4 million.

Operating expenses. Contract logging and hauling costs increased to \$12.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 from \$9.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 as a result of an approximately 22% increase in delivered sales volume. Delivered sales as a percentage of our total harvest was approximately 62% for both the six months

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ended June 30, 2016 and the six months ended June 30, 2015. The delivered sales volume increase was predominantly driven by the implementation of delivered wood sales on properties acquired since our listed public offering.

Depletion expense increased to \$13.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 from \$12.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 due to a 22% increase in harvest volume, slightly offset by lower blended depletion rates. Our blended depletion rates were lower in the current year due to a decrease in harvest from recently acquired properties, which deplete at higher rates than our long-term fee timber.

Costs of timberland sales increased to \$8.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 from \$5.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 due to selling more acres. Other operating expenses increased to \$2.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 from \$1.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015, primarily as a result of higher property taxes and other costs associated with having more acres under management.

Forestry management expenses increased to \$2.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 from \$2.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015, due to higher cash and non-cash compensation costs for our forest management staff and higher forestry management fees as a result of the growth of our timberland portfolio.

General and administrative expenses increased to \$4.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 from \$3.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015, primarily due to higher compensation costs. Employee compensation costs increased by \$0.4 million, due to a \$0.2 million increase in stock-based compensation expense and a \$0.2 million increase in salary and benefits as a result of an increase in employee head count as our business grows. Independent directors' compensation cost increased by \$0.3 million as a result of issuing fully-vested stock in 2016 pursuant to a change to the amended and restated director compensation plan (See Note 7 – Stock-based Compensation in the accompanying consolidated financial statements).

Interest expense. Interest expense increased to \$2.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 from \$1.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 primarily due to a higher average debt balance through the period and higher interest rates under our variable-rate debt, offset by an increase in accrued patronage refunds of \$0.3 million.

Net loss. Our net loss increased to \$3.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 from \$3.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 as a result of a \$1.0 million increase in our interest expense offset by a \$0.9 million decrease in operating loss. Our net loss per share for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 was \$0.08 and \$0.08, respectively. We anticipate future net losses to fluctuate with timber prices, harvest volumes, timberland sales, and interest expense based on our level of current and future borrowings.

Adjusted EBITDA

The discussion below is intended to enhance the reader's understanding of our operating performance and our ability to satisfy lender requirements. EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure of operating performance. EBITDA is defined by the SEC; however, we have excluded certain other expenses due to their non-cash nature, and we refer to this measure as Adjusted EBITDA. As such, our Adjusted EBITDA may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies and should not be viewed as an alternative to net income or cash from operations as measurements of our operating performance. Due to the significant amount of timber assets subject to depletion and the significant amount of financing subject to interest and amortization expense, management considers Adjusted EBITDA to be an important measure of our financial condition and performance. The 2014 Amended Credit Agreement contains a minimum debt service coverage ratio based, in part, on Adjusted EBITDA since this measure is representative of adjusted income available for interest payments.

For the three months ended June 30, 2016, Adjusted EBITDA was \$6.0 million, a \$0.5 million increase from the three months ended June 30, 2015, primarily due to a \$0.6 million increase in net timber sales.

For the six months ended June 30, 2016, Adjusted EBITDA was \$22.1 million, a \$5.6 million increase from the six months ended June 30, 2015, primarily due to a \$3.7 million increase in net timber sales, a \$2.8 million increase in

net cash received from timberland sales, offset by a \$0.4 million increase in cash general and administrative expenses and a \$0.4 million increase in cash forestry management expenses.

Our reconciliation of net loss to Adjusted EBITDA for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 follows:

	Three Mo Ended June 30,	onths	Six Montl June 30,	ns Ended
(in thousands)	2016	2015	2016	2015
Net loss	\$(2,645)	\$(2,330)	\$(3,232)	\$(3,147)
Add:				
Depletion	5,980	6,396	13,764	12,598
Basis of timberland sold	601	327	7,928	4,894
Amortization (1)	293	210	510	390
Stock-based compensation expense	639	233	915	411
Interest expense (1)	1,154	671	2,233	1,323
Adjusted EBITDA	\$6,022	\$5,507	\$22,118	\$16,469

For the purpose of the above reconciliation, amortization includes amortization of deferred financing costs,

Election as a REIT

We have elected to be taxed as a REIT under the Code, and have operated as such beginning with our taxable year ended December 31, 2009. To qualify to be taxed as a REIT, we must meet certain organizational and operational requirements, including a requirement to distribute at least 90% of our adjusted taxable income, as defined in the Code, to our stockholders, computed without regard to the dividends-paid deduction and by excluding our net capital gain. As a REIT, we generally will not be subject to federal income tax on taxable income that we distribute to our stockholders. If we fail to qualify to be taxed as a REIT in any taxable year, we will then be subject to federal income taxes on our taxable income at regular corporate rates and will not be permitted to qualify for treatment as a REIT for federal income tax purposes for that year and for the four years following the year during which qualification is lost, unless the Internal Revenue Service grants us relief under certain statutory provisions. Such an event could materially adversely affect our net income and net cash available for distribution to our stockholders. However, we believe that we are organized and operate in such a manner as to qualify for treatment as a REIT for federal income tax purposes.

Inflation

In connection with the acquisition of the Mahrt Timberland, we entered into the Mahrt Timber Agreements with WestRock. The Mahrt Timber Agreements provide that we will sell to WestRock specified amounts of timber subject to quarterly market pricing adjustments and monthly fuel pricing adjustments, which are intended to protect us from, and mitigate the risk of, the impact of inflation. The price of timber has generally increased with increases in inflation; however, we have not noticed a significant impact from inflation on our revenues, net sales, or income from continuing operations.

Application of Critical Accounting Policies

Our accounting policies have been established to conform to GAAP. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to use judgment in the application of accounting policies, including making estimates and assumptions. These judgments affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. If management's judgment or interpretation of the facts and

⁽¹⁾ amortization of intangible lease assets, and amortization of mainline road costs, which are included in either interest expense, land rent expense, or other operating expenses in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

circumstances relating to various transactions had been different, it is possible that different accounting policies would have been

applied or different amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses would have been recorded, thus resulting in a different presentation of the financial statements or different amounts reported in the financial statements. Additionally, other companies may utilize different estimates that may impact comparability of our results of operations to those of companies in similar businesses.

A discussion of the accounting policies that management deems critical because they may require complex judgment in their application or otherwise require estimates about matters that are inherently uncertain, is provided below. Timber Assets

Timber and timberlands, including logging roads, are stated at cost less accumulated depletion for timber harvested and accumulated amortization. We capitalize timber and timberland purchases. Reforestation costs, including all costs associated with stand establishment, such as site preparation, costs of seeds or seedlings, planting, fertilization and herbicide application, are capitalized. Timber carrying costs, such as real estate taxes, insect control, wildlife control, leases of timberlands and forestry management personnel salaries and fringe benefits, are expensed as incurred. Costs of major roads are capitalized and amortized over their estimated useful lives. Costs of roads built to access multiple logging sites over numerous years are capitalized and amortized over seven years. Costs of roads built to access a single logging site are expensed as incurred.

Depletion

We recognize depletion expense as timber is harvested. Depletion rates are calculated at least annually using the straight-line method by dividing (a) the remaining merchantable inventory book value by (b) the current standing timber inventory volume.

Evaluating the Recoverability of Timber Assets

We continually monitor events and changes in circumstances that could indicate that the carrying amounts of our timber assets may not be recoverable. When indicators of potential impairment are present that suggest that the carrying amounts of timber assets may not be recoverable, we assess the recoverability of these assets by determining whether the carrying value will be recovered through the undiscounted future operating cash flows expected from the use of the asset and its eventual disposition. Impairment losses would be recognized for (i) long-lived assets used in our operations when the carrying value of such assets exceeds the undiscounted cash flows estimated to be generated from the future operations of those assets, and (ii) long-lived assets held for sale when the carrying value of such assets exceeds an amount equal to their fair value less selling costs. Estimated fair values are calculated based on the following information in order of preference, dependent upon availability: (i) recently quoted market prices, (ii) market prices for comparable properties, or (iii) the present value of undiscounted cash flows, including estimated salvage value. We intend to use one harvest cycle for the purpose of evaluating the recoverability of timber and timberlands used in our operations. Future cash flow estimates are based on probability-weighted projections for a range of possible outcomes and are discounted at risk-free rates of interest. We consider assets to be held for sale at the point at which a sale contract is executed and the buyer has made a nonrefundable earnest money deposit against the contracted purchase price. We have determined that there has been no impairment of our long-lived assets to date. Allocation of Purchase Price of Acquired Assets

Upon the acquisition of timberland properties, we allocate the purchase price to tangible assets, consisting of timberland and timber, and identified intangible assets and liabilities, which may include values associated with in-place leases or supply agreements, based in each case on our estimate of their fair values. The fair values of timberland and timber are determined based on available market information and estimated cash flow projections that utilize appropriate discount factors and capitalization rates. Estimates of future cash flows are based on a number of factors including the historical operating results, known and anticipated trends, and market and economic conditions. The values are then allocated to timberland and timber based on our determination of the relative fair value of these assets.

Intangible Lease Assets

In-place ground leases with us as the lessee have value associated with effective contractual rental rates that are below market rates. Such values are calculated based on the present value (using a discount rate that reflects the risks associated with the leases acquired) of the difference between (i) the contractual amounts to be paid pursuant to the in-place lease and (ii) our estimate of fair market lease rates for the corresponding in-place lease, measured over a period equal to the remaining term of the lease. The capitalized below-market in-place lease values are recorded as intangible lease assets and are amortized as adjustments to land rent expense over the weighted-average remaining term of the respective leases.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue from the sale of timber is recognized when the following criteria are met: (i) persuasive evidence of an agreement exists, (ii) legal ownership and the risk of loss are transferred to the purchaser, (iii) price and quantity are determinable, and (iv) collectability is reasonably assured. Our primary sources of revenue are recognized as follows:

- (1) For delivered sales contracts, which include amounts sufficient to cover costs of logging and hauling of timber, revenues are recognized upon delivery to the customer.
- For pay-as-cut contracts, the purchaser acquires the right to harvest specified timber on a tract, at an agreed-upon
- (2) price per unit. Payments and contract advances are recognized as revenue as the timber is harvested based on the contracted sale rate per unit.
 - Revenues from the sale of HBU timberland and nonstrategic timberlands are recognized when title passes and full
- (3) payment or a minimum down payment is received and full collectability is assured. If a down payment of less than the minimum down payment is received at closing, we will record revenue based on the installment method. For recreational leases, rental income collected in advance is recorded as other liabilities in the accompanying
- (4) consolidated balance sheets until earned over the term of the respective recreational lease and recognized as other revenue.

In addition to the sources of revenue noted above, we also may enter into lump-sum sale contracts, whereby the purchaser generally pays the purchase price upon execution of the contract. Title to the timber and risk of loss transfers to the buyer at the time the contract is consummated. Revenues are recognized upon receipt of the purchase price. When the contract expires, ownership of the remaining standing timber reverts to us; however, adjustments are not made to the revenues previously recognized. Any extensions of time will be negotiated under a new or amended contract.

Commitments and Contingencies

We are subject to certain commitments and contingencies with regard to certain transactions. Refer to Note 6

-Commitments and Contingencies to our accompanying consolidated financial statements for further explanation.

Examples of such commitments and contingencies include:

Mahrt Timber Agreements;

Timberland Operating Agreement;

Obligations under Operating Leases; and

Litigation.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have no off-balance sheet arrangements that are reasonably likely to have a current or future material effect on our financial condition or changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures, or capital resources.

Subsequent Event

Dividend declaration

On August 8, 2016, CatchMark Timber Trust declared a cash dividend of \$0.135 per share for its Class A common stockholders of record on August 30, 2016, payable on September 16, 2016.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURE ABOUT MARKET RISK

As a result of entering into our credit agreement, we are exposed to interest rate changes. Our interest rate risk management objectives are to limit the impact of interest rate changes on earnings and cash flows and to lower our overall borrowing costs. To achieve these objectives, we have entered into interest rate swap agreements from time to time, and may enter into other interest rate swaps, caps or other arrangements in order to mitigate our interest rate risk on a related financial instrument. We do not enter into derivative or interest rate transactions for speculative purposes; however, certain of our derivatives may not qualify for hedge accounting treatment. All of our debt was entered into for other than trading purposes. We manage our ratio of fixed-to-floating-rate debt with the objective of achieving a mix that we believe is appropriate in light of anticipated changes in interest rates. We closely monitor interest rates and will continue to consider the sources and terms of our borrowing facilities to determine whether we have appropriately guarded ourselves against the risk of increasing interest rates in future periods.

As of June 30, 2016, we had \$300.6 million outstanding under the 2014 Amended Credit Facilities, of which \$100.0 million matures on December 23, 2024 and \$200.6 million matures on December 23, 2021. The loans bear interest at a LIBOR Rate plus a margin ranging from 1.75% to 2.75% based upon the then-current LTV ratio (see Note 4 – Note Payable and Line of Credit of the accompanying consolidated financial statements for the applicable margin as of June 30, 2016).

Under the 2014 Rabobank Swap, we pay interest at a fixed rate of 2.395% per annum and receive variable LIBOR-based interest payments from Rabobank between December 23, 2014 and December 23, 2024. As of June 30, 2016, the weighted-average interest rate of the 2014 Amended Credit Facilities, after consideration of the 2014 Rabobank Swap, was 2.76%.

Approximately \$35.0 million of our total debt outstanding as of June 30, 2016 is subject to an effectively fixed-interest rate when coupled with 2014 Rabobank Swap. As of June 30, 2016, this balance incurred interest expense at an average rate of 4.145%. A change in the market interest rate impacts the net financial instrument position of our fixed-rate debt portfolio; however, it has no impact on interest incurred or cash flows.

As of June 30, 2016, after consideration of the 2014 Rabobank Swap, approximately \$265.6 million of our total debt outstanding is subject to an effectively variable-interest rate. This balance incurred interest expense at an average rate of 2.58% as of June 30, 2016. A 1.0% change in interest rates would result in a change in interest expense of approximately \$2.7 million per year. The amount of effectively variable-rate debt outstanding in the future will be largely dependent upon the level of cash from operations and the rate at which we are able to employ such proceeds toward repayment of the 2014 Amended Credit Facilities and acquisition of timberland properties.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Management's Conclusions Regarding the Effectiveness of Disclosure Controls and Procedures Management, with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer), has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report. Based upon that evaluation, the Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report in providing a

reasonable level of assurance that information we are required to disclose in reports that we file or submit under the

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Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods in SEC rules and forms, including providing a reasonable level of assurance that information required to be disclosed by us in such reports is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Principal Executive Officer and our Principal Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended June 30, 2016 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

From time to time, we are party to legal proceedings, which arise in the ordinary course of our business. We are not currently involved in any legal proceedings of which the outcome is reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on our results of operations or financial condition. Nor are we aware of any such legal proceedings contemplated by governmental authorities.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes from the risk factors disclosed in the "Risk Factors" section of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

The following table provides information regarding our purchases of CatchMark Timber Trust's common stock during the quarter ended June 30, 2016:

			Total	Maximum
Total Number of Shares Purchased (1) (2)	Number of Shares Purchased	Paid per Share (1)	Number of	Number (Or
			Shares	Approximate
			Purchased	Dollar Value)
			as Part of	of Shares that
			Publicly	May Yet Be
			Announced	Purchased
	(2)	Plans or	Under the	
			Programs	Plans or
			(1)	Programs (1)
April 1 - April 30	6,517	\$ 10.66	6,517	\$21.4 million
May 1 - May 31	24,407	\$ 10.65	24,407	\$21.2 million
June 1 - June 30	5,011	\$12.17	188	\$21.2 million
Total	35,935		31,112	

On August 7, 2015, our Board of Directors authorized a share repurchase program under which we may repurchase

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

- (a) There have been no defaults with respect to any of our indebtedness.
- (b) Not applicable.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

⁽¹⁾ up to \$30 million of our outstanding common shares. All repurchases of outstanding common shares to date have been made in open-market transactions.

⁽²⁾ Includes shares withheld for tax withholding purposes.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

During the second quarter of 2016, there was no information that was required to be disclosed in a report on Form 8-K that was not disclosed in a report on Form 8-K.

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(b) There are no material changes to the procedures by which stockholders may recommend nominees to our board of directors since the filing of our Schedule 14A.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

The exhibits required to be filed with this report are set forth on the Exhibit Index hereto and incorporated by reference herein.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

 $CATCHMARK\ TIMBER\ TRUST,\ INC.$

(Registrant)

Date: August 8, 2016 By: /s/ Brian M. Davis

Brian M. Davis

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer)

EXHIBIT INDEX TO SECOND QUARTER 2016 FORM 10-Q CATCHMARK TIMBER TRUST, INC.

Description
Sixth Articles of Amendment and Restatement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2013 filed on August 9, 2013)
First Articles of Amendment to the Sixth Articles of Amendment and Restatement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 (File No. 333-191322) filed on September 23, 2013)
Articles of Amendment (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 25, 2013 (the "October 25 Form 8-K"))
Articles of Amendment (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the October 25 Form 8-K)
Articles Supplementary (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.3 to the October 25 Form 8-K)
Amended and Restated Bylaws (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.6 to Registration Statement on Form S-8 (File No. 333-191916) filed on October 25, 2013)
Form of Performance-Based Restricted Stock Unit Award Certificate under the Amended and Restated CatchMark Timber Trust, Inc. 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan
Purchase and Sale Agreement, by and between FIATP SSF Timber LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, and CatchMark Timber Trust, Inc., a Maryland corporation, dated as of April 27, 2016
First Amendment to Purchase and Sale Agreement, by and between FIATP SSF Timber LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, and CatchMark Timber Trust, Inc., a Maryland corporation, dated as of April 27, 2016, made effective as of April 27, 2016
Second Amendment to Purchase and Sale Agreement, by and between FIATP SSF Timber LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, and CatchMark Timber Trust, Inc., a Maryland corporation, dated as of April 27, 2016, entered into and made effective as of June 2, 2016
Purchase and Sale Agreement, by and between FIATP Timber LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, and CatchMark Timber Trust, Inc., a Maryland corporation, dated as of April 27, 2016
First Amendment to Purchase and Sale Agreement, by and between FIATP Timber LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, and CatchMark Timber Trust, Inc., a Maryland corporation, dated as of April 27, 2016, made effective as of April 27, 2016
Second Amendment to Purchase and Sale Agreement, by and between FIATP Timber LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, and CatchMark Timber Trust, Inc., a Maryland corporation, dated as of April 27, 2016, entered into and made effective as of June 2, 2016
Amendment Agreement entered into with respect to the Fourth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of December 23, 2015, amount CatchMark Timber Operating Partnership, L.P., as borrower thereunder, the other loan parties thereto from time to time, CoBank, ACB, and the lenders party thereto

from time to time**

- Certification of the Principal Executive Officer of the Company, pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-14 and 15d-14 as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

 Certification of the Principal Financial Officer of the Company, pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14 as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

 Statement of the Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer of the Company, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 101.INS* XBRL Instance Document
- 101.SCH* XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
- 101.CAL* XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
- 101.DEF* XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
- 101.LAB* XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
- 101.PRE* XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
- * Filed herewith.
 - Certain portions of this exhibit have been omitted pursuant to a request for confidential treatment. All
- ** material omitted has been filed separately with the SEC in accordance with Rule 24b-2 promulgated under the Exchange Act.