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**PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION****Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)****W.W. Grainger, Inc. and Subsidiaries****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS**

(In thousands of dollars, except for per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2006	2005	September 30, 2006	2005
Net sales	\$ 1,519,499	\$ 1,428,342	\$ 4,421,496	\$ 4,136,030
Cost of merchandise sold	920,412	880,180	2,668,777	2,561,863
Gross profit	599,087	548,162	1,752,719	1,574,167
Warehousing, marketing and administrative expenses	447,774	412,280	1,322,445	1,199,135
Operating earnings	151,313	135,882	430,274	375,032
Other income and (expense):				
Interest income	5,571	3,263	16,311	8,112
Interest expense	(485)	(453)	(1,480)	(1,381)
Equity in income of unconsolidated entities	480	811	2,549	2,121
Gain on sale of unconsolidated entity			2,291	
Unclassified net	(75)	(123)	95	(225)
Total other income and (expense)	5,491	3,498	19,766	8,627
Earnings before income taxes	156,804	139,380	450,040	383,659
Income taxes	52,310	51,271	165,574	141,169
Net earnings	\$ 104,494	\$ 88,109	\$ 284,466	\$ 242,490
Earnings per share:				
Basic	\$ 1.20	\$ 0.98	\$ 3.21	\$ 2.70
Diluted	\$ 1.16	\$ 0.97	\$ 3.11	\$ 2.65
Weighted average number of shares outstanding:				
Basic	87,258,559	89,064,690	88,746,312	89,649,866

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Diluted	89,682,032	91,130,323	91,423,719	91,556,816
Cash dividends paid per share	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.24	\$ 0.82	\$ 0.68

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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**W.W. Grainger, Inc. and Subsidiaries**

**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE EARNINGS**

(In thousands of dollars)

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2006	2005	September 30, 2006	2005
Net earnings	\$ 104,494	\$ 88,109	\$ 284,466	\$ 242,490
Other comprehensive earnings				
(losses):				
Foreign currency translation				
adjustments, net of tax benefit				
(expense) of \$70, \$(2,743),				
\$(2,160), and \$(1,660),				
respectively	184	14,445	10,938	9,308
Comprehensive earnings	\$ 104,678	\$ 102,554	\$ 295,404	\$ 251,798

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## W.W. Grainger, Inc. and Subsidiaries

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands of dollars, except for per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

ASSETS	Sept. 30, 2006	Dec. 31, 2005
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 427,354	\$ 544,894
Marketable securities	13,234	
Accounts receivable (less allowances for doubtful accounts of \$18,590 and \$18,401, respectively)	610,762	518,625
Inventories	772,121	791,212
Prepaid expenses and other assets	46,958	54,334
Deferred income taxes	72,723	88,803
Total current assets	1,943,152	1,997,868
<b>PROPERTY, BUILDINGS AND EQUIPMENT</b>	1,808,396	1,719,651
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	1,013,941	949,026
Property, buildings and equipment net	794,455	770,625
<b>DEFERRED INCOME TAXES</b>	16,690	4,373
<b>INVESTMENTS IN UNCONSOLIDATED ENTITIES</b>	7,706	25,155
<b>GOODWILL</b>	197,486	182,726
<b>OTHER ASSETS AND INTANGIBLES NET</b>	123,431	127,174
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	\$ 3,082,920	\$ 3,107,921

## W.W. Grainger, Inc. and Subsidiaries

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Continued)

(In thousands of dollars, except for per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	Sept. 30, 2006	Dec. 31, 2005
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$ 4,590	\$ 4,590
Trade accounts payable	344,976	319,254
Accrued contributions to employees' retirement plans	99,481	106,825
Accrued expenses	235,967	271,741
Income taxes	17,256	24,554
Total current liabilities	702,270	726,964
<b>LONG-TERM DEBT (less current maturities)</b>	4,895	4,895
<b>DEFERRED INCOME TAXES</b>	6,826	7,019
<b>ACCRUED EMPLOYMENT-RELATED BENEFITS COSTS</b>	92,382	80,067
<b>SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Cumulative Preferred Stock - \$5 par value		
12,000,000 shares authorized; none issued		
nor outstanding		
Common Stock - \$0.50 par value		
300,000,000 shares authorized; issued 109,657,938		
and 109,667,938 shares, respectively	54,829	54,834
Additional contributed capital	504,239	451,578
Retained earnings	2,933,433	2,722,103
Unearned restricted stock compensation	(35,406)	(17,280)
Accumulated other comprehensive earnings	38,020	27,082
Treasury stock, at cost		
23,620,662 and 19,952,297 shares, respectively	(1,218,568)	(949,341)
Total shareholders' equity	2,276,547	2,288,976
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>	\$ 3,082,920	\$ 3,107,921

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



## W.W. Grainger, Inc. and Subsidiaries

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In thousands of dollars)

(Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2006	2005
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Net earnings	\$ 284,466	\$ 242,490
Provision for losses on accounts receivable	3,047	3,077
Deferred income taxes	1,410	18,426
Depreciation and amortization:		
Property, buildings and equipment	71,568	70,742
Capitalized software and other intangibles	12,804	8,607
Stock-based compensation	27,380	7,441
Tax benefit of stock incentive plans	4,624	7,203
Net gains on sales of property, buildings and equipment	(7,673)	(3,795)
Gain on sale of unconsolidated entity	(2,291)	
Equity in income of unconsolidated entities	(2,549)	(2,121)
Change in operating assets and liabilities net of business acquisitions:		
(Increase) in accounts receivable	(92,428)	(67,125)
(Increase) decrease in inventories	24,357	(44,078)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	7,608	(897)
Increase in trade accounts payable	22,460	43,759
(Decrease) in other current liabilities	(44,580)	(9,769)
Increase (decrease) in current income taxes payable	(7,333)	398
Increase in accrued employment-related benefit costs	12,314	10,445
Other net	(2,202)	(1,227)
Net cash provided by operating activities	312,982	283,576
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Additions to property, buildings and		
equipment net of dispositions	(85,561)	(72,005)
Additions to capitalized software	(5,167)	(34,293)
Net cash paid for business acquisitions	(13,859)	(24,723)
Purchase of marketable securities	(13,062)	
Proceeds from sale of unconsolidated entity	27,413	
Other net	(1,714)	3,448
Net cash used in investing activities	(91,950)	(127,573)

## W.W. Grainger, Inc. and Subsidiaries

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

(In thousands of dollars)

(Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2006	2005
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Stock options exercised	\$ 47,251	\$ 39,558
Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation	5,954	
Purchase of treasury stock	(319,163)	(118,198)
Cash dividends paid	(73,136)	(61,164)
Net cash used in financing activities	(339,094)	(139,804)
Exchange rate effect on cash and cash equivalents	522	975
<b>NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH</b>		
<b>EQUIVALENTS</b>	<b>(117,540)</b>	<b>17,174</b>
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	544,894	429,246
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 427,354	\$ 446,420

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**W.W. Grainger, Inc. and Subsidiaries**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

(Unaudited)

**1. BACKGROUND AND BASIS OF STATEMENT PRESENTATION**

W.W. Grainger, Inc. distributes facilities maintenance products and provides services and related information used by businesses and institutions in Canada, China, Mexico and the United States. In this report, the words "Company" or "Grainger" mean W.W. Grainger, Inc. and its subsidiaries.

The Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company and the related notes are unaudited and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes for the year ended December 31, 2005, included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC).

The Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2005 has been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements at that date, but does not include all of the disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete financial statements.

The unaudited financial information reflects all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair presentation of the statements contained herein. Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

**2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**STOCK INCENTIVE PLANS**

In December 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 123 (revised 2004), "Share-Based Payment" (SFAS No. 123R). SFAS No. 123R revised SFAS No. 123 to require companies to measure all stock-based compensation awards using a fair value method and recognize the related compensation cost in their financial statements. Effective January 1, 2006, the Company adopted SFAS No. 123R using the modified prospective method. Under this transition method, compensation cost recognized in 2006 includes: (a) compensation costs for all share-based payments granted prior to, but not fully vested as of January 1, 2006, based on the grant date fair value as calculated under the proforma disclosure-only expense provisions of SFAS No. 123, and (b) compensation costs for all share-based payments granted subsequent to January 1, 2006, based on the grant date fair value estimated in accordance with provisions of SFAS No. 123R. The adoption of SFAS No. 123R primarily resulted in compensation expense being recorded for stock options. The results for prior periods have not been restated.

Prior to January 1, 2006, the Company applied Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees" (APB No. 25), and related interpretations in accounting for its stock-based compensation plans. Under APB No. 25, no compensation expense was recognized for non-qualified stock option awards as the exercise price of the awards on the date of grant was equal to the current market price of the Company's stock. The Company also provided the disclosure-only pro forma expense provision of SFAS No. 123 in its footnotes.



## W.W. Grainger, Inc. and Subsidiaries

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

The Company recorded pretax compensation expense of \$4.0 million (\$2.4 million net of tax, or \$0.03 per diluted share) for the three months ended September 30, 2006 and \$16.1 million (\$9.8 million net of tax, or \$0.11 per diluted share) for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, related to the expensing of the Company's non-qualified stock options. If the tax deductions realized in the Company's income tax return exceed the amount of cumulative compensation costs recognized in the financial statements, the excess tax benefit is recorded as an increase to additional paid in capital. For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, \$6.0 million of excess tax benefits were realized and reflected as a source of cash from financing activities in the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows. If SFAS No. 123R had not been adopted, this \$6.0 million would have been reflected as a source of cash from operating activities.

The following table illustrates the effect on net income and earnings per share if the Company had applied the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS No. 123 to stock-based compensation for 2005. For the purposes of the pro forma disclosure, the value of options was estimated using a Black-Scholes option-pricing model.

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2005 (In thousands of dollars, except for per share amounts)	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2005
Net earnings, as reported	\$ 88,109	\$ 242,490
Deduct: Total stock-based employee compensation expense determined under the fair value based method for all awards, net of related tax	(3,751)	(13,639)
Add: Stock-based employee compensation cost, net of related tax, included in net earnings, as reported	1,450	5,284
Net earnings, pro forma	\$ 85,808	\$ 234,135
Earnings per share:		
Basic as reported	\$ 0.98	\$ 2.70
Basic pro forma	\$ 0.96	\$ 2.61
Diluted as reported	\$ 0.97	\$ 2.65
Diluted pro forma	\$ 0.94	\$ 2.54

## W.W. Grainger, Inc. and Subsidiaries

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

The Company maintains stock incentive plans under which the Company may grant a variety of incentive awards to employees and Directors. Shares of common stock were authorized for issuance under the plans in connection with awards of nonqualified stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, stock units and other stock-based awards. As of September 30, 2006, restricted stock, restricted stock units, performance shares and non-qualified stock options have been granted.

In 2005, the shareholders of the Company approved the 2005 Incentive Plan ( Plan ) which replaced all prior active plans ( Prior Plans ). Awards previously granted under Prior Plans will remain outstanding in accordance with their terms but no new awards are allowed. The Plan authorizes the granting of options to purchase shares at a price of not less than 100% of the closing market price on the last trading day preceding the date of grant. All options expire no later than ten years after the date of grant. A total of 9.5 million shares of common stock have been reserved for issuance under the Plan. As of September 30, 2006, there were 5,947,926 shares available for grant under the Plan.

**Options**

Option awards are granted with an exercise price equal to the closing market price of the Company's stock on the last trading day preceding the date of grant. Generally the options vest over three years and expire ten years from the grant date.

Stock option transactions for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 are summarized as follows:

	Shares		
	Subject to	Weighted Average	Options Exercisable
	Option	Price Per Share	
Outstanding at December 31, 2005	8,691,840	\$ 48.37	4,572,250
Granted	1,416,800	\$ 75.88	
Exercised	(1,031,714)	\$ 45.80	
Canceled or expired	(196,530)	\$ 56.93	
Outstanding at September 30, 2006	8,880,396	\$ 52.83	4,985,696

W.W. Grainger, Inc. and Subsidiaries

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

Information about stock options outstanding and exercisable as of September 30, 2006, is as follows:

Range of Exercise Prices	Options Outstanding			Options Exercisable	
	Number	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life	Exercise Price	Number	Weighted Average Exercise Price
\$30.88 \$44.91	1,964,908	4.1 years	\$40.33	1,694,568	\$40.78
\$44.92 \$51.69	2,192,292	5.0 years	\$47.37	2,039,932	\$47.32
\$51.70 \$54.45	1,976,296	8.0 years	\$53.15	114,421	\$53.56
\$54.46 \$76.61	2,746,900	7.8 years	\$65.89	1,136,775	\$54.69
	8,880,396	6.3 years	\$52.83	4,985,696	\$46.92

The weighted average fair value of the stock options granted during 2005 was \$13.36. The fair value of each option granted in the first nine months of 2005, based on a Black-Scholes valuation model, used the following assumptions:

	Nine Months Ended
	September 30, 2005
Risk-free interest rate	4.1%
Expected life	7 years
Expected volatility	20.1%
Expected dividend yield	1.8%

Effective January 1, 2006, the Company adopted a binomial lattice model for the valuation of stock options. The weighted average fair value of options granted in the first nine months of 2006, using the binomial lattice model, was \$18.91. The fair value of each option granted in the first nine months of 2006, based on the binomial lattice model, used the following assumptions:

	Nine Months Ended
	September 30, 2006
Risk-free interest rate	4.9%
Expected life	6 years
Expected volatility	23.9%
Expected dividend yield	1.5%



**W.W. Grainger, Inc. and Subsidiaries**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

(Unaudited)

Cash received from options exercised in the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 was \$47.3 million and \$39.6 million, respectively. The actual tax benefits realized for the tax deductions from options exercised totaled \$10.6 million and \$7.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. The total intrinsic value of options exercised was \$16.3 million and \$12.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

**Performance Shares**

On February 22, 2006, the Company awarded performance-based shares to certain executives. Receipt of Company stock is contingent upon the Company meeting sales growth and return on invested capital (ROIC) performance goals. Each participant was granted a base number of shares. At the end of the first year performance period (fiscal 2006), the number of shares granted will increase, decrease or remain the same based upon actual Company sales growth versus target sales growth. The shares, as determined at the end of 2006, will be issued at the end of the third year (fiscal 2008) if the Company's ROIC target is achieved for the three-year performance period. The base number of shares granted for 2006 was 56,400. The amount expensed for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2006 was \$0.2 million and \$0.7 million, respectively, based upon the number of shares projected to be earned at the end of the performance year. Amounts expensed will be periodically adjusted to reflect the most current projection of the achievement of performance goals.

Performance share value is based upon closing market prices on the last trading day preceding the date of award and is charged to earnings on a straight-line basis over the three-year period. Holders of performance shares are entitled to receive cash payments equivalent to cash dividends after the end of the first year performance period. If the performance shares vest, they will be settled by the issuance of Company common stock certificates in exchange for the performance shares on a one-for-one basis.

**Restricted Stock and Restricted Stock Units (RSUs)**

Unvested restricted stock is held by the Company pursuant to the terms and conditions related to the applicable grants. Except for the right of disposal, holders of restricted stock have full shareholders' rights during the period of restriction, including voting rights and the right to receive dividends.

Restricted Stock Units (RSUs) granted to management vest over periods from three to seven years from issuance, although accelerated vesting is provided in certain instances. Holders of RSUs are entitled to receive cash payments equivalent to cash dividends and other distributions paid with respect to common stock. At various times after vesting, RSUs will be settled by the issuance of stock certificates evidencing the conversion of the RSUs into shares of the Company common stock on a one-for-one basis. Compensation expense related to RSUs is based upon the closing market price on the last trading day preceding the date of the award and is charged to earnings on a straight-line basis over the vesting period.



## W.W. Grainger, Inc. and Subsidiaries

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

The following table summarizes restricted stock and RSU activity for the nine months ended September 30, 2006:

	Restricted Stock	Restricted Stock Units
Units outstanding December 31, 2005	270,000	717,450
Issuances		362,800
Cancellations	(10,000)	(16,650)
Vested/Settlements	(15,000)	(19,050)
Units outstanding September 30, 2006	245,000	1,044,550
Weighted average value of issuances	N/A	\$75.96
Compensation expense	\$0.7 million	\$9.8 million

**Director Stock Awards**

The Company provides nonemployee members of the Board of Directors with deferred stock unit grants. The number of shares covered by each grant is equal to \$60,000 divided by the fair market value of a share of common stock at the time of the grant, rounded up to the next ten-share increment. The Company also awards stock units in connection with elective deferrals of director fees and dividend equivalents on existing stock units. A stock unit is the economic equivalent of a share of common stock. Deferred fees and dividend equivalents on existing stock units are converted into stock units on the basis of the market value of the stock at the relevant times. Payment of the value of stock units is scheduled to be made after termination of service as a director. As of September 30, 2006, there were eleven nonemployee directors who held stock units. The Company recognizes income or (expense) for the change in value of equivalent stock units.

The following table summarizes activity for Director stock units for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 (dollars in thousands):

	Units	Dollars
Balance December 31, 2005	51,977	\$ 3,696
Dividends	658	46
Deferred Fees/Grants	14,781	1,124
Retirement Distributions	(6,481)	(461)
Unit Appreciation		(321)
Balance September 30, 2006	60,935	\$ 4,084



**W.W. Grainger, Inc. and Subsidiaries**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

(Unaudited)

For all nonvested share-based compensation arrangements granted to employees and Directors under the Plan, there was \$61.5 million of total unrecognized compensation as of September 30, 2006. That cost is expected to be recognized over the weighted-average period of 1.9 years.

**NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS**

In February 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 155, *Accounting for Certain Hybrid Financial Instruments* an amendment of FASB Statements No. 133 and 140. SFAS No. 155 allows companies to elect to measure at fair value entire financial instruments containing embedded derivatives that would otherwise have to be accounted for separately. It also requires companies to identify interests in securitized financial assets that are freestanding derivatives or contain embedded derivatives that would have to be accounted for separately, clarifies which interest- and principal-only strips are subject to SFAS No. 133, and amends SFAS No. 140 to revise the conditions of a qualifying special purpose entity due to the new requirement to identify whether interests in securitized financial assets are freestanding derivatives or contain embedded derivatives. SFAS No. 155 is effective for all financial instruments acquired, issued or subject to a remeasurement event after the beginning of a company's first fiscal year that begins after September 15, 2006. The Company does not expect adoption of SFAS No. 155 to have a material effect on its results of operations or financial position.

In March 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 156, *Accounting for Servicing of Financial Assets* an amendment of FASB Statement No. 140. SFAS No. 156 requires the recognition of a servicing asset or liability each time a company undertakes an obligation to service a financial asset in certain situations. It requires all separately recognized servicing assets and liabilities to be initially measured at fair value, if practical. SFAS No. 156 is effective as of the beginning of a company's first fiscal year that begins after September 15, 2006. The Company does not expect adoption of SFAS No. 156 to have a material effect on its results of operations or financial position.

In June 2006, the Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) reached a consensus with respect to EITF Issue 06-2, *Accounting for Sabbatical Leave and Other Similar Benefits Pursuant to FASB Statement No. 43, Accounting for Compensated Absences*. Under Issue 06-2, an employee's right to a compensated absence under a sabbatical or similar benefit arrangement in which the employee is not required to perform any duties during the absence accumulates and therefore should be accounted for as a liability if the other conditions for recognition in SFAS No. 43 are met. The other conditions in SFAS No. 43 are that the obligation relates to services already rendered, payment is probable and the amount can be reasonably estimated. Issue 06-2 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006 with early application permitted. The Company does not expect adoption of Issue 06-2 to have a material effect on its results of operations or financial position.

**W.W. Grainger, Inc. and Subsidiaries**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

(Unaudited)

In June 2006, the EITF reached a consensus with respect to EITF Issue 06-3, *How Taxes Collected from Customers and Remitted to Governmental Authorities Should Be Presented in the Income Statement (That Is, Gross versus Net Presentation)*. Issue 06-3 permits the presentation of sales and other taxes on either a gross (included in revenues and costs) or net (excluded from revenues) basis and is an accounting policy decision that should be disclosed pursuant to APB Opinion No. 22, *Disclosures of Accounting Policies*. If reported on a gross basis, the amount of any such taxes should be disclosed in interim and annual financial statements. The effective date is for disclosures presented for interim and annual financial periods beginning after December 15, 2006. The Company does not expect to change its presentation of sales and other taxes, which is currently on a net basis.

In July 2006, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 48 (FIN No. 48), *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes* an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109. FIN No. 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in a company's financial statements in accordance with SFAS No. 109, *Accounting for Income Taxes*. FIN No. 48 prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measure of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. It also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure, and transition. FIN No. 48 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. The Company is currently evaluating the impact that adoption of FIN No. 48 may have on its results of operations or financial position.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements*. SFAS No. 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. The provisions of SFAS No. 157 are effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. The Company is currently evaluating the impact adoption may have on its results of operations and financial condition.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 158, *Employers' Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans* an amendment of FASB Statements No. 87, 88, 106, and 132R. SFAS No. 158 requires an employer to recognize in its statement of financial position an asset for a plan's overfunded status or a liability for a plan's underfunded status, measure a plan's assets and its obligations that determine its funded status as of the end of the employer's fiscal year (with limited exceptions), and recognize changes in the funded status of a defined benefit postretirement plan in the year in which the changes occur. SFAS No. 158 requires funded status changes of a defined benefit postretirement plan within accumulated other comprehensive income, net of tax, to the extent such changes are not recognized in earnings as components of net periodic benefit costs. SFAS No. 158 is effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2006. The Company will adopt SFAS No. 158 during the fourth quarter of 2006. The Company is currently evaluating the impact that adoption of SFAS No. 158 may have on its results of operations and financial condition.

**W.W. Grainger, Inc. and Subsidiaries**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

(UNAUDITED)

**3. ACQUISITION**

On January 31, 2006, Lab Safety Supply, Inc. (Lab Safety), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, acquired substantially all of the assets of Rand Materials Handling Equipment Co. (Rand). Rand is a national catalog distributor of warehouse, storage and packaging supplies. The purchase price was \$13.9 million in cash and \$2.3 million in assumed liabilities. The goodwill recognized in the transaction amounted to \$9.9 million and is expected to be fully deductible for tax purposes. Rand had more than \$16 million in sales in 2005. The results of Rand are included in the Company's consolidated results from the date of acquisition.

**4. MARKETABLE SECURITIES**

The Company's investments in marketable securities consist of commercial paper to be held to maturity. The investments are issued from high credit quality issuers. The marketable securities are recorded at cost which is considered to approximate fair value. These investments have an original maturity date of more than 90 days.

**5. INVESTMENTS IN UNCONSOLIDATED ENTITIES**

On February 23, 2006, Acklands - Grainger Inc. (Acklands - Grainger), the Company's Canadian subsidiary, received a Notice of Purchase advising Acklands - Grainger that Uni-Select Inc. was exercising its contractual option to purchase all of Acklands - Grainger's shares in the USI-AGI Prairies Inc. joint venture. The transaction closed on May 31, 2006 for Canadian \$30.3 million (US\$27.4 million) resulting in a US\$2.3 million pre-tax gain for the Company. The joint venture investment was previously reported in Investments in Unconsolidated Entities on the Company's balance sheet, and for 2006 the Company recognized US\$1.1 million in equity income from the joint venture prior to its sale.

**6. DIVIDEND**

On October 25, 2006, the Board of Directors declared a quarterly dividend of 29 cents per share, payable December 1, 2006 to shareholders of record on November 13, 2006.

**7. GUARANTEES**

The Company has an outstanding guarantee related to an industrial development revenue bond assumed by the buyer of one of the Company's formerly owned facilities. The maximum exposure under this guarantee is \$8.5 million. The bond matures on December 15, 2008. The Company has not recorded any liability relating to this guarantee and believes it is unlikely that material payments will be required.

**WARRANTY RESERVES**

The Company generally warrants the products it sells against defects for one year. For a significant portion of warranty claims, the manufacturer of the product is responsible for the expenses associated with this warranty program. For warranty expenses not covered by the manufacturer, the Company provides a reserve for future costs based on historical experience.

## W.W. Grainger, Inc. and Subsidiaries

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

The warranty reserve activity was as follows:

	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2006	2005
	(In thousands of dollars)	
Beginning balance	\$ 3,763	\$ 3,428
Returns	(4,504)	(8,374)
Provision	4,716	8,771
Ending balance	\$ 3,975	\$ 3,825

**8. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

The Company has a postretirement healthcare benefits plan that provides coverage for a majority of its retired employees and their dependents should they elect to maintain such coverage. Covered employees become eligible for participation when they qualify for retirement. Participation in the plan is voluntary and requires participants to make contributions, as determined by the Company, toward the cost of the plan.

The net periodic benefit costs charged to operating expenses, which are valued at the measurement date of January 1 and recognized evenly throughout the year, consisted of the following components:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2006	2005	September 30, 2006	2005
	(In thousands of dollars)			
Service cost	\$ 2,434	\$ 1,894	\$ 7,302	\$ 5,682
Interest cost	1,900	1,572	5,700	4,716
Expected return on assets	(697)	(625)	(2,092)	(1,875)
Amortization of transition asset	(36)	(36)	(108)	(108)
Amortization of unrecognized losses	726	481	2,178	1,443
Amortization of prior service cost	(214)	(215)	(643)	(645)
Net periodic benefit costs	\$ 4,113	\$ 3,071	\$ 12,337	\$ 9,213

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The Company has established a Group Benefit Trust to fund the plan and process benefit payments. The funding of the trust is an estimated amount, which is intended to allow the maximum deductible contribution under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (IRC), as amended. There are no minimum funding requirements and the Company intends to follow its practice of funding the maximum deductible contribution under the IRC. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, the Company contributed \$0.7 million and \$2.0 million, respectively, to the trust.

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## W.W. Grainger, Inc. and Subsidiaries

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

## 9. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Beginning January 1, 2006, the Company revised its segment disclosure from two reportable segments to three reportable segments. The three reportable segments are Grainger Branch-based, Acklands - Grainger Branch-based and Lab Safety. Grainger Branch-based is an aggregation of the following: Industrial Supply, Grainger, S.A. de C.V. (Mexico), Grainger Caribe Inc. (Puerto Rico) and Grainger China LLC (China). Acklands - Grainger is the Company's Canadian branch-based distribution business. Lab Safety is a direct marketer of safety and other industrial products.

Segment information has been modified for all periods in order to conform to the new presentation (in thousands of dollars).

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2006				
	Grainger				
	Branch-based	Acklands	Grainger Branch-based	Lab Safety	Total
Total net sales	\$ 1,274,219	\$	141,586	\$ 104,671	\$ 1,520,476
Intersegment net sales	(329)			(648)	(977)
Net sales to external customers	\$ 1,273,890	\$	141,586	\$ 104,023	\$ 1,519,499
Segment operating earnings	\$ 149,260	\$	5,122	\$ 13,625	\$ 168,007

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2005				
	Grainger				
	Branch-based	Acklands	Grainger Branch-based	Lab Safety	Total
Total net sales	\$ 1,207,441	\$	124,580	\$ 97,730	\$ 1,429,751
Intersegment net sales	(677)			(732)	(1,409)
Net sales to external customers	\$ 1,206,764	\$	124,580	\$ 96,998	\$ 1,428,342
Segment operating earnings	\$ 136,238	\$	3,401	\$ 13,603	\$ 153,242



## W.W. Grainger, Inc. and Subsidiaries

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006  
Grainger

	Branch-based	Acklands	Grainger Branch-based	Lab Safety	Total
Total net sales	\$ 3,684,934	\$	427,528	\$ 311,823	\$ 4,424,285
Intersegment net sales	(989)			(1,800)	(2,789)
Net sales to external customers	\$ 3,683,945	\$	427,528	\$ 310,023	\$ 4,421,496
Segment operating earnings	\$ 433,923	\$	12,070	\$ 42,324	\$ 488,317

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2005  
Grainger

	Branch-based	Acklands	Grainger Branch-based	Lab Safety	Total
Total net sales	\$ 3,479,497	\$	371,352	\$ 288,881	\$ 4,139,730
Intersegment net sales	(1,821)			(1,879)	(3,700)
Net sales to external customers	\$ 3,477,676	\$	371,352	\$ 287,002	\$ 4,136,030
Segment operating earnings	\$ 371,615	\$	11,168	\$ 40,778	\$ 423,561

Grainger

	Branch-based	Acklands	Grainger Branch-based	Lab Safety	Total
<u>Segment assets:</u>					
September 30, 2006	\$ 1,897,799	\$	418,831	\$ 191,231	\$ 2,507,861
December 31, 2005	\$ 1,821,884	\$	389,855	\$ 175,201	\$ 2,386,940

## W.W. Grainger, Inc. and Subsidiaries

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

Following are reconciliations of segment information with the consolidated totals per the financial statements (in thousands of dollars):

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2006	2005	September 30, 2006	2005
<u>Operating earnings:</u>				
Total operating earnings for reportable				
segments	\$ 168,007	\$ 153,242	\$ 488,317	\$ 423,561
Unallocated expenses and eliminations	(16,694)	(17,360)	(58,043)	(48,529)
Total consolidated operating earnings	\$ 151,313	\$ 135,882	\$ 430,274	\$ 375,032
		September 30,	December 31,	
		2006	2005	
<u>Assets:</u>				
Total assets for reportable segments		\$ 2,507,861	\$ 2,386,940	
Unallocated assets		575,059	720,981	
Total consolidated assets		\$ 3,082,920	\$ 3,107,921	

Unallocated expenses and unallocated assets primarily relate to the Company headquarters support services, which are not part of any business segment. Unallocated expenses include payroll and benefits, depreciation and other costs associated with headquarters-related support services. Unallocated assets include non-operating cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities, certain prepaid expenses and property, buildings and equipment net. The unallocated expense increase during the first nine months of 2006 was primarily driven by the increases in payroll including the effect of expensing stock options due to the adoption of SFAS No. 123R.

**W.W. Grainger, Inc. and Subsidiaries**

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL**

**CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

**Item 2.**

**Overview**

***General***

Grainger is a leading broad-line supplier of facilities maintenance products and provides services and related information. Grainger distributes a wide range of products used by businesses and institutions to maintain and repair their facilities and equipment. Grainger uses a multichannel business model to provide customers with a range of options for finding and purchasing products through a network of branches, field sales representatives, call centers, direct marketing media and the Internet. Grainger serves customers through a network of 596 branches, 17 distribution centers and multiple Web sites.

Grainger has revised its segment disclosure included in Note 9 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements from two reportable segments to three reportable segments. The three reportable segments are Grainger Branch-based, Acklands - Grainger Branch-based and Lab Safety. Grainger Branch-based is an aggregation of the following business units: Industrial Supply, Grainger, S.A. de C.V. (Mexico), Grainger Caribe Inc. (Puerto Rico) and Grainger China LLC (China). Acklands - Grainger is the Company's Canadian branch-based distribution business. Lab Safety is a direct marketer of safety and other industrial products. Segment information has been modified for all periods in order to conform to the new presentation.

***Business Environment***

Several economic factors and industry trends shape Grainger's business environment. Grainger's sales tend to correlate positively with production growth, particularly manufacturing output, as well as growth in non-farm payrolls. According to the Federal Reserve, for the 2006 third quarter as a whole, industrial production rose at an annual rate of 3.6%, down from the second quarter rate of 6.6%. Manufacturing output for the 2006 third quarter as a whole rose at an annual rate of 3.8%, also down from the second quarter rate of 5.1%. Manufacturing employment levels throughout 2006 have been essentially flat versus 2005. Non-farm employment levels grew 1.3% since September of 2005. Grainger's sales to the heavy manufacturing customer sector continue to show improvement over the prior year, reflecting the strength in industrial production. Current economic growth projections by Consensus Forecast USA for 2006 industrial production and GDP are 4.4% and 3.5%, respectively.

For the first nine months of 2006, the Company had approximately \$49.0 million of capital expenditures related to its U.S. branch network and information technology systems. The upgraded SAP system was installed in the U.S. branch-based businesses effective January 30, 2006. Installation in other business units is scheduled for 2008 and beyond.

**W.W. Grainger, Inc. and Subsidiaries****MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL****CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS***Matters Affecting Comparability*

Effective January 1, 2006, Grainger adopted SFAS No. 123R, Share-Based Payment, for the accounting of employee stock-based compensation. The effect of the adoption was approximately a \$0.03 and \$0.11 earnings per share reduction for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2006, respectively.

As a result of recent system enhancements and process improvements in 2006, third quarter earnings benefited \$0.03 per share due to changes in the timing of certain inventory-related transactions and estimates that would have been recorded in the fourth quarter of 2006 if the prior system had been used. The nine month benefit was \$0.13 per share.

Grainger's operating results for the nine months of 2006 include the operating results of Rand Materials Handling Equipment Co. (Rand) from the acquisition date of January 31, 2006. Rand's results are included in the Lab Safety segment.

There was a lower tax rate during the third quarter of 2006 as a result of the 2004 tax audit settlement. The Company benefited \$0.09 per share from the settlement in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006.

There were 63 sales days in the third quarter of 2006 compared to 64 sales days in the third quarter of 2005. There were 191 sales days in the first nine months of 2006 compared to 192 sales days in the first nine months of 2005.

**Results of Operations - Three Months Ended September 30, 2006**

The following table is included as an aid to understanding the changes in Grainger's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings:

	Three Months Ended September 30, Items in Condensed Consolidated		
	Statements of Earnings As a Percent of Net Sales		
	2006	2005	Percent Increase
Net sales	100.0%	100.0%	6.4%
Cost of merchandise sold	60.6	61.6	4.6
Gross profit	39.4	38.4	9.3
Operating expenses	29.5	28.9	8.6
Operating earnings	9.9	9.5	11.4
Other income	0.4	0.3	57.0
Income taxes	3.4	3.6	2.0
Net earnings	6.9	6.2	18.6

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Grainger's net sales of \$1,519.5 million in the third quarter of 2006 increased 6.4% compared with sales of \$1,428.3 million for the comparable 2005 quarter. Daily sales were up 8.1%. Third quarter 2006 sales benefited from the economy, ongoing strategic initiatives and a favorable Canadian exchange rate. Partially offsetting these improvements was the negative effect of the wind-down of lower margin integrated supply and automotive contracts. Net sales increased in all three segments of the business.

## W.W. Grainger, Inc. and Subsidiaries

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL

## CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The gross profit margin improved 1.0 percentage point to 39.4% for the third quarter of 2006 from 38.4% in the comparable period of 2005. Contributing to the gross profit margin improvement were positive inflation recovery, the positive effect of selling price category mix and a change in the timing of certain inventory-related transactions and estimates. Partially offsetting these improvements were higher operating expenses in each segment. Operating expenses of \$447.8 million in 2006 increased 8.6% over the prior year, driven by payroll and benefits, primarily the result of increased headcount, higher stock-based compensation due to the adoption of SFAS No. 123R, increased healthcare costs and higher profit sharing accruals. Operating earnings for the third quarter of 2006 totaled \$151.3 million, an increase of 11.4% over the third quarter of 2005.

Net earnings for the third quarter of 2006 increased 18.6% to \$104.5 million from \$88.1 million in 2005. Diluted earnings per share of \$1.16 in the third quarter of 2006 were 19.6% higher than the \$0.97 for the third quarter of 2005. The growth in net earnings for the quarter resulted from the improvement in operating earnings, higher other income and a lower tax rate for the Company. The lower tax rate was driven by the 2004 tax audit settlement, which added \$0.09 to earnings per share.

*Segment Analysis*

The following comments at the segment level refer to external and intersegment net sales. Comments at the business unit level include external and inter- and intrasegment net sales. See Note 9 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

*Grainger Branch-based*

In the third quarter of 2006, net sales of \$1,274.2 million increased by 5.5% compared to net sales of \$1,207.4 million in the third quarter of 2005. Daily sales were up 7.2%. Daily sales in the United States were up 7.1%, with growth in all customer end markets, led by the heavy manufacturing and government sectors. Sales were positively affected by 1 percentage point due to higher sales of seasonal products. Product line expansion contributed approximately 2 percentage points to the growth in the segment. The wind-down of the Company's lower margin integrated supply and automotive contracts reduced sales growth by approximately 2 percentage points.

Market expansion contributed approximately 2 percentage points to the sales growth for the segment. Results for the market expansion program were as follows:

	2006 Third Quarter Daily Sales	Percent
	Increase	Complete
Phase 1 (Atlanta, Denver, Seattle)	8%	100%
Phase 2 (Four markets in Southern California)	12%	95%
Phase 3 (Houston, St. Louis, Tampa)	15%	85%
Phase 4 (Baltimore, Cincinnati, Kansas City, Miami, Philadelphia, Washington, D.C.)	10%	85%



**W.W. Grainger, Inc. and Subsidiaries**

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL**

**CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

Daily sales in Mexico were up 22.9% in the third quarter of 2006 versus 2005. In local currency, daily sales were up 25.5% aided by a strong economy and driven by an expanded telesales operation, a new branch in Santa Catarina and an expanded presence in Tijuana.

The gross profit margin for the segment increased 1.4 percentage points in the 2006 quarter over the comparable quarter of 2005, driven by positive inflation recovery, a positive change in selling price category mix and changes in the timing of certain inventory-related transactions and estimates. A major driver in the improvement in selling price category mix was the reduction of sales related to low margin integrated supply and automotive contracts. As a result of recent system enhancements in 2006, gross profit margins benefited from an improved methodology to capture data related to certain inventory transactions and estimates. Under the old system these quarterly inventory adjustments would have been recorded in the fourth quarter of 2006.

Operating expenses were up 9.1% in the quarter. The operating expense growth was primarily driven by higher payroll and benefits costs due to higher stock-based compensation related to the adoption of SFAS No. 123R, increased healthcare costs and higher profit sharing accruals. Also contributing to the increase was \$2.0 million in severance costs including the elimination of positions within teams that supported the SAP implementation. During the third quarter, the Company opened its first distribution facilities in Shanghai, China, a 120,000-square foot master branch and a will-call express location. Sales in China were insignificant in the third quarter of 2006, while operating expenses in the third quarter of 2006 were comparable to the third quarter of 2005.

Operating earnings of \$149.3 million for the third quarter of 2006 increased 9.6% over the \$136.2 million for the third quarter of 2005. The earnings improvement resulted from higher sales and improved gross profit margins, partially offset by increased operating expenses which grew faster than sales.

*Acklands - Grainger Branch-based (Canada)*

Net sales in Canada in the third quarter of 2006 were 13.7% higher than the comparable quarter of 2005 including the effect of a favorable exchange rate. Daily sales were up 15.5%. In local currency, daily sales increased 7.8%. Results benefited from strong sales to the oil, gas and mining industries, partially offset by weak sales in the forestry industry.

The gross profit margin decreased 0.2 percentage point in the 2006 quarter over the third quarter of 2005 primarily as a result of lower vendor rebates.

Operating expenses grew at a slower rate than sales and were up 2.4% in local currency.

Operating earnings of \$5.1 million for the third quarter of 2006 increased 50.6% over the \$3.4 million for the third quarter 2005 primarily as a result of operating expenses growing at a slower rate than sales growth, partially offset by a decrease in gross profit margin.

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Canada's SAP project is scheduled for installation in 2008, allowing for process standardization and improvement across the business prior to the implementation.

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**W.W. Grainger, Inc. and Subsidiaries****MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL****CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS***Lab Safety*

Net sales at Lab Safety were \$104.7 million for the third quarter of 2006, an increase of \$6.9 million, or 7.1%, when compared with \$97.7 million for the same period in 2005. Daily sales were up 8.8%. The daily sales growth included the benefit of incremental sales from Rand, acquired on January 31, 2006. Excluding Rand, daily sales increased 4.8%.

The gross profit margin decreased 0.7 percentage point for the third quarter of 2006 from the third quarter of 2005 primarily as a result of increased freight costs and lower margin Rand product sales.

Operating expenses of \$30.4 million were \$2.2 million, or 7.7%, higher in the quarter primarily due to incremental costs associated with the Rand acquisition, higher media costs and expenses associated with the upgrade of the business's ERP system.

Operating earnings of \$13.6 million in the third quarter of 2006 were flat versus 2005. The benefit from increased sales was offset by a lower gross profit margin and higher operating expenses.

*Other Income and Expense*

The following table summarizes the components of other income and expense:

	Three Months Ended September 30,	
	2006	2005
	(In thousands of dollars)	
<b>Other income and (expense):</b>		
Interest income (expense) net	\$ 5,086	\$ 2,810
Equity in income of unconsolidated entities	480	811
Unclassified net	(75)	(123)
Total other income and (expense)	\$ 5,491	\$ 3,498

The improvement in other income and expense was primarily attributable to higher interest income. The increase in interest income in 2006 was the result of higher average cash balances and higher interest rates.

*Income Taxes*

Grainger's effective tax rate was 33.4% and 36.8% for the third quarter of 2006 and 2005, respectively. The third quarter rate of 2006 includes the benefit from the settlement of the 2004 tax audit, which added \$0.09 to earnings per share. Excluding this benefit and the effect of equity in income of unconsolidated entities, which is recorded net of tax, the effective income tax rate was 38.9% for the third quarter of 2006 and 37.0% for the third quarter of 2005. The full year 2005 rate was 35.0% and benefited from a favorable revision to the estimate of income taxes for

various state and local tax jurisdictions and the resolution of certain federal and state tax contingencies.

## W.W. Grainger, Inc. and Subsidiaries

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL

## CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

## Results of Operations - Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006

The following table is included as an aid to understanding the changes in Grainger's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings:

	Nine Months Ended September 30, Items in Condensed Consolidated		
	Statements of Earnings As a Percent of Net Sales		
	2006	2005	Percent Increase
Net sales	100.0%	100.0%	6.9%
Cost of merchandise sold	60.4	61.9	4.2
Gross profit	39.6	38.1	11.3
Operating expenses	29.9	29.0	10.3
Operating earnings	9.7	9.1	14.7
Other income	0.4	0.2	129.1
Income taxes	3.7	3.4	17.3
Net earnings	6.4	5.9	17.3

Grainger's net sales of \$4,421.5 million in the first nine months of 2006 increased 6.9% compared with sales of \$4,136.0 million for the comparable 2005 period. Daily sales were up 7.5%. The first nine months of 2006 sales benefited from the economy, ongoing strategic initiatives and a favorable Canadian exchange rate. Partially offsetting these improvements was the negative effect of the wind-down of low margin integrated supply and automotive contracts. Net sales increased in all three segments of the business.

The gross profit margin for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 improved 1.5 percentage points to 39.6% from 38.1% in the comparable period of 2005. Contributing to the gross profit margin improvement were positive inflation recovery, the positive effect of selling price category mix and a change in the timing of certain inventory-related transactions and estimates. Partially offsetting these improvements were higher operating expenses in each segment and at headquarters. Operating expenses of \$1,322.4 million in 2006 increased 10.3% over the prior year, driven by payroll and benefits, primarily the result of higher stock-based compensation due to the adoption of SFAS No. 123R and higher profit sharing accruals. Operating earnings for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 totaled \$430.3 million, an increase of 14.7% over the first nine months of 2005.

Net earnings for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 increased by 17.3% to \$284.5 million from \$242.5 million in 2005. Diluted earnings per share of \$3.11 in the first nine months of 2006 were 17.4% higher than the \$2.65 for the first nine months of 2005. The growth in net earnings for the quarter resulted from the improvement in operating earnings, higher other income and a lower tax rate for the Company. The lower tax rate was driven by the 2004 tax audit settlement, which added \$0.09 to earnings per share.

## W.W. Grainger, Inc. and Subsidiaries

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL

## CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

*Segment Analysis*

The following comments at the segment level refer to external and intersegment net sales. Comments at the business unit level include external and inter- and intrasegment net sales. See Note 9 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

*Grainger Branch-based*

Net sales of \$3,684.9 million increased by 5.9% in the first nine months of 2006 compared to net sales of \$3,479.5 million in the first nine months of 2005. Daily sales were up 6.5%. Daily sales in the United States were up 6.4%, with growth in all customer end markets, led by the government and heavy manufacturing sectors. The wind-down of the Company's lower margin integrated supply and automotive contracts reduced sales growth by approximately 2 percentage points.

Market expansion contributed approximately 2 percentage points to the sales growth for the segment. Results for the market expansion program were as follows:

	2006 Year-to-Date Daily Sales	Percent
	Increase	Complete
Phase 1 (Atlanta, Denver, Seattle)	11%	100%
Phase 2 (Four markets in Southern California)	13%	95%
Phase 3 (Houston, St. Louis, Tampa)	14%	85%
Phase 4 (Baltimore, Cincinnati, Kansas City, Miami, Philadelphia, Washington, D.C.)	9%	85%

Daily sales in Mexico increased 20.6% in the first nine months of 2006 versus 2005. In local currency, daily sales were up 20.4% driven by an improving economy, an expanded telesales operation, increased direct marketing efforts and a new branch in Santa Catarina and an expanded presence in Tijuana.

The gross profit margin increased 1.9 percentage points in the first nine months of 2006 over the comparable 2005 period, driven by positive inflation recovery, a positive change in selling price category mix and changes in the timing of certain inventory-related transactions and estimates. A major driver in the improvement in selling price category mix was the reduction of sales related to lower margin integrated supply and automotive contracts. As a result of recent system enhancements in 2006, gross profit margins benefited from an improved methodology to capture data related to certain inventory transactions and estimates that would have been recorded in the fourth quarter of 2006 had the prior system been used.

Operating expenses were up 9.0% for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. The operating expense growth was primarily driven by higher payroll and benefits costs primarily due to higher stock-based compensation related to the adoption of SFAS No. 123R, higher accruals for profit sharing and increased advertising expenses.



**W.W. Grainger, Inc. and Subsidiaries**

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL**

**CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

Operating earnings of \$433.9 million for the first nine months of 2006 increased 16.8% over the \$371.6 million for the first nine months of 2005. The earnings improvement resulted from higher sales and improved gross profit margins, partially offset by operating expenses, which grew at a faster rate than sales.

*Acklands - Grainger Branch-based (Canada)*

Net sales of \$427.5 million increased by 15.1% in the first nine months of 2006 compared to 2005 net sales of \$371.4 million, including the effect of a favorable exchange rate. Daily sales were up 15.7%. In local currency, daily sales increased 7.1% due to a stronger economy, improved branch presence, and higher sales to the oil and gas sectors.

The gross profit margin increased 0.3 percentage point in the first nine months of 2006 over the first nine months of 2005. Contributing to the improvement was positive inflation recovery, partially offset by higher freight costs.

Operating expenses for Canada were up 17.0% in the first nine months of 2006, primarily driven by payroll and benefits due to increased headcount, higher severance costs as a result of a leadership change and higher information technology, advertising and occupancy costs.

Operating earnings of \$12.1 million in the first nine months of 2006 increased 8.1% from the \$11.2 million in 2005 as a result of strong sales growth and an improved gross profit margin, partially offset by operating expenses which grew at a faster rate than sales.

*Lab Safety*

Net sales at Lab Safety were \$311.8 million for the first nine months of 2006, an increase of \$22.9 million, or 7.9%, when compared with \$288.9 million for the same period in 2005. Daily sales were up 8.5%. The sales growth included the benefit of incremental sales from Rand, acquired on January 31, 2006, as well as strong sales to the manufacturing sector. Excluding Rand, daily sales increased 4.8%.

The gross profit margin decreased 0.2 percentage point for the first nine months of 2006 from the first nine months of 2005 primarily as a result of increased freight costs and lower margin Rand product sales.

Operating expenses of \$90.4 million were \$7.5 million, or 9.1%, higher in the first nine months of 2006 primarily due to incremental costs associated with the acquisition of Rand, higher advertising and increased expenses associated with the upgrade of the business's ERP system.

Operating earnings of \$42.3 million for the first nine months of 2006 were up 3.8% over 2005, resulting from increased sales, partially offset by a lower gross profit margin and higher operating expenses.



## W.W. Grainger, Inc. and Subsidiaries

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL

## CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

*Other Income and Expense*

The following table summarizes the components of other income and expense:

	Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2006	2005
	(In thousands of dollars)	
<b>Other income and (expense):</b>		
Interest income (expense) net	\$ 14,831	\$ 6,731
Equity in income of unconsolidated entities	2,549	2,121
Gain on sale of unconsolidated entity	2,291	
Unclassified net	95	(225)
Total other income and (expense)	\$ 19,766	\$ 8,627

The improvement in other income and expense was primarily attributable to higher interest income and the gain on the sale of Acklands - Grainger's interest in the USI-AGI Prairies joint venture. The increase in interest income in 2006 was the result of higher average cash balances and higher interest rates.

*Income Taxes*

Grainger's effective tax rate was 36.8% for the first nine months of 2006 and 2005. The rate for the first nine months of 2006 includes the benefit from the settlement of the 2004 tax audit, which added \$0.09 to earnings per share. Excluding this benefit and the effect of equity in income of unconsolidated entities, which is recorded net of tax, the effective income tax rate was 38.9% for the first nine months of 2006 and 37.0% for 2005. The full year 2005 rate was 35.0% and benefited from a favorable revision to the estimate of income taxes for various state and local tax jurisdictions and the resolution of certain federal and state tax contingencies.

**W.W. Grainger, Inc. and Subsidiaries**

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL**

**CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

**Financial Condition**

For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, working capital of \$1,240.9 million decreased by \$30.0 million when compared to \$1,270.9 million at December 31, 2005. The ratio of current assets to current liabilities was 2.8 at September 30, 2006, versus 2.7 at December 31, 2005.

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$313.0 million and \$283.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. Net cash flows from operating activities serve as the Company's primary source to fund its growth initiatives. Contributing to cash flows from operations were net earnings in the first nine months ended September 30, 2006 of \$284.5 million and the change in non-cash expense items such as stock-based compensation accruals and depreciation and amortization. Partially offsetting these amounts were changes in operating assets and liabilities net of business acquisitions, which resulted in a net use of cash of \$77.6 million for the first nine months of 2006. The principal operating uses of cash were increases in accounts receivable and a reduction of other current liabilities. The increase in receivables was due to a higher sales volume and an increase in days sales outstanding primarily due to systems conversions. Other current liabilities declined primarily due to the timing of annual cash payments for profit sharing and bonuses.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$92.0 million and \$127.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. In the first nine months of 2006, Grainger continued funding the Company's growth initiatives with the purchase of Rand and its ongoing investment in the market expansion program. The cash portion of the Rand purchase price was \$13.9 million. Rand is included as part of the Lab Safety segment. Cash expended for additions to property, buildings, equipment and capitalized software was \$102.3 million in the first nine months of 2006 versus \$116.2 million in the first nine months of 2005. In the second quarter of 2006, Acklands - Grainger's interest in the USI-AGI Prairies joint venture was sold for \$27.4 million in cash.

Net cash used in financing activities was \$339.1 million and \$139.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. Purchases of treasury stock were \$201.0 million higher in the first nine months of 2006 as Grainger repurchased 4,676,300 shares compared with 2,134,500 shares in the first nine months of 2005. As of September 30, 2006, no shares of common stock remained available under Grainger's repurchase program. On October 16, 2006, Grainger announced that its Board of Directors authorized a new program to repurchase up to 10 million shares. Dividends paid to shareholders were \$73.1 million and \$61.2 million for the first nine months of 2006 and 2005, respectively. Partially offsetting these financing cash outlays were proceeds from stock options exercised of \$47.3 million in 2006 versus proceeds of \$39.6 million in 2005.

Grainger maintains a debt ratio and liquidity position that provide flexibility in funding working capital needs and long-term cash requirements. In addition to internally generated funds, Grainger has various sources of financing available, including commercial paper sales and bank borrowings under lines of credit. Total debt as a percent of total capitalization was 0.4% at September 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005.

**W.W. Grainger, Inc. and Subsidiaries**

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL**

**CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

**Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses in the financial statements. Management bases its estimates on historical experience and other assumptions, which it believes are reasonable. If actual amounts are ultimately different from these estimates, the revisions are included in Grainger's results of operations for the period in which the actual amounts become known.

Accounting policies are considered critical when they require management to make assumptions about matters that are uncertain at the time the estimate is made and when different estimates than those management reasonably could have made have a material impact on the presentation of Grainger's financial condition, changes in financial condition or results of operations. For a description of Grainger's critical accounting policies see the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005.

**Forward-Looking Statements**

This document may contain forward-looking statements under the federal securities laws. The forward-looking statements relate to Grainger's expected future financial results and business plans, strategies and objectives and are not historical facts. They are often identified by qualifiers such as will, believes, intended, expect, expected, anticipate, estimated, assumption, may, contingent, projection, percent, goals, target, trends or similar expressions. There are risks and uncertainties the outcome of which could cause Grainger's results to differ materially from what is projected.

Factors that may affect forward-looking statements include the following: higher product costs or other expenses; a major loss of customers; increased competitive pricing pressure on Grainger's businesses; failure to develop or implement new technologies or other business strategies; the outcome of pending and future litigation and governmental proceedings; changes in laws and regulations; facilities disruptions or shutdowns; disruptions in transportation services; natural and other catastrophes; unanticipated weather conditions; and other difficulties in achieving or improving margins or financial performance.

Trends and projections could also be affected by general industry and market conditions, gross domestic product growth rates, general economic conditions, including industrial production, interest rate and currency rate fluctuations, global and other conflicts, job creation and employment levels in manufacturing, non-farm and other sectors, and other factors.

**W.W. Grainger, Inc. and Subsidiaries**

**PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

**Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk**

For quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk, see Item 7A: Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005.

**Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Grainger carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of its management, including the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of Grainger's disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-15. Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer concluded that Grainger's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in Grainger's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the third quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, Grainger's internal control over financial reporting.

**W.W. Grainger, Inc. and Subsidiaries****PART II OTHER INFORMATION**

Items 1, 1A, 3, and 4 not applicable.

**Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds****Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities Third Quarter**

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased (A)	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plan
July 1 July 31	846,700	\$ 62.10	846,700
Aug. 1 Aug. 31	563,000	\$ 62.47	563,000
Sept. 1 Sept. 30	1,221,700	\$ 66.48	1,221,700
Total	2,631,400	\$ 64.21	2,631,400

(A) Average price paid per share includes any commissions paid. Activity is reported on a trade date basis.

(B) Purchases were made pursuant to a share repurchase program approved by Grainger's Board of Directors. As reported in Grainger's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2002, which was filed on November 11, 2002, authority under the program was restored to 10 million shares on October 30, 2002. The program had no specified expiration date, but as a result of the 2.6 million share repurchases during the quarter ended September 30, 2006, the repurchase program was completed.

(C) On October 16, 2006, Grainger announced that its Board of Directors granted authority to repurchase up to 10 million shares. This program has no specified expiration date.

**Item 5. Other Information****Entry into a Material Definitive Agreement.**

On November 1, 2006, W.W. Grainger, Inc. (the "Company") entered into new Change in Control Employment Agreements with a number of its key executives. The new agreements are substantially the same as the previous agreements (which are described in more detail on page 20 of the Company's Proxy Statement dated March 24, 2006), but incorporate certain changes which were recommended by the independent consultant to the Compensation Committee of the Company's Board of Directors.

The new agreements do not include certain provisions from the previous agreements, including a provision that would have permitted specified executives to receive severance benefits if the executive terminated employment for any reason within the 30-day period following the first anniversary of a change in control. The changes also clarify the definition of a "Change in Control" and specify that only material modifications to the terms and conditions of the executive's duties would constitute "Good Reason" for the executive to terminate employment unilaterally and receive severance benefits.



**W.W. Grainger, Inc. and Subsidiaries**

The new agreements replace and terminate other Change in Control Employment Agreements which the Company previously entered into with its executives, including Richard L. Keyser, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer; James T. Ryan, President; P. Ogden Loux, Senior Vice President, Finance and Chief Financial Officer; John L. Howard, Senior Vice President and General Counsel; Y.C. Chen, Group President; and Larry J. Loizzo, Senior Vice President of the Company and President of Lab Safety Supply, Inc.

Similar to the previous agreements, following a change in control of the Company, the executive would receive certain benefits if his or her employment were terminated in specified circumstances. These benefits include a lump-sum payment equal, in general terms, to either two or three times (depending on the version of the agreement signed) the executive's annual compensation. The agreements also provide that certain of the executive's compensation arrangements would continue in effect for a period of time if the executive's employment with the Company continued after a change in control.

The form of the new Change in Control Employment Agreements is attached as Exhibit 10 to this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and is incorporated herein by reference.

**Termination of a Material Definitive Agreement.**

As described above, the new Change in Control Employment Agreements entered into between the Company and the key executives replace earlier Change in Control Employment Agreements entered into with these executives. The earlier agreements were accordingly terminated effective November 1, 2006.

**W.W. Grainger, Inc. and Subsidiaries**

**Item 6. Exhibits**

- (a) Exhibits (numbered in accordance with Item 601 of Regulation S-K)
    - (10) Material Contract
    - (11) Computations of Earnings per Share
    - (31) Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certifications
      - (a) Chief Executive Officer certification pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
      - (b) Chief Financial Officer certification pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
    - (32) Section 1350 Certifications
      - (a) Chief Executive Officer certification pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
      - (b) Chief Financial Officer certification pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
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**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

W.W. Grainger, Inc.  
(Registrant)

Date: November 1, 2006

By:

/s/ P. O. Loux  
P. O. Loux, Senior Vice President, Finance and Chief Financial  
Officer

Date: November 1, 2006

By:

/s/ J. E. Andringa  
J. E. Andringa, Vice President  
and Controller