MCDERMOTT INTERNATIONAL INC

Form 10-Q August 11, 2008

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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D. C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

X QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2008

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ______to____

Commission File No. 001-08430

McDERMOTT INTERNATIONAL, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

REPUBLIC OF PANAMA 72-0593134

(State or Other Jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

Incorporation or Organization)

777 N. ELDRIDGE PKWY. HOUSTON, TEXAS

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

77079

(Zip Code)

Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code (281) 870-5901

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [ü] No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer [ü]

Accelerated filer []

Non-accelerated filer [] (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes $[\]$ No [P]

The number of shares of the registrant's common stock outstanding at July 31, 2008 was 227,331,365.

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PART I

McDERMOTT INTERNATIONAL, INC.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

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McDERMOTT INTERNATIONAL, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

ASSETS

	June 30,	31,
	2008	2007
	(Unaudited)	2007
	• •	usands)
	(III tillo	dsulfus)
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 678,641	\$ 1,001,394
Restricted cash and cash equivalents (Note 1)	70,025	64,786
Investments	299,786	300,092
Accounts receivable – trade, net	786,518	770,024
Accounts and notes receivable – unconsolidated affiliates	2,929	2,303
Accounts receivable – other	142,052	116,744
Contracts in progress	309,796	194,292
Inventories (Note 1)	116,622	95,208
Deferred income taxes	121,370	160,783
Other current assets	66,728	51,874
Total Current Assets	2,594,467	2,757,500
Property, Plant and Equipment	2,102,607	2,004,138
Less accumulated depreciation	1,130,256	1,090,400
•		
Net Property, Plant and Equipment	972,351	913,738
	,	,
Investments	282,291	162,069
	,> -	202,000
Goodwill	165,288	158,533
	100,200	100,000
Deferred Income Taxes	99,089	134,292
Deferred mediae Taxes	<i>)</i> ,00)	13 1,272
Investments in Unconsolidated Affiliates	72,640	62,241
investments in Onconsolidated Affinates	72,040	02,241
Other Assets	246,283	223,113
Office 1 toocto	270,203	223,113
TOTAL	\$ 4,432,409	\$ 4,411,486
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See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

December

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McDERMOTT INTERNATIONAL, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

	(Unaudited) (In thou	usands)
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current Liabilities:		
Notes payable and current maturities of long-term debt	\$ 6,692	\$ 6,599
Accounts payable	481,014	455,659
Accrued employee benefits	283,057	343,812
Accrued liabilities – other	191,868	175,557
Accrued contract cost	93,906	93,281
Advance billings on contracts	1,219,977	1,463,223
Accrued warranty expense	106,634	101,330
Income taxes payable	61,479	57,071
	2 444 627	2 (0 (722
Total Current Liabilities	2,444,627	2,696,532
v	6.006	10.600
Long-Term Debt	6,296	10,609
A TOTAL TOTA	00.506	06.050
Accumulated Postretirement Benefit Obligation	92,586	96,253
	00.027	02.525
Self-Insurance Self-Insurance	89,827	82,525
D 1 1111	121 001	100 740
Pension Liability	131,001	188,748
	155.074	160.014
Other Liabilities	155,974	169,814
Commitment of Continuous (Nata 2)		
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 3)		
Charlet ald any? Equitors		
Stockholders' Equity:		
Common stock, par value \$1.00 per share, authorized 400,000,000 shares; issued		
233,421,084 and 231,722,659 shares at June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007,	222 421	221 722
respectively	233,421	231,723
Capital in excess of par value	1,175,701	1,145,829
Retained earnings	436,018	135,289
Treasury stock at cost, 5,842,014 and 5,852,248 shares at June 30, 2008 and December	(62.045)	(62,002)
31, 2007, respectively	(63,045)	(63,903)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(269,997)	(281,933)
T - 10 - 11 - 11 - 1 T - 1	1 512 000	1 1 6 = 00 =
Total Stockholders' Equity	1,512,098	1,167,005

December 31,

2007

June 30, 2008 TOTAL \$ 4,432,409 \$ 4,411,486

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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McDERMOTT INTERNATIONAL, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

Three Months Ended
June 30,
June 30,
2008
2007
2008
2007
(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except shares and per share amounts)

Revenues	\$	1,792,646	\$	1,418,146	\$	3,243,072	\$	2,781,576
Costs and Expenses:								
Cost of operations		1,432,736		1,128,552		2,621,432		2,210,618
Gains on asset disposals – net		(17)		(115)		(11,460)		(1,750)
Selling, general and administrative expenses		138,055		115,225		264,786		212,987
Total Costs and Expenses		1,570,774		1,243,662		2,874,758		2,421,855
Equity in Income of Investees		9,252		7,308		19,922		14,549
Operating Income		231,124		181,792		388,236		374,270
Other Income (Expense):								
Interest income		9,145		15,821		22,540		28,139
Interest expense		(959)		(5,366)		(3,899)		(14,955)
Other income (expense) – net		1,831		(975)		(2,166)		(4,845)
Total Other Income		10,017		9,480		16,475		8,339
Income before Provision for Income Taxes		241,141		191,272		404,711		382,609
Provision for Income Taxes		63,602		41,898		103,982		75,174
Net Income	\$	177,539	\$	149,374	\$	300,729	\$	307,435
Earnings per Share:								
Basic	\$	0.78	\$	0.67	\$	1.33	\$	1.38
Diluted	\$	0.77	\$	0.66	\$	1.31	\$	1.35
Shares used in the computation of earnings per share								
(Note 6):								
Basic	2	226,862,500	2	222,763,966	2	226,247,335	2	222,176,796
Diluted	2	230,408,760	2	227,903,468	2	230,260,810	2	228,170,940

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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McDERMOTT INTERNATIONAL, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Three Months Ended
June 30,
June 30,
2008
2007
2008
2007
(Unaudited)
(In thousands)

Net Income	\$ 177,539	\$ 149,374	\$ 300,729	\$ 307,435
Other Comprehensive Income:				
Currency translation adjustments:				
Foreign currency translation adjustments	2,787	6,141	6,167	7,261
Unrealized gains (losses) on derivative financial				
instruments:				
Unrealized gains (losses) on derivative financial instruments	(1,334)	2,833	3,214	4,974
Reclassification adjustment for gains included in net income	(3,822)	(1,362)	(3,750)	(2,531)
Amortization of benefit plan costs	6,490	7,507	13,029	15,158
Unrealized gains (losses) on investments:				
Unrealized gains (losses) arising during the period	(2,712)	186	(5,622)	397
Reclassification adjustment for net (gains) losses included in				
net income	228	24	(1,102)	90
Other Comprehensive Income	1,637	15,329	11,936	25,349
Comprehensive Income	\$ 179,176	\$ 164,703	\$ 312,665	\$ 332,784

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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McDERMOTT INTERNATIONAL, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Six Months Ended June 30, 2008 2007 (Unaudited) (In thousands)

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net Income	\$ 300,729	\$ 307,435
Non-cash items included in net income:		
Depreciation and amortization	63,717	34,502
Income of investees, less dividends	(8,528)	(3,305)
Gains on asset disposals – net	(11,460)	(1,750)
Provision for deferred taxes	63,547	53,746
Amortization of pension and postretirement costs	20,266	23,783
Excess tax benefits from FAS 123(R) stock-based compensation	(3,388)	(20,319)
Other, net	21,193	12,133
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of effects of acquisitions and divestitures:		
Accounts receivable	(35,782)	(48,039)
Income tax receivable	(2,661)	270,368
Net contracts in progress and advance billings on contracts	(360,000)	269,807
Accounts payable	26,321	18,945
Income taxes	3,002	(23,120)
Accrued and other current liabilities	22,743	37,592
Pension liability, accumulated postretirement benefit obligation and accrued employee		
benefits	(122,638)	(68,988)
Other, net	(63,501)	(19,421)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(86,440)	843,369
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
(Increase) decrease in restricted cash and cash equivalents	(5,239)	19,842
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(120,393)	(116,019)
Acquisition of Marine Mechanical Corporation, net of cash acquired	-	(70,950)
Net (increase) decrease in available-for-sale securities	(124,729)	5,551
Proceeds from asset disposals	12,013	2,531
Other, net	(2,048)	(954)
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(240,396)	(159,999)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Payment of long-term debt	(4,525)	(255,501)
Issuance of common stock	7,467	9,576
Payment of debt issuance costs	(1,564)	-
Excess tax benefits from FAS 123(R) stock-based compensation	3,388	20,319
Other, net	-	4
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	4,766	(225,602)
EFFECTE OF EVOLVANCE DATE CHANCES ON CASH	((())	5 O 7 O

SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:

NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD

EFFECTS OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD

5,070

462,838

600,843

(683)

\$ 678,641 \$ 1,063,681

(322,753)

1,001,394

Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest (net of amount capitalized)	\$ 4,006	\$ 17,790
Income taxes (net of refunds)	\$ 43,981	\$ (237,470)

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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McDERMOTT INTERNATIONAL, INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008 (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

We have presented our condensed consolidated financial statements in U.S. Dollars in accordance with the interim reporting requirements of Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Financial information and disclosures normally included in our financial statements prepared annually in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") have been condensed or omitted. Readers of these financial statements should, therefore, refer to the consolidated financial statements and the notes in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007.

We have included all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation. These condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of McDermott International, Inc. and its subsidiaries and controlled entities consistent with Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Interpretation No. 46(R), "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities (revised December 2003)." We use the equity method to account for investments in entities that we do not control, but over which we have significant influence. We generally refer to these entities as "joint ventures." We have eliminated all significant intercompany transactions and accounts. We have reclassified certain amounts previously reported to conform to the presentation at June 30, 2008 and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008. We present the notes to our condensed consolidated financial statements on the basis of continuing operations, unless otherwise stated.

McDermott International, Inc. ("MII"), incorporated under the laws of the Republic of Panama in 1959, is an engineering and construction company with specialty manufacturing and service capabilities and is the parent company of the McDermott group of companies, including J. Ray McDermott, S.A. ("JRMSA") and The Babcock & Wilcox Company ("B&W"). In this quarterly report on Form 10-Q, unless the context otherwise indicates, "we," "us" and "our" mean MII and its consolidated subsidiaries.

We operate in three business segments: Offshore Oil and Gas Construction, Government Operations and Power Generation Systems, further described as follows:

- Offshore Oil and Gas Construction includes the business and operations of JRMSA, J. Ray McDermott Holdings, LLC and their respective subsidiaries. This segment supplies services primarily to offshore oil and gas field developments worldwide, including the front-end design and detailed engineering, fabrication and installation of offshore drilling and production facilities and installation of marine pipelines and subsea production systems. This segment operates in most major offshore oil and gas producing regions, including the United States, Mexico, Canada, the Middle East, India, the Caspian Sea and Asia Pacific.
- Government Operations includes the business and operations of BWX Technologies, Inc., Babcock & Wilcox Nuclear Operations Group, Inc., Babcock & Wilcox Technical Services Group, Inc. and their respective subsidiaries. This segment supplies nuclear components and provides various services to the U.S. Government, including uranium processing, environmental site restoration services and management and operating services for various U.S. Government-owned facilities, primarily within the nuclear weapons complex of the U.S. Department of Energy.
- Power Generation Systems includes the business and operations of Babcock & Wilcox Power Generation Group,
 Inc. ("B&W PGG"), Babcock & Wilcox Nuclear Power Generation Group,
 Inc. and their respective

subsidiaries. This segment supplies fossil-fired steam generating systems, commercial nuclear steam generators, environmental equipment and components, and related services to customers around the world. It designs, engineers, manufactures and services large utility and industrial power generation systems, including boilers used to generate steam in electric power plants, pulp and paper making, chemical and process applications and other industrial uses.

Operating results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2008. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007.

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Comprehensive Loss

The components of accumulated other comprehensive loss included in stockholders' equity are as follows:

			D	December
	•	June 30,		31,
		2008	2007	
	(U	(naudited)		
		(In thou	ısar	nds)
Currency Translation Adjustments	\$	31,495	\$	25,328
Net Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments		(5,740)		984
Net Unrealized Gain on Derivative Financial Instruments		20,340		20,876
Unrecognized Losses on Benefit Obligations		(316,092)		(329,121)
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	\$	(269,997)	\$	(281,933)

Inventories

			\mathbf{D}_{0}	ecember		
	J	une 30,		31,		
		2008		2007		
	(Uı	(Unaudited)				
		(In tho	ds)			
Raw Materials and Supplies	\$	80,763	\$	65,857		
Work in Progress		11,763		10,757		
Finished Goods		24,096		18,594		
Total Inventories	\$	116,622	\$	95,208		

Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2008, we had restricted cash and cash equivalents totaling \$70.0 million, of which \$68.7 million is held in restricted foreign accounts and \$1.3 million is required to meet reinsurance reserve requirements of our captive insurance companies.

Recently Adopted Accounting Standards

In September 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standard ("SFAS") No. 157, Fair Value Measurements, which is intended to increase consistency and comparability in fair value measurements by defining fair value, establishing a framework for measuring fair value and expanding disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 applies to other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements and is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007 and interim periods within those fiscal years. On January 1, 2008, we adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 157 for our measurement of the fair value of financial instruments and recurring fair value measurements of nonfinancial assets and liabilities. The adoption of these provisions did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In February 2008, the FASB issued: (1) FASB Staff Position ("FSP") FAS 157-1, Application of FASB Statement No. 157 to FASB Statement No. 13 and Other Accounting Pronouncements That Address Fair Value Measurements for Purposes of Lease Classification or Measurement under Statement 13, which removes certain leasing transactions

from the scope of SFAS No. 157; and (2) FSP FAS 157-2, Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 157, which defers the effective date of SFAS No. 157 for one year for certain nonfinancial assets and nonfinancial liabilities, except those that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a recurring basis.

SFAS No. 157 establishes a hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. The majority of our investments have observable inputs and are included in the first and second level of the hierarchy. We have one investment included in the third level of the hierarchy, as pricing of some of the underlying securities cannot be obtained through either direct quotes or through quotes from independent pricing vendors and are priced using estimates based upon similar securities with observable pricing data.

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Our derivative financial instruments consist primarily of foreign currency forward contracts. Fair value is derived using valuation models, which take into account the contract terms, such as maturity, as well as other inputs (i.e., exchange rates, foreign currency forward curves, and creditworthiness of the counterparty). The data sources utilized in these valuation models that are significant to the fair value measurement are Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In May 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 162, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. SFAS No. 162 identifies the sources of accounting principles and the framework for selecting the principles to be used in the preparation of financial statements that are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. This Statement is effective 60 days following the SEC's approval of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board amendments to AU Section 411, "The Meaning of Present Fairly in Conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles." We do not expect SFAS 162 to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In March 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 161, Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities— an amendment of FASB Statement No. 133. SFAS No. 161 requires enhanced disclosures about derivative and hedging activities and is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after November 15, 2008. SFAS No. 161 will become effective for us January 1, 2009.

Other than as disclosed above, there have been no material changes to the recent pronouncements discussed in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007.

NOTE 2 – PENSION PLANS AND POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS

Components of net periodic benefit cost included in net income are as follows:

]	Pension	Be	nefits		Other Benefits									
	Th	ree Mor	nths	Ended		Six Mont	hs	Ended	Tł	nree Mor	ths	Ended	Siz	x Month	s Er	s Ended	
		June	30,			June	3	0,		June	30	,		June	30,		
	2	2008	2	2007		2008		2007		2008		2007		2008	,	2007	
								(Unau	dite	ed)							
								(In thou	ısar	nds)							
Service cost	\$	9,757	\$	10,465	\$	19,540	\$	20,462	\$	82	\$	69	\$	165	\$	124	
Interest cost		38,795		37,086		77,650		73,476		1,430		1,093		2,843		2,948	
Expected return on																	
plan assets	(45,787)	(43,420)		(91,620)		(86,058)		-		-		-		-	
Amortization of prior																	
service cost		768		830		1,537		1,652		19		17		38		33	
Amortization of																	
transition obligation		-		-		-		-		73		67		147		130	
Recognized net																	
actuarial loss		8,904		10,576		17,815		21,109		364		431		728		860	
Net periodic benefit																	
cost	\$	12,437	\$	15,537	\$	24,922	\$	30,641	\$	1,968	\$	1,677	\$	3,921	\$	4,095	

NOTE 3 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Other than as noted below, there have been no material changes in the status of the legal proceedings disclosed in Note 11 to the consolidated financial statements in Part II of our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007.

Investigations and Litigation

Apollo/Parks Township Claims — Hall Litigation

The matter of Donald F. Hall and Mary Ann Hall, et al., v. Babcock & Wilcox Company, et al. (the "Hall Litigation"), pending in the United States District Court for the Western District of Pennsylvania, presently involves approximately 500 separate claims for compensatory damages against B&W PGG and Babcock & Wilcox Technical Services Group, Inc., formerly known as B&W Nuclear Environmental Services, Inc., alleging, among other things, death, personal injury, property damage and other damages as a result of alleged radioactive and non-radioactive emissions from two former nuclear fuel processing facilities located in Apollo and Parks Township, Pennsylvania.

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The District Court previously ordered two separate general causation trials, one for claims based on alleged uranium exposure and one for claims based on alleged plutonium exposure. In June 2008, the District Court entered an order setting the general causation trial on uranium exposure claims for January 12, 2009. The trial on general causation as it relates to plutonium exposure claims has not yet been scheduled. Also in June 2008, the plaintiffs filed an amended complaint to, among other things, remove Atlantic Richfield Company ("ARCO") as a defendant in the Hall Litigation as a result of the prior settlement between the plaintiffs and ARCO.

For further information regarding the Hall Litigation, see Note 11 to the consolidated financial statements included in Part II of our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007 and Note 3 to the condensed consolidated financial statements included in Part I of our quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2008.

Other

We were advised in 2006 by the IRS of proposed unfavorable tax adjustments related to the 2001 through 2003 tax years. We reviewed the IRS positions and disagree with certain proposed adjustments. Accordingly, we filed a protest with the IRS regarding the resolution of these issues, and the process has proceeded through an appeals hearing with an IRS appellate conferee. We have accrued all amounts that we believe ultimately will be payable for these proposed adjustments.

For a detailed description of these and other pending proceedings, please refer to Note 11 to the consolidated financial statements included in Part II of our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007.

Additionally, due to the nature of our business, we are, from time to time, involved in routine litigation or subject to disputes or claims related to our business activities, including, among other things:

- performance-related or warranty-related matters under our customer and supplier contracts and other business arrangements; and
 - workers' compensation claims, Jones Act claims, premises liability claims and other claims.

In our management's opinion, based upon our prior experience, none of these other litigation proceedings, disputes and claims are expected to have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

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NOTE 4 – STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

Total stock-based compensation expense recognized for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 was as follows:

Stock Options		E	npensation Tax expense Benefit (Unaudited) (In thousands)			In	Net npact
Restricted Stock 1,876 (293) 1,583 Performance Shares 8,590 (2,767) 5,823 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 1,748 (576) 1,172 Total \$12,459 \$(3,710) \$8,749 Three Months Ended June 30, 2007 Stock Options \$586 \$(171) \$415 Restricted Stock 748 - 748 Performance Shares 4,052 \$(1,263) 2,789 Performance and Deferred Stock Units \$7,996 \$(2,260) \$5,736 Stock Options \$766 \$(234) \$532 Restricted Stock \$2,216 (386) 1,830 Performance Shares 18,345 \$(5,910) 12,435 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 3,097 \$(1,020) 2,077 Total \$24,424 \$(7,550) \$16,874 Stock Options \$1,497 \$(445) \$1,052 Restricted Stock 834 \$(21) 813 Performance Shares 7,049 <	0. 1.0.3						
Performance Shares 8,590 (2,767) 5,823 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 1,748 (576) 1,172 Total \$12,459 \$ (3,710) \$ 8,749 Three Months Ended June 30, 2007 Stock Options \$ 586 \$ (171) \$ 415 Restricted Stock 748 - 748 Performance Shares 4,052 (1,263) 2,789 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 2,060 \$ (2,260) \$ 5,736 Total \$ 7,996 \$ (2,260) \$ 5,736 Stock Options \$ 7,996 \$ (2,260) \$ 5,736 Stock Options \$ 7,996 \$ (2,240) \$ 532 Restricted Stock 2,216 \$ (386) 1,830 Performance Shares 18,345 \$ (5,910) 12,435 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 3,097 \$ (1,020) 2,077 Total \$ 24,424 \$ (7,550) \$ 16,874 Stock Options \$ 1,497 \$ (445) \$ 1,052 Restricted Stock \$ 334		\$		\$		\$	
Performance and Deferred Stock Units							
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Stock Options \$ 586 \$ (171) \$ 415 Restricted Stock 748 - 748 Performance Shares 4,052 (1,263) 2,789 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 2,610 (826) 1,784 Total \$ 7,996 \$ (2,260) \$ 5,736 Stock Options \$ 766 \$ (234) \$ 532 Restricted Stock 2,216 (386) 1,830 Performance Shares 18,345 (5910) 12,435 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 3,097 (1,020) 2,077 Total \$ 24,424 \$ (7,550) \$ 16,874 Stock Options \$ 1,497 \$ (445) \$ 1,052 Restricted Stock 834 (21) 813 Performance Shares 7,049 (2,220) 4,829 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 3,259 (1,043) 2,216 Total \$ 12,639 \$ (3,729) \$ 8,910					. ,		
Stock Options \$ 586 \$ (171) \$ 415 Restricted Stock 748 - 748 Performance Shares 4,052 (1,263) 2,789 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 2,610 (826) 1,784 Total \$ 7,996 \$ (2,260) \$ 5,736 Stock Options \$ 766 \$ (234) \$ 532 Restricted Stock 2,216 (386) 1,830 Performance Shares 18,345 (5,910) 12,435 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 3,097 (1,020) 2,077 Total \$ 24,424 \$ (7,550) \$ 16,874 Stock Options \$ 1,497 \$ (445) \$ 1,052 Restricted Stock 834 (21) 813 Performance Shares 7,049 (2,220) 4,829 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 3,259 (1,043) 2,216 Total \$ 12,639 \$ (3,729) \$ 8,910	Total	\$	12,459	\$	(3,710)	\$	8,749
Stock Options \$ 586 \$ (171) \$ 415 Restricted Stock 748 - 748 Performance Shares 4,052 (1,263) 2,789 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 2,610 (826) 1,784 Total \$ 7,996 \$ (2,260) \$ 5,736 Six Months Ended June 30, 2008 Stock Options \$ 766 \$ (234) \$ 532 Restricted Stock 2,216 (386) 1,830 Performance Shares 18,345 (5,910) 12,435 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 3,097 (1,020) 2,077 Total \$ 24,424 (7,550) \$ 16,874 Stock Options \$ 1,497 \$ (445) \$ 1,052 Restricted Stock 834 (21) 813 Performance Shares 7,049 (2,220) 4,829 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 3,259 (1,043) 2,216 Total \$ 12,639 \$ (3,729) \$ 8,910							
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Performance Shares 4,052 (1,263) 2,789 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 2,610 (826) 1,784 Total 7,996 (2,260) 5,736 Six Months Ended June 30, 2008 Stock Options 766 (234) 532 Restricted Stock 2,216 (386) 1,830 Performance Shares 18,345 (5,910) 12,435 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 3,097 (1,020) 2,077 Total Six Months Ended June 30, 2007 Stock Options \$ 1,497 \$ (445) \$ 1,052 Restricted Stock 834 (21) 813 Performance Shares 7,049 (2,220) 4,829 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 3,259 (1,043) 2,216 Total \$ 12,639 \$ (3,729) \$ 8,910		\$		\$	(171)	\$	
Performance and Deferred Stock Units 2,610 (826) 1,784 Total \$ 7,996 \$ (2,260) \$ 5,736 Six Months Ended June 30, 2008 Stock Options \$ 766 \$ (234) \$ 532 Restricted Stock 2,216 (386) 1,830 Performance Shares 18,345 (5,910) 12,435 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 3,097 (1,020) 2,077 Total \$ 24,424 \$ (7,550) \$ 16,874 Stock Options \$ 1,497 \$ (445) \$ 1,052 Restricted Stock 834 (21) 813 Performance Shares 7,049 (2,220) 4,829 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 3,259 (1,043) 2,216 Total \$ 12,639 \$ (3,729) \$ 8,910	Restricted Stock		748		-		748
Total \$ 7,996 \$ (2,260) \$ 5,736 Stock Options \$ 766 \$ (234) \$ 532 Restricted Stock 2,216 (386) 1,830 Performance Shares 18,345 (5,910) 12,435 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 3,097 (1,020) 2,077 Total \$ 24,424 \$ (7,550) \$ 16,874 Stock Options \$ 1,497 \$ (445) \$ 1,052 Restricted Stock 834 (21) 813 Performance Shares 7,049 (2,220) 4,829 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 3,259 (1,043) 2,216 Total \$ 12,639 \$ (3,729) \$ 8,910	Performance Shares		4,052		(1,263)		2,789
Six Months Ended June 30, 2008 Stock Options 766 (234) 532 Restricted Stock 2,216 (386) 1,830 Performance Shares 18,345 (5,910) 12,435 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 3,097 (1,020) 2,077 Total \$ 24,424 \$ (7,550) \$ 16,874 Stock Options \$ 1,497 \$ (445) \$ 1,052 Restricted Stock 834 (21) 813 Performance Shares 7,049 (2,220) 4,829 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 3,259 (1,043) 2,216 Total \$ 12,639 \$ (3,729) \$ 8,910	Performance and Deferred Stock Units		2,610		(826)		1,784
Stock Options \$ 766 \$ (234) \$ 532 Restricted Stock 2,216 (386) 1,830 Performance Shares 18,345 (5,910) 12,435 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 3,097 (1,020) 2,077 Total \$ 24,424 \$ (7,550) \$ 16,874 Stock Options \$ 1,497 \$ (445) \$ 1,052 Restricted Stock 834 (21) 813 Performance Shares 7,049 (2,220) 4,829 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 3,259 (1,043) 2,216 Total \$ 12,639 \$ (3,729) \$ 8,910	Total	\$	7,996	\$	(2,260)	\$	5,736
Stock Options \$ 766 \$ (234) \$ 532 Restricted Stock 2,216 (386) 1,830 Performance Shares 18,345 (5,910) 12,435 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 3,097 (1,020) 2,077 Total \$ 24,424 \$ (7,550) \$ 16,874 Stock Options \$ 1,497 \$ (445) \$ 1,052 Restricted Stock 834 (21) 813 Performance Shares 7,049 (2,220) 4,829 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 3,259 (1,043) 2,216 Total \$ 12,639 \$ (3,729) \$ 8,910							
Restricted Stock 2,216 (386) 1,830 Performance Shares 18,345 (5,910) 12,435 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 3,097 (1,020) 2,077 Total \$ 24,424 \$ (7,550) \$ 16,874 Stock Options \$ 1,497 \$ (445) \$ 1,052 Restricted Stock 834 (21) 813 Performance Shares 7,049 (2,220) 4,829 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 3,259 (1,043) 2,216 Total \$ 12,639 \$ (3,729) \$ 8,910			Six Mont	hs En	ded June	30, 2	800
Performance Shares 18,345 (5,910) 12,435 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 3,097 (1,020) 2,077 Total \$ 24,424 \$ (7,550) \$ 16,874 Stock Options \$ 1,497 \$ (445) \$ 1,052 Restricted Stock 834 (21) 813 Performance Shares 7,049 (2,220) 4,829 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 3,259 (1,043) 2,216 Total \$ 12,639 \$ (3,729) \$ 8,910	Stock Options	\$	766	\$	(234)	\$	532
Performance Shares 18,345 (5,910) 12,435 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 3,097 (1,020) 2,077 Total \$ 24,424 \$ (7,550) \$ 16,874 Stock Options \$ 1,497 \$ (445) \$ 1,052 Restricted Stock 834 (21) 813 Performance Shares 7,049 (2,220) 4,829 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 3,259 (1,043) 2,216 Total \$ 12,639 \$ (3,729) \$ 8,910	Restricted Stock		2,216		(386)		1,830
Performance and Deferred Stock Units 3,097 (1,020) 2,077 Total \$ 24,424 \$ (7,550) \$ 16,874 Stock Options \$ 1,497 \$ (445) \$ 1,052 Restricted Stock 834 (21) 813 Performance Shares 7,049 (2,220) 4,829 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 3,259 (1,043) 2,216 Total \$ 12,639 \$ (3,729) \$ 8,910	Performance Shares		18,345		(5.910)		12,435
Total \$ 24,424 \$ (7,550) \$ 16,874 Six Months Ended June 30, 2007 Stock Options \$ 1,497 \$ (445) \$ 1,052 Restricted Stock 834 (21) 813 Performance Shares 7,049 (2,220) 4,829 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 3,259 (1,043) 2,216 Total \$ 12,639 \$ (3,729) \$ 8,910			3,097				
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Stock Options \$ 1,497 \$ (445) \$ 1,052 Restricted Stock 834 (21) 813 Performance Shares 7,049 (2,220) 4,829 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 3,259 (1,043) 2,216 Total \$ 12,639 \$ (3,729) \$ 8,910			,		() /		,
Stock Options \$ 1,497 \$ (445) \$ 1,052 Restricted Stock 834 (21) 813 Performance Shares 7,049 (2,220) 4,829 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 3,259 (1,043) 2,216 Total \$ 12,639 \$ (3,729) \$ 8,910			Six Mont	hs En	ded June	30, 2	007
Restricted Stock 834 (21) 813 Performance Shares 7,049 (2,220) 4,829 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 3,259 (1,043) 2,216 Total \$ 12,639 \$ (3,729) \$ 8,910	Stock Options	\$					
Performance Shares 7,049 (2,220) 4,829 Performance and Deferred Stock Units 3,259 (1,043) 2,216 Total \$ 12,639 \$ (3,729) \$ 8,910	•					_	
Performance and Deferred Stock Units 3,259 (1,043) 2,216 Total \$ 12,639 \$ (3,729) \$ 8,910					` ′		
Total \$ 12,639 \$ (3,729) \$ 8,910							
		\$		\$		\$	
	2000	Ψ	12,000	Ψ	(3,727)	Ψ	0,710
13	13						

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NOTE 5 – SEGMENT REPORTING

An analysis of our operations by segment is as follows:

		Three Mor June 2008				Six Mont June		
		2006		(Unau (In tho		ed)	2007	
REVENUES:								
Offshore Oil and Gas Construction	\$	872,268	\$	579,977	\$	1,518,217	\$	1,130,246
Government Operations		225,764		167,726		416,358		329,125
Power Generation Systems		698,071		673,591		1,314,369		1,329,005
Adjustments and Eliminations(1)		(3,457)		(3,148)		(5,872)		(6,800)
	\$	1,792,646	\$	1,418,146	\$	3,243,072	\$	2,781,576
(1) Segment revenues are net of the following intersegment	tran	sfers and ot	hei	r adiustmen	٠.			
Offshore Oil and Gas Construction Transfers	\$	3,150	\$	2,826	\$	5,393	\$	6,323
Government Operations Transfers	Ψ	254	Ψ	314	Ψ	424	Ψ	454
Power Generation Systems Transfers		53		8		55		23
	\$	3,457	\$	3,148	\$	5,872	\$	6,800
OPERATING INCOME:								
Segment Operating Income:								
Offshore Oil and Gas Construction	\$	98,959	\$	91,956	\$	150,842	\$	213,971
Government Operations		31,705		23,154		60,906		49,819
Power Generation Systems		106,564		73,560		170,500		115,426
	\$	237,228	\$	188,670	\$	382,248	\$	379,216
Gains (Losses) on Asset Disposals – Net:								
Offshore Oil and Gas Construction	\$	46	\$	143	\$	1,842	\$	144
Government Operations	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ		4	1,617
Power Generation Systems		(29)		(28)		9,618		(11)
,	\$	17	\$	115	\$	11,460	\$	1,750
Equity in Income (Loss) of Investees:								
Offshore Oil and Gas Construction	\$	(996)	\$	(1,043)	\$	(1,750)	\$	(1,856)
Government Operations		10,798		6,519		19,547		12,992
Power Generation Systems		(550)		1,832		2,125		3,413
	\$	9,252	\$	7,308	\$	19,922	\$	14,549
Segment Income:								
Offshore Oil and Gas Construction	\$	98,009	\$	91,056	\$	150,934	\$	212,259
Government Operations	Ψ	42,503	Ψ	29,673	Ψ	80,453	Ψ	64,428
Power Generation Systems		105,985		75,364		182,243		118,828
10 nor Constation Officials		246,497		196,093		413,630		395,515
Corporate		(15,373)		(14,301)		(25,394)		(21,245)
T		(,0,0)		(- ',001)		(== ,= > 1)		(==,= .0)

Total Operating Income

\$ 231,124 \$ 181,792 \$ 388,236 \$ 374,270

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NOTE 6 – EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share, as adjusted for the stock split effected in the form of a stock dividend completed on September 10, 2007:

Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended					
June 30,		June 30,					
2008	2007	2008	2007				
(Unaudited)							
(In thous	ands, except shar	re and per share a	amounts)				

Basic:

Net income for basic computation	\$	177,539	\$	149,374	\$	300,729	\$	307,435	
T		,	·	. ,	·	,		,	
Weighted average common shares		226,862,500		222,763,966		226,247,335		222,176,796	
Basic earnings per common share	\$	0.78	\$	0.67	\$	1.33	\$	1.38	
Diluted:									
Net income for diluted computation	\$	177,539	\$	149,374	\$	300,729	\$	307,435	
Weighted average common shares (basic)		226,862,500		222,763,966		226,247,335		22,176,796	
Effect of dilutive securities:									
Stock options, restricted stock and performance									
shares		3,546,260		5,139,502		4,013,475		5,994,144	
Adjusted weighted average common shares and									
assumed exercises of stock options and vesting of									
stock awards	23	30,408,760	2	27,903,468	2	30,260,810	2	28,170,940	
Diluted earnings per common share	\$	0.77	\$	0.66	\$	1.31	\$	1.35	

NOTE 7 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Acquisition of the Intech Group of Companies

On July 15, 2008, B&W's subsidiaries completed their acquisition of the Intech group of companies for approximately \$21 million. The Intech group of companies comprise Intech, Inc., Ivey-Cooper Services, L.L.C. and Intech International Inc. Intech, Inc. provides nuclear inspection and maintenance services, primarily for the U.S. market. Intech International Inc. provides non-destructive testing, field engineering and repair and specialized tooling services, primarily for the Canadian nuclear power generation industry. Ivey-Cooper Services, L.L.C. provides non-destructive inspection services to fossil-fueled power plants, as well as chemical, pulp and paper, and heavy fabrication facilities.

Acquisition of Delta Power Services, LLC

On August 1, 2008, B&W's subsidiary completed its acquisition of Delta Power Services, LLC ("DPS") for approximately \$13 million. DPS is one of the largest operation and maintenance services provider for the U.S. power generation industry. Headquartered in Houston, Texas, DPS has approximately 200 employees at nine gas, biomass or coal-fired power plants in Virginia, California, Texas, Florida, Michigan and Massachusetts.

Definitive Agreement to Acquire Nuclear Fuel Services, Inc.

On August 8, 2008, B&W's subsidiary entered into a definitive agreement to acquire Nuclear Fuel Services, Inc. ("NFS"), contingent upon obtaining regulatory approval and satisfying other closing conditions. NFS is a provider of specialty nuclear fuels and related services and is a leader in the conversion of Cold War-era government stockpiles of highly enriched uranium into commercial nuclear reactor fuel. NFS also operates a fuel production facility to support America's fleet of nuclear-powered submarines and aircraft carriers. NFS owns and operates a nuclear fuel fabrication facility licensed by the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission in Erwin, Tennessee and has approximately 700 employees. The acquisition is expected to be completed by the end of 2008.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

The following information should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included under Item 1 and the audited consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto and Item 7 "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007.

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In this quarterly report on Form 10-Q, unless the context otherwise indicates, "we," "us" and "our" mean MII and its consolidated subsidiaries.

We are including the following discussion to inform our existing and potential security holders generally of some of the risks and uncertainties that can affect our company and to take advantage of the "safe harbor" protection for forward-looking statements that applicable federal securities law affords.

From time to time, our management or persons acting on our behalf make forward-looking statements to inform existing and potential security holders about our company. These statements may include projections and estimates concerning the timing and success of specific projects and our future backlog, revenues, income and capital spending. Forward-looking statements are generally accompanied by words such as "estimate," "project," "predict," "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "plan," "goal" or other words that convey the uncertainty of future events or outcomes. In addition, sometimes we will specifically describe a statement as being a forward-looking statement and refer to this cautionary statement.

In addition, various statements in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q, including those that express a belief, expectation or intention, as well as those that are not statements of historical fact, are forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this report; we disclaim any obligation to update these statements unless required by securities law, and we caution you not to rely on them unduly. We have based these forward-looking statements on our current expectations and assumptions about future events. While our management considers these expectations and assumptions to be reasonable, they are inherently subject to significant business, economic, competitive, regulatory and other risks, contingencies and uncertainties, most of which are difficult to predict and many of which are beyond our control. These risks, contingencies and uncertainties relate to, among other matters, the following:

- general economic and business conditions and industry trends;
- general developments in the industries in which we are involved;
- decisions about offshore developments to be made by oil and gas companies;
- decisions on spending by the U.S. Government and electric power generating companies;
 - the highly competitive nature of most of our businesses;
- the ability of our suppliers to deliver raw materials in sufficient quantities and in a timely manner;
- our ability to comply with covenants in our credit agreements and other debt instruments and availability, terms and deployment of capital;
 - the continued availability of qualified personnel;
- the operating risks normally incident to our lines of business, including the potential impact of liquidated damages;
 - changes in, or our failure or inability to comply with, government regulations;
 - adverse outcomes from legal and regulatory proceedings;
- impact of potential regional, national and/or global requirements to significantly limit or reduce greenhouse gas emissions in the future;
 - changes in, and liabilities relating to, existing or future environmental regulatory matters;
 - rapid technological changes;
 - the realization of deferred tax assets, including through a reorganization we completed in December 2006;
 - the consequences of significant changes in interest rates and currency exchange rates;
- difficulties we may encounter in obtaining regulatory or other necessary approvals of any strategic transactions;
- social, political and economic situations in foreign countries where we do business, including countries in the Middle East and Asia Pacific and the former Soviet Union;
 - the possibilities of war, other armed conflicts or terrorist attacks;
 - our ability to obtain surety bonds and letters of credit;
- our ability to maintain builder's risk, liability, property and other insurance in amounts and on terms we consider adequate and at rates that we consider economical;

- the aggregated risks retained in our insurance captives; and
- the impact of the loss of insurance rights as part of the Chapter 11 Bankruptcy settlement.

We believe the items we have outlined above are important factors that could cause estimates in our financial statements to differ materially from actual results and those expressed in a forward-looking statement made in this report or elsewhere by us or on our behalf. We have discussed many of these factors in more detail elsewhere in this report and in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007. These factors are not

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necessarily all the factors that could affect us. Unpredictable or unanticipated factors we have not discussed in this report could also have material adverse effects on actual results of matters that are the subject of our forward-looking statements. We do not intend to update our description of important factors each time a potential important factor arises, except as required by applicable securities laws and regulations. We advise our security holders that they should (1) be aware that factors not referred to above could affect the accuracy of our forward-looking statements and (2) use caution and common sense when considering our forward-looking statements.

GENERAL

In general, our business segments are composed of capital-intensive businesses that rely on large contracts for a substantial amount of their revenues. Each of our business segments is financed on a stand-alone basis. Our debt covenants limit using the financial resources of or the movement of excess cash from one segment for the benefit of the other. For further discussion, see "Liquidity and Capital Resources" below.

As of June 30, 2008, in accordance with the percentage-of-completion method of accounting, we have provided for our estimated costs to complete all of our ongoing contracts. However, it is possible that current estimates could change due to unforeseen events, which could result in adjustments to overall contract costs. The risk on fixed-priced contracts is that revenue from the customer does not rise to cover increases in our costs. It is possible that current estimates could materially change for various reasons, including, but not limited to, fluctuations in forecasted labor productivity, pipeline lay rates or steel and other raw material prices. In some instances, we guarantee completion dates related to our projects. If we subsequently fail to meet these dates, we may be held responsible for cost impacts to our customers, resulting from these delays, generally in the form of contractually agreed-upon liquidated damages. Increases in costs on our fixed-price contracts could have a material adverse impact on our consolidated results of operations, financial condition and cash flows. Alternatively, reductions in overall contract costs at completion could materially improve our consolidated results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

Offshore Oil and Gas Construction Segment

The demand for our Offshore Oil and Gas Construction segment's products and services depends primarily on the capital expenditures of the world's major oil and gas producing companies and national oil companies of foreign governments for construction of development projects in the regions in which we operate. In recent years, the worldwide demand for energy, along with high prices for oil and gas, has led to strong levels of capital expenditures by the major oil and gas producing companies and national oil companies of foreign governments.

The decision-making process for major oil and gas producing companies and national oil companies of foreign governments in making capital expenditures on offshore construction services for a development project differs depending on whether the project involves new or existing development. In the case of new development projects, the demand for offshore construction services generally follows the exploratory drilling and, in some cases, initial development drilling activities. Based on the results of these activities and evaluations of field economics, customers determine whether to install new platforms and new infrastructure, such as subsea gathering lines and pipelines. For existing development projects, demand for offshore construction services is generated by decisions to, among other things, expand development in existing fields and expand existing infrastructure.

Government Operations Segment

The revenues of our Government Operations segment are largely a function of defense spending by the U.S. Government. As a supplier of major nuclear components for certain U.S. Government programs, this segment is a significant participant in the defense industry. With its unique capability of full life-cycle management of special nuclear materials, facilities and technologies, our Government Operations segment is well positioned to continue to

participate in the continuing cleanup, operation and management of the nuclear sites and weapons complexes maintained by the U.S. Department of Energy.

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Power Generation Systems Segment

Our Power Generation Systems segment's overall activity depends mainly on the capital expenditures of electric power generating companies and other steam-using industries. This segment's products and services are capital intensive. As such, customer demand is heavily affected by the variations in each customer's business cycles and by the overall economies of the countries in which it operates.

For a summary of the critical accounting policies and estimates that we use in the preparation of our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements, see Item 7 "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007. There have been no material changes to these policies during the six months ended June 30, 2008, except as disclosed in the notes to condensed consolidated financial statements included in this report.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS – THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 VS. THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

McDermott International, Inc. (Consolidated)

Revenues increased approximately 26%, or \$374.5 million, to \$1,792.6 million in the three months ended June 30, 2008 compared to \$1,418.1 million for the corresponding period of 2007. Our Offshore Oil and Gas Construction segment generated a \$292.3 million, or 50%, increase in its revenues during the second quarter of 2008 compared to the second quarter of 2007. This increase was primarily attributable to increased fabrication and marine activities in its Middle East and Asia Pacific regions, including increased procurement and subcontract revenue from our large engineering, procurement, construction and installation ("EPCI") projects, and increased marine activities in the Gulf of Mexico. Additionally, in the second quarter of 2008, as compared to the second quarter of 2007, our Government Operations segment generated a \$58.1 million, or 35%, increase in its revenues, and our Power Generation Systems segment generated a \$24.5 million, or 4%, increase in its revenues.

Segment operating income increased \$48.5 million to \$237.2 million in the three months ended June 30, 2008 from \$188.7 million for the corresponding period of 2007. The segment operating income of our Offshore Oil and Gas Construction, Government Operations and Power Generation Systems segments increased \$7.0 million, \$8.5 million and \$33.0 million, respectively, in the second quarter of 2008, as compared to the second quarter of 2007. The segment operating income of our Power Generation Systems segment in the three months ended June 30, 2007 included approximately \$50 million of one-time benefits resulting from contract terminations and a variety of settlements.

For purpose of this discussion and the discussions that follow, segment operating income is before equity in income (loss) of investees and gains (losses) on asset disposals – net.

Offshore Oil and Gas Construction

Revenues increased 50%, or \$292.3 million, to \$872.3 million in the three months ended June 30, 2008 compared to \$580.0 million for the corresponding period of 2007, primarily attributable to increased activities in our Asia Pacific (\$135.4 million) and Middle East (\$110.3 million) regions, including increased procurement and subcontract revenue resulting from large EPCI projects, and increased marine activities in the Gulf of Mexico (\$28.2 million). In addition, we experienced increased revenues related to the vessels we acquired in July 2007 from Secunda International Limited (\$20.1 million) and revenues from activity at our new fabrication yard in Altamira, Mexico (\$15.3 million), which commenced operations during April 2008. These increases were partially offset by decreased activities in our Caspian region (\$14.0 million).

Segment operating income increased \$7.0 million to \$99.0 million in the three months ended June 30, 2008 from \$92.0 million for the corresponding period of 2007, primarily attributable to increased activities in our Middle East and Asia Pacific regions and in the Gulf of Mexico. In the second quarter of 2008, our profit margins declined, as compared to the second quarter of 2007, as the 7.6% increase in our 2008 segment operating income was less than our 50% increase in our 2008 revenues. Several factors contributed to our lower profit margins in the second quarter of 2008, including a higher percentage of volume being derived from large EPCI projects that yielded lower contract margins due to increased procurement and third-party subcontracting activities. In addition, we experienced a higher number of unproductive work days for our marine vessels, primarily in our Middle East and Asia Pacific regions, and increased costs for fuel and labor in all areas. We also experienced lower results in our Caspian region, an \$8 million reduction in project close-outs, change orders and settlements and an \$8.8 million

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increase in selling, general and administrative expenses, primarily attributable to the increased employee headcount necessary to support our operations and higher stock-based compensation expense.

Government Operations

Revenues increased approximately 35%, or \$58.1 million, to \$225.8 million in the three months ended June 30, 2008 compared to \$167.7 million for the corresponding period of 2007, primarily attributable to higher volumes in the manufacture of nuclear components for certain U.S. Government programs (\$38.1 million), including increased contract procurement activities and a full quarter of revenues from Marine Mechanical Corporation, which we acquired in May 2007. Additionally, we experienced higher volumes in the manufacture of components for the American Centrifuge Project under a contract that was awarded to us during 2007 (\$20.7 million).

Segment operating income increased \$8.5 million to \$31.7 million in the three months ended June 30, 2008 compared to \$23.2 million for the corresponding period of 2007, primarily attributable to higher volumes in the manufacture of nuclear components for certain U.S. Government programs, including increased contract procurement activities and a full quarter of results from Marine Mechanical Corporation. Additionally, we experienced higher volumes related to the American Centrifuge Project and a decrease in our pension expense. These improvements were partially offset by the completion of a subcontract at a DOE site cleanup in Ohio in 2007 and higher selling, general and administrative expenses, primarily due to increased proposal costs.

Equity in income of investees increased \$4.3 million to \$10.8 million in the three months ended June 30, 2008 compared to the corresponding period of 2007, primarily due to increased profitability from our joint ventures in Idaho, Tennessee and Louisiana.

Power Generation Systems

Revenues increased approximately 4%, or \$24.5 million, to \$698.1 million in the three months ended June 30, 2008 compared to \$673.6 million for the corresponding period of 2007, primarily attributable to increases in revenues from our fabrication, repair and retrofit of existing facilities (\$61.8 million), nuclear service business (\$19.2 million), replacement parts (\$7.9 million), replacement nuclear steam generator business (\$6.7 million), boiler auxiliary equipment (\$3.4 million) and industrial boilers (\$3.1 million). These increases were partially offset by decreased revenues from our utility steam and system fabrication business (\$82.5 million), primarily due to approximately \$120 million in revenues recognized for the five terminated TXU units in the second quarter of 2007.

Segment operating income increased \$33.0 million to \$106.6 million in the three months ended June 30, 2008 compared to \$73.6 million for the corresponding period of 2007, primarily attributable to improvements in our utility steam and system fabrication business. Major components of this increase were improvements associated with our contracts for the supply and construction of coal-fired boilers and environmental equipment in the second quarter of 2008. In the three months ended June 30, 2007, our utility steam and system fabrication business recognized approximately \$50 million of one-time benefits resulting from contract terminations and settlements. In addition to the improvements in our utility steam and system fabrication business in the second quarter of 2008, we experienced improvements in our nuclear service business and improvements in our fabrication, repair and retrofit of existing facilities, replacement parts and replacement nuclear steam generator businesses, as well as operational efficiencies related to combining the fossil and nuclear operating groups under a common management team. We also experienced lower pension plan expenses in the second quarter of 2008. These improvements were partially offset by lower margins in our boiler auxiliary equipment business and higher selling, general and administrative expenses, including higher stock-based compensation expense.

Equity in income (loss) of investees decreased \$2.4 million to a loss of \$0.6 million in the three months ended June 30, 2008 from income of \$1.8 million for the corresponding period of 2007, primarily attributable to material cost increases at our joint venture in China.

Corporate

Unallocated Corporate expenses increased approximately \$1.1 million to \$15.4 million in the three months ended June 30, 2008, as compared to \$14.3 million for the corresponding period of 2007, primarily attributable to increased stock-based compensation expense and higher expenses associated with our development of a global human resources management system.

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Other Income Statement Items

Interest income decreased \$6.7 million to \$9.1 million in the three months ended June 30, 2008, primarily due to lower average interest rates on our investments.

Interest expense decreased \$4.4 million to \$1.0 million in the three months ended June 30, 2008, primarily due to lower amortization of debt issuance costs on our credit facilities.

Other income (expense) – net improved by \$2.8 million to income of \$1.8 million in the three months ended June 30, 2008 from expense of \$1.0 million for the corresponding period of 2007, primarily due to higher currency exchange gains in the second quarter of 2008.

Provision for Income Taxes

We are subject to U.S. federal income tax at a rate of 35% on our U.S. operations, plus the applicable state income taxes on our profitable U.S. subsidiaries. Our non-U.S. earnings are subject to tax at various tax rates and different tax regimes, such as a deemed profits tax regime. These variances, along with variances in our mix of income from these jurisdictions, contribute to shifts in our effective tax rate.

In the three months ended June 30, 2008, the provision for income taxes increased \$21.7 million to \$63.6 million, and income before provision for income taxes increased \$49.9 million to \$241.1 million. Our effective tax rate for the second quarter of 2008 was approximately 26.4%, as compared to 21.9% for the second quarter of 2007. The increase in our effective tax rate was primarily attributable to a higher mix of U.S. versus non-U.S. income and an unfavorable mix within our non-U.S. operations, resulting in a larger proportion of the total book income being taxed at higher rates in the second quarter of 2008 compared to the same period in 2007. These increases were partially offset by the benefit we recognized in the three months ended June 30, 2008 associated with our evaluation of amounts which may ultimately be payable for certain proposed tax adjustments.

Income before provision for income taxes, provision for income taxes and effective tax rates for our U.S. and non-U.S. jurisdictions are as shown below:

		ome			ъ.		c		
	before Pro	OV1S	ion for		Provis	10n	tor		
	Income	e Ta	xes		Income	e Ta	xes	Effective Ta	ax Rate
			For	the	three mon	ths e	ended June 3	30,	
	2008		2007		2008		2007	2008	2007
	(In tho	usar	nds)		(In tho	usan	ids)		
United States	\$ 119,821	\$	74,279	\$	38,395	\$	30,207	32.04%	40.67%
Non-United States	121,320		116,993		25,207		11,691	20.78%	9.99%
Total	\$ 241,141	\$	191,272	\$	63,602	\$	41,898	26.38%	21.90%

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS – SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 vs. SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

McDermott International, Inc. (Consolidated)

Revenues increased approximately 17%, or \$461.5 million, to \$3,243.1 million in the six months ended June 30, 2008 compared to \$2,781.6 million for the corresponding period of 2007. Our Offshore Oil and Gas Construction segment generated a \$388.0 million, or 34%, increase in its revenues in the six months ended June 30, 2008 compared to the same period in 2007, primarily attributable to increased fabrication and marine activities in its Middle East and Asia Pacific regions, including increased procurement and subcontract revenue from our large EPCI projects, and increased

marine activities in the Gulf of Mexico. In addition, our Government Operations segment generated an \$87.3 million, or 27%, increase in its revenues in the six months ended June 30, 2008, as compared to the same period in 2007. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in revenues for our Power Generation Systems segment of approximately \$14.6 million, or 1%, in the six months ended June 30, 2008, as compared to the same period in 2007.

Segment operating income increased \$3.0 million to \$382.2 million in the six months ended June 30, 2008 from \$379.2 million for the corresponding period of 2007. The segment operating income of our Government Operations and Power Generation Systems segments increased \$11.1 million and \$55.1 million, respectively, in the six months ended June 30, 2008, as compared to the same period in 2007. These increases were partially offset by a \$63.2 million decrease in the segment operating income of our Offshore Oil and Gas Construction segment in the six

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months ended June 30, 2008, as compared to the same period in 2007. The segment operating income of our Power Generation Systems segment in the six months ended June 30, 2007 included approximately \$50 million of one-time benefits resulting from contract terminations and a variety of settlements.

Offshore Oil and Gas Construction

Revenues increased 34%, or \$388.0 million, to \$1,518.2 million in the six months ended June 30, 2008 compared to \$1,130.2 million for the corresponding period of 2007, primarily attributable to increased activities in our Asia Pacific (\$198.6 million) and Middle East (\$180.6 million) regions, including increased procurement and subcontract revenue resulting from large EPCI projects, and increased marine activities in the Gulf of Mexico (\$25.9 million). Additionally, we experienced increased revenues related to the vessels we acquired in July 2007 from Secunda International Limited (\$39.1 million) and revenues from activity at our new fabrication yard in Altamira, Mexico (\$17.0 million), which commenced operations in April 2008. These increases were partially offset by decreased activities in our Caspian region (\$97.4 million).

Segment operating income decreased \$63.2 million to \$150.8 million in the six months ended June 30, 2008 from \$214.0 million for the corresponding period of 2007, primarily attributable to a \$38 million reduction in project close-outs, change orders and settlements and a \$24.9 million increase in selling, general and administrative expenses, primarily attributable to the increased employee headcount necessary to support our operations and higher stock-based compensation expense. We also experienced an abnormally high number of unproductive work days for our marine vessels, decreased fabrication activities in our Caspian and Asia Pacific regions, increased costs for fuel and labor in all areas and a higher percentage of our volume being derived from large EPCI projects that yielded lower contract margins due to increased procurement and third-party subcontracting activities.

Gain on asset disposals – net increased \$1.7 million in the six months ended June 30, 2008 compared to the corresponding period of 2007, primarily attributable to the sale of cranes at our fabrication yard in Batam, Indonesia.

Government Operations

Revenues increased approximately 27%, or \$87.3 million, to \$416.4 million in the six months ended June 30, 2008 compared to \$329.1 million for the corresponding period of 2007, primarily attributable to higher volumes in the manufacture of nuclear components for certain U.S. Government programs (\$66.7 million), including increased contract procurement activities and additional volume from Marine Mechanical Corporation, which we acquired in May 2007. Additionally, we experienced higher volumes in the manufacture of components for the American Centrifuge Project under a contract that was awarded to us during 2007 (\$37.9 million) and higher volumes in our management and operating contracts. These increases were partially offset by lower contract man-hour volumes in our commercial nuclear environmental services business and lower revenues from a terminated fuel cell development project.

Segment operating income increased \$11.1 million to \$60.9 million in the six months ended June 30, 2008 compared to \$49.8 million for the corresponding period of 2007, primarily attributable to higher volumes in the manufacture of nuclear components for certain U.S. Government programs, including increased contract procurement activities and additional volume from our acquisition of Marine Mechanical Corporation. In addition, we experienced higher volumes related to the American Centrifuge Project and a decrease in our pension expense. These improvements were partially offset by the completion of a subcontract at a DOE site cleanup in Ohio during 2007 and higher selling, general and administrative expenses, primarily due to increased proposal costs.

Equity in income of investees increased \$6.6 million to \$19.5 million in the six months ended June 30, 2008, primarily due to increased profitability from our joint ventures in Idaho, Tennessee and Louisiana.

Power Generation Systems

Revenues decreased approximately 1%, or \$14.6 million, to \$1,314.4 million in the six months ended June 30, 2008 compared to \$1,329.0 million for the corresponding period of 2007, primarily attributable to decreases in revenues from our utility steam and system fabrication business (\$132.0 million) due to approximately \$243 million in revenues recognized for the five terminated TXU units in 2007. This decrease was partially offset by increased revenues from our fabrication repair and retrofit of existing facilities (\$46.7 million), nuclear service business (\$26.9 million), replacement parts (\$11.2 million), replacement nuclear steam generator business (\$10.5 million), industrial boilers (\$10.4 million) and boiler auxiliary equipment (\$7.7 million).

Segment operating income increased \$55.1 million to \$170.5 million in the six months ended June 30, 2008 compared to \$115.4 million for the corresponding period of 2007, primarily attributable to improvements in our

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utility steam and system fabrication business. Major components of this increase were improvements associated with our contracts for the supply and construction of coal-fired boilers and environmental equipment in the six months ended June 30, 2008. In the six months ended June 30, 2007, our utility steam and system fabrication business recognized approximately \$50 million of one-time benefits resulting from contract terminations and settlements. In addition to the improvements in our utility steam and system fabrication business during 2008, we experienced lower pension plan expense, as well as operational efficiencies related to combining the fossil and nuclear operating groups under a common management team. These items were partially offset by decreases in our boiler auxiliary equipment and operations and maintenance businesses and higher selling, general and administrative expenses, including higher stock-based compensation expense.

Gains (losses) on asset disposals – net increased by \$9.6 million in the six months ended June 30, 2008, primarily attributable to the sale of our facility in Dumbarton, Scotland.

Equity in income of investees decreased \$1.3 million to \$2.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2008, primarily attributable to material cost increases at our joint venture in China.

Corporate

Unallocated corporate expenses increased approximately \$4.2 million to \$25.4 million in the six months ended June 30, 2008, as compared to \$21.2 million for the corresponding period of 2007, primarily attributable to increased stock-based compensation expense and higher expenses associated with our development of a global human resources management system.

Other Income Statement Items

Interest income decreased \$5.6 million to \$22.5 million in the six months ended June 30, 2008, primarily due to lower average interest rates on our investments.

Interest expense decreased \$11.1 million to \$3.9 million in the six months ended June 30, 2008, primarily due to interest during the six months ended June 30, 2007 on the B&W PGG term loan that was retired in April 2007 and lower amortization and costs on our credit facilities.

Other income – net expense decreased \$2.7 million to \$2.2 million in the six months ended June 30, 2008, primarily due to lower currency exchange losses and a gain on the sale of securities in the current period.

Provision for Income Taxes

We are subject to U.S. federal income tax at a rate of 35% on our U.S. operations, plus the applicable state income taxes on our profitable U.S. subsidiaries. Our non-U.S. earnings are subject to tax at various tax rates and different tax regimes, such as a deemed profits tax regime. These variances, along with variances in our mix of income from these jurisdictions, contribute to shifts in our effective tax rate.

In the six months ended June 30, 2008, the provision for income taxes increased \$28.8 million to \$104.0 million, and income before provision for income taxes increased \$22.1 million to \$404.7 million. Our effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2008 was approximately 25.7%, as compared to 19.7% for the corresponding period of 2007. The increase in our effective tax rate was primarily attributable to a higher mix of U.S. versus non-U.S. income and an unfavorable mix within our non-U.S. operations, resulting in a larger proportion of the total book income being taxed at higher rates in the six months ended June 30, 2008 compared to the same period of 2007. These increases were partially offset by the benefit we recognized in the six months ended June 30, 2008 associated with our evaluation of amounts which may ultimately be payable for certain proposed tax adjustments.

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Income before provision for income taxes, provision for income taxes and effective tax rates for our U.S. and non-U.S. jurisdictions are as shown below:

	Inco	ome	;						
	before Pro	visi	ion for		Provis	ion	for		
	Income	e Ta	xes		Income	Ta	xes	Effective Ta	x Rate
			Fo	r the	e six montl	is ei	nded June 30,		
	2008		2007		2008		2007	2008	2007
	(In tho	usar	nds)		(In tho	ısan	ds)		
United States	\$ 181,966	\$	117,170	\$	62,349	\$	48,216	34.26%	41.15%
Non-United States	222,745		265,439		41,633		26,958	18.69%	10.16%
Total	\$ 404,711	\$	382,609	\$	103,982	\$	75,174	25.69%	19.65%

Backlog

Backlog is not a measure recognized by generally accepted accounting principles. It is possible that our methodology for determining backlog may not be comparable to methods used by other companies. We generally include expected revenue in our backlog when we receive written confirmation from our customers. Backlog may not be indicative of future results.

			Dec	cember
	Ju	ne 30,		31,
	2	2008	2	2007
		(Unau	dited))
		(In mi	llions)
Offshore Oil and Gas Construction	\$	5,272	\$	4,753
Government Operations		1,502		1,791
Power Generation Systems		2,998		3,276
Total Backlog	\$	9,772	\$	9,820

Of the June 30, 2008 backlog, we expect to recognize revenues as follows:

	Q3 2008	Q4	2008		2009	Th	ereafter
		_	(Unau		,		
		(In app	roxin	nate r	millions)		
Offshore Oil and Gas Construction	\$ 1,180	\$	850	\$	2,110	\$	1,130
Government Operations	150		160		480		710
Power Generation Systems	500		430		910		1,160
Total Backlog	\$ 1,830	\$ 1	,440	\$	3,500	\$	3,000

At June 30, 2008, Government Operations' backlog with the U. S. Government was \$1.5 billion, which was substantially fully funded. Only \$8.3 million had not been funded as of June 30, 2008.

At June 30, 2008, Power Generation Systems' backlog with the U. S. Government was \$28.8 million, all of which was fully funded.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Offshore Oil and Gas Construction

On June 6, 2006, one of our subsidiaries, J. Ray McDermott, S.A., entered into a senior secured credit facility with a syndicate of lenders (the "JRMSA Credit Facility"). During April 2008, the JRMSA Credit Facility was amended to increase the revolving credit facility by \$300 million to \$800 million. The JRMSA Credit Facility now provides for borrowings and issuances of letters of credit in an aggregate amount of up to \$800 and matures on June 6, 2011. The proceeds of the JRMSA Credit Facility are available for working capital needs and other general corporate purposes of our Offshore Oil and Gas Construction segment.

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JRMSA's obligations under the JRMSA Credit Facility are unconditionally guaranteed by substantially all of our wholly owned subsidiaries comprising our Offshore Oil and Gas Construction segment and secured by liens on substantially all the assets of those subsidiaries (other than cash, cash equivalents, equipment and certain foreign assets), including their major marine vessels.

Other than customary mandatory prepayments on certain contingent events, the JRMSA Credit Facility requires only interest payments on a quarterly basis until maturity. JRMSA is permitted to prepay amounts outstanding under the JRMSA Credit Facility at any time without penalty.

The JRMSA Credit Facility contains customary financial covenants relating to leverage and interest coverage and includes covenants that restrict, among other things, debt incurrence, liens, investments, acquisitions, asset dispositions, dividends, prepayments of subordinated debt, mergers, transactions with affiliates and capital expenditures. At June 30, 2008, JRMSA was in compliance with all of the covenants set forth in the JRMSA Credit Facility.

At June 30, 2008, there were no borrowings outstanding and letters of credit issued under the JRMSA Credit Facility totaled \$281.7 million. At June 30, 2008, there was \$518.3 million available for borrowings or to meet letter of credit requirements under the JRMSA Credit Facility. If there had been borrowings under this facility, the applicable interest rate at June 30, 2008 would have been 3.96% per year. In addition, JRMSA and its subsidiaries had \$255.3 million in outstanding unsecured letters of credit under separate arrangements with financial institutions at June 30, 2008.

In December 2005, JRMSA, as guarantor, and its subsidiary, J. Ray McDermott Middle East, Inc. ("JRM Middle East"), entered into a \$105.2 million unsecured performance guarantee issuance facility with a syndicate of commercial banking institutions to provide credit support for bank guarantees issued in connection with three major projects. On February 3, 2008, JRM Middle East entered into a new \$88.8 million unsecured performance guarantee issuance facility to replace the \$105.2 million facility, which it terminated on February 14, 2008. The outstanding amount under this facility is included in the \$255.3 million of outstanding letters of credit referenced above. This new facility continues to provide credit support for bank guarantees for the duration of the three projects. On an annualized basis, the average commission rate of the new facility is less than 1.5%, compared to less than 4.5% for the former facility. JRMSA is also a guarantor of the new facility.

Based on the liquidity position of our Offshore Oil and Gas Construction segment, we believe this segment has sufficient cash and letter of credit and borrowing capacity to fund its operating requirements for at least the next 12 months.

Government Operations

On December 9, 2003, one of our subsidiaries, BWX Technologies, Inc. ("BWXT"), entered into a senior unsecured credit facility with a syndicate of lenders (the "BWXT Credit Facility"), which is currently scheduled to mature March 18, 2010. This facility provides for borrowings and issuances of letters of credit in an aggregate amount of up to \$135 million. The proceeds of the BWXT Credit Facility are available for working capital needs and other general corporate purposes of our Government Operations segment.

The BWXT Credit Facility contains customary financial and nonfinancial covenants and reporting requirements. The financial covenants require maintenance of a maximum leverage ratio, a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio and a maximum debt to capitalization ratio within our Government Operations segment.

At June 30, 2008, BWXT was in compliance with all of the covenants set forth in the BWXT Credit Facility.

The BWXT Credit Facility only requires interest payments on a quarterly basis until maturity. Amounts outstanding under the BWXT Credit Facility may be prepaid at any time without penalty.

At June 30, 2008, there were no borrowings outstanding and letters of credit issued under the BWXT Credit Facility totaled \$42.7 million. At June 30, 2008, there was \$92.3 million available for borrowings or to meet letter of credit requirements under the BWXT Credit Facility. If there had been borrowings under this facility, the applicable interest rate at June 30, 2008 would have been 3.71% per year. In addition, BWXT and its subsidiaries had \$0.1 million in outstanding unsecured letters of credit under a separate arrangement with a financial institution at June 30, 2008.

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Based on the liquidity position of our Government Operations segment, we believe this segment has sufficient cash and letter of credit and borrowing capacity to fund its operating requirements for at least the next 12 months.

Power Generation Systems

On February 22, 2006, one of our subsidiaries, Babcock & Wilcox Power Generation Group, Inc., entered into a senior secured credit facility with a syndicate of lenders (the "B&W PGG Credit Facility"). This facility provides for borrowings and issuances of letters of credit in an aggregate amount of up to \$400 million. The proceeds of the B&W PGG Credit Facility are available for working capital needs and other similar corporate purposes of our Power Generation Systems segment.

B&W PGG's obligations under the B&W PGG Credit Facility are unconditionally guaranteed by all of our domestic subsidiaries included in our Power Generation Systems segment and secured by liens on substantially all the assets of those subsidiaries, excluding cash and cash equivalents.

The B&W PGG Credit Facility only requires interest payments on a quarterly basis until maturity. Amounts outstanding under the B&W PGG Credit Facility may be prepaid at any time without penalty.

The B&W PGG Credit Facility contains customary financial covenants, including maintenance of a maximum leverage ratio and a minimum interest coverage ratio within our Power Generation Systems segment and covenants that, among other things, restrict the ability of this segment to incur debt, create liens, make investments and acquisitions, sell assets, pay dividends, prepay subordinated debt, merge with other entities, engage in transactions with affiliates and make capital expenditures. At June 30, 2008, B&W PGG was in compliance with all of the covenants set forth in the B&W PGG Credit Facility.

As of June 30, 2008, there were no outstanding borrowings and letters of credit issued under the B&W PGG Credit Facility totaled \$197.8 million. At June 30, 2008, there was \$202.2 million available for borrowings or to meet letter of credit requirements under the B&W PGG Credit Facility. If there had been borrowings under this facility, the applicable interest rate at June 30, 2008 would have been 3.46% per year.

Based on the liquidity position of our Power Generation Systems segment, we believe this segment has sufficient cash and letter of credit and borrowing capacity to fund its operating requirements for at least the next 12 months.

Other

In aggregate, our cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash and cash equivalents and investments decreased by approximately \$197.6 million to \$1,330.7 million at June 30, 2008 from \$1,528.3 million at December 31, 2007, primarily due to (1) cash used in operations, resulting from net contracts in progress and advance billings and pension liabilities and (2) purchases of property, plant and equipment.

Our working capital, excluding cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash and cash equivalents, increased by approximately \$406.5 million to a negative \$598.7 million at June 30, 2008 from a negative \$1,005.2 million at December 31, 2007, primarily due to the increase in the net amount of contracts in progress and advance billings.

Our net cash used in operations was approximately \$86.4 million in the six months ended June 30, 2008, compared to net cash provided by operations of approximately \$843.4 million in corresponding period of 2007. This decrease was primarily attributable to changes in net contracts in progress and advance billings and a federal tax refund in April 2007 of \$274 million reflected in the change in income taxes receivable.

Our net cash used in investing activities increased by approximately \$80.4 million to approximately \$240.4 million in the six months ended June 30, 2008 from approximately \$160.0 million in the same period for 2007. This increase in net cash used in investing activities was primarily attributable to a net increase in available-for-sale securities during 2008, as compared to a net decrease during 2007. This increase was partially offset by the absence of business acquisitions during the six months ended June 30, 2008, as compared to the \$71 million acquisition of Marine Mechanical Corporation during 2007.

Our net cash provided by (used in) financing activities changed by approximately \$230.4 million to net cash provided by financing activities of \$4.8 million in the six months ended June 30, 2008 from net cash used in

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financing activities of \$225.6 million in the corresponding period of 2007, primarily due to the repayment of \$250 million in borrowings under the B&W PGG Credit Facility in April 2007.

At June 30, 2008, we had restricted cash and cash equivalents totaling \$70.0 million, of which \$68.7 million is held in restricted foreign accounts and \$1.3 million is required to meet reinsurance reserve requirements of our captive insurance companies.

At June 30, 2008, we had investments with a fair value of \$582.1 million. Our investment portfolio consists primarily of investments in government obligations and other highly liquid money market instruments. As of June 30, 2008, we had pledged approximately \$30.4 million fair value of these investments to secure a letter of credit in connection with certain reinsurance agreements.

See Note 1 to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included in this report for information on new accounting standards.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Our exposures to market risks have not changed materially from those disclosed in Item 7A included in Part II of our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

As of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as that term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) adopted by the SEC under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act'')). Our disclosure controls and procedures were developed through a process in which our management applied its judgment in assessing the costs and benefits of such controls and procedures, which, by their nature, can provide only reasonable assurance regarding the control objectives. You should note that the design of any system of disclosure controls and procedures is based in part upon various assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and we cannot assure you that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions, regardless of how remote. Based on the evaluation referred to above, our Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer concluded that the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures are effective as of June 30, 2008 to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the Securities and Exchange Commission, and such information is accumulated and communicated to management as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding disclosure. There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended June 30, 2008 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

For information regarding ongoing investigations and litigation, see Note 3 to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements in Part I of this report, which we incorporate by reference into this Item.

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Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

			Total number of shares purchased as part of publicly	number of shares that may yet be
Period	Total number of shares purchased	Average price paid per share	announced plans or programs	purchased under the plans or programs
April 1, 2008 - April 30, 2008	107,688	\$57.89	not applicable	not applicable
May 1, 2008 - May 31, 2008	-	-	not applicable	not applicable
June 1, 2008 - June 30, 2008	-	-	not applicable	not applicable
Total	107,688	\$57.89	not applicable	not applicable

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Securities Holders

At our annual meeting of stockholders held on May 9, 2008, we submitted the following matters to our stockholders, with voting as follows:

(a) The election of three directors:

Class I — For a one-year term

Nominee	Votes For	Votes Withheld				
Roger A. Brown	207,971,948	1,283,341				
Oliver D. Kingsley, Jr.	207,981,500	1,273,789				
Bruce W. Wilkinson	206,997,524	2,257,765				
		III, Ronald C. Cambre, Robert W. Go	•			
	Robert L. Howard, D. Bradley McWilliams and Thomas C. Schievelbein continued as directors pursuant to their prior election.					
	Schievelbein con	inued as directors pursuant to their pr	for election.			
(b)	period within whi	A proposal to amend our Articles of Incorporation to change the period within which our Board of Directors may set a record date for a meeting of stockholders:				

Votes For	Votes Against	Abstentions
203,994,352	663,760	4,597,177

(c) A proposal to ratify the appointment of Deloitte & Touche LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm for the year ending December 31, 2008:

Votes For 208,098,424

Votes Against 899,146 Abstentions 257,719

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Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit 3.1* - McDermott International, Inc.'s Articles of Incorporation, as amended (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to McDermott International, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2007 (File No. 1-08430)).

Exhibit 3.2* - McDermott International, Inc.'s Amended and Restated By-Laws (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to McDermott International, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated May 3, 2006 (File No. 1-08430)).

Exhibit 3.3* - Amended and Restated Certificate of Designation of Series D Participating Preferred Stock (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to McDermott International, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2001 (File No. 1-08430)).

Exhibit 4.1* - Fifth Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated as of April 7, 2008, by and between J. Ray McDermott, S.A., certain guarantors thereto, certain lenders and issuers party thereto, Credit Suisse, Cayman Islands Branch, as administrative agent and collateral agent, and other agents party thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to McDermott International, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated April 7, 2008 (File No. 1-08430)).

Exhibit 31.1 - Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) certification of Chief Executive Officer.

Exhibit 31.2 - Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) certification of Chief Financial Officer.

Exhibit 32.1 - Section 1350 certification of Chief Executive Officer.

Exhibit 32.2 - Section 1350 certification of Chief Financial Officer.

*Incorporated by reference to the filing indicated.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

McDERMOTT INTERNATIONAL, INC.

/s/ Michael S. Taff

By: Michael S. Taff

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial

Officer

(Principal Financial Officer and Duly

Authorized Representative)

/s/ Dennis S. Baldwin

By: Dennis S. Baldwin

Vice President and Chief Accounting

Officer

(Principal Accounting Officer and Duly

Authorized Representative)

August 11, 2008

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EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number Description

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- 32.2 Section 1350 certification of Chief Financial Officer.

^{*}Incorporated by reference to the filing indicated.