

PROCTER & GAMBLE Co  
Form S-3ASR  
October 20, 2017  
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Registration No. 333-

As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 20, 2017

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UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

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FORM S-3  
REGISTRATION STATEMENT  
UNDER  
THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

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The Procter & Gamble Company  
(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)  
Ohio  
(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)  
31-0411980  
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)  
One Procter & Gamble Plaza, Cincinnati, Ohio 45202  
(513) 983-1100  
(Address, Including Zip Code, and Telephone Number,  
Including Area Code, of Registrant's Principal Executive Offices)

The Procter & Gamble U.K. Share Investment Scheme

Deborah P. Majoras, Chief Legal Officer and Secretary  
The Procter & Gamble Company  
One Procter & Gamble Plaza, Cincinnati, Ohio 45202  
(513) 983-1100  
(Name, address, including zip code, and telephone number,  
Including area code, of agent for service)

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Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public: From time to time after the effective date of this registration statement.

If the only securities being registered on this Form are being offered pursuant to dividend or interest reinvestment plans, please check the following box.

If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, other than securities offered only in connection with dividend or interest

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reinvestment plans, check the following box.

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, please check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

If this Form is a registration statement pursuant to General Instruction I.D. or a post-effective amendment thereto that shall become effective upon filing with the Commission pursuant to Rule 462(e) under the Securities Act, check the following box.

If this Form is a post-effective amendment to a registration statement filed pursuant to General Instruction I.D. filed to register additional securities or additional classes of securities pursuant to Rule 413(b) under the Securities Act, check the following box.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer		Accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer	(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	Smaller reporting company
		Emerging growth company

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CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

Title of Each Class of Securities To Be Registered	Amount To Be Registered	Proposed Maximum Offering Price Per Unit <sup>1</sup>	Proposed Maximum Offering Price	Amount of Registration Fee <sup>2</sup>
Common Stock (without par value)	100,000	\$ 92.745	\$ 9,274,500	\$ 1,154.68

Estimated solely for the purpose of calculating the registration fee pursuant to Rule 457(c) of the Securities Act on (1) the basis of the average of the high and low prices of the Common Stock on the New York Stock Exchange on October 17, 2017, within five business days prior to filing.

(2) Pursuant to Rule 457(p) under the Securities Act, the registrant is applying the filing fee of \$136.19 associated with certain unsold securities under its Registration Statement on Form S-3ASR (File No. 333- 199613), originally filed by the registrant on October 27, 2014, to partially offset the entire registration fee of \$1,154.68 that would otherwise be due in connection with this Registration Statement. As a result, \$1,018.49 is being remitted herewith.

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PROSPECTUS

The Procter & Gamble Company

100,000 Shares  
of  
Common Stock  
(without par value)  
To Participants in The  
Procter & Gamble U.K.  
Share Investment Scheme

All purchases of securities made pursuant to The Procter & Gamble U.K. Share Investment Scheme (the "Plan") may be made on any securities exchange on which common stock of The Procter & Gamble Company is traded, in the over-the-counter market, by negotiated transactions or by purchasing the beneficial interests in shares held by Plan participants wishing to sell their shares. The Company has no control over the prices at which the agent purchases shares of The Procter & Gamble Company common stock pursuant to the Plan. For detailed information regarding the terms and conditions of purchases made under the Plan, you should carefully read this prospectus and any supplement before you invest. You should also read the "Incorporation of Certain Information by Reference" section of this prospectus for information on us and our financial statements. The Procter & Gamble Company's common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the ticker symbol "PG".

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INVESTING IN OUR SECURITIES INVOLVES RISKS. YOU SHOULD CAREFULLY CONSIDER THE RISKS DESCRIBED UNDER THE CAPTION "RISK FACTORS" BEGINNING ON PAGE 2 OF THIS PROSPECTUS, IN THE DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE INTO THIS PROSPECTUS AND IN ANY APPLICABLE PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT BEFORE YOU MAKE AN INVESTMENT IN OUR SECURITIES.

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NEITHER THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION NOR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION HAS APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED OF THESE SECURITIES OR PASSED UPON THE ACCURACY OR ADEQUACY OF THIS PROSPECTUS. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

The date of this Prospectus is October 20, 2017

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No person has been authorized to give any information or to make any representations other than those contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus and if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized. This prospectus does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy any securities other than the securities described in this prospectus, or an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy such securities in any circumstances in which such offer or solicitation is unlawful.

You should not assume that the information contained in this prospectus is accurate as of any date other than the date listed on the bottom of the front cover of this prospectus. You should not assume that the information contained in the documents incorporated by reference in this prospectus is accurate as of any date other than the respective dates of those documents. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed since those dates.

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## PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

### THE PROCTER & GAMBLE U.K. SHARE INVESTMENT SCHEME

The Procter & Gamble U.K. Share Investment Scheme ("Plan") is a direct stock purchase plan designed to encourage long-term investment in The Procter & Gamble Company ("the Company" or "P&G") common stock ("Common Stock") by providing eligible employees and retirees with a convenient and economical method to purchase Company shares and to reinvest cash dividends toward the purchase of additional shares. If you are a member of another U.K. investment plan (e.g., the 1-4-1 Plan or the Matched Savings Share Purchase Plan ("MSSPP")) and are already contributing the maximum amount allowed, or if you simply have a lump sum that you want to invest in the Company, this is the Plan to use. It is a means for you to invest in the potential long term growth and success of the Company.

The Plan is voluntary and is designed to allow employees and retirees to invest in the Company at lower administration costs than through normal open market channels.

Unlike the 1-4-1 Plan, the Plan offers no tax advantage. The Company pays the broker's fees for buying the shares, but not for selling them and is not liable for any tax or other charges levied on a member arising from the operation of the Plan.

All permanent UK employees of the Company and its subsidiaries are eligible to participate in the Plan. This includes those on unpaid leave of absence, temporary assignment overseas and employees of P&G or any of its subsidiaries on assignment in the UK. P&G UK retirees are also eligible.

It is recommended that this prospectus be retained for future reference.

### THE COMPANY

The Procter & Gamble Company is focused on providing branded consumer packaged goods of superior quality and value to improve the lives of the world's consumers. The Company was incorporated in Ohio in 1905, having been built from a business founded in 1837 by William Procter and James Gamble. Today, we sell our products in more than 180 countries and territories. Our principal executive offices are located at One Procter & Gamble Plaza, Cincinnati, Ohio 45202, and our telephone number is (513) 983-1100.

Following is a listing you may use to contact the Plan administrator:

Written Inquiries: The Procter & Gamble Share Investment Plan Administrator  
Capita Asset Services, Share Plans, The Registry  
34 Beckenham Road  
Beckenham  
Kent  
BR3 4TU

Telephone Inquiries: 020 8639 2456

Email Inquiries: [www.capitashareportal.com](http://www.capitashareportal.com)

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## RISK FACTORS

We discuss our expectations regarding future performance, events and outcomes, such as our business outlook and objectives in our Form 10-K, quarterly and annual reports, press releases and other written and oral communications. All statements, except for historical and present factual information, are "forward-looking statements" and are based on financial data and business plans available only as of the time the statements are made, which may become outdated or incomplete. We assume no obligation to update any forward-looking statements as a result of new information, future events or other factors. Forward-looking statements are inherently uncertain, and investors must recognize that events could significantly differ from our expectations.

The following discussion of "risk factors" identifies significant factors that may adversely affect our business, operations, financial position or future financial performance. This information should be read in conjunction with the MD&A and the Consolidated Financial Statements and related Notes incorporated in this report. The following discussion of risks is not all inclusive, but is designed to highlight what we believe are important factors to consider when evaluating our expectations. These and other factors could cause our future results to differ from those in the forward-looking statements and from historical trends.

Our business is subject to numerous risks as a result of our having significant operations and sales in international markets, including foreign currency fluctuations, currency exchange or pricing controls and localized volatility. We are a global company, with operations in approximately 70 countries and products sold in more than 180 countries and territories around the world. We hold assets, incur liabilities, earn revenues and pay expenses in a variety of currencies other than the U.S. dollar, and our operations outside the U.S. generate a significant portion of our net revenue. Fluctuations in exchange rates for foreign currencies may reduce the U.S. dollar value of revenues, profits and cash flows we receive from non-U.S. markets, increase our supply costs (as measured in U.S. dollars) in those markets, negatively impact our competitiveness in those markets or otherwise adversely impact our business results or financial condition. Moreover, discriminatory or conflicting fiscal or trade policies in different countries could adversely affect our results. See also the Results of Operations and Cash Flow, Financial Condition and Liquidity sections of the MD&A and Note 9 to our Consolidated Financial Statements.

We also have businesses and maintain local currency cash balances in a number of countries with exchange, import authorization, pricing or other controls or restrictions, including Nigeria and Ukraine. Our results of operations and financial condition could be adversely impacted if we are unable to successfully manage such controls and restrictions, continue existing business operations and repatriate earnings from overseas, or if new or increased tariffs, quotas, exchange or price controls, trade barriers or similar restrictions are imposed on our business.

Additionally, our business, operations or employees may be adversely affected by political volatility, labor market disruptions or other crises or vulnerabilities in individual countries or regions, including political instability or upheaval, broad economic instability or sovereign risk related to a default by or deterioration in the credit worthiness of local governments, particularly in emerging markets.

Uncertain global economic conditions may adversely impact demand for our products or cause our customers and other business partners to suffer financial hardship, which could adversely impact our business.

Our business could be negatively impacted by reduced demand for our products related to one or more significant local, regional or global economic disruptions, such as: a slow-down in the general economy; reduced market growth rates; tighter credit markets for our suppliers, vendors or customers; a significant shift in government policies; or the inability to conduct day-to-day transactions through our financial intermediaries to pay funds to or collect funds from our customers, vendors and suppliers. Additionally, economic conditions may cause our suppliers, distributors, contractors or other third party partners to suffer financial difficulties that they cannot overcome, resulting in their inability to provide us with the materials and services we need, in which case our business and results of operations could be adversely affected. Customers may also suffer financial hardships due to economic conditions such that their accounts become uncollectible or are subject to longer collection cycles. In addition, if we are unable to generate sufficient income and cash flow, it could affect the Company's ability to achieve expected share repurchase and

dividend payments.

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Disruptions in credit markets or changes to our credit ratings may reduce our access to credit.

A disruption in the credit markets or a downgrade of our current credit rating could increase our future borrowing costs and impair our ability to access capital and credit markets on terms commercially acceptable to us, which could adversely affect our liquidity and capital resources or significantly increase our cost of capital.

Disruption in our global supply chain may negatively impact our business results.

Our ability to meet our customers' needs and achieve cost targets depends on our ability to maintain key manufacturing and supply arrangements, including execution of supply chain optimizations and certain sole supplier or sole manufacturing plant arrangements. The loss or disruption of such manufacturing and supply arrangements, including for issues such as labor disputes, loss or impairment of key manufacturing sites, discontinuity in our internal information and data systems, inability to procure sufficient raw or input materials, significant changes in trade policy, natural disasters, acts of war or terrorism or other external factors over which we have no control, could interrupt product supply and, if not effectively managed and remedied, have an adverse impact on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

Our businesses face cost fluctuations and pressures that could affect our business results.

Our costs are subject to fluctuations, particularly due to changes in the prices of commodities and raw materials and the costs of labor, transportation, energy, pension and healthcare. Therefore, our business results are dependent, in part, on our continued ability to manage these fluctuations through pricing actions, cost saving projects and sourcing decisions, while maintaining and improving margins and market share. Failure to manage these fluctuations could adversely impact our financial results.

Our ability to meet our growth targets depends on successful product, marketing and operations innovation and successful responses to competitive innovation and changing consumer habits.

We are a consumer products company that relies on continued global demand for our brands and products. Achieving our business results depends, in part, on successfully developing, introducing and marketing new products and on making significant improvements to our equipment and manufacturing processes. The success of such innovation depends on our ability to correctly anticipate customer and consumer acceptance and trends, to obtain, maintain and enforce necessary intellectual property protections and to avoid infringing upon the intellectual property rights of others. We must also successfully respond to technological advances made by, and intellectual property rights granted to, competitors. Failure to continually innovate, improve and respond to competitive moves and changing consumer habits could compromise our competitive position and adversely impact our results.

The ability to achieve our business objectives is dependent on how well we can compete with our local and global competitors in new and existing markets and channels.

The consumer products industry is highly competitive. Across all of our categories, we compete against a wide variety of global and local competitors. As a result, we experience ongoing competitive pressures in the environments in which we operate, as well as challenges in maintaining profit margins. To address these challenges, we must be able to successfully respond to competitive factors, including pricing, promotional incentives and trade terms. In addition, evolving sales channels and business models may affect customer and consumer preferences as well as market dynamics, which, for example, may be seen in the growing consumer preference for shopping online. Failure to successfully respond to competitive factors and effectively compete in growing sales channels and business models, particularly e-commerce, could negatively impact our results.

A significant change in customer relationships or in customer demand for our products could have a significant impact on our business.

We sell most of our products via retail customers, which include mass merchandisers, grocery stores, membership club stores, drug stores, department stores, distributors, wholesalers, baby stores, specialty beauty stores, e-commerce, high-frequency stores and pharmacies. Our success is dependent on our ability to successfully manage relationships with our retail trade customers, which includes our ability to offer trade terms that are mutually acceptable and are aligned with our pricing and profitability targets. Continued concentration among our retail customers could create significant cost and margin pressure on our business, and our business performance could suffer if we cannot reach agreement with a key customer on trade terms and principles. Our business could also be negatively impacted if a key customer were to significantly reduce the inventory level of our products or experience a significant business disruption.

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If the reputation of the Company or one or more of our brands erodes significantly, it could have a material impact on our financial results.

The Company's reputation, and the reputation of our brands, form the foundation of our relationships with key stakeholders and other constituencies, including consumers, customers and suppliers. The quality and safety of our products are critical to our business. Many of our brands have worldwide recognition and our financial success is directly dependent on the success of our brands. The success of our brands can suffer if our marketing plans or product initiatives do not have the desired impact on a brand's image or its ability to attract consumers. Our results could also be negatively impacted if one of our brands suffers substantial harm to its reputation due to a significant product recall, product-related litigation, changing consumer perceptions of certain ingredients, allegations of product tampering or the distribution and sale of counterfeit products. Additionally, negative or inaccurate postings or comments on social media or networking websites about the Company or one of its brands could generate adverse publicity that could damage the reputation of our brands or the Company. If we are unable to effectively manage real or perceived issues, including concerns about safety, quality, ingredients, efficacy or similar matters, sentiments toward the Company or our products could be negatively impacted and our financial results could suffer. Our Company also devotes significant time and resources to programs that are consistent with our corporate values and are designed to protect and preserve our reputation, such as social responsibility and environmental sustainability. If these programs are not executed as planned or suffer negative publicity, the Company's reputation and financial results could be adversely impacted.

We rely on third parties in many aspects of our business, which creates additional risk.

Due to the scale and scope of our business, we must rely on relationships with third parties, including our suppliers, distributors, contractors, joint venture partners and external business partners, for certain functions. If we are unable to effectively manage our third party relationships and the agreements under which our third party partners operate, our financial results could suffer. Additionally, while we have policies and procedures for managing these relationships, they inherently involve a lesser degree of control over business operations, governance and compliance, thereby potentially increasing our financial, legal, reputational and operational risk.

An information security incident, including a cybersecurity breach, or the failure of one or more key information technology systems, networks, hardware, processes, and/or associated sites owned or operated by the Company or one of its service providers could have a material adverse impact on our business or reputation.

We rely extensively on information technology (IT) systems, networks and services, including internet and intranet sites, data hosting and processing facilities and tools, physical security systems and other hardware, software and technical applications and platforms, many of which are managed, hosted, provided and/or used by third parties or their vendors, to assist in conducting our business. The various uses of these IT systems, networks and services include, but are not limited to:

- ordering and managing materials from suppliers;
- converting materials to finished products;
- shipping products to customers;
- marketing and selling products to consumers;
- collecting, transferring, storing and/or processing customer, consumer, employee, vendor, investor, and other stakeholder information and personal data;
- summarizing and reporting results of operations, including financial reporting;
- hosting, processing and sharing, as appropriate, confidential and proprietary research, business plans and financial information;
- collaborating via an online and efficient means of global business communications;
- complying with regulatory, legal and tax requirements;
- providing data security; and
- handling other processes necessary to manage our business.

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Numerous and evolving information security threats, including advanced persistent cybersecurity threats, pose a risk to the security of our IT systems, networks and services, as well as to the confidentiality, availability and integrity of our data and of our critical business operations. As cybersecurity threats rapidly evolve in sophistication and become more prevalent across the industry globally, the Company is continually increasing its attention to these threats. We continue to assess potential threats and vulnerabilities and make investments seeking to address them, including monitoring of networks and systems, increasing information security skills, deploying employee security training, and updating security policies for the Company and its third-party providers. However, because the techniques used in cyber attacks change frequently and may be difficult to detect for periods of time, we may face difficulties in anticipating and implementing adequate preventative measures or mitigating harms after such an attack. Our IT databases and systems and our third-party providers' databases and systems have been, and will likely continue to be, subject to advanced computer viruses or other malicious codes, unauthorized access attempts, denial of service attacks, phishing and other cyber-attacks. To date, we have seen no material impact on our business or operations from these attacks; however, we cannot guarantee that our security efforts or the security efforts of our third-party providers will prevent breaches, operational incidents or other breakdowns to our or our third-party providers' databases or systems. If the IT systems, networks or service providers we rely upon fail to function properly or cause operational outages or aberrations, or if we or one of our third-party providers suffer a loss, significant unavailability of key operations or disclosure of our sensitive business or stakeholder information, due to any number of causes, ranging from catastrophic events or power outages to improper data handling or security incidents, and our business continuity plans do not effectively address these failures on a timely basis, we may be exposed to reputational, competitive, operational and business harm as well as litigation and regulatory action. The costs and operational consequences of responding to the above items and implementing remediation measures could be significant and could adversely impact our results.

Changing political conditions could adversely impact our business and financial results.

Changes in the political conditions in markets in which we manufacture, sell or distribute our products may be difficult to predict and may adversely affect our business and financial results. For example, the United Kingdom's decision to leave the European Union has created uncertainty regarding, among other things, the U.K.'s future legal and economic framework and how the U.K. will interact with other countries, including with respect to the free movement of goods, services and people. In addition, results of elections, referendums or other political processes in certain markets in which our products are manufactured, sold or distributed could create uncertainty regarding how existing governmental policies, laws and regulations may change, including with respect to sanctions, taxes, the movement of goods, services and people between countries and other matters. The potential implications of such uncertainty, which include, among others, exchange rate fluctuations and market contraction, could adversely affect the Company's business and financial results.

We must successfully manage compliance with laws and regulations, as well as manage new and pending legal and regulatory matters in the U.S. and abroad.

Our business is subject to a wide variety of laws and regulations across all of the countries in which we do business, including those laws and regulations involving intellectual property, product liability, marketing, antitrust, privacy, environmental, employment, anti-bribery, anti-corruption, tax, accounting and financial reporting or other matters. Rapidly changing laws, regulations and related interpretations, as well as increased enforcement actions, create challenges for the Company, including our compliance and ethics programs, and may alter the environment in which we do business, which could adversely impact our financial results. If we are unable to continue to meet these challenges and comply with all laws, regulations and related interpretations, it could negatively impact our reputation and our business results. Failure to successfully manage regulatory and legal matters and resolve such matters without significant liability or damage to our reputation may materially adversely impact our results of operations and financial position. Furthermore, if pending legal or regulatory matters result in fines or costs in excess of the amounts accrued to date, that may also materially impact our results of operations and financial position.

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Changes in applicable tax regulations and resolutions of tax disputes could negatively affect our financial results. The Company is subject to taxation in the U.S. and numerous foreign jurisdictions. Because the U.S. maintains a worldwide corporate tax system, the foreign and U.S. tax systems are somewhat interdependent. For example, certain income that is earned and taxed in countries outside the U.S. is not taxed in the U.S., provided those earnings are indefinitely reinvested outside the U.S. If those same foreign earnings are instead repatriated to the U.S., additional residual U.S. taxation will likely occur, due to the U.S.'s worldwide tax system and higher U.S. corporate tax rate. The U.S. is considering corporate tax reform that may significantly change the corporate tax rate and the U.S. international tax rules. Additionally, longstanding international tax norms that determine each country's jurisdiction to tax cross-border international trade are evolving as a result of the Base Erosion and Profit Shifting reporting requirements ("BEPS") recommended by the G8, G20 and Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development ("OECD"). As these and other tax laws and related regulations change, our financial results could be materially impacted. Given the unpredictability of these possible changes and their potential interdependency, it is very difficult to assess whether the overall effect of such potential tax changes would be cumulatively positive or negative for our earnings and cash flow, but such changes could adversely impact our financial results. Furthermore, we are subject to regular review and audit by both foreign and domestic tax authorities. While we believe our tax positions will be sustained, the final outcome of tax audits and related litigation, including maintaining our intended tax treatment of divestiture transactions such as the fiscal 2017 Beauty Brands transaction with Coty, may differ materially from the tax amounts recorded in our Consolidated Financial Statements, which could adversely impact our cash flows and financial results. We must successfully manage ongoing acquisition, joint venture and divestiture activities.

As a company that manages a portfolio of consumer brands, our ongoing business model includes a certain level of acquisition, joint venture and divestiture activities. We must be able to successfully manage the impacts of these activities, while at the same time delivering against our business objectives. Specifically, our financial results could be adversely impacted by the dilutive impacts from the loss of earnings associated with divested brands. Our financial results could also be impacted in the event of acquisitions or joint venture activities if: 1) changes in the cash flows or other market-based assumptions cause the value of acquired assets to fall below book value, or 2) we are not able to deliver the expected cost and growth synergies associated with such acquisitions and joint ventures, which could also have an impact on goodwill and intangible assets.

Our business results depend on our ability to successfully manage productivity improvements and ongoing organizational change.

Our financial projections assume certain ongoing productivity improvements and cost savings, including staffing adjustments as well as employee departures. Failure to deliver these planned productivity improvements and cost savings, while continuing to invest in business growth, could adversely impact our financial results. Additionally, successfully executing management transitions at leadership levels of the Company and retention of key employees is critical to our business success. We are generally a build-from-within company and our success is dependent on identifying, developing and retaining key employees to provide uninterrupted leadership and direction for our business. This includes developing and retaining organizational capabilities in key growth markets where the depth of skilled or experienced employees may be limited and competition for these resources is intense, as well as continuing the development and execution of robust leadership succession plans.

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#### USE OF PROCEEDS

Purchases of Common Stock under the Plan will be made in the open market or from Plan participants wishing to sell their shares, and the Company will not receive any proceeds under the Plan.

#### DETERMINATION OF OFFERING PRICE

The Plan Trustees will purchase shares on the open market or for an open market price the beneficial interest held in shares by Plan participants wishing to sell their shares (See section below entitled "Selling Shares"). All shares are purchased in a single transaction on or before the fifth working day in each calendar month. Purchases are not possible at any other time. The cost of shares of the Company's Common Stock acquired under the Plan is the average price of all shares purchased for each purchase period.

#### PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

#### TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE PROCTER & GAMBLE U.K. SHARE INVESTMENT SCHEME

The following is a description of The Procter & Gamble U.K. Share Investment Scheme:

##### · Who Can Join

All permanent U.K. employees of the Company and its subsidiaries are eligible to participate in the Plan. This includes those on unpaid leave of absence, temporary assignment overseas, retirees and employees of P&G or any of its subsidiaries on assignment in the U.K.

##### · Who Are the Trustees

The Trustees are employees of the Company who have appropriate experience and have been appointed by the Company. The Company Share Plan Administrator is an appropriately experienced employee. Capita Asset Services, Share Plans is appointed to carry out administration and investment duties on behalf of the Trustees under the Plan.

##### · How Contributions Are Made

Unless you are investing in the Plan via an associated P&G plan such as the 1-4-1 Top Up Plan, contributions must be made by standing order to the Trustees of the Plan. The minimum contribution is £10.00, but there is no maximum limit.

Members of the Plan may change the amount of their ongoing contributions at any time by giving notice to the Trustees via the "My Benefits" section within the P&G "Life and Career" site. Notice must be given by the 20th of the month preceding share purchase.

#### CONTRIBUTIONS CANNOT BE MADE ON BEHALF OF ANOTHER PERSON.

##### · When Shares Are Purchased

This is a separate Plan from the 1-4-1 Plan, but shares for the Plan are normally purchased at the same time and for the same price as shares are bought for the main plan each month. Purchases are not possible at any time other than the usual monthly date. Normally, only contributions which reach the Trustees on or before the 20th of the month will be used to buy shares the following month. However, contributions paid via payroll deductions (e.g. under the 1-4-1 Top Up Plan) later than the 20th will still be used the following month.

Contributions are held by the Trustees prior to purchase. Trustees will allocate to each member the largest whole number of shares which can be covered by contributions. If Trustees receive contributions which exceed the amount needed to buy a whole number of shares, the remaining money will be credited to the individual and held for share purchase at a later date, unless its return is requested by the individual.

You need to take account of the latest price of P&G Company shares when deciding how much to contribute. If, for example, you decide to invest £10 a month, it may be a number of months before the Trustees receive sufficient funds from you to purchase a single share on your behalf. No interest will be paid on any contributions held in the Plan before or after share purchase.

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·Contact With Trustees

The Trustees of the Plan will handle all contact with investors. They will issue annual statements showing the number of shares held on your behalf, any transactions which have taken place during the year and the balance of any un-invested money held on your behalf. Trustees will account to members for any money arising from the sale or transfer of shares or rights.

During the time that shares are held on your behalf, Trustees will pay out dividends on allocated shares as soon as is practicable. They will issue tax vouchers on dividends paid on shares held.

You can instruct the Trustees to reinvest dividends from this Plan (and the Matched Savings Share Purchase Plan (MSSPP), if you are a member) as a means of buying more shares. Reinvestment of dividends is not subject to a minimum contribution. However, unless you are making regular contributions to the Plan anyway, you need to consider the likely level of dividends you will receive on your shares and the likely length of time your accumulated dividends might have to remain un-invested in view of the likely share price level, before deciding on dividend reinvestment.

·Selling Shares

Shares purchased will be held by the Trustees of the Plan, in their name, until written instructions are received for sale. You can sell your shares in this Plan at any time. The Trustees, rather than sell your shares on the open market, will normally buy your shares from you at the next time they buy or would buy shares on the open market for other members. They will pay the same price for shares bought from members as they paid, or would have paid for shares bought on the open market at the same time. For sale at this normal monthly sale/purchase time, you will pay a small flat rate charge.

If the Trustees receive explicit written instructions from a member to sell shares immediately rather than wait for the next normal monthly sale/purchase date, you will pay the greater of the flat rate charge or the brokers' fees for an open market sale of shares. Members will be notified if an open market sale is not possible.

If preferred, you can instruct the Trustees at any time to transfer your shares out of the Plan to you rather than to sell them for you.

·Retirees

If you are a member of the MSSPP when you retire, you may transfer the shares you hold in that plan to this Plan when they become available for transfer or sale under the rules of the plan. The shares will then be held for you by the Trustees until they receive written instructions to sell or transfer them. This means you will be able to continue holding the shares rather than selling them and will therefore have a continuing interest in, and connection with, the Company.

·If You Leave The Company

Unless a retiree, a member who ceases to be employed by the Company or its subsidiaries, for whatever reason, must instruct the Trustees as to the sale or transfer of shares held in their name, **WITHIN ONE MONTH OF THE DATE OF TERMINATION**. If no such instruction is received, the Trustees sell the shares and send the proceeds to the member's last known address.

·If You Die

If you die, the Trustees will transfer or sell all the shares and any residual contributions they were holding for you to your estate on production of a valid grant of probate or letters of administration.

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QUESTIONS & ANSWERS

Q.1 Why is this Plan available?

A. It is a natural extension of the 1-4-1 Plan (and its predecessor, the Matched Savings Share Purchase Plan). If employees want to buy more P&G shares, this Plan helps them do this. Additionally, similar plans exist in some places elsewhere in P&G.

Q.2 Where will I find the price of a P&G Company share?

A. It is quoted daily in the Financial Times. It appears on the P&G Intranet Home Page. In any event, once you are in the Plan, you will receive an annual statement which includes this information as at the date the statement is issued.

Q.3 What do I have to do if I leave the Company?

A. Except for termination on death or retirement, then you must instruct the Trustees to sell or transfer any shares held within one month of termination. If you do not do this, the Trustees will make reasonable attempts to contact you and failing this they will sell the shares. On death, the shares will be held until instructions are received from the Executor or administrator of the Estate. On retirement, you can remain in the Plan.

Q.4 If I die after retirement, can my spouse continue in the Plan?

A. No.

Q.5 Does the Plan apply to non-harmonised employees?

A. No.

Q.6 Why is there a minimum contribution?

A. The administrative cost of the Plan, which is borne by the Company, increases as the number of transactions goes up. Having a minimum contribution means that the Company's support for the purchase of shares is kept at a reasonable level if it requires a number of contributions to purchase one share.

Q.7 Is there a minimum/maximum number of shares that can be sold at any one time?

A. No - but if you want the shares sold immediately, it may not be possible for the Trustees to sell a small number of shares on the open market. Small numbers of shares can be bought in by the Trustees from members on the one day each month when they are buying shares in the open market for other members.

Q.8 Can I instruct the Trustees to buy a specific number of shares?

A. No. They will buy as many whole shares as can be financed by your contributions.

Q.9 If I have questions about the Plan, or about my shares, whom do I contact?

A. Your manager should be able to answer questions about how the Plan works. Specific questions about your own shares or account should be referred directly to the Plan administrator:

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The Procter & Gamble Share Investment Plan Administrator  
Capita Asset Services, Share Plans, The Registry  
34 Beckenham Road  
Beckenham, Kent  
BR3 4TU

Tel: 020 8639 2456

Or access your share information on-line via the Capita share portal at [www.capitashareportal.com](http://www.capitashareportal.com)

Q.10 Can I get further information about the Plan?

A. Yes. A copy of the formal trust deed and rules is available from your HR contact/Plant Personnel Department.

Q.11 Do I have to continue making payments to the Plan once I have joined?

A. No - you can stop at any time.

Q.12 Will I have to pay tax when I sell the shares?

If you sell any of your shares, you may become liable to pay Capital Gains Tax. Generally, this is calculated on the difference between the sale price of the shares (less selling costs) and their acquisition cost. For the 2017/18 tax year, capital gains up to £11,300 (in total for all gains on all investments for any person) are not taxed.

A. Above this figure, tax is payable at the prevailing Capital Gains tax rate. The timing of any sale of Plan shares in relation to other share acquisitions or sales you make may affect the calculation of your capital gains. You are therefore advised to obtain independent financial advice before selling your shares. The sale of any of your shares may have to be reported on your annual income tax return.

Q.13 How long do the shares need to be kept?

A. Shares in the Plan can be sold at any time.

Q.14 Are there any tax advantages of using this Plan?

A. No. Unlike the 1-4-1 Plan, no Company contributions are paid direct to the Trustees on your behalf, the Plan does not have to be approved by the Inland Revenue, and no tax advantage arises.

Q.15 What is the role of the Plan administrator?

A. The Plan administrator does everything except interpret the rules of the Plan. If you have any questions about your investment, or the purchase and sale of shares, then you should contact the Plan administrator. This information is also available on-line via the Capita share portal at [www.capitashareportal.com](http://www.capitashareportal.com). However, if you want to know about the rules or the structure of the Plan, talk to your Manager.

Q.16 Do I need to tell the Plan administrator of any change of address?

A. Yes, the Company will not notify them for you.

THE DIVIDEND POLICY OF THE COMPANY IS NOT AFFECTED BY THIS PLAN AND WILL CONTINUE TO DEPEND ON EARNINGS, FINANCIAL REQUIREMENTS AND OTHER FACTORS.  
THE COMPANY CANNOT ASSURE YOU OF A PROFIT OR PROTECT YOU AGAINST A LOSS ON SHARES OF COMMON STOCK PURCHASED UNDER THE PLAN.

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## DESCRIPTION OF PROCTER & GAMBLE CAPITAL STOCK

The Company's Amended Articles of Incorporation (the "Amended Articles of Incorporation") authorize the issuance of 10,000,000,000 shares of Common Stock, 600,000,000 shares of Class A Preferred Stock and 200,000,000 shares of Class B Preferred Stock, all of which are without par value ("Common Stock," "Class A Preferred Stock," and "Class B Preferred Stock," respectively). The holders of Common Stock and Class A Preferred Stock are entitled to one vote per share on each matter submitted to a vote of shareholders. The holders of Class B Preferred Stock are not entitled to vote other than as provided by law. The Company's Board of Directors (the "Board") is not classified and each member is elected annually.

The holders of Class A Preferred Stock and Class B Preferred Stock have the right to receive dividends prior to the payment of dividends on the Common Stock. The Board has the power to determine certain terms relative to any Class A Preferred Stock and Class B Preferred Stock to be issued, such as the power to establish different series and to set dividend rates, the dates of payment of dividends, the cumulative dividend rights and dates, redemption rights and prices, sinking fund requirements, restrictions on the issuance of such shares or any series thereof, liquidation price and conversion rights. Also, the Board may fix such other express terms as may be permitted or required by law. In the event of any liquidation, dissolution or winding up, the holders of the Common Stock are entitled to receive as a class, pro rata, the residue of the assets after payment of the liquidation price to the holders of Class A Preferred Stock and Class B Preferred Stock.

The Board has determined the terms of shares of Class A Preferred Stock issued as Series A ESOP Convertible Class A Preferred Stock, which can only be held by a trustee or trustees of an employee stock ownership plan or other benefit plan of the Company. Upon transfer of Series A ESOP Convertible Class A Preferred Stock to any other person, such transferred shares shall be automatically converted into shares of Common Stock. Each share of Series A ESOP Convertible Class A Preferred Stock has a cumulative dividend of \$.5036075 per year and a liquidation price of \$6.82 per share (as adjusted for the stock splits on October 20, 1989, May 15, 1992, August 22, 1997 and May 21, 2004, and the Smucker transaction effective June 1, 2002), is redeemable by the Company or the holder, is convertible at the option of the holder into one share of Common Stock and has certain anti-dilution protections associated with the conversion rights. Appropriate adjustments to dividends and liquidation price will be made to give effect to any future stock splits, stock dividends or similar changes to the Series A ESOP Convertible Class A Preferred Stock.

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The Board has also determined the terms of shares of Class A Preferred Stock issued as Series B ESOP Convertible Class A Preferred Stock. Each share of Series B ESOP Convertible Class A Preferred Stock has a cumulative dividend of \$1.022 per year and a liquidation price of \$12.96 per share, (as adjusted for the stock splits on August 22, 1997 and May 21, 2004, and the Smucker transaction effective June 1, 2002) is redeemable by the Company or the holder under certain circumstances, is convertible at the option of the holder into one share of Common Stock and has certain anti-dilution protections associated with the conversion rights. Appropriate adjustments to dividends and liquidation price will be made to give effect to any future stock splits, stock dividends or similar changes to the Series B ESOP Convertible Class A Preferred Stock.

All of the issued shares of Common Stock of the Company are fully paid and non-assessable. Common Stock does not have any conversion rights and is not subject to any redemption provisions. No holder of shares of any class of the Company's capital stock has or shall have any right, pre-emptive or other, to subscribe for or to purchase from the Company any of the shares of any class of the Company hereafter issued or sold. No shares of any class of the Company's capital stock are subject to any sinking fund provisions or to calls, assessments by, or liabilities of the Company.

#### INTERESTS OF NAMED COUNSEL

The legality of the shares of Common Stock offered hereby has been passed upon for the Company by Ms. Hatsuki Miyata, Senior Counsel, The Procter & Gamble Company. Ms. Miyata is an owner of shares of Common Stock of the Registrant.

#### EXPERTS

The financial statements, incorporated in this prospectus by reference from the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of June 30, 2017 have been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their reports, which are incorporated herein by reference. Such financial statements have been so incorporated in reliance upon the reports of such firm given upon their authority as experts in accounting and auditing.

#### INCORPORATION OF CERTAIN INFORMATION BY REFERENCE

The Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") allows us to "incorporate by reference" into this document the information which Procter & Gamble filed with the SEC. This means that we can disclose important information by referring you to those documents. Any information referred to in this way is considered part of this prospectus from the date we file that document. The information incorporated by reference is an important part of this prospectus and information that Procter & Gamble files later with the SEC will automatically update and supersede this information. The following documents filed by the Company (File No. 1-434) with the SEC pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), are incorporated herein by reference:

- ☑ The Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017;
- ☑ The Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2017; and
- ☑ The Company's Current Reports on Form 8-K filed on August 11, 2017, August 22, 2017 and October 16, 2017.

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All reports and other documents filed by the Company pursuant to Sections 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act subsequent to the date of this registration statement and prospectus and prior to the filing of a post-effective amendment, but excluding any information furnished to, rather than filed with, the SEC, which indicates that all securities offered hereby have been sold or which deregisters all securities then remaining unsold shall be incorporated by reference herein and shall be deemed to be a part of this prospectus from the dates of filing of such reports and documents.

Any statement contained in a document incorporated or deemed to be incorporated by reference herein shall be deemed to be modified or superseded for purposes of this registration statement and prospectus to the extent that a statement contained in any subsequent prospectus or prospectus supplement hereunder or in any document subsequently filed with the Commission which also is or is deemed to be incorporated by reference herein modifies or supersedes such statement. Any such statement so modified or superseded shall not be deemed, except as so modified or superseded, to constitute a part of this registration statement or prospectus. All documents incorporated by reference into the Form S-3 of which this prospectus is a part are also incorporated by reference, unless the information therein is superseded by a later filing.

#### WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

The Company will provide without charge to each person to whom a copy of this prospectus is delivered, upon the oral or written request of such person, a copy of any or all of the documents which are incorporated by reference in this prospectus, other than exhibits to such documents (unless such exhibits are specifically incorporated by reference into such documents). Requests should be directed to the Shareholder Services Department, The Procter & Gamble Company, P.O. Box 5572, Cincinnati, Ohio 45201-5572, telephone: (800) 742-6253 (U.S. and Canada); or (513) 983-3034 (outside the U.S. and Canada).

The Company files annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. The Company's SEC filings can be inspected and copied at the public reference room maintained by the SEC at Room 1580, 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. Information relating to the operation of the public reference facility may be obtained by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330.

The SEC also maintains an Internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding issuers that file electronically with the SEC. The address of the SEC's Internet site is [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov). Copies of such materials also can be obtained by mail from the Public Reference Branch of the SEC at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549, at prescribed rates.

You may also get a copy of these reports from our website at [www.pg.com](http://www.pg.com). Please note, however, that we have not incorporated any other information by reference from our website, other than the documents listed above. In addition, reports, proxy statements and other information concerning the Company may be inspected at the offices of the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., 20 Broad Street, New York, New York 10005.

You should rely only on the information incorporated by reference or provided in this prospectus or any prospectus supplement. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with different information. We are not making an offer of these securities in any state where the offer is not permitted. You should not assume the information in this prospectus or any supplemental prospectus is accurate as of any date other than the date on the front of those documents.

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## PART II

## Information Not Required in Prospectus

## Item 14. Other Expenses of Issuance and Distribution

The following is a statement of the expenses (all of which are estimated) to be incurred by the Registrant in connection with the distribution of the securities registered under this registration statement:

	<u>Amount to be paid</u>
SEC registration fee	\$ 1,018.49
Accounting fees and expenses	\$10,000.00
Total	\$11,018.49

## Item 15. Indemnification of Directors and Officers

Set forth below is a description of certain provisions of the Ohio Revised Code ("ORC") and the Company's Regulations, as such provisions relate to the indemnification of the directors and officers of the registrant. This description is intended only as a summary and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the ORC and the Company's Regulations.

Section 1701 of the ORC provides that a corporation must indemnify its directors, officers, employees, and agents against expenses reasonably incurred in connection with a successful defense (on the merits or otherwise) of any action, suit, or proceeding.

A corporation may indemnify its directors, officers, employees, and agents against expenses, including attorneys' fees, judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement, in connection with actions, suits, or proceedings (except for derivative actions by or in the right of the corporation), whether civil, criminal, administrative, or investigative. The corporation may indemnify such persons if the individual has acted in good faith and in a manner that the individual believed to be in the best interests of the corporation and, with respect to a criminal action, had no reasonable cause to believe their conduct was unlawful. The determination as to whether this standard of conduct has been met must be made by the court, a majority of the disinterested directors, by independent legal counsel, or by the shareholders.

A similar standard applies in the case of derivative actions, except that indemnification may only extend to expenses, including attorney's fees, incurred in connection the defense or settlement of such action. If the person seeking indemnification has been found liable to the corporation in such an action, the court must approve the indemnification. As permitted by the ORC, Article V of the Company's Regulations require the Company to indemnify, to the fullest extent permitted by law, any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending, or completed claim, action, suit, or proceeding, whether civil, criminal administrative, or investigative, by reason of the fact that he or she (a) is or was a Director, officer or employee of the Company or its subsidiaries, (b) is or was serving at the request of the Company or its subsidiaries as a director, trustee, officer, partner, managing member or position of similar capacity, or employee of a Company subsidiary or another corporation, limited liability company, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan, or other enterprise (whether domestic or foreign, nonprofit or for profit), or (c) is or was providing to third party organizations volunteer services that were duly authorized in accordance with the Company's process for approval of such activities, against all liabilities and expenses actually and reasonable incurred by or imposed on him or her in connection with, or arising out of, any such claim, action, suit or proceeding. This indemnity will be provided unless the person (a) failed to act in good faith, in a manner he or she reasonable believed to be in, or not opposed to, the best interests of the Company and its subsidiaries, (b) acted or failed to act, in either case, with deliberate intent to cause injury to the Company and its subsidiaries or with reckless disregard for the best interests of the Company or its subsidiaries, or (c) knowingly engaged in criminal activity.

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The Company's Directors, officers and certain other key employees of the Company are insured by directors and officers liability insurance policies. The Company pays the premiums for this insurance.

Item 16. Exhibits

Exhibit No. Description

- (5) Opinion of Hatsuki Miyata, Senior Counsel of the Company, as to the legality of the Securities being registered.
- (23)(a) Consent of Deloitte & Touche LLP.
- (23)(b) Consent of Hatsuki Miyata, which is contained in her opinion filed as Exhibit (5).
- (24) Power of Attorney.

Item 17. Undertakings

The Registrant hereby undertakes:

- (a)(1) To file, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post-effective amendment to this registration statement:
  - (i) To include any prospectus required by Section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act of 1933;
  - (ii) To reflect in the prospectus any facts or events arising after the effective date of the registration statement (or the most recent post-effective amendment thereof) which, individually or in the aggregate, represent a fundamental change in the information set forth in the registration statement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any increase or decrease in volume of securities offered (if the total dollar value of securities offered would not exceed that which was registered) and any deviation from the low or high end of the estimated maximum offering range may be reflected in the form of prospectus filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) if, in the aggregate, the changes in volume and price represent no more than a 20 percent change in the maximum aggregate offering price set forth in the "Calculation of Registration Fee" table in the effective registration statement; and
  - (iii) To include any material information with respect to the plan of distribution not previously disclosed in the registration statement or any material change to such information in the registration statement; provided, however, that paragraphs (i), (ii) and (iii) do not apply if the information required to be included in a post-effective amendment by those paragraphs is contained in reports filed with or furnished to the Commission by the Registrant pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 that are incorporated by reference in the registration statement, or is contained in a form of prospectus filed pursuant to Rule 424(b) that is part of the registration statement.
- (2) That, for the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each such post-effective amendment shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.
- (3) To remove from registration by means of a post-effective amendment any of the securities being registered which remain unsold at the termination of the offering.

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- That, for the purpose of determining liability of a Registrant under the Securities Act of 1933 to any purchaser in the initial distribution of the securities, each of the undersigned Registrant undertakes that in a primary offering of securities of an undersigned Registrant pursuant to this registration statement, regardless of the underwriting method used to sell the securities to the purchaser, if the securities are offered or sold to such purchaser by means of any of the following communications, each of the undersigned Registrant will be a seller to the purchaser and will be considered to offer or sell such securities to such purchaser:
- (4) (i) Any preliminary prospectus or prospectus of an undersigned Registrant relating to the offering required to be filed pursuant to Rule 424;
  - (ii) Any free writing prospectus relating to the offering prepared by or on behalf of an undersigned Registrant or used or referred to by an undersigned Registrant;
  - (iii) The portion of any other free writing prospectus relating to the offering containing material information about an undersigned Registrant or its securities provided by or on behalf of an undersigned Registrant; and
  - (iv) Any other communication that is an offer in the offering made by an undersigned Registrant to the purchaser.

- That, for purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each filing of The Procter & Gamble Company's annual report pursuant to Section 13(a) or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (and, where applicable, each filing of an employee benefit plan's annual report pursuant to Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) that is incorporated by reference in the registration statement shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.
- (b)

- Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the Registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the Registrant have been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the Registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the Registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the Registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.
- (c)

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, The Procter & Gamble Company certifies that it has reasonable grounds to believe that it meets all of the requirements for filing on Form S-3 and has duly caused this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Cincinnati, State of Ohio, on the 20th day of October, 2017.

THE PROCTER & GAMBLE COMPANY

By: /s/ Jon R. Moeller  
Name: Jon R. Moeller  
Title: Vice Chairman and Chief Financial Officer

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Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities indicated on October 20, 2017.

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>
* David S. Taylor	Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)
* Jon R. Moeller	Vice Chairman and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)
* Valarie L. Sheppard	Senior Vice President, Comptroller and Treasurer (Principal Accounting Officer)
* Francis S. Blake	Director
* Angela F. Braly	Director
* Amy L. Chang	Director
* Kenneth I. Chenault	Director
* Scott D. Cook	Director
* Terry J. Lundgren	Director
* W. James McNerney, Jr.	Director
* Margaret C. Whitman	Director
* Patricia A. Woertz	Director
* Ernesto Zedillo	Director

\*By: /s/ Deborah P.  
Majoras  
Deborah P.  
Majoras as  
Attorney-in-Fact

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EXHIBIT INDEX

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