## COTT CORP /CN/

Form 10-Q
August 10, 2006

United States<br>Securities and Exchange Commission WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549<br>FORM 10-Q

```
[X] Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange
                    Act of 1934
    For the quarterly period ended: July 1, }200
                                    *
[ ] Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange
                    Act of 1934
        For the transition period from ___ to _
        Commission File Number: 000-19914
            COTT CORPORATION
        (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)
```

CANADA
(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

207 QUEEN'S QUAY WEST, SUITE 340, TORONTO, ONTARIO
(Address of principal executive offices)

## NONE

(IRS Employer Identification No.

M5J 1A7
(Zip Code) Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (416) 203-3898

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or $15(d)$ of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No [ ]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.:

Large accelerated filer [X] Accelerated filer [ ] Non-accelerated filer [ ]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes [ ] No [X]

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

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```
COTT CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
(in millions of U.S. dollars, except per share amounts)
Unaudited
```



The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

```
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(in millions of U.S. dollars)
Unaudited
```

```
    JULY 1,
    2006
ASSETS
CURRENT ASSETS
Cash $
Accounts receivable
Inventories -- note 7
Prepaid expenses and other assets -- note 8
Deferred income taxes
$ 9.8
    239.6
    161.8
        17.8
            8.1
    437.1
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT -- note 9 385.4
GOODWILL
    155.8
INTANGIBLES AND OTHER ASSETS -- note 10
    256.4
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES
LIABILITIES
CURRENT LIABILITIES
Short-term borrowings -- note 11
Current maturities of long-term debt
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities
Deferred income taxes
    368.0
LONG-TERM DEBT
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES
```

150.1
0.8
217.1

Deferred income taxes

|  | 368.0 |
| :---: | :---: |
| LONG-TERM DEBT | 272.2 |
| DEFERRED INCOME TAXES | 69.4 |
|  | 709.6 |
| MINORITY INTEREST | 22.8 |
| SHAREOWNERS' EQUITY |  |
| CAPITAL STOCK |  |
| Common shares -- 71,714,630 shares issued (December 31, 2005 -- 71,711,630 shares) | 273.0 |

Short-term borrowings -- note 11
Current maturities of long-term debt
\$
217.1

-     - 

368.0
72. 2
69.4
709.6
273.0

DECEMBER
239.6
161.8
17.8
8.1
437.1
385.4

GOODWILL
256.4

DEFERRED INCOME TAXES
$\$ \quad 1,234.7$
$===========$

## LIABILITIES

## CURRENT LIABILITIES

ADDITIONAL PAID-IN-CAPITAL ..... 23.0
RETAINED EARNINGS ..... 191.7
ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME14.6
502.3
$\$ \quad 1,234.7$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

```
COTT CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREOWNERS' EQUITY
(in millions of U.S. dollars)
Unaudited
```

$\left.\begin{array}{ll} & \begin{array}{c}\text { NUMBER OF } \\ \text { COMMON }\end{array} \\ \text { SHARES }\end{array}\right)$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

```
COTT CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(in millions of U.S. dollars)
Unaudited
```

| Net income | \$ | 7.6 | \$ | 25.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Depreciation and amortization |  | 19.1 |  | 15.9 |
| Amortization of financing fees |  | 0.2 |  | 0.3 |
| Stock option expense |  | 1.9 |  | -- |
| Deferred income taxes |  | 6.4 |  | 3.5 |
| Minority interest |  | 1.1 |  | 1.4 |
| Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment |  | (0.1) |  | 0.5 |
| Asset impairments |  | (0.1) |  | -- |
| Other non-cash items |  | 0.2 |  | 0.3 |
| Net change in non-cash working capital -note 12 |  | (15.6) |  | (13.3) |
| Cash provided by operating activities |  | 20.7 |  | 33.6 |
| INVESTING ACTIVITIES |  |  |  |  |
| Additions to property, plant and equipment |  | (8.4) |  | (26.7) |
| Proceeds from disposition of property, plant and equipment |  | 0.8 |  | 1.0 |
| Other investing activities |  | (3.3) |  | (2.6) |
| Cash used in investing activities |  | (10.9) |  | (28.3) |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES |  |  |  |  |
| Payments of long-term debt |  | (0.3) |  | (0.2) |
| Short-term borrowings |  | (9.7) |  | (0.6) |
| Distributions to subsidiary minority shareowner |  | (0.7) |  | (0.8) |
| Issue of common shares |  | -- |  | 1.5 |
| Financing costs |  | -- |  | (0.5) |
| Other financing activities |  | -- |  | (0.1) |

Effect of exchange rate changes on cash

NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH

CASH, BEGINNING OF PERIOD

CASH, END OF PERIOD
-----------------
$(0.1)$

|  | (1.0) |  | 4.5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 10.8 |  | 11.4 |
| \$ | 9.8 | \$ | 15.9 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

COTT CORPORATION
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Unaudited

NOTE 1
Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

## BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with United States ("U.S.") generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for interim financial information. Accordingly, they do not include all information and notes presented in the annual consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP. In our opinion, the financial statements reflect all adjustments that are necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the interim periods presented. All such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the most recent annual consolidated financial statements. The accounting policies used in these interim consolidated financial statements are consistent with those used in the annual consolidated financial statements, except for the stock-based compensation as outlined below.

The presentation of these interim consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. We review long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. Determining whether an impairment has occurred requires various estimates and assumptions including estimates of cash flows that are directly related to the potentially impaired asset, the useful life over which cash flows will occur and their amounts. The measurement of an impairment loss requires an estimate of fair value, which is also based on estimates of future cash flows.

Material recognition, measurement, and presentation differences between U.S. GAAP and Canadian GAAP are disclosed in note 16.

## Stock-Based Compensation

Effective January 1, 2006, we adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standard ("SFAS") 123R, Share-Based Payments, using the modified prospective approach and
therefore have not restated results for prior periods. Under this prospective approach, stock-based compensation expense for the first quarter of fiscal 2006 includes compensation expense for all stock-based compensation awards granted prior to, but not yet vested as of January 1, 2006 , based on the grant date fair value estimated in accordance with the original provision of SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" ("SFAS 123"). Stock-based compensation expense for all stock-based compensation awards granted after January 1, 2006 is based on the grant-date fair value estimated in accordance with the provisions of SFAS 123R. We recognize these compensation costs net of a forfeiture rate on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period of the award, which is generally the option vesting term of three years. We estimated the forfeiture rate for the first half of fiscal 2006 based on our historical experience with forfeitures during the preceding three fiscal years. For the six month period ended July 1, 2006, net income includes compensation expense of $\$ 4.6$ million, or $\$ 3.6$ million net of tax of $\$ 1.0$ million, which equates to $\$ 0.05$ per basic and diluted share. If the change had been reported retroactively, comparative figures for the six month period ended July 2, 2005 would show income before taxes of $\$ 44.1$ million, income tax expense of $\$ 14.6$ million and net income of $\$ 29.5$ million or $\$ 0.41$ per basic and diluted share as described in note 13.

## Inventory Costs

Effective January 1, 2006, we also adopted SFAS 151, Inventory Costs. The statement requires that the allocation of fixed production overheads to inventory be based on the normal capacity of the production facilities; unallocated overheads resulting from abnormally low production and certain other costs are to be recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred. There was no material impact from the adoption of this standard.

Income Taxes
In June 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued FASB Interpretation No. 48 ("FIN 48"), "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes". FIN 48 is an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109 "Accounting for

COTT CORPORATION
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Unaudited

Income Taxes" and must be adopted by us no later than January 1, 2007. FIN 48 prescribes a comprehensive model for recognizing, measuring, presenting, and disclosing in the financial statements uncertain tax positions that we have taken or expect to take in our tax returns. We are evaluating the impact of adopting FIN 48, and it may result in differences between Canadian and United States accounting standards on uncertain income tax positions.

NOTE 2

Unusual Items

Restructuring<br>Asset impairments<br>Other

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { JULY 1, } \\ & 2006 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JULY 2, } \\ & 2005 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JULY 1, } \\ & 2006 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (in millions of U.S. dollars) |  |  |  | (in millions of U.S. |  |
| \$ | 0.2 | \$ | -- | \$ | 1.8 |
|  | (0.1) |  | -- |  | 1.3 |
|  | 0.6 |  | -- |  | 2.6 |
| \$ | 0.7 | \$ | -- | \$ | 5.7 |


#### Abstract

In September 2005 we announced our plan to realign the management of our Canadian and U.S. businesses to a North American basis, rationalize product offerings, eliminate underperforming assets and increase our focus on high potential accounts. In conjunction with this plan, we closed our Lachine, Quebec juice plant in February 2006 and in March 2006 we closed our Columbus, Ohio soft drink plant to bring production capacity in line with the needs of our customers.


## Restructuring

We recorded restructuring charges of $\$ 1.8$ million including $\$ 0.9$ million for severance and contract termination costs relating to the closures of our Columbus, Ohio soft drink plant and our Lachine, Quebec juice plant. The remaining restructuring cost of $\$ 0.9$ million relates to consulting fees.

Restructuring charges of $\$ 0.4$ million remain accrued as at July 1, 2006.

Asset impairments
We recorded an impairment loss of $\$ 1.3$ million, which is comprised of charges of $\$ 1.6$ million for the writedown of property, plant and equipment, customer list and information technology software related to the closure of our Columbus, Ohio soft drink plant and \$0.1 million for the writedown of property, plant and equipment relating to our Lachine, Quebec juice plant, net of a $\$ 0.4$ million recovery from the sale of other assets.

Other
Other unusual items are primarily legal and other fees relating to the United Kingdom ("U.K.") Competition Commission review of our acquisition of 100\% of the shares of Macaw (Holdings) Limited (now known as Cott Nelson (Holdings) Limited), the parent company of Macaw (Soft Drinks) Limited (now known as Cott (Nelson) Limited) (the "Macaw Acquisition") in the U.K.

We are currently evaluating various actions to reduce costs and are developing detailed plans which may result in additional exit and other costs being incurred. In the near term, we expect to incur additional charges relating to contract termination costs associated with the closure of our Columbus, Ohio soft drink plant and our Lachine, Quebec juice plant. To date since September 29, 2005 (through the end of the second quarter of 2006), we have recorded pre-tax charges of $\$ 40$ million relating to our previously announced North American realignment plan and other assets impairment, of which $\$ 20$ million was recorded in 2005 relating to customer relationship impairment. These amounts are part of the previously announced charges of $\$ 60$ to $\$ 80$ million associated with the North American realignment plan and other assets impairment.

COTT CORPORATION
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Unaudited

The breakdown of the charges discussed above is as follows:


UNUSUAL ITEMS
For the year ended December 31, 2005
NORTH AMERICAN
REALIGNMENT AND OTHER ASSETS IMPAIRMENT

OTHER
(in millions of U.S. dollars)

| Restructuring | \$ | 3.2 | \$ | -- | \$ | 3.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Asset impairments |  | 33.7 |  | (0.2) |  | 33.5 |
| Other |  | -- |  | 0.8 |  | 0.8 |
|  | \$ | 36.9 | \$ | 0.6 | \$ | 37.5 |

Restructuring charges are comprised of severance and contract termination costs in connection with the closure of our Lachine, Quebec juice plant and our Columbus, Ohio soft drink plant.

Asset impairments are comprised of writedown of property, plant and equipment and goodwill in connection with the closure of our Lachine, Quebec juice plant and our Columbus, Ohio soft drink plant.

We may also rationalize products and production capacity further but have not yet completed our analysis nor have we completed our detailed plans. Accordingly, the ultimate amount of any asset impairment charges or change in useful lives of assets that may result is uncertain. It is reasonably possible that our estimates of future cash flows or the useful lives, or both, related to certain equipment and intangibles will be significantly reduced in the near term. As a result, the carrying value of the related assets may also be reduced materially in the near term.

NOTE 3

Business Seasonality

Our net income for the three and six month periods ended July 1, 2006 is not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the full year due to business seasonality. Operating results are impacted by business seasonality, which normally leads to higher sales in the second and third quarters versus the first and fourth quarters of the year. Conversely, fixed costs such as depreciation, amortization and interest, are not impacted by seasonal trends.

COTT CORPORATION
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Unaudited

NOTE 4

Income Taxes

The following table reconciles income taxes calculated at the basic Canadian corporate rates with the income tax provision:


For the

JULY 1, 2006
(in million
$\$$
(1.3) (0.1)
4.4 (0.4)
(1.3)
---------------
\$

NOTE 5

| $\begin{gathered} \text { JULY 1, } \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { JULY 2, } \\ 2005 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: |

Net income
Foreign currency translation
Unrealized gains on cash flow hedges -note 8


NOTE 6

Income Per Share

Basic net income per common share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net income per share is calculated using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding adjusted to include the effect that would occur if in-the-money stock options were exercised.

The following table reconciles the basic weighted average number of shares outstanding to the diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding:

COTT CORPORATION
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Unaudited

| For the three months ended |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| ----------------------------- |  |
| JULY 1, | JULY 2, |
| 2006 | 2005 |

(in thousands)

Weighted average number of shares outstanding -- basic
Dilutive effect of stock options
Adjusted weighted average number
of shares outstanding -- diluted

| 71,714 | 71,593 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 46 | 322 |
| 71,760 | 71,915 |

For the six

JULY 1, 2006
(in th

71,713
44
-------------

71,757

At July 1, 2006, options to purchase $3,835,664$ shares $(2,677,525--$ July 2 ,

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2005) of common stock at a weighted average exercise price of C $\$ 41.59$ per share (C\$36.18 -- July 2, 2005) were outstanding, but were not included in the computation of diluted net income per share because the options' exercise price was greater than the average market price of our common stock during the period.

As of July 1, 2006, we had $71,714,630$ common shares and $3,956,955$ common share options outstanding. Of our common share options outstanding, 2,548,269 options were exercisable as of July 1, 2006.

During the second quarter ended July 1, 2006, no common share options were issued and 1,000 common share options were exercised at an exercise price of C\$5.95.

NOTE 7

Inventories

| JULY 1, | DECEMBER |
| :---: | ---: |
| 2006 | 2005 |
| ---------- | ------- |
| (in millions of U.S. dolla |  |


| Raw materials | \$ | 64.6 | \$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Finished goods |  | 78.4 |  |
| Other |  | 18.8 |  |
|  | \$ | 161.8 | \$ |

NOTE 8

Derivative Financial Instruments

We enter into cash flow hedges to mitigate exposure to declines in the value of the Canadian dollar attributable to certain forecasted U.S. dollar raw material purchases of the Canadian business. In fiscal 2005, we also entered into cash flow hedges to mitigate exposure to declines in the value of pound sterling attributable to certain forecasted U.S. dollar raw material purchases of the U.K. and European business segments. The hedges consist of monthly foreign exchange options to buy U.S. dollars at fixed rates per Canadian dollar and mature at various dates through December 28, 2006. The fair market value of the foreign exchange options is included in prepaid expenses and other assets.

At July 1, 2006, the hedges consisted of foreign exchange options to buy U.S. dollars at fixed rates per Canadian dollar at a cost of $\$ 0.3$ million. The fair value of the options of $\$ 0$ ( $\$ 0.8$ million -- July 2, 2005) has been included in prepaid expenses and other assets and the unrealized loss of $\$ 0.3$ million (\$0.7 million unrealized gain -- July 2, 2005) is recorded in other comprehensive income, reflecting a $\$ 0.2$ million ( $\$ 0.7$ million -- July 2, 2005) change in the unrealized loss in comprehensive income for the period ending July 1, 2006.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Unaudited

NOTE 9

Property, Plant and Equipment

Cost
Accumulated depreciation

| JULY 1, | DECEMBER |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2006 | 2005 |
| million | J.S. dol |


| \$ | $\begin{gathered} 700.5 \\ (315.1) \end{gathered}$ | \$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ | 385.4 | \$ |

$============$

NOTE 10

Intangibles and Other Assets

JULY 1, 2006

| ACCUMULATED |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| COST | AMORTIZATION | NET |

(in millions of U.S. dollars)

## $-----------------$ <br> -_--------- <br> (in million

INTANGIBLES
Not subject to
amortization
Rights

Subject to amortization Customer relationships
Trademarks
Information technology Other

| \$ | 80.4 | \$ | -- | \$ | 80.4 | \$ | 80.4 | \$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 168.3 |  | 46.0 |  | 122.3 |  | 166.7 |  |
|  | 29.3 |  | 10.4 |  | 18.9 |  | 29.0 |  |
|  | 53.9 |  | 28.5 |  | 25.4 |  | 49.1 |  |
|  | 3.5 |  | 1.1 |  | 2.4 |  | 3.6 |  |
|  | 255.0 |  | 86.0 |  | 169.0 |  | 248.4 |  |
|  | 335.4 |  | 86.0 |  | 249.4 |  | 328.8 |  |
|  | 4.7 |  | 1.8 |  | 2.9 |  | 4.6 |  |
|  | 7.2 |  | 3.1 |  | 4.1 |  | 5.4 |  |
|  | 11.9 |  | 4.9 |  | 7.0 |  | 10.0 |  |
| \$ | 347.3 | \$ | 90.9 | \$ | 256.4 | \$ | 338.8 | \$ |

Amortization expense of intangible assets was $\$ 11.6$ million for the period ended July 1, 2006 (\$10.2 million -- July 2, 2005).

NOTE 11

Short-Term Borrowings

Short-term borrowings include bank overdrafts, and borrowings under our credit facilities and receivables securitization facility.

The credit facilities are collateralized by substantially all our personal property with certain exceptions including the receivables sold as part of our receivables securitization facility discussed below.

COTT CORPORATION
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Unaudited

In general, borrowings under the credit facilities bear interest at either a floating or fixed rate for the applicable currency plus a margin based on our consolidated total leverage ratio. A facility fee of between $0.15 \%$ and $0.375 \%$ per annum is payable on the entire line of credit. The level of the facility fee is dependent on financial covenants.

As at July 1, 2006, credit of $\$ 77.7$ million was available after borrowings of $\$ 142.2$ million and standby letters of credit of $\$ 5.1$ million. The weighted average interest rate was $6.02 \%$ on these facilities as of July $1,2006$.

The amount of funds available under the receivables securitization facility is based upon the amount of eligible receivables and various reserves required by the facility. Accordingly, availability may fluctuate over time given changes in eligible receivables balances and calculation of reserves, but will not exceed the $\$ 75.0$ million program limit. This facility bears interest at a variable rate, based on the cost of borrowing of an unaffiliated entity, Park Avenue Receivables Company, LLC and certain other financial institutions (the "Purchasers"). A fee of between $0.20 \%$ and $0.40 \%$ per annum is currently payable on the unused portion of the facility. The level of the facility fee is dependent on financial covenants. As of July 1, 2006, $\$ 57.6$ million of eligible receivables, net of reserves, were available for purchase under this facility with no balance outstanding.

NOTE 12

Net Change in Non-Cash Working Capital

The changes in non-cash working capital components, net of effects of unrealized foreign exchange gains and losses, are as follows:
For the three months ended
------------------------1,
JULY 1,
2006
(in millions of U.S. dollars)

For the six

JULY 1, 2006
(in millions
Increase in accounts receivable
Decrease (increase) in inventories
Increase in prepaid and other expenses
Increase in accounts payable and
$\quad$ accrued liabilities

| \$ | (48.7) | \$ | (29.1) | \$ | (40.3) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 13.3 |  | 0.8 |  | (14.1) |
|  | (5.2) |  | (2.9) |  | (7.7) |
|  | 25.0 |  | 17.9 |  | 30.7 |
| \$ | (15.6) | \$ | (13.3) | \$ | (31.4) |

NOTE 13

Stock-Based Compensation
Effective January 1, 2006, we adopted the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS 123R, using the modified prospective approach and therefore have not restated prior periods' results. Under this prospective approach, stock-based compensation expense for the first quarter of fiscal 2006 includes compensation expense for all stock-based compensation awards granted prior to, but not yet vested as of January 1, 2006 , based on the grant date fair value estimated in accordance with the original provision of SFAS 123. Stock-based compensation expense for all stock-based compensation awards granted after January 1 , 2006 is based on the grant-date fair value estimated in accordance with the provisions of SFAS 123R. We recognize these compensation costs net of a forfeiture rate on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period of the award, which is generally the option vesting term of three years. We estimated the forfeiture rate for the first half of fiscal 2006 based on our historical experience with forfeitures during the preceding three fiscal years. For the interim period ending July 1, 2006, net income includes compensation expense of $\$ 4.6$ million, or $\$ 3.6$ million net of tax of $\$ 1.0$ million, which equates to $\$ 0.05$ per basic and diluted share.

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Unaudited

The pro forma table below reflects net earnings and basic and diluted net earnings per share for fiscal 2005, had we applied the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS 123, as follows:

| For the three months ended | For the six months en |
| :---: | :---: |
| JULY 2, 2005 | JULY 2,2005 |

NET INCOME

| As reported | 25.0 | S |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Compensation expense | $(1.7)$ | (3.8) |

NET INCOME PER SHARE - BASIC
As reported
Pro forma
NET INCOME PER SHARE -- DILUTED
As reported
Pro forma
$\$ \quad 23.3$
$============$
$\$$
29.5
$============$

| $\$$ | 0.35 | $\$$ | 0.47 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\$$ | 0.33 | $\$$ | 0.41 |
|  |  |  |  |
| $\$$ | 0.35 | $\$$ | 0.46 |
| $\$$ | 0.32 | $\$$ | 0.41 |

The pro forma compensation expense has been tax effected to the extent it relates to stock options granted in jurisdictions where the related benefits are deductible for income tax purposes.

The fair value of each option grant is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions:

$$
\text { JULY 2, } 2005
$$

| Risk-free interest rate | $3.3 \%-3.7 \%$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Average expected life (years) | 4 |
| Expected volatility | $40.0 \%$ |
| Expected dividend yield | -- |

There were no options granted during the first six months of fiscal 2006.

COTT CORPORATION
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Unaudited

Option activity was as follows:

WEIGHTED
AVERAGE
SHARES

Balance at January 1, 2005
Granted
Exercised
Forfeited

Outstanding at July 2, 2005

4,205,965
165,000
29.55
$(315,675) \quad 34.37$
$(190,600) \quad 15.18$
$\begin{array}{rr}----------- & ------------1 .\end{array}$

WEIGHTED AVERAGE REMAINING CONTRACTU TERM (IN YEARS)
4.8

| Exercisable at July 2, 2005 | 1,845,014 |  | 24.54 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance at December 31, 2005 | 4,604,655 | \$ | 30.69 |
| Granted | -- |  |  |
| Exercised | $(3,000)$ |  | 5.95 |
| Forfeited | (644,700) |  | 33.93 |
| Outstanding at July 1, 2006 | 3,956,955 |  | 40.61 |
| Exercisable at July 1, 2006 | 2,548,269 |  | 29.63 |


$===========$

Outstanding options at July 1, 2006 are as follows:

## Options Outstanding

| Range of Exercise Prices (C\$) | Number Outstanding | Remaining Contractual Life (Years) | Weighted Average Exercise Price (C\$) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$7.70-\$16.10 | 123,291 | 1.7 | \$ 9.87 |
| \$16.68-\$24.25 | 807,964 | 3.0 | \$ 19.76 |
| \$26.00-\$33.30 | 1,980,250 | 4.5 | \$ 29.99 |
| \$35.21 -- \$43.64 | 1,045,450 | 4.8 | \$ 40.99 |
|  | 3,956,955 | 4.2 | \$ 40.61 |

Total compensation expense related to non-vested awards not yet recognized is expected to be $\$ 12.3$ million. The weighted average period over which this is expected to be recognized is 16 months.

During the second quarter of 2006 , Brent Willis, our President and Chief Executive Officer, received a net cash award of $\$ 0.9$ million at commencement of employment to purchase common shares of the Company. The purchased shares must be held for a minimum of three years. This award is recognized as compensation expense over the vesting period. As of July 1, $2006, \$ 0.1$ million was expensed as compensation expense and remaining balance, which has been deferred within other assets, will be classified as a reduction in shareowners' equity when the shares are purchased. In addition, 204,000 common shares with a fair value of $\$ 3.2$ million, which vest over three years, and 111,695 of performance share units with a fair value of $\$ 1.5$ million, which vest at the end of the three year performance cycle, have been granted to Mr. Willis. Compensation costs of $\$ 0.2$ million were recognized in selling, general and administrative expenses in the period ended July 1, 2006. As of July 1, 2006 there was $\$ 4.5$ million of unearned compensation relating to these grants that is expected to be recognized on a straight-line basis over a period of three years.

During the second quarter of 2006 , our shareowners approved and adopted two new long-term incentive plans for 2006 and future periods, the Performance Share Unit Plan ("PSU Plan") and the Share Appreciation Rights Plan ("SAR Plan").

COTT CORPORATION
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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PSU Plan
Under the PSU Plan, performance share units ("PSUs") may be granted to employees of our Company and its subsidiaries. The value of an employee's award under our PSU Plan will depend on (i) our performance over a three-year performance cycle; and (ii) the market price of our common shares at the time of vesting. Performance targets will be established annually by the Human Resources and Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors. PSUs granted will vest over a term not to exceed three fiscal years.

At the start of each performance cycle, we will establish three tiers of performance goals for our Company to achieve over the three-year period: a minimum threshold level, a target level and an outstanding performance level. A target number of PSUs for each participant will be established at the beginning of each three-year performance cycle. Each PSU represents the right, on vesting, to receive one Company common share. If performance over the three-year performance cycle falls below the threshold level, no PSUs will vest.

Throughout the performance cycle, there are no dividends paid to participants on the PSUs, and holders do not have the right to vote the common shares represented by their PSUs. Following the vesting of a participant's PSUs, we will contribute cash to an independent trust to be used for the purpose of purchasing an equivalent number of our common shares on the New York Stock Exchange at the prevailing market price. The common shares purchased by the trustee will then be registered in the name of the participant and delivered to the participant upon his or her request.

No shares are issued from treasury and the PSU Plan is not dilutive to our shareowners.

SAR Plan
Under the SAR Plan, share appreciation rights ("SARs") may be granted to employees and directors of our Company and its subsidiaries. SARs will typically vest on the third anniversary of the grant date. On vesting, each SAR will represent the right to be paid the difference, if any, between the price of our common shares on the date of grant and their price on the SAR's vesting date. Payments in respect of vested in-the-money SARs will be made in the form of our common shares purchased on the open market by an independent trust with cash contributed by us. If our share price on the date of vesting is lower than on the date of grant, no payment will be made in respect of those vested SARs. Prior to vesting, there are no dividends paid on the share appreciation rights, and holders do not have the right to vote the common shares represented by their SARs.

No shares are issued from treasury and the SAR Plan is not dilutive to our shareowners.

We recognize the compensation cost of the PSUs and SARs based on the fair value of the grant. The fair value of each grant is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. We recognize these compensation costs net of a forfeiture rate on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period of the award, which is generally the vesting term of three years. Compensation cost of the PSUs may vary depending on management's estimates of the probability of the performance measures being achieved and the number of PSUs expected to vest.

NOTE 14

Contingencies

We are subject to various claims and legal proceedings with respect to matters such as governmental regulations, income taxes, and other actions arising out of the normal course of business. Management believes that the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on our financial position or results from operations.

In January 2005, we were named as one of many defendants in a class action suit alleging the unauthorized use by the defendants of container deposits and the imposition of recycling fees on customers. In February 2005 similar class action claims were filed in a number of other Canadian provinces. The litigation is at a very preliminary stage and the merits of these cases have not been determined.

COTT CORPORATION
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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NOTE 15

Segment Reporting
We produce, package and distribute retailer brand and branded bottled and canned beverages to regional and national grocery, mass-merchandise and wholesale chains in North America, the U.K. \& Europe and International business segments. The International segment includes our Mexican business, our Royal Crown International business and our business in Asia. The concentrate assets, sales and related expenses have been included in the Corporate \& Other segment. For comparative purposes, segmented information has been restated to conform to the way we managed our beverage business to the end of the second quarter of 2006 .

BUSINESS SEGMENTS

|  | UNITED |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NORTH | KINGDOM |  |
| AMERICA | \& EUROPE | INTERNATIONAL |

(in millions of U.S. dolla
External sales
Depreciation and amortization
Operating income (loss) before
unusual items
Unusual items -- note 2
Restructuring
Asset impairment
Other

Additions to property, plant and equipment

AS OF JULY 1, 2006
Property, plant and equipment Goodwill
Intangibles and other assets
Total assets
\$
383.2 13.5
27.1
(0.4)
(0.1)
5.7
254.6
75.1
128.9
729.1
113.5
71.1
26.9
334.1
24.2
92.9 \$
0.3
4.1
7.1
-- --
--
0.6
2.1
0.1
9.4
4.5
0.8
85.9

COTT CORPORATION
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Unaudited
NORTH
AMERICA
_-_-_-_-_-_-_
414.1
12.6
41.9

22.9
266.2

Property, plant and equipment Goodwill
Intangibles and other assets
Total assets

UNITED
KINGDOM
\& EUROPE
(in millions of U.S. doll
\$ $57.9 \quad \$ \quad 20.0$
2.20 .4
$3.1 \quad 2.8$
2.9
0.3
109.4
10.3
66.6
4.5
26.3
307.7
1.1
83.1

UNITED
KINGDOM
\& EUROPE

INTERNATIONAL

```
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED
    JULY 1, 2006
```



```
Depreciation and amortization
Operating income (loss) before
    unusual items 42.1
Unusual items -- note 2
        Restructuring
        Asset impairment
        Other
Additions to property, plant and
    equipment 12.1
\$ 692.7
```

```
    27.2
    8.
    0.7
    8.9
        7.0
```



```
                            --
                            O.
    2.6
    --
```

(in millions of U.S. doll

18

COTT CORPORATION
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Unaudited
NORTH
AMERICA
$------------\quad ~$

UNITED
KINGDOM
\& EUROPE
INTERNATIONAI
(in millions of U.S. doll

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED
JULY 2, 2005
External sales
Depreciation and amortization
$\$ \quad 749$
26.
61.0
unusual items
Unusual items -- asset
impairments

Additions to property, plant and
equipment
46.0
7.6
0.5

Total assets under the Corporate \& Other heading include the elimination of intersegment receivables and investments.

Credit risk arises from the potential default of a customer in meeting its financial obligations with us. Concentrations of credit exposure may arise with a group of customers which have similar economic characteristics or that are located in the same geographic region. The ability of such customers to meet obligations would be similarly affected by changing economic, political or other conditions.

Sales to our top customer (Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.) in the first six months of

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2006 and 2005 accounted for $39 \%$ and 41\%, respectively, of our total sales. Sales to the top ten customers in the first six months of 2006 and 2005 accounted for $61 \%$ and $67 \%$, respectively, of our total sales. The loss of any significant customer, or customers which in the aggregate represent a significant portion of our sales, could have a material adverse effect on our operating results and cash flows.

Revenues by geographic area are as follows:

| United States | \$ | 327.7 | \$ | 360.4 | \$ | 604.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Canada |  | 64.8 |  | 59.7 |  | 105.4 |
| United Kingdom |  | 90.3 |  | 55.9 |  | 153.6 |
| Other Countries |  | 19.2 |  | 16.7 |  | 33.1 |
|  | \$ | 502.0 | \$ | 492.7 | \$ | 896.2 |

Revenues are attributed to countries based on the location of the plant.

Property, plant and equipment, goodwill, and intangibles and other assets by geographic area are as follows:

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { JULY 1, } \\ & 2006 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JULY 2, } \\ & 2005 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: |

For the si -----------JULY 1, 2006
(in millions


COTT CORPORATION
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Unaudited


NOTE 16

Differences Between United States and Canadian Accounting Principles and

Practices
These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP which differs in certain respects from those principles and practices that we would have followed had our consolidated financial statements been prepared in accordance with Canadian GAAP.
(a) In fiscal 2005, under U.S. GAAP, we elected not to record compensation expense for options issued to employees with an exercise price equal to the market value of the options. Effective January 1, 2006, we adopted SFAS 123R, Share-Based Payments, which requires us to recognize compensation expense for all types of stock options, using the modified prospective approach. As a result, there was no difference in compensation expense recorded for Canadian GAAP in the first six months of 2006 . Compensation expense of $\$ 5.2$ million, $\$ 3.8$ million net of tax of $\$ 1.3$ million, was recorded in the first six months of 2005. We recognize these compensation costs net of a forfeiture rate on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period of the award, which is generally the option vesting term of three years. We estimated the forfeiture rate for the first six months of fiscal 2006 based on our historical experience with forfeitures during the preceding three fiscal years. As a result, compensation expense of $\$ 4.6$ million ( $\$ 5.2$ million - July 2, 2005), $\$ 3.6$ million ( $\$ 3.8$ million -- July 2,2005 ) net of tax of $\$ 1.0$ million ( $\$ 1.3$ million -- July 2, 2005) was recorded in the first six months of 2006 .
(b) Under U.S. GAAP, costs of start-up activities and organization costs are expensed as incurred. Under Canadian GAAP these costs, if they meet certain criteria, can be capitalized and amortized over the future benefit period.
(c) Under U.S. GAAP, the adoption of the U.S. dollar in 1998 as the presentation and reporting currency was implemented retroactively, such that prior period financial statements are translated under the current rate method using the foreign exchange rates in effect on those dates. Under Canadian GAAP, the change in presentation and reporting currency was implemented by translating all prior year financial statement amounts at the foreign exchange rate on January 31, 1998. As a result, there is a difference in the share capital, retained earnings and cumulative translation adjustment amounts under Canadian GAAP as compared to U.S. GAAP.

Under Canadian GAAP, these differences would have been reported in the consolidated statements of income, consolidated balance sheets and consolidated statements of cash flows as follows:

COTT CORPORATION
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Unaudited

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

JULY 1, 2006
DECEMB
U.S. GAAP CANADIAN GAAP
(in millions of U.S. dollars)

```
Property, plant &
    equipment (b)
Goodwill (b)
Total assets
Deferred income taxes - net (a),(b)
Total liabilities
Capital stock (a),(c)
Additional paid-in-capital (a)
Retained earnings (a), (b), (c)
Accumulated other comprehensive
    income (c)
Total shareowners' equity
```

\$

| 385.4 | $\$$ | 385.4 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 155.8 | 156.3 |  |
| $1,234.7$ |  | 235.2 |
| 61.3 | 54.8 |  |
| 709.6 | 703.1 |  |
|  |  |  |
| 273.0 | 263.9 |  |
| 23.0 | 29.8 |  |
| 191.7 | 158.6 |  |
|  |  |  |
| 14.6 | 57.0 |  |
| 502.3 | 509.3 |  |

RECONCILIATION OF CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { JULY 1, } \\ & 2006 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JULY 2, } \\ & 2005 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: |


| Net income under U.S. GAAP | \$ | 7.6 | \$ | 25.0 | \$ | 5.5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cost of sales (b) |  | -- |  | (0.1) |  |  |
| Stock compensation expense (a) |  | -- |  | (2.4) |  |  |
| Recovery of income taxes (a), (b) |  | -- |  | 0.7 |  |  |
| Net income under Canadian GAAP | \$ | 7.6 | \$ | 23.2 | \$ | 5.5 |
| Net income per common share, Canadian GAAP |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Basic | \$ | 0.11 | \$ | 0.32 | \$ | 0.08 |
| Diluted | \$ | 0.11 | \$ | 0.32 | \$ | 0.08 |

COTT CORPORATION
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Unaudited

RECONCILIATION OF CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS


For the -----------

JULY 1, 2006
(in millions of U.S. dollars)

Cash provided by operating activities U.S. GAAP

Net income (a), (b)
Depreciation \& amortization (b)
Deferred income taxes (a), (b)
Other non-cash items (a)

Cash provided by operating activities
Canadian GAAP

| $\$ 20.7$ | $\$$ | 33.6 | $\$$ | 28.1 |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| -- | $(1.8)$ |  |  |  |

NOTE 17

Certain of the comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current period's presentation.

NOTE 18

Subsequent Events
On July 27, 2006, we announced changes to our senior management structure, roles and responsibilities. As a result of these changes, certain senior executives have departed from the Company. We estimate the associated severance and other costs to be approximately $\$ 3.7$ million and these costs will be recognized in the third quarter of 2006.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

OVERVIEW

We are one of the world's largest non-alcoholic beverage companies and the world's largest retailer brand beverage supplier.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS


| SG\&A |  | 48.7 | 9.7\% |  | 35.5 | 7.2\% |  | 88.6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (Gain) Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment |  | (0.1) | -- |  | 0.5 | 0.1\% |  | -- |
| Unusual items |  | 0.7 | 0.1\% |  | -- | -- |  | 5.7 |
| Operating income |  | 23.0 | 4.6\% |  | 44.7 | 9.1\% |  | 30.7 |
| Other income, net |  | -- | -- |  | (0.6) | 0.1\% |  | (0.2) |
| Interest expense |  | 7.5 | 1.5\% |  | 6.6 | 1.3\% |  | 15.7 |
| Minority interest |  | 1.1 | 0.2\% |  | 1.4 | 0.3\% |  | 2.1 |
| Income taxes |  | 6.8 | 1.4\% |  | 12.3 | 2.5\% |  | 7.6 |
| Net income | \$ | 7.6 | 1.5\% | \$ | 25.0 | 5.1\% | \$ | 5.5 |
| Depreciation \& amortization | \$ | 19.1 | 3.8\% | \$ | 15.9 | 3.2\% | \$ | 38.4 |

We reported a net income of $\$ 7.6$ million or $\$ 0.11$ per diluted share for the second quarter ended July 1, 2006, down $70 \%$ as compared with net income of $\$ 25$ million, or $\$ 0.35$ per diluted share for the second quarter of 2005 . For the first half of 2006, net income decreased $83 \%$ to $\$ 5.5$ million or $\$ 0.08$ per diluted share, from $\$ 33.3$ million or $\$ 0.46$ per diluted share in the same period last year. The decrease was primarily due to:

- higher fixed costs resulting from new production capacity in the U.S.;
- benefit related to the settlement of a lawsuit against suppliers of high fructose corn syrup recognized in the same period last year;
- increased SG\&A costs due to CEO transition costs, higher incentive compensation expense and stock option expense;
- increased unusual item charges relating to North American realignment costs and legal and other fees relating to the U.K Competition Commission review of our August 2005 acquisition of $100 \%$ of the outstanding shares of Macaw (Holdings) Limited (now known as Cott Nelson (Holdings) Limited, the parent company of Macaw (Soft Drinks) Limited (now known as Cott (Nelson) Limited) (the "Macaw Acquisition");
- increased interest expense due to the Macaw Acquisition; and
- increased effective income tax rate due to higher non-deductible expenses and additional tax provision due to change in estimates.

SALES -- Sales in the second quarter of 2006 were $\$ 502.0$ million, an increase of $2 \%$ from $\$ 492.7$ million in the second quarter of 2005 . The impact of foreign exchange on sales was negligible. Sales decreased 5\% when excluding the impact of foreign exchange and the Macaw Acquisition. The decrease was largely due to a structural change in our business arrangement with one of our self-manufacturing customers. The related sales are now in the form of concentrates rather than filled beverages, which lowers our revenue but has minimal earnings impact. Other factors contributing to the revenue decline were continued softness in

Total 8-ounce equivalent case volume was 363.6 million cases in the second quarter of 2006, an increase of $12 \%$ compared to the second quarter of 2005 . Excluding the impact of the Macaw Acquisition, 8-ounce equivalent case volume was up 6\% compared with the second quarter of 2005 driven by strong growth in concentrate and international sales. Sales of concentrate increased by $48 \%$ to 113 million 8 -ounce equivalent cases in the second quarter of 2006 compared to the second quarter of 2005. The increase is principally due to increased customer demand, including the impact of the structural change in the business arrangement with one of our self-manufacturing customers. Shipment timing also favorably impacted concentrate sales. Filled beverage sales in the second quarter of 2006 were essentially flat at 250.6 million equivalent cases, compared to 249.6 million in the same period last year.

Sales for the first half of 2006 increased to $\$ 896.2$ million, $1 \%$ higher than the same period last year and down $5 \%$ when the impact of acquisition and foreign exchange rates are excluded.

Total 8-ounce equivalent case volume was 658.6 million cases for the first half of 2006 .

For the six months ended July 1, 2006
(in millions of dollars)
Change in sales
Impact of acquisitions
Impact of foreign exchange
Change excluding acquisitions \&
$\quad$ exchange
Percentage change excluding
acquisitions \& exchange

(5) \%


NORTH AMERICA \$ (66.0)
--
(9.2)

-------------
(9) $\%$

UK \& EUROPE


In North America, sales were $\$ 383.2$ million in the second quarter of 2006 , a decrease of $8 \%$ from the second quarter of 2005. Excluding the impact of foreign exchange, sales decreased by $9 \%$. In the first half of 2006 , sales were $\$ 692.7$ million, a decrease of $8 \%$ from the first half of 2005 . Excluding the impact of foreign exchange, sales decreased by 9\%. This decline was mainly due to a structural change in our business arrangement with one of our self-manufacturing customers, which was described earlier in this section. Other factors impacting North American sales were continued carbonated soft drink ("CSD") softness and product rationalization.

In the U.K. and Europe, sales were $\$ 92.9$ million in the second quarter of 2006 , an increase of $60 \%$ from the second quarter of 2005 due to strong base business growth and the Macaw Acquisition. Excluding the impact of the Macaw Acquisition, sales increased 10\%. Excluding the impact of the Macaw Acquisition and foreign exchange, sales increased $12 \%$. In the first half of 2006 , sales were $\$ 158.2$ million, an increase of $56 \%$ from the first half of 2005 . Excluding the impact of the Macaw Acquisition, sales increased 8\%. Excluding the impact of the Macaw Acquisition and foreign exchange, sales increased $12 \%$.

The International segment includes our Mexican business, our Royal Crown International business and our business in Asia. Sales in this segment were $\$ 24.2$ million in the second quarter of 2006 , an increase of $21 \%$ when compared with the second quarter of 2005. This increase was primarily in Mexico where

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sales in the second quarter of 2006 were $\$ 16.7$ million, an increase of $\$ 2$ million when compared with sales in the second quarter of 2005 , due to increased volume. In the first half of 2006 , sales in the International segment were $\$ 42.1$ million, an increase of $18 \%$ when compared with the first half of 2005 . This increase was primarily in Mexico where sales in the first half of 2006 were $\$ 28.5$ million, an increase of $\$ 3.3$ million when compared with sales in the first half of 2005, due to increased volume.

GROSS PROFIT -- Gross profit for the second quarter of 2006 was $\$ 72.3$ million, or $14.4 \%$ of sales, down from $16.4 \%$ of sales in the second quarter of 2005 . The decline in gross margin was impacted by the $\$ 4.9$ million benefit related to the settlement of a lawsuit against suppliers of high fructose corn syrup recognized in the second quarter of 2005 . The gross margin decline was also impacted by increased capacity-related fixed costs, partially offset by a favorable product mix. Gross profit in the first half of 2006 was $\$ 125$ million, or $13.9 \%$ of sales, compared to gross profit of $\$ 136.7$ million, or $15.4 \%$ of sales, in the first half of 2005. Gross profit for the first half of the year reflects the impact of increased capacity-related fixed costs, the impact of the high fructose corn syrup settlement in 2005, partially offset by a favorable product mix.

SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES ("SG\&A") -- SG\&A was \$48.7 million in the second quarter of 2006 , an increase of $\$ 13.2$ million from the second quarter of 2005, largely due to $\$ 6.3$ million of CEO transition costs, increased incentive compensation costs of $\$ 4.3$ million and $\$ 1.9$ million of stock option expense. SG\&A was $\$ 88.6$ million in the first half of 2006 ,
an increase of $\$ 16.2$ million from the first half of 2005 , largely due to $\$ 6.3$ million of CEO transition costs, increased incentive compensation costs of $\$ 6.7$ million and $\$ 4.6$ million of stock option expense. The additional SG\&A costs resulting from the Macaw Acquisition were largely offset by our company-wide cost control actions. As a percentage of sales, SG\&A increased to 9.7\% during the second quarter of 2006, up from $7.2 \%$ for the same period last year and to $9.9 \%$ for the first half of the year, up from $8.2 \%$ for the same period last year.

STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION -- Effective January 1, 2006, we adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standard ("SFAS 123R"), Share-Based Payments, using the modified prospective approach and therefore have not restated results for prior periods. Under this prospective approach, stock-based compensation expense for the first quarter of fiscal 2006 includes compensation expense for all stock-based compensation awards granted prior to, but not yet vested as of January 1, 2006, based on the grant date fair value estimated in accordance with the original provision of SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based
Compensation" ("SFAS 123"). Stock-based compensation expense for all stock-based compensation awards granted after January 1, 2006 is based on the grant-date fair value estimated in accordance with the provisions of SFAS 123R. We recognize these compensation costs net of a forfeiture rate on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period of the award, which is generally the option vesting term of three years. We estimated the forfeiture rate for the first half of fiscal 2006 based on our historical experience with forfeitures during the preceding three fiscal years. For the interim period ending July 1, 2006, net income includes compensation expense of $\$ 4.6$ million, or $\$ 3.6$ million net of tax of $\$ 1.0$ million, which equates to $\$ 0.05$ per basic and diluted share. If the change had been reported retroactively, comparative figures for the six month period ended July 2, 2005 would show income before taxes of $\$ 44.1$ million, income tax expense of $\$ 14.6$ million and net income of $\$ 29.5$ million or $\$ 0.41$ per basic and diluted share.

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During the second quarter of 2006, our shareowners approved and adopted two new compensation plans for 2006 and future periods, the Performance Share Unit Plan and the Share Appreciation Rights Plan. . These plans are designed to attract, maintain and motivate key employees while promoting the long-term financial success of our business.

UNUSUAL ITEMS -- In the second quarter of 2006 , we recorded charges for unusual items of $\$ 0.7$ million on a pre-tax basis or $\$ 0.01$ per diluted share after tax. In the first quarter and first half of 2005, the only unusual item was a $\$ 0.2$ million gain. For the first half of 2006 , we recorded charges for unusual items of $\$ 5.7$ million on a pre-tax basis or $\$ 0.06$ per diluted share after tax.

Of the $\$ 0.7$ million of unusual items recorded in the second quarter of 2006 , $\$ 0.2$ million relates to restructuring charges, $\$ 0.1$ million gain relates to a recovery from sale of other assets partially offset by asset impairments and $\$ 0.6$ million relates to legal and other fees relating to the U.K Competition Commission review of the Macaw Acquisition. Of the $\$ 5.7$ million of unusual items recorded in the first half of $2006, \$ 1.8$ million relates to restructuring charges, $\$ 1.3$ million relates to asset impairments net of a recovery from the sale of other assets and $\$ 2.6$ million relates to legal and other fees relating to the U.K Competition Commission review of the Macaw Acquisition.

Restructuring charges of $\$ 0.2$ million recorded in the second quarter include $\$ 0.3$ million net recovery relating to the closures of our Columbus, Ohio soft drink plant and our Lachine, Quebec juice plant. The remaining restructuring cost of $\$ 0.5$ million relates to consulting fees. Restructuring charges of $\$ 1.8$ million recorded in the first half of 2006 include $\$ 0.9$ million for severance and contract termination costs relating to the closures of our Columbus, Ohio soft drink plant and our Lachine, Quebec juice plant. The remaining restructuring costs of $\$ 0.9$ million are consulting fees relating to the North American realignment.

Asset impairments of $\$ 0.1$ million gain recorded in the second quarter of 2006 include $\$ 0.2$ million related to the closure of our Columbus, Ohio soft drink plant (relating to the writedown of customer list), $\$ 0.1$ million related to the closure of our Lachine, Quebec juice plant (relating to the writedown of property, plant and equipment) and a recovery of $\$ 0.4$ million from the sale of other assets. Asset impairments of $\$ 1.3$ million recorded in the first half of 2006 include $\$ 1.6$ million related to the closure of our Columbus, Ohio soft drink plant (relating to the writedown of property, plant and equipment, customer list and information technology software), $\$ 0.1$ million related to the closure of our Lachine, Quebec juice plant (relating to the writedown of property, plant and equipment) and a recovery of $\$ 0.4$ million from the sale of other assets.

On July 27, 2006, we announced changes to our senior management structure, roles and responsibilities. As a result of these changes, certain senior executives have departed from the Company. We estimate the associated severance and other costs to be approximately $\$ 3.7$ million and these costs will be recognized in the third quarter of 2006.

OPERATING INCOME -- Operating income was $\$ 23.0$ million in the second quarter of 2006 including unusual items of $\$ 0.7$ million, as compared with $\$ 44.7$ million in the second quarter of 2005. Operating income was $\$ 30.7$ million for the first half of 2006
first half of 2005 which included unusual items of $\$ 0.2$ million gain.
INTEREST EXPENSE -- Net interest expense was $\$ 7.5$ million in the second quarter of 2006 , up from $\$ 6.6$ million in the second quarter of 2005 primarily resulting from the Macaw Acquisition. Net interest expense was $\$ 15.7$ million in the first half of 2006, up from $\$ 13.1$ million in the first half of 2005 also primarily resulting from the Macaw Acquisition.

INCOME TAXES -- We recorded an income tax provision of $\$ 6.8$ million for the second quarter and $\$ 7.6$ million for the first half of 2006 as compared with $\$ 12.3$ million and $\$ 16.0$ million, respectively, for the same periods last year. The effective income tax rate increased to 47\%, reflecting higher non-deductible expenses and additional tax provision due to changes in estimates.

## FINANCIAL CONDITION

OPERATING ACTIVITIES -- Cash provided by operating activities in the first half of 2006 was $\$ 11.4$ million, after capital expenditures of $\$ 16.7$ million, as compared to the first half of 2005 in which cash provided by operating activities was $\$ 0.1$ million, after capital expenditures of $\$ 54.8$ million.

Cash decreased from $\$ 21.7$ million to $\$ 9.8$ million in the first half of 2006 due to the normal seasonal build up of inventories.

CAPITAL RESOURCES AND LONG-TERM DEBT -- Our sources of capital include operating cash flows, short term borrowings under current credit and receivables securitization facilities, issuance of public and private debt and issuance of equity securities. We believe we have adequate financial resources to meet our ongoing cash requirements for operations and capital expenditures, as well as our other financial obligations based on our operating cash flows and currently available credit.

Our senior secured credit facilities allow for revolving credit borrowings of up to $\$ 225.0$ million provided we are in compliance with the covenants and conditions of the agreement. As of July 1, 2006 credit of $\$ 77.7$ million was available after borrowings of $\$ 142.2$ million, and standby letters of credit of $\$ 5.1$ million. The weighted average interest rate was $6.02 \%$ on these facilities as of July 1, 2006.

The receivables securitization facility allows for borrowing up to $\$ 75.0$ million based on the amount of eligible receivables and various reserves required by the facility. As of July 1,2006 , $\$ 57.6$ million of eligible receivables, net of reserves, were available for purchase under this facility with no balance outstanding.

As of July 1, 2006, long-term debt totaled $\$ 273.0$ million compared with $\$ 273.1$ million at the end of 2005. At the end of the first half of 2006 , debt consisted of $\$ 270.9$ million in $8 \%$ senior subordinated notes with a face value of $\$ 275.0$ million and $\$ 2.1$ million of other debt.

CANADIAN GAAP -- Under Canadian GAAP, in the first half of 2006, we reported a net income of $\$ 5.5$ million and total assets of $\$ 1,235.2$ million compared to net income and total assets under U.S. GAAP of $\$ 5.5$ million and $\$ 1,234.7$ million, respectively, in the first half of 2006.

There were no material U.S./Canadian GAAP differences in the first half of 2006.

## OUTLOOK

We continue to expect 2006 to be a challenging year. Sales of carbonated soft drinks are expected to remain under pressure in North America during the year. We continue to expect strong growth in the bottled water and non-carbonated
beverages segments.

To date since September 29, 2005 (through the end of the second quarter of 2006), we have recorded pretax charges of $\$ 40$ million relating to unusual items including impairment and restructuring charges. These amounts are part of the previously announced charges of $\$ 60$ to 80 million associated with the North American realignment plan and other assets impairment. We continue to expect net income, excluding unusual items, stock based compensation expense and charges related to the chief executive officer change, to be substantially lower in 2006 than in 2005.

To build long-term success and profitability, we will focus on three key priorities: 1) reducing costs; 2) improving our partnerships with our retailer customers; and 3) building and sustaining an innovation pipeline for new product development.

Our cost reduction program will focus on asset optimization, fixed cost reduction and world-class efficiency initiatives, the introduction of a sub-zero-based budgeting system, optimization of selling, general and administrative expenses, further centralization of procurement and suppliers, and ongoing SKU rationalization. In addition, we intend to drive top-line growth by focusing on in-store execution, penetration of new, high-margin beverage segments, expansion of our business to new, high-margin channels, and expansion to new global customers and geographies.

To support the Company's long term growth, we have restructured our organization under two business units responsible for North America and International. These business units will focus on customer management, channel development, sales and marketing. They will be supported by four centralized functions: 1) People; 2) Supply/Manufacturing; 3) Finance; 4) Legal / Corporate Development. The new organizational structure is designed to leverage our strengths and drive efficiencies, standardization and performance in all areas, while reducing costs to improve future financial performance.

We have not completed detailed action plans or the requisite analyses to estimate the charges relating to new initiatives within the cost reduction program. As a result, the ultimate amount and timing of the charges is uncertain.

Our business strategy also involves continuing to expand outside of North America. We continue to view Mexico as a strong long-term growth opportunity and are working closely with our customers to grow the retailer brand beverage segment in this market. Our U.K. division intends to continue to enhance its performance through product innovation and a customer-centric focus to identify opportunities. On April 28, 2006, the U.K. Competition Commission gave final approval to the Macaw Acquisition and we are integrating Macaw business into our U.K. business. This acquisition has added additional production capacity and aseptic beverage capabilities to our U.K. business unit.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS -- In addition to historical information, this report and the reports and documents incorporated by reference in this report contain statements relating to future events and our future results. These statements are "forward-looking" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and applicable Canadian securities legislation and include, but are not limited to, statements that relate to projections of sales, earnings, earnings per share, cash flows, capital expenditures or other financial items, discussions of estimated future revenue enhancements and cost savings. These statements also relate to our business strategy, goals and
expectations concerning our market position, future operations, margins, profitability, liquidity and capital resources. Generally, words such as "anticipate", "believe", "continue", "could", "estimate", "expect", "intend", "may", "plan", "predict", "project", "should" and similar terms and phrases are used to identify forward-looking statements in this report and in the documents incorporated in this report by reference. These forward-looking statements are made as of the date of this report.

Although we believe the assumptions underlying these forward-looking statements are reasonable, any of these assumptions could prove to be inaccurate and, as a result, the forward-looking statements based on those assumptions could be incorrect. Our operations involve risks and uncertainties, many of which are outside of our control, and any one or any combination of these risks and uncertainties could also affect whether the forward-looking statements ultimately prove to be correct.

The following are some of the factors that could affect our financial performance, including but not limited to sales, earnings and cash flows, or could cause actual results to differ materially from estimates contained in or underlying the forward-looking statements:
o changing nature of the North American business;
our ability to successfully implement our realignment plan;
o Our ability to grow business outside of North America;
o our ability to integrate new management and a new management structure;
o loss of key customers, particularly Wal-Mart, and the commitment of retailer brand beverage customers to their own retailer brand beverage programs;
o increases in competitor consolidations and other market-place competition, particularly among branded beverage products;
o our ability to identify acquisition and alliance candidates and to integrate into our operations the businesses and product lines that we acquire or become allied with;
o our ability to secure additional production capacity either through acquisitions, or third party manufacturing arrangements;

- increase in interest rates;
o our ability to restore plant efficiencies and lower logistics costs;
o fluctuations in the cost and availability of beverage ingredients and packaging supplies, and our ability to maintain favorable arrangements and relationships with our suppliers;
o our ability to pass on increased costs to our customers;
o unseasonably cold or wet weather, which could reduce demand for our beverages;
o our ability to protect the intellectual property inherent in new and existing products;
o adverse rulings, judgments or settlements in our existing litigation and regulatory reviews, and the possibility that additional litigation or regulatory reviews will be brought against us;
o product recalls or changes in or increased enforcement of the laws and regulations that affect our business;
o currency fluctuations that adversely affect the exchange between the U.S. dollar on one hand and the pound sterling, the Canadian dollar and other currencies on the other;
o changes in tax laws and interpretations of tax laws;
o changes in consumer tastes and preferences and market demand for new and existing products;
o interruption in transportation systems, labor strikes, work stoppages and other interruptions or difficulties in the employment of labor or transportation in our markets; and
o changes in general economic and business conditions.

Many of these factors are described in greater detail in this report and in other filings that we make with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and Canadian securities regulatory authorities. We undertake no obligation to update any information contained in this report or to publicly release the results of any revisions to forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances of which we may become aware of after the date of this report. Undue reliance should not be placed on forward-looking statements.

All future written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to us or persons acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the foregoing.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Reference is made to Item 7A: Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk described in our Annual Report on Form $10-\mathrm{K}$ for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005.

In the first half of 2006 , we entered into cash flow hedges to mitigate exposure to declines in the value of the Canadian dollar attributable to certain forecasted U.S. dollar raw material purchases of the Canadian business segment. In fiscal 2005, we also entered into cash flow hedges to mitigate exposure to declines in the value of pound sterling attributable to certain forecasted U.S. dollar raw material purchases of the United Kingdom ("U.K.") and European business segments. The hedges consist of monthly foreign exchange options to buy U.S. dollars at fixed rates per Canadian dollar and mature at various dates through December 28, 2006. The fair market value of the foreign exchange options is included in prepaid expenses and other assets.

Changes in the fair value of the cash flow hedge instruments are recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income. Amounts recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income and prepaid expenses and other assets are recorded in earnings in the same periods in which the forecasted purchases or payments affect earnings. At July 1, 2006, the fair value of the options
was $\$ 0$ million ( $\$ 0.8$ million -- July 2, 2005) and we recorded $\$ 0.3$ million unrealized loss in comprehensive income in the first half of 2006 . See "Note 8 Derivative Financial Instruments."

Our sales outside the U.S. are concentrated principally in the U.K. and Canada. We believe that our foreign currency exchange rate risk has been immaterial given the historic stability of the U.S. dollar with respect to the foreign currencies to which we have our principal exposure. However, there can be no assurance that these exchange rates will remain stable or that our exposure to foreign currency exchange rate risk will not increase in the future.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES
Our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) are effective, based on their evaluation of these controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting or in other factors during the quarter ended July 1, 2006 that could materially affect, or are likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II -- OTHER INFORMATION

## ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Reference is made to the legal proceedings described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005 and to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three-month period ended April 1, 2006. In addition, in reference to the action styled the Consumers' Association of Canada and Bruce Cran v. Coca-Cola Bottling Ltd. et al., on June 2, 2006 , the British Columbia Supreme Court granted the summary trial application, which resulted in the dismissal of the plaintiffs' action against us and the other defendants. On June 26, 2006, the plaintiffs' appealed the dismissal of their action to the British Columbia Court of Appeal. We, together with the other defendants, are defending the appeal, which we expect will be heard in the next eight to twelve months. It is too early to assess the chances of success of the appeal.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS
Reference is made to the detailed description of risk factors our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005. Risks and uncertainties include national brand pricing strategies, commitment of major customers to retailer brand programs, stability of procurement costs for items such as sweetener, packaging materials and other ingredients, the successful integration of new acquisitions, the ability to protect intellectual property and fluctuations in interest rates and foreign currencies versus the U.S. dollar.

The Risk Factors included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005 have not changed materially other than as set forth below.

IF THE COMPETITION COMMISSION IN THE U.K. DOES NOT APPROVE THE MACAW ACQUISITION, WE MIGHT BE REQUIRED TO SELL ALL OR PART OF THIS BUSINESS AND MAY NOT RECOVER OUR FULL COST.

This Risk Factor is no longer applicable as the U.K. Competition Commission approved the Macaw Acquisition on April 28, 2006.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS
(a) The Annual and Special Meeting of Cott's Shareowners was held on April 20, 2006 .
(b) The meeting was held to consider and vote on the following matters:


| Number | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3.1 | Articles of Incorporation of Cott (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to our Form 10-K dated March 31, 2000). |
| 3.2 | By-laws of Cott (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to our Form 10-K dated March 8, 2002). |
| 10.1 | Employment Agreement between Cott Corporation and Brent D. Willis dated May 16, 2006 (filed herewith). |
| 10.2 | Termination Letter Agreement between Cott Corporation and John K. Sheppard dated May 13, 2006 (filed herewith). |
| 10.3 | Cott Corporation Performance Share Unit Plan (filed herewith). |
| 10.4 | Cott Corporation Share Appreciation Rights Plan (filed herewith) |
| 31.1 | Certification of the President and Chief Executive Officer <br> pursuant to section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 for the quarterly period ended July 1, 2006 (filed herewith). |
| 31.2 | ```Certification of the Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer pursuant to section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 for the quarterly period ended July 1, 2006 (filed herewith).``` |
| 32.1 | Certification of the President and Chief Executive Officer pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 for the quarterly period ended July 1, 2006 (furnished herewith). |
| 32.2 | ```Certification of the Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 for the quarterly period ended July 1, 2006 (furnished herewith).``` |
| In accordance with SEC Release No. 33-8238, Exhibits 32.1 and 32.2 are to be treated as "accompanying" this report rather than "filed" as part of the report. |  |

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

COTT CORPORATION
(Registrant)

Date: August 9, 2006
/s/ B. Clyde Preslar
B. Clyde Preslar

Executive Vice President \&

Chief Financial Officer (On behalf of the Company)

Date: August 9, 2006

```
/s/ Tina Dell'Aquila
Tina Dell'Aquila
Vice President, Controller &
Assistant Secretary
(Principal accounting officer)
```


## SCHEDULE III -- CONSOLIDATING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Cott Beverages Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of Cott Corporation, has entered into financing arrangements that are guaranteed by Cott Corporation and certain other wholly owned subsidiaries of Cott Corporation (the "Guarantor Subsidiaries"). Such guarantees are full, unconditional and joint and several.

The following supplemental financial information sets forth on an unconsolidated basis, balance sheets, statements of income and cash flows for Cott Corporation, Cott Beverages Inc., Guarantor Subsidiaries and Cott Corporation's other subsidiaries (the "Non-guarantor Subsidiaries"). The supplemental financial information reflects the investments of cott Corporation and Cott Beverages Inc. in their respective subsidiaries using the equity method of accounting.

COTT CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATING STATEMENTS OF INCOME (LOSS)
(in millions of U.S. dollars, unaudited)

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JULY

| COTT |  | COTT |  | GUARANTOR |  | GUARANI |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ | 69.8 | \$ | 309.3 | \$ | 107.7 | \$ |
|  | 56.7 |  | 269.4 |  | 93.9 |  |
|  | 13.1 |  | 39.9 |  | 13.8 |  |
|  | 11.1 |  | 26.6 |  | 8.9 |  |
|  | (0.5) |  | 0.4 |  | -- |  |
|  | (0.3) |  | 0.5 |  | 0.6 |  |
|  | (0.3) |  | 0.2 |  | -- |  |
|  | 3.1 |  | 12.2 |  | 4.3 |  |
|  | (0.1) |  | 4.0 |  | (0.4) |  |

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| Interest expense (income), net |  | (0.1) |  | 8.0 |  | 0.1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Minority interest |  | -- |  | -- |  | -- |  |
| INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAXES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AND EQUITY INCOME (LOSS) |  | 3.3 |  | 0.2 |  | 4.6 |  |
| Income taxes |  | 0.1 |  | 0.9 |  | 1.6 |  |
| Equity income (loss) |  | 4.4 |  | (0.8) |  | 4.7 |  |
| NET INCOME (LOSS) | \$ | 7.6 | \$ | (1.5) | \$ | 7.7 | \$ |

```
COTT CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATING STATEMENTS OF INCOME (LOSS)
(in millions of U.S. dollars, unaudited)
```



```
COTT CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEETS
(in millions of U.S. dollars, unaudited)
```

AS OF JULY 1, 2006

| COTT |  | COTT | GUARANTOR | GUARANT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CORPORATION | BEVERAGES | INC. | SUBSIDIARIES | SUBSIDIARI |


| ASSETS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash | \$ | 3.8 | \$ | 0.1 | \$ | (0.3) | \$ | 6 |
| Accounts receivable |  | 40.2 |  | 30.3 |  | 86.1 |  | 20 |
| Inventories |  | 24.3 |  | 86.2 |  | 45.2 |  |  |
| Prepaid expenses and other assets |  | 2.1 |  | 3.5 |  | 8.5 |  | 3 |
| Deferred income taxes |  | -- |  | 6.9 |  | 0.8 |  | 0 |
|  |  | 70.4 |  | 127.0 |  | 140.3 |  | 36 |
| Property, plant and equipment |  | 52.8 |  | 185.2 |  | 137.9 |  | 9 |
| Goodwill |  | 24.6 |  | 45.9 |  | 85.3 |  |  |
| Intangibles and other assets |  | 16.9 |  | 162.8 |  | 38.1 |  | 38 |
| Due from affiliates |  | 65.8 |  | 81.6 |  | 175.4 |  | 41 |
| Investments in subsidiaries |  | 407.3 |  | 72.0 |  | 70.2 |  | 44 |
| Deferred income taxes |  | -- |  | -- |  | -- |  |  |
|  | \$ | 637.8 | \$ | 674.5 | \$ | 647.2 | \$ | 370 |
| LIABILITIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Short-term borrowings | \$ | -- | \$ | 10.6 | \$ | 139.5 | \$ |  |
| Current maturities of long-term debt |  | -- |  | 0.8 |  | -- |  |  |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities |  | 38.4 |  | 124.0 |  | 75.5 |  | 19 |
| Deferred income taxes |  | -- |  | -- |  | -- |  |  |
|  |  | 38.4 |  | 135.4 |  | 215.0 |  | 19 |
| Long-term debt |  | -- |  | 272.2 |  | -- |  |  |
| Due to affiliates |  | 97.1 |  | 120.1 |  | 63.5 |  | 84 |
| Deferred income taxes |  | -- |  | 40.6 |  | 19.4 |  |  |
|  |  | 135.5 |  | 568.3 |  | 297.9 |  | 12 |
| Minority interest |  | -- |  | -- |  | -- |  | 22 |
| SHAREOWNERS' EQUITY Capital stock |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Common shares |  | 273.0 |  | 275.8 |  | 621.6 |  | 175 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Additional paid-in-capital |  | 23.0 |  | -- |  | -- |  |  |
| Retained earnings (deficit) |  | 191.7 |  | (169.6) |  | (171.2) |  | ( 4 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) |  | 14.6 |  | -- |  | (101.4) |  | 65 |
|  |  | 502.3 |  | 106.2 |  | 349.3 |  | 235 |
|  | \$ | 637.8 | \$ | 674.5 | \$ | 647.2 | \$ | 370 |

## COTT CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATING STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(in millions of U.S. dollars, unaudited)

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JULY

| COTT |  | COTT | GUARANTOR | GUARANT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CORPORATION | BEVERAGES | INC. | SUBSIDIARIES | SUBSIDIARI |


| \$ | 7.6 | \$ | (1.5) | \$ | 7.7 | \$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2.9 |  | 9.2 |  | 5.7 |  |
|  | -- |  | -- |  | 0.1 |  |
|  | 1.9 |  | -- |  | -- |  |
|  | -- |  | 2.4 |  | 0.2 |  |
|  | -- |  | -- |  | - |  |
|  | (4.4) |  | 1.5 |  | (4.7) |  |
|  | (0.4) |  | 0.4 |  | (0.1) |  |
|  | (0.1) |  | -- |  | -- |  |
|  | (0.1) |  | 0.3 |  | -- |  |
|  | (7.2) |  | (4.7) |  | (5.5) |  |
|  | 0.2 |  | 7.6 |  | 3.4 |  |
|  | (0.6) |  | (5.0) |  | (2.7) |  |
|  | 1.0 |  | (0.4) |  | 0.2 |  |
|  | (0.1) |  | 0.1 |  | (2.2) |  |
|  | (1.2) |  | (2.1) |  | -- |  |
|  | (0.9) |  | (7.4) |  | (4.7) |  |

FINANCING ACTIVITIES


COTT CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATING STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(in millions of U.S. dollars, unaudited)

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JULY

| COTT |  | COTT | GUARANTOR |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

OPERATING ACTIVITIES
Net income (loss) \$
Depreciation and amortization
Amortization of financing fees

| 5.5 | 1.0 | $\$$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 6.0 | 18.7 | 10.1 |
| -- | 0.1 | 11.1 |
| 4.6 | -- | 0.2 |
| -- | 2.7 | -- |
| -- | -- | -- |
|  |  |  |

Minority interest
Equity (loss) income, net of distributions
(7.0)
2.1
(7.6)

Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment
Asset impairments
Other non-cash items
Net change in non-cash working capital
(9.1)
(0.4)
(0.1)
.
(0.1)
(0.1)
0.6
$(17.6) \quad(6.1)$
$(17.6) \quad(6.1)$

Cash provided by (used in) operating activities
(0.6)
9.5
7.6
$\$$
1.1
0.2
--
--
--
1.4
------------ ------------
-------------




## COTT CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEETS
(in millions of U.S. dollars)

ASSETS
Current assets
Cash
Accounts receivable
Inventories
Prepaid expenses and other
Deferred income taxes

Property, plant and equipment Goodwill
Intangibles and other assets Due from affiliates
Investments in subsidiaries Deferred income taxes


Minority interest
LIABILITIES
Current liabilities
Short-term borrowings
Current maturities of long-term debt
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities
Deferred income taxes

Long-term debt
Due to affiliates
Deferred income taxes

SHAREOWNERS' EQUITY


COTT CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATING STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(in millions of U.S. dollars, unaudited)

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JULY

| COTT |  | COTT | GUARANTOR | GUARANT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CORPORATION | BEVERAGES | INC. | SUBSIDIARIES | SUBSIDIARI |


| OPERATING ACTIVITIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net income (loss) | \$ | 24.9 | \$ | 38.5 | \$ | 24.5 | \$ | (19 |
| Depreciation and amortization |  | 2.5 |  | 9.7 |  | 2.4 |  | 1 |
| Amortization of financing fees |  | -- |  | 0.2 |  | -- |  | 0 |
| Deferred income taxes |  | 0.9 |  | 2.6 |  | -- |  |  |
| Minority interest |  | -- |  | -- |  | -- |  | 1 |
| Equity (loss) income, net of distributions |  | (23.7) |  | (1.8) |  | (19.5) |  |  |
| Gain (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment |  | -- |  | 0.6 |  | (0.1) |  |  |
| Asset impairments |  | -- |  | -- |  | -- |  |  |
| Other non-cash items |  | (0.3) |  | 1.0 |  | (0.8) |  | (0 |
| Net change in non-cash working capital |  | 3.0 |  | 48.8 |  | (28.5) |  | ( 33 |
| Cash provided by (used in) operating activities |  | 7.3 |  | 99.6 |  | (22.0) |  | ( 50 |
| INVESTING ACTIVITIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Additions to property, plant and equipment |  | (2.6) |  | (20.4) |  | (3.3) |  | ( 0 |
| Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment |  | -- |  | 0.7 |  | 1.3 |  |  |
| Advances to affiliates |  | (2.2) |  | (15.0) |  | (3.9) |  |  |
| Investment in subsidiary |  | -- |  | -- |  | (15.0) |  |  |
| Other investing activities |  | (2.6) |  | (31.1) |  | 30.8 |  | ( 0 |



COTT CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATING STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(in millions of U.S. dollars, unaudited)



