COTT CORP /CN/ Form 10-Q August 10, 2006

United States
Securities and Exchange Commission
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-0

FORM 10-Q	
[X] Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Act of 1934  For the quarterly period ended: July 1, 2	-
[ ] Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of th  Act of 1934  For the transition period from to _  Commission File Number: 000-19914	·
COMMISSION FILE NUMBER. 000-19914	
COTT CORPORATION	
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its	charter)
CANADA	NONE
(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)	(IRS Employer Identification No.)
207 QUEEN'S QUAY WEST, SUITE 340, TORONTO, ONTARIO	M5J 1A7
(Address of principal executive offices)	(Zip Code)
Registrant's telephone number, including area code:  Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchan the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that th required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No []	all reports required ge Act of 1934 during e registrant was
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large ac accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definiti filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exc	on of "accelerated
Large accelerated filer [X] Accelerated filer [] Non-a	ccelerated filer [ ]
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell co	mpany (as defined in

Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes [] No [X]

common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of

Class	Outstanding at August 4,
Common Stock, no par value per share	71,714,630 shares

Common Stock, no par value per share

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

### PART I -- FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1.	Financial Statements
	Consolidated Statements of Income for the three and six month periods ended July 1, 20 and July 2, 2005
	Consolidated Balance Sheets as of July 1, 2006 and December 31, 2005
	Consolidated Statements of Shareowners' Equity as of July 1, 2006 and July 2, 2005
	Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the three and six month periods ended July 1 and July 2, 2005
	Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures
	PART II OTHER INFORMATION
Item 1.	Legal Proceedings
Item 1A.	Risk Factors
Item 4.	Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders
Item 6.	Financial Statement Schedules and Exhibits
Signatures	

2

PART I -- FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

COTT CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
(in millions of U.S. dollars, except per share amounts)
Unaudited

	Fo	For the three months ended					
		JULY 1, 2006		JULY 2, 2005		JULY 1, 2006	
SALES	\$	502.0	\$	492.7	\$	896.2	
Cost of sales		429.7		412.0		771.2	
GROSS PROFIT		72.3		80.7		125.0	
Selling, general and administrative expenses (Gain) Loss on disposal of property,		48.7		35.5		88.6	
plant and equipment Unusual items note 2		(0.1)		0.5			
Restructuring		0.2				1.8	
Asset impairments		(0.1)				1.3	
Other		0.6				2.6	
OPERATING INCOME		23.0		44.7		30.7	
Other income, net				(0.6)		(0.2	
Interest expense, net		7.5		6.6		15.7	
Minority interest		1.1		1.4		2.1	
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES		14.4		37.3		13.1	
Income tax expense note 4		6.8		12.3		7.6	
NET INCOME note 5	\$	7.6	\$ ====	25.0	\$ ====	5.5	
PER SHARE DATA note 6							
INCOME PER COMMON SHARE							
Basic	\$	0.11	\$	0.35	\$	0.08	
Diluted	\$	0.11	\$	0.35	\$	0.08	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

3

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (in millions of U.S. dollars) Unaudited

		JULY 1, 2006	DEC	CEMBER 2005
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS Cash Accounts receivable Inventories note 7 Prepaid expenses and other assets note 8 Deferred income taxes	\$	9.8 239.6 161.8 17.8 8.1	\$	2 19 14
		437.1		37
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT note 9		385.4		39
GOODWILL		155.8		15
INTANGIBLES AND OTHER ASSETS note 10		256.4		26
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES				
	\$ ===	1,234.7	\$ ===	1,17
LIABILITIES				
CURRENT LIABILITIES Short-term borrowings note 11 Current maturities of long-term debt Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred income taxes	\$	150.1 0.8 217.1 	\$	15 18
		368.0		34
LONG-TERM DEBT		272.2		27
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES		69.4		
		709.6		6
MINORITY INTEREST		22.8		:
SHAREOWNERS' EQUITY				
CAPITAL STOCK Common shares 71,714,630 shares issued (December 31, 2005 71,711,630 shares)		273.0		2

	=========	=======
	\$ 1,234.7	\$ 1,17
	502.3	48
ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	14.6	
RETAINED EARNINGS	191.7	18
ADDITIONAL PAID-IN-CAPITAL	23.0	1

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

4

COTT CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREOWNERS' EQUITY
(in millions of U.S. dollars)
Unaudited

Balance at July 1, 2006

NUMBER OF COMMON ADDITIONAL SHARES COMMON PAID-IN-RETAINED (in thousands) SHARES CAPITAL EARNINGS Balance at January 1, 2005 71,440 \$ 269.4 \$ 17.6 \$ 161. Options exercised, including tax benefit of \$0.6 million 191 2.4 0.6 Comprehensive income -- note 5 Currency translation adjustment Unrealized gains on cash flow hedges -- note 8 Net income 33. 71,631 \$ 271.8 \$ 18.2 \$ 194. Balance at July 2, 2005 \_\_\_\_\_\_ Balance at December 31, 2005 71,712 \$ 273.0 \$ 18.4 \$ 186. Options exercised, including tax benefit 3 Stock compensation expense 4.6 Comprehensive income -- note 5 Currency translation adjustment Unrealized gains on cash flow hedges -- note 8 Net income

71,715 \$ 273.0 \$ 23.0 \$ 191.

\_\_\_\_\_\_

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

5

1,

COTT CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(in millions of U.S. dollars)
Unaudited

	Foi	the three	e months end	ded	
			JULY 2,		JULY
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		7. 6		0.5.0	
Net income	\$	7.6	\$	25.0	\$
Depreciation and amortization		19.1 0.2		15.9 0.3	
Amortization of financing fees Stock option expense		1.9		0.5	
Deferred income taxes		6.4		3.5	
Minority interest		1.1		1.4	
Loss (gain) on disposal of property,		1.1		1.4	
plant and equipment		(0.1)		0.5	
Asset impairments		(0.1)			
Other non-cash items		0.2		0.3	
Net change in non-cash working capital		0.2		0.5	
note 12		(15.6)		(13.3)	
11000 12		(13.0)			
Cash provided by operating activities		20.7		33.6	
outh provided by operating decryrered					
TANADATING AGETYTETES					
INVESTING ACTIVITIES  Additions to property, plant and equipment		(8.4)		(26.7)	
Proceeds from disposition of property,		(0.4)		(20.7)	
plant and equipment		0.8		1.0	
Other investing activities		(3.3)		(2.6)	
Other investing activities					
		(10.0)		(00.0)	
Cash used in investing activities		(10.9)		(28.3)	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Payments of long-term debt		(0.3)		(0.2)	
Short-term borrowings		(9.7)		(0.6)	
Distributions to subsidiary minority					
shareowner		(0.7)		(0.8)	
Issue of common shares				1.5	
Financing costs				(0.5)	
Other financing activities				(0.1)	
Cash used in financing activities		(10.7)		(0.7)	

Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	 (0.1)	 (0.1)	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	(1.0)	4.5	
CASH, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	 10.8	 11.4	
CASH, END OF PERIOD	\$ 9.8	\$ 15.9	\$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

6

COTT CORPORATION
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Unaudited

NOTE 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with United States ("U.S.") generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for interim financial information. Accordingly, they do not include all information and notes presented in the annual consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP. In our opinion, the financial statements reflect all adjustments that are necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the interim periods presented. All such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the most recent annual consolidated financial statements. The accounting policies used in these interim consolidated financial statements are consistent with those used in the annual consolidated financial statements, except for the stock-based compensation as outlined below.

The presentation of these interim consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. We review long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. Determining whether an impairment has occurred requires various estimates and assumptions including estimates of cash flows that are directly related to the potentially impaired asset, the useful life over which cash flows will occur and their amounts. The measurement of an impairment loss requires an estimate of fair value, which is also based on estimates of future cash flows.

Material recognition, measurement, and presentation differences between U.S. GAAP and Canadian GAAP are disclosed in note 16.

#### Stock-Based Compensation

Effective January 1, 2006, we adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standard ("SFAS") 123R, Share-Based Payments, using the modified prospective approach and

therefore have not restated results for prior periods. Under this prospective approach, stock-based compensation expense for the first quarter of fiscal 2006 includes compensation expense for all stock-based compensation awards granted prior to, but not yet vested as of January 1, 2006, based on the grant date fair value estimated in accordance with the original provision of SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" ("SFAS 123"). Stock-based compensation expense for all stock-based compensation awards granted after January 1, 2006 is based on the grant-date fair value estimated in accordance with the provisions of SFAS 123R. We recognize these compensation costs net of a forfeiture rate on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period of the award, which is generally the option vesting term of three years. We estimated the forfeiture rate for the first half of fiscal 2006 based on our historical experience with forfeitures during the preceding three fiscal years. For the six month period ended July 1, 2006, net income includes compensation expense of \$4.6 million, or \$3.6 million net of tax of \$1.0 million, which equates to \$0.05 per basic and diluted share. If the change had been reported retroactively, comparative figures for the six month period ended July 2, 2005 would show income before taxes of \$44.1 million, income tax expense of \$14.6 million and net income of \$29.5 million or \$0.41 per basic and diluted share as described in note 13.

#### Inventory Costs

Effective January 1, 2006, we also adopted SFAS 151, Inventory Costs. The statement requires that the allocation of fixed production overheads to inventory be based on the normal capacity of the production facilities; unallocated overheads resulting from abnormally low production and certain other costs are to be recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred. There was no material impact from the adoption of this standard.

#### Income Taxes

In June 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued FASB Interpretation No. 48 ("FIN 48"), "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes". FIN 48 is an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109 "Accounting for

7

COTT CORPORATION NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Unaudited

Income Taxes" and must be adopted by us no later than January 1, 2007. FIN 48 prescribes a comprehensive model for recognizing, measuring, presenting, and disclosing in the financial statements uncertain tax positions that we have taken or expect to take in our tax returns. We are evaluating the impact of adopting FIN 48, and it may result in differences between Canadian and United States accounting standards on uncertain income tax positions.

NOTE 2

Unusual Items

For the three months ended For the six month

		JLY 1, 2006	JUL 20	Y 2, 05		JLY 1,	
	(in millions of U.S. dollars)			(in millions of U.		U.S.	
Restructuring Asset impairments Other	\$	0.2 (0.1) 0.6	\$	 	\$	1.8 1.3 2.6	\$
	 \$ =====	0.7	 \$ =====	 	 \$ =====	5.7	\$

In September 2005 we announced our plan to realign the management of our Canadian and U.S. businesses to a North American basis, rationalize product offerings, eliminate underperforming assets and increase our focus on high potential accounts. In conjunction with this plan, we closed our Lachine, Quebec juice plant in February 2006 and in March 2006 we closed our Columbus, Ohio soft drink plant to bring production capacity in line with the needs of our customers.

#### Restructuring

We recorded restructuring charges of \$1.8\$ million including \$0.9\$ million for severance and contract termination costs relating to the closures of our Columbus, Ohio soft drink plant and our Lachine, Quebec juice plant. The remaining restructuring cost of \$0.9\$ million relates to consulting fees.

Restructuring charges of \$0.4 million remain accrued as at July 1, 2006.

#### Asset impairments

We recorded an impairment loss of \$1.3 million, which is comprised of charges of \$1.6 million for the writedown of property, plant and equipment, customer list and information technology software related to the closure of our Columbus, Ohio soft drink plant and \$0.1 million for the writedown of property, plant and equipment relating to our Lachine, Quebec juice plant, net of a \$0.4 million recovery from the sale of other assets.

### Other

Other unusual items are primarily legal and other fees relating to the United Kingdom ("U.K.") Competition Commission review of our acquisition of 100% of the shares of Macaw (Holdings) Limited (now known as Cott Nelson (Holdings) Limited), the parent company of Macaw (Soft Drinks) Limited (now known as Cott (Nelson) Limited) (the "Macaw Acquisition") in the U.K.

We are currently evaluating various actions to reduce costs and are developing detailed plans which may result in additional exit and other costs being incurred. In the near term, we expect to incur additional charges relating to contract termination costs associated with the closure of our Columbus, Ohio soft drink plant and our Lachine, Quebec juice plant. To date since September 29, 2005 (through the end of the second quarter of 2006), we have recorded pre-tax charges of \$40 million relating to our previously announced North American realignment plan and other assets impairment, of which \$20 million was recorded in 2005 relating to customer relationship impairment. These amounts are part of the previously announced charges of \$60 to \$80 million associated with the North American realignment plan and other assets impairment.

COTT CORPORATION
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Unaudited

The breakdown of the charges discussed above is as follows:

	UNUSUAL ITEMS							
		For the s	ix months	ended July	1, 2006			
					COTAL			
		(	in million:					
Restructuring Asset impairments Other	\$	1.8 1.3 	\$	  2.6	\$	1.8 1.3 2.6		
	\$ =====	3.1	\$ =====	2.6	\$ =====	5.7		

	UNUSUAL ITEMS						
		For the	e year ende	d December 3	31, 2005		
	REALIG OTHER	NORTH AMERICAN REALIGNMENT AND OTHER ASSETS IMPAIRMENT OTHER			AND CTS		
			(in million	s of U.S. do	ollars)		
Restructuring Asset impairments Other	\$	3.2 33.7 	\$	 (0.2) 0.8	\$	3.2 33.5 0.8	
	 \$	36.9	 \$	0.6	 \$	37.5	
	====		====		====		

Restructuring charges are comprised of severance and contract termination costs in connection with the closure of our Lachine, Quebec juice plant and our Columbus, Ohio soft drink plant.

Asset impairments are comprised of writedown of property, plant and equipment and goodwill in connection with the closure of our Lachine, Quebec juice plant and our Columbus, Ohio soft drink plant.

We may also rationalize products and production capacity further but have not yet completed our analysis nor have we completed our detailed plans. Accordingly, the ultimate amount of any asset impairment charges or change in useful lives of assets that may result is uncertain. It is reasonably possible that our estimates of future cash flows or the useful lives, or both, related to certain equipment and intangibles will be significantly reduced in the near term. As a result, the carrying value of the related assets may also be reduced materially in the near term.

#### NOTE 3

#### Business Seasonality

Our net income for the three and six month periods ended July 1, 2006 is not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the full year due to business seasonality. Operating results are impacted by business seasonality, which normally leads to higher sales in the second and third quarters versus the first and fourth quarters of the year. Conversely, fixed costs such as depreciation, amortization and interest, are not impacted by seasonal trends.

9

COTT CORPORATION
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Unaudited

#### NOTE 4

#### Income Taxes

The following table reconciles income taxes calculated at the basic Canadian corporate rates with the income tax provision:

	For the three months ended				For the	
	JULY 1, 2006		JULY 2, 2005			JLY 1, 2006
	 (in	millions o	f U.S.	dollars)	 (in	million
Income tax provision based on Canadian statutory rates Foreign tax rate differential Non-deductible expenses and other items Decrease in valuation allowance	\$	5.0 (1.3) 4.4 (1.3)	\$	12.8 (0.1) (0.4)	\$	4.5 (2.4 5.6 (0.1
	\$ =====	6.8	\$	12.3	\$	7.6 

NOTE 5

Comprehensive Income

	For the three months ended		For the			
		JLY 1, 2006		JLY 2, 2005		ULY 1, 2006
	(in	millions (	of U.S.	dollars)	 (in	millions
Net income Foreign currency translation Unrealized gains on cash flow hedges	\$	7.6 10.7	\$	25.0 (4.7)	\$	5.5 10.1
note 8		0.1		0.5		0.2
	\$	18.4	\$	20.8	\$	15.8

NOTE 6

Income Per Share

Basic net income per common share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net income per share is calculated using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding adjusted to include the effect that would occur if in-the-money stock options were exercised.

The following table reconciles the basic weighted average number of shares outstanding to the diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding:

10

COTT CORPORATION
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Unaudited

	For the three	For the size	
	JULY 1, 2006	JULY 2, 2005	JULY 1, 2006
	(in thousands)		(in th
Weighted average number of shares			
outstanding basic	71,714	71,593	71,713
Dilutive effect of stock options	46	322	44
Adjusted weighted average number			
of shares outstanding diluted	71,760	71,915	71,757
	========	========	========

At July 1, 2006, options to purchase 3,835,664 shares (2,677,525 -- July 2,

2005) of common stock at a weighted average exercise price of C\$41.59 per share (C\$36.18 -- July 2, 2005) were outstanding, but were not included in the computation of diluted net income per share because the options' exercise price was greater than the average market price of our common stock during the period.

As of July 1, 2006, we had 71,714,630 common shares and 3,956,955 common share options outstanding. Of our common share options outstanding, 2,548,269 options were exercisable as of July 1, 2006.

During the second quarter ended July 1, 2006, no common share options were issued and 1,000 common share options were exercised at an exercise price of C\$5.95.

NOTE 7

Inventories

		2006		2005
	(ir	n millions	of U.S.	dolla
Raw materials Finished goods Other	\$	64.6 78.4 18.8	\$	6 6 1
	\$ ===	161.8	\$ ===	14

NOTE 8

Derivative Financial Instruments

We enter into cash flow hedges to mitigate exposure to declines in the value of the Canadian dollar attributable to certain forecasted U.S. dollar raw material purchases of the Canadian business. In fiscal 2005, we also entered into cash flow hedges to mitigate exposure to declines in the value of pound sterling attributable to certain forecasted U.S. dollar raw material purchases of the U.K. and European business segments. The hedges consist of monthly foreign exchange options to buy U.S. dollars at fixed rates per Canadian dollar and mature at various dates through December 28, 2006. The fair market value of the foreign exchange options is included in prepaid expenses and other assets.

At July 1, 2006, the hedges consisted of foreign exchange options to buy U.S. dollars at fixed rates per Canadian dollar at a cost of \$0.3 million. The fair value of the options of \$0 (\$0.8 million -- July 2, 2005) has been included in prepaid expenses and other assets and the unrealized loss of \$0.3 million (\$0.7 million unrealized gain -- July 2, 2005) is recorded in other comprehensive income, reflecting a \$0.2 million (\$0.7 million -- July 2, 2005) change in the unrealized loss in comprehensive income for the period ending July 1, 2006.

11

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Unaudited

NOTE 9

Property, Plant and Equipment

	Ċ	JULY 1, 2006	DECEMBER 2005		
	(in	millions	of U.S.	dolla	
Cost Accumulated depreciation	\$	700.5 (315.1)	\$	68 (28	
	\$	385.4	\$	39	

NOTE 10

Intangibles and Other Assets

DECEM		JULY 1, 2006					
A AM	COST			CUMULATED RTIZATION	AMOR	COST	
	 (in m		 lars)	of U.S. dol		 (in mi	
.4 \$	80.4	\$ 80.4	\$		\$	80.4	\$ INTANGIBLES Not subject to amortization Rights
		 					 Subject to amortization
.7	166.7	122.3		46.0		168.3	Customer relationships
				10.4		29.3	Trademarks
	49.1	25.4				53.9	Information technology
. 6	3.6	2.4		1.1		3.5	Other
. 4	248.4	 169.0		86.0		255.0	
.8	328.8	 249.4		86.0		335.4	
		 					 OTHER ASSETS
. 6	4.6	2.9		1.8		4.7	Financing costs
	5.4	 4.1		3.1		7.2	 Other
	10.0	 7.0		4.9		11.9	
	338.8	256.4		90.9		347.3	\$
1.5.	4 5 10	  2.9 4.1 7.0	 \$	1.8 3.1 4.9	  \$	4.7 7.2  11.9	Financing costs

Amortization expense of intangible assets was \$11.6 million for the period ended July 1, 2006 (\$10.2 million -- July 2, 2005).

NOTE 11

Short-Term Borrowings

Short-term borrowings include bank overdrafts, and borrowings under our credit facilities and receivables securitization facility.

The credit facilities are collateralized by substantially all our personal property with certain exceptions including the receivables sold as part of our receivables securitization facility discussed below.

12

COTT CORPORATION
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Unaudited

In general, borrowings under the credit facilities bear interest at either a floating or fixed rate for the applicable currency plus a margin based on our consolidated total leverage ratio. A facility fee of between 0.15% and 0.375% per annum is payable on the entire line of credit. The level of the facility fee is dependent on financial covenants.

As at July 1, 2006, credit of \$77.7 million was available after borrowings of \$142.2 million and standby letters of credit of \$5.1 million. The weighted average interest rate was 6.02% on these facilities as of July 1, 2006.

The amount of funds available under the receivables securitization facility is based upon the amount of eligible receivables and various reserves required by the facility. Accordingly, availability may fluctuate over time given changes in eligible receivables balances and calculation of reserves, but will not exceed the \$75.0 million program limit. This facility bears interest at a variable rate, based on the cost of borrowing of an unaffiliated entity, Park Avenue Receivables Company, LLC and certain other financial institutions (the "Purchasers"). A fee of between 0.20% and 0.40% per annum is currently payable on the unused portion of the facility. The level of the facility fee is dependent on financial covenants. As of July 1, 2006, \$57.6 million of eligible receivables, net of reserves, were available for purchase under this facility with no balance outstanding.

NOTE 12

Net Change in Non-Cash Working Capital

The changes in non-cash working capital components, net of effects of unrealized foreign exchange gains and losses, are as follows:

For the three	months ended	For the six
JULY 1, 2006	JULY 2, 2005	JULY 1, 2006
(in millions of	TU.S. dollars)	(in millions

Increase in accounts receivable	\$	(48.7)	\$ (29.1)	\$	(40.3)
Decrease (increase) in inventories		13.3	0.8		(14.1)
Increase in prepaid and other expenses		(5.2)	(2.9)		(7.7)
Increase in accounts payable and					
accrued liabilities		25.0	17.9		30.7
	\$	(15.6)	\$ (13.3)	\$	(31.4)
	====	======	 ======	====	

#### NOTE 13

#### Stock-Based Compensation

Effective January 1, 2006, we adopted the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS 123R, using the modified prospective approach and therefore have not restated prior periods' results. Under this prospective approach, stock-based compensation expense for the first quarter of fiscal 2006 includes compensation expense for all stock-based compensation awards granted prior to, but not yet vested as of January 1, 2006, based on the grant date fair value estimated in accordance with the original provision of SFAS 123. Stock-based compensation expense for all stock-based compensation awards granted after January 1, 2006 is based on the grant-date fair value estimated in accordance with the provisions of SFAS 123R. We recognize these compensation costs net of a forfeiture rate on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period of the award, which is generally the option vesting term of three years. We estimated the forfeiture rate for the first half of fiscal 2006 based on our historical experience with forfeitures during the preceding three fiscal years. For the interim period ending July 1, 2006, net income includes compensation expense of \$4.6 million, or \$3.6 million net of tax of \$1.0 million, which equates to \$0.05 per basic and diluted share.

13

COTT CORPORATION
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Unaudited

The pro forma table below reflects net earnings and basic and diluted net earnings per share for fiscal 2005, had we applied the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS 123, as follows:

	For the three months ended JULY 2, 2005	For the six months en JULY 2, 2005
	(in millions of U.S. dollars, except per share amounts)	(in millions of U.S. doll per share amounts)
NET INCOME  As reported	\$ 25.0	\$ 33.3
Compensation expense	(1.7)	(3.8)

Pro forma	\$	23.3	\$	29.5
	=====	======	=====	
NET INCOME PER SHARE - BASIC				
As reported	\$	0.35	\$	0.47
Pro forma	\$	0.33	\$	0.41
NET INCOME PER SHARE DILUTED				
As reported	\$	0.35	\$	0.46
Pro forma	\$	0.32	\$	0.41

The pro forma compensation expense has been tax effected to the extent it relates to stock options granted in jurisdictions where the related benefits are deductible for income tax purposes.

The fair value of each option grant is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions:

	JULY 2, 2005
Risk-free interest rate	3.3% - 3.7%
Average expected life (years)	4
Expected volatility	40.0%
Expected dividend yield	

There were no options granted during the first six months of fiscal 2006.

14

COTT CORPORATION
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Unaudited

Option activity was as follows:

	SHARES	AV EXERC	IGHTED ÆRAGE ISE PRICE	WEIGHTED AVERAGE REMAINING CONTRACTUA TERM (IN YEARS)
Balance at January 1, 2005	4,205,965	\$	30.90	
Granted	165,000		29.55	
Exercised Forfeited	(315,675) (190,600)		34.37 15.18	
Outstanding at July 2, 2005	3,864,690		31.34	4.8

Exercisable at July 2, 2005	1,845,014	24.54	
	=========	========	=========
Balance at December 31, 2005	4,604,655	\$ 30.69	
Granted			
Exercised	(3,000)	5.95	
Forfeited	(644,700)	33.93	
Outstanding at July 1, 2006	3,956,955	40.61	4.2
	=========		
Exercisable at July 1, 2006	2,548,269	29.63	
	=========	=========	=========

Outstanding options at July 1, 2006 are as follows:

#### Options Outstanding

Range of Exercise Prices (C\$)	Number Outstanding	Remaining Contractual Life (Years)	_	ed Average e Price (C\$)	N Exer
\$7.70 - \$16.10	123,291	1.7	\$	9.87	
\$16.68 - \$24.25	807,964	3.0	\$	19.76	
\$26.00 - \$33.30	1,980,250	4.5	\$	29.99	
\$35.21 \$43.64	1,045,450	4.8	\$	40.99	
	3,956,955 ======	4.2	\$ =====	40.61	=====

Total compensation expense related to non-vested awards not yet recognized is expected to be \$12.3 million. The weighted average period over which this is expected to be recognized is 16 months.

During the second quarter of 2006, Brent Willis, our President and Chief Executive Officer, received a net cash award of \$0.9 million at commencement of employment to purchase common shares of the Company. The purchased shares must be held for a minimum of three years. This award is recognized as compensation expense over the vesting period. As of July 1, 2006, \$0.1 million was expensed as compensation expense and remaining balance, which has been deferred within other assets, will be classified as a reduction in shareowners' equity when the shares are purchased. In addition, 204,000 common shares with a fair value of \$3.2 million, which vest over three years, and 111,695 of performance share units with a fair value of \$1.5 million, which vest at the end of the three year performance cycle, have been granted to Mr. Willis. Compensation costs of \$0.2 million were recognized in selling, general and administrative expenses in the period ended July 1, 2006. As of July 1, 2006 there was \$4.5 million of unearned compensation relating to these grants that is expected to be recognized on a straight-line basis over a period of three years.

NEW LONG-TERM INCENTIVE PLANS

During the second quarter of 2006, our shareowners approved and adopted two new long-term incentive plans for 2006 and future periods, the Performance Share Unit Plan ("PSU Plan") and the Share Appreciation Rights Plan ("SAR Plan").

15

COTT CORPORATION
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Unaudited

#### PSU Plan

Under the PSU Plan, performance share units ("PSUs") may be granted to employees of our Company and its subsidiaries. The value of an employee's award under our PSU Plan will depend on (i) our performance over a three-year performance cycle; and (ii) the market price of our common shares at the time of vesting. Performance targets will be established annually by the Human Resources and Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors. PSUs granted will vest over a term not to exceed three fiscal years.

At the start of each performance cycle, we will establish three tiers of performance goals for our Company to achieve over the three-year period: a minimum threshold level, a target level and an outstanding performance level. A target number of PSUs for each participant will be established at the beginning of each three-year performance cycle. Each PSU represents the right, on vesting, to receive one Company common share. If performance over the three-year performance cycle falls below the threshold level, no PSUs will vest.

Throughout the performance cycle, there are no dividends paid to participants on the PSUs, and holders do not have the right to vote the common shares represented by their PSUs. Following the vesting of a participant's PSUs, we will contribute cash to an independent trust to be used for the purpose of purchasing an equivalent number of our common shares on the New York Stock Exchange at the prevailing market price. The common shares purchased by the trustee will then be registered in the name of the participant and delivered to the participant upon his or her request.

No shares are issued from treasury and the PSU Plan is not dilutive to our shareowners.

#### SAR Plan

Under the SAR Plan, share appreciation rights ("SARs") may be granted to employees and directors of our Company and its subsidiaries. SARs will typically vest on the third anniversary of the grant date. On vesting, each SAR will represent the right to be paid the difference, if any, between the price of our common shares on the date of grant and their price on the SAR's vesting date. Payments in respect of vested in-the-money SARs will be made in the form of our common shares purchased on the open market by an independent trust with cash contributed by us. If our share price on the date of vesting is lower than on the date of grant, no payment will be made in respect of those vested SARs. Prior to vesting, there are no dividends paid on the share appreciation rights, and holders do not have the right to vote the common shares represented by their SARs.

No shares are issued from treasury and the SAR Plan is not dilutive to our shareowners.

We recognize the compensation cost of the PSUs and SARs based on the fair value of the grant. The fair value of each grant is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. We recognize these compensation costs net of a forfeiture rate on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period of the award, which is generally the vesting term of three years. Compensation cost of the PSUs may vary depending on management's estimates of the probability of the performance measures being achieved and the number of PSUs expected to vest.

NOTE 14

Contingencies

We are subject to various claims and legal proceedings with respect to matters such as governmental regulations, income taxes, and other actions arising out of the normal course of business. Management believes that the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on our financial position or results from operations.

In January 2005, we were named as one of many defendants in a class action suit alleging the unauthorized use by the defendants of container deposits and the imposition of recycling fees on customers. In February 2005 similar class action claims were filed in a number of other Canadian provinces. The litigation is at a very preliminary stage and the merits of these cases have not been determined.

16

COTT CORPORATION
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Unaudited

NOTE 15

Segment Reporting

We produce, package and distribute retailer brand and branded bottled and canned beverages to regional and national grocery, mass-merchandise and wholesale chains in North America, the U.K. & Europe and International business segments. The International segment includes our Mexican business, our Royal Crown International business and our business in Asia. The concentrate assets, sales and related expenses have been included in the Corporate & Other segment. For comparative purposes, segmented information has been restated to conform to the way we managed our beverage business to the end of the second quarter of 2006.

BUSINESS SEGMENTS

NORTH KINGDOM
AMERICA & EUROPE

INTERNATIONAL

(in millions of U.S. dolla

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JULY 1, 2006

External sales	\$ 383.2	\$ 92.9	\$ 24.2
Depreciation and amortization	13.5	4.1	0.3
Operating income (loss) before			
unusual items	27.1	7.1	4.1
Unusual items note 2			
Restructuring	(0.4)		
Asset impairment	(0.1)		
Other		0.6	
Additions to property, plant and			
equipment	5.7	2.1	0.1
AS OF JULY 1, 2006			
Property, plant and equipment	254.6	113.5	9.4
Goodwill	75.1	71.1	4.5
Intangibles and other assets	128.9	26.9	0.8
Total assets	729.1	334.1	85.9

17

COTT CORPORATION
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Unaudited

			UNITED KINGDOM & EUROPE		INTERNATIONA		
				(in m	nillions	of U.S.	dol
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JULY 2, 2005							
External sales	\$	414.1				20.0	
Depreciation and amortization		12.6		2.2		0.4	
Operating income (loss)		41.9		3.1		2.8	
Additions to property, plant and							
equipment		22.9		2.9		0.3	
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2005							
Property, plant and equipment						10.3	
Goodwill		74.1		66.6		4.5	
Intangibles and other assets							
Total assets		710.5		307.7		83.1	
			UN:	ITED			
		NORTH	KING	GDOM			
	A	MERICA	& EU	JROPE	INTERN	ATIONAL	

(in millions of U.S. doll

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED			
JULY 1, 2006			
External sales	\$ 692.7	\$ 158.2	\$ 42.1
Depreciation and amortization	27.2	8.0	0.7
Operating income (loss) before			
unusual items	42.1	8.9	7.0
Unusual items note 2			
Restructuring	0.9		
Asset impairment	1.1		
Other		2.6	
Additions to property, plant and			
equipment	12.1	4.0	0.1

18

COTT CORPORATION
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Unaudited

	NORTH AMERICA				OM		NAL	
				(in	millions	of U.S.	doll	
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED								
JULY 2, 2005								
External sales	\$	749.5	\$	101.5	\$	35.7		
Depreciation and amortization		26.3		4.3		0.7		
Operating income (loss) before								
unusual items		61.0		5.1		5.0		
Unusual items asset								
impairments				(0.2)				
Additions to property, plant and								
equipment		46.0		7.6		0.5		
- 4								

Total assets under the Corporate & Other heading include the elimination of intersegment receivables and investments.

Credit risk arises from the potential default of a customer in meeting its financial obligations with us. Concentrations of credit exposure may arise with a group of customers which have similar economic characteristics or that are located in the same geographic region. The ability of such customers to meet obligations would be similarly affected by changing economic, political or other conditions.

Sales to our top customer (Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.) in the first six months of

2006 and 2005 accounted for 39% and 41%, respectively, of our total sales. Sales to the top ten customers in the first six months of 2006 and 2005 accounted for 61% and 67%, respectively, of our total sales. The loss of any significant customer, or customers which in the aggregate represent a significant portion of our sales, could have a material adverse effect on our operating results and cash flows.

Revenues by geographic area are as follows:

	For th	For the three months ended			r the six
	JULY 200	•	JULY 2, 2005	J	 ULY 1, 2006
	(in mil	lions of U.	S. dollars)		millions
United States Canada United Kingdom Other Countries	\$	327.7 \$ 64.8 90.3 19.2	360.4 59.7 55.9 16.7	\$	604.1 105.4 153.6 33.1
	\$ ======	502.0 \$	492.7 ======	\$ ====	896.2

Revenues are attributed to countries based on the location of the plant.

Property, plant and equipment, goodwill, and intangibles and other assets by geographic area are as follows:

19

COTT CORPORATION NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Unaudited

	(	in millions	of U.S.	dol
United States	\$	475.1	\$	49
Canada		99.7		9
United Kingdom		211.5		20
Other countries		11.3		1

\$ 80 \$ 797.6 ========= =======

JULY 1, 2006 DECEMBER 1,

NOTE 16

Differences Between United States and Canadian Accounting Principles and

#### Practices

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP which differs in certain respects from those principles and practices that we would have followed had our consolidated financial statements been prepared in accordance with Canadian GAAP.

- (a) In fiscal 2005, under U.S. GAAP, we elected not to record compensation expense for options issued to employees with an exercise price equal to the market value of the options. Effective January 1, 2006, we adopted SFAS 123R, Share-Based Payments, which requires us to recognize compensation expense for all types of stock options, using the modified prospective approach. As a result, there was no difference in compensation expense recorded for Canadian GAAP in the first six months of 2006. Compensation expense of \$5.2 million, \$3.8 million net of tax of \$1.3 million, was recorded in the first six months of 2005. We recognize these compensation costs net of a forfeiture rate on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period of the award, which is generally the option vesting term of three years. We estimated the forfeiture rate for the first six months of fiscal 2006 based on our historical experience with forfeitures during the preceding three fiscal years. As a result, compensation expense of \$4.6 million (\$5.2 million - July 2, 2005), \$3.6 million (\$3.8 million -- July 2, 2005) net of tax of \$1.0 million (\$1.3 million -- July 2, 2005) was recorded in the first six months of 2006.
- (b) Under U.S. GAAP, costs of start-up activities and organization costs are expensed as incurred. Under Canadian GAAP these costs, if they meet certain criteria, can be capitalized and amortized over the future benefit period.
- (c) Under U.S. GAAP, the adoption of the U.S. dollar in 1998 as the presentation and reporting currency was implemented retroactively, such that prior period financial statements are translated under the current rate method using the foreign exchange rates in effect on those dates. Under Canadian GAAP, the change in presentation and reporting currency was implemented by translating all prior year financial statement amounts at the foreign exchange rate on January 31, 1998. As a result, there is a difference in the share capital, retained earnings and cumulative translation adjustment amounts under Canadian GAAP as compared to U.S.

Under Canadian GAAP, these differences would have been reported in the consolidated statements of income, consolidated balance sheets and consolidated statements of cash flows as follows:

20

COTT CORPORATION
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Unaudited

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

JULY 1, 2006 DECEME
U.S. GAAP CANADIAN GAAP U.S. GAAP

Property, plant &			
equipment (b)	\$ 385.4	\$ 385.4	\$ 394.2
Goodwill (b)	155.8	156.3	150.3
Total assets	1,234.7	1,235.2	1,179.1
Deferred income taxes - net (a),(b)	61.3	54.8	53.5
Total liabilities	709.6	703.1	674.7
Capital stock (a),(c)	273.0	263.9	273.0
Additional paid-in-capital (a)	23.0	29.8	18.4
Retained earnings (a), (b), (c)	191.7	158.6	186.2
Accumulated other comprehensive			
income (c)	14.6	57.0	4.3
Total shareowners' equity	502.3	509.3	481.9

RECONCILIATION OF CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

	For the three months ended				For the		
	JULY 1, 2006			JLY 2, 2005		JLY 1, 2006	
	(in	(in millions of U.S. o		J.S. dollars)		million	
Net income under U.S. GAAP Cost of sales (b) Stock compensation expense (a) Recovery of income taxes (a),(b)	\$	7.6   	\$	25.0 (0.1) (2.4) 0.7	\$	5.5   	
Net income under Canadian GAAP	\$	7.6	\$	23.2	\$	5.5	
Net income per common share, Canadian GAAP Basic Diluted	\$ \$	0.11 0.11		0.32 0.32	\$ \$	0.08 0.08	

21

(in millions of U.S. dollars) (in million

COTT CORPORATION
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Unaudited

RECONCILIATION OF CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the	three months ended	For the s
JULY 1,	JULY 2, 2005	JULY 1, 2006

	(in millions of U.S. dollars)					(in million		
	(111)	MITITIONS C	)	JULIALS)	( 111	11111101		
Cash provided by operating activities								
U.S. GAAP	\$	20.7	\$	33.6	\$	28.2		
Net income (a), (b)				(1.8)				
Depreciation & amortization (b)				0.1				
Deferred income taxes (a), (b)				(0.7)				
Other non-cash items (a)				2.4				
Cash provided by operating activities								
Canadian GAAP	\$	20.7	\$	33.6	\$	28.2		
	=====		====		====			

#### NOTE 17

Certain of the comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current period's presentation.

#### NOTE 18

#### Subsequent Events

On July 27, 2006, we announced changes to our senior management structure, roles and responsibilities. As a result of these changes, certain senior executives have departed from the Company. We estimate the associated severance and other costs to be approximately \$3.7 million and these costs will be recognized in the third quarter of 2006.

22

# ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

### OVERVIEW

We are one of the world's largest non-alcoholic beverage companies and the world's largest retailer brand beverage supplier.

### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

For the three months ended

	JULY	 1, 2006	JULY	2, 2005	JULY 1
	Millions of Dollars	Percent of Sales	Millions of Dollars	Percent of Sales	Millions of Dollars
Sales Cost of sales	\$ 502.0 429.7	100.0% 85.6%	\$ 492.7 412.0	100.0% 83.6%	\$ 896.2 771.2
Gross margin	72.3	14.4%	80.7	16.4%	125.0

SG&A (Gain) Loss on disposal of property, plant and		48.7	9.7%		35.5	7.2%		88.6
equipment		(0.1)			0.5	0.1%		
Unusual items		0.7	0.1%					5.7
Operating income		23.0	4.6%		44.7	9.1%		30.7
Other income, net					(0.6)	0.1%		(0.2)
Interest expense		7.5	1.5%		6.6	1.3%		15.7
Minority interest		1.1	0.2%		1.4	0.3%		2.1
Income taxes		6.8	1.4%		12.3	2.5%		7.6
Net income	\$	7.6	1.5%	\$	25.0	5.1%	\$	5.5
	====	=====	=======	==	======	=======	===:	====== =:
Depreciation & amortization	\$	19.1	3.8%	\$	15.9	3.2%	\$	38.4
			========	==		========	====	=

We reported a net income of \$7.6 million or \$0.11 per diluted share for the second quarter ended July 1, 2006, down 70% as compared with net income of \$25 million, or \$0.35 per diluted share for the second quarter of 2005. For the first half of 2006, net income decreased 83% to \$5.5 million or \$0.08 per diluted share, from \$33.3 million or \$0.46 per diluted share in the same period last year. The decrease was primarily due to:

- o higher fixed costs resulting from new production capacity in the U.S.;
- o benefit related to the settlement of a lawsuit against suppliers of high fructose corn syrup recognized in the same period last year;
- o increased SG&A costs due to CEO transition costs, higher incentive compensation expense and stock option expense;
- increased unusual item charges relating to North American realignment costs and legal and other fees relating to the U.K Competition Commission review of our August 2005 acquisition of 100% of the outstanding shares of Macaw (Holdings) Limited (now known as Cott Nelson (Holdings) Limited, the parent company of Macaw (Soft Drinks) Limited (now known as Cott (Nelson) Limited) (the "Macaw Acquisition");
- o increased interest expense due to the Macaw Acquisition; and
- o increased effective income tax rate due to higher non-deductible expenses and additional tax provision due to change in estimates.

SALES -- Sales in the second quarter of 2006 were \$502.0 million, an increase of 2% from \$492.7 million in the second quarter of 2005. The impact of foreign exchange on sales was negligible. Sales decreased 5% when excluding the impact of foreign exchange and the Macaw Acquisition. The decrease was largely due to a structural change in our business arrangement with one of our self-manufacturing customers. The related sales are now in the form of concentrates rather than filled beverages, which lowers our revenue but has minimal earnings impact. Other factors contributing to the revenue decline were continued softness in

23

the carbonated soft drink category and our product rationalization actions.

Total 8-ounce equivalent case volume was 363.6 million cases in the second quarter of 2006, an increase of 12% compared to the second quarter of 2005. Excluding the impact of the Macaw Acquisition, 8-ounce equivalent case volume was up 6% compared with the second quarter of 2005 driven by strong growth in concentrate and international sales. Sales of concentrate increased by 48% to 113 million 8-ounce equivalent cases in the second quarter of 2006 compared to the second quarter of 2005. The increase is principally due to increased customer demand, including the impact of the structural change in the business arrangement with one of our self-manufacturing customers. Shipment timing also favorably impacted concentrate sales. Filled beverage sales in the second quarter of 2006 were essentially flat at 250.6 million equivalent cases, compared to 249.6 million in the same period last year.

Sales for the first half of 2006 increased to \$896.2 million, 1% higher than the same period last year and down 5% when the impact of acquisition and foreign exchange rates are excluded.

Total 8-ounce equivalent case volume was 658.6 million cases for the first half of 2006.

For the six months ended July 1, 2006

(in millions of dollars)	COTT	NORTH AMERICA		UK & EUROPE	
Change in sales	\$ 8.0	\$	(56.8)	\$	56.7
Impact of acquisitions	(49.1)				(49.1
Impact of foreign exchange	(5.5)		(9.2)		3.9
Change excluding acquisitions &					
exchange	\$ (46.6)	\$	(66.0)	\$	11.5
Percentage change excluding	 				
acquisitions & exchange	(5)%		(9)%		12

In North America, sales were \$383.2 million in the second quarter of 2006, a decrease of 8% from the second quarter of 2005. Excluding the impact of foreign exchange, sales decreased by 9%. In the first half of 2006, sales were \$692.7 million, a decrease of 8% from the first half of 2005. Excluding the impact of foreign exchange, sales decreased by 9%. This decline was mainly due to a structural change in our business arrangement with one of our self-manufacturing customers, which was described earlier in this section. Other factors impacting North American sales were continued carbonated soft drink ("CSD") softness and product rationalization.

In the U.K. and Europe, sales were \$92.9 million in the second quarter of 2006, an increase of 60% from the second quarter of 2005 due to strong base business growth and the Macaw Acquisition. Excluding the impact of the Macaw Acquisition, sales increased 10%. Excluding the impact of the Macaw Acquisition and foreign exchange, sales increased 12%. In the first half of 2006, sales were \$158.2 million, an increase of 56% from the first half of 2005. Excluding the impact of the Macaw Acquisition, sales increased 8%. Excluding the impact of the Macaw Acquisition and foreign exchange, sales increased 12%.

The International segment includes our Mexican business, our Royal Crown International business and our business in Asia. Sales in this segment were \$24.2 million in the second quarter of 2006, an increase of 21% when compared with the second quarter of 2005. This increase was primarily in Mexico where

sales in the second quarter of 2006 were \$16.7 million, an increase of \$2 million when compared with sales in the second quarter of 2005, due to increased volume. In the first half of 2006, sales in the International segment were \$42.1 million, an increase of 18% when compared with the first half of 2005. This increase was primarily in Mexico where sales in the first half of 2006 were \$28.5 million, an increase of \$3.3 million when compared with sales in the first half of 2005, due to increased volume.

GROSS PROFIT -- Gross profit for the second quarter of 2006 was \$72.3 million, or 14.4% of sales, down from 16.4% of sales in the second quarter of 2005. The decline in gross margin was impacted by the \$4.9 million benefit related to the settlement of a lawsuit against suppliers of high fructose corn syrup recognized in the second quarter of 2005. The gross margin decline was also impacted by increased capacity-related fixed costs, partially offset by a favorable product mix. Gross profit in the first half of 2006 was \$125 million, or 13.9% of sales, compared to gross profit of \$136.7 million, or 15.4% of sales, in the first half of 2005. Gross profit for the first half of the year reflects the impact of increased capacity-related fixed costs, the impact of the high fructose corn syrup settlement in 2005, partially offset by a favorable product mix.

SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES ("SG&A") -- SG&A was \$48.7 million in the second quarter of 2006, an increase of \$13.2 million from the second quarter of 2005, largely due to \$6.3 million of CEO transition costs, increased incentive compensation costs of \$4.3 million and \$1.9 million of stock option expense. SG&A was \$88.6 million in the first half of 2006,

24

an increase of \$16.2 million from the first half of 2005, largely due to \$6.3 million of CEO transition costs, increased incentive compensation costs of \$6.7 million and \$4.6 million of stock option expense. The additional SG&A costs resulting from the Macaw Acquisition were largely offset by our company-wide cost control actions. As a percentage of sales, SG&A increased to 9.7% during the second quarter of 2006, up from 7.2% for the same period last year and to 9.9% for the first half of the year, up from 8.2% for the same period last year.

STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION -- Effective January 1, 2006, we adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standard ("SFAS 123R"), Share-Based Payments, using the modified prospective approach and therefore have not restated results for prior periods. Under this prospective approach, stock-based compensation expense for the first quarter of fiscal 2006 includes compensation expense for all stock-based compensation awards granted prior to, but not yet vested as of January 1, 2006, based on the grant date fair value estimated in accordance with the original provision of SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" ("SFAS 123"). Stock-based compensation expense for all stock-based compensation awards granted after January 1, 2006 is based on the grant-date fair value estimated in accordance with the provisions of SFAS 123R. We recognize these compensation costs net of a forfeiture rate on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period of the award, which is generally the option vesting term of three years. We estimated the forfeiture rate for the first half of fiscal 2006 based on our historical experience with forfeitures during the preceding three fiscal years. For the interim period ending July 1, 2006, net income includes compensation expense of \$4.6 million, or \$3.6 million net of tax of \$1.0 million, which equates to \$0.05 per basic and diluted share. If the change had been reported retroactively, comparative figures for the six month period ended July 2, 2005 would show income before taxes of \$44.1 million, income tax expense of \$14.6 million and net income of \$29.5 million or \$0.41 per basic and diluted share.

During the second quarter of 2006, our shareowners approved and adopted two new compensation plans for 2006 and future periods, the Performance Share Unit Plan and the Share Appreciation Rights Plan.. These plans are designed to attract, maintain and motivate key employees while promoting the long-term financial success of our business.

UNUSUAL ITEMS -- In the second quarter of 2006, we recorded charges for unusual items of \$0.7 million on a pre-tax basis or \$0.01 per diluted share after tax. In the first quarter and first half of 2005, the only unusual item was a \$0.2 million gain. For the first half of 2006, we recorded charges for unusual items of \$5.7 million on a pre-tax basis or \$0.06 per diluted share after tax.

Of the \$0.7 million of unusual items recorded in the second quarter of 2006, \$0.2 million relates to restructuring charges, \$0.1 million gain relates to a recovery from sale of other assets partially offset by asset impairments and \$0.6 million relates to legal and other fees relating to the U.K Competition Commission review of the Macaw Acquisition. Of the \$5.7 million of unusual items recorded in the first half of 2006, \$1.8 million relates to restructuring charges, \$1.3 million relates to asset impairments net of a recovery from the sale of other assets and \$2.6 million relates to legal and other fees relating to the U.K Competition Commission review of the Macaw Acquisition.

Restructuring charges of \$0.2 million recorded in the second quarter include \$0.3 million net recovery relating to the closures of our Columbus, Ohio soft drink plant and our Lachine, Quebec juice plant. The remaining restructuring cost of \$0.5 million relates to consulting fees. Restructuring charges of \$1.8 million recorded in the first half of 2006 include \$0.9 million for severance and contract termination costs relating to the closures of our Columbus, Ohio soft drink plant and our Lachine, Quebec juice plant. The remaining restructuring costs of \$0.9 million are consulting fees relating to the North American realignment.

Asset impairments of \$0.1 million gain recorded in the second quarter of 2006 include \$0.2 million related to the closure of our Columbus, Ohio soft drink plant (relating to the writedown of customer list), \$0.1 million related to the closure of our Lachine, Quebec juice plant (relating to the writedown of property, plant and equipment) and a recovery of \$0.4 million from the sale of other assets. Asset impairments of \$1.3 million recorded in the first half of 2006 include \$1.6 million related to the closure of our Columbus, Ohio soft drink plant (relating to the writedown of property, plant and equipment, customer list and information technology software), \$0.1 million related to the closure of our Lachine, Quebec juice plant (relating to the writedown of property, plant and equipment) and a recovery of \$0.4 million from the sale of other assets.

On July 27, 2006, we announced changes to our senior management structure, roles and responsibilities. As a result of these changes, certain senior executives have departed from the Company. We estimate the associated severance and other costs to be approximately \$3.7 million and these costs will be recognized in the third quarter of 2006.

OPERATING INCOME -- Operating income was \$23.0 million in the second quarter of 2006 including unusual items of \$0.7 million, as compared with \$44.7 million in the second quarter of 2005. Operating income was \$30.7 million for the first half of 2006

25

first half of 2005 which included unusual items of \$0.2 million gain.

INTEREST EXPENSE -- Net interest expense was \$7.5 million in the second quarter of 2006, up from \$6.6 million in the second quarter of 2005 primarily resulting from the Macaw Acquisition. Net interest expense was \$15.7 million in the first half of 2006, up from \$13.1 million in the first half of 2005 also primarily resulting from the Macaw Acquisition.

INCOME TAXES -- We recorded an income tax provision of \$6.8 million for the second quarter and \$7.6 million for the first half of 2006 as compared with \$12.3 million and \$16.0 million, respectively, for the same periods last year. The effective income tax rate increased to 47%, reflecting higher non-deductible expenses and additional tax provision due to changes in estimates.

#### FINANCIAL CONDITION

OPERATING ACTIVITIES -- Cash provided by operating activities in the first half of 2006 was \$11.4 million, after capital expenditures of \$16.7 million, as compared to the first half of 2005 in which cash provided by operating activities was \$0.1 million, after capital expenditures of \$54.8 million.

Cash decreased from \$21.7 million to \$9.8 million in the first half of 2006 due to the normal seasonal build up of inventories.

CAPITAL RESOURCES AND LONG-TERM DEBT -- Our sources of capital include operating cash flows, short term borrowings under current credit and receivables securitization facilities, issuance of public and private debt and issuance of equity securities. We believe we have adequate financial resources to meet our ongoing cash requirements for operations and capital expenditures, as well as our other financial obligations based on our operating cash flows and currently available credit.

Our senior secured credit facilities allow for revolving credit borrowings of up to \$225.0 million provided we are in compliance with the covenants and conditions of the agreement. As of July 1, 2006 credit of \$77.7 million was available after borrowings of \$142.2 million, and standby letters of credit of \$5.1 million. The weighted average interest rate was 6.02% on these facilities as of July 1, 2006.

The receivables securitization facility allows for borrowing up to \$75.0 million based on the amount of eligible receivables and various reserves required by the facility. As of July 1, 2006, \$57.6 million of eligible receivables, net of reserves, were available for purchase under this facility with no balance outstanding.

As of July 1, 2006, long-term debt totaled \$273.0 million compared with \$273.1 million at the end of 2005. At the end of the first half of 2006, debt consisted of \$270.9 million in 8% senior subordinated notes with a face value of \$275.0 million and \$2.1 million of other debt.

CANADIAN GAAP -- Under Canadian GAAP, in the first half of 2006, we reported a net income of \$5.5 million and total assets of \$1,235.2 million compared to net income and total assets under U.S. GAAP of \$5.5 million and \$1,234.7 million, respectively, in the first half of 2006.

There were no material U.S./Canadian GAAP differences in the first half of 2006.

#### OUTLOOK

We continue to expect 2006 to be a challenging year. Sales of carbonated soft drinks are expected to remain under pressure in North America during the year. We continue to expect strong growth in the bottled water and non-carbonated

beverages segments.

To date since September 29, 2005 (through the end of the second quarter of 2006), we have recorded pretax charges of \$40 million relating to unusual items including impairment and restructuring charges. These amounts are part of the previously announced charges of \$60 to 80 million associated with the North American realignment plan and other assets impairment. We continue to expect net income, excluding unusual items, stock based compensation expense and charges related to the chief executive officer change, to be substantially lower in 2006 than in 2005.

To build long-term success and profitability, we will focus on three key priorities: 1) reducing costs; 2) improving our partnerships with our retailer customers; and 3) building and sustaining an innovation pipeline for new product development.

26

Our cost reduction program will focus on asset optimization, fixed cost reduction and world-class efficiency initiatives, the introduction of a sub-zero-based budgeting system, optimization of selling, general and administrative expenses, further centralization of procurement and suppliers, and ongoing SKU rationalization. In addition, we intend to drive top-line growth by focusing on in-store execution, penetration of new, high-margin beverage segments, expansion of our business to new, high-margin channels, and expansion to new global customers and geographies.

To support the Company's long term growth, we have restructured our organization under two business units responsible for North America and International. These business units will focus on customer management, channel development, sales and marketing. They will be supported by four centralized functions: 1) People; 2) Supply/Manufacturing; 3) Finance; 4) Legal / Corporate Development. The new organizational structure is designed to leverage our strengths and drive efficiencies, standardization and performance in all areas, while reducing costs to improve future financial performance.

We have not completed detailed action plans or the requisite analyses to estimate the charges relating to new initiatives within the cost reduction program. As a result, the ultimate amount and timing of the charges is uncertain.

Our business strategy also involves continuing to expand outside of North America. We continue to view Mexico as a strong long-term growth opportunity and are working closely with our customers to grow the retailer brand beverage segment in this market. Our U.K. division intends to continue to enhance its performance through product innovation and a customer-centric focus to identify opportunities. On April 28, 2006, the U.K. Competition Commission gave final approval to the Macaw Acquisition and we are integrating Macaw business into our U.K. business. This acquisition has added additional production capacity and aseptic beverage capabilities to our U.K. business unit.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS -- In addition to historical information, this report and the reports and documents incorporated by reference in this report contain statements relating to future events and our future results. These statements are "forward-looking" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and applicable Canadian securities legislation and include, but are not limited to, statements that relate to projections of sales, earnings, earnings per share, cash flows, capital expenditures or other financial items, discussions of estimated future revenue enhancements and cost savings. These statements also relate to our business strategy, goals and

expectations concerning our market position, future operations, margins, profitability, liquidity and capital resources. Generally, words such as "anticipate", "believe", "continue", "could", "estimate", "expect", "intend", "may", "plan", "predict", "project", "should" and similar terms and phrases are used to identify forward-looking statements in this report and in the documents incorporated in this report by reference. These forward-looking statements are made as of the date of this report.

Although we believe the assumptions underlying these forward-looking statements are reasonable, any of these assumptions could prove to be inaccurate and, as a result, the forward-looking statements based on those assumptions could be incorrect. Our operations involve risks and uncertainties, many of which are outside of our control, and any one or any combination of these risks and uncertainties could also affect whether the forward-looking statements ultimately prove to be correct.

The following are some of the factors that could affect our financial performance, including but not limited to sales, earnings and cash flows, or could cause actual results to differ materially from estimates contained in or underlying the forward-looking statements:

- o changing nature of the North American business;
- o our ability to successfully implement our realignment plan;
- o our ability to grow business outside of North America;

27

- o our ability to integrate new management and a new management structure;
- o loss of key customers, particularly Wal-Mart, and the commitment of retailer brand beverage customers to their own retailer brand beverage programs;
- o increases in competitor consolidations and other market-place competition, particularly among branded beverage products;
- o our ability to identify acquisition and alliance candidates and to integrate into our operations the businesses and product lines that we acquire or become allied with;
- o our ability to secure additional production capacity either through acquisitions, or third party manufacturing arrangements;
- o increase in interest rates;
- o our ability to restore plant efficiencies and lower logistics costs;
- o fluctuations in the cost and availability of beverage ingredients and packaging supplies, and our ability to maintain favorable arrangements and relationships with our suppliers;
- o our ability to pass on increased costs to our customers;
- unseasonably cold or wet weather, which could reduce demand for our beverages;

- o our ability to protect the intellectual property inherent in new and existing products;
- o adverse rulings, judgments or settlements in our existing litigation and regulatory reviews, and the possibility that additional litigation or regulatory reviews will be brought against us;
- o product recalls or changes in or increased enforcement of the laws and regulations that affect our business;
- o currency fluctuations that adversely affect the exchange between the U.S. dollar on one hand and the pound sterling, the Canadian dollar and other currencies on the other;
- o changes in tax laws and interpretations of tax laws;
- o changes in consumer tastes and preferences and market demand for new and existing products;
- o interruption in transportation systems, labor strikes, work stoppages and other interruptions or difficulties in the employment of labor or transportation in our markets; and
- o changes in general economic and business conditions.

Many of these factors are described in greater detail in this report and in other filings that we make with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and Canadian securities regulatory authorities. We undertake no obligation to update any information contained in this report or to publicly release the results of any revisions to forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances of which we may become aware of after the date of this report. Undue reliance should not be placed on forward-looking statements.

All future written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to us or persons acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the foregoing.

#### ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Reference is made to Item 7A: Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005.

In the first half of 2006, we entered into cash flow hedges to mitigate exposure to declines in the value of the Canadian dollar attributable to certain forecasted U.S. dollar raw material purchases of the Canadian business segment. In fiscal 2005, we also entered into cash flow hedges to mitigate exposure to declines in the value of pound sterling attributable to certain forecasted U.S. dollar raw material purchases of the United Kingdom ("U.K.") and European business segments. The hedges consist of monthly foreign exchange options to buy U.S. dollars at fixed rates per Canadian dollar and mature at various dates through December 28, 2006. The fair market value of the foreign exchange options is included in prepaid expenses and other assets.

Changes in the fair value of the cash flow hedge instruments are recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income. Amounts recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income and prepaid expenses and other assets are recorded in earnings in the same periods in which the forecasted purchases or payments affect earnings. At July 1, 2006, the fair value of the options

was \$0 million (\$0.8 million -- July 2, 2005) and we recorded \$0.3 million unrealized loss in comprehensive income in the first half of 2006. See "Note 8 Derivative Financial Instruments."

Our sales outside the U.S. are concentrated principally in the U.K. and Canada. We believe that our foreign currency exchange rate risk has been immaterial given the historic stability of the U.S. dollar with respect to the foreign currencies to which we have our principal exposure. However, there can be no assurance that these exchange rates will remain stable or that our exposure to foreign currency exchange rate risk will not increase in the future.

#### ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) are effective, based on their evaluation of these controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting or in other factors during the quarter ended July 1, 2006 that could materially affect, or are likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

29

#### PART II -- OTHER INFORMATION

#### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Reference is made to the legal proceedings described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005 and to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three-month period ended April 1, 2006. In addition, in reference to the action styled the Consumers' Association of Canada and Bruce Cran v. Coca-Cola Bottling Ltd. et al., on June 2, 2006, the British Columbia Supreme Court granted the summary trial application, which resulted in the dismissal of the plaintiffs' action against us and the other defendants. On June 26, 2006, the plaintiffs' appealed the dismissal of their action to the British Columbia Court of Appeal. We, together with the other defendants, are defending the appeal, which we expect will be heard in the next eight to twelve months. It is too early to assess the chances of success of the appeal.

#### ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

Reference is made to the detailed description of risk factors our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005. Risks and uncertainties include national brand pricing strategies, commitment of major customers to retailer brand programs, stability of procurement costs for items such as sweetener, packaging materials and other ingredients, the successful integration of new acquisitions, the ability to protect intellectual property and fluctuations in interest rates and foreign currencies versus the U.S. dollar.

The Risk Factors included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005 have not changed materially other than as set forth below.

IF THE COMPETITION COMMISSION IN THE U.K. DOES NOT APPROVE THE MACAW ACQUISITION, WE MIGHT BE REQUIRED TO SELL ALL OR PART OF THIS BUSINESS AND MAY NOT RECOVER OUR FULL COST.

This Risk Factor is no longer applicable as the U.K. Competition Commission approved the Macaw Acquisition on April 28, 2006.

#### ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

- (a) The Annual and Special Meeting of Cott's Shareowners was held on April 20, 2006.
- (b) The meeting was held to consider and vote on the following matters:

30

MATTERS SUBMITTED TO A VOTE	FOR	AGAINST/ WITHHELD	BROKER VOTES
To elect directors for a period of one year:			
	56,382,169	268,109	
Colin J. Adair	56,383,111	267,167	
W. John Bennett	55,732,419	917 <b>,</b> 589	
Serge Gouin	55,732,554	917,724	
Stephen H. Halperin	56,057,388	592 <b>,</b> 890	
Betty Jane Hess	56,375,724	274,554	
Philip B. Livingston	56,058,721	591 <b>,</b> 557	
Christine A. Magee	56,386,244	264,034	
Andrew Prozes	56,062,924	587,354	
John K. Sheppard	55,696,398	953 <b>,</b> 880	
Donald G. Watt	56,061,591	588,687	
Frank E. Weise III			
To appoint PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP			
as auditors	56,363,259	287,019	
To adopt the Performance Share Unit Plan	45,450,314	7,735,046	
To adopt the Share Appreciation Rights			
Plan	44,653,211	8,152,149	

#### ITEM 6. FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES AND EXHIBITS

- 1. Financial Statement Schedules
  - Schedule III -- Consolidating Financial Statements
- 2. Exhibits

31

Number	Description
	<del></del>
3.1	Articles of Incorporation of Cott (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to our Form 10-K dated March 31, 2000).
3.2	By-laws of Cott (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to our Form $10-K$ dated March 8, 2002).
10.1	Employment Agreement between Cott Corporation and Brent D. Willis dated May 16, 2006 (filed herewith).
10.2	Termination Letter Agreement between Cott Corporation and John K. Sheppard dated May 13, 2006 (filed herewith).
10.3	Cott Corporation Performance Share Unit Plan (filed herewith).
10.4	Cott Corporation Share Appreciation Rights Plan (filed herewith).
31.1	Certification of the President and Chief Executive Officer pursuant to section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 for the quarterly period ended July 1, 2006 (filed herewith).
31.2	Certification of the Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer pursuant to section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 for the quarterly period ended July 1, 2006 (filed herewith).
32.1	Certification of the President and Chief Executive Officer pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 for the quarterly period ended July 1, 2006 (furnished herewith).
32.2	Certification of the Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 for the quarterly period ended July 1, 2006 (furnished herewith).

In accordance with SEC Release No. 33-8238, Exhibits 32.1 and 32.2 are to be treated as "accompanying" this report rather than "filed" as part of the report.

32

### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

COTT CORPORATION (Registrant)

Date: August 9, 2006

/s/ B. Clyde Preslar
B. Clyde Preslar
Executive Vice President &

Chief Financial Officer (On behalf of the Company)

Date: August 9, 2006

/s/ Tina Dell'Aquila

\_\_\_\_\_

Tina Dell'Aquila

Vice President, Controller &

Assistant Secretary

(Principal accounting officer)

33

#### SCHEDULE III -- CONSOLIDATING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Cott Beverages Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of Cott Corporation, has entered into financing arrangements that are guaranteed by Cott Corporation and certain other wholly owned subsidiaries of Cott Corporation (the "Guarantor Subsidiaries"). Such guarantees are full, unconditional and joint and several.

The following supplemental financial information sets forth on an unconsolidated basis, balance sheets, statements of income and cash flows for Cott Corporation, Cott Beverages Inc., Guarantor Subsidiaries and Cott Corporation's other subsidiaries (the "Non-guarantor Subsidiaries"). The supplemental financial information reflects the investments of Cott Corporation and Cott Beverages Inc. in their respective subsidiaries using the equity method of accounting.

COTT CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATING STATEMENTS OF INCOME (LOSS)
(in millions of U.S. dollars, unaudited)

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JULY

	COTT CORPORATION		COTT BEVERAGES INC.		GUARANTOR SUBSIDIARIES		NO GUARAN SUBSIDIAR	
SALES Cost of sales	\$	69.8 56.7		309.3 269.4	\$	107.7 93.9	\$	35 29
GROSS PROFIT Selling, general and administrative		13.1		39.9		13.8		5
expenses Loss (gain) on disposal of		11.1		26.6		8.9		2
property, plant and equipment Unusual items		(0.5)		0.4				
Restructuring and other Asset impairments		(0.3)		0.5		0.6		
OPERATING INCOME		3.1		12.2		4.3		3
Other expense (income), net		(0.1)		4.0		(0.4)		(5

NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 7.6	\$ (1.5)	\$ 7.7	\$ 4
Equity income (loss)	4.4	(0.8)	4.7	
Income taxes	0.1	0.9	1.6	4
AND EQUITY INCOME (LOSS)	3.3	0.2	4.6	8
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAXES				
Minority interest				1
Interest expense (income), net	(0.1)	8.0	0.1	(0

34

COTT CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATING STATEMENTS OF INCOME (LOSS)
(in millions of U.S. dollars, unaudited)

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JULY

	FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JULY									
	COTT CORPORATION		ON BEVERAGES INC.		GUARANTOR SUBSIDIARIES			NC UARANT IDIARI		
SALES Cost of sales	\$	113.9 93.4		571.4 499.1		185.4 162.7		62 52		
GROSS PROFIT		20.5		72.3		22.7		9		
Selling, general and administrative expenses Loss (gain) on disposal of		22.5		45.8		16.4		3		
property, plant and equipment Unusual items Restructuring and other Asset impairments		(0.5) 0.2 (0.1)		0.5 1.6 1.4		2.6				
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(1.6)		23.0		3.7				
Other expense (income), net Interest expense (income), net Minority interest		(0.1) (0.1) 		4.6 16.0 		(0.8) 0.1 		(0 (0 2		
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAXES AND EQUITY INCOME (LOSS)		(1.4)		2.4		4.4				
Income taxes Equity income (loss)		0.1		1.1 (0.3)		1.9		4		
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$	5.5	\$	1.0	\$	10.1	\$	0		

35

COTT CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEETS
(in millions of U.S. dollars, unaudited)

AS OF JULY 1, 2006

	COTT CORPORATION		CORPORATION BEVERAGES INC.		SUBS	GUARANTOR SIDIARIES	NC GUARANT SUBSIDIARI	
ACCETC								
ASSETS Current assets								
Cash	\$	3.8	\$	0.1	\$	(0.3)	\$	6
Accounts receivable	т	40.2	7	30.3	т	86.1	7	120
Inventories		24.3		86.2		45.2		6
Prepaid expenses and other								
assets		2.1		3.5		8.5		3
Deferred income taxes				6.9		0.8		0
		70.4		127.0		140.3		136
Property, plant and equipment		52.8		185.2		137.9		9
Goodwill		24.6		45.9		85.3		
Intangibles and other assets		16.9		162.8		38.1		38
Due from affiliates		65.8		81.6		175.4		41
Investments in subsidiaries Deferred income taxes		407.3		72.0		70.2		144
	\$	637.8	\$ ====	674.5	\$	647.2	\$	370
LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES	^		<u>^</u>	10.6	^	120 5	^	
Short-term borrowings Current maturities of long-term	\$		\$	10.6	\$	139.5	\$	
debt				0.8				
Accounts payable and accrued				0.0				
liabilities		38.4		124.0		75.5		19
Deferred income taxes								
		38.4		135.4		215.0		19
Long-term debt				272.2				
Due to affiliates		97.1		120.1		63.5		84
Deferred income taxes				40.6		19.4		9
		135.5		568.3		297.9		112
Minority interest								22
-								

SHAREOWNERS' EQUITY Capital stock

	\$ 637.8	\$ 674.5	\$ 647.2	\$ 370
	 502.3	 106.2	 349.3	 235
income (loss)	 14.6	 	 (101.4)	 65
Retained earnings (deficit) Accumulated other comprehensive	191.7	(169.6)	(171.2)	(4
Additional paid-in-capital	23.0			
Common shares	273.0	275.8	621.6	175

36

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JUL	Υ
--------------------------------	---

			THE THREE MONTHS	IS ENDED OULI		
	COTT CORPORATION		GUARANTOR SUBSIDIARIES			
OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Net income (loss)	\$ 7.6	\$ (1.5)	\$ 7.7	\$ 4		
Depreciation and amortization	2.9	9.2	5.7	1		
Amortization of financing fees			0.1	0		
Stock compensation expense	1.9					
Deferred income taxes		2.4	0.2	3		
Minority interest				1		
Equity (loss) income, net of						
distributions	(4.4)	1.5	(4.7)			
Loss (gain) on disposal of						
property, plant and equipment	(0.4)	0.4	(0.1)			
Asset impairments	(0.1)					
Other non-cash items	(0.1)					
Net change in non-cash working						
capital	(7.2)	(4.7)	(5.5)	(0		
-						
Cash provided by (used in)						
operating activities	0.2	7.6	3.4	10		
INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Additions to property, plant and	(0, 6)	(F_0)	(2.7)	1.0		
equipment	(0.6)	(5.0)	(2.7)	(0		
Proceeds from disposal of	1 0	(0.4)	0.0			
property, plant and equipment	1.0	, ,				
Advances to affiliates	(0.1)		(2.2)			
Other investing activities	(1.2)	(2.1)				
Cash provided by (used in)	<b></b>					
investing activities	(0.9)	(7.4)	(4.7)	((		
Till Veseting acceivenes			, ,			

FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Payments of long-term debt				(0.3)			
Short-term borrowings				(1.9)		(2.8)	(5
Advances from affiliates				2.1		0.1	
Distributions to subsidiary							
minority shareowner							(0
Dividends paid							(0
Cash used in financing activities				(0.1)		(2.7)	(6
Effect of exchange rate changes on							
cash							(0
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH		(0.7)		0.1		(4.0)	3
CASH, BEGINNING OF PERIOD		4.5				3.7	2
CASH, END OF PERIOD	\$	3.8	\$	0.1	\$	(0.3)	\$ 6
	=====		=====	======	=====		 

37

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUI	FOR TH	E SIX	ED J	UL
------------------------------	--------	-------	------	----

	COTT COTT CORPORATION BEVERAGES INC.				N GUARAN SUBSIDIAR				
OPERATING ACTIVITIES									
Net income (loss)	\$	5.5	\$	1.0	\$	10.1	\$	0	
Depreciation and amortization		6.0		18.7		11.1		2	
Amortization of financing fees				0.1		0.2		0	
Stock compensation expense		4.6							
Deferred income taxes				2.7				3	
Minority interest								2	
Equity (loss) income, net of									
distributions		(7.0)		2.1		(7.6)			
Loss (gain) on disposal of									
property, plant and equipment		(0.4)		0.5		(0.1)			
Asset impairments		(0.1)		1.4					
Other non-cash items		(0.1)		0.6					
Net change in non-cash working									
capital		(9.1)		(17.6)		(6.1)		4	
Cash provided by (used in)									
operating activities		(0.6)		9.5		7.6		13	

INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Additions to property, plant and		(1 2)		(10 0)		/F 1)		
equipment		(1.3)		(10.2)		(5.1)		( 0
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		1.0		0.2		0.3		
Advances to affiliates		(1.8)		0.1		(4.3)		
Other investing activities		(2.4)		(3.3)				
Cash provided by (used in)								
investing activities		(4.5)		(13.2)		(9.1)		(0
FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Payments of long-term debt				(0.5)				
Short-term borrowings				0.2		(6.9)		(10
Advances from affiliates				4.2		1.8		,
Distributions to subsidiary								
minority shareowner								(1
Dividends paid								(1
Other financing activities				(0.1)				
Cash provided by (used in)								
financing activities				3.8		(5.1)		(13
Effect of exchange rate changes on								
cash		0.1						(0
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH		(5.0)		0.1		(6.6)		(0
CASH, BEGINNING OF PERIOD		8.8				6.3		6
CACH END OF DEDICE	\$	3.8	ć	0 1	ć	(0.3)	ć	
CASH, END OF PERIOD	۶ 	3.8	ې 	0.1	۶ 	(0.3)	\$	6

38

FOR	THE	THREE	MONTHS	ENDED	JULY

							NC
	COTT CORPORATION	BEVEF	COTT BEVERAGES INC.		UARANTOR IDIARIES	GUARAN SUBSIDIAR	
SALES	\$ 63.4	\$	331.9	\$	70.5	\$	34
Cost of sales	52.2		277.3		61.1		28

11.2	54.6	9.4	5
9.7	18.6	5.5	1
	0 6	(0.1)	Ţ
	U.6	(∪.⊥)	ľ
1.5	35.4	4.0	3
(0.6)	(18.6)	(0.1)	21
(0.1)	8.1	(2.0)	0 1
2.2	45.9	6.1	(19
0.9	10.4	1.1	(0
23.6	3.0	19.5	
\$ 24.9	\$ 38.5	\$ 24.5 ======	\$ (19
	9.7 1.5 (0.6) (0.1) 2.2 0.9 23.6	9.7 18.6  0.6   1.5 35.4  (0.6) (18.6) (18.6) (0.1) 8.1   2.2 45.9  0.9 10.4  23.6 3.0	9.7 18.6 5.5  0.6 (0.1)  1.5 35.4 4.0  (0.6) (18.6) (0.1) (0.1) 8.1 (2.0)  2.2 45.9 6.1  0.9 10.4 1.1 23.6 3.0 19.5

#### FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JULY

	COTT CORPORATION		BEVER	BEVERAGES INC.				NO UARANT IDIARI
SALES Cost of sales				606.5	•			61
Cost of sales		90.2		513.0		109.7		52 
GROSS PROFIT Selling, general and administrative		16.7		93.5		17.2		9
expenses Loss (gain) on disposal of		19.3		38.9		10.7		3
property, plant and equipment				0.7				l
Unusual items asset impairments						(0.2)		
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(2.6)		53.9		7.6		5
Other expense (income), net				(19.1)				21
<pre>Interest expense (income), net Minority interest</pre>		(0.1)		16.6		(3.9)		0 2
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAXES								
AND EQUITY INCOME (LOSS)		(2.4)		56.4		11.0		(18
Income taxes				14.5		1.7		0
Equity income (loss)		35.1		4.7		26.8		

		====	======		====	
NET INCOME	\$ 33.2	\$	46.6	\$ 36.1	\$	(19

39

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2005

COTT CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEETS
(in millions of U.S. dollars)

	COTT CORPORATION		BEVER	COTT BEVERAGES INC.		GUARANTOR SUBSIDIARIES		UARANT IDIARI
ASSETS								
Current assets								
Cash	\$	8.8	\$		\$	6.3	\$	6
Accounts receivable		35.6		26.5		70.2		103
Inventories		18.8		76.6		43.6		5
Prepaid expenses and other		1.3		2.2		4.7		1
Deferred income taxes				7.2		0.1		
		64.5		112.5		124.9		116
Drananty plant and againment		53.0		195.6		135.1		110
Property, plant and equipment								10
Goodwill		23.5		46.0		80.8		4.0
Intangibles and other assets		17.0		164.1		38.4		40

	55.0		193.0		133.1		10
	23.5		46.0		80.8		
	17.0		164.1		38.4		40
	60.8		60.0		168.8		41
	395.2		75.4		62.6		137
					0.4		
Ś	614 0	Ś	653 6	Ś	611 0	Ś	347
'							=====
\$		\$	10.4	\$	137.5	\$	10
			0.8				
	36.7		109.6		63.6		17
					0.2		
	36.7		120.8		201.3		2.7
	95.4		115.8		58.1		62
			38.2		17.7		5
	122 1		E 47 1		277 1		94
	132.1		54/.1		2//.1		94
							22
		\$ 614.0 ====================================	23.5 17.0 60.8 395.2 \$ 614.0 \$ ===================================	\$ 614.0 \$ 653.6 \\  \$ 614.0 \$ \$ 653.6 \\	\$ 614.0 \$ 653.6 \$ ===================================	\$ 614.0 \$ 653.6 \$ 611.0 \$ 63.6 \$ 0.2 \$ 63.7 120.8 201.3 \$ 272.3 \$ 95.4 115.8 58.1 \$ 58.1 \$ 38.2 17.7	\$ \$ 10.4 \$ 137.5 \$  0.8 0.2  36.7 120.8 201.3  272.3 38.2 17.7  38.2 17.7

	\$ 614.0	\$ 653.6	\$ 611.0	\$ 347
	 481.9	 106.5	 333.9	 230
income (loss)	 4.3	 	 (84.2)	 59 
Accumulated other comprehensive				
Retained earnings (deficit)	186.2	(169.3)	(181.4)	(3
Additional paid-in-capital	18.4			
SHAREOWNERS' EQUITY Capital stock Common shares	273.0	275.8	599.5	175

40

				FOR	THE TH	HREE MONTH	S ENDE	D JULY
	COTT CORPORATION				GUARANTOR SUBSIDIARIES			
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net income (loss) Depreciation and amortization Amortization of financing fees Deferred income taxes Minority interest Equity (loss) income, net of distributions Gain (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	\$	24.9 2.5  0.9  (23.7)	·	38.5 9.7 0.2 2.6  (1.8)		24.5 2.4   (19.5)	\$	(19 1 0
Asset impairments Other non-cash items Net change in non-cash working capital		(0.3)		1.0 48.8		(0.8)		(0)
Cash provided by (used in) operating activities		7.3		99.6		(22.0)		(50
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Additions to property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Advances to affiliates Investment in subsidiary Other investing activities		(2.6)  (2.2)  (2.6)		(20.4) 0.7 (15.0)  (31.1)		(3.3) 1.3 (3.9) (15.0) 30.8		(0

	========	=========	=========	
CASH, END OF PERIOD	\$ 5.5		\$ 6.6	\$ 4
CASH, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	0.3	(0.8)		2
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	5.2	0.4	(2.7)	1
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	0.1		(0.2)	
Cash provided by (used in) financing activities	5.2	(33.4)	9.6	53
Other financing activities		1.8	(1.9)	
Dividends paid				(1
Financing costs		(0.5)		
minority shareowner Issue of common shares	 1.5			(C 15
Distributions to subsidiary				
Advances from affiliates		4.0	17.2	
Short-term borrowings	3.7	(38.5)	(5.7)	39
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Payments of long-term debt		(0.2)		
investing activities	(7.4)	(65.8)	9.9	(1
Cash provided by (used in)				

41

FOR	THE	SIX	MONTHS	ENDED	JUL

	CORP	COTT ORATION	BEVER	COTT AGES INC.	_	UARANTOR IDIARIES	_	NO UARANT IDIARI
OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Net income (loss)	\$	33.2	\$	46.6	\$	36.1	\$	(19
Depreciation and amortization		6.1		18.1		5.9		2
Amortization of financing fees				0.2				0
Deferred income taxes		(0.6)		3.7				0
Minority interest								2
Equity (loss) income, net of								
distributions		(35.1)		(2.4)		(26.8)		
Gain (loss) on disposal of								
property, plant and equipment				0.7		(0.9)		
Asset impairments						(0.2)		
Other non-cash items				0.6		0.2		0

Net change in non-cash working capital	17.1	49.6	(38.1)	(43
Cash provided by (used in) operating activities	20.7	117.1	(23.8)	(57
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Additions to property, plant and				
equipment	(7.1)	(37.6)	(9.5)	(0
Proceeds from disposal of		0.7	1 2	
property, plant and equipment Advances to affiliates	(9.8)	(5.0)	1.3 (3.9)	
Investment in subsidiary	(15.0)	(3.0) 	(15.0)	
Other investing activities	(4.1)	(30.1)	30.9	(0
Cash provided by (used in)				
investing activities	(36.0)	(72.0)	3.8	(1
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(0.4)		
Payments of long-term debt Short-term borrowings	3.8	(0.4) (48.3)	(0.9)	39
Advances from affiliates		4.0	14.8	3 3
Distributions to subsidiary				
minority shareowner				(1
Issue of common shares	2.4		15.0	15
Financing costs Dividends paid		(2.6)		(2)
Other financing activities		1.8	(2.0)	(2
-				
Cash provided by (used in)				
financing activities	6.2	(45.5)	26.9	50
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(0.1)		(0.3)	(0
CaSII	(0.1)		(0.3)	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	(9.2)	(0.4)	6.6	(7
CASH, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	14.7		0.1	11
CASH, END OF PERIOD	\$ 5.5	\$ (0.4)	\$ 6.7	\$ 4