

ALLIANCE ONE INTERNATIONAL, INC.
Form 10-Q
August 08, 2016

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM
10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED June 30, 2016.

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM _____ TO _____.

Alliance One International, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Virginia

001-13684

54-1746567

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation) (Commission File Number) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

8001 Aerial Center Parkway
Morrisville, NC 27560-8417
(Address of principal executive offices)

(919) 379-4300
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer
filer

Accelerated

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

]

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes

No

As of July 29, 2016, the registrant had 8,923,251 shares outstanding of Common Stock (no par value) excluding 785,313 shares owned by a wholly owned subsidiary.

- 1 -

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Table of Contents

| | Page No. |
|---|----------|
| Part I. Financial Information | |
| Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited) | |
| Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations Three Months Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 | 4 |
| Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) Three Months Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 | 5 |
| Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets June 30, 2016 and 2015 and March 31, 2016 | 6 |
| Condensed Statements of Consolidated Stockholders' Equity Three Months Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 | 7 |
| Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Three Months Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 | 8 |
| Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | 9 – 30 |
| Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations | 31 – 40 |
| Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk | 40 |
| Item 4. Controls and Procedures | 40 – 41 |
| Part II. Other Information | |
| Item 1. Legal Proceedings | 42 |
| Item 1A. Risk Factors | 42 |
| Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds | 42 |
| Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities | 42 |
| Item 4. <u>Mine Safety Disclosures</u> | 42 |

| | |
|---------------------------|----|
| Item 5. Other Information | 42 |
| Item 6. Exhibits | 43 |
| Signature | 44 |
| Index of Exhibits | 45 |

Part I. Financial Information

Item 1. Financial Statements

Alliance One
International, Inc. and
Subsidiaries
CONDENSED
CONSOLIDATED
STATEMENTS OF
OPERATIONS
Three Months Ended June
30, 2016 and 2015
(Unaudited)

Three Months Ended
June 30,
(in
thousands,
except
per 2016 2015
share
data)

| | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Sales and other operating revenues | \$261,101 | \$266,282 |
| Cost of goods and services sold | 227,050 | 236,884 |
| Gross profit | 34,051 | 29,398 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 38,805 | 29,914 |
| Other income (expense) | (481) | 560 |
| Restructuring and asset impairment | 411 | 2,948 |

charges
 Operating loss (3,276) (2,904)

Interest expense (includes debt amortization of \$3,110 and \$2,244 for 30,602 27,773 the three months in 2016 and 2015, respectively)

Interest income 1,838 1,374
 Loss before income tax (34,040) (29,303)

and other items
 Income tax (3,830) (3,214)

benefit
 Equity in net income (loss) (1,329) 132

of investee companies
 Net loss (31,539) (25,957)

Less:
 Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests (7)

Net
loss
attributable
to Alliance
One
International,
Inc.

Loss
per
share:
Basic) \$(3.54)
Diluted) \$(2.93)

Weighted
average
number
of
shares
outstanding:
Basic 8,862
Diluted 8,862

See notes to condensed
consolidated financial
statements

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
 (LOSS)
 Three Months Ended June 30, 2016
 (Unaudited)

| (in thousands) | Three Months Ended June 30, | |
|---|--------------------------------|------------|
| | 2016 | 2015 |
| Net loss | \$(31,539) | \$(25,957) |
| Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax: | | |
| Currency translation adjustment | (2,274) | 2,307 |
| Defined benefit pension amounts reclassified to income: | | |
| Amount reclassified to liability | — | 225 |
| Amounts reclassified to income | 461 | 1,000 |
| Defined benefit plan adjustment | 461 | 1,225 |
| Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax | (1,813) | 3,532 |
| Total comprehensive loss | (33,352) | (22,425) |
| Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests | (34) | (7) |
| Comprehensive loss attributable to Alliance One International, Inc. | \$(33,318) | \$(22,418) |

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
 (Unaudited)

| (in thousands) | June 30, 2016 | June 30, 2015 | March 31, 2016 |
|--|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| ASSETS | | | |
| Current assets | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 158,211 | \$ 163,942 | \$ 199,720 |
| Trade receivables, net | 125,682 | 162,074 | 303,907 |
| Other receivables | 80,669 | 104,510 | 97,101 |
| Accounts receivable, related parties | 9,266 | 7,732 | 1,920 |
| Inventories | 938,808 | 884,515 | 791,340 |
| Advances to tobacco suppliers | 57,906 | 47,273 | 41,837 |
| Recoverable income taxes | 9,413 | 4,029 | 13,421 |
| Current deferred taxes, net | — | 22,824 | — |
| Prepaid expenses | 24,612 | 24,179 | 20,016 |
| Other current assets | 21,356 | 14,795 | 21,096 |
| Total current assets | 1,425,923 | 1,435,873 | 1,490,358 |
| Other assets | | | |
| Investments in unconsolidated affiliates | 56,637 | 54,508 | 58,259 |
| Goodwill | 16,463 | 2,794 | 16,463 |
| Other intangible assets | 49,432 | 28,200 | 50,571 |
| Long-term recoverable income taxes | 8,941 | 7,252 | 8,686 |
| Deferred income taxes, net | 47,112 | 30,899 | 38,773 |
| Other deferred charges | 4,683 | 7,024 | 3,934 |
| Other noncurrent assets | 37,204 | 27,141 | 23,629 |
| | 220,472 | 157,818 | 200,315 |
| Property, plant and equipment, net | 272,303 | 235,327 | 277,525 |
| | \$ 1,918,698 | \$ 1,829,018 | \$ 1,968,198 |

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

| | | | |
|---|------------|------------|------------|
| Current liabilities | | | |
| Notes payable to banks | \$ 458,165 | \$ 401,089 | \$ 475,989 |
| Accounts payable | 77,624 | 78,147 | 81,649 |
| Due to related parties | 15,496 | 22,920 | 20,490 |
| Advances from customers | 9,509 | 20,042 | 9,895 |
| Accrued expenses and other current liabilities | 91,491 | 95,928 | 74,425 |
| Income taxes | 6,058 | 9,470 | 12,022 |
| Long-term debt current | 200,355 | 32,894 | 356 |
| Total current liabilities | 858,698 | 660,490 | 674,826 |
| Long-term debt | | | |
| | 710,713 | 882,787 | 910,214 |
| Deferred income taxes | 16,936 | 1,478 | 16,924 |
| Liability for unrecognized tax benefits | 9,643 | 10,522 | 9,809 |
| Pension, postretirement and other long-term liabilities | 81,008 | 101,109 | 81,753 |
| | 818,300 | 995,896 | 1,018,700 |

Commitments and contingencies

| Stockholders' equity | June 30, 2016 | June 30, 2015 | March 31, 2016 |
|----------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
|----------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|

Common Stock—no par value:

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| | | | | | | |
|--|---------|---------|---------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Authorized shares | 250,000 | 250,000 | 250,000 | | | |
| Issued shares | 9,709 | 9,668 | 9,685 | 471,210 | 469,357 | 470,830 |
| Retained deficit | | | | (177,361 |) (237,338 |) (145,856 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss | | | | (55,661 |) (62,854 |) (53,848 |
| Total stockholders' equity of Alliance One International, Inc. | | | | 238,188 | 169,165 | 271,126 |
| Noncontrolling interests | | | | 3,512 | 3,467 | 3,546 |
| Total equity | | | | 241,700 | 172,632 | 274,672 |
| | | | | \$1,918,698 | \$1,829,018 | \$1,968,198 |

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

- 5 -

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries
 CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CONSOLIDATED STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
 (Unaudited)

| (in thousands) | Attributable to Alliance One International, Inc. | | | | | |
|--|---|---------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | Common Stock | Retained Deficit | Accumulated Comprehensive Loss | Currency Translation Adjustment | Pensions, Net of Tax | Noncontrolling Interests |
| Balance, March 31, 2015 | \$468,564 | \$(211,388) | \$(14,154) | \$(52,232) | \$ 3,274 | \$194,064 |
| Net loss | — | (25,950) | — | — | (7) | (25,957) |
| Acquisition of noncontrolling interest | — | — | — | — | 200 | 200 |
| Stock-based compensation | 793 | — | — | — | — | 793 |
| Other comprehensive income, net of tax | — | — | 2,307 | 1,225 | — | 3,532 |
| Balance, June 30, 2015 | \$469,357 | \$(237,338) | \$(11,847) | \$(51,007) | \$ 3,467 | \$172,632 |
| Balance, March 31, 2016 | \$470,830 | \$(145,856) | \$(14,046) | \$(39,802) | \$ 3,546 | \$274,672 |
| Net loss | — | (31,505) | — | — | (34) | (31,539) |
| Restricted stock surrendered | (12) | — | — | — | — | (12) |
| Stock-based compensation | 392 | — | — | — | — | 392 |
| Other comprehensive loss, net of tax | — | — | (2,274) | 461 | — | (1,813) |
| Balance, June 30, 2016 | \$471,210 | \$(177,361) | \$(16,320) | \$(39,341) | \$ 3,512 | \$241,700 |

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
 Three Months Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015
 (Unaudited)

| (in thousands) | June 30, 2016 | June 30, 2015 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Operating activities | | |
| Net loss | \$(31,539) | \$(25,957) |
| Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used by operating activities: | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 8,752 | 7,064 |
| Debt amortization/interest | 3,500 | 2,596 |
| (Gain) loss on foreign currency transactions | (4,310) | 1,143 |
| Restructuring and asset impairment charges | 41 | 2,948 |
| Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment | (215) | (246) |
| Equity in net (income) loss of unconsolidated affiliates, net of dividends | 1,486 | (8) |
| Stock-based compensation | 437 | 1,104 |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net | 6,341 | (222,717) |
| Other, net | (335) | 20 |
| Net cash used by operating activities | (15,842) | (234,053) |
| Investing activities | | |
| Purchases of property, plant and equipment | (4,058) | (6,179) |
| Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment | 268 | 446 |
| Restricted cash | (457) | (577) |
| Other, net | 69 | 8 |
| Net cash used by investing activities | (4,178) | (6,302) |
| Financing activities | | |
| Net proceeds (repayment) from short-term borrowings | (14,936) | 79,440 |
| Proceeds from long-term borrowings | 200,035 | 185,000 |
| Repayment of long-term borrowings | (200,355) | (242) |
| Debt issuance cost | (6,428) | (3,847) |
| Other, net | — | 200 |
| Net cash provided (used) by financing activities | (21,684) | 260,551 |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash | 195 | (103) |
| Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | (41,509) | 20,093 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 199,720 | 143,849 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$158,211 | \$163,942 |
| Other information: | | |
| Cash paid for income taxes | \$3,749 | \$6,177 |
| Cash paid for interest | 11,292 | 10,233 |
| Cash received from interest | (1,838) | (1,370) |

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(in thousands)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

Because of the seasonal nature of the Company's business, the results of operations for any fiscal quarter will not necessarily be indicative of results to be expected for other quarters or a full fiscal year. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair statement of financial position, results of operation and cash flows at the dates and for the periods presented have been included. The unaudited information included in this Form 10-Q should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016.

In fiscal 2006, the Company deconsolidated its Zimbabwe subsidiary, Mashonaland Tobacco Company LTD ("MTC") in accordance with accounting requirements that apply to foreign subsidiaries that are subject to foreign exchange controls and other government restrictions that casted significant doubt on the parent's ability to control the subsidiary. As of March 31, 2016, the Company determined that significant doubt about its ability to control MTC was eliminated due to changes in the political landscape and the recent issuance of clarifications to the indigenization laws within Zimbabwe. As a result, the Company reconsolidated MTC on March 31, 2016. Beginning April 1, 2016, the financial results of MTC are included in the consolidated statements of operations, consolidated balance sheet and consolidated statement of cash flows.

Prior to March 31, 2016, the Company accounted for its investment in MTC on the cost method and had been reporting it in Investments in Unconsolidated Affiliates in the Consolidated Balance Sheets since March 31, 2006 and had written its investment in MTC down to zero in fiscal 2007. At June 30, 2015, the Company guaranteed an amount outstanding to MTC of \$51,349.

Restatement of Previously Reported Financial Information

During the year ended March 31, 2016, the Company identified certain immaterial errors in previously issued financial statements related to inventory, cost of goods sold and income tax. In addition, the Company corrected the classification of amounts between line items on the Consolidated Balance Sheets included in the previously issued financial statements. The correction of these immaterial errors and reclassification between line items at March 31, 2015 also impact the previously reported balances at June 30, 2015. For the three months ended June 30, 2015, inventory was adjusted by \$1,380, recoverable income tax was adjusted by \$1,824 and retained earnings was adjusted by \$3,204. In addition, reclassifications of \$11,808 between "Accounts receivable, related parties" and "Pension, postretirement and other long-term liabilities" were made. The Company has evaluated the effect of the above misstatements on its condensed consolidated financial statements for the three months ended June 30, 2015 in accordance with the guidance provided by SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 108, codified as SAB Topic 1.N, "Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatement When Quantifying Misstatements in the Current Year Financial Statements," and concluded that the three months ended June 30, 2015 were not materially misstated. See Note 21 "Restatement of Previously Reported Financial Information" to the "Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements" for the impact of this change on selected financial amounts.

Taxes Collected from Customers

Certain subsidiaries are subject to value added taxes on local sales. These amounts have been included in sales and cost of sales and were \$6,185 and \$5,675 for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Other Deferred Charges

Other deferred charges are primarily deferred financing costs that are amortized over the life of the debt.

New Accounting Standards

Recent Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In April 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued new accounting guidance that changed the presentation of debt issuance costs in financial statements. The primary objective of this accounting guidance was to present these costs in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the related debt liability rather than as an asset. Amortization of the costs is still reported as interest expense. The Company adopted this guidance on April 1, 2016 on a retrospective basis. On the condensed consolidated balance sheets, \$11,272 and \$9,875 were reclassified from Other Deferred Charges to Long-Term Debt at June 30, 2015 and March 31, 2016, respectively. See Note 21 "Restatement of Previously Reported Financial Information" to the "Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements."

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Recent Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted

In May 2014, the FASB issued new accounting guidance that outlines a single comprehensive model to use in accounting for revenue from contracts with customers. The primary objective of this accounting guidance is to recognize revenue that depicts the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. This accounting guidance, as amended, is effective for the Company on April 1, 2018. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this new guidance.

In August 2014, the FASB issued new accounting guidance on determining when and how to disclose going concern uncertainties in the financial statements. The primary objective of this accounting guidance is for management to perform interim and annual assessments of an entity's ability to continue as a going concern within one year of the date the financial statements are issued and provide certain disclosures if conditions or events raise substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. This accounting guidance is effective for the Company on March 31, 2017. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this new guidance.

In July 2015, the FASB issued new accounting guidance that simplifies the measurement of inventory. Under the previous accounting guidance, an entity measured inventory at the lower of cost or market with market defined as one of three different measures. The primary objective of this accounting guidance is to require a single measurement of inventory at the lower of cost and net realizable value. This accounting guidance is effective for the Company on April 1, 2017. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this new guidance.

In January 2016, the FASB issued new accounting guidance regarding certain aspects of recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure of financial instruments. The primary objective of this accounting guidance is to provide users of financial statements with more decision-useful information. The accounting guidance will be effective for the Company on April 1, 2018. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this guidance.

In February 2016, the FASB issued new accounting guidance regarding the treatment of leases. The primary objective of this accounting guidance is to increase transparency and comparability among organizations by recognizing lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet and disclosing key information about leasing arrangements. This accounting guidance will be effective for the Company April 1, 2020. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this new guidance.

In March 2016, the FASB issued new accounting guidance for simplifying the treatment of employee share-based payments. The primary objective is improve areas of GAAP for which cost and complexity can be reduced while maintaining or improving the usefulness of information provided to users of financial statements. This accounting guidance will be effective for the Company on April 1, 2017. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this new guidance.

In June 2016, the FASB issued new accounting guidance on the measurement of credit losses on financial instruments. The primary objective is to provide financial statement users with more decision-useful information about the expected credit losses on financial instruments and other commitments to extend credit held by a reporting entity at each reporting date. This accounting guidance will be effective for the Company on April 1, 2020. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this new guidance.

2. INCOME TAXES

Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes

As of June 30, 2016, the Company's unrecognized tax benefits totaled \$16,462, all of which would impact the Company's effective tax rate if recognized.

The Company recognizes interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in income tax expense. As of June 30, 2016, accrued interest and penalties totaled \$1,342 and \$842 respectively.

The Company expects to continue accruing interest expense related to the unrecognized tax benefits described above. Additionally, the Company may be subject to fluctuations in the unrecognized tax liability due to currency

exchange rate movements.

The Company does not foresee any reasonably possible changes in the unrecognized tax benefits in the next twelve months but acknowledges circumstances can change due to unexpected developments in the law. In certain jurisdictions, tax authorities have challenged positions that the Company has taken that resulted in recognizing benefits that are material to its financial statements. The Company believes it is more likely than not that it will prevail in these situations and accordingly has not recorded liabilities for these positions. The Company expects the challenged positions to be settled at a time greater than twelve months from its balance sheet date.

The Company and its subsidiaries file a U.S. federal consolidated income tax return as well as returns in several U.S. states and a number of foreign jurisdictions. As of June 30, 2016, the Company's earliest open tax year for U.S. federal income tax purposes is its fiscal year ended March 31, 2013; however, the Company's net operating loss carryovers from prior periods remain subject to adjustment. Open tax years in state and foreign jurisdictions generally range from three to six years.

- 9 -

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

2. INCOME TAXES (continued)

Provision for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2016

The effective tax rate used for the three months ended June 30, 2016 was 11.3% compared to 11.0% for the three months ended June 30, 2015. The effective tax rates for these periods are based on the current estimate of full year results including the effect of taxes related to discrete events which are recorded in the interim period in which they occur. The difference in the effective tax rate in one year compared to another is the result of many factors that include, but are not limited to, differences in forecasted income for the respective years, differences in year-to-date income for the periods, certain losses for which no tax benefit is recorded; and, differences between discrete items recognized for the periods that include changes in valuation allowances, net exchanges losses on income tax accounts and net exchange gains related to liabilities for unrecognized tax benefits.

For the three months ended June 30, 2016, the Company recorded a discrete event adjustment benefit of \$3,474, bringing the effective tax rate estimated for the three months of 1.1% to 11.3%. This discrete event adjustment benefit relates primarily to net exchange losses on income tax accounts and net exchange gains related to liabilities for unrecognized tax benefits. For the three months ended June 30, 2015, the Company recorded a discrete event adjustment benefit of \$1,762, bringing the effective tax rate estimated for the three months of 5.0% to 11.0%. This discrete event adjustment benefit relates primarily to net exchange losses on income tax accounts and net exchange gains related to liabilities for unrecognized tax benefits. The significant difference in the estimated effective tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2016 from the U.S. federal statutory rate is primarily due to net exchange losses on income tax accounts, foreign income tax rates lower than the U.S. rate and certain losses for which no benefit is currently recorded.

3. GUARANTEES

The Company and certain of its foreign subsidiaries guarantee bank loans to suppliers to finance their crops. Under longer-term arrangements, the Company may also guarantee financing on suppliers' construction of curing barns or other tobacco production assets. Guaranteed loans are generally repaid concurrent with the delivery of tobacco to the Company. The Company is obligated to repay any guaranteed loan should the supplier default. If default occurs, the Company has recourse against the supplier. The Company also guarantees bank loans of certain unconsolidated subsidiaries in Asia and Brazil.

The following table summarizes amounts guaranteed and the fair value of those guarantees:

| | June 30, 2016 | June 30, 2015 | March 31, 2016 |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Amounts guaranteed (not to exceed) | \$229,486 | \$276,566 | \$210,703 |
| Amounts outstanding under guarantee | 111,287 | 165,222 | 107,615 |
| Fair value of guarantees | 5,891 | 7,723 | 7,350 |

Of the guarantees outstanding at June 30, 2016, all expire within one year. The fair value of guarantees is recorded in Accrued Expenses and Other Current Liabilities in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets and included in crop costs except for the joint venture in Brazil which is included in Accounts Receivable, Related Parties. In Brazil, certain suppliers obtain government subsidized rural credit financing from local banks that is guaranteed by the Company. The Company withholds amounts owed to suppliers related to the rural credit financing of the supplier upon delivery of tobacco to the Company. The Company remits payments to the local banks on behalf of the guaranteed suppliers. Terms of rural credit financing are such that repayment is due to local banks based on contractual due dates. As of June 30, 2016 and 2015 and March 31, 2016, respectively, the Company had balances of \$13,127, \$11,212, and \$16,699 that were due to local banks on behalf of suppliers. These amounts are included in Accounts Payable in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

4. RESTRUCTURING AND ASSET IMPAIRMENT CHARGES

During the quarter ended March 31, 2015, the Company announced the first phase of a global restructuring plan focusing on efficiency and cost improvements. The Company reviewed origin and corporate operations and initiatives were implemented to increase operational efficiency and effectiveness. These initiatives continue to occur as the Company restructures certain operations not meeting strategic business objectives and performance metrics. During the three months ended June 30, 2015, the Company recorded \$375 of additional employee severance charges and \$2,573 of asset impairment charges in connection with the restructuring of certain operations primarily in Africa. The asset impairment charges are for unrecoverable tobacco supplier advances and tobacco production property and equipment due to exiting and redefining the Company's position in certain African markets.

The following table summarizes the restructuring charges recorded in the Company's reporting segments during the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively:

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | |
|---|--------------------------------|----------|
| Restructuring and Asset Impairment Charges | 2016 | 2015 |
| Employee separation and other cash charges: | | |
| Beginning balance | \$398 | \$8,087 |
| Period charges: | | |
| Severance charges | 7 | 375 |
| Other cash charges | 34 | — |
| Total period charges | 41 | 375 |
| Payments through June 30 | (340) | (1,246) |
| Ending balance June 30 | \$99 | \$7,216 |
| Asset impairment and other non-cash charges | \$— | \$2,573 |
| Total restructuring charges for the period | \$41 | \$2,948 |

The following table summarizes the employee separations and other cash charges recorded in the Company's North America and Other Regions segment during the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015:

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------|
| Employee Separation and Other Cash Charges | 2016 | 2015 |
| Beginning balance: | | |
| North America | — | — |
| Other regions | 398 | 8,087 |
| Period charges: | | |
| North America | — | — |
| Other regions | 41 | 375 |
| Payments through June 30 | \$(340) | \$(1,246) |
| North America | — | — |
| Other regions | (340) | (1,246) |
| Ending balance June 30 | \$99 | \$7,216 |
| North America | — | — |
| Other regions | 99 | 7,216 |

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

5. GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLES

Goodwill represents costs in excess of fair values assigned to the underlying net assets of acquired businesses. Goodwill is not subject to amortization, but rather is tested for impairment annually or whenever events and circumstances indicate that an impairment may have occurred. The Company has chosen the first day of the last quarter of its fiscal year as the date to perform its annual goodwill impairment test.

The Company has no intangible assets with indefinite useful lives. It does have intangible assets which are amortized. The following table summarizes the changes in the Company's goodwill and other intangibles for the periods provided below:

| | Goodwill (1) | Amortizable Intangibles | | | Total |
|--|-----------------|--|---|---|-----------|
| | | Customer Relationship Intangible | Production and Supply Contract Intangibles | Internally Developed Software Intangible | |
| Weighted average remaining useful life in years as of June 30, 2016 | | 12.75 | 4.50 | — | |
| March 31, 2015 balance | | | | | |
| Gross carrying amount | \$ 2,794 | \$33,700 | \$ 14,893 | \$ 18,502 | \$69,889 |
| Accumulated amortization | — | (16,639) | (5,786) | (15,573) | (37,998) |
| Net March 31, 2015 | 2,794 | 17,061 | 9,107 | 2,929 | 31,891 |
| Amortization expense | — | (421) | (270) | (206) | (897) |
| Net June 30, 2015 | 2,794 | 16,640 | 8,837 | 2,723 | 30,994 |
| Additions | 13,669 | 24,830 | — | — | 38,499 |
| Amortization expense | — | (1,264) | (555) | (640) | (2,459) |
| Net March 31, 2016 | 16,463 | 40,206 | 8,282 | 2,083 | 67,034 |
| Amortization expense | — | (836) | (110) | (193) | (1,139) |
| Net June 30, 2016 | 16,463 | 39,370 | 8,172 | 1,890 | 65,895 |

(1) Goodwill of \$2,794 relates to the North America segment and \$13,669 relates to the Other Regions segment.

The following table summarizes the estimated future intangible asset amortization expense:

| For Fiscal Years Ended | Customer Relationship Intangible | Production and Supply Contract Intangible | Internally Developed Software Intangible* | Total |
|-------------------------------------|--|---|--|----------|
| July 1, 2016 through March 31, 2017 | \$ 2,504 | \$ 1,172 | \$ 655 | \$4,331 |
| 2018 | 3,340 | 1,405 | 620 | 5,365 |
| 2019 | 3,340 | 1,405 | 367 | 5,112 |
| 2020 | 3,340 | 1,397 | 248 | 4,985 |
| 2021 | 3,340 | 1,397 | — | 4,737 |
| Later | 23,506 | 1,396 | — | 24,902 |
| | \$ 39,370 | \$ 8,172 | \$ 1,890 | \$49,432 |

* Estimated amortization expense for the internally developed software is based on costs accumulated as of June 30, 2016. These estimates will change as new costs are incurred and until the software is placed into service in all locations.

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

6. VARIABLE INTEREST ENTITIES

The Company holds variable interests in seven joint ventures that are accounted for under the equity method of accounting. These joint ventures primarily procure or process inventory on behalf of the Company and the other joint venture partners. The variable interests relate to equity investments and advances made by the Company to the joint ventures. In addition, the Company also guarantees two of its joint venture's borrowings which also represents a variable interest in those joint ventures. The Company is not the primary beneficiary, as it does not have the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the economic performance of the entities as a result of the entities' management and board of directors' structure. Therefore, these entities are not consolidated. At June 30, 2016 and 2015, and March 31, 2016, the Company's investment in these joint ventures was \$55,620, \$53,491, and \$57,243, respectively and is classified as Investments in Unconsolidated Affiliates in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. The Company's advances to these joint ventures at June 30, 2016 and 2015, and March 31, 2016, respectively were \$9,266, \$3,796 and \$1,920 and are classified as Accounts Receivable, Related Parties in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. The Company guaranteed an amount to two joint ventures not to exceed \$107,009, \$111,622 and \$100,238 at June 30, 2016 and 2015, and March 31, 2016, respectively. The investments, advances and guarantees in these joint ventures represent the Company's maximum exposure to loss.

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company purchases, processes, sells and stores leaf tobacco. Tobacco is purchased in more than 35 countries and shipped to approximately 90 countries. The sales, logistics and billing functions of the Company are primarily concentrated in service centers outside of the producing areas to facilitate access to its major customers. Within certain quality and grade constraints, tobacco is fungible and, subject to these constraints, customers may choose to fulfill their needs from any of the areas where the Company purchases tobacco.

Selling, logistics, billing, and administrative overhead, including depreciation, which originates primarily from the Company's corporate and sales offices, are allocated to the segments based upon segment operating income. The Company reviews performance data from the purchase of the product or the service provided through sale based on the source of the product or service and all intercompany transactions are allocated to the operating segment that either purchases or processes the tobacco.

The following table presents the summary segment information for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015:

| | Three Months Ended | |
|--|--------------------|------------|
| | June 30, | |
| | 2016 | 2015 |
| Sales and other operating revenues: | | |
| North America | \$49,938 | \$30,300 |
| Other regions | 211,163 | 235,982 |
| Total revenue | \$261,101 | \$266,282 |
| Operating income (loss): | | |
| North America | \$(978) | \$871 |
| Other regions | (4,298) | (3,775) |
| Total operating loss | (5,276) | (2,904) |
| Interest expense | 30,602 | 27,773 |
| Interest income | 1,838 | 1,374 |
| Loss before income taxes and other items | \$(34,040) | \$(29,303) |

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| Analysis of | June 30, | June 30, | March 31, |
|-----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Segment Assets | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 |
| Segment assets: | | | |
| North America | \$316,215 | \$324,118 | \$338,833 |
| Other regions | 1,602,483 | 1,504,900 | 1,629,365 |
| Total assets | \$1,918,698 | \$1,829,018 | \$1,968,198 |

- 13 -

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

8. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The weighted average number of common shares outstanding is reported as the weighted average of the total shares of common stock outstanding net of shares of common stock held by a wholly owned subsidiary. Shares of common stock owned by the subsidiary were 785 at June 30, 2016 and 2015. This subsidiary waives its right to receive dividends and it does not have the right to vote.

Certain potentially dilutive options were not included in the computation of earnings per diluted share because their exercise prices were greater than the average market price of the shares of common stock during the period and their effect would be antidilutive. These shares totaled 469 at a weighted average exercise price of \$60.70 per share at June 30, 2016 and 656 at a weighted average exercise price of \$60.39 per share at June 30, 2015.

The following table summarizes the computation of earnings per share for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

| (in thousands, except per share data) | Three Months Ended | |
|---|--------------------|------------|
| | June 30, 2016 | 2015 |
| BASIC LOSS | | |
| Net loss attributable to Alliance One International, Inc. | \$(31,505) | \$(25,950) |
| SHARES | | |
| Weighted average number of shares outstanding | 8,904 | 8,862 |
| BASIC LOSS PER SHARE | \$(3.54) | \$(2.93) |
| DILUTED LOSS | | |
| Net loss attributable to Alliance One International, Inc. | \$(31,505) | \$(25,950) |
| SHARES | | |
| Weighted average number of common shares outstanding | 8,904 | 8,862 |
| Plus: Restricted shares issued and shares applicable to stock options and restricted stock units, net of shares assumed to be purchased from proceeds at average market price | — | *— * |
| Adjusted weighted average number of common shares outstanding | 8,904 | 8,862 |
| DILUTED LOSS PER SHARE | \$(3.54) | \$(2.93) |

* All outstanding restricted shares and shares applicable to stock options and restricted stock units are excluded because their inclusion would have an antidilutive effect on the loss per share.

9. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

The Company recorded stock-based compensation expense related to stock-based awards granted under its various employee and non-employee stock incentive plans of \$437 and \$1,104 for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, of which \$45 and \$291, respectively were with respect to stock-based awards payable in cash.

The Company's shareholders approved amendments to the 2007 Incentive Plan (the "2007 Plan") at its annual meetings of shareholders held on August 11, 2011 and August 6, 2009. The 2007 Plan is an omnibus plan that

provides the flexibility to grant a variety of equity awards including stock options, stock appreciation rights, stock awards, stock units, performance awards and incentive awards to officers, directors and employees of the Company.

During the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, the Company made the following stock-based compensation awards:

- 14 -

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

9. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION (continued)

| (in thousands, except grant date fair value) | Three Months Ended June 30, | |
|--|--------------------------------|---------|
| | 2016 | 2015 |
| Restricted Stock | | |
| Number Granted | 6 | 6 |
| Grant Date Fair Value | \$15.40 | \$23.91 |

Restricted stock consists of shares issued to non-employee directors of the Company which are not subject to a minimum vesting period.

10. CONTINGENCIES AND OTHER INFORMATION

Non-Income Tax

The government in the Brazilian State of Parana (“Parana”) issued a tax assessment on October 26, 2007 with respect to local intrastate trade tax credits that result primarily from tobacco transferred between states within Brazil. The assessment for intrastate trade tax credits taken is \$4,104 and the total assessment including penalties and interest at June 30, 2016 is \$12,735. The Company believes it has properly complied with Brazilian law and will contest any assessment through the judicial process. Should the Company lose in the judicial process, the loss of the intrastate trade tax credits would have a material impact on the financial statements of the Company. The Company also has local intrastate trade tax credits in the Brazilian State of Santa Catarina. This jurisdiction permits the sale or transfer of excess credits to third parties, however approval must be obtained from the tax authorities. The Company has an agreement with the state government regarding the amounts and timing of credits that can be sold. The tax credits have a carrying value of \$3,627 at June 30, 2016, which is net of impairment charges based on management’s expectations about future realization. The intrastate trade tax credits will continue to be monitored for impairment in future periods based on market conditions and the Company’s ability to use or sell the tax credits.

In 1969, the Brazilian government created a tax credit program that allowed companies to earn IPI tax credits (“IPI credits”) based on the value of their exports. The government began to phase out this program in 1979, which resulted in numerous lawsuits between taxpayers and the Brazilian government. The Company has a long legal history with respect to credits it earned while the IPI credit program was in effect. In 2001, the Company won a claim related to certain IPI credits it earned between 1983 and 1990. The Brazilian government appealed this decision and numerous rulings and appeals were rendered on behalf of both the government and the Company from 2001 through 2013. Because of this favorable ruling, the Company began to use these earned IPI credits to offset federal taxes in 2004 and 2005, until it received a Judicial Order to suspend the IPI offsetting in 2005. The value of the federal taxes offset in 2004 and 2005 was \$24,142 and the Company established a reserve on these credits at the time of offsetting as they were not yet realizable due to the legal uncertainty that existed. Specifically, the Company extinguished other federal tax liabilities using IPI credits and recorded a liability in Pension, Postretirement and Other Long-Term Liabilities to reflect that the credits were not realizable at that time due to the prevalent legal uncertainty. On March 7, 2013, the Brazilian Supreme Court rendered a final decision in favor of the Company that recognized the validity of the IPI credits and secured the Company's right to benefit from the IPI credits earned from March 1983 to October 1990. This final decision expressly stated the Company has the right to the IPI credits. The Company estimated the total amount of the IPI credits to be approximately \$94,316 at March

31, 2013. Since the March 2013 ruling definitively (without the government's ability to appeal) granted the Company the ownership of the IPI credits generated between 1983 and 1990 the Company believed the amount of IPI credits that were used to offset other federal taxes in 2004 and 2005 were realizable beyond a reasonable doubt. Accordingly, and at March 31, 2013, the Company recorded the \$24,142 IPI credits it realized in the Statements of Consolidated Operations in Other Income. No further benefit has been recognized pending the outcome of the judicial procedure to

ascertain the final amount as those amounts have not yet been realized.

- 15 -

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

10. CONTINGENCIES AND OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

Other

Mindo, S.r.l., the purchaser in 2004 of the Company's Italian subsidiary Dimon Italia, S.r.l., asserted claims against a subsidiary of the Company arising out of that sale transaction in an action filed before the Court of Rome on April 12, 2007. The claim involved a guaranty letter issued by a consolidated subsidiary of the Company in connection with the sale transaction, and sought the recovery of €7,400 plus interest and costs. On November 11, 2013, the court issued its judgment in favor of the Company's subsidiary, rejecting the claims asserted by Mindo, S.r.l., and awarding the Company's subsidiary legal costs of €48. On December 23, 2014, Mindo, S.r.l. appealed the judgment of the Court of Rome to the Court of Appeal of Rome. A hearing before the Court of Appeal of Rome was held on June 12, 2015, which was adjourned pending a further hearing set for February 2018. The outcome of, and timing of a decision on, the appeal are uncertain and therefore no amounts have been recorded.

In addition to the above-mentioned matter, certain of the Company's subsidiaries are involved in other litigation or legal matters incidental to their business activities, including tax matters. While the outcome of these matters cannot be predicted with certainty, the Company is vigorously defending them and does not currently expect that any of them will have a material adverse effect on its business or financial position. However, should one or more of these matters be resolved in a manner adverse to its current expectation, the effect on the Company's results of operations for a particular fiscal reporting period could be material.

In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the Company records all known asset retirement obligations ("ARO") for which the liability can be reasonably estimated. Currently, it has identified an ARO associated with one of its facilities that requires it to restore the land to its initial condition upon vacating the facility. The Company has not recognized a liability under generally accepted accounting principles for this ARO because the fair value of restoring the land at this site cannot be reasonably estimated since the settlement date is unknown at this time. The settlement date is unknown because the land restoration is not required until title is returned to the government, and the Company has no current or future plans to return the title. The Company will recognize a liability in the period in which sufficient information is available to reasonably estimate its fair value.

11. DEBT ARRANGEMENTS

At June 30, 2016, \$200,000 was outstanding under the senior secured revolving credit facility. The Company continuously monitors its compliance with the covenants of its senior secured revolving credit facility and its senior notes. While the Company anticipates it will be in compliance in fiscal 2017, unanticipated changes in market conditions or other factors could adversely affect the Company's business and future debt covenant compliance thereunder. In such a circumstance, the Company may not be able to maintain compliance with the covenants, which would cause a default under the credit facility. A default, if not waived and/or amended, would prevent the Company from taking certain actions, such as incurring additional debt, paying dividends, or redeeming senior notes or subordinated debt. A default also could result in a default or acceleration of other indebtedness with cross-default provisions.

If the Company were unable to maintain compliance with the financial covenants in the senior secured credit facility agreement, it would seek modification to the then existing agreement to further amend covenants and extend maturities, as necessary. If the Company were unable to obtain such modification, it could potentially decide to pay off the credit facility and terminate the agreement. In such case, the liquidity provided by the agreement would not be available in the future; however, the Company believes it has sufficient liquidity from operations and other available funding sources to meet future operating, debt service and capital expenditure requirements for the next twelve months. Further, as noted above, the Company's U.S. revolver matures April 15, 2017 and the Company plans to either extend or refinance this facility during fiscal year 2017. The inability to extend or refinance the U.S. revolver could impact the Company's ability to meet its future liquidity requirements.

As amended, the senior secured credit facility restricts the Company from paying any dividends during the remaining term of the facility. In addition, the indenture governing the Company's senior notes contains similar

restrictions and also prohibits the payment of dividends and other distributions if the Company fails to satisfy a ratio of consolidated EBITDA to fixed charges of at least 2.0 to 1.0. At June 30, 2016, the Company did not satisfy this fixed charge coverage ratio. The Company may from time to time not satisfy this ratio.

12. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair Value of Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company recognizes all derivative financial instruments, such as foreign exchange contracts at fair value. Changes in the fair value of derivative financial instruments are either recognized periodically in income or in shareholders' equity as a component of other comprehensive income depending on whether the derivative financial instrument qualifies for hedge accounting, and if so, whether it qualifies as a fair value hedge or a cash flow hedge. The Company has elected not to offset fair value amounts recognized for derivative instruments with the same counterparty under a master netting agreement. See Note 17 "Fair Value Measurements" to the "Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements" for further information on fair value methodology.

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

12. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

The following table summarizes the fair value of the Company's derivatives by type at June 30, 2016 and 2015, and March 31, 2016.

| Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments: | Fair Values of Derivative Instruments | | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|------------|--|------------|
| | Assets Balance Sheet Account | Fair Value | Liabilities Balance Sheet Account | Fair Value |
| Foreign currency contracts at June 30, 2016 | Other Current Assets | \$ — | Accrued Expenses and Other Current Liabilities | \$ — |
| Foreign currency contracts at June 30, 2015 | Other Current Assets | \$ 609 | Accrued Expenses and Other Current Liabilities | \$ — |
| Foreign currency contracts at March 31, 2016 | Other Current Assets | \$ — | Accrued Expenses and Other Current Liabilities | \$ — |

Earnings Effects of Derivatives

The Company periodically enters into forward or option currency contracts to protect against volatility associated with certain non-U.S. dollar denominated forecasted transactions. These contracts are for green tobacco purchases and processing costs as well as selling, general and administrative costs as the Company deems necessary. These contracts do not meet the requirements for hedge accounting treatment under generally accepted accounting principles, and as such, all changes in fair value are reported in income each period.

The following table summarizes the earnings effects of derivatives in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015.

| Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments | Location of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income | Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income Three Months Ended June 30, 2016 |
|---|--|--|
| Foreign currency contracts | Cost of goods and services sold | \$ — (1,392) |

Credit Risk

Financial instruments, including derivatives, expose the Company to credit loss in the event of non-performance by counterparties. The Company manages its exposure to counterparty credit risk through specific minimum credit standards, diversification of counterparties, and procedures to monitor concentrations of credit risk. If a counterparty fails to meet the terms of an arrangement, the Company's exposure is limited to the net amount that would have been received, if any, over the arrangement's remaining life. The Company does not anticipate non-performance by the counterparties and no material loss would be expected from non-performance by any one of such counterparties.

13. PENSION AND POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS

The Company has multiple benefit plans at several locations. The Company has a defined benefit plan that provides retirement benefits for substantially all U.S. salaried personnel based on years of service rendered, age and

compensation. The Company also maintains various other Excess Benefit and Supplemental Plans that provide additional benefits to (1) certain individuals whose compensation and the resulting benefits that would have actually been paid are limited by regulations imposed by the Internal Revenue Code and (2) certain individuals in key positions. The Company funds these plans in amounts consistent with the funding requirements of federal law and regulations.

Additional non-U.S. defined benefit plans sponsored by certain subsidiaries cover certain full-time employees located in Germany, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

13. PENSION AND POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Components of Net Periodic Benefit Cost

Net periodic pension cost for continuing operations consisted of the following:

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------|
| | 2016 | 2015 |
| Service cost | \$120 | \$502 |
| Interest expense | 1,176 | 1,462 |
| Expected return on plan assets | (1,403) | (1,554) |
| Amortization of prior service cost | 10 | 42 |
| Actuarial loss | 524 | 849 |
| Net periodic pension cost | \$427 | \$1,301 |

Employer Contributions

The Company's investment objectives are to generate consistent total investment return to pay anticipated plan benefits, while minimizing long-term costs. Financial objectives underlying this policy include maintaining plan contributions at a reasonable level relative to benefits provided and assuring that unfunded obligations do not grow to a level to adversely affect the Company's financial health. For the three months ended June 30, 2016, contributions of \$1,503 were made to pension plans for fiscal 2017. Additional contributions to pension plans of approximately \$4,957 are expected during the remainder of fiscal 2017. However, this amount is subject to change, due primarily to asset performance significantly above or below the assumed long-term rate of return on pension assets and significant changes in interest rates.

Postretirement Health and Life Insurance Benefits

The Company also provides certain health and life insurance benefits to retired employees, and their eligible dependents, who meet specified age and service requirements. As of June 30, 2016, contributions of \$83 were made to the plans for fiscal 2017. Additional contributions of \$291 to the plans are expected during the rest of fiscal 2017. The Company retains the right, subject to existing agreements, to modify or eliminate the postretirement medical benefits.

Components of Net Periodic Benefit Cost

Net periodic benefit cost for postretirement health and life insurance benefit plans consisted of the following:

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------|
| | 2016 | 2015 |
| Service cost | \$3 | \$10 |
| Interest expense | 67 | 111 |
| Amortization of prior service cost | (17) | (3) |
| Actuarial loss | 104 | 112 |
| Net periodic pension cost (benefit) | \$(3) | \$230 |

14. INVENTORIES

The following table summarizes the Company's costs in inventory:

| | June 30, | June 30, | March 31, |
|--|----------|----------|-----------|
| | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 |

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| | | | |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Processed tobacco | \$675,523 | \$641,201 | \$584,158 |
| Unprocessed tobacco | 232,618 | 199,528 | 175,933 |
| Other | 30,667 | 43,786 | 31,249 |
| | \$938,808 | \$884,515 | \$791,340 |

- 18 -

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

15. OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

The following tables set forth the changes in each component of accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax, attributable to the Company:

| | Currency Translation Adjustment | Pensions, Net of Tax | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss |
|---|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| Balances, March 31, 2016 | \$ (14,046) | \$(39,802) | \$ (53,848) |
| Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications | (2,274) | — | (2,274) |
| Amounts reclassified to net earnings, net of tax | — | 461 | 461 |
| Other comprehensive earnings (loss), net of tax | (2,274) | 461 | (1,813) |
| Balances, June 30, 2016 | (16,320) | (39,341) | (55,661) |
| Balances, March 31, 2015 | \$ (14,154) | \$(52,232) | \$ (66,386) |
| Other comprehensive earnings before reclassifications | 2,307 | 225 | 2,532 |
| Amounts reclassified to net earnings, net of tax | — | 1,000 | 1,000 |
| Other comprehensive earnings, net of tax | 2,307 | 1,225 | 3,532 |
| Balances, June 30, 2015 | (11,847) | (51,007) | (62,854) |

The following table sets forth amounts by component, reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss to earnings for the three months and nine months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015:

| | Three Months Ended June 30, 2016 2015 | |
|--|--|---------|
| Pension and postretirement plans (*): | | |
| Actuarial loss | \$628 | \$961 |
| Amortization of prior service cost | (167) | 39 |
| Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive losses to net earnings | \$461 | \$1,000 |

(*) Amounts are included in net periodic benefit costs for pension and postretirement plans. See Note 13 "Pension and

Postretirement Benefits" to the "Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements" for further information.

16. SALE OF RECEIVABLES

The Company sells trade receivables to unaffiliated financial institutions under two accounts receivable securitization programs. Under the first program, the Company continuously sells a designated pool of trade receivables to a special purpose entity, which in turn sells 100% of the receivables to an unaffiliated financial institution. During the three months ended June 30, 2016, the investment limit of this program was adjusted from up to \$150,000 trade receivables to up to \$100,000 trade receivables. This program allows the Company to receive a cash payment and a deferred purchase price receivable for sold receivables. Following the sale and transfer of the receivables to the special purpose entity, the receivables are isolated from the Company and its affiliates, and upon the sale and transfer of the receivables from the special purpose entity to the unaffiliated financial institution effective control of the receivables is passed to the unaffiliated financial institution, which has all rights, including the right to pledge or sell the receivables. This program requires a minimum level of deferred purchase price to be retained by the Company in connection with the sales.

The Company services, administers and collects the receivables on behalf of the special purpose entity and receives a servicing fee of 0.5% of serviced receivables per annum. As the Company estimates the fee it receives in return for its obligation to service these receivables at fair value, no servicing assets or liabilities are recognized. Servicing fees recognized were not material and are recorded as a reduction of Selling, General and Administrative Expenses within the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

16. SALE OF RECEIVABLES (continued)

The agreement for the second program also allows the Company to receive a cash payment and a deferred purchase price receivable for sold receivables. This is an uncommitted program, whereby the Company offers receivables for sale to the respective unaffiliated financial institution, which are then subject to acceptance by the unaffiliated financial institution. Following the sale and transfer of the receivables to the unaffiliated financial institution, the receivables are isolated from the Company and its affiliates, and effective control of the receivables is passed to the unaffiliated financial institution, which has all rights, including the right to pledge or sell the receivables. The Company receives no servicing fee from the unaffiliated financial institution and as a result, has established a servicing liability based upon unobservable inputs, primarily discounted cash flow. This liability is recorded in Accrued Expenses and Other Current Liabilities in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. The investment limit under this agreement is \$35,000. During fiscal 2016, the company had a third securitization program that operated similar to the second program, with an investment limit of \$100,000.

Under the programs, all of the receivables sold for cash are removed from the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets and the net cash proceeds received by the Company are included as cash provided by operating activities in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. A portion of the purchase price for the receivables is paid by the unaffiliated financial institutions in cash and the balance is a deferred purchase price receivable, which is paid as payments on the receivables are collected from account debtors. The deferred purchase price receivable represents a continuing involvement and a beneficial interest in the transferred financial assets and is recognized at fair value as part of the sale transaction. The deferred purchase price receivables are included in Trade and Other Receivables, Net in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets and are valued using unobservable inputs (i.e., level three inputs), primarily discounted cash flow. As servicer of these facilities, the Company may receive funds that are due to the unaffiliated financial institutions which are net settled on the next settlement date. Trade and Other Receivables, Net in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets has been reduced by \$13,673, \$22,090, and \$9,113 as a result of the net settlement as of June 30, 2016 and 2015 and March 31, 2016, respectively. See Note 17 "Fair Value Measurements" to the "Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements" for further information.

The difference between the carrying amount of the receivables sold under these programs and the sum of the cash and fair value of the other assets received at the time of transfer is recognized as a loss on sale of the related receivables and recorded in Other Income (Expense) in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

The following table summarizes the Company's accounts receivable securitization information as of the dates shown:

| | June 30, | | March |
|---|-----------|-----------|-------------|
| | 2016 | 2015 | 31, 2016 |
| Receivables outstanding in facility | \$65,786 | \$109,400 | \$188,764 |
| Beneficial interest | \$14,681 | \$23,256 | \$40,368 |
| Servicing liability | \$— | \$22 | \$58 |
| Cash proceeds for the three months ended June 30: | | | |
| Cash purchase price | \$136,046 | \$82,672 | \$585,648 |
| Deferred purchase price | 95,658 | 44,663 | 233,753 |
| Service fees | 183 | 167 | 553 |
| Total | \$231,887 | \$127,502 | \$819,954 |

17. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. A three level valuation hierarchy based upon observable and non-observable inputs is utilized.

Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources, while unobservable inputs reflect the Company's market assumptions. Preference is given to observable inputs.

These two types of inputs create the following fair value hierarchy:

Level 1 - Quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2 - Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations whose inputs are observable or whose significant value drivers are observable.

Level 3 - Significant inputs to the valuation model are unobservable.

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

17. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (continued)

The Company's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value include derivative instruments, securitized beneficial interests and guarantees. The application of the fair value guidance to the non-financial assets and liabilities primarily includes assessments of investments in subsidiaries, goodwill and other intangible assets and long-lived assets for potential impairment. Following are descriptions of the valuation methodologies the Company uses to measure different assets or liabilities at fair value.

Debt

The fair value of debt is measured for purpose of disclosure. Debt is shown at historical value in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. When possible, to measure the fair value of its debt the Company uses quoted market prices of its own debt with approximately the same remaining maturities. When this is not possible, the fair value of debt is calculated using discounted cash flow models with interest rates based upon market based expectations, the Company's credit risk and the contractual terms of the debt instrument. The Company also has portions of its debt with maturities of one year or less for which book value is a reasonable approximation of the fair value of this debt. The fair value of debt is considered to fall within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy as significant value drivers such as interest rates are readily observable. The carrying value and estimated fair value of the Company's Long-Term Debt are shown in the table below.

| | June 30, 2016 | June 30, 2015 | March 31, 2016 |
|----------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Carrying value | \$911,068 | \$926,953 | \$920,444 |
| Estimated fair value | 800,394 | 855,886 | 753,038 |

Derivative financial instruments

The Company's derivatives consist of foreign currency contracts. The fair value of the derivatives are determined using a discounted cash flow analysis on the expected future cash flows of each derivative. This analysis utilizes observable market data including forward yield curves and implied volatilities to determine the market's expectation of the future cash flows of the variable component. The fixed and variable components of the derivative are then discounted using calculated discount factors developed based on the LIBOR swap rate and are netted to arrive at a single valuation for the period. The Company also incorporates credit valuation adjustments to appropriately reflect both its own nonperformance risk and the respective counterparty's nonperformance risk in the fair value measurements. As of June 30, 2016 and 2015 and March 31, 2016 the inputs used to value the Company's derivatives fall within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. However, credit valuation adjustments associated with its derivatives could utilize Level 3 inputs, such as estimates of current credit spreads to evaluate the likelihood of default by itself and its counterparties. Should the use of such credit valuation adjustment estimates result in a significant impact on the overall valuation, this would require reclassification to Level 3.

Securitized beneficial interests

The fair value of securitized beneficial interests is based upon a valuation model that calculates the present value of future expected cash flows using key assumptions for payment speeds and discount rates. The assumptions for payment speed are based on the Company's historical experience. The discount rates are based upon market trends and anticipated performance relative to the particular assets securitized which have been assumed to be commercial paper rate plus a margin or LIBOR plus a margin. Due to the use of the Company's own assumptions and the uniqueness of these transactions, securitized beneficial interests fall within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. Since the discount rate and the payment speed are components of the same equation, a change in either by 10% or 20% would change the value of the recorded beneficial interest at June 30, 2016 by \$41 and \$82, respectively.

Guarantees

The Company guarantees certain funds issued to tobacco suppliers by third party lending institutions and also guarantees funds borrowed by certain unconsolidated subsidiaries. The fair value of guarantees is based upon either the premium the Company would require to issue the same inputs or historical loss rates and as such these guarantees fall into Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

Tobacco supplier guarantees - The Company provides guarantees to certain third parties for indebtedness of certain tobacco suppliers to finance their crops. The fair value of these guarantees is determined using historical loss rates on both guaranteed and non-guaranteed tobacco supplier loans. Should the loss rates change 10% or 20%, the fair value of the guarantee at June 30, 2016 would change by \$777 or \$1,534, respectively.

Unconsolidated subsidiary guarantees - Due to the reconsolidation of MTC at March 31, 2016, there are no deconsolidated subsidiary guarantees that have a fair value at June 30, 2016.

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

17. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (continued)

Input Hierarchy of Items Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

The following table summarizes the items measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

| | June 30, 2016 | | June 30, 2015 | | March 31, 2016 | |
|----------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|---------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| | Level 2 | Level 3 at Fair Value | Level 2 | Level 3 at Fair Value | Level 2 | Level 3 at Fair Value |
| Assets | | | | | | |
| Derivative financial instruments | \$— | \$— | \$609 | \$— | \$609 | \$— |
| Securitized beneficial interests | — | 14,681 | — | 23,256 | 23,256 | — |
| Total Assets | \$— | \$14,681 | \$609 | \$23,256 | \$23,865 | \$40,368 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | |
| Guarantees | \$5,891 | \$5,891 | \$— | \$7,723 | \$7,723 | \$7,350 |
| Derivative financial instruments | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total liabilities | \$5,891 | \$5,891 | \$— | \$7,723 | \$7,723 | \$7,350 |

Reconciliation of Change in Recurring Level 3 Balances

The following tables present the changes in Level 3 instruments measured on a recurring basis:

| | Three Months Ended June 30, 2016 | |
|--|-------------------------------------|------------|
| | Securitized Beneficial Interests | Guarantees |
| Beginning Balance | \$40,368 | \$7,350 |
| Issuances of guarantees/sales of receivables | 61,205 | 1,003 |
| Settlements | (86,634) | (2,462) |
| Losses recognized in earnings | (258) | — |
| Ending Balance June 30, 2016 | \$14,681 | \$5,891 |

| | Three Months Ended June 30, 2015 | |
|--|-------------------------------------|------------|
| | Securitized Beneficial Interest | Guarantees |
| Beginning Balance | \$40,712 | \$8,650 |
| Issuances of guarantees/sales of receivables | 33,782 | 4,557 |
| Settlements | (51,167) | (5,484) |
| Losses recognized in earnings | (71) | — |
| Ending Balance June 30, 2015 | \$23,256 | \$7,723 |

The amount of unrealized losses relating to assets still held at the respective dates of June 30, 2016 and 2015 and March 31, 2016 were \$458, \$733 and \$1,521 on securitized beneficial interests.

Gains and losses included in earnings are reported in Other Income.

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

17. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (continued)

Information About Fair Value Measurements Using Significant Unobservable Inputs

The following table summarizes significant unobservable inputs and the valuation techniques thereof at June 30, 2016:

| | Fair Value at June 30, 2016 | Unobservable Input | Range (Weighted Average) | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| Securitized Beneficial Interests | \$ 14,681 | Discounted Cash Flow | Discount Rate | 3.22 % |
| | | | Payment Speed | 71 days |
| Tobacco Supplier Guarantees | \$ 2,297 | Historical Loss | Historical Loss | 9.90% to 15.92% |
| Tobacco Supplier Guarantees | \$ 3,594 | Discounted Cash Flow | Market Interest Rate | 15.75% to 21.95% |

18. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company's operating subsidiaries engage in transactions with related parties in the normal course of business. The following is a summary of balances and transactions with related parties of the Company:

| | June 30, June 30, March 31, | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------|----------|
| | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 |
| Balances: | | | |
| Accounts receivable, related parties | \$ 9,266 | \$ 7,732 | \$ 1,920 |
| Due to related parties | 15,496 | 22,920 | 20,490 |

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | |
|---------------|-----------------------------|----------|
| | 2016 | 2015 |
| Transactions: | | |
| Sales | \$ 17,246 | \$ 7,563 |
| Purchases | 10,048 | 22,651 |

The Company's operating subsidiaries have entered into transactions with affiliates of the Company for the purpose of procuring or processing inventory.

The Company's balances due to and from related parties are primarily with its equity basis investments located in Asia, South America, North America and Europe which purchase and process tobacco or produce consumable e-liquids.

19. INVESTEE COMPANIES

The Company has equity method investments in companies in India, Thailand, Turkey and Brazil that purchase and process tobacco. The investees and ownership percentages are as follows: Alliance One Industries India Private Ltd. (India) 49%, Siam Tobacco Export Company (Thailand) 49%, Adams International Ltd. (Thailand) 49%, Oryantal Tutun Paketleme 50%, and China Brasil Tabacos Exportadora SA ("CBT") 49%. The Company also has a 50% interest in Purilum, LLC, a U.S. company that develops, produces, and sells consumable e-liquids to manufacturers and distributors of e-vapor products.

On March 26, 2014, upon the disposition of 51% interest in CBT, the difference between the book basis of the Company's 49% interest and the fair value of the investment recorded created a basis difference of \$15,990. The Company evaluated the contributed assets and identified basis differences in certain accounts, including inventory, intangible assets and deferred taxes. The basis differences are being amortized over the respective estimated lives of these assets and liabilities, which range from one to ten years. The Company's earnings from the equity method

investment are reduced by amortization expense related to these basis differences. At June 30, 2016, the basis difference was \$11,315.

- 23 -

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

20. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On July 6, 2016, the Company entered into the Fifth Amendment to the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement (the "Fifth Amendment"), which further amended the Credit Agreement. The Fifth Amendment clarified that for the purpose of certain covenants under the Credit Agreement up to \$100,000 of debt of the Company's MTC subsidiary in respect of loans under a credit facility with a third-party lender funded by another specified subsidiary of the Company pursuant to a participation interest in such loans or an assignment in respect of such loans consistent with past practices prior to the date of the Fifth Amendment (so long as such loan proceeds are used in connection with the purchase, processing, exporting and financing of the contract growing and buying of tobacco) shall be deemed to be debt owed by MTC to the other Company subsidiary (and not the third-party lender) as intercompany debt regardless of the presentation of such debt in the consolidated financial statements of the Company in accordance with GAAP. The Fifth Amendment also waived any noncompliance by the Company under the Credit Agreement that may have occurred prior to the effectiveness of the Fifth Amendment as a result of such debt not being treated as intercompany debt, as well as the Company's failure to deliver audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016 within the time period required under the Credit Agreement if such audited financial statements are delivered by July 19, 2016.

On July 28, 2016, Standard & Poor's ("S&P") downgraded the Company's corporate credit rating to "CCC" from "CCC+" and indicated the rating outlook as "negative." S&P also downgraded its issue-level ratings on our senior secured revolving line of credit to "B-" from "B", and on our 9.875% senior secured second lien notes to "CCC-" from "CCC." However, the Company affirms its belief that the sources of capital it has access to are sufficient to fund its anticipated needs for the next twelve months. As of June 30, 2016, available credit lines and cash were \$643,365, comprised of \$158,211 in cash; \$485,154 of credit lines, of which \$10,259 was available under the U.S. revolving credit facility; and \$474,895 of foreign seasonal credit lines with \$10,713 exclusively for letters of credit. Notes payable to banks are typically for 180 to 270 days and are entered into each year in various locales around the world. The U.S revolver matures April 15, 2017 and the Company plans to either extend or refinance this facility during fiscal year 2017. The Company's access to capital meets its current expectations and outlook that is anticipated to provide sufficient liquidity to fulfill its future funding requirements for the next twelve months. General deterioration of its business and the cash flow that it generates, failure to renew foreign lines or an inability to extend or refinance its U.S. revolver could impact its ability to meet its future liquidity requirements.

21. RESTATEMENT OF PREVIOUSLY REPORTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

As described in Note 1, "Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies" to the "Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements," the Company identified and corrected certain misstatements relating to prior years' consolidated financial statements that impact the June 30, 2015 condensed consolidated financial statements. In addition, the Company adopted new accounting guidance related to the classification of debt issuance costs on a retrospective basis that also impacts the June 30, 2015 condensed consolidated financial statements. The impact of these changes on selected financial amounts within the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements are summarized below:

| (in thousands) | Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2015 | | | Adoption of | |
|--------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|
| | As Previously Reported | Inventory and Tax Adjustments | Reclassifications | New Accounting Guidance | As Restated |
| Total current assets | \$1,427,269 | \$ (3,204) | \$ 11,808 | \$ — | \$1,435,873 |
| Total non-current assets | 169,090 | — | — | (11,272) | 157,818 |

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| | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------|--------|----------|----------|-----------|
| Total assets | 1,831,686 | (3,204 |) 11,808 | (11,272) | 1,829,018 |
| Non-current liabilities | 995,360 | — | 11,808 | (11,272) | 995,896 |
| Total equity | 175,836 | (3,204 |) — | — | 172,632 |
| Total liabilities and equity | 1,831,686 | (3,204 |) 11,808 | (11,272) | 1,829,018 |

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

21. RESTATEMENT OF PREVIOUSLY REPORTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (continued)

Statement of Consolidated Stockholders' Equity

| (in thousands) | As Previously Reported | Inventory and Tax Adjustments | Reclassifications | Adoption of New Accounting Guidance | As Restated |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|--|----------------|
| Retained Deficit at March 31, 2015 | \$(208,184) | \$(3,204) | \$ | —\$ | —\$(211,388) |
| Retained Deficit at June 30, 2015 | (234,134) | (3,204) | — | — | (237,338) |

Consolidated Balance Sheet as of
March 31, 2016

| (in thousands) | As Previously Reported | Inventory and Tax Adjustments | Reclassifications | Adoption of New Accounting Guidance | As Restated |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|--|----------------|
| Total non-current assets | \$210,190 | —\$ | —\$ | (9,875) | \$200,315 |
| Total assets | 1,978,073 | — | — | (9,875) | 1,968,198 |
| Non-current liabilities | 1,028,575 | — | — | (9,875) | 1,018,700 |
| Total liabilities and equity | 1,978,073 | — | — | (9,875) | 1,968,198 |

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of
Financial Condition and Results of Operations

EXECUTIVE OVERVIEW

The following executive overview for the three months ended June 30, 2016 is intended to provide significant highlights of the discussion and analysis that follows.

Financial Results

Volumes increases of 10.1% related to increased customer demand and the timing of shipments in North America. The impact to volumes of a short crop in Brazil this year were offset by opportunistic sales and the timing of shipments in Africa. However, average sales prices were lower from lower prices paid to tobacco suppliers in most regions and product mix. As a result, total sales and other operating revenues decreased slightly by 2.0% to \$261.1 million. The positive impact of currency movements in most regions combined with lower prices paid to tobacco suppliers in most regions and product mix lowered average tobacco costs on a per kilo basis even more and gross margin improved 16.0% to \$34.1 million with gross margin as a percentage of sales improving from 11.0% to 13.1%. Selling, general and administrative expense increases were primarily from increased Kenya-related legal and professional fees and incentive compensation costs. Restructuring and asset impairment charges in the prior period are mainly attributable to impairment of advances to tobacco suppliers and real property in Africa. Due to these changes, operating loss increased to \$5.3 million in line with our expectations.

Liquidity

Our liquidity requirements are affected by various factors including crop seasonality, foreign currency and interest rates, green tobacco prices, customer mix, crop size and quality. Again, this year, working capital and cash cycle improvements are focal areas. Our improved cost structure and well-positioned inventories at quarter end are important elements. Inventories at quarter end are positioned below our internal plan and uncommitted inventories are lower than the prior year even with the inclusion of Zimbabwe inventories. We will continue to monitor and adjust funding sources as needed to enhance and drive various business opportunities that maintain flexibility and meet cost expectations.

Outlook

Global markets are tightening as we emerge from an oversupply situation. Market prices paid in U.S dollars for suppliers' green tobacco are generally lower this year. We anticipate that oversupply will further correct through the current crop cycle. We have seen considerable effects on crop sizes through the EL Nino weather pattern that we have been experiencing with reduced crop sizes experienced in the 2015 United States crop and 2016 Brazil crop due to higher rainfall. We continue to make progress toward our global plans and strategies. Those plans include investing in sustainable tobacco production where appropriate returns are achievable, eliminating costs from the supply chain and optimizing our global footprint to match future customer requirements. We have made solid progress in all these initiatives during the quarter and expect execution of these plans to improve our results and shareholder value.

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS:

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations and Supplemental Information

| (in millions, except per kilo amounts) | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | 2015 |
|---|-----------------------------|---------|-----------|----------|
| | 2016 | Change | | |
| | \$ | % | | |
| Kilos sold | 61.2 | 5.6 | 10.1 | 55.6 |
| Tobacco sales and other operating revenues: | | | | |
| Sales and other operating revenues | \$241.3 | \$(4.9) | (2.0) | \$246.2 |
| Average price per kilo | 3.94 | (0.49) | (11.1) | 4.43 |
| Processing and other revenues | 19.8 | (0.3) | (1.5) | 20.1 |
| Total sales and other operating revenues | 261.1 | (5.2) | (2.0) | 266.3 |
| Tobacco cost of goods sold: | | | | |
| Tobacco costs | 200.2 | (2.9) | (1.4) | 203.1 |
| Transportation, storage and other period costs | 13.8 | (2.4) | (14.8) | 16.2 |
| Derivative financial instrument and exchange losses (gains) | (2.1) | (6.0) | (153.8) | 3.9 |
| Total tobacco cost of goods sold | 211.9 | (11.3) | (5.1) | 223.2 |
| Average cost per kilo | 3.46 | (0.55) | (13.7) | 4.01 |
| Processing and other revenues cost of services sold | 15.1 | 1.4 | 10.2 | 13.7 |
| Total cost of goods and services sold | 227.0 | (9.9) | (4.2) | 236.9 |
| Gross profit | 34.1 | 4.7 | 16.0 | 29.4 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 38.8 | 8.9 | 29.8 | 29.9 |
| Other income (expense) | (0.5) | (1.1) | (183.3) | 0.6 |
| Restructuring and asset impairment charges | — | (2.9) | (100.0) | 2.9 |
| Operating loss | (5.3) | *(2.4) | (82.8) | (2.9) |
| Interest expense | 30.6 | 2.8 | 10.1 | 27.8 |
| Interest income | 1.8 | 0.4 | 28.6 | 1.4 |
| Income tax benefit | (3.8) | (0.6) | (18.8) | (3.2) |
| Equity in net income (loss) of investee companies | (1.3) | (1.4) | (1,400.0) | 0.1 |
| Loss attributable to noncontrolling interests | — | — | — | — |
| Loss attributable to Alliance One International, Inc. | \$(31.5) | *(5.6) | *(21.6) | \$(25.9) |

* Amounts do not equal column totals due to rounding

Three Months Ended June 30, 2016 Compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2015

Summary. Total sales and other operating revenues decreased slightly by 2.0% to \$261.1 million primarily due to lower average sales prices attributable to product mix and lower prices paid to tobacco suppliers across most regions. Partially offsetting the impact of lower prices is a 10.1% increase in volumes from increased customer demand and the timing of shipments in North America. The impact to volumes of a short crop in Brazil this year were offset by opportunistic sales and the timing of shipments in Africa that resulted from the overbooking of shipping vessels at March 31, 2016. Changes in product mix, lower prices paid to tobacco suppliers in most regions as well as the positive impact of currency movements in most regions lowered average tobacco costs on a per kilo basis. Mainly due to increased volumes and product mix, gross margin increased 16.0% to \$34.1 million. The impact of product mix and currency movements improved gross margin as a percentage of sales from 11.0% to 13.1%. Selling, general and administrative expense ("SG&A") increased 29.8% primarily from increased Kenya related legal and professional fees and incentive compensation costs. Restructuring and asset impairment charges in the prior period are mainly attributable to impairment of advances to tobacco suppliers and real property in Africa. As a result of increased SG&A

costs, operating loss increased 82.8% to \$5.3 million.

- 27 -

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of
Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

Results of Operations (continued)

Three Months Ended June 30, 2016 Compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2015 (continued)

Our interest costs increased from the prior year primarily due to higher average borrowings on our seasonal lines of credit and increased amortization of debt issuance costs. Our effective tax rate was 11.3% this year compared to 11.0% last year. The variance in the effective tax rate between this year and last year is the result of many factors that include but are not limited to differences in forecasted income for the respective years; differences in year-to-date income for the quarters; certain losses for which no tax benefit is recorded; and, differences between discrete items recognized for the quarters that include changes in valuation allowed, net exchanges losses on income tax accounts and net exchange gains related to liabilities for unrecognized tax benefits.

North America Region

North America Region Supplemental Information

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|----------|---------|--------|
| | Change | | | |
| | 2016 | \$ | % | 2015 |
| Kilos sold | 12.5 | 6.6 | 111.9 | 5.9 |
| Tobacco sales and other operating revenues: | | | | |
| Sales and other operating revenues | \$46.5 | \$19.5 | 72.2 | \$27.0 |
| Average price per kilo | 3.72 | (0.86) | (18.8) | 4.58 |
| Processing and other revenues | 3.4 | 0.1 | 3.0 | 3.3 |
| Total sales and other operating revenues | 49.9 | 19.6 | 64.7 | 30.3 |
| Tobacco cost of goods sold: | | | | |
| Tobacco costs | 37.2 | 15.9 | 74.6 | 21.3 |
| Transportation, storage and other period costs | 2.7 | 1.0 | 58.8 | 1.7 |
| Derivative financial instrument and exchange losses (gains) | — | (0.7) | (100.0) | 0.7 |
| Total tobacco cost of goods sold | 39.9 | 16.2 | 68.4 | 23.7 |
| Average cost per kilo | 3.19 | (0.83) | (20.6) | 4.02 |
| Processing and other revenues cost of services sold | 2.2 | 0.3 | 15.8 | 1.9 |
| Total cost of goods and services sold | 42.1 | 16.5 | 64.5 | 25.6 |
| Gross profit | 7.8 | 3.1 | 66.0 | 4.7 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 8.7 | 4.9 | 128.9 | 3.8 |
| Other income | — | — | — | — |
| Restructuring and asset impairment charges | — | — | — | — |
| Operating income (loss) | \$(0.9) | \$(1.8) | (200.0) | \$0.9 |

Total sales and other operating revenues increased 64.7% to \$49.9 million and total costs of goods and services sold increased 64.5% to \$42.1 million from an 111.9% increase in volumes attributable to increased customer demand and the timing of shipments. The increase in revenues and costs were partially offset by an 18.8% decrease in average sales prices per kilo and a 20.6% decrease in average tobacco costs per kilo due to product mix and lower prices paid for the current Canadian crop as a result of currency fluctuations. Mainly driven by increased volumes, gross margin increased 66.0% to \$7.8 million this year while gross margin as a percentage of sales remained consistent with the prior year. Increases in SG&A were attributable to allocations for general corporate services due to its increased relative contribution to consolidated sales and other operating revenues. The increase in SG&A more than offset the increase in gross margin and operating income declined \$1.8 million from the prior year.

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of
Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued)

Results of Operations (continued)

Three Months Ended June 30, 2016 Compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2015 (continued)

Other Regions

Other Regions Supplemental Information

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|----------|---------|----------|
| | 2016 | Change | | 2015 |
| | \$ | % | | |
| Kilos sold | 48.7 | (1.0) | (2.0) | 49.7 |
| Tobacco sales and other operating revenues: | | | | |
| Sales and other operating revenues | \$194.8 | \$(24.4) | (11.1) | \$219.2 |
| Average price per kilo | 4.00 | (0.41) | (9.3) | 4.41 |
| Processing and other revenues | 16.4 | (0.4) | (2.4) | 16.8 |
| Total sales and other operating revenues | 211.2 | (24.8) | (10.5) | 236.0 |
| Tobacco cost of goods sold: | | | | |
| Tobacco costs | 163.0 | (18.8) | (10.3) | 181.8 |
| Transportation, storage and other period costs | 11.1 | (3.4) | (23.4) | 14.5 |
| Derivative financial instrument and exchange gains | (2.1) | (5.3) | (165.6) | 3.2 |
| Total tobacco cost of goods sold | 172.0 | (27.5) | (13.8) | 199.5 |
| Average cost per kilo | 3.53 | (0.48) | (12.0) | 4.01 |
| Processing and other revenues cost of services sold | 12.9 | 1.1 | 9.3 | 11.8 |
| Total cost of goods and services sold | 184.9 | (26.4) | (12.5) | 211.3 |
| Gross profit | 26.3 | 1.6 | 6.5 | 24.7 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 30.1 | 4.0 | 15.3 | 26.1 |
| Other income (expense) | (0.5) | (1.1) | (183.3) | 0.6 |
| Restructuring and asset impairment charges | — | (2.9) | (100.0) | 2.9 |
| Operating loss | \$(4.3) | \$(0.6) | (16.2) | \$(3.7) |

Total sales and other operating revenues decreased 10.5% to \$211.2 million primarily due to a 9.3% decrease in average sales prices driven by product mix and lower prices paid to tobacco suppliers in Africa and South America. Volumes decreased slightly as opportunistic sales of old crop and the timing of shipments in Africa that resulted from the overbooking of shipping vessels at March 31, 2016 were offset by the timing of shipments in other regions and a short crop in Brazil. Average tobacco costs per kilo decreased 12.0% from product mix, lower prices paid to tobacco suppliers in Africa and South America as well as the positive impact of currency movements in Africa and Europe including the Euro. Processing and other revenues and processing costs were relatively flat as increased processing services due to the reconsolidation of Zimbabwe were offset by reduced processing services in Brazil due to the smaller crop size this year. As a result of currency movement, gross margin increased 6.5% to \$26.3 million. In addition, currency movement and product mix increased gross margin as a percentage of sales from 10.5% to 12.5%. Increases in SG&A are associated with increased Kenya-related legal and professional fees and incentive compensation costs partially offset by increased allocations for general corporate services to the North America region. Increases in SG&A costs were offset by increased gross margin and the non-recurrence of restructuring and asset impairment charges in the prior year that were primarily attributable to impairment of advances to tobacco suppliers and real property in Africa. As a result, operating loss declined 16.2% to \$4.3 million this year.

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES:

Overview

Our business is seasonal, and purchasing, processing and selling activities have several associated peaks where cash on hand and outstanding indebtedness may be significantly greater or less than at fiscal year-end. We utilize capital in excess of cash flow from operations to finance accounts receivable, inventory and advances to tobacco suppliers in foreign countries, including Argentina, Brazil, Guatemala, Malawi, Tanzania, Turkey and Zambia. In addition, from time to time, we may elect to purchase, redeem, repay, retire or cancel indebtedness prior to stated maturity under our various foreign credit lines, senior secured credit agreement or indentures, as permitted therein.

As of June 30, 2016, we are approaching the seasonally adjusted high for our South American crop lines as we are completing purchasing and processing in these markets with shipping stepping into full mode. In Africa, purchasing will continue through August in most sourcing areas while processing and consequently shipping will peak in the second and third quarters. In Asia, the Chinese crop is fully processed and the Thai crops are fully purchased, with significant shipping still to come, while some Indian traditional crop is still left to purchase and process. The Indonesian purchasing season begins in August. Europe has completed purchases of the 2016 crop and is finishing processing with most shipping to come. North America is preparing to begin flue cured purchasing in August with processing and shipping to follow, which will commence its seasonally elevated working capital needs. Fluctuation of the U.S. dollar versus many of the currencies in which we have costs may continue to have an impact on our working capital requirements; as such, we will monitor and hedge foreign currency costs actively, and as needed on a currency-by-currency basis.

Working Capital

Our working capital decreased from \$815.5 million at March 31, 2016 to \$567.2 million at June 30, 2016. Our current ratio was 1.7 to 1 at June 30, 2016 and 2.2 to 1 at March 31, 2016. The decrease in working capital is primarily related to the classification of our \$200.0 million revolver outstanding at June 30, 2016 as current in accordance with its stated April 15, 2017 maturity. The remaining decrease in working capital is attributable to decreased cash balances and accounts receivables due to the timing of collections partially offset by the seasonal increase buildup of inventories and advances to tobacco suppliers related to the timing of the Africa and South America crop cycles.

The following table is a summary of items from the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets and Condensed Statements of Consolidated Cash Flows. Approximately \$151.0 million of our outstanding cash balance at June 30, 2016 was held in foreign jurisdictions. As a result of our cash needs abroad, it is our intention to permanently reinvest these funds in foreign jurisdictions regardless of the fact that, due to the valuation allowance on foreign tax credit carryovers, the cost of repatriation would not have a material financial impact.

| | As of | | |
|---|----------|----------|-----------|
| | June 30, | 2015 | March 31, |
| (in millions except for current ratio) | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$158.2 | \$163.9 | \$199.7 |
| Trade and other receivables, net | 206.4 | 266.6 | 401.0 |
| Inventories and advances to tobacco suppliers | 996.7 | 931.8 | 833.2 |
| Total current assets | 1,425.9 | 1,435.9 | 1,490.4 |
| Notes payable to banks | 458.2 | 401.1 | 476.0 |
| Accounts payable | 77.6 | 78.1 | 81.6 |
| Advances from customers | 9.5 | 20.0 | 9.9 |
| Total current liabilities | 858.7 | 660.5 | 674.8 |
| Current ratio | 1.7 to 1 | 2.2 to 1 | 2.2 to 1 |
| Working capital | 567.2 | 775.4 | 815.5 |

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| | | | |
|---|---------|----------|----------|
| Long-term debt | 710.7 | 882.8 | 910.2 |
| Stockholders' equity attributable to Alliance One International, Inc. | 238.2 | 169.2 | 271.1 |
| Net cash provided (used) by: | | | |
| Operating activities | (15.8) | (234.1) | (135.3) |
| Investing activities | (4.2) | (6.3) | (13.5) |
| Financing activities | (21.7) | 260.6 | 193.6 |

- 30 -

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES: (continued)

Operating Cash Flows

Net cash used by operating activities decreased \$218.3 million in 2016 compared to 2015. The decrease in cash used was primarily due to the timing of collections of accounts receivable and payments for accounts payable and accrued expenses, all in accordance with terms.

Investing Cash Flows

Net cash used by investing activities decreased \$2.1 million in 2016 compared to 2015. The decrease in cash used was primarily due to less purchases of property, plant and equipment in accordance with capital improvements plans for fiscal 2017.

Financing Cash Flows

Net cash provided by financing activities decreased \$282.3 million in 2016 compared to 2015. This decrease is primarily due to the timing of cash flows from our revolver borrowings this year resulting in more repayments than proceeds as well as lower net proceeds from short-term borrowings due to the timing of shipments and reductions in purchasing requirements for the current crop due to lower prices paid to tobacco suppliers and a delayed season in Africa.

Debt Financing

We continue to finance our business with a combination of short-term and long-term seasonal credit lines, our senior secured revolving credit facility, long-term debt securities, customer advances and cash from operations when available. At June 30, 2016, we had cash of \$158.2 million and total debt outstanding of \$1,369.3 million comprised of \$468.2 million of short-term and long-term notes payable to banks, \$200.0 million of borrowings under the senior secured revolving credit facility, \$700.2 million of 9.875% senior secured second lien notes, and \$0.9 million of other long-term debt. The \$17.8 million seasonal decrease in notes payable to banks from March 31, 2016 to June 30, 2016 results from the timing of borrowings under the Africa credit lines. Aggregated peak borrowings by facility occurring at any time during the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, were \$586.7 million at a weighted average interest rate of 5.9% and \$504.8 million at a weighted average interest rate of 4.9%. Aggregated peak borrowings by facility occurring at any time during the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 were repaid with cash provided by operating activities. Available credit as of June 30, 2016 was \$485.2 million comprised of \$10.3 million under our senior secured revolving credit facility, \$464.2 million of notes payable to banks and \$10.7 million of availability exclusively for letters of credit. In fiscal 2017, we expect to incur capital expenditures of approximately \$22.0 million for routine replacement of equipment as well as investment in assets that will add value to the customer or increase efficiency. No cash dividends were paid to shareholders during the quarter ended June 30, 2016 and payment of dividends is restricted under the terms of our senior secured revolving credit facility and the indenture governing our senior notes. We believe that these sources of liquidity versus our requirements will be sufficient to fund our anticipated needs for the next twelve months.

Our senior secured revolving credit facility matures on April 15, 2017 and we plan to either extend or refinance this facility during fiscal year 2017. Our access to capital meets our current expectations and outlook and is anticipated to provide sufficient liquidity to fulfill our future funding requirements. General deterioration of our business and the cash flow that it generates, failure to renew foreign lines or an inability to extend or refinance our senior secured revolving credit facility could impact our ability to meet our future liquidity requirements. Any downgrades in the credit ratings assigned to us and our debt obligations by credit rating agencies may make it more difficult or expensive for us to obtain additional debt financing in the future, including any extension or refinancing of our senior secured revolving credit facility. On July 28, 2016, Standard & Poor's ("S&P") downgraded the Company's corporate credit rating to "CCC" from "CCC+" and indicated the rating outlook as "negative." S&P also downgraded its issue-level ratings on our senior secured revolving line of credit to "B-" from "B", and on our 9.875% senior secured second lien notes to "CCC-" from "CCC."

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES: (continued)

Debt Financing (continued)

All debt agreements contain certain cross-default or cross-acceleration provisions. The following table summarizes our debt financing as of June 30, 2016:

| | Outstanding | | June 30, 2016 Lines and | Interest |
|---|----------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|
| | March 31, 2016 | June 30, 2016 | Letters Available | Rate |
| Senior secured credit facility: | | | | |
| Revolver ⁽¹⁾ | \$200.0 | \$200.0 | 10.3 | 5.2 % |
| Senior notes: | | | | |
| 9.875% senior notes due 2021 ⁽³⁾ | 699.3 | 700.2 | — | 9.9 % |
| Long-term foreign seasonal borrowings | 10.0 | 10.0 | — | 4.1 % |
| Other long-term debt | 1.3 | 0.9 | — | 7.1 % ⁽²⁾ |
| Notes payable to banks ⁽⁴⁾ | 476.0 | 458.2 | 464.2 | 5.4 % ⁽²⁾ |
| Total debt | \$1,386.6 | \$1,369.3 | 474.5 | |
| Short term | \$476.0 | \$458.2 | | |
| Long term: | | | | |
| Long term debt current | \$0.4 | \$200.4 | | |
| Long term debt | 910.2 | 710.7 | | |
| | \$910.6 | \$911.1 | | |
| Letters of credit | \$4.7 | \$10.0 | 10.7 | |
| Total credit available | | | \$485.2 | |

(1) As of June 30, 2016 pursuant to Section 2.1 (A) (iv) of the Credit Agreement, the full \$210.3 million Revolving Committed Amount was available based on the calculation of the lesser of the Revolving Committed Amount and the Working Capital Amount.

(2) Weighted average rate for the three months ended June 30, 2016.

(3) On April 1, 2016, we adopted new accounting guidance that changed the presentation of debt issuance costs in financial statements on a retrospective basis. Therefore, the March 31, 2016 balance previously reported of \$709.2 million has been adjusted by \$9.9 million to \$699.3 million in accordance with the adoption of this new accounting guidance.

(4) Primarily foreign seasonal lines of credit

Foreign Seasonal Lines of Credit

We have typically financed our non-U.S. operations with uncommitted unsecured short-term seasonal lines of credit at the local level. These operating lines are seasonal in nature, normally extending for a term of 180 to 270 days corresponding to the tobacco crop cycle in that location. These facilities are typically uncommitted in that the lenders have the right to cease making loans and demand repayment of loans at any time. These loans are typically renewed at

the outset of each tobacco season. As of June 30, 2016, we had approximately \$458.2 million drawn and outstanding on foreign seasonal lines with maximum capacity totaling \$943.1 million subject to limitations as provided for in the agreement governing our revolving credit facility. Additionally against these lines there was \$10.7 million available in unused letter of credit capacity with \$10.0 million issued but unfunded.

The Company also has foreign seasonal borrowings with a maturity greater than one year. As of June 30, 2016, approximately \$10.0 million was drawn and outstanding with a maximum capacity totaling \$10.0 million.

RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS NOT YET ADOPTED:

See Note 1 "Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies" of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES: (continued)

FACTORS THAT MAY AFFECT FUTURE RESULTS:

Readers are cautioned that the statements contained in this report regarding expectations of our performance or other matters that may affect our business, results of operations or financial condition are “forward-looking statements” as defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements, which are based on current expectations of future events, may be identified by use of words such as “strategy,” “expects,” “continues,” “plans,” “anticipates,” “believes,” “will,” “estimates,” “intends,” “projects,” “goals,” “targets” and other words of similar meaning. The statements also may be identified by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. If underlying assumptions prove inaccurate or if known or unknown risks or uncertainties materialize, actual results could vary materially from those anticipated, estimated or projected. Some of these risks and uncertainties include changes in the timing of anticipated shipments, changes in anticipated geographic product sourcing, political instability in sourcing locations, currency and interest rate fluctuations, shifts in the global supply and demand position for our tobacco products, and the impact of regulation and litigation on our customers. A further list and description of these risks, uncertainties and other factors can be found in the “Risk Factors” section of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016 and in our other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. We do not undertake to update any forward-looking statements that we may make from time to time.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

There have been no significant changes to our market risk since March 31, 2016. For a discussion on our exposure to market risk, refer to Part II, Item 7A “Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk” contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2016.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

In connection with the preparation of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, an evaluation was carried out by the Company's management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Exchange Act)) as of June 30, 2016. Disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods required by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures. Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of June 30, 2016.

Our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the following material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting existed at the Kenyan subsidiary as of March 31, 2016 and are being remediated as of June 30, 2016:

Processes and control activities designed to support the amounts of inventory recorded in the general ledger were not effective, were incorrectly applied or were overridden. It appears that local management, through collusion, overrode controls to record fictional inventory balances.

Processes and control activities designed to support the amounts of deferred crop costs recorded in the general ledger were not effective, were incorrectly applied or were overridden. It appears that local management, through collusion, overrode controls to record fictional inventory balances.

Processes and control activities designed to support the revenue transactions recorded in the general ledger were not effective, were incorrectly applied or were overridden. Specifically, revenues were recorded based on estimated transactions and actual transactions were processed outside the general ledger system. As a result revenue recorded did not reflect actual sales transactions and accounts receivable balances were recorded which would not be realized.

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Item 4. Controls and Procedures (continued)

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures (continued)

Our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the following material weaknesses existed at the regional and corporate levels as of March 31, 2016 and are being remediated as of June 30, 2016:

The Company's regional review of operations at African origins was ineffective due to the lack of adequate qualified resources to appropriately examine and investigate financial results. Although the financial information at the Kenya origin was reviewed on a timely basis, the regional review did not incorporate the qualitative and operational context needed to perform an adequate review, which allowed the misstated balances to build up over extended periods of time.

The Company's fraud risk assessment was not adequately designed or implemented to address the risks of fraud in the African origins. The Company's assessment did not determine that the African region warranted additional control activities to respond to additional fraud risks in Africa.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There were no changes that occurred during the three months ended June 30, 2016 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting, except as noted above related to the material weaknesses at the Kenya subsidiary and Africa regional levels and as noted below. The Company addressed the remediation of the material weakness that existed at the regional and corporate levels as of March 31, 2016 regarding the Company's controls applicable to the accounting for the reconsolidation of its Zimbabwe facility through the continued engagement of third-party technical expertise to address complex and unusual transactions in the future.

The Company has completed or undertaken plans to remediate these control deficiencies that constituted material weaknesses as follows:

The Kenyan operation is under new management including the Managing Director and the Finance & Operations Manager.

The Company is in the process of standardizing key controls. As part of this process, which is being led by Corporate Audit Services, the deficient control activities at the Kenya location will be replaced with the standardized key control activities. The control activities in Kenya will be tested for design and operating effectiveness in fiscal 2017.

Two new regional controller positions have been employed for the Africa region. These positions add an additional layer of review and oversight of African entities and function as "super" financial directors of three entities each, as well as being part of the regional team. The entities for which each position is responsible will rotate every two years.

This African regional controller team performs new analyses, which include but are not limited to trend analyses over time, crop information and inventory turns (including by comparison to other origins within the region) to corroborate accounting amounts, sign off on quarterly packet reviews and account reconciliations, and monitoring controls around the financial close process. Additionally, the regional controllers regularly visit origins for their work to help assess monthly and quarterly financial processes.

We will enhance regional review procedures at the corporate level with the implementation of semi-annual regional risk management committee meetings to review business risks and controls, and results of the region based on new analyses and trends as well.

The Company's fraud risk assessment of a location is being included as a factor in determining the scope of our SOX compliance program, in order to more specifically tailor the design of internal control over financial reporting to mitigate the risk of material misstatement caused by fraud or otherwise.

In light of the material weakness referred to above, we performed additional analyses and procedures in order to conclude that our condensed consolidated financial statements in this Form 10-Q for the quarters ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 are fairly presented, in all material respects, in accordance with US GAAP.

- 34 -

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Part II. Other Information

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Mindo, S.r.l., the purchaser in 2004 of the Company's Italian subsidiary Dimon Italia, S.r.l., asserted claims against a subsidiary of the Company arising out of that sale transaction in an action filed before the Court of Rome on April 12, 2007. The claim involved a guaranty letter issued by a consolidated subsidiary of the Company in connection with the sale transaction, and sought the recovery of €7.4 million plus interest and costs. On November 11, 2013, the court issued its judgment in favor of the Company's subsidiary, rejecting the claims asserted by Mindo, S.r.l., and awarding the Company's subsidiary legal costs of €0.05 million. On December 23, 2014, Mindo, S.r.l. appealed the judgment of the Court of Rome to the Court of Appeal of Rome. A hearing before the Court of Appeal of Rome was held on June 12, 2015, which was adjourned pending a further hearing set for February 2018. The outcome of, and timing of a decision on, the appeal are uncertain.

In addition to the above-mentioned matter, certain of the Company's subsidiaries are involved in other litigation or legal matters incidental to their business activities, including tax matters. While the outcome of these matters cannot be predicted with certainty, the Company is vigorously defending them and does not currently expect that any of them will have a material adverse effect on its business or financial position. However, should one or more of these matters be resolved in a manner adverse to its current expectation, the effect on the Company's results of operations for a particular fiscal reporting period could be material.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

None.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

None.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

N/A

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Item 6. Exhibits.

- 3.01 Amended and Restated Bylaws of Alliance One International, Inc., incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Alliance One International, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K, filed June 21, 2016 (SEC File No. 001-13684)
- 10.01 Fourth Amendment to Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of May 20, 2016 among Alliance One International, Inc., Intabex Netherlands B.V., Alliance One International AG, the Lenders party thereto, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as administrative agent (filed herewith)
- 31.01 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith)
- 31.02 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith)
- 32 Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith)
- 101.INS XBRL Instance Document (filed herewith)
- 101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema (filed herewith)
- 101.CAL XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase (filed herewith)
- 101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase (filed herewith)
- 101.LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase (filed herewith)
- 101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase (filed herewith)

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Alliance One International, Inc.

/s/ Todd B. Compton
Todd B. Compton
Vice President - Controller
(Principal Accounting Officer)

Date: August 8, 2016

- 37 -

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Index of Exhibits

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