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NEW PEOPLES BANKSHARES INC Form 10-Q November 09, 2007 UNITED STATES	
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION	
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549	
FORM 10-Q	
x Quarterly Report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of t	the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the quarterly period ended Septem	aber 30, 2007
[] Transition Report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d)	of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the transition period from	to
Commission file number: 000-33411	
NEW PEOPLES BANKSHA (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)	RES, INC.
Virginia	31-1804543
(State or other jurisdiction of	(I.R.S. Employer
incorporation or organization)	Identification No.)
67 Commerce Drive	
Honaker, Virginia	24260
(Address of principal executive offices)	(Zip Code)
(276) 873-7000	

(Registrant s telephone numberincluding area code)

n/a					
(Former name, former address and former fiscal years)	ear, if changed since last report)				
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for su to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.					
		Yes	X	No	o
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a accelerated filer and large accelerated filer in R			on-accelera	nted file	er. See definition of
Large accelerated filer O	Accelerated filer X	I	Non-acceler	rated fil	ler O
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a	shell company (as defined in Rule 12	b-2 of the F	Exchange A	ct).	
		Yes	o	No	x
Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each	of the issuer s classes of common sto	ock, as of th	ne latest pra	cticable	e date:
9,959,477 shares of common stock, par value \$2.0	00 per share, outstanding as of October	r 25, 2007.			

NEW PEOPLES BANKSHARES, INC.

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Part I Financial Information

Item 1 Financial Statements

NEW PEOPLES BANKSHARES, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007 AND 2006

(IN THOUSANDS EXCEPT SHARE AND PER SHARE DATA)

(UNAUDITED)

	2007	2006
INTEREST AND DIVIDEND INCOME		
Loans including fees	\$ 37,305	\$ 29,510
Federal funds sold	112	66
Investments	309	243
Total Interest and Dividend Income	37,726	29,819
INTEREST EXPENSE		
Deposits		
Demand	116	105
Savings	361	365
Time deposits	16,778	11,674
Interest on FHLB Advances	634	619
Interest on Trust Preferred Securities	963	675
Total Interest Expense	18,852	13,438
NET INTEREST INCOME	18,874	16,381
PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES	2,540	965
NET INTEREST INCOME AFTER		
PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES	16,334	15,416
NONINTEREST INCOME		
Service charges	1,802	1,489
Fees, commissions and other income	1,181	693
Life insurance investment income	323	304
Total Noninterest Income	3,306	2,486
NONINTEREST EXPENSES		
Salaries and employee benefits	10,177	8,581
Occupancy expense	2,585	2,118
Other real estate	-	30
Other operating expenses	4,573	3,697
Total Noninterest Expenses	17,335	14,426
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	2,305	3,476
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT)		
Current income tax expense	615	1,004
Change in accounting estimate	(638)	-
Total Income Tax Expense (Benefit)	(23)	1,004

NET INCOME	\$ 2,328	\$ 2,472
Earnings Per Share		
Basic	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.25
Fully Diluted	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.24
Average Weighted Shares of Common Stock		
Basic	9,957,434	9,935,011
Fully Diluted	10,401,759	10,394,789

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

NEW PEOPLES BANKSHARES, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007 AND 2006

(IN THOUSANDS EXCEPT SHARE AND PER SHARE DATA)

(UNAUDITED)

INTEREST AND DIVIDEND INCOME	2007	2006
Loans including fees	\$ 13,403	\$ 10,743
Federal funds sold	36	21
Investments	113	84
Total Interest and Dividend Income	13,552	10,848
INTEREST EXPENSE		
Deposits		
Demand	44	34
Savings	133	119
Time deposits	6,052	4,571
Interest on FHLB Advances	166	248
Interest on Trust Preferred Securities	324	234
Total Interest Expense	6,719	5,206
NET INTEREST INCOME	6,833	5,642
PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES	1,800	260
NET INTEREST INCOME AFTER	5,033	5,382
PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES		
NONINTEREST INCOME		
Service charges	635	527
Fees, commissions and other income	514	216
Life insurance investment income	109	104
Total Noninterest Income	1,258	847
NONINTEREST EXPENSES		
Salaries and employee benefits	3,625	3,003
Occupancy expense	886	740
Other real estate	-	-
Other operating expenses	1,861	1,314
Total Noninterest Expenses	6,372	5,057
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAXES	(81)	1,172
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT)		
Current income tax expense (benefit)	(68)	337
Change of accounting estimate	(638)	-
Total Income Tax Expense (Benefit)	(706)	337
NET INCOME	\$ 625	\$ 835
Earnings Per Share		
Basic	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.08
Fully Diluted	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.08

Average Weighted Shares of Common Stock

Basic	9,958,923	9,950,992
Fully Diluted	10,402,413	10,387,389

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

NEW PEOPLES BANKSHARES, INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(IN THOUSANDS EXCEPT PER SHARE AND SHARE DATA)

ASSETS	September 30, 2007	December 31, 2006
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Cash and due from banks	\$ 21,970	\$ 18,451
Federal funds sold	1,571	1,430
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	23,541	19,881
Investment securities		
Available-for-sale	5,998	3,493
Loans receivable	661,377	569,198
Allowance for loan losses	(7,047)	(4,870)
Net Loans	654,330	564,328
Bank premises and equipment, net	33,698	29,438
Equity securities (restricted)	2,901	2,152
Other real estate owned	2,004	1,181
Accrued interest receivable	5,661	4,140
Life insurance investments	9,651	9,377
Goodwill and other intangibles	4,795	-
Other assets	2,904	1,829
Total Assets	\$ 745,483	\$ 635,819
LIABILITIES		
Deposits:		
Demand deposits:		
Noninterest bearing	\$ 89,057	\$ 71,538
Interest-bearing	24,934	19,290
Savings deposits	46,095	42,894
Time deposits	503,739	438,465
Total Deposits	663,825	572,187
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	11,805	-
Accrued interest payable	2,855	2,783
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	5,793	2,007
Trust preferred securities	16,496	16,496
Total Liabilities	700,774	593,473
STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY		
Common stock - \$2.00 par value; 12,000,000 shares authorized;		
9,959,477 and 9,954,178 shares issued and outstanding		
at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively	19,919	15,314

Additional paid-in-capital Retained earnings Accumulated other comprehensive income	ngs 3,297		
Total Stockholders Equity	44,709	42,346	
Total Liabilities and Stockholders Equity	\$ 745,483	\$ 635,819	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

NEW PEOPLES BANKSHARES, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007 AND 2006

(IN THOUSANDS INCLUDING SHARE DATA)

(UNAUDITED)

	Shares of Common Stock	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in- Capital	Retained Earr
Balance, December 31, 2005 Net Income Unrealized gain on available-for-sale securities, net of tax of \$0	7,619	\$15,239	\$ 21,265	\$ 2,475 2,472
Stock Options Exercised	35	70	183	
Balance, September 30, 2006	7,654	\$15,309	\$ 21,448	\$ 4,947
Balance, December 31, 2006 Net Income	7,657	\$15,314	\$ 21,465	\$ 5,565 2,328
13-for-10 stock split, September 12, 2007	2,298	4,596		(4,596)
Unrealized loss on available-for-sale securities, net of tax of \$3				
Stock Options Exercised	4	9	19	
Balance, September 30, 2007	9,959	\$19,919	\$ 21,484	\$ 3,297

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

NEW PEOPLES BANKSHARES, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007 AND 2006

(IN THOUSANDS)

(UNAUDITED)

CASH ELOWS EDOM OBEDATING A CENTRES		2007		2006	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net income	\$	2,328	\$	2,472	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash	Ψ	2,326	Ψ	2,472	
provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation		1,945		1.698	
Provision for loan losses		2,540		965	
Income on life insurance, net		(274)		(258)	
Loss on sale of foreclosed real estate		-		30	
Amortization (Accretion) of bond premiums		(15)		(23)	
Deferred tax expense (benefit)		(638)		-	
Net change in:					
Interest receivable		(1,521)		(1,265)	
Other assets		(1,075)		(1,017)	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		4,496		1,117	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		7,786		3,719	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Net increase in loans		(78,851)			(79,616)
Proceeds from sale and maturities of securities					, , ,
available-for-sale		1,497		5,700	
Purchase of securities available for sale		(3,978)		(2,985)	
Purchase of Federal Reserve Bank stock		(128)		(76)	
Purchase of Federal Home Loan Bank stock		(621)		(512)	
Acquisition of branches					
Loans acquired		(13,691)		-	
Deposits assumed		60,380		-	
Bank premises		(1,178)		-	
Goodwill and other intangibles		(4,795)		-	
Payments for the purchase of property		(5,027)			(8,032)
Net change in other real estate owned		(823)		379	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities		(47,215)		(85,142)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Common stock options exercised		26			253
Proceeds from Federal Home Loan Bank advances		11,805			3,430
Proceeds from trust preferred securities issuance		-			5,155
Net change in:					
Demand and savings deposits		13,984			12,293
Time deposits		17,274		68,000	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Financing Activities		43,089		89,131	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		3,660		7,708	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Period		19,881		18,650	

Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Period	\$ 23,541	\$ 26,358
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Paid During the Period for:		
Interest	\$ 18,924	\$ 14,142
Tax payments	\$ 1,131	\$ 1,380

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 NATURE OF OPERATIONS:

New Peoples Bankshares, Inc. (the Company) is a financial holding company whose principal activity is the ownership and management of a community bank. New Peoples Bank, Inc. (the Bank) was organized and incorporated under the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia on December 9, 1997. The Bank commenced operations on October 28, 1998, after receiving regulatory approval. As a state chartered bank, the Bank is subject to regulation by the Virginia Bureau of Financial Institutions and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. In addition, as a member of the Federal Reserve System, the Bank is also subject to regulation by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. The Bank provides general banking services to individuals, small and medium size businesses and the professional community of southwestern Virginia, southern West Virginia, and eastern Tennessee. On June 9, 2003, the Company formed two wholly owned subsidiaries, NPB Financial Services, Inc. and NPB Web Services, Inc. On July 7, 2004 the Company established NPB Capital Trust I for the purpose of issuing trust preferred securities. On September 27, 2006, the Company established NPB Capital Trust 2 for the purpose of issuing trust preferred securities.

NOTE 2 ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES:

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited financial statements contain all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring accruals) necessary to present fairly the financial position at September 30, 2007, and the results of operations for the nine month and three month periods ended September 30, 2007 and 2006. The notes included herein should be read in conjunction with the notes to financial statements included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006. The results of operations for the nine month and three month periods ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

Business Combinations

For purchase acquisitions accounted for as a business combination, the Company is required to record the assets acquired, including identified intangible assets and liabilities assumed at their fair value, which in many instances involves estimates based on third party valuations, such as appraisals, or internal valuations based on discounted cash flow analyses or other valuation techniques. The determination of the useful lives of intangible assets is subjective, as is the appropriate amortization method for such intangible assets. In addition, purchase acquisitions may result in goodwill, which is subject to ongoing periodic impairment testing based on the fair value of net assets acquired compared to the carrying value of goodwill. Changes in acquisition multiples, the overall interest rate environment, or the continuing operations of the assets acquired could have a significant impact on the periodic impairment testing. For additional discussion concerning our valuation of intangible assets, see Note 9, Intangible Assets.

NOTE 3 INVESTMENT SECURITIES:

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of securities at the dates indicated are as follows:

(Dollars are in thousands) September 30, 2007	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
Available for Sale U.S. Government Agencies	\$ 5,494	\$ 11	\$ -	\$ 5,505
Mortgage backed securities	491	2	-	493
Total Securities AFS	\$ 5,985	\$ 13	\$ -	\$ 5,998
December 31, 2006				
Available for Sale				
U.S. Government Agencies	\$ 3,490	\$ 3	\$ -	\$ 3,493
Total Securities AFS	\$ 3,490	\$ 3	\$ -	\$ 3,493

At September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, all securities were classified as available for sale.

The Bank, as a member of the Federal Reserve Bank and the Federal Home Loan Bank, is required to hold stock in each. These equity securities are restricted from trading and are recorded at a cost of \$2.9 million and \$2.2 million at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 3 INVESTMENT SECURITIES (Continued):

The amortized cost and fair value of investment securities at September 30, 2007, by contractual maturity, are shown in the following schedule. Expected maturities will differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

			Weighted
(Dollars are in thousands)	Amortized	Fair	Average
Securities Available for Sale	Cost	Value	Yield
Due in one year or less	\$ 2,994	\$ 2,998	5.24%
Due after one year through three years	2,991	3,000	5.28%
Total	\$ 5,985	\$ 5,998	5.26%

Investment securities with a carrying value of \$3.5 million and \$3.2 million at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively, were pledged to secure public deposits and for other purposes required by law.

NOTE 4 LOANS:

Loans receivable outstanding are summarized as follows:

	September 30,	December 31,
(Dollars are in thousands)	2007	2006
Commercial, financial and agricultural	\$ 120,093	\$ 104,372
Real estate - construction	39,681	37,716
Real estate - mortgages	441,135	371,021
Installment loans to individuals	60,468	56,089
Total Loans	\$ 661,377	\$ 569,198

The following is a summary of information at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006 pertaining to nonperforming assets:

	September 30,	December 31,
(Dollars are in thousands)	2007	2006
Principal:		
Nonaccrual loans	\$ 1,099	\$ 1,206
Other real estate owned	2,004	1,181
Loans past due 90 days or more still accruing interest	153	9
Total nonperforming assets	\$ 3,256	\$ 2,396

At September 30, 2007, impaired loans totaled \$12.7 million of which \$10.2 million is associated with 3 credits. The valuation allowance on these impaired loans as of September 30, 2007 was \$2.2 million of which \$1.8 million is related to the 3 impaired credit relationships. At the end of 2006, impaired loans totaled \$1.4 million with a valuation allowance of \$82 thousand. Interest income not recognized on these loans was \$50 thousand year-to-date September 30, 2007 and \$65 thousand for the year ending 2006.

NOTE 5 ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES:

A summary of transactions in the allowance for loan losses is as follows:

	For the Nine Mor	nths En	ided
	September 30,		September 30,
(Dollars are in thousands)	2007		2006
Balance, Beginning of Period	\$ 4,870	\$	3,943
Provision for loan losses	2,540		965
Recoveries of loans charged off	57		30
Loans charged off	(420)		(208)
Balance, End of Period	\$ 7,047	\$	4,730
Percentage of Loans	1.07%		0.86%

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 6 EARNINGS PER SHARE:

Basic earnings per share computations are based on the weighted average number of shares outstanding during each year. Dilutive earnings per share reflects the additional common shares that would have been outstanding if dilutive potential common shares had been issued. Potential common shares that may be issued relate to outstanding options and are determined by the treasury method. Shares and per share data have been restated to reflect the effect of the 13-for-10 stock split.

NOTE 7 RECENT ACCOUNTING DEVELOPMENTS:

In February 2007, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 159 The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities Including an amendment of FASB Statement No. 115 . SFAS No. 159 permits entities to choose to measure eligible items at fair value at specified election dates and report unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option has been elected in earnings at each subsequent reporting date. SFAS No. 159 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. Management is currently evaluating the effect that adoption of this statement will have on the Company s consolidated financial position and results of operations when it becomes effective in 2008.

NOTE 8 SIGNIFICANT ACQUISITION:

On June 29, 2007, the Bank finalized the purchase of assets and assumption of liabilities of two branches of FNB Southeast. The acquisition of the branches was accounted for as a business combination and, as the purchase price exceeded the value of the net identified tangible and intangible assets acquired, resulted in \$4.0 million of goodwill being recorded as an intangible asset on the accompanying balance sheet. The acquisition provides, in addition to other factors, a strategic opportunity to acquire the opportunity to expand into these markets without the delay normally experienced in building a branch and future growth.

The acquisition transaction resulted in an estimated fair value of \$13.7 million in loans acquired and \$60.4 million in deposits assumed. The resulting goodwill was \$4.0 million. The estimated core deposit premium is \$810 thousand and will be amortized over 6.84 years.

The Company is continuing to evaluate the initial purchase price allocations for the acquisitions completed during the quarter ended June 30, 2007 that were accounted for as business combinations and will adjust the allocations as additional information relative to the fair market values of the assets and liabilities become known or other information related to the fair value of purchased intangibles is received.

The transaction included the acquisition of two branches. Unaudited pro forma information of prior periods is not presented as it would not differ materially from the historic operations.

NOTE 9 INTANGIBLE ASSETS:

On June 29, 2007, the Bank completed the acquisition of two branches in which certain intangible assets were identified related to the value of core deposits. The estimated fair value of the core deposits was determined based on the present value of future cash flow related to those deposits considering the industry standard financial instrument type present value methodology. All-in costs and runoff balances by year are discounted by term specific Federal Home Loan Bank advance rates, used as a measure of the best available approximate alternative costs of funds. The estimated economic advantage embedded in the acquired deposits as compared to alternative values is the core deposit intangible.

As of September 30, 2007 (In thousands)

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52
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52
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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 9 INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued):

Amortization expense related to these contract intangibles is based upon the average economic life of the core deposits. The estimates of expense for the periods are as indicated below using the sum of the years digits method of amortization.

Estimated amortization expense	
For remainder of year ended December 31, 2007	\$ 52
For year ended December 31, 2008	189
For year ended December 31, 2009	161
For year ended December 31, 2010	131
For year ended December 31, 2011	101
For year ended December 31, 2012	71
For year ended December 31, 2013	45
For year ended December 31, 2014	8
Total	\$ 758

NOTE 10 CHANGE OF ACCOUNTING ESTIMATE:

During the third quarter of 2007, the Company changed its intention related to its ownership of bank owned life insurance on members of management. When the life insurance was purchased, the determination was made that the insurance policies may be cashed in before the death of an insured employee creating a potential taxable event at that time. During September, 2007, the Board of Directors decided that the policies in existence at that time as well as any additional policies to be purchased would be held to the death of the insured at which time the Company will receive the proceeds in a tax free transaction. Therefore, as a result, the deferred taxes were adjusted by the \$638 thousand which had been previously provided and income tax expense was reduced by the same amount during the third quarter of 2007. The adjustment was reflected as a change of accounting estimate in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 154, (As Amended) *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*. The adjustment is a one time effect and is not expected to impact future periods.

Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Caution About Forward Looking Statements

We make forward looking statements in this quarterly report that are subject to risks and uncertainties. These forward looking statements include statements regarding our profitability, liquidity, allowance for loan losses, interest rate sensitivity, market risk, growth strategy, and financial and other goals. The words believes, expects, may, will, should, projects, contemplates, anticipates, forecasts, intends, or other sinterms are intended to identify forward looking statements.

These forward looking statements are subject to significant uncertainties because they are based upon or are affected by factors including the following: the ability to successfully manage our growth or implement our growth strategies if we are unable to identify attractive markets, locations or opportunities to expand in the future; maintaining capital and liquidity levels adequate to support our growth; maintaining cost controls and asset quality as we open or acquire new branches; reliance on our management team, including our ability to attract and retain key personnel; the successful management of interest rate risk; changes in general economic and business conditions in our market area; changes in interest rates and interest rate policies; risks inherent in making loans such as repayment risks and fluctuating collateral values; competition with other banks and financial institutions, and companies outside of the banking industry, including those companies that have substantially greater access to capital and other resources; demand, development and acceptance of new products and services; problems with technology utilized by us; changing trends in customer profiles and behavior; and changes in banking and other laws and regulations applicable to us.

Because of these uncertainties, our actual future results may be materially different from the results indicated by these forward looking statements. In addition, our past results of operations do not necessarily indicate our future results.

Overview

During the third quarter of 2007, the Company, which is the parent company of the Bank, grew to \$745.5 million in total assets. Total deposits have grown to \$663.8 million, an increase of \$91.6 million in total deposits since December 31, 2006. Total loans have increased by \$92.2 million, to \$661.4 million since year end 2006.

The Company granted a 13-for-10 stock split effected in the form of a stock dividend on September 12, 2007. This split applied to shareholders of record on September 4, 2007.

During the third quarter 2007, we increased the allowance for loan losses to \$7.0 million. As the result of the change in the allowance for loan loss methodology and additional estimated impairments of \$1.5 million on two credit relationships, the provision for loan loss for the third quarter was \$1.8 million. The allowance for loan losses as a percentage of total loans is 1.07% at the end of September 30, 2007.

In addition, we made a change in accounting estimate regarding a tax deferred liability on the accumulated income of bank owned life insurance. Management deemed the likelihood of cashing in the policies before the death of an employee as very unlikely. At the time of initial purchase of the life insurance policies, a tax deferred liability was recorded and increased annually. The change in accounting estimate resulted in a decrease in income tax expense of \$638 thousand.

Net income for the third quarter 2007 was \$625 thousand compared to \$835 thousand for the same period in 2006. Net income for the first nine months of 2007 was \$2.3 million as compared to \$2.5 million in 2006.

Critical Accounting Policies

Certain critical accounting policies affect the more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of our financial statements. The most critical accounting policy relates to our provision for loan losses, which reflects the estimated losses resulting from the inability of our customers to make required payments. If the financial condition of our borrowers were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, our estimates would be updated, and additional provisions could be required. For further discussion of the estimates used in determining the allowance for loan losses, we refer you to the section on Provision for Loan Losses below.

Balance Sheet Changes

At September 30, 2007, total assets were \$745.5 million, an increase of \$109.7 million, or 17.25%, over December 31, 2006. This growth is the result of branch openings and the two branches acquired.

Loans continued to grow during the third quarter. Total loans were \$661.4 million at September 30, 2007, an increase of \$92.2 million, or 16.19%, from \$569.2 million at December 31, 2006. Loans increased throughout the branches, and \$13.7 million was a result of the branch acquisitions in June 2007.

Deposits have continued to grow. Total deposits were \$663.8 million at September 30, 2007, an increase of \$91.6 million, or 16.02%, from \$572.2 million at December 31, 2006. The largest dollar volume of deposit growth was in time deposits, which increased \$65.3 million, or 14.89%. We continue to reduce certain higher priced deposits; thus, reducing our cost of funds. We anticipate deposit growth to continue in the new branch locations.

Borrowings from the Federal Home Loan Bank increased \$11.8 million from no borrowings at year-end 2006. Of the \$11.8 million in borrowings, \$10.2 million are five year notes with a one year-call feature at the discretion of the Federal Home Loan Bank. The notes are callable quarterly thereafter. The remaining \$1.6 million are overnight borrowings.

Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

At the end of the second quarter 2007, as a result of the branches acquired, the Bank recorded an asset of goodwill totaling \$4.0 million and a core deposit intangible of \$810 thousand. The core deposit intangible will be amortized using the sum-of-the-years-digits method over its estimated economic life of 6.84 years. During the third quarter of 2007, \$52 thousand was amortized, resulting in a net core deposit intangible of \$758 thousand. Final adjustments for fair value calculations on purchased assets and assumed liabilities will be complete by year-end 2007.

Change of Accounting Estimate Related to Bank Owned Life Insurance

In the latter part of 2006 and in January 2007, management began exploring the option to purchase additional bank owned life insurance to financially protect the Company in case of the death of other key employees. During the first half of 2007, due diligence was conducted on products and companies. During this process, the option to purchase separate account bank owned life insurance became available to the Company in addition to the traditional general account bank owned life insurance product. The primary difference between the two is that the separate account product offers the Company greater flexibility in investing the funds to yield a higher return and also a larger variety of investments to choose. The earnings stream of the investment is managed through a stable wrap provider. General account products are sold directly by a particular insurance company which makes the investment choices and gives substantially less flexibility in investment options. In addition, separate account products may be classified as a 20% risk weight for capital regulatory calculations as opposed to 100% risk weights for the general account products. The separate account product has typically been offered to large financial institutions, but now it is available to smaller community banks. The Company s past asset size and capital levels did not qualify us for separate account bank owned life insurance. But now since the Company has experienced asset and capital growth, the option to purchase and like-kind exchange, or 1035 exchange, the existing policies of \$9.6 million exists. As a result, management has decided to purchase the separate account product and 1035 exchange the existing policies.

Up until this time, the intention of management left the option open to cash in the existing policies before the death of the insured officers. This created a deferred tax liability on the earnings of the policies which typically would be tax exempt since they are life insurance proceeds. Management, the BOLI and Compensation Committees met and decided in August 2007 to change existing policies and any new purchases of bank owned life insurance to the separate account product. The Board of Directors ratified this decision in September 2007. As a result, management changed its intention to keep the life insurance policies until the death of the insured.

After the intention was changed, this resulted in a change of accounting estimate. As a result, the deferred taxes were adjusted by the \$638 thousand and income tax expense was reduced by the same amount during the third quarter of 2007.

Net Interest Income, Net Interest Margin, and Interest Sensitivity

The net interest income for the third quarter 2007 was \$6.8 million, an increase of \$1.2 million, or 21.10% from the same period in 2006. For the first nine months of 2007, the net interest income was \$18.9 million, an increase of \$2.5 million, or 15.22% from the same period in 2006. The primary reason for the growth in net interest income is due to the increased loan interest income resulting from an increased loan portfolio. Interest expense also increased due to premium rates paid on deposits at new branches, increased volume in deposits, increased borrowings with

the Federal Home Loan Bank, additional trust preferred securities, and competition.

The net interest margin for the first nine months decreased to 4.05% from 4.22% for the first nine months of 2006; however, the net interest margin has continued to improve through the first nine months of 2007. Competition for deposits continues to be strong and consequently increases interest expense. The net interest margin should continue to slightly improve as the loan growth continues. In addition, we should see the cost of funds improve as we have lowered deposit rates as a result of the Federal Reserve 50 basis point decrease in September. Also, we are seeing premium rate deposits reprice at the lower current rates.

At September 30, 2007, we had a negative cumulative gap rate sensitivity ratio of 32.49% for the one year re-pricing period compared to a negative cumulative gap of 32.66% at December 31, 2006. This generally indicates that earnings would improve in a declining interest rate environment as liabilities re-price more quickly than assets. Conversely, earnings would probably decrease in periods during which interest rates are increasing. Interest rates continued to increase

more quickly on our liabilities than our earning assets; consequently, the cost of funds increased at a faster pace than the yields on earning assets. Management deems the Company s gap position to be acceptable in the current market.

Provision for Loan Losses

The calculation of the allowance for loan losses is considered a critical accounting policy. The adequacy of the allowance for loan losses is based upon management s judgment and analysis. The following factors are included in our evaluation of determining the adequacy of the allowance: risk characteristics of the loan portfolio, current and historical loss experience, concentrations and internal and external factors such as general economic conditions.

During the third quarter of 2007, a provision for loan loss of \$1.8 million was made. The largest portion of the provision \$1.0 million, is attributed to one credit relationship totaling \$6.5 million. Subsequent to September 30, 2007, the principal borrower died in an accident and due to the going concern of the business, management estimated the exposure amount to be approximately \$1.0 million. An additional \$500 thousand provision was made on a credit relationship totaling \$3.3 million in which an appraised value of real estate is in question. Neither of these credits was past due at the end of the third quarter of 2007. Another credit relationship totaling \$411 thousand has an exposure to loss of \$331 thousand. This credit is in the process of liquidating assets to repay the debt. These were all identified in the third quarter, and a provision was made accordingly. The allowance for loan losses as a percentage of total loans increased to 1.07% at September 30, 2007 as compared to 0.86% at December 31, 2006. Although historical losses have been relatively low, management believes it is prudent to make this provision.

We have further analyzed the allowance for loan losses by allocating more of the allowance to real estate and consumer loans. Local market values have been and remain stable, while national real estate markets have experienced a downturn. It is uncertain as to when or if current real estate values will be impacted. We do not believe that there will be a severely negative effect in our market area, but we deem it prudent to assign more of the allowance to these types of loans.

All internal and external factors are considered in determining the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses. We have enhanced the methodology of the calculation of the allowance for loan losses. The Bank, now entering its ninth year of operations has experienced great loan growth and historically low loan losses. As the loan portfolio becomes more mature, we have identified where more of our risks lie from a historical loss perspective. As a result, we have modified our loss analysis portion of the allowance to be the average of the past three years losses. In addition, we are identifying where concentrations in specific industries exist. Our concentration analysis should be complete by the end of the year and will further enhance our methodology and risk assessment. We have also enhanced our impairment analysis of watch list credits by more conservatively estimating liquidation costs. As a result, the estimated impairment of the loan portfolio is \$2.2 million and the allowance for loan losses has been allocated accordingly. As economic conditions and performance of our loans change, it is possible that future increases may need to be made to the allowance for loan losses.

An evaluation of individual loans is performed by the internal loan review department. Loans are initially risk rated by the originating loan officer. If deteriorations in the financial condition of the borrower and the capacity to repay the debt occur, along with other factors, the loan may be downgraded. This is typically determined by either the loan officer or loan review personnel. Guidance for the evaluation is established by the regulatory authorities who periodically review the Bank s loan portfolio for compliance.

It is our policy to stop accruing interest on a loan, and classify that loan as non-accrual under the following circumstances: (a) whenever we are advised by the borrower that scheduled principal payments or interest payments cannot be met, (b) when our best judgment indicates that payment in full of principal and interest can no longer be expected, or (c) when any loan or obligation becomes delinquent for 90 days unless it is both well secured and in the process of collection. Non-accrual loans did not have a significant impact on interest income in any of the periods presented. No loans are classified as troubled debt restructurings as defined by the Financial Accounting Standards Board s (FASB) Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 15, Accounting by Debtors and Creditors for Troubled Debt Restructurings. There are also no loans identified as potential problem loans. We do not have any commitments to lend additional funds to non-performing debtors.

Noninterest Income

Noninterest income increased to \$1.3 million in the third quarter of 2007 from \$847 thousand in 2006. The \$411 thousand, or 48.56%, increase is primarily related to service charges from deposit accounts driven by increased volume, fees and commissions generated through investment and insurance sales by our financial services division, and income from the acquired branches.

Noninterest income for the first nine months of 2007 was \$3.3 million as compared to \$2.5 million for the same period in 2006 largely due to the increased volume of demand deposit accounts and a price increase on overdraft fees.

Noninterest Expense

The major contributing factors to the increase in noninterest expenses relate to additional staffing and expenses associated with the new branches opened and the general growth in operations. We expect noninterest expense to continue to increase, on a year-over-year basis, for the remainder of 2007 as we realize a full-year s effect of staffing for the new branches opened and acquired during 2006 and 2007. Noninterest expense in the future will depend on our growth and the number of new branch locations.

In addition, we realized a loss of \$216 thousand related to a deposit transaction. Collection efforts continue, but it is unlikely we will recover the loss in full.

Our efficiency ratio, which is defined as noninterest expense divided by the sum of net interest income plus noninterest income, was 78.75% for the third quarter of 2007 as compared to 77.93% for the same period in 2006, a slight increase.

Capital

Total capital at the end of the third quarter of 2007 was \$44.7 million as compared to \$42.3 million at the end of December 31, 2006. The \$2.4 million increase is primarily the result of retained earnings for the first nine months of 2007, stock options exercised, and the change of accounting estimate of \$638 thousand.

No cash dividends have been paid historically and none are anticipated in the foreseeable future. The Company s strategic plan is to continue growing. To accommodate this growth and have sufficient capital, earnings will need to be retained. Management is currently working on capital plans for future growth.

On September 12, 2007, a 13 for 10 stock split effected in the form of a stock dividend was distributed to shareholders of record as of September 4, 2007. Total shares issued and outstanding increased to 9,959,477 shares as of September 30, 2007.

Liquidity

At September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, we had liquid assets in the form of cash, due from banks and federal funds sold of approximately \$23.5 million and \$19.9 million, respectively.

Our loan to deposit ratio was 99.66% at September 30, 2007 and 99.48% at year end 2006. We anticipate this ratio to remain about the same as loan volume continues to increase along with branch growth. We can lower the ratio as management deems appropriate by managing the rate of growth in our loan portfolio.

At September 30, 2007, we had borrowings from the Federal Home Loan Bank totaling \$11.8 million as compared to no borrowings at December 31, 2006. Borrowings totaling \$1.6 million are short-term. The remaining borrowings are fixed for five years and have a one year call feature with a quarterly call option thereafter. The average rate on these long-term borrowed funds is 4.05%.

In the event we need additional funds, we have the ability to purchase federal funds under established lines of credit totaling \$20.4 million.

Additional liquidity is expected to be provided by the future growth that management expects in deposit accounts and from loan repayments. We believe that this future growth will result from an increase in market share in our targeted trade areas and from new branches being opened in new markets. We expect borrowings from the Federal Home Loan Bank to be a source of funding that we will rely upon to meet liquidity needs.

With the lines of credit available and the anticipated deposit growth from new and existing branches, we believe we have adequate liquidity to meet our requirements and needs for the foreseeable future.

Off Balance Sheet Items

There have been no material changes to the off-balance sheet items disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006.

Contractual Obligations

There have been no other material changes to the contractual obligations disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

There have been no material changes in market risks faced by the Company since December 31, 2006. For information regarding the Company s market risk, refer to the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

We have carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our President and Chief Executive Officer (our CEO) and our Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (our CFO), of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act)) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon that evaluation, our CEO and CFO concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective in providing reasonable assurance that (a) the information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission s rules and forms, and (b) such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our CEO and CFO, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that our disclosure controls and procedures will detect or uncover every situation involving the failure of persons within the Company to disclose material information otherwise required to be set forth in our periodic reports.

Our management is also responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal controls over financial reporting which provide reasonable assurance regarding (i) the reliability of financial reporting, (ii) and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and (iii) the timely detection or prevention of unauthorized use of the Company s assets. No changes in our internal control over financial reporting occurred during the most recent fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting or control over our assets.

Part II Other Information

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

In the course of our operations, we may become a party to legal proceedings. We are not aware of any material pending or threatened legal proceedings.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes in the risk factors faced by the Company from those disclosed in the Company s Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Not Applicable

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

Not Applicable

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

None

Item 5. Other Information

Not Applicable

Item 6. Exhibits

The following exhibits are filed as part of this Form 10-Q, and this list includes the exhibit index:

No. Description

- 31.1 Certification by Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 2004.
- 31.2 Certification by Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 2004.
- 32 Certification by Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as required by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

NEW PEOPLES BANKSHARES, INC. (Registrant)

By: /s/ KENNETH D. HART

Kenneth D. Hart

President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: November 9, 2007 By: /s/ C. TODD ASBURY

C. Todd Asbury

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Date: November 9, 2007

Exhibit Index

<u>No</u> .	<u>Description</u>
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	2002