

Sensata Technologies Holding N.V.
Form 10-Q
October 29, 2013
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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2013

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____
Commission File Number 001-34652

SENSATA TECHNOLOGIES HOLDING N.V.
(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

THE NETHERLANDS
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 98-0641254
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

Kolthofsingel 8, 7602 EM Almelo
The Netherlands 31-546-879-555
(Address of Principal Executive Offices, including Zip Code) (Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)
Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of October 15, 2013, 176,521,241 ordinary shares were outstanding.

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PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

SENSATA TECHNOLOGIES HOLDING N.V.

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

	September 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$348,199	\$413,539
Accounts receivable, net of allowances of \$9,279 and \$11,059 as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively	303,739	258,114
Inventories	181,605	176,233
Deferred income tax assets	12,655	12,871
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	33,888	33,923
Total current assets	880,086	894,680
Property, plant and equipment, at cost	656,117	611,991
Accumulated depreciation	(319,893	) (283,792
Property, plant and equipment, net	336,224	328,199
Goodwill	1,754,385	1,754,107
Other intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$1,045,922 and \$945,208 as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively	521,537	603,883
Deferred income tax assets	39,919	38,971
Deferred financing costs	20,084	22,119
Other assets	6,739	6,432
Total assets	\$3,558,974	\$3,648,391
Liabilities and shareholders' equity		
Current liabilities:		
Current portion of long-term debt, capital lease and other financing obligations	\$14,078	\$12,878
Accounts payable	177,607	152,964
Income taxes payable	12,189	8,884
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	140,439	100,112
Deferred income tax liabilities	3,525	3,525
Total current liabilities	347,838	278,363
Deferred income tax liabilities	296,971	271,902
Pension and post-retirement benefit obligations	26,417	32,747
Capital lease and other financing obligations, less current portion	49,747	43,425
Long-term debt, net of discount, less current portion	1,561,835	1,768,352
Other long-term liabilities	33,472	31,308
Commitments and contingencies		
Total liabilities	2,316,280	2,426,097
Shareholders' equity:		
Ordinary shares, €0.01 nominal value per share, 400,000 shares authorized; 178,434 and 178,392 shares issued as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively	2,289	2,289
Treasury shares, at cost, 2,161 and 381 shares as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively	(69,696) (11,423

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Additional paid-in capital	1,594,925	1,587,202
Accumulated deficit	(245,680) (316,368)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(39,144	) (39,406)
Total shareholders' equity	1,242,694	1,222,294
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$3,558,974	\$3,648,391

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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SENSATA TECHNOLOGIES HOLDING N.V.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations
(In thousands, except per share amounts)
(unaudited)

	For the three months ended		For the nine months ended	
	September 30, 2013	September 30, 2012	September 30, 2013	September 30, 2012
Net revenue	\$498,886	\$471,929	\$1,475,717	\$1,468,554
Operating costs and expenses:				
Cost of revenue	309,061	308,639	940,442	960,046
Research and development	15,189	13,395	43,113	39,149
Selling, general and administrative	40,355	36,085	121,430	110,194
Amortization of intangible assets	33,670	36,082	100,706	108,407
Restructuring and special charges	512	6,487	4,538	14,937
Total operating costs and expenses	398,787	400,688	1,210,229	1,232,733
Profit from operations	100,099	71,241	265,488	235,821
Interest expense	(23,476	) (24,967	) (71,573	) (75,110
Interest income	232	243	780	669
Other, net	9,390	10,827	(25,411	) 4,239
Income before taxes	86,245	57,344	169,284	165,619
Provision for income taxes	20,223	15,838	48,226	59,079
Net income	\$66,022	\$41,506	\$121,058	\$106,540
Basic net income per share:	\$0.38	\$0.23	\$0.69	\$0.60
Diluted net income per share:	\$0.37	\$0.23	\$0.67	\$0.59

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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SENSATA TECHNOLOGIES HOLDING N.V.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income
(In thousands)
(unaudited)

	For the three months ended		For the nine months ended	
	September 30,	September 30,	September 30,	September 30,
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Net income	\$66,022	\$41,506	\$121,058	\$106,540
Other comprehensive (loss)/income, net of tax:				
Net unrealized loss on derivative instruments designated and qualifying as cash flow hedges	(7,892	) (1,847	) (1,044	) (1,471
Amortization of net loss and prior service cost on defined benefit and retiree healthcare plans	434	59	1,306	309
Other comprehensive (loss)/income	(7,458	) (1,788	) 262	(1,162
Comprehensive income	\$58,564	\$39,718	\$121,320	\$105,378

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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SENSATA TECHNOLOGIES HOLDING N.V.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(In thousands)
(unaudited)

	For the nine months ended	
	September 30, 2013	September 30, 2012
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 121,058	\$ 106,540
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	38,034	40,792
Amortization of deferred financing costs and original issue discounts	3,291	3,861
Currency remeasurement (gain)/loss on debt	(354	) 382
Share-based compensation	7,358	7,250
Loss on debt refinancing	7,111	—
Amortization of intangible assets	100,706	108,407
Loss/(gain) on disposition of assets	946	(3,556
Deferred income taxes	24,598	42,765
Insurance proceeds	(5,000) —
Unrealized loss/(gain) on hedges and other non-cash items	12,203	(9,209
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects of acquisitions:		
Accounts receivable, net	(45,452	) (34,077
Inventories	(5,546	) 10,454
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	2,820	3,626
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	50,464	5,469
Income taxes payable	3,305	670
Other	(6,776	) 1,284
Net cash provided by operating activities	308,766	284,658
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Additions to property, plant and equipment and capitalized software	(55,523	) (36,576
Insurance proceeds	6,400	—
Proceeds from sale of assets	326	5,316
Acquisition payments	(411) —
Net cash used in investing activities	(49,208	) (31,260
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from exercise of stock options and issuance of ordinary shares	17,229	12,601
Proceeds from issuance of debt	500,000	—
Payments on debt	(709,816	) (9,753
Payments to repurchase ordinary shares	(126,155) —
Payments of debt issuance costs	(6,156	) (209
Net cash (used in)/provided by financing activities	(324,898	) 2,639
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(65,340	) 256,037
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	413,539	92,127
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 348,199	\$ 348,164

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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SENSATA TECHNOLOGIES HOLDING N.V.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands, except per share amounts, or unless otherwise noted)

(unaudited)

1. Business Description and Basis of Presentation

Business Description

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements presented herein reflect the financial position, results of operations, comprehensive income, and cash flows of Sensata Technologies Holding N.V. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, including Sensata Technologies Intermediate Holding B.V. and Sensata Technologies B.V. ("STBV"), collectively referred to as the "Company," "Sensata," "we," "our," and "us."

We are incorporated under the laws of the Netherlands. We conduct our operations through subsidiary companies which operate business and product development centers in the United States ("U.S."), the Netherlands, Belgium, China, and Japan; and manufacturing operations in China, South Korea, Malaysia, Mexico, the Dominican Republic, Bulgaria, and the U.S. We organize our operations into the sensors and controls businesses.

Our sensors business is a manufacturer of pressure, force, temperature, speed and position sensors, and electromechanical products used in subsystems of automobiles (e.g., engine, air-conditioning, and ride stabilization) and heavy off-road vehicles, and in industrial products such as heating, ventilation and air conditioning ("HVAC") systems. These products help improve performance, for example, by making an automobile's heating and air-conditioning systems work more efficiently, thereby improving gas mileage. These products are also used in systems that address safety and environmental concerns, such as improving the stability control of the vehicle and reducing vehicle emissions.

Our controls business is a manufacturer of a variety of control products used in industrial, aerospace, military, commercial, and residential markets. These products include motor and compressor protectors, circuit breakers, semiconductor burn-in test sockets, electronic HVAC controls, power inverters, precision switches, and thermostats. These products help prevent damage from overheating and fires in a wide variety of applications, including commercial HVAC systems, refrigerators, aircraft, automobiles, lighting, and other industrial applications. The controls business also manufactures direct current to alternating current power inverters, which enable the operation of electronic equipment when grid power is not available.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP") for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q, and therefore do not include all of the information and note disclosures required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements. The accompanying financial information reflects all normal recurring adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the interim period results. The results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for a full year, nor were those of the comparable 2012 periods necessarily representative of those actually experienced for the full year 2012. These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

All amounts presented, except per share amounts, are stated in thousands, unless otherwise indicated.

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior periods to conform to current period presentation.

2. New Accounting Standards

In February 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2013-02, Comprehensive Income: Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income ("ASU 2013-02"). ASU 2013-02 requires an entity to provide information about amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income by component. In addition, an entity is required to present, either on the face of the financial statements or in a single note, any significant amount reclassified out of

accumulated other comprehensive income in its entirety in the period, and the income statement line item affected by the reclassification. For other amounts that are not required under U.S. GAAP to be reclassified in their entirety to net income, an entity is required to cross-reference to other disclosures required under U.S. GAAP that provide additional detail about those amounts. We adopted this guidance as of January 1, 2013. The

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adoption of ASU 2013-02 impacted disclosure only and did not have any impact on our financial position or results of operations.

In February 2013, the FASB issued ASU No. 2013-04, Liabilities (Topic 405): Obligations Resulting from Joint and Several Liability Arrangements for Which the Total Amount of the Obligation is Fixed at the Reporting Date ("ASU 2013-04"). This guidance changes how an entity measures obligations resulting from joint and several liability arrangements by requiring that when measuring the obligation, an entity will include the amount the entity agreed to pay for the arrangement between the entity and other entities that are also obligated to the liability, and any additional amount the entity expects to pay on behalf of the other entities. ASU 2013-04 also requires additional disclosures surrounding such obligations. ASU 2013-04 is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2013, and is required to be applied retrospectively. We expect to adopt this guidance in the first quarter of 2014. This guidance is not expected to have a material impact on our financial position or results of operations, but will require additional disclosures.

3. Inventories

The components of inventories as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 were as follows:

	September 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
Finished goods	\$75,188	\$68,621
Work-in-process	34,493	28,909
Raw materials	71,924	78,703
Total	\$181,605	\$176,233

4. Shareholders' Equity

Treasury Shares

In October 2012, our Board of Directors authorized a \$250.0 million share repurchase program. During the three months ended September 30, 2013, we repurchased 25 ordinary shares under this program for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$0.9 million at an average price of \$36.97 per ordinary share. During the nine months ended September 30, 2013, we repurchased 3,902 ordinary shares under this program for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$126.2 million at an average price of \$32.33 per ordinary share.

Ordinary shares repurchased by us are recorded at cost as treasury shares and result in a reduction of shareholders' equity. We reissue treasury shares as part of our share-based compensation programs and employee stock purchase plan. When shares are reissued, we determine the cost using the first-in, first-out method. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, we reissued 913 and 2,123 ordinary shares held in treasury, respectively, as part of our share-based compensation programs and employee stock purchase plan. During the nine months ended September 30, 2013, in connection with our treasury share reissuances, we recognized a loss of \$50.3 million that was recorded in accumulated deficit.

Secondary Offerings

In February 2013, we completed a secondary offering of our ordinary shares in which our existing shareholders sold 15,000 ordinary shares at an offering price of \$33.20 per ordinary share. In May 2013, we completed a secondary offering of our ordinary shares in which our existing shareholders sold 12,500 ordinary shares at an offering price of \$35.95 per ordinary share. We did not receive any proceeds from these transactions. As of September 30, 2013, Sensata Investment Company S.C.A. ("SCA") owned approximately 28.0% of our outstanding ordinary shares.

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Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

The following is a roll forward of the components of Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax, for the nine months ended September 30, 2013:

	Derivative Instruments Designated and Qualifying as Cash Flow Hedges	Defined Benefit and Retiree Healthcare Plans	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss
Balance as of December 31, 2012	\$(4,795	) \$(34,611	) \$(39,406
Other comprehensive (loss)/income before reclassifications	(1,473	) —	(1,473
Amounts reclassified from Accumulated other comprehensive loss	429	1,306	1,735
Net current period other comprehensive (loss)/income	(1,044	) 1,306	262
Balance as of September 30, 2013	\$(5,839	) \$(33,305	) \$(39,144

The details about the amounts reclassified from Accumulated other comprehensive loss for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 are as follows:

For the three months ended September 30, 2013

Component	Amount Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss ⁽³⁾	Affected Line in Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations
Derivative instruments designated and qualifying as cash flow hedges		
Interest rate caps	\$257	Interest expense ⁽¹⁾
Foreign currency forward contracts	(93	) Net revenue ⁽¹⁾
Foreign currency forward contracts	(426	) Cost of revenue ⁽¹⁾
	(262	) Total before tax
	65	Provision for income taxes
	\$(197	) Net of tax
Defined benefit and retiree healthcare plans	\$462	Various ⁽²⁾
	(28) Provision for income taxes
	\$434	Net of tax

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For the nine months ended September 30, 2013

Component	Amount Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss ⁽³⁾	Affected Line in Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations
Derivative instruments designated and qualifying as cash flow hedges		
Interest rate caps	\$772	Interest expense ⁽¹⁾
Interest rate caps	1,097	Other, net ⁽¹⁾
Foreign currency forward contracts	195	Net revenue ⁽¹⁾
Foreign currency forward contracts	(1,491)	) Cost of revenue ⁽¹⁾
	573	Total before tax
	(144)	) Provision for income taxes
	\$429	Net of tax
Defined benefit and retiree healthcare plans	\$1,392	Various ⁽²⁾
	(86)	) Provision for income taxes
	\$1,306	Net of tax

⁽¹⁾ See Note 12, "Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" for additional details on amounts to be reclassified in the future from Accumulated other comprehensive loss.

⁽²⁾ Amounts related to defined benefit and retiree healthcare plans reclassified from Accumulated other comprehensive loss affect the Cost of revenue, Research and development, and Selling, general and administrative line items in the condensed consolidated statement of operations. These amounts reclassified are included in the computation of net periodic benefit cost. See Note 8, "Pension and Other Post-Retirement Benefits" for additional details of net periodic benefit cost.

⁽³⁾ Amounts in parentheses indicate credits in the condensed consolidated statement of operations.

5. Restructuring and Special Charges

Restructuring

Our restructuring programs are described below.

2011 Plan

During fiscal year 2011, we committed to a restructuring plan (the "2011 Plan") to reduce the workforce in several business centers and manufacturing facilities throughout the world, and move certain manufacturing operations to our low-cost sites. During fiscal year 2012, we expanded the 2011 Plan to include additional costs associated with ceasing manufacturing in our JinCheon, South Korea facility.

The total expected restructuring costs in connection with the 2011 Plan are estimated to be approximately \$48 million to \$50 million, consisting of approximately \$24 million to \$25 million in severance costs and the remaining \$24 million to \$25 million in facility exit and other costs. As of September 30, 2013, we have incurred cumulative costs of \$47,388, of which \$24,033 was related to severance costs (including \$1,513 of pension settlement charges), \$19,963 was related to facility exit and other costs, \$1,873 was associated with a write-down related to assets in our Cambridge, Maryland facility, and the remainder related to other non-cash charges. The 2011 Plan was initiated to manage our cost structure, therefore the total related costs were not allocated to our reporting segments. We anticipate these actions will be completed and substantially all remaining payments will be made in the fourth quarter of 2013.

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The following table outlines the changes to the restructuring liability for the 2011 Plan since December 31, 2012, excluding non-cash charges:

	Severance	Facility Exit and Other Costs	Total
Balance as of December 31, 2012	\$6,157	\$1,525	\$7,682
Charges	(276	) 4,370	4,094
Payments	(2,368	) (5,716	) (8,084
Impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates	(42	) —	(42
Balance as of September 30, 2013	\$3,471	\$179	\$3,650

MSP Plan

On January 28, 2011, we acquired MSP from Honeywell International Inc. On January 31, 2011, we announced a plan (the "MSP Plan") to close the manufacturing facilities in Freeport, Illinois and Brno, Czech Republic. Restructuring charges related to these actions consist primarily of severance and facility exit and other costs, and are related to the sensors segment. Severance is recognized through the expected service period of the affected employees. As of September 30, 2013, we have incurred cumulative costs of \$6,835, of which \$4,675 related to severance costs and \$2,160 related to facility exit and other costs. We do not expect to incur any additional charges related to this plan and expect that the remaining payments will be made in the fourth quarter of 2013.

The following table outlines the changes to the restructuring liability associated with the MSP Plan since December 31, 2012:

	Severance	Facility Exit and Other Costs	Total
Balance as of December 31, 2012	\$2,818	\$63	\$2,881
Charges	—	451	451
Payments	(2,612	) (514	) (3,126
Balance as of September 30, 2013	\$206	\$—	\$206

Special Charges

On September 30, 2012, a fire damaged a portion of our manufacturing facility in JinCheon, South Korea. During the nine months ended September 30, 2013, we recognized \$7.5 million of insurance proceeds related to this fire, of which \$0.8 million was recognized in the Restructuring and special charges line of our condensed consolidated statements of operations, and the remainder in Cost of revenue. During the three months ended September 30, 2013, we recognized \$5.0 million of insurance proceeds related to this fire, all of which was recorded in Cost of revenue. As discussed in Note 10, "Commitments and Contingencies," we classify insurance proceeds in our condensed consolidated statements of operations in a manner consistent with the related losses.

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Summary of Restructuring Programs

The following tables outline costs/(gains) recorded within the condensed consolidated statements of operations associated with our restructuring activities and special charges, and where these amounts were recognized, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and September 30, 2012:

	For the three months ended September 30, 2013				
	2011 Plan	MSP Plan	Other	Special Charges	Total
Restructuring and special charges	\$498	\$—	\$14	\$—	\$512
Other, net	(12)	—	13	—	1
Cost of revenue	71	—	—	(5,000)	(4,929)
Total	\$557	\$—	\$27	\$(5,000)	\$(4,416)

	For the three months ended September 30, 2012				
	2011 Plan	MSP Plan	Other	Special Charges	Total
Restructuring and special charges	\$3,066	\$498	\$—	\$2,923	\$6,487
Other, net	4,765	(3)	1	—	4,763
Total	\$7,831	\$495	\$1	\$2,923	\$11,250

	For the nine months ended September 30, 2013				
	2011 Plan	MSP Plan	Other	Special Charges	Total
Restructuring and special charges	\$4,094	\$451	\$1,213	\$(1,220)	\$4,538
Other, net	(42)	—	15	—	(27)
Cost of revenue	1,233	—	—	(5,530)	(4,297)
Total	\$5,285	\$451	\$1,228	\$(6,750)	\$214

	For the nine months ended September 30, 2012				
	2011 Plan	MSP Plan	Other	Special Charges	Total
Restructuring and special charges	\$9,534	\$2,514	\$(34)	\$2,923	\$14,937
Other, net	4,761	1	3	—	4,765
Total	\$14,295	\$2,515	\$(31)	\$2,923	\$19,702

The “other” restructuring charges of \$14 and \$1,213 recognized during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively, represent the termination of a limited number of employees in various locations throughout the world, and not the initiation of a larger restructuring program.

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6. Debt

Our debt as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 consisted of the following:

	September 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
Term Loan Facility	\$375,250	\$1,083,500
6.5% Senior Notes	700,000	700,000
4.875% Senior Notes	500,000	—
Less: discount	(2,415	) (4,148
Less: current portion	(11,000	) (11,000
Long-term debt, net of discount, less current portion	\$1,561,835	\$1,768,352
Capital lease and other financing obligations	\$52,825	\$45,303
Less: current portion	(3,078	) (1,878
Capital lease and other financing obligations, less current portion	\$49,747	\$43,425

There were no borrowings outstanding on the \$250.0 million revolving credit facility (the "Revolving Credit Facility") as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012.

As of September 30, 2013, there was \$245.0 million of availability under the Revolving Credit Facility (net of \$5.0 million in letters of credit). Outstanding letters of credit are issued primarily for the benefit of certain operating activities. As of September 30, 2013, no amounts had been drawn against these outstanding letters of credit, which are scheduled to expire on various dates through 2014.

On April 17, 2013, we completed the issuance and sale of \$500.0 million in aggregate principal amount of 4.875% senior notes due 2023 (the "4.875% Senior Notes"). We used the proceeds from the issuance and sale of these notes, together with cash on hand, to (1) repay \$700.0 million of our existing \$1,100.0 million term loan (the "Term Loan Facility") under our senior secured credit facilities (the "Senior Secured Credit Facilities"), (2) pay all accrued interest on such indebtedness, and (3) pay all fees and expenses in connection with the sale of the 4.875% Senior Notes. In connection with these transactions, during the nine months ended September 30, 2013, we recorded a \$7.1 million loss to Other, net which is comprised of the write-off of unamortized deferred financing costs and original issue discount of \$4.4 million and transaction costs of \$2.7 million. For holders of the Term Loan Facility who did not invest in the 4.875% Senior Notes, we wrote-off a pro rata portion of the related unamortized deferred financing costs and original issue discount. For holders of the Term Loan Facility who were also investors in the 4.875% Senior Notes, we applied the provisions of Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Subtopic 470-50, Modifications and Extinguishments ("ASC 470-50"). Our evaluation of the accounting under ASC 470-50 was done on a creditor by creditor basis in order to determine if the terms of the debt were substantially different and, as a result, whether to apply modification or extinguishment accounting. Borrowings associated with holders of the 4.875% Senior Notes that were not also holders of the Term Loan Facility were accounted for as new issuances as we did not have a previous financing relationship with these creditors. As such, we capitalized \$3.9 million (i.e. pro rata portion) of third party costs, primarily associated with issuances to these creditors, as deferred financing costs.

The 4.875% Senior Notes were issued under an indenture dated April 17, 2013 (the "4.875% Senior Notes Indenture") among STBV, as issuer, The Bank of New York Mellon, as trustee, and certain subsidiaries located in certain jurisdictions, including the U.S., the Netherlands, Mexico, Japan, Malaysia, and Bermuda (collectively, the "Guarantors"). The 4.875% Senior Notes were offered at par. Interest on the 4.875% Senior Notes is payable semi-annually on April 15 and October 15 of each year, and commenced on October 15, 2013. Our obligations under the 4.875% Senior Notes are guaranteed by all of STBV's subsidiaries that guarantee our obligations under the Senior Secured Credit Facilities. The 4.875% Senior Notes and the guarantees are senior unsecured obligations of STBV and the Guarantors and rank equally in right of payment to all existing and future senior unsecured indebtedness of STBV or the Guarantors, including the 6.5% senior notes due 2019 (the "6.5% Senior Notes").

At any time we may redeem the 4.875% Senior Notes, in whole or in part, at a price equal to 100.0% of the principal amount of the 4.875% Senior Notes redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the date of redemption, plus the applicable premium set forth in the 4.875% Senior Notes Indenture. In addition, if STBV experiences certain change of control events, holders of the 4.875% Senior Notes may require us to repurchase all or part of the 4.875% Senior Notes at 101.0% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the repurchase date. If certain changes in the tax law of any relevant taxing

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jurisdiction become effective that would impose withholding taxes or other deductions on the payments of the 4.875% Senior Notes or the guarantees, we may redeem the 4.875% Senior Notes in whole, but not in part, at any time, at a redemption price of 100.0% of the principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the date of redemption.

The 4.875% Senior Notes Indenture contains certain restrictions that limit our ability to, among other things: incur liens; engage in sale and leaseback transactions; incur indebtedness; or consolidate, merge with, or convey, transfer, or lease substantially all of our assets to, another party. These covenants are subject to important exceptions and qualifications set forth in the 4.875% Senior Notes Indenture. Certain of these covenants will be suspended if the 4.875% Senior Notes are assigned an investment grade rating by Standard & Poor's or Moody's Investors Service, Inc. and are not in default. The suspended covenants will be reinstated if the 4.875% Senior Notes are no longer rated investment grade by either rating agency or an event of default has occurred and is continuing at such time.

The 4.875% Senior Notes Indenture provides for events of default (subject in certain cases to customary grace and cure periods) which include, among others, nonpayment of principal or interest when due, breach of covenants or other agreements in the 4.875% Senior Notes Indenture, defaults in payment of certain other indebtedness, certain events of bankruptcy or insolvency, and when the guarantees of significant subsidiaries cease to be in full force and effect. Generally, if an event of default occurs, the trustee or the holders of at least 25% in principal amount of the then outstanding 4.875% Senior Notes may declare the principal of, and accrued but unpaid interest on, all of the 4.875% Senior Notes to be due and payable immediately. All provisions regarding remedies in an event of default are subject to the 4.875% Senior Notes Indenture.

See Note 8, "Debt" of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012 for a detailed discussion of the restrictions related to the 6.5% Senior Notes and the Senior Secured Credit Facilities, the credit agreement under which the Senior Secured Credit Facilities were issued, and the indenture related to the 6.5% Senior Notes.

Debt Maturities

The final maturity of the Revolving Credit Facility is on May 12, 2016. Loans made pursuant to the Revolving Credit Facility must be repaid in full on or prior to such date and are pre-payable at our option at par. All letters of credit issued thereunder will terminate at the final maturity of the Revolving Credit Facility unless cash collateralized prior to such time. The final maturity of the Term Loan Facility is on May 12, 2018. The Term Loan Facility must be repaid in full on or prior to such maturity date. The 6.5% Senior Notes and the 4.875% Senior Notes mature on May 15, 2019 and October 15, 2023, respectively.

Accrued Interest

Accrued interest associated with our outstanding debt is included as a component of Accrued expenses and other current liabilities in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. As of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, accrued interest totaled \$30,205 and \$11,070, respectively.

Other Financing Obligations

In 2013, we entered into an agreement with one of our suppliers, Measurement Specialties, Inc., under which we acquired the rights to certain intellectual property in exchange for quarterly royalty payments through the fourth quarter of 2019. As of September 30, 2013, we have recognized a liability of \$8,674 within Capital lease and other financing obligations related to this agreement.

7. Income Taxes

We recorded tax provisions for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and September 30, 2012 of \$20,223 and \$15,838, respectively, and for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and September 30, 2012 of \$48,226 and \$59,079, respectively. Our tax provision consists of current tax expense, which relates primarily to our profitable operations in non-US tax jurisdictions, and deferred tax expense, which relates primarily to the amortization of tax deductible goodwill and the use of net operating losses.

8. Pension and Other Post-Retirement Benefits

We provide various retirement and other post-employment plans for current and former employees, including defined benefit, defined contribution, and retiree healthcare benefit plans.

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The components of net periodic benefit cost associated with our defined benefit and retiree healthcare plans for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and September 30, 2012 were as follows:

	U.S. Plans		Retiree Healthcare		Non-U.S. Plans		Total	
	Defined Benefit	Retiree Healthcare	Defined Benefit	Retiree Healthcare	Defined Benefit	Retiree Healthcare	Defined Benefit	Retiree Healthcare
	September 30, 2013	September 30, 2012	September 30, 2013	September 30, 2012	September 30, 2013	September 30, 2012	September 30, 2013	September 30, 2012
Service cost	\$—	\$ 20	\$63	\$ 34	\$588	\$ 802	\$651	\$ 856
Interest cost	361	484	147	115	286	289	794	888
Expected return on plan assets	(627)	(914)	—	—	(225)	(251)	(852)	(1,165)
Amortization of net loss/(gain)	238	13	123	(41)	99	121	460	93
Amortization of prior service cost	—	—	—	—	2	3	2	3
Net periodic benefit cost	\$(28)	\$(397)	\$333	\$ 108	\$750	\$ 964	\$1,055	\$ 675

The components of net periodic benefit cost associated with our defined benefit and retiree healthcare plans for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and September 30, 2012 were as follows:

	U.S. Plans		Retiree Healthcare		Non-U.S. Plans		Total	
	Defined Benefit	Retiree Healthcare	Defined Benefit	Retiree Healthcare	Defined Benefit	Retiree Healthcare	Defined Benefit	Retiree Healthcare
	September 30, 2013	September 30, 2012	September 30, 2013	September 30, 2012	September 30, 2013	September 30, 2012	September 30, 2013	September 30, 2012
Service cost	\$—	\$ 61	\$189	\$ 154	\$1,732	\$ 2,296	\$1,921	\$ 2,511
Interest cost	1,080	1,452	442	401	870	868	2,392	2,721
Expected return on plan assets	(1,881)	(2,742)	—	—	(685)	(753)	(2,566)	(3,495)
Amortization of net loss	715	39	368	13	302	361	1,385	413
Amortization of prior service cost	—	—	—	—	7	9	7	9
Net periodic benefit cost	\$(86)	\$(1,190)	\$999	\$ 568	\$2,226	\$ 2,781	\$3,139	\$ 2,159

9. Share-Based Payment Plans

Share-Based Compensation Expense

The table below presents non-cash compensation expense related to our equity awards recorded within Selling, general and administrative expense in the condensed consolidated statements of operations during the identified periods:

	For the three months ended		For the nine months ended	
	September 30, 2013	September 30, 2012	September 30, 2013	September 30, 2012
Stock options	\$1,804	\$2,265	\$5,083	\$6,193
Restricted securities	952	287	2,275	1,057
Total share-based compensation expense	\$2,756	\$2,552	\$7,358	\$7,250

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We granted the following options under the Sensata Technologies Holding N.V. 2010 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2010 Equity Plan") during the nine months ended September 30, 2013:

Awards Granted to	Number of Options Granted	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value	Vesting Period
Various executives and employees	762	\$10.37	25% per year over four years
Directors	120	\$10.25	1 year

We granted the following restricted securities under the 2010 Equity Plan during the nine months ended September 30, 2013:

Awards Granted to	Number of Restricted Securities Granted	Weighted- Average Grant Date Fair Value
Various executives and employees	226	\$32.32

Of the restricted securities granted during the nine months ended September 30, 2013, 121 were performance based securities that cliff vest in 2016. The number of performance based securities that vest will depend on the extent to which certain performance criteria are met and could range between 0% and 150% of the number of securities granted. The remaining securities granted are non-performance based securities that vest on various dates between April 2014 and April 2016.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2013, 2,100 stock options were exercised, 2,058 of which were settled with shares reissued from treasury.

On May 22, 2013, our shareholders approved an amendment to the 2010 Equity Plan to increase the number of ordinary shares authorized for issuance under the 2010 Equity Plan by 5,000 ordinary shares to a total of 10,000 ordinary shares. As of September 30, 2013, there were 1,612 shares available for issuance under the 2010 Equity Plan, which does not include the additional 5,000 ordinary shares authorized, as they have not yet been registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC").

10. Commitments and Contingencies

Off-Balance Sheet Commitments

We execute contracts involving indemnifications standard in the relevant industry and indemnifications specific to certain transactions such as the sale of a business. These indemnifications might include claims relating to the following: environmental matters; intellectual property rights; governmental regulations and employment-related matters; customer, supplier and other commercial contractual relationships; and financial matters. Performance under these indemnifications would generally be triggered by a breach of terms of the contract or by a third-party claim. Historically, we have experienced only minimal and infrequent losses associated with these indemnifications. Consequently, any future liabilities brought about by these indemnifications cannot reasonably be estimated or accrued.

Indemnifications Provided As Part of Contracts and Agreements

We are party to the following types of agreements pursuant to which we may be obligated to indemnify a third party with respect to certain matters:

Officers and Directors: In connection with our initial public offering ("IPO"), we entered into indemnification agreements with each of our board members and executive officers pursuant to which we agree to indemnify, defend and hold harmless, and also advance expenses as incurred, to the fullest extent permitted under applicable law, from damages arising from the fact that such person is or was one of our directors or officers or that of any of our subsidiaries.

Our articles of association provide for indemnification of directors and officers by us to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, as it now exists or may hereinafter be amended (but, in the case of an amendment, only to the extent

such amendment permits broader indemnification rights than permitted prior thereto), against any and all liabilities including all expenses (including attorneys' fees), judgments, fines, and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by him or her in connection with such action, suit, or proceeding, provided he or she acted in good faith and in a manner he or she

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reasonably believed to be in, or not opposed to, our best interests, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe his or her conduct was unlawful or outside of his or her mandate. The articles do not provide a limit to the maximum future payments, if any, under the indemnification. No indemnification is provided for in respect of any claim, issue, or matter as to which such person has been adjudged to be liable for gross negligence or willful misconduct in the performance of his or her duty on our behalf.

In addition, we have a liability insurance policy which insures directors and officers against the cost of defense, settlement, or payment of claims and judgments under some circumstances. Certain indemnification payments may not be covered under our directors' and officers' insurance coverage.

Underwriters: Pursuant to the terms of the underwriting agreements entered into in connection with our IPO and secondary public equity offerings, we are obligated to indemnify the underwriters against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933, or to contribute to payments the underwriters may be required to make in respect thereof. The underwriting agreements do not provide a limit to the maximum future payments, if any, under these indemnifications.

Intellectual Property and Product Liability Indemnification: We routinely sell products with a limited intellectual property and product liability indemnification included in the terms of sale. Historically, we have had only minimal and infrequent losses associated with these indemnifications. Consequently, any future liabilities resulting from these indemnifications cannot reasonably be estimated or accrued.

Product Warranty Liabilities

Our standard terms of sale provide our customers with a warranty against faulty workmanship and the use of defective materials which, depending on the product, exists for a period of twelve to eighteen months after the date we ship the product to our customer or for a period of twelve months after the customer resells our product, whichever comes first. We do not offer separately priced extended warranty or product maintenance contracts. Our liability associated with this warranty is, at our option, to repair the product, replace the product, or provide the customer with a credit.

We also sell products to customers under negotiated agreements or where we have accepted the customer's terms of purchase. In these instances, we may provide additional warranties for longer durations consistent with differing end-market practices, and where our liability is not limited. Finally, many sales take place in situations where commercial or civil codes, or other laws, would imply various warranties and restrict limitations on liability.

In the event a warranty claim based on defective materials exists, we may be able to recover some of the cost of the claim from the vendor from whom the materials were purchased. Our ability to recover some of the costs will depend on the terms and conditions to which we agreed when the materials were purchased. When a warranty claim is made, the only collateral available to us is the return of the inventory from the customer making the warranty claim.

Historically, when customers make a warranty claim, we either replace the product or provide the customer with a credit. We generally do not rework the returned product.

Our policy is to accrue for warranty claims when a loss is both probable and estimable. This is accomplished by reserving for estimated returns and estimated costs to replace the product at the time the related revenue is recognized.

Liabilities for warranty claims have historically not been material. In some instances, customers may make claims for costs they incurred related to a claim or other damages. Any potentially material liabilities associated with these claims are discussed in this Note under the heading Legal Proceedings and Claims.

Environmental Remediation Liabilities

Our operations and facilities are subject to U.S. and foreign laws and regulations governing the protection of the environment and our employees, including those governing air emissions, water discharges, the management and disposal of hazardous substances and wastes, and the cleanup of contaminated sites. We could incur substantial costs, including cleanup costs, fines or civil or criminal sanctions, or third-party property damage or personal injury claims, in the event of violations or liabilities under these laws and regulations, or non-compliance with the environmental permits required at our facilities. Potentially significant expenditures could be required in order to comply with environmental laws that may be adopted or imposed in the future. We are, however, not aware of any threatened or pending material environmental investigations, lawsuits, or claims involving us or our operations.

In 2001, Texas Instruments ("TI") Brazil was notified by the State of São Paulo, Brazil, regarding its potential cleanup liability as a generator of wastes sent to the Aterro Mantovani disposal site, which operated near Campinas from 1972 to 1987. The site is a landfill contaminated with a variety of chemical materials, including petroleum products, allegedly disposed at the site. TI

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Brazil is one of over 50 companies notified of potential cleanup liability. There have been several lawsuits filed by third parties alleging personal injuries caused by exposure to drinking water contaminated by the disposal site. Our subsidiary, Sensata Technologies Brazil ("ST Brazil"), is the successor in interest to TI Brazil. However, in accordance with the terms of the acquisition agreement entered into in connection with the acquisition of the Sensors and Controls business of TI (the "Acquisition Agreement"), TI retained these liabilities (subject to the limitations set forth in that agreement) and has agreed to indemnify us with regard to these excluded liabilities. In 2008, five lawsuits were filed against ST Brazil alleging personal injuries suffered by individuals who were exposed to drinking water allegedly contaminated by the Aterro Mantovani disposal site. These matters are managed and controlled by TI. TI is defending these five lawsuits in the 1st Civil Court of Jaquariuna, San Paolo. Although ST Brazil cooperates with TI in this process, we do not anticipate incurring any non-reimbursable expenses related to the matters described above. Accordingly, no amounts have been accrued for these matters as of September 30, 2013 or December 31, 2012.

Control Devices, Inc. ("CDI"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Sensata Technologies, Inc. acquired through our acquisition of First Technology Automotive, holds a post-closure license, along with GTE Operations Support, Inc. ("GTE"), from the Maine Department of Environmental Protection with respect to a closed hazardous waste surface impoundment located on real property owned by CDI in Standish, Maine. The post-closure license obligates GTE to operate a pump and treatment process to reduce the levels of chlorinated solvents in the groundwater under the property. The post-closure license obligates CDI to maintain the property and provide access to GTE. We do not expect the costs to comply with the post-closure license to be material. As a related but separate matter, pursuant to the terms of an environmental agreement dated July 6, 1994, GTE retained liability and agreed to indemnify CDI for certain liabilities related to the soil and groundwater contamination from the surface impoundments and an out-of-service leach field at the Standish, Maine facility, and CDI and GTE have certain obligations related to the property and each other. The site is contaminated primarily with chlorinated solvents. We do not expect the remaining cost associated with addressing the soil and groundwater contamination to be material.

Legal Proceedings and Claims

We account for litigation and claims losses in accordance with ASC Topic 450, Contingencies, ("ASC 450"). ASC 450 loss contingency provisions are recorded for probable and estimable losses at our best estimate of a loss, or when a best estimate cannot be made, at our estimate of the minimum loss. These estimates are often developed prior to knowing the amount of the ultimate loss and are refined each accounting period as additional information becomes known. Accordingly, we are often initially unable to develop a best estimate of loss and therefore the minimum amount, which could be zero, is recorded. As information becomes known, either the minimum loss amount is increased, resulting in additional loss provisions, or a best estimate can be made resulting in additional loss provisions. Occasionally, a best estimate amount is changed to a lower amount when events result in an expectation of a more favorable outcome than previously expected.

We are regularly involved in a number of claims and litigation matters in the ordinary course of business. Most of our litigation matters are third-party claims for property damage allegedly caused by our products, but some involve allegations of personal injury or wrongful death. We believe that the ultimate resolution of the current litigation matters pending against us, except potentially those matters described below, will not have a material effect on our financial condition or results of operations. See our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012, Note 14, "Commitments and Contingencies," for historical details of such claims.

Insurance Claims

The accounting for insurance claims depends on a variety of factors, including the nature of the claim, the evaluation of coverage, the amount of proceeds (or anticipated proceeds), the ability of an insurer to satisfy the claim, and the timing of the loss and corresponding recovery. In accordance with ASC 450, receipts from insurance up to the amount of loss recognized are considered recoveries. Recoveries are recognized in the financial statements when they are probable of receipt. Insurance proceeds in excess of the amount of loss recognized are considered gains. Gains are recognized in the financial statements in the period in which contingencies related to the claim (or a specific portion of the claim) have been resolved. We classify insurance proceeds in our condensed consolidated statements of operations

in a manner consistent with the related losses.

Pending Litigation and Claims

Ford Speed Control Deactivation Switch Litigation: We are involved in a number of litigation matters relating to a pressure switch that TI sold to Ford Motor Company (“Ford”) for several years until 2002. Ford incorporated the switch into a cruise control deactivation switch system that it installed in certain vehicles. Due to concerns that, in some circumstances, this system

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and switch may cause fires, Ford and related companies issued numerous separate recalls of vehicles between 1999 and 2009, which covered approximately fourteen million vehicles in the aggregate.

We are a defendant in one case related to this switch that involves wrongful death allegations. This case, *Romans vs. Ford et al*, Case No. CVH 20100126, Court of Common Pleas, Madison County, Ohio, involves claims for property damage, personal injury, and three fatalities resulting from an April 5, 2008 residential fire alleged to involve a Ford vehicle. On April 1, 2010, the plaintiff filed suit against TI and Sensata and this case was subsequently consolidated with an earlier lawsuit, former Case No. CVC 20090074, filed against Ford. On March 18, 2013, the court granted our motion for dismissal. The case continues against Ford. The plaintiff has filed an appeal of the decision dismissing Sensata. On April 22, 2013, the court issued a stay of the proceedings until the appeal is completed.

As of September 30, 2013, we are a defendant in six lawsuits in which plaintiffs have alleged property damage and various personal injuries caused by vehicle fires. For the most part, these cases seek an unspecified amount of compensatory and exemplary damages, however one plaintiff has submitted a demand in the amount of \$0.5 million. Ford and TI are co-defendants in each of these lawsuits. In accordance with the terms of the Acquisition Agreement, we are managing and defending these lawsuits on behalf of both parties. Of these six cases, five are now active and one resulted in a dismissal that has been appealed by the plaintiff.

Pursuant to the terms of the Acquisition Agreement, and subject to the limitations set forth in that agreement, TI has agreed to indemnify us for certain claims and litigations, including the Ford matter. The Acquisition Agreement provides that when the aggregate amount of costs and/or damages from such claims exceeds \$30.0 million, TI will reimburse us for amounts incurred in excess of that threshold up to a cap of \$300.0 million. We entered into an agreement with TI, called the Contribution and Cooperation Agreement, dated October 24, 2011, whereby TI acknowledged that amounts we paid through September 30, 2011, plus an additional cash payment, would be deemed to satisfy the \$30.0 million threshold. Accordingly, TI will not contest the claims or the amounts claimed through September 30, 2011. Costs that we have incurred since September 30, 2011, or may incur in the future, will be reimbursed by TI up to a cap of \$300.0 million, less amounts incurred by TI. TI has reimbursed us for expenses incurred through June 30, 2013 and we have submitted expenses through September 30, 2013. We do not believe that aggregate TI and Sensata costs will exceed \$300.0 million.

SGL Italia: Our subsidiaries, STBV and ST Italia, are defendants in a lawsuit, *Luigi Lavazza s.p.a and SGL Italia s.r.l. v. Sensata Technologies Italia s.r.l., Sensata Technologies, B.V., and Komponent s.r.l.*, Court of Milan, bench 7, brought in the court in Milan, Italy. The lawsuit alleges defects in one of our electro-mechanical control products. The plaintiffs are alleging €4.2 million in damages. We have denied liability in this matter. We filed our most recent answer to the lawsuit in November 2012 and the most recent hearing occurred in December 2012. The next scheduled hearing is set in November 2013. We are actively defending the case, but we believe that a loss is probable. We estimate the range of loss to be between \$0.3 million and the full amount of the claim. As of September 30, 2013, we have accrued \$0.3 million, the low end of the range, as we believe that no amount within the range is a better estimate of loss than any other amount.

Venmar: We have been involved in a related series of claims and lawsuits involving products we sold to one of our customers, Venmar, that sold ventilation and air exchanger equipment containing an electro-mechanical control product. Venmar conducted recalls in conjunction with the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission on similar equipment in 2007, 2008, and 2011. In April 2013, two of the pending claims were filed as lawsuits. These are *Cincinnati Ins. Co. v. Sensata Technologies, Inc.*, Case No. 13105170NP, 52nd Cir. Ct., Huron Co., MI and *Auto-Owners Ins. Co. v. Venmar Ventilation*, Case No. 13917CZ, 37th Cir. Ct., Calhoun Co., MI. These lawsuits involve claims for damages in the amount of \$0.9 million and \$6.2 million, respectively. In light of a related lawsuit settlement in 2012, we believe losses resulting from these matters are reasonably possible, however, we cannot estimate a range of loss at this time. As of September 30, 2013, we have not recorded an accrual for these matters.

Aircraft: In 2012, certain of our subsidiaries, along with more than twenty other defendants, were named in lawsuits involving a plane crash on May 25, 2011 that resulted in four deaths. The first lawsuit was filed on May 24, 2012 in Pike Circuit Court, Kentucky. This lawsuit is styled *Campbell vs. Aero Resources Corporation et al*, Civil Action 12-C1-652, Commonwealth of Kentucky, Pike Circuit Court, Div. No. I. A second lawsuit was filed on July 5, 2012

in Jessamine Circuit Court, Kentucky. This lawsuit is styled Shuey v. Hawker Beechcraft, Inc. et al, Civil Action 12-C1-650, Commonwealth of Kentucky, Jessamine Circuit Court, Civil Division. The plaintiffs allege that one of our circuit breakers was a component in the aircraft and have brought claims of negligence and strict liability. Damages are unspecified. We are cooperating with this effort. We do not believe that a loss is probable in these matters. Accordingly, as of September 30, 2013, we have not recorded an accrual for these matters. We have aircraft product liability insurance and the lawsuits have been submitted to our insurer, who has appointed counsel.

Termination of Customer Relationship: In April 2013, one of our subsidiaries terminated its relationship with a minor customer in South Korea. We are currently engaged in a dispute with this former customer relating to significant damages the customer allegedly has incurred and/or will incur due to the termination. This dispute has not resulted in any litigation. At this time, we

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cannot reasonably estimate a range of loss relating to this matter. As of September 30, 2013, we have not recorded an accrual for this matter. If any litigation arises from this dispute, we intend to defend ourselves vigorously under all defenses that may be available.

FCPA Voluntary Disclosure

During 2010, an internal investigation was conducted under the direction of the Audit Committee of our Board of Directors to determine whether any laws, including the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act (the "FCPA"), may have been violated in connection with a certain business relationship entered into by one of our operating subsidiaries involving business in China. We believe the amount of payments and the business involved was immaterial. We discontinued the specific business relationship and our investigation has not identified any other suspect transactions. We contacted the U.S. Department of Justice (the "DOJ") and the SEC to make a voluntary disclosure of the possible violations, the investigation, and the initial findings. We have been fully cooperating with their review. During 2012, the DOJ informed us that it has closed its inquiry into the matter but indicated that it could reopen its inquiry in the future in the event it were to receive additional information or evidence. We have not received an update from the SEC concerning the status of its inquiry. The FCPA (and related statutes and regulations) provides for potential monetary penalties, criminal and civil sanctions, and other remedies. We are unable to estimate the potential penalties and/or sanctions, if any, that might be assessed and, accordingly, no provision has been made in the condensed consolidated financial statements.

Termination of Administrative Services Agreement

In 2009, we entered into a fee for service arrangement with SCA for ongoing consulting, management advisory, and other services (the "Administrative Services Agreement"). On May 10, 2013, the Administrative Services Agreement was terminated, upon a mutual agreement between us and SCA.

11. Fair Value Measures

Our assets and liabilities reported at fair value have been categorized based upon a fair value hierarchy in accordance with ASC Topic 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures. The levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

• Level 1 inputs utilize quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities that we have the ability to access at the measurement date.

• Level 2 inputs utilize inputs, other than quoted prices included in Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, quoted prices in markets that are not active, and inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, such as interest rates and yield curves that are observable at commonly quoted intervals.

• Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability, allowing for situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability.

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Measured on a Recurring Basis

The following table presents information about our assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, aggregated by the level in the fair value hierarchy within which those measurements fell:

September 30, 2013		December 31, 2012	
Quoted			Quoted
Prices in	Significant	Significant	Prices in
Active	Other	Unobservable	Active
Markets for	Observable	Inputs	Markets for
Identical	Inputs	(Level 3)	Identical
Assets	(Level 2)		Assets
(Level 1)			